

$$7.049. \left(81^{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log_9 4} + 25^{\log_{125} 8} \right) \cdot 49^{\log_7 2} = \left(\frac{3}{4} + 4 \right) \cdot 4 =$$

$$= \frac{3}{\cancel{4}} \cdot \cancel{4} + 4 \cdot 4 = 3 + 16 = 19$$

$$81^{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log_9 4} = 81^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot 81^{-\frac{1}{2} \log_9 4} =$$

$$= \sqrt[4]{81} \cdot 9^{2 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \log_9 4} = 3 \cdot 9^{\log_9 \frac{1}{4}} =$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\sqrt[m]{a^n} = a^{\frac{n}{m}}$$

$$\sqrt[2]{a^{-1}} = a^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$4^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \log_5 2^3 = \log_5 2 \\
 25^{\log_{25} 8} \\
 \downarrow \\
 5^2
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{l}
 \rightarrow \\
 \rightarrow
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{l}
 5^{2 \log_5 2} = 5^{\log_5 4} = 4 \\
 a^{\log_a b} = b
 \end{array}$$

$$49^{\log_7 2} = 7^{2 \log_7 2} = 7^{\log_7 4} = 4$$

Свойство	Пример
$\log_a b^m = m \log_a b$	$\log_2 3^5 = 5 \log_2 3$
$\log_{a^n} b = \frac{1}{n} \log_a b$	$\log_{2^3} 5 = \frac{1}{3} \log_2 5$
$\log_{a^n} b^m = \frac{m}{n} \log_a b$	$\log_{2^3} 5^7 = \frac{7}{3} \log_2 5$
$\log_a b + \log_a c = \log_a (b \cdot c)$	$\log_2 3 + \log_2 5 = \log_2 (3 \cdot 5)$
$\log_a b - \log_a c = \log_a \frac{b}{c}$	$\log_2 3 - \log_2 5 = \log_2 \frac{3}{5}$
$\log_a a = 1$	$\log_2 2 = 1$
$\log_a 1 = 0$	$\log_2 1 = 0$
$\log_a b = \frac{\log_c b}{\log_c a}$	$\log_2 5 = \frac{\log_3 5}{\log_3 2}$
$\log_a b = \frac{1}{\log_b a}$	$\log_2 3 = \frac{1}{\log_3 2}$
$a^{\log_c b} = b^{\log_c a}$	$2^{\log_5 3} = 3^{\log_5 2}$



$$7.050. \quad \frac{\overset{1}{81^{\log_5 9}} + \overset{3}{3^{\log \sqrt{6}^3}}}{409} \left((\sqrt{7})^{\overset{2}{\log_{25} 7}} - 125^{\log_{25} 6} \right).$$

$$\log_a b = \frac{1}{\log_b a}$$

$$81^{\frac{1}{\log_5 9}} = 81^{\log_9 5} = 9^{\log_9 25} = 25$$

$$3^{\frac{3}{\log \sqrt{6}^3}} = 3^{3 \cdot \frac{1}{\log \sqrt{6}^3}} = 3^{3 \cdot \log_3 \sqrt{6}} = 3^{\log_3 \sqrt{6}^3} = \sqrt{6}^3$$

$$\sqrt{6}^3 = \sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6} = 6 \cdot \sqrt{6} = 6^1 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{2}} = 6^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{7}^{\frac{2}{\log_{25} 7}} = \sqrt{7}^{2 \cdot \frac{1}{\log_{25} 7}} = \sqrt{7}^{2 \cdot \log_7 25} = 7^{\log_7 25} = 25$$

$$\log_{a^n} b^m = \frac{m}{n} \log_a b$$

$$125^{\log_{25} 6} = 5^3 \log_{5^2} 6 = 5^{\log_{5^2} 6^3} = 5^{\frac{3}{2} \log_5 6} = 5^{\log_5 6^{\frac{3}{2}}} = 6^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{25 + 6^{\frac{3}{2}}}{409} \cdot (25 - 6^{\frac{3}{2}}) = \frac{(25 + 6^{\frac{3}{2}})(25 - 6^{\frac{3}{2}})}{409} =$$

$$= \frac{25^2 - \left(6^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^2}{409} = \frac{625 - 216}{409} = \frac{409}{409} = 1$$

$$7.043. \frac{\frac{1}{27^{\log_2 3} + 5^{\log_{25} 49}} \left(81^{\frac{1}{\log_4 9}} - 8^{\log_4 9} \right)}{\frac{1}{3+5^{\log_{16} 25} \cdot 5^{\log_5 3}}} = \frac{(8+7)(16-27)}{3+4 \cdot 3} =$$

$$1) 27^{\frac{1}{\log_2 3}} = 3^{\log_3 2^3} = 8$$

$$2) 5^{\log_{25} 49} = 5^{\log_{5^2} 7^2} = 5^{\log_5 7} = 7$$

$$3) 81^{\frac{1}{\log_4 9}} = 9^{\log_9 4^2} = 16$$

$$4) 8^{\log_4 9} = 2^{\log_2 3^3} = 27$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{15} \cdot (-11)}{\cancel{15}} = -11$$

$$5^{\log_5 4} = 4 ; 5^{\log_5 3} = 3$$

7.013. $((\sqrt[5]{27})^{\frac{x}{4} - \sqrt{\frac{x}{3}}}, (\sqrt[5]{27})^{\frac{x}{4} + \sqrt{\frac{x}{3}}}) = 4\sqrt{3^7}.$

$$\sqrt[5]{27} \left(\frac{x}{4} - \sqrt{\frac{x}{3}} \right) \left(\frac{x}{4} + \sqrt{\frac{x}{3}} \right) = \sqrt[4]{3^7}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{27} \frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x}{3} = \sqrt[4]{3^7}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{3^3} \frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x}{3} = \sqrt[4]{3^7}$$

$$3^{\frac{3}{5}} \left(\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x}{3} \right) = 3^{\frac{7}{4}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x \geq 0}}$$

$$(a^n)^m = a^{n \cdot m}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{3^7} = 3^{\frac{7}{4}}$$

$$\sqrt[m]{a^n} = a^{\frac{n}{m}}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x}{3} \right) = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{5 \cdot 16} - \frac{3x}{5 \cdot 3} - \frac{7}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{80} - \frac{x}{5} - \frac{7}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 16x - 140}{80} = 0 \quad | \cdot 80$$

$$3x^2 - 16x - 140 = 0$$

$$D = 256 + 1680 = 1936 = 44^2$$

Ответ: 10

$$x = \frac{16 + 44}{6} = 10$$

$$x = \frac{16 - 44}{6} = -\frac{28}{6} = -\frac{14}{3}$$

так как x
находится под
корнем, то он не
может быть
отрицательным

$$\log_a b; \lg X = \log_{10} X; \ln X = \log_e X \quad \log_a b = \log_a c$$

$$e \approx 2,72 \quad b = c$$

$$7.064. \lg(\sqrt{6+x}+6) = \frac{2}{\log_{\sqrt{x}} 10}$$

$$\underline{\underline{X > 0}}$$

$$\lg(\sqrt{6+x}+6) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\log_{\sqrt{x}} 10}$$

$$\lg(\sqrt{6+x}+6) = 2 \lg_{10} \sqrt{x}$$

$$\lg(\sqrt{6+x}+6) = \lg \sqrt{x}^2$$

$$\sqrt{6+x}+6 = \sqrt{x}^2$$

$$\sqrt{6+x}+6 = x$$

$$\sqrt{6+x} = x-6 \quad | \uparrow^2$$

$$6+x = (x-6)^2$$

$$6+x = x^2 - 12x + 36$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 36 - 6 - x = 0$$

$$x^2 - 13x + 30 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 169 - 120 = 49 = 7^2$$

$$x = \frac{13+7}{2} = 10$$

$$x = \frac{13-7}{2} = 3$$

$$7.066. \lg(5-x) - \frac{1}{3} \lg(35-x^3) = 0.$$

$$\lg(5-x) = \frac{1}{3} \lg(35-x^3)$$

$$\lg(5-x) = \lg(35-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$5-x = (35-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \quad \left| \uparrow^3 \right.$$

$$(5-x)^3 = 35-x^3 \quad \underline{(a-b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3}$$

$$125 - 75x + 15x^2 - \cancel{x^3} - 35 + \cancel{x^3} = 0$$

$$15x^2 - 75x + 90 = 0 \quad | :15$$

$$x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$$

$$D = 25 - 24 = 1$$

$$x = 3; x = 2$$

$$7.071. \underbrace{\lg 5 + \lg (x+10)}_{\substack{\log_a b + \log_a c = \log_a (b \cdot c) \\ \log_a a = 1}} = \underbrace{1 - \lg (2x-1) + \lg (21x-20)}_{\log_a b - \log_a c = \log_a \frac{b}{c}}$$

$$\lg (5 \cdot (x+10)) = \underbrace{\lg 10 - \lg (2x-1) + \lg (21x-20)}_{\log_a b - \log_a c = \log_a \frac{b}{c}}$$

$$\lg (5 \cdot (x+10)) = \underbrace{\lg \left(\frac{10}{2x-1} \right) + \lg (21x-20)}_{\log_a b + \log_a c = \log_a (b \cdot c)}$$

$$\lg (5 \cdot (x+10)) = \lg \left(\frac{10}{2x-1} \cdot (21x-20) \right)$$

$$5 \cdot (x+10) = \frac{10}{2x-1} \cdot (21x-20)$$

$$\frac{5x+50}{1} = \frac{10(21x-20)}{2x-1}$$

$$\frac{5x+50}{1} = \frac{10(21x-20)}{2x-1}$$

$$(5x+50)(2x-1) = 10(21x-20) \cdot 1$$

$$10x^2 - 5x + 100x - 50 = 210x - 200$$

$$10x^2 + 95x - 50 - 210x + 200 = 0$$

$$10x^2 - 115x + 150 = 0 \quad | : 5$$

$$2x^2 - 23x + 30 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{D} = 529 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 30 = 289 = 17^2$$

$$\chi = \frac{23 + 17}{4} = 10$$

$$\chi = \frac{23 - 17}{4} = 1,5$$

7.073. $\log_5 \sqrt{x-9} - \log_5 10 + \log_5 \sqrt{2x-1} = 0.$

$x \geq 0$

$$\log_5 \sqrt{x-9} + \log_5 \sqrt{2x-1} = \log_5 10$$

$$\log_5 ((\sqrt{x-9})(\sqrt{2x-1})) = \log_5 10$$

$$(\sqrt{x-9})(\sqrt{2x-1}) = 10 \quad | \uparrow^2$$

$$(x-9)(2x-1) = 100$$

$$2x^2 - x - 18x + 9 - 100 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 19x - 91 = 0$$

$$D = 361 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-91) = 1089 = 33^2$$

$$x = \frac{19 + 33}{4} = \frac{52}{4} = 13$$

$$x = \frac{19 - 33}{4} = \frac{-14}{4} = -\frac{7}{2} = -3,5$$