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Analysis of Algorithms

Question 1

What is time complexity of fun()?

```
int fun(int n)
  int count = 0;
  for (int i = n; i > 0; i /= 2)
     for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
        count += 1;
  return count;
```



O(n^2)



O(nLogn)



O(n)



O(nLognLogn)





Question 2

What is the time complexity of fun()?

```
int fun(int n)
  int count = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
     for (int j = i; j > 0; j--)
        count = count + 1;
  return count;
```



Theta (n)



Theta (n^2)



Theta (n*Logn)



Theta (nLognLogn)

Discuss it

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Question 3

The recurrence relation capturing the optimal time of the Tower of Hanoi problem with n discs is. (GATE CS 2012)



$$T(n) = 2T(n-2) + 2$$



$$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + n$$



$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + 1$$



$$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + 1$$

Discuss it

Question 4

Let w(n) and A(n) denote respectively, the worst case and average case running time of an algorithm executed on an input of size n. which of the following is ALWAYS TRUE? (GATE CS 2012)

- (A) $A(n) = \Omega(W(n))$
- (B) $A(n) = \Theta(W(n))$
- (C) A(n) = O(W(n))
- (D) A(n) = o(W(n))



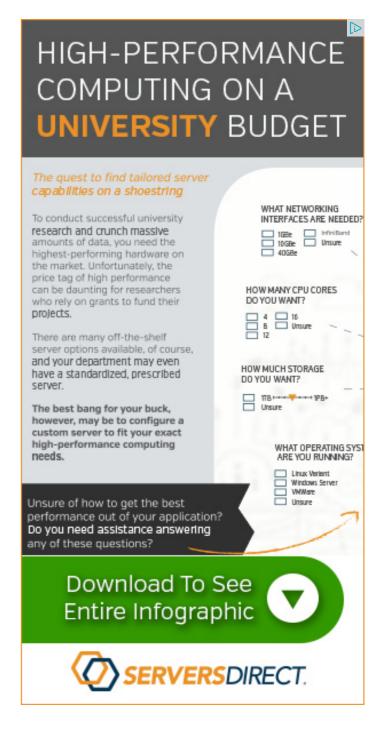
Α



В



C



Recent Discussions



Question 5

Which of the following is not $O(n^2)$?





n^1.98



n^3 / (sqrt(n))



(2²0) * n

Discuss it

Question 6

Which of the given options provides the increasing order of asymptotic complexity of functions f1, f2, f3 and f4?

$$f1(n) = 2^n$$

$$f2(n) = n^{(3/2)}$$

$$f3(n) = nLogn$$

$$f4(n) = n^{(Logn)}$$



f3, f2, f4, f1



f3, f2, f1, f4

Sumit Khatri this is the sorting technique which can work...

Insertion Sort 7 hours ago

Sumit Khatri no, quick sort requires more swaps than...

Selection Sort · 7 hours ago

Sumit Khatri yes, it is the only sorting technique which...

Selection Sort · 7 hours ago

Sudhakar Mishra I think it should be 2n + 1

Data Structures | Binary Trees | Question 12 · 7 hours ago

Sudhakar Mishra (2n)!/((n+1)!*n!)

Data Structures | Binary Trees | Question 6 · 1 day ago

Sudhakar Mishra Always Y will be more than one because after...

Data Structures | Stack | Question 7 · 1 day ago

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Question 7

Consider the following program fragment for reversing the digits in a given integer to obtain a new integer. Let n = D1D2...Dm

```
int n, rev;
rev = 0;
while (n > 0)
   rev = rev*10 + n%10;
   n = n/10;
```

The loop invariant condition at the end of the ith iteration is: (GATE CS 2004)



n = D1D2....Dm-i and rev = DmDm-1...Dm-i+1



n = Dm-i+1...Dm-1Dm and rev = Dm-1....D2D1



n != rev



n = D1D2....Dm and rev = DmDm-1...D2D1

Discuss it

Question 8

What is the time complexity of the below function?

```
void fun(int n, int arr[])
    int i = 0, j = 0;
    for(; i < n; ++i)</pre>
         while(j < n && arr[i] < arr[j])</pre>
              j++;
        O(n)
        O(n^2)
        O(nlogn)
        O(n(logn)^2)
```

Question 9

In a competition, four different functions are observed. All the functions use a single for loop and within the for loop, same set of statements are executed. Consider the following for loops:

```
A) for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
B) for (i = 0; i < n; i += 2)
C) for (i = 1; i < n; i *= 2)
D) for (i = n; i > -1; i /= 2)
```

If **n** is the size of input(positive), which function is most efficient(if the task to be performed is not an issue)?





В









D

Discuss it

Question 10

The following statement is valid. $log(n!) = \Box(n log n)$.



True



False

Discuss it

Question 11

What does it mean when we say that an algorithm X is asymptotically more efficient than Y?



X will be a better choice for all inputs



X will be a better choice for all inputs except small inputs



X will be a better choice for all inputs except large inputs



Y will be a better choice for small inputs

Discuss it

Question 12

What is the time complexity of Floyd–Warshall algorithm to calculate all pair shortest path in a graph with n vertices?



O(n^2logn)



Theta(n^2logn)



O(n³)



Theta(n^3)

Discuss it

Question 13

Consider the following functions:

f(n) = 2^n

g(n) = n!

h(n) = n^logn

Which of the following statements about the asymptotic behavior of f(n), g(n), and h(n) is true?

(A) f(n) = O(g(n)); g(n) = O(h(n))

- (B) $f(n) = \Box(g(n)); g(n) = O(h(n))$
- (C) g(n) = O(f(n)); h(n) = O(f(n))
- (D) $h(n) = O(f(n)); g(n) = \Box(f(n))$





В



С



D

Discuss it

Question 14

In the following C function, let $n \ge m$.

```
int gcd(n,m)
  if (n%m ==0) return m;
  n = n%m;
  return gcd(m, n);
```

How many recursive calls are made by this function?

- $(A) \square (logn)$
- (B) □(n)
- (C) \square (loglogn)
- (D) \square (sqrt(n))









Question 15

Consider the following functions

$$f(n) = 3n^{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$g(n) = 2^{\sqrt{n}\log_2 n}$$

$$h(n) = n!$$

the following is true? (GATE CS 2000)

Which of

- (a) h(n) is 0(f(n))
- (b) h(n) is O(g(n))
- (c) g(n) is not O(f(n))
- (d) f(n) is O(g(n))



а



b



С



Question 16

Consider the following three claims I (n + k)^m = \square (n^m), where k and m are constants II 2^(n + 1) = 0(2^n) III 2^(2n + 1) = 0(2^n) Which of these claims are correct? (GATE CS 2003)



I and II



I and III



II and III



I, II and III

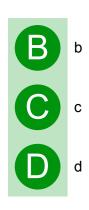
Discuss it

Question 17

Let s be a sorted array of n integers. Let t(n) denote the time taken for the most efficient algorithm to determined if there are two elements with sum less than 1000 in s. which of the following statements is true? (GATE CS 2000)

- a) t (n) is 0 (1)
- b) n < t (n) < n
- c) n log 2 n < t (n) <
- d) t (n) =





Question 18

Consider the following function

```
int unknown(int n) {
   int i, j, k = 0;
  for (i = n/2; i \le n; i++)
      for (j = 2; j \le n; j = j * 2)
           k = k + n/2;
   return k;
```

What is the returned value of the above function? (GATE CS 2013)

- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- В



Question 19

Consider the following two functions. What are time complexities of the functions?

```
int fun1(int n)
    if (n <= 1) return n;
    return 2*fun1(n-1);
int fun2(int n)
    if (n <= 1) return n;</pre>
    return fun2(n-1) + fun2(n-1);
```



O(2ⁿ) for both fun1() and fun2()



O(n) for fun1() and O(2ⁿ) for fun2()



O(2^n) for fun1() and O(n) for fun2()



O(n) for both fun1() and fun2()

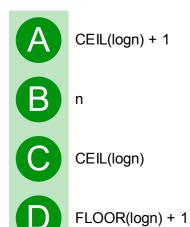
Discuss it

Question 20

Consider the following segment of C-code:

```
int j, n;
j = 1;
while (j \le n)
      j = j*2;
```

The number of comparisons made in the execution of the loop for any n > 0 is: Base of Log is 2 in all options.



Discuss it

Question 21

Consider the following C-program fragment in which i, j and n are integer variables.

for
$$(i = n, j = 0; i > 0; i /= 2, j += i);$$

Let val(j) denote the value stored in the variable j after termination of the for loop. Which one of the following is true? (A) $val(j) = \Box(logn)$ (B) $val(j) = \Box(sqrt(n))$ (C) val(j) $= \square(n) (D) \text{ val}(j) = \square(n \log n)$





В



Question 22

The minimum number of comparisons required to find the minimum and the maximum of 100 numbers is ______.



147.1 to 148.1



145.1 to 146.1



140 to 146



140 to 148

Discuss it

Question 23

Consider the following pseudo code. What is the total number of multiplications to be performed?

```
D = 2
for i = 1 to n do
   for j = i to n do
      for k = j + 1 to n do
           D = D * 3
```



Half of the product of the 3 consecutive integers.



One-third of the product of the 3 consecutive integers.



One-sixth of the product of the 3 consecutive integers.



None of the above.

Discuss it

There are 23 questions to complete.

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