

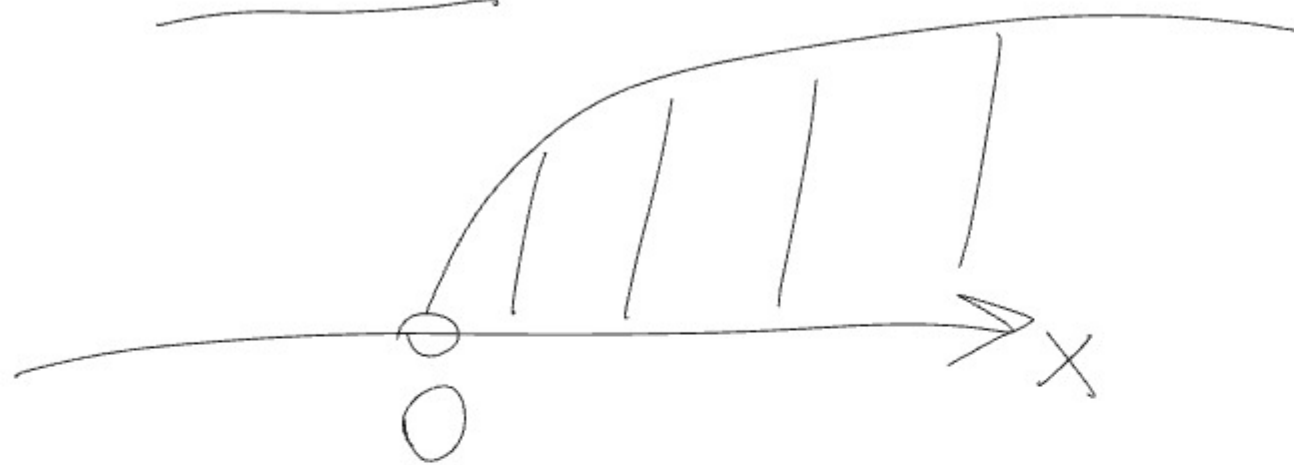
24. Решите неравенство:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1) $2x > 10;$ | 7) $2\frac{3}{4}x \geq -3\frac{2}{3};$ |
| 2) $-4x \leq 16;$ | 8) $5x > 24 - x;$ |
| 3) $\frac{1}{4}x > -3;$ | 9) $9x + 5 \leq 31 - 4x;$ |
| 4) $-0,2x \leq -2;$ | 10) $7 - 4x < 6x - 23;$ |
| 5) <u>$3,9x > 0;$</u> | 11) $4,7 - 2,3x \leq 1,2x - 9,3;$ |
| 6) <u>$-6x \leq 0;$</u> | 12) $\frac{4}{9}x + 7 < \frac{1}{3}x + 2.$ |

$$3,9x > 0$$

$$x > \frac{0}{3,9}$$

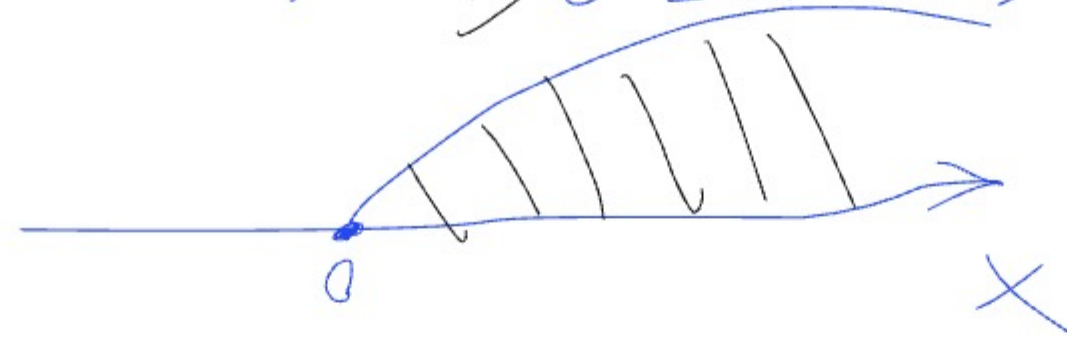
$$\underline{x > 0}$$



$$x \in (0; +\infty)$$

$$-6x \leq 0$$

$$x \geq 0 [0; +\infty)$$



25. Решите неравенство:

1) $4(x-3) > x+6$;

2) $0,3(8-3y) \leq 3,2-0,8(y-7)$;

3) $\frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{5}\right) \geq 3x + 3\frac{1}{3}$;

4) $2x(2x+1) - 5(x^2-3x) < x(2-x) + 3$;

5) $\frac{x-5}{4} - \frac{x+1}{3} > 2$;

6) $\frac{x+4}{3} - \frac{x+2}{6} \leq 4$;

7) $\frac{5x-2}{4} - \frac{3-x}{5} > \frac{1-x}{10}$;

8) $(x+4)(x-2) - (x+5)(x+3) \leq -8x$;

9) $(3x+1)^2 - (x+2)(4x-1) > 5(x-1)^2 + 7x$;

10) $3x(5+12x) - (6x-1)(6x+1) \geq 10x$.

V25

1) $4(x-3) > x+6$

$4x-12 > x+6$

$3x > 18$

$x > 6 \text{ (} 6; +\infty \text{)}$

2) $0,3(8-3y) \leq 3,2-0,8(y-7)$

$2,4-0,9y \leq 3,2-0,8y+5,6$

$0,8y-0,9y \leq -2,4+3,2+5,6$

$-0,1y \leq 6,4$

$0,1y \geq -6,4$

$y \geq -64 \text{ (} -64; +\infty \text{)}$

4) $2x(2x+1) - 5(x^2-3x) < x(2-x) + 3$

$4x^2+2x-5x^2+15x < 2x-x^2+3$

~~$4x^2+2x-5x^2+15x-2x+x^2 < 3$~~

$15x < 3$

$x < 0,2 \text{ (} -\infty; 0,2 \text{)}$

5) $\frac{x-5}{4} - \frac{x+1}{3} > 2$

$\frac{3x-15}{12} - \frac{4x+4}{12} > 2$

$\frac{3x-15-(4x+4)}{12} > 2$

$\frac{3x-15-4x-4}{12} > 2$

$\frac{-x-19}{12} > 2 \quad | \cdot 12$

~~12~~ $\frac{-x-19}{12} > 2 \cdot 12$

$-x-19 > 24$

$-x > 43$

$x < -43 \text{ (} -\infty; -43 \text{)}$

3) $\frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{5}\right) \geq 3x + 3\frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{5}{18}x - \frac{1}{6} \geq 3x + \frac{10}{3}$

$\frac{5}{18}x - \frac{3}{1}x \geq \frac{1}{6} + \frac{10}{3}$

$-\frac{49}{18}x \geq \frac{21}{6}$

$x \leq -\frac{9}{7} \text{ (} -\infty; -\frac{9}{7} \text{)}$

Don. pacietis:

$\frac{5}{18} - \frac{54}{18} = -\frac{49}{18}$

$\frac{3 \cdot 21 \cdot 18^3}{18 \cdot 797} = \frac{9}{7}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g) (3x+1)^2 - (x+2)(7x-1) &> 5(x-1)^2 + 7x \\
 &> 5(x^2 - 2x + 1) + 7x \\
 &> 5x^2 - 10x + 5 + 7x \\
 &> 5x^2 - 3x + 5
 \end{aligned}$$