Lab 6 - Unification Algorithm

```
def unify(s1, s2):
  subst = \{\}
  return unifyRecursive(s1, s2, subst)
def unifyRecursive(s1, s2, subst):
  s1 = substitute(s1, subst)
  s2 = substitute(s2, subst)
  if s1 == s2:
    return subst
  if isinstance(s1, list) and isinstance(s2, list):
    if len(s1) != len(s2):
       return None
    for i in range(len(s1)):
       result = unifyRecursive(s1[i], s2[i], subst)
       if result is None:
         return None
       subst = result
     return subst
  if isinstance(s1, str) and s1.islower():
     return unifyVariable(s1, s2, subst)
  if isinstance(s2, str) and s2.islower():
     return unifyVariable(s2, s1, subst)
```

return None

```
def unifyVariable(var, x, subst):
  if var in subst:
    return unifyRecursive(subst[var], x, subst)
  if x == var:
    return subst
  if isinstance(x, list) and any(v == var for v in x):
    return None
  if isinstance(x, str) and x.islower() and x in subst:
    return unifyRecursive(var, subst[x], subst)
  newSubst = subst.copy()
  newSubst[var] = x
  return newSubst
def substitute(expr, subst):
  if isinstance(expr, list):
    return [substitute(e, subst) for e in expr]
  elif isinstance(expr, str) and expr.islower() and expr in subst:
    return substitute(subst[expr], subst)
  else:
    return expr
def get_input(prompt):
  while True:
    user_input = input(prompt)
    terms = user_input.split()
    if all(term.islower() or term.isalpha() for term in terms):
       return terms
    else:
```

```
print("Invalid input. Please enter space-separated terms (e.g., 'P x y'). Try again.")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Welcome to the unification program!")

s1 = get_input("Enter the first expression (e.g., 'P x y'): ")

s2 = get_input("Enter the second expression (e.g., 'P a y'): ")

result = unify(s1, s2)

if result:
    print("Unification successful!")
    print("Substitution:", result)

else:
    print("The expressions cannot be unified.")
```

Output:

Welcome to the unification program! Enter the first expression (e.g., $'P \times y'$): $f \times y$ Enter the second expression (e.g., $'P \times y'$): $f \times x$ Unification successful! Substitution: $\{'x': 'z', 'y': 'z'\}$