## % Calculating Partial Derivative

```
clc
clear all
syms x y
z = input('Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y): ');
x1 = input('enter the x value at which the derivative has to be
evaluated: ');
y1 = input('enter the y value at which the derivative has to be
evaluated: ');
z1 = subs(subs(z,x,x1),y,y1)
ezsurf(z,[x1-2 x1+2])
f1 = diff(z,x)
               %Partial derivative w.r.to 'x'
slopex = subs(subs(f1,x,x1),y,y1);
%Plane along y-axis
[x2,z2]=meshgrid(x1-2:0.25:x1+2,0:0.5:10);
y2=y1*ones(size(x2));
hold on
surf(x2,y2,z2);
%Tangent to the curve 'C', which is created by the crossing of the
Plane along y-axis
t=linspace(-1,1);
x3=x1+t;
y3=y1*ones(size(t));
z3=z1+slopex*t;
line(x3,y3,z3,'color','red','linewidth',5)
```

## OUTPUT WINDOW:

```
Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y):

x*y + 2*y^2 - x^y

enter the x value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:

-1

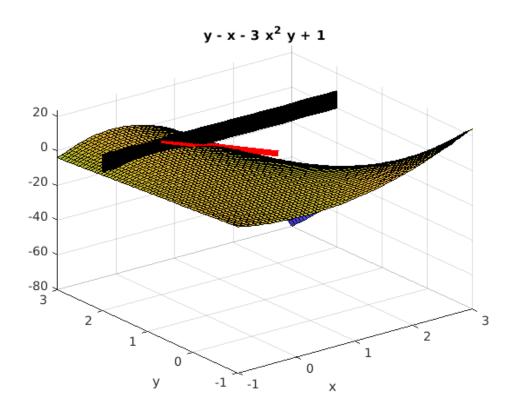
enter the y value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:

2

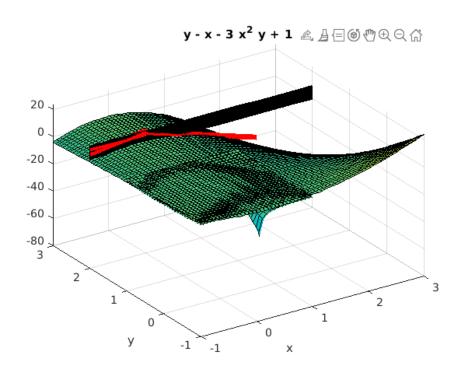
z1 =
```

f1 =

 $y - x^{(y - 1)*y}$ 

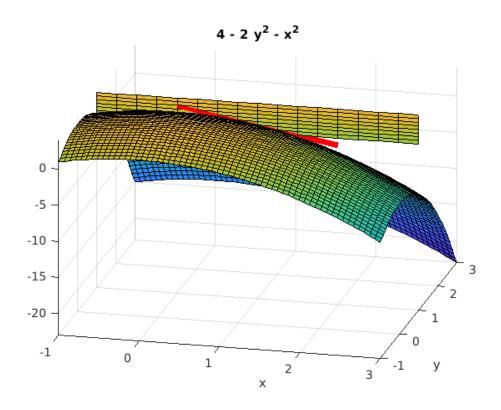


```
Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y):
1-x+y-3*(x^2)*y
enter the x value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:
1
enter the y value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:
2
z1 =
-4
f1 =
- 6*x*y - 1
```



Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y):  $4-x^2-2*(y^2)$ enter the x value at which the derivative has to be evaluated: 1 enter the y value at which the derivative has to be evaluated: 1 z1 = 1

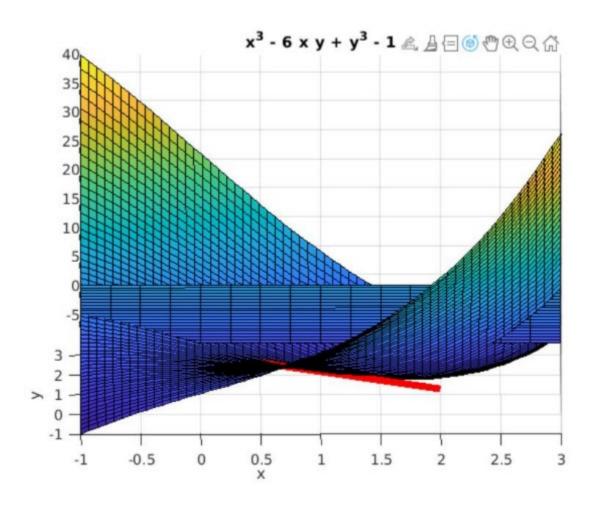




Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y):

x^3 + y^3 - 6\*x\*y - 1
enter the x value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:
1
enter the y value at which the derivative has to be evaluated:
1
z1 =
-5
f1 =

3\*x^2 - 6\*y



```
Enter the two dimensional function f(x,y): sin(x/(1+y)) enter the x value at which the derivative has to be evaluated: 1 enter the y value at which the derivative has to be evaluated: 2 z1 = sin(1/3) f1 = cos(x/(y+1))/(y+1)
```

