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Check for Integer Overflow

Write a "C" function, int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b) If there is no overflow, the function places the resultant = sum a+b in "result" and returns 0. Otherwise it returns -1. The solution of casting to long and adding to find detecting the overflow is not allowed.

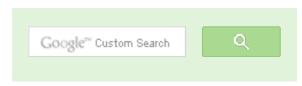
Method 1

There can be overflow only if signs of two numbers are same, and sign of sum is opposite to the signs of numbers.

- 1) Calculate sum
- 2) If both numbers are positive and sum is negative then return -1 Else

If both numbers are negative and sum is positive then return -1 Else return 0

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
/* Takes pointer to result and two numbers as
    arguments. If there is no overflow, the function
   places the resultant = sum a+b in "result" and
   returns 0, otherwise it returns -1 */
 int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b)
     *result = a + b;
    if(a > 0 && b > 0 && *result < 0)
         return -1;
    if(a < 0 && b < 0 && *result > 0)
         return -1;
     return 0;
```





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```
int main()
     int *res = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int));
     int x = 2147483640;
     int y = 10;
     printf("%d", addOvf(res, x, y));
     printf("\n %d", *res);
     getchar();
     return 0;
Time Complexity: O(1)
Space Complexity: O(1)
```

Method 2

Thanks to Himanshu Aggarwal for adding this method. This method doesn't modify *result if there us an overflow.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<limits.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b)
   if(a > INT MAX - b)
     return -1;
   else
     *result = a + b;
      return 0;
int main()
  int *res = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int));
  int x = 2147483640;
  int y = 10;
  printf("%d", addOvf(res, x, y));
  printf("\n %d", *res);
```

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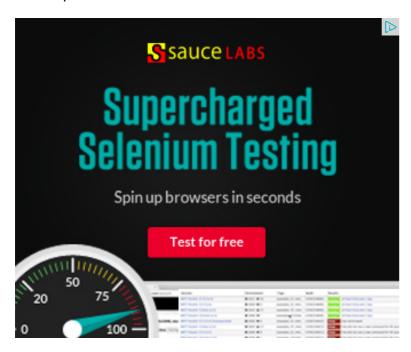
Sorted Linked List to Balanced BST

```
getchar();
return 0;
```

Time Complexity: O(1)

Space Complexity: O(1)

Please write comments if you find any bug in above codes/algorithms, or find other ways to solve the same problem



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21 Comments

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neelabhsingh · 6 months ago

How to check the overflow without using branch?



amit • 7 months ago

Even 1st method won't work if we take a>0 at boundary level and b<0 in that c



Anubhav Gupta • 9 months ago

I think both the methods are partially correct.

If one(or both) of the given numbers are already exceeding the integer ranges, it.

For eg.

if a = 32768, b = 3

then result = -32765

Is that wrong?

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Aman Hi, Why arent we checking for conditions...

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newCoder3006 If the array contains negative numbers also. We...

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AdChoices D

► Long Int C++

► Convert Int

► Int To



```
ajith • 9 months ago
   int addOvf(int *result, int a,int b)
  {
     int temp;
     *result=a+b;
     temp=(b-a)/2 + a;
     if(*result/2 == temp)
     return 0;
     return -1;
 }
```



```
akshat gupta • 11 months ago
msb1=n1&(1<<31)
msb2=n2&(1<<31)
n1=n1-(msb1<<31);
n2=n2-(msb2 << 31);
ovflow= (n1+n2)&(1<<31)
if((msb1&&msb2)||(msb1||msb2)&&ovflow)
return(-1);
return(0);
```



ultimate_coder • a year ago hey...plzz tell me... is method 1 using roll over concept???

AdChoices [>

- Overflow
- ► Positive Integer
- ► Long Integer

AdChoices [>

- ► C++ Function
- ► Int Byte Array
- ► Int Bits



```
Hanisn ⋅ a year ago
Method 2 does not work for the case when b is negative.
e.g.
if a= 50 and b= -10
result should be 40 with no overflow.
but method 2 gives the ans as -1
since, INT MAX - b = -2147483639
thus, a>INT MAX - b hence it returns -1 which is incorrect.
```

Kindly correct this



```
RDD → Hanish • a year ago
Yes you are correct.
```





```
pajju · 3 years ago
  /* portable for any Compiler*/
 int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b)
  {
  if(a>0 && b>0)
     if ((a+b)<0) //a+b<0 at Positive Overflow</pre>
     return -1;
   else if(a<0 && b<0)
          if ((a+b)>0)
                        //a+b>0 at Negative Overflow
     return -1;
   else
    *result = a+b;
   return 0;
```



dipendra • 3 years ago

this site describes the overflow detection to the best possible in generalized a



Himanshu Aggarwal • 4 years ago

Hi,

I think that first solution is non-compliant.

K&R, second edition, Appendix A- Section A.7, quotes:

"The handling of overflow, divide check, and other exceptions in expression ev language."

Hence the solution is non-portable as per my understanding.

Regards,

Himanshu Aggarwal



pi → Himanshu Aggarwal • 6 months ago

if((a>INT_MAX-b)||(a<int_min-b)) i="" think="" this="" statement="" shou if(="" a=""> INT MAX - b) statement of second method



pajju → Himanshu Aggarwal • 3 years ago

Your solution is not portable. You are expecting INT MAX to be defined



Bandicoot • 4 years ago

I didn't understand the motivation behind method 2. The post says method 2 is *result. In that case why can't we use temp = a + b in method 1 instead of *res Also, in method 2, is there an assumption that both a >0 and b >0? If both are another case which checks a < INT_MIN - b?



Himanshu Aggarwal → Bandicoot • 4 years ago

Hi,

That would be an underflow if a<0 and b<0. The aforementioned proble detection.

Thanks, Himanshu

```
∧ | ✓ • Reply • Share ›
```



GeeksforGeeks • 4 years ago

@Himanshu Aggarwal: Thanks for suggesting a new method. We have includ

@Hary: If we do not want to modify *result in case of overflow then we can use Aggarawal.



Himanshu Aggarwal • 4 years ago

Hi,

Let the two numbers be 'a' and 'b'

we can also write the overflow condition as:

```
int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b)
```

return -1; else { *result = a + b; return 0; } }



Hary ⋅ 4 years ago

Not very sure but to me the main solution also seems to be non-compliant. Re itself says store the sum in "result" only if an overflow has not occured.



geeksforgeeks • 5 years ago

@Raj: Thanks, your solution looks concise, but when looked into this carefully It always returns 0.



Gautam ⋅ 5 years ago

Raj's solution doesn't works for boundary conditions.



```
raj · 5 years ago
   int addOvf(int* result, int a, int b)
      *result = a + b;
      if((*result-a)==b)
      return 0;
       return -1;
```



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