

Formulae:

1)
$$G_1 = \frac{\eta_A}{\lambda^2}$$
; for circular $\rightarrow G_1 = \frac{\eta_A}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\pi D}{\lambda}\right)^2$

$$\theta_{3d\beta} \simeq \left(\frac{75 \, \lambda}{D}\right) \, \deg \longrightarrow 2$$

Gr
$$\approx \frac{33000}{(\theta_{3dB})_{H}(\theta_{3dB})_{V}} \rightarrow 3$$

Horizontal Vertical

The earth subtends an angle of 17° when viewed from geostationary orbit.

what are the dimensions and gain of horn antenna that will provide global coverage at 4 GHZ

Answer,

$$\frac{D}{\lambda} = \frac{75}{17} = 4.4$$

The continental United States (48 contiguous states) subtends an angle of approximately $6^{\circ} \times 3^{\circ}$ when viewed from geostationary orbit. What dimension must a reflector antenna have to illuminate half this area with a circular beam 3° in diameter at 11 GHz?

Can a reflector be used to produce a $6^{\circ} \times 3^{\circ}$ beam? What gain would the antenna have?