





Agenda



- What is responsive web design
- CSS and responsive design
 - Vertical align
 - Transform
 - Translate
- Hamburger menu
- Media queries
 - min/max-width



Reminder - Responsive Web Design?

 Make your app/website usable on any device, with any screen size

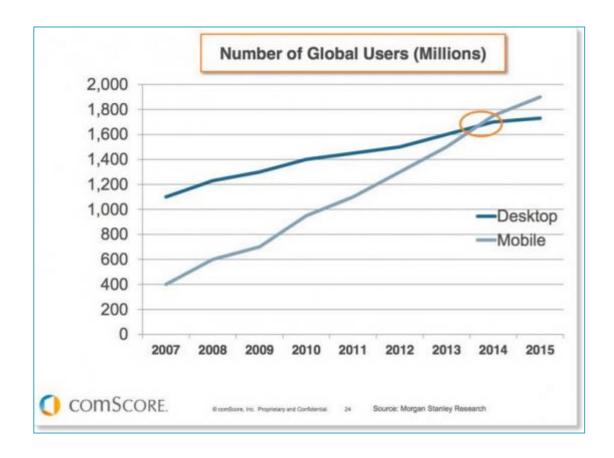








Why Bother?

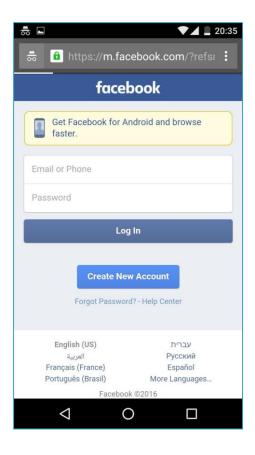


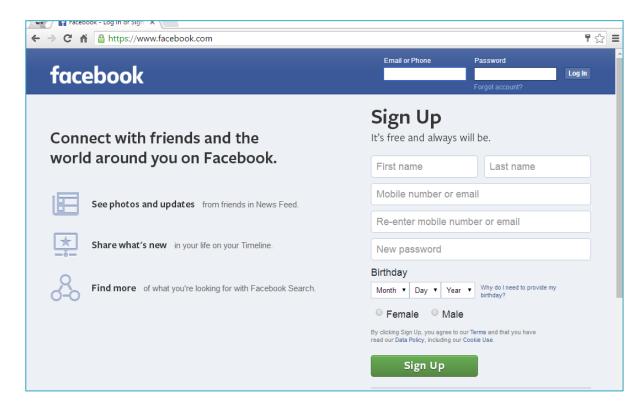


Mobile sites

Optional Solution

 It's possible to redirect all mobile users to a different URL, based on their device







Mobile sites

- But then we'd have to maintain 2 different versions of every page
- Google also doesn't condone this, as this means that your main site is still not responsive.





Single Site for all Devices

A single site for all devices gives your website a few advantages:

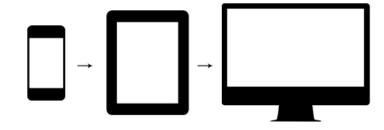
- Super Flexible
- Excellent User Experience
- Cost Effective
- Very Easy to manage
- It is Recommended By Google
 One URL and the same HTML, regardless of the device, makes it easier and more efficient for Google to crawl, index, and organize content.





How to approach?

The mobile-first approach



- Designing for the smallest screen and working your way up.
- It is the best strategy to create either a responsive or adaptive design.



How to approach?

Usually it means using a "Stripes" layout











Notice! Responsive design refers mostly to the screen width...



"Stripes" Revisited

Render the following page in your head:

```
border:1px black solid;
}
.menu.stripe , .footer.stripe{
   height:100px;
}
.gallery.stripe{
   height:auto;
}
```

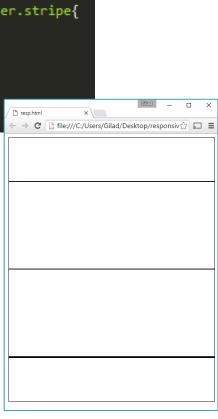
height:200px;

HTML5

Is it responsive? SURE



Using the default "display:block" of section/div in order to take up 100% width





The Menu Stripe

The most common menu





The Menu Stripe

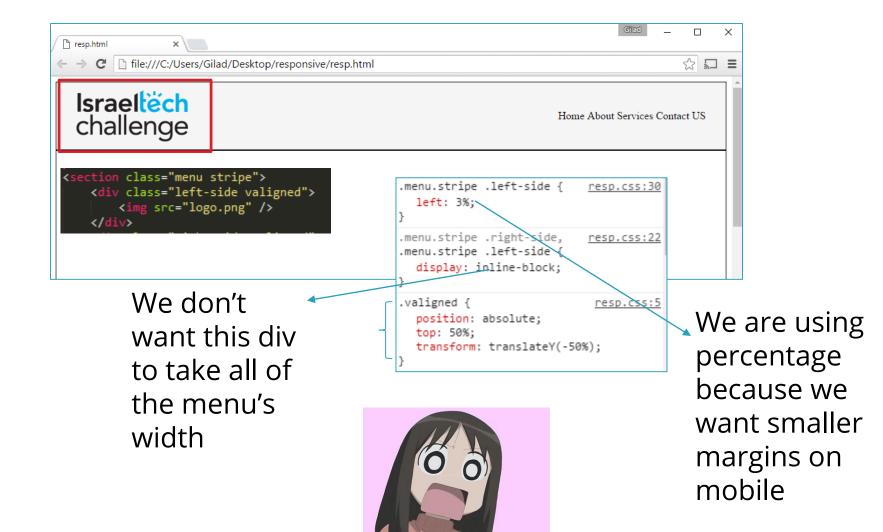
```
×
resp.html
← → C ☐ file:///C:/Users/Gilad/Desktop/responsive/resp.html
                                                                                       ☆ 🗤 =
  Israellech
                                                                      Home About Services Contact US
  challenge
                             .menu.stripe,
                                                      resp.css:17
                            .footer.stripe {
                              height: 100px;
                              stripe {
                                                      resp.css:11
                               height: 200px;
                              border: ▶1px ■ black solid;
                               position: relative;
```



This is important if you want to "Absolute" position child elements. Read more here and here.

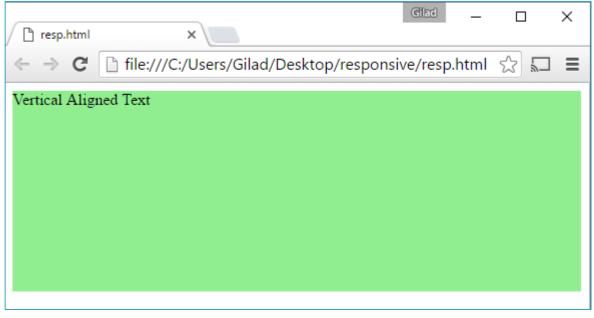


The Menu Stripe





Vertical Align - The Basic case



```
.parent {
    background-color: ■#90EE90;
    height: 200px;
}
```



Solutions



Using absolute positioning, top with percentages and negative margin



Using the vertical-align with display:table and display:table-cell



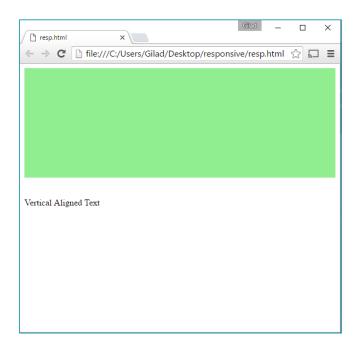
Using the CSS 3 transform magic



Using display:flex



 Using absolute positioning, top with percentages and negative margin



```
<section class="parent">
     <div class="valign">Vertical Aligned Text</div>
</section>
```

```
.parent{
    background-color:#90EE90;
    height:200px;
}

.valign{
    position:absolute;
    top:50%;
}
```

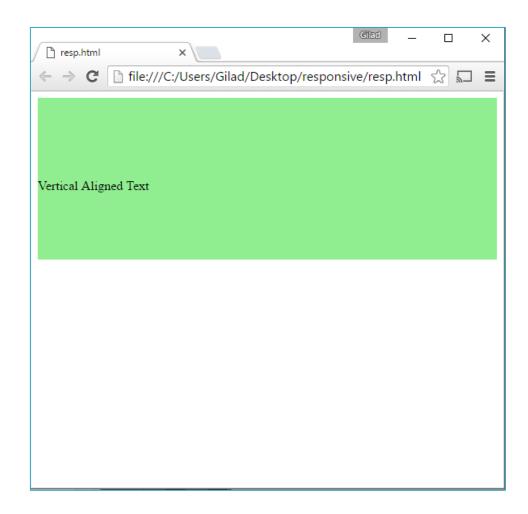
What happened?

The child is absolutely positioned relative to the body

Solution?

Set the parent's position to relative





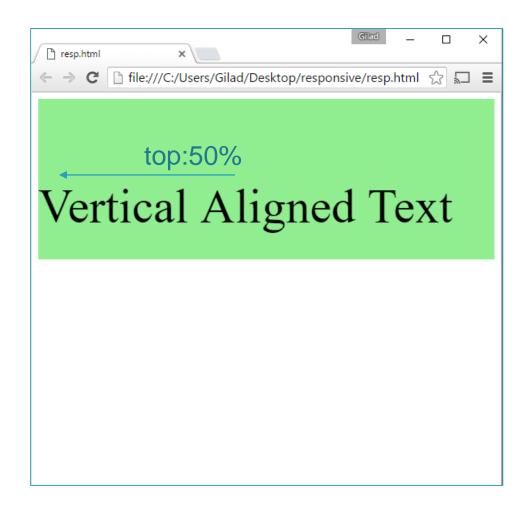
```
.parent{
    background-color:#90EE90;
    height:200px;
    position:relative;
}

.valign{
    position:absolute;
    top:50%;
}
```

Better!

What will happen if we increase the child's fontsize to 60px?







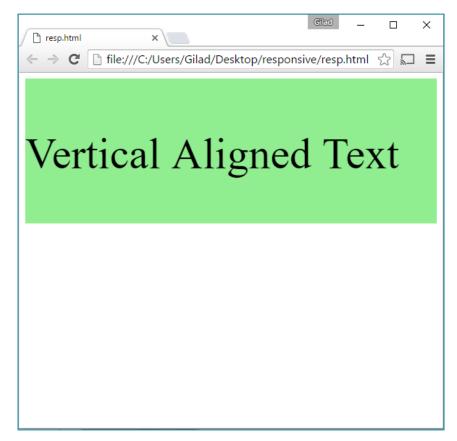
What happened?

The "top" property positions the element's top...

The solution is: to give the element a negative top margin

How much? Half of the child's height



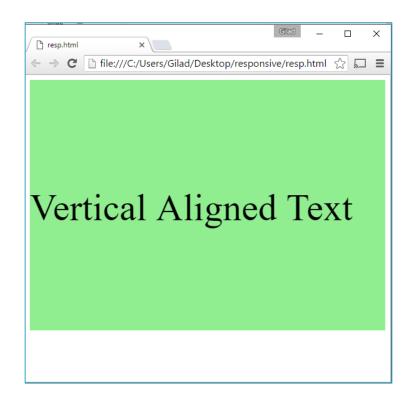




```
.parent{
    background-color:#90EE90;
    height:200px;
    position:relative;
}

.valign{
    position:absolute;
    top:50%;
    margin-top:-30px;
    font-size:60px;
}
```





What will happen if we change the parent's height to 400px?

Still good

What will happen if we change the child's font-size or height?

Or add text?
Or more content like images?

We must update the margin top value

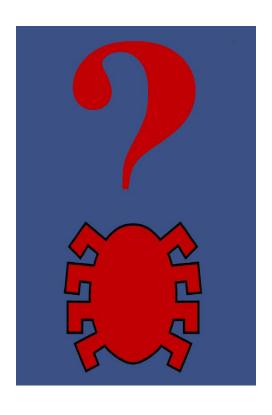
 Using absolute positioning, top with percentages and negative margin is a good and easy solution

BUT

maintenance is needed when the child's height changes.



Questions





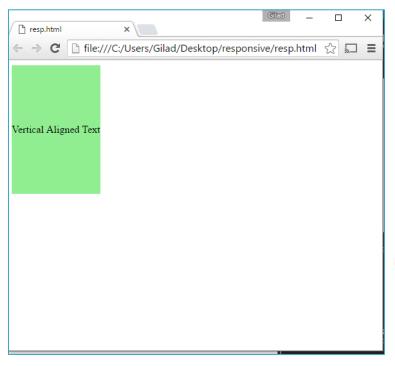
Parent => display:table + child => display:table-cell

- CSS allows elements to behave like the tag without actually using it
- A in a implements the vertical-align attribute

So... we will make our left-side act like a table and it's content like a table cell



By setting the parent's display to "table"
 And the child's display to "table-cell"
 We are getting vertical alignment for free.



```
.parent{
    background-color:#90EE90;
    height:200px;
    position:relative;
    display:table;
}

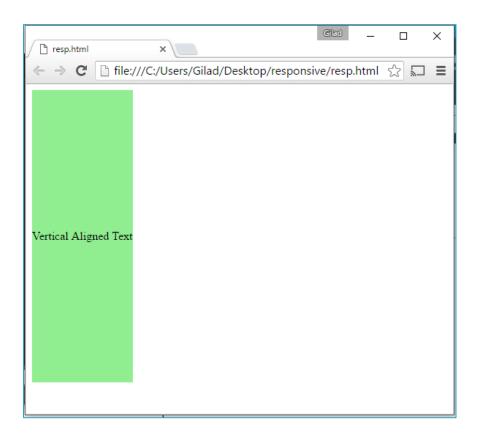
.valign{
    display:table-cell;
    vertical-align:middle;
}
```



Notice that we lost the "block" property of the parent and now it's width is as big as it's content.



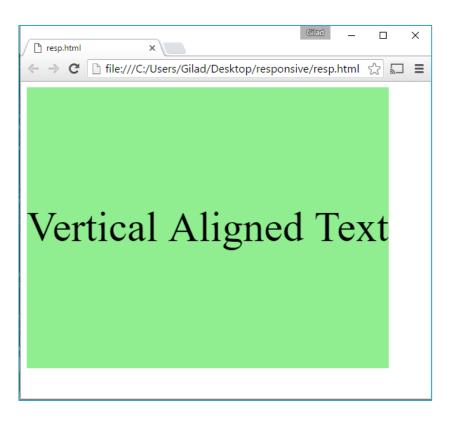
What will happen if we change the parent's height?



All is well...



 What will happen if we will change the child's font size?



Still good



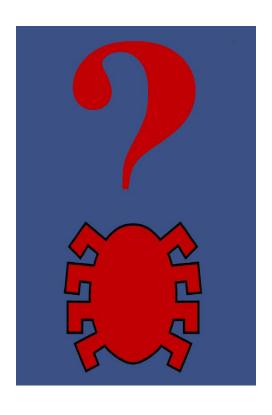
 Using the vertical-align with display:table and display:table-cell solves the problem without the need for maintenance

BUT

It is semantically wrong And we lose the 100% width of the block element.



Questions



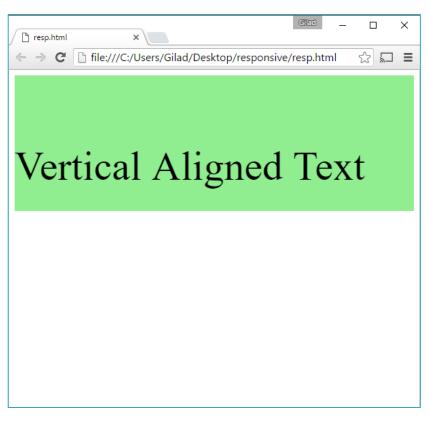


Using the CSS 3 transform magic.

 We can solve the maintenance problem we encountered in the first solution by using the transform property.



 Revisiting our problem: CSS top property is measured from the child's top and we don't know the child's height



```
background-color:#90EE90;
   height:200px;
   position:relative;
.valign{
   position:absolute;
   font-size:60px;
   top:50%;
```



- The "transform" property is a very rich property in CSS 3 that allows us to manipulate elements in many different ways. (we will learn about it later on).
- For now we will focus just on The translateY option.

- Translating an element (translateY) means we are moving it on the Y axis.
- Unlike setting the "top" of an element, which sets the starting point of an element (the edges), translate moves the element itself



So by setting translateY to -50%, we will move it up by half of it's height

And this is how the third solution looks like

```
Hello

.parent{
    background-color:#90EE90;
    height:200px;
    position:relative;
}

.valign{
    position:absolute;
    font-size:60px;
    top:50%;
    transform:translateY(-50%);
}
```



Using the CSS3 transform magic solves the problem most elegantly

BUT

Old browsers do not support CSS3 (Internet Explorer 9 and below, for example) See details here



Fourth solution

Display:flex

Flexible boxes, or flexbox, is a new layout mode in CSS3.

Property	©	e			0
Basic support (single-line flexbox)	29.0 21.0 -webkit-	11.0	22.0 18.0 -moz-	6.1 -webkit-	12.1 -webkit-
Multi-line flexbox	29.0 21.0 -webkit-	11.0	28.0	6.1 -webkit-	17.0 15.0 -webkit- 12.1

```
.parent{
    background-color: ■#90EE90;
    height:200px;
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: row;
    align-items: center;
}
```



Solutions



Using absolute positioning, top with percentages and negative margin.



Using the vertical-align with display:table and display:table-cell.

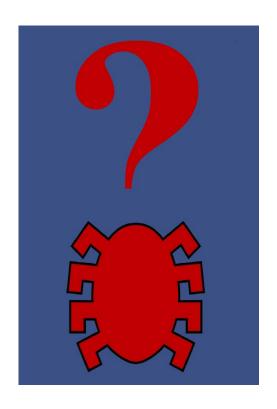


Using the CSS 3 transform magic.



Using display:flex.

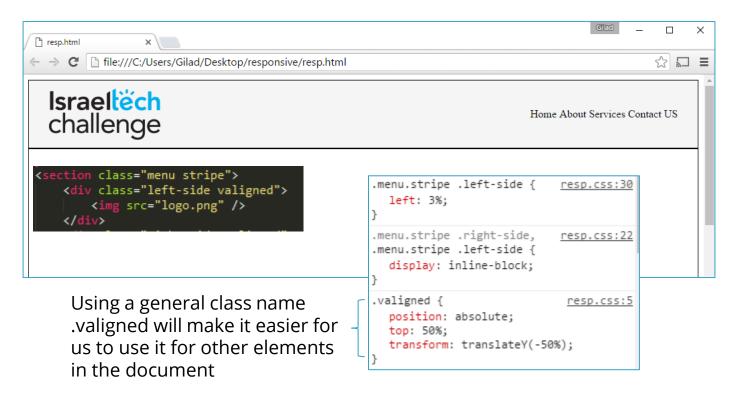
Questions



<Break />?



AAAND back to the menu









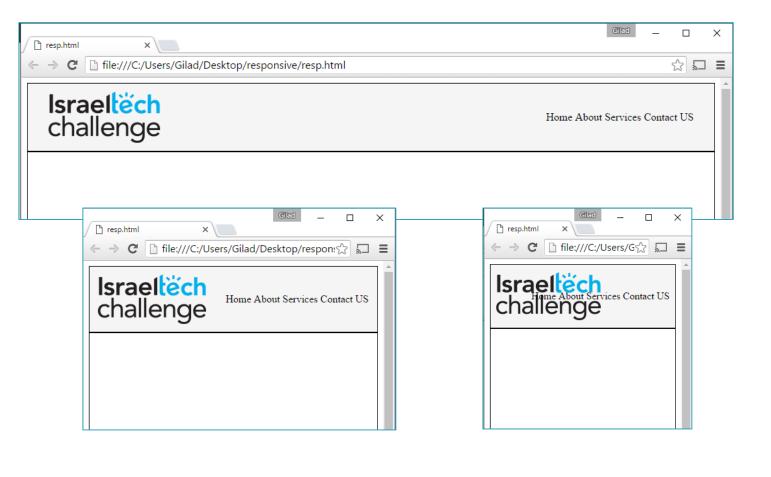
AAAND back to the menu

```
\times
           resp.html
          ← → C  file:///C:/Users/Gilad/Desktop/responsive/resp.html
                                                                                        Israellech
                                                                         Home About Services Contact US
             challenge
<section class="menu stripe">
   <div class="left-side valigned">
                                                     .menu.stripe .left-side {
                                                                            resp.css:30
      <img src="logo.png" />
                                                       left: 3%;
   </div>
   <div class="right-side valigned">
                                                     .menu.stripe .right-side,
                                                                            resp.css:22
       .menu.stripe .left-side {
          Home
                                                       display: inline-block;
          class="nav-btn">About
          Services
          Contact US
                                                     .valigned {
                                                                             resp.css:5
      position: absolute;
   </div>
                                                       top: 50%;
</section>
                                                       transform: translateY(-50%);
```





Is it responsive?







The solution?

Minify the menu You probably know that menu style... We call it the hamburger menu

For those of you who didn't get it...









The solution?

Hamburger recipe:

```
.menu.stripe .right-side .hamburger .slice{
    width:30px;
    height:5px;
    background-color:black;
    margin:0px;
}
.menu.stripe .right-side .hamburger .meat.slice{
    margin: 5px 0px;
}
```

Israellech challenge





Is it good?

Well, it works...
But it doesn't respect people with large screens





Flexible Solution

We want more flexibility!



We want to give each device the best solution!



Another solution?

Introducing: Media queries Media queries are logical "if "statements that test for properties of a device

```
if (this expression is true) {

code block
```

```
@media screen and (min-width: 480px) {
    body {
        background-color: red;
    }
}

The CSS that is rendered if the statement is true
```



Notice The syntax! we added a new scope by adding another pair of curly brackets



Media queries

Min-width

```
@media screen and (min-width: 330px) {
}
```

"If [device width] is greater than or equal to [specified #], then do {...}"

So if the actual "device width" is 320px, this condition will return false.



Media queries

max-width

```
@media only screen and (max-width: 330px) {
}
```

"If [device width] is less than or equal to [specified #], then do {...}"

So based on this second example, if the "device width" is 320px the condition is true



Back to our menu

Normal state **Hide** the hamburger **Show** the menu

Small screen state
(or menu is too large to fit) **Show** the hamburger **Hide** the menu

```
.menu.stripe .right-side .hamburger{
    display:none;
}
.menu.stripe .right-side .navbar {
    display:inline-block;
}

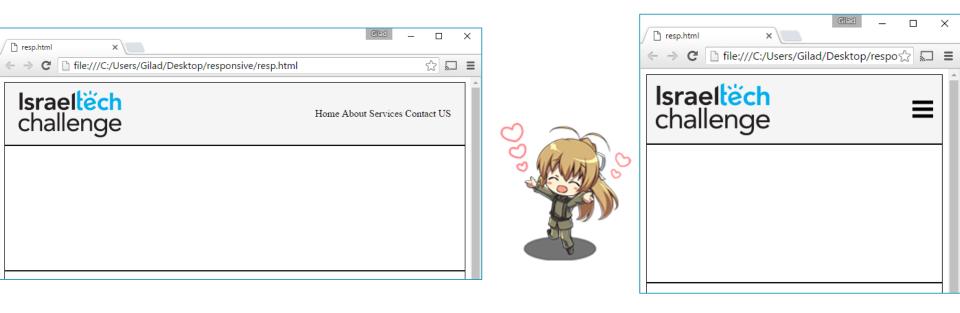
@media screen and (max-width: 500px) {
    .menu.stripe .right-side .navbar {
        display:none;
    }
    .menu.stripe .right-side .hamburger{
        display:inline-block;
    }
}
```



Notice the order: the "normal" state must come before the "mobile" state so the latter will override the properties



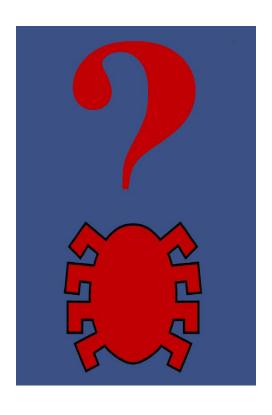
Back to our menu



We will learn how to show the original menu when clicking the hamburger when we will learn JS...



Questions





There's more?

Media queries have logical operators and can be much more complex:

- You can have multiple "break points", i.e for desktops, tablets and mobile
- You can check the device type (tv, phone, pc...), it's resolution, it's orientation and many more



Getting Wacky

Media queries have logical operators and can be much more complex:

```
@media
only screen and (min-width: 100px),
not all and (min-width: 100px),
not print and (min-height: 100px),
(color),
(min-height: 100px) and (max-height: 1000px),
handheld and (orientation: landscape)
{
    html {
        background: red;
    }
}
```

This is not the way to go...



When to use?

- When you have a small number of cases and break points that you need to tackle
- Usually referring to the screen width



Let's see another example



"Features" or "featured" or "team" is a section in the document that presents a row of several important items





In order for it to be responsive, we would like to give each item a width based on a percentage.

Let's say we have 4 items, each one will take up 20% of the parent's width.

so we also need to take into account the space between the items



```
<section class="features stripe">
    <div class="item">
        <div class="title">First Item</div>
        <div class="text">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nullam lobortis lorem a
        sagittis laoreet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Cras et nunc sit amet
        magna feugiat posuere. Nulla facilisi. In eget est non ante scelerisque elementum eget ac mauris.
        Nam arcu justo, dapibus at erat sed, hendrerit molestie augue.
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="item">
        <div class="title">First Item</div>
        <div class="text">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nullam lobortis lorem a
        sagittis laoreet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Cras et nunc sit amet
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        Nam arcu justo, dapibus at erat sed, hendrerit molestie augue.
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="item">
        <div class="title">First Item</div>
        <div class="text">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nullam lobortis lorem a
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        Nam arcu justo, dapibus at erat sed, hendrerit molestie augue.
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="item">
        <div class="title">First Item</div>
        <div class="text">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nullam lobortis lorem a
        sagittis laoreet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Cras et nunc sit amet
        magna feugiat posuere. Nulla facilisi. In eget est non ante scelerisque elementum eget ac mauris.
        Nam arcu justo, dapibus at erat sed, hendrerit molestie augue.
        </div>
    </div>
</section>
```



First Item Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nullam lobortis lorem a sagittis laoreet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet. consectetur adipiscing elit. Cras et nunc sit amet magna feugiat posuere. Nulla facilisi. In eget est non ante scelerisque elementum eget ac mauris. Nam arcu justo, dapibus at erat sed, hendrerit molestie augue.

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The default alignment for inline elements is bottom.

Items should align to their top if they are not of the same height

```
.features.stripe .item{
    vertical-align:top;
    text-align:left;
    color:white;
    display:inline-block;
    width:20%;
    background-color:#333;
}
.features.stripe .item .title{
    font-size:20px;
}
```



Is it responsive?

First Item

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Third Item

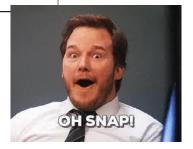
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nolestie



The Solution?

Media queries

```
@media screen and (max-width: 500px) {
    .features.stripe .item{
        display:block;
        width:80%;
        margin: 20px auto;
    }
    .menu.stripe .right-side .navbar {
        display:none;
    }
    .menu.stripe .right-side .hamburger{
        display:inline-block;
    }
}
```

In English:

- When the screen is smaller than 500px, show one item per line.
- Each item should take up 80% of the screen's width and be horizontally centered.

Responsive features

First Item

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First Item

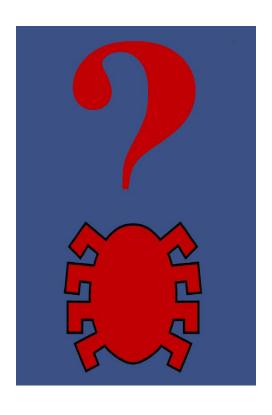
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First Item





Questions





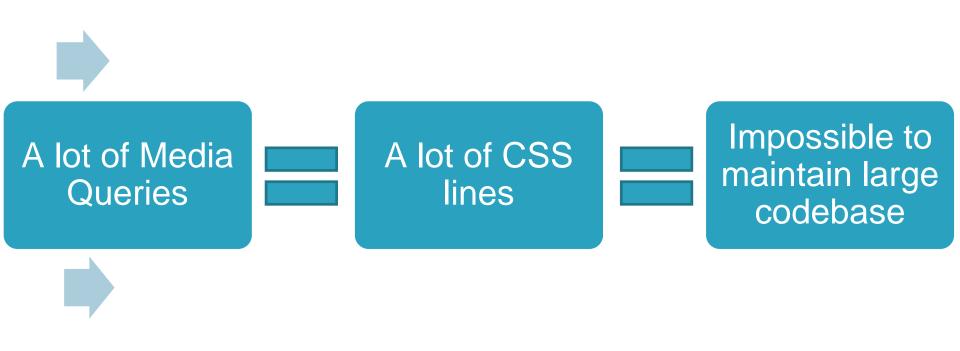
Why media queries are not so great?

The problem with Media Queries is the responsive work that they demand.

Think about it – We will have to make a different Media Query for each resolution! (a lot of work).



Why media queries are not so great?





Why media queries are not so great?

- Until recent years, the poor web developer had to make a Media Query for each of the screen sizes.
- Fortunately, we can use a set of utilities that other great programmers made for us!
- These set of utilities are called Frameworks...







Summary

- You needed to understand:
 - Pros and cons of different ways to align content in a responsive way
- ▶You need to remember:
 - The importance of responsive design
- ▶You need to be able to do:
 - Use vertical-align
 - Use media queries

Questions?





Cheat Sheet

Vertical align Margin top .parent { position: relative; .vertical-align { position: absolute; top: 50%; font-size: 60px: /* half of its size */ margin-top: -30px; Flex box .parent { display: flex; flex-direction: row; align-items: center;

```
Table Display
.parent {
  position: relative;
 display: table;
.vertical-align {
  display: table-cell;
 vertical-align: middle;
Translate Y
.parent {
  position: relative;
.vertical-align {
  position: absolute;
 top: 50%;
 transform: translateY(-
50%);
```

```
<u>Hamburger Menu</u>
HTML
<u1>
CSS
.hamburger-slice {
 width: 30px;
 height: 5px;
 background-color: black;
 margin: 0px;
.hamburger-slice.meat {
 margin: 5px 0;
```

```
Media Queries

@media screen and (min-width: 330px) {
   .navbar {
     display: inline-block;
   }
}
```

```
@media screen and (max-width: 330px) {
   .navbar {
    display: none;
    }
}
```