1) 
$$2^{x} = 2^{3}$$
  
 $x = 3$ 

2) Charicold comeneners
$$\Omega^{n} \cdot \Omega^{lm} = \Omega^{ln+m}$$

$$\Omega^{n} \cdot \Omega^{lm} = \Omega^{ln-m}$$

$$\Omega^{n} \cdot \Omega^{lm} = \Omega^{ln-m}$$

$$(\alpha c^{n})^{m} = \alpha c^{n \cdot m}$$

$$\alpha^{-n} = \frac{1}{\alpha^{n}}$$

$$2\sqrt{\chi^{1}} = \chi^{2}$$

$$2\sqrt{\chi^{1}} = \chi^{2}$$

$$2\sqrt{\chi^{2}} = \chi^{2}$$

$$2\sqrt{\chi^{2}} = \chi^{2}$$

4 = 12 = 4

Решить уравнение (208-223).

1) 
$$4^{x-1} = 1$$
; 2)  $0,3^{3x-2} = 1$ ; 3)  $2^{2x} = 2^{4\sqrt{3}}$ ; 4)  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{3x} = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2}$ .

$$4^{x-1}=4^{\circ}$$
  $3x-2=0$   $x=2\sqrt{3}$   $3x=-2$   $x=-2\sqrt{3}$   $x=-2\sqrt{3}$ 

1) 
$$27^x = \frac{1}{2}$$
;

2) 
$$400^x = \frac{1}{20}$$

3) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x = 25;$$

**209** 1) 
$$27^x = \frac{1}{3}$$
; 2)  $400^x = \frac{1}{20}$ ; 3)  $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x = 25$ ; 4)  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x = \frac{1}{81}$ .

$$3^{3x} = 3^{-3}$$

$$20^{2x} = 20^{3}$$

$$5^{-1x} = 5^2$$

$$20^{2x} = 20^{-1}$$
  $5^{-1x} = 5^2$   $3^{-1x} = 3^{-4}$ 

$$\chi = -1$$
  $2x = -1$   $\chi = -2$   $\chi = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

210 1) 
$$3 \cdot 9^x = 81$$
;

2) 
$$2 \cdot 4^x = 64$$
;

3) 
$$3^{x+\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3^{x-2} = 1$$
;

4) 
$$0.5^{x+7} \cdot 0.5^{1-2x} = 2;$$

5) 
$$0.6^x \cdot 0.6^3 = \frac{0.6^{2x}}{0.6^5}$$
;

6) 
$$6^{3x} \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 6 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{2x}$$
.

$$3^{x+\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3^{x-2} = 1$$

$$6^{3x} \cdot 6^{-1} = 6^{1} \cdot 6^{-2x}$$

$$3^{x+\frac{1}{2}+x-2}=3^{\circ}$$

$$6^{3x-1} = 6^{1-2x}$$

$$2x+1=4$$

$$2x-1,5=0$$
 $2x=1,5$ 

$$3x - 1 = 1 - 2x$$

$$2x = 3$$
  
 $x = 0, 45$ 

$$3x + 2x = 1 + 1$$

$$5x = 2$$

$$X = 0,4$$

1) 
$$3^{2x-1} + 3^{2x} = 108$$
;

3) 
$$2^{x+1} + 2^{x-1} + 2^x = 28$$
;

2) 
$$2^{3x+2} - 2^{3x-2} = 30$$
;

4) 
$$3^{x-1} - 3^x + 3^{x+1} = 63$$
.

$$\frac{3^{2x}}{3} + 3^{2x} = 108$$

$$3^{2x} \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1\right) = 108$$

$$3^{2x} \cdot \frac{4}{3} = 108$$

$$3^{2x} - 108 \cdot \frac{3}{4}$$

$$3^{2x} = 81$$

$$3^{2x-1} = \frac{3^{2x}}{3^{1}}$$

$$3^{2x} = t = 3^{2x} = 81$$

$$\frac{t}{3} + t = 108$$

$$3^{2x} = 3^{2x} = 3^{4}$$

$$\frac{t+3t}{3} = 108 / 3$$

$$\frac{t+3t}{3} = 324$$

$$4t = 324$$

$$4t = 81$$

1) 
$$3^{x^2+x-12}=1$$
;

2) 
$$2^{x^2-7x+10}=1$$
;

3) 
$$2^{\frac{x-1}{x-2}} = 4;$$

4) 
$$0.5^{\frac{1}{x}} = 4^{\frac{1}{x+1}}$$
.

1) 
$$3^{x^2+x-12}=3^{\circ}$$

3) 
$$2^{\frac{x-1}{x-2}} = 2^{2}$$

$$\frac{\chi-1}{\chi-2}=2\left|\cdot\left(\chi-2\right)\right|$$

$$\chi-1=2\left(x-2\right)$$

221 1) 
$$2^{|x-2|} = 2^{|x+4|}$$
;

3) 
$$3^{|x+1|} = 3^{2-|x|}$$
;

$$|X-2| = |X+4|$$
 $-X+2=X+4$ 
 $X-2=X+4$ 
 $X-2=X+4$ 
 $X-2=-X-4$ 

Решить неравенство (228-229).

1) 
$$3^x > 9$$
;

2) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x > \frac{1}{4}$$
;

3) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x < 2;$$

4) 
$$4^x < \frac{1}{2}$$
;

5) 
$$2^{3x} \ge \frac{1}{2}$$
;

$$6) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x-1} \leqslant \frac{1}{9}.$$

1) 
$$3^{x} > 3^{2}$$

$$X \in (2; + \infty)$$

$$(\frac{1}{2})^{2} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\chi} > \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\chi}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{L} = >$$

$$\frac{2}{3}x \ge -1$$

1) 
$$5^{x-1} \le \sqrt{5}$$
; 2)  $3^{\frac{x}{2}} > 9$ ; 3)  $3^{x^2-4} \ge 1$ ; 4)  $5^{2x^2-18} < 1$ .

2) 
$$3^2 > 9$$
;

3) 
$$3^{x^2-4} \ge 1$$
;

4) 
$$5^{2x^2-18} < 1$$
.

Решить графически уравнение: 230

1) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x = x + 1;$$

1) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x = x + 1;$$
 2)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x = x - \frac{1}{2};$   
3)  $2^x = -x - \frac{7}{4};$  4)  $3^x = 11 - x.$ 

3) 
$$2^x = -x - \frac{7}{4}$$
;

4) 
$$3^x = 11 - x$$

$$1) 5^{x-1} \leq \sqrt{5}$$

$$X-1 \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = 2x + 4$$
 $x | 0 | 1 | -1$ 
 $y | 4 | 6 | 2$ 

$$y=x^2$$
;  $y=\frac{1}{x}$ ;  $y=\sqrt{x}$ 

$$y = x^2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

y=2x X 1 2 0 y 2 4 1

1) 
$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = 1, \\ 5^{x+y} = 25; \end{cases}$$

$$(1)2x-y=1 \qquad (2)5^{x+y}=25$$

$$5^{x+y} = 5^{2}$$

$$(3) \begin{cases} 2x - y = 1 \\ X + y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 2 - X$$

$$2x - 2 + X = 1$$

3X=3=>X=1

1) 
$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = 1, \\ 5^{x+y} = 25; \end{cases}$$

① 
$$2x-y=1$$
 ②  $5^{x+2x-1}=5^2$   
 $y=2x-1$ 

$$y = 2x - 1 
X + 2x - 1 = 2 
3x = 3 
x = 1$$

1) 
$$\begin{cases} 4^x \cdot 2^y = 32, \\ 3^{8x+1} = 3^{3y}; \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4^{x} \cdot 2^{y} = 4^{2} \cdot 2^{2} \\ 8^{x+1} = 3y \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2^{x} + 4^{y} = 5 \\ 8^{x} + 4^{y} = 3y \end{cases}$$

① 
$$4^{x}-2^{y}=9^{2}-2^{1}$$

$$2^{2x}\cdot2^{y}=2^{4}\cdot2^{1}$$

$$2^{2x}\cdot2^{y}=2^{5}$$

$$2^{2x}+2^{5}$$

$$2^{2x}+2^{5}$$

$$2^{2x}+2^{5}$$

$$2x+y=5$$

$$y=5-2x - y=3$$

$$8x+1=3\cdot(5-2x)$$

$$8x+1=15-6x$$

$$14x=14$$

1)  $4^{-\sqrt{3}}$  и  $4^{-\sqrt{2}}$ ;

- 2)  $2^{\sqrt{3}}$  и  $2^{1,7}$ ;
- 3)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1.4}$  и  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\sqrt{2}}$ ;
- 4)  $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{\pi}$  и  $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{3,14}$ .

1) 
$$4^{-\sqrt{3}} > 4^{-\sqrt{2}} | \uparrow(-1)$$
  
 $4^{-\sqrt{3}} \cdot (-1) > 4^{-\sqrt{2}} \cdot (-1)$   
 $4^{\sqrt{3}} > 4^{\sqrt{2}}$ 

Решите уравнение  $(x - 6)^2 = -24x$ .

$$\chi^{2} - 12x + 36 = -24x$$
 $\chi^{2} - 12x + 36 + 24x = 0$ 
 $\chi^{2} + 12x + 36 = 0$ 
 $\chi^{2} + 12x + 36 = 0$ 

а) Решите уравнение  $27^x - 5 \cdot 9^x - 3^{x+2} + 45 = 0$ .

$$3^{x} \cdot 9^{x} - 5 \cdot 9^{x} - 3^{x} \cdot 3^{2} + 5 \cdot 9 = 0$$

$$3^{x} (9^{x} - 9) - 5 (9^{x} - 9) = 0$$

$$(9^{x} - 9) (3^{x} - 5) = 0$$

$$9^{x} - 9 = 0 \qquad 3^{x} - 5 = 0$$

 $9^{x} = 9'$  x = 5 x = 1 x = 60935

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\log_{10}b = X & \log_{2}4 = 2 \\
\alpha^{X} = b & \log_{3}24 = 3 \\
3^{X} = 2 & \log_{3}24 = 3 \\
3^{X} = 3 & \log_{3}3^{X} = 3^{X} = 3^{X} = 3^{X}
\end{array}$$