

Multiply two integers without using multiplication, division and bitwise operators, and no loops

Asked by [Kapil](#)

By making use of recursion, we can multiply two integers with the given constraints.

To multiply x and y, recursively add x y times.

Thanks to [geek4u](#) for suggesting this method.

```
#include<stdio.h>
/* function to multiply two numbers x and y*/
int multiply(int x, int y)
{
    /* 0 multiplied with anything gives 0 */
    if(y == 0)
        return 0;

    /* Add x one by one */
    if(y > 0 )
        return (x + multiply(x, y-1));

    /* the case where y is negative */
    if(y < 0 )
        return -multiply(x, -y);
}

int main()
{
    printf("\n %d", multiply(5, -11));
    getchar();
    return 0;
}
```



GeeksforGeeks



53,525 people like [GeeksforGeeks](#).



Interview Experiences

Advanced Data Structures

Dynamic Programming

Greedy Algorithms

Backtracking

Pattern Searching

Divide & Conquer

Mathematical Algorithms

Recursion

Geometric Algorithms

Time Complexity: $O(y)$ where y is the second argument to function multiply().

Please write comments if you find any of the above code/algorithm incorrect, or find better ways to solve the same problem.



Related Topics:

- [Backtracking | Set 8 \(Solving Cryptarithmic Puzzles\)](#)
- [Tail Recursion](#)
- [Find if two rectangles overlap](#)
- [Analysis of Algorithm | Set 4 \(Solving Recurrences\)](#)
- [Print all possible paths from top left to bottom right of a mXn matrix](#)
- [Generate all unique partitions of an integer](#)
- [Russian Peasant Multiplication](#)
- [Closest Pair of Points | \$O\(n \log n\)\$ Implementation](#)



2



Tweet 2



1

Writing code in comment? Please use [ideone.com](#) and share the link here.

HP Chromebook 11

google.com/chromebook

Everything you need in one laptop.
Made with Google. Learn more.



Popular Posts

[All permutations of a given string](#)

[Memory Layout of C Programs](#)

[Understanding "extern" keyword in C](#)

[Median of two sorted arrays](#)

[Tree traversal without recursion and without stack!](#)

[Structure Member Alignment, Padding and Data Packing](#)

[Intersection point of two Linked Lists](#)

[Lowest Common Ancestor in a BST.](#)

[Check if a binary tree is BST or not](#)

[Sorted Linked List to Balanced BST](#)

Sort by Newest ▼



Join the discussion...

**ARUN** · 2 months ago

just compare the a,b ; run the loop less time , then add the number to avoid th

^ | v ·

**abhishek08aug** · a year ago

Intelligent :D

^ | v ·

**st0le** · a year agosorry, if $(\text{abs}(x) < \text{abs}(y))$ return multiply (x,y)

^ | v ·

**Hongjoo Lee** → st0le · 2 months ago

But this will add two `abs()` calls and one comparison for each recursion difference between the number of figures of the two parameters, or the the difference of figures between the two numbers, I guess it will harm

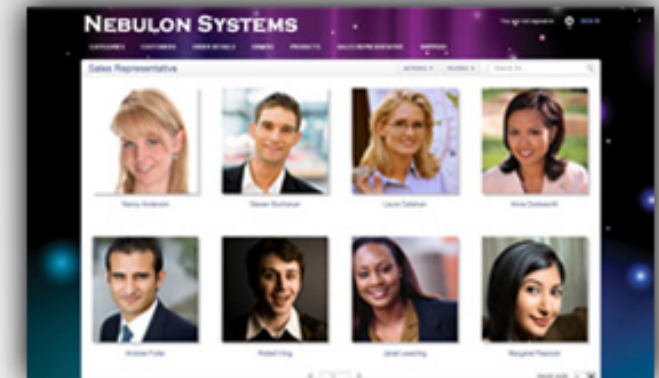
^ | v ·

**st0le** · a year ago

I suggest the following improvement.

In the begining, if $(x < y)$ return multiply(y,x);Complexity becomes $O(\min(x,y))$

Build Applications Without Coding



Free Download!

IRON SPEED®

Complexity becomes $O(\min(x, y))$

3 ^ | v .

705



Subscribe



Joemar Albuna · a year ago

:)

^ | v .



anji.swe · 2 years ago

```
public int multiplyOLogn(int a, int b) {  
    int product=0;
```

```
    product = multiplyOLogn(a, b / 2);  
    product = product + product;
```

```
    if (b%2==0) product = product + b;
```

```
    return product;  
}
```

^ | v .



kartik → **anji.swe** · 2 years ago

The question says without division operator :)

^ | v .



Mathmo · 3 years ago

For multiplying large ints may be better to compare and reorder so the smaller function to handle this with out making lots of unnecessary comparisons).

Also :

if (y 0)

...

else uses 1 less comparison

Recent Comments

Abhi You live US or India?

[Google \(Mountain View\) interview](#) · 17 minutes ago

Aman Hi, Why arent we checking for conditions...

[Write a C program to Delete a Tree.](#) · 57 minutes ago

kzs please provide solution for the problem...

[Backtracking | Set 2 \(Rat in a Maze\)](#) · 1 hour ago

Sanjay Agarwal bool

tree::Root_to_leaf_path_given_sum(tree...

[Root to leaf path sum equal to a given number](#) · 1 hour ago

GOPI GOPINATH @admin Highlight this sentence "We can easily...

[Count trailing zeroes in factorial of a number](#) · 1 hour ago

newCoder3006 If the array contains negative numbers also. We...

[Find subarray with given sum](#) · 1 hour ago

AdChoices

► [Math Multiply](#)

► [Multiplication](#)

► [Multiply Numbers](#)

Also, nomenclature aside, this is effectively a do-while loop but with extra function of this is.

^ | v .



Mathmo → Mathmo · 3 years ago

sorry this didn't post the way i wanted it to, the if-else bit should be:

```
if (y < 0){}
else if (y > 0){}
else{/*Here y is known to be 0, no need to check*/}
```

1 ^ | v .

AdChoices

▶ [Multiply 2 Digit](#)

▶ [To Multiply](#)

▶ [Product Multiply](#)

AdChoices

▶ [To Multiply](#)

▶ [Product Multiply](#)

▶ [Multiply And](#)



Ethan · 3 years ago

A recursive function is a function that keeps calling itself until the answer is found.

^ | v .



Sabarish · 3 years ago

Super... Fantastic...

Kkk. Plz give the detailed explanation of recursive function.

Plz send to mail.

^ | v .



GeeksforGeeks · 4 years ago

@gevorgk & @Mahesh: :-) We have removed method 2 as the method was outdated.

^ | v .



gevorgk · 4 years ago

very nice. question says - WITHOUT MULTIPLICATION, DIVISION AND BITWISE



And we have

```
result = _multiply(x, y/2);
```

Very funny

2 ^ | v .



Mahesh • 4 years ago

The question says do not use division and the second method uses division fc

^ | v .



Subscribe



Add Disqus to your site

@geeksforgeeks, **Some rights reserved**

Contact Us!

Powered by **WordPress** & **MooTools**, customized by geeksforgeeks team