QUEUE

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Queue

- Queue is a linear data structure in which the element is inserted from one end called the REAR and the removal of existing element takes place from the other end called as FRONT.
- This makes queue as **FIFO**(First in First Out) data structure, which means that element inserted first will be removed first.
- The process to add an element into queue is called **Enqueue** and the process of removal of an element from queue is called **Dequeue**.
- Applications: ATM centre, waiting list in registration

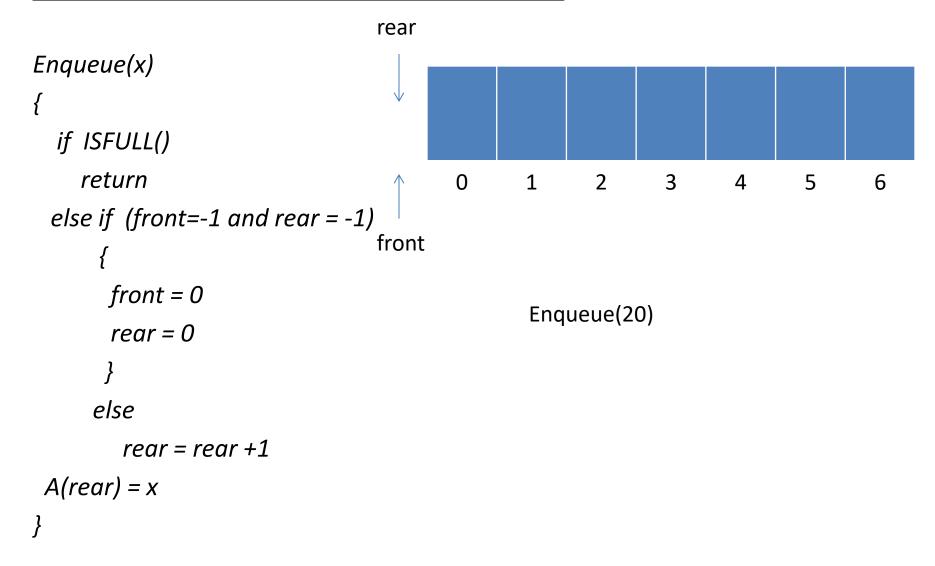


Pseudo code to check whether the Queue is empty or not

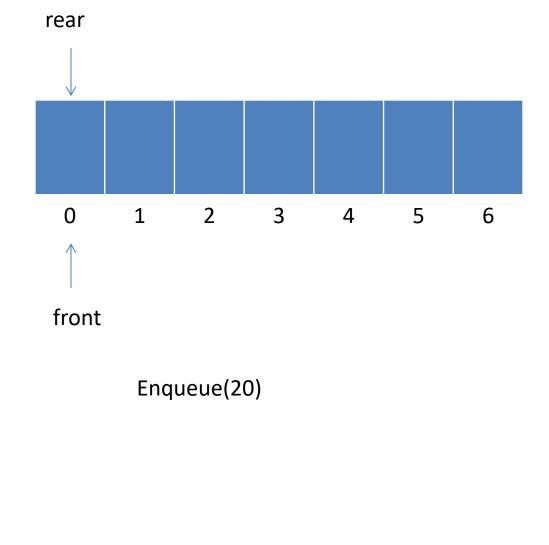
Pseudo code to check whether the Queue is full or not

```
ISFULL()
{
  If ( rear = size(A) -1 )
{
    print "Queue full"
    return true
}
else
  return false
}
```

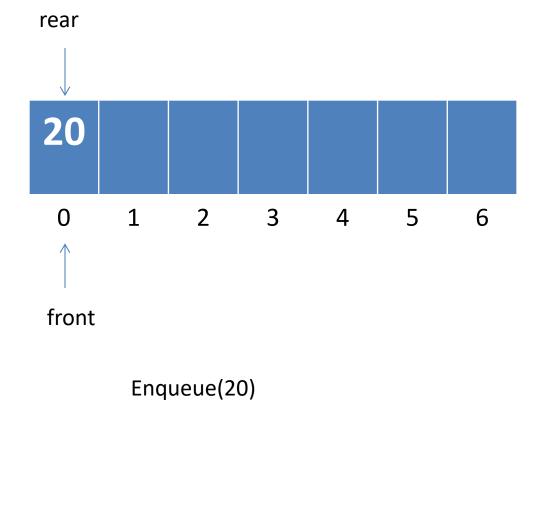
Pseudo code to insert an element into the queue



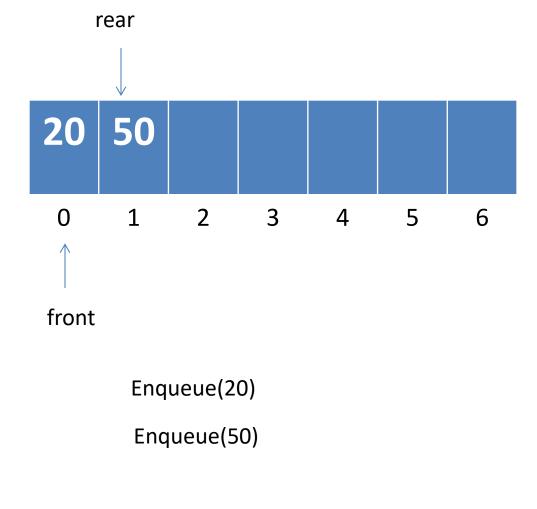
```
Enqueue(x)
  if ISFULL()
    return
  else if (front=-1 and rear = -1)
        front = 0
        rear = 0
      else
        rear = rear + 1
A(rear) = x
```

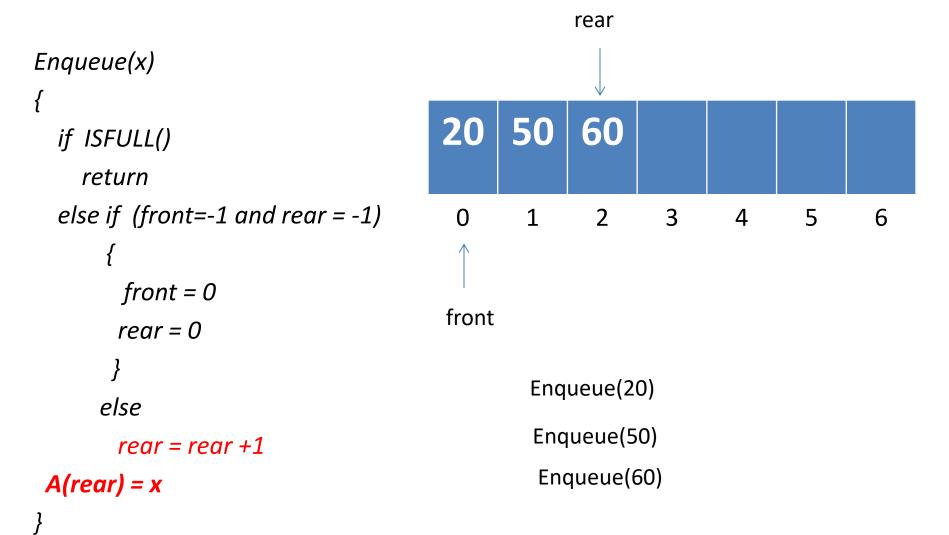


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Enqueue(x)
  if ISFULL()
    return
  else if (front=-1 and rear = -1)
        front = 0
        rear = 0
      else
        rear = rear + 1
 A(rear) = x
```

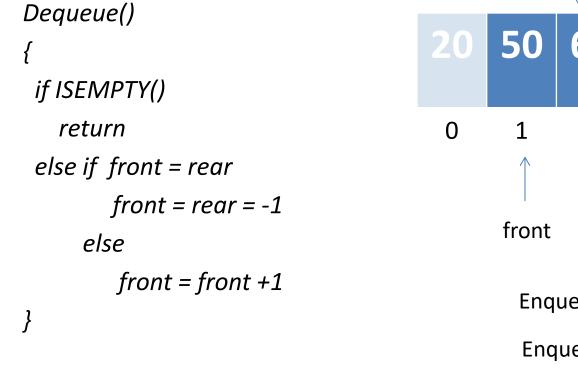


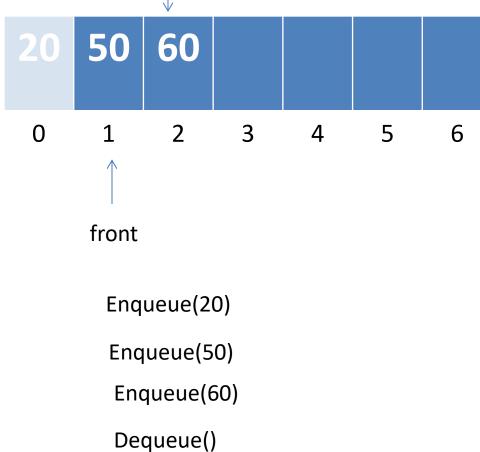
```
Enqueue(x)
  if ISFULL()
    return
  else if (front=-1 and rear = -1)
        front = 0
        rear = 0
      else
        rear = rear + 1
 A(rear) = x
```





Pseudo code to delete an element from the queue

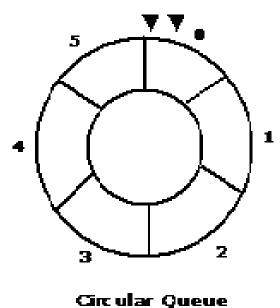




```
rear
Dequeue()
                                                  60
                                     20 | 50
 if ISEMPTY()
   return
 else if front = rear
                                              1
                                       0
                                                    2
                                                           3
                                                                 4
                                                                        5
                                                                              6
        front = rear = -1
     else
                                                   front
        front = front +1
                                              Enqueue(20)
                                              Enqueue(50)
                                               Enqueue(60)
                                               Dequeue()
                                               Dequeue()
```

Circular Queue Representation using Arrays

Let us consider a circular queue, which can hold maximum (MAX) of six elements. Initially the queue is empty.

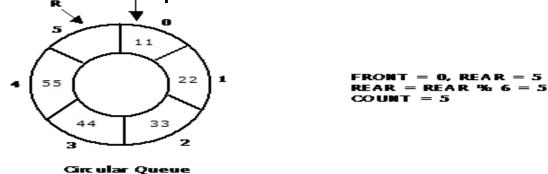


FRONT = REAR = 0 COUNT = 0

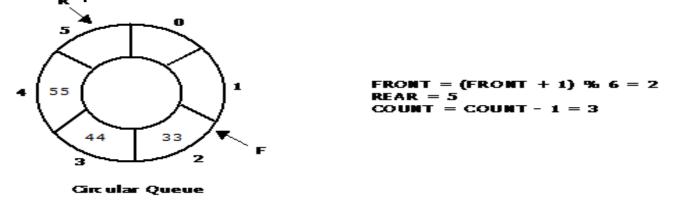
Queue Empty

Insertion and Deletion operations on a Circular Queue

Insert new elements 11, 22, 33, 44 and 55 into the circular queue. The circular queue status is:

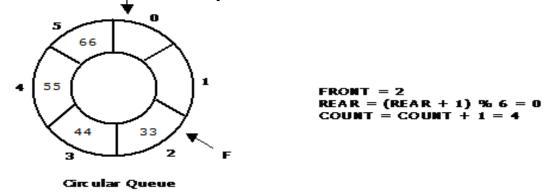


Now, delete two elements 11, 22 from the circular queue. The circular queue status is as follows:

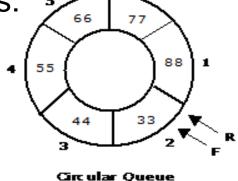


Insertion and Deletion operations on a Circular Queue

Again, insert another element 66 to the circular queue. The status of the circular queue is:



Again, insert 77 and 88 to the circular queue. The status of the Circular queue is:



FRONT = 2, REAR = 2 REAR = REAR % 6 = 2 COUNT = 6

Initialize the queue.

items[6]

items[5]

items[4]

items[3]

items[2]

items[1]

items[0]

front=rear=6

Insert items into circular queue

• Insert A,B,C to the rear of the queue.

 items[6]
 front=6

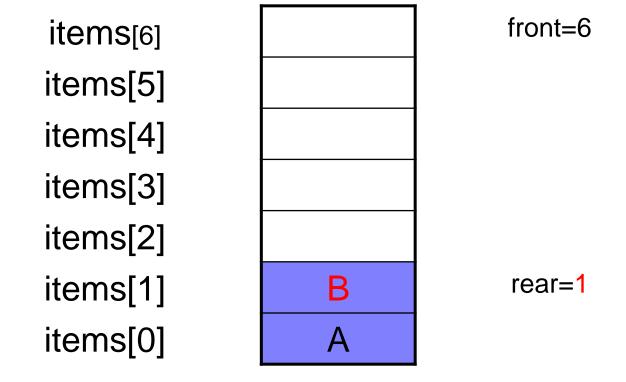
 items[5]
 (items[4]

 items[3]
 (items[2]

 items[1]
 (rear=0)

Insert items into circular queue

• Insert A,B,C to the rear of the queue.



Insert items into circular queue

Insert A,B,C to the rear of the queue.

front=6 items[6] items[5] items[4] items[3] items[2] rear=2 items[1] items[0]

Remove items from circular queue

• Remove two items from the queue.

items[6]		
items[5]		
items[4]		
items[3]		
items[2]	С	rear=2
items[1]	В	
items[0]	A	front=0

Remove items from circular queue

Remove two items from the queue.

items[6] items[5] items[4] items[3] C rear=2 items[2] front=1 items[1] items[0]

Remove items from circular queue

• *Remove* one more item from the queue.

items[6]

items[5]

items[4]

items[3]

items[2]

items[1]

items[0]

C

R

A

rear=front=2

• Insert D,E,F,G to the queue.

G rear=6 items[6] items[5] Е items[4] D items[3] front=2 items[2] items[1] items[0]

• Insert H and I to the queue.

G items[6] items[5] Е items[4] D items[3] front=2 items[2] items[1] Н items[0] rear=0

• Insert H and I to the queue.

	G	items[6]
	F	items[5]
	Е	items[4]
	D	items[3]
front=2	С	items[2]
	- 1	items[1]
rear=0	Н	items[0]

• Insert J to the queue.

G items[6] items[5] F Ε items[4] D items[3] items[2] items[1] Н items[0]

front=rear=2

Thank