

```
API Documentation
Base URL:
http://localhost:8000
Endpoints:
GET /
Health check endpoint to confirm the API is running.
POST /analyze
Upload a financial PDF and receive AI-generated financial analysis.
Request Example:
bash
curl -X POST "http://localhost:8000/analyze"
-F "file=@/path/to/file.pdf"
-F "query=Investment analysis for Q2 2025"
Response:
json
"status": "success",
"query": "Investment analysis for Q2 2025",
"analysis": "<AI generated text>",
"file_processed": "file.pdf"
}
```

Add some more detailed information with these

Here are expanded, detailed, and human-friendly Setup Instructions, Usage Instructions, and API Documentation that enhance what you provided:

Setup Instructions

Prerequisites

- You need Python 3.11 or above installed on your computer.
- Obtain API keys for:
 - **OpenAI**: For AI language model integration.
 - **Serper**: For web search functionality enhancing AI responses.

Installation Steps

- Clone or download the project code to your local machine.
- Create and activate a Python virtual environment (recommended for clean dependency management):

o For Windows PowerShell:

```
python -m venv env
.\env\Scripts\Activate.ps1
```

o For macOS/Linux Terminal:

```
python -m venv env
source env/bin/activate
```

3. Install required packages (dependencies) with:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

4. Create a .env file in the project root directory, and add the following keys, replacing placeholders with your own API keys:

```
OPENAI_API_KEY=your_openai_api_key_here
SERPER_API_KEY=your_serper_api_key_here
```

5. Create a directory named data/ in the project root. This folder will hold your financial PDF files to be analyzed.

Usage Instructions

Running the Application

To start the FastAPI server, execute:

```
python main.py
```

This will launch the API server accessible by default at:

```
http://localhost:8000
```

You can open this URL in your browser to verify that the server is running.

How to Use the API

Health Check Endpoint

- HTTP Method: GET
- URL: /
- **Description**: Verify that the server is running and ready to accept requests.

Document Analysis Endpoint

- HTTP Method: POST
- URL:/analyze
- Parameters:
 - o file (required): The financial report PDF file to analyze.
 - query (optional): A natural language query or instruction for the AI analysis. Defaults to analyzing the document for investment insights.

Example using curl:

```
curl -X POST "http://localhost:8000/analyze" \
  -F "file=@data/sample.pdf" \
  -F "query=Analyze Tesla's Q2 2025 financial performance"
```

Example using Python's requests module:

```
import requests

with open('data/sample.pdf', 'rb') as f:
    files = {'file': f}
    data = {'query': 'What are the key revenue trends and risks?'}
    response = requests.post('http://localhost:8000/analyze', files=files, data=data)
    print(response.json())
```

API Documentation for Financial Document Analyzer

Base URL

```
http://localhost:8000
```

Available Endpoints

1. Health Check

- Method: GET
- URL: /
- Description: Simple endpoint to check if the API server is alive and functioning.

Response:

```
Status code: 200 0KBody (JSON):
```

```
"message": "Financial Document Analyzer API is running"
```

2. Analyze Financial Document

Method: POST

• URL:/analyze

• **Description:** Analyse an uploaded financial PDF document based on a query and return AI-generated insights.

Parameters:

- o file (form-data, required): PDF document to analyze.
- o query (form-data, optional): Textual query or instructions for analysis (default: "Analyze this financial document for investment insights").

Request Example:

Use curl to upload and query:

```
curl -X POST "http://localhost:8000/analyze" \
  -F "file=@/path/to/financial_report.pdf" \
  -F "query=Investment analysis for Q2 2025"
```

• Response Example:

- Status code: 200 0K
- o Body (JSON):

```
"status": "success",
"query": "Investment analysis for Q2 2025",
"analysis": "Tesla's Q2 2025 revenue grew by X%, showing signs of ...",
"file_processed": "financial_report.pdf"
}
```

• Error Handling:

- o Returns HTTP 400 for unsupported file types.
- HTTP 500 for processing errors with meaningful error details.

3. Optional: Check Async Task Status

(If you implement Celery for async processing)

- Method: GET
- URL: /status/{task_id}
- **Description:** Returns the processing status and result of document analysis tasks.
- Response:
 - o Task status (pending, processing, completed, failed)
 - Analysis result when done
- **Usage:** Allows clients to poll results asynchronously.

Response Models and Status Codes

Use FastAPI's response_model feature to define clear response schemas, improving auto-generated docs and client validation.

- Use standard HTTP status codes:
 - o 200 OK for successful requests
 - o 400 Bad Request for invalid inputs
 - o 500 Internal Server Error for unexpected failures

Documentation Usability Features

- **Interactive Docs:** Navigate to http://localhost:8000/redoc to explore the interactive OpenAPI documentation automatically generated by FastAPI.
- Endpoint Tags: Organize endpoints by tags such as Health and Financial Analysis for clarity.
- Descriptions and Summaries: Each endpoint includes human-readable summaries and parameter explanations for ease of use.
- Examples: Use complete request and response examples to guide API users.

Best Practices

- **Clear Parameter Validation:** Use Pydantic models to validate incoming requests and serialize responses.
- **Handle large file uploads gracefully:** Check file size and type on upload to avoid server overload or crashes.
- **Secure your API:** Use HTTPS, API keys, or OAuth for production environments.
- Limit request rates: Prevent abuse by setting rate limits per client IP or API key.
- Log and monitor requests: Enable structured logging and health monitoring for operational visibility.