

**BECE204P-Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab**

## **LAB-5**

**BCD TO HEXA, BCD TO ASCII, 0's and 1's  
COUNT, DATA EXCHANGE**

# LAB TASK-1

## BCD TO HEX

- Write 8086 Assembly language program to convert BCD to HEX.

```
MOV SI,1100H
MOV BL,[SI]
AND BL,0FH
MOV AL,[SI]
AND AL,0F0H
MOV CL,04
ROR AL,CL
MOV DL,0AH
MUL DL
ADD AL,BL
INC SI
MOV [SI],AL
HLT
```

BCD (Decimal):  $45 = (4 \times 10) + (5 \times 1)$

Hexadecimal:  $(4 \times 0AH) + (5 \times 01H) = 2DH$

Input:

ADDRESS	VALUE
1100H	45

Output:

ADDRESS	VALUE
1101H	2DH

## LAB TASK-2

### BCD TO ASCII

- Write 8086 Assembly language program to convert BCD to ASCII.

MOV AL, [2000] : loads contents of memory location 2000 in AL  
MOV AH, AL : copy contents of AL in AH  
AND AL, 0F : do AND operation on AL with 0F  
MOV CL, 04 ; assign 04 to CL register  
SHR AH, CL : shift the content of AH register right by 4 bits  
OR AX, 3030 : do OR operation on AX with 3030  
MOV [3000], AX : stores the content of AX in 3000 memory address  
HLT : stops executing the program

Input:

ADDRESS	VALUE
2000H	98

Output:

ADDRESS	VALUE
3000H	38H
3001H	39H

## LAB TASK-3

### 0'S AND 1'S COUNT FOR THE GIVEN NUMBER

- Write 8086 Assembly language program to find the number of 1's and 0's present for the given number .

```
MOV SI,1100H
MOV AL,[SI]
MOV CL,08H           ; SET COUNTER
BACK:  ROR AL,1       ; MOVE MSB IN CARRY
JNC ZERINC           ; CHECK BYTE FOR 0 AND 1
INC BL              ; IF 1, INCREMENT ONE COUNT
JMP NEXT
ZERINC: INC DL        ; IF 0, INCREMENT ZERO COUNTER
NEXT:  DEC CL         ; REPEAT UNTIL CX = 0
JNZ BACK
INC SI
MOV [SI],BL
INC SI
MOV [SI],DL
HLT
```

Input:

ADDRESS	VALUE
1100H	45

Output:

ADDRESS	VALUE
1101H	3
1102H	5

## LAB TASK-4

### EXCHANGE BLOCK OF DATA

- Write 8086 Assembly language program to exchange block of 10 data present in SI 1100H to DI location 1200H.

```
MOV SI,1100H
MOV DI,1200H
MOV CL,0AH
BACK: MOV AL,[SI]
      XCHG AL,[DI]
      MOV [SI],AL
      INC SI
      INC DI
      LOOP BACK
      HLT
```