

ii. list: List is also an array which comprises of numbers, float, boolean, string, etc., It is very flexible as the items in the list do not need to have same type. It is represented by list.

iii. tuple: Tuple can contain any number of elements with different data types (like strings, integers, etc.,) .The only difference between tuple and list is that tuples are immutable i.e. tuples cannot be modified after it is created. It is represented by tuple.

**4.** What is an expression made up of? What do all expressions do?

Expression comprises of mathematical operators, variable and values. They assign value to variable, it does calculation or evaluation."

**5.** This assignment statements, like spam = 10. What is the difference between an expression and a statement?

A statement creates a value or displays a value.

**An Expression** always comprises of values, operators and variables. But the difference between expression and statement is like creating a variable or displaying a value, it only does whatever the statement says.

spam = 10 is a statement

6. After running the following code, what does the variable bacon contain?

bacon = 22

bacon + 1

```
In [1]: bacon = 22

In [2]: bacon + 1

Out[2]: 23
```

7. What should the values of the following two terms be?

'spam'+'spamspam'

'spam'\*3

```
In [4]: 'spam'+'spamspam'
Out[4]: 'spamspamspam'
In [5]: 'spam'*3
Out[5]: 'spamspamspam'
```

Same results for both.

**8.** Why is eggs a valid variable name while 100 is invalid?

Term eggs is a word i.e., alphabetical whereas 100 is numerical which is invalid because when u run using numerical name the complier shows SyntaxError: cannot assign to literal. Hence variable name cannot start with number.

**9.** What three functions can be used to get the integer, floating-point number, or string version of a value?

```
The functions are integer - int() floating-point number - float()
```

string - str()

**10.** Why does this expression cause an error? How can you fix it?

'I have eaten' + 99 + 'burritos.'

Executing as given in the question.

```
In [1]: 'I have eaten' + 99 + 'burritos.'

TypeError
TypeError
TypeData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_4436/265137553.py in <module>
----> 1 'I have eaten' + 99 + 'burritos.'

TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str
```

99 is not quoted hence it shows error - TypeError: can only concatenate str(not "int") to str. If we include quotes then expression executes answer as below.

```
In [5]: 'I have eaten' + '99' + 'burritos.'
Out[5]: 'I have eaten99burritos.'
```

Concatenation of the same kind of datatype can only be executed.