Final Assessment Test (FAT) - APRIL/MAY 2023

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Programme	B.Tech	Semester	Winter Semester 2022-23
	RANDOM PROCESSES	Course Code	BECE207L
	Prof. Chandrasekaran N	Slot	B1+TB1
		Class Nbr	CH2022235000477
Time	3 Hours	Max. Marks	100

Section A (2 X 5 Marks)

Answer All questions

otherwise

[5]

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Two Random variables X and Y have the following Joint PDF.

 $f_{XY}(x,y) = \left\{ egin{array}{ll} e^{-x(2y+1)} & 0 \leq x \leq \infty, 0 \leq y \leq \infty \\ 0 \end{array}
ight.$

- (i) Determine the conditional PDF of X given Y
- (ii) Determine the conditional PDF of Y given X
- .02. Suppose the discrete autocorrelation function of a random sequence is given by, [5]

 $R_{XX}[a] = \{5^{|a|}, \text{ for } a = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3... \}$

compute its power spectral density.

Section B (9 X 10 Marks)

Answer All questions

Ø3. Let X, Y, Z be three jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF:

 $f_{XYZ}(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} k(2x + y + 4z) & 0 \le x, y, z \le 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{cases}$ otherwise

- (i) Find the value k.
- (ii) Find the marginal PDF of X and Y.
- 04. Random variables X1 and X2 have the joint characteristic function:

$$\phi_{X_1,X_2}(\omega_1,\omega_2) = [(1-j2\omega_1)(1-j2\omega_2)]^{-(\frac{N}{2})}$$

where N > 0 is an integer.

- (i) Find the correlation, and moments (m₀₂ and m₂₀).
- /(ii) Determine mean of X₁ and X₂.
- 95. For two random variable X and Y,

[10] $f_{XY}(x, y) = 0.2 \delta(x)\delta(y + 1) + 0.1\delta(x)\delta(y) + 0.1\delta(x - 2)\delta(y)$

$$+ 0.4\delta(x+2)\delta(y-1) + 0.3\delta(x-1)\delta(y-1) + 0.5\delta(x-3)\delta(y-1)$$

Find

- (i) Correlation
- (ii) Covariance
- (iii) The correlation coefficient of X and Y.
- (iv) Are X and Y either uncorrelated or orthogonal?

A random process is defined by.

$$X(t) \sin(\omega_0 t + \theta)$$

where X(t) is a wide sense stationary random process that amplitude-modulates a carrier of constant angular frequency ω_0 with a random phase θ independent of X(t) and uniformly distributed on $(-\pi, \pi)$.

- (i) Find E[Y(t)].
- (ii) Find the autocorrelation function of Y(t).
- (iii) Is Y(t) wide sense stationary?

97. Consider two jointly W. S. S. random processes
$$X(t)$$
 and $Y(t)$, with known

$$R_X(\tau)$$
, $R_Y(\tau)$, and $R_{XY}(\tau)$. Let $P(t) = X(t) + Y(t)$ and $Q(t) = X(t) - Y(t)$.

- (i) Find the auto-correlation functions of $P\left(t\right)$ and $Q\left(t\right)$.
- (ii) Find the cross-correlation function $R_{XP}(t, t + \tau)$.
- (iii) Find the cross-correlation function $R_{PQ}(t, t + \tau)$.

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$$W(t) = e^{-\alpha}X(t) - e^{-\beta}Y(t)$$

Where α and β are constants, and X(t) and Y(t) are jointly wide sense stationary processes.

- (i) Find $S_{WW}(\omega)$ if X(t) and Y(t) are uncorrelated.
- (ii) Find the cross power spectrum $S_{XW}(\omega)$ and $S_{YW}(\omega)$.

A WSS process
$$X(t)$$
 with mean value 5 and power spectrum:

$$S_{XX}(\omega) = \frac{4}{160.5} + \frac{9}{160.5} + \frac{20}{160.5} + \frac{20}{160.5} + \frac{20}{160.5} = \frac{1}{160.5} + \frac{9}{160.5} = \frac{1}{160.5} = \frac{1}{160.$$

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$$S_{XX}(\omega) = \frac{4}{16+\omega^2} + \frac{9}{25+\omega^2} + 20\pi\delta(\omega)$$

is applied to a network with impulse response.

$$h(t) = 4te^{-4t}u(t)$$

- (i) Find H(w) for the network.
- (ii) Determine the mean \overline{Y} .
- (iii) Determine the power spectrum of the response Y(t).

10. A random noise X(t) having power spectrum

$$S_{XX}(\omega) = 6\omega^2$$

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is applied to the differentiator that has a transfer function $H_1(\omega)=rac{2}{3+j\omega}$. The differentiator's output is applied to a network for which,

$$h_2(t) = t^2 e^{-3t} u(t)$$

The network's response is a noise denoted by Y(t).

- (i) What is the average power of X(t) over the interval (0, 2)?
- (ii) Find the Power spectrum of Y(t).

The auto correlation functions of a random signal
$$X(t)$$
 and additive uncorrelated noise $N(t)$ [10]
$$R_{XX}(\tau) = \frac{5}{8}e^{-4|\tau|} \text{ and}$$

$$R_{NN}(au) \equiv rac{7}{6}e^{-3| au|}$$

- (i) Find the power spectrum of X(t) and N(t).
- (ii) Find the transfer function of the Wiener filter for the given signal and noise.