DIVISION OF MATHEMATICS, VIT CHENNAI

BMAT201L Complex Variables and Linear Algebra- Fall Semester 2022-23

Module III Tutorial Sheet-2

- 1. Evaluate the integral (i) $\oint_C |z|^2 dz$ and (ii) $\oint_C \frac{1}{z^2} dz$, where the contour C is (a) the line segment with initial point -1 and final point i; (b) the arc of the unit circle $Imz \ge 0$ with initial point -1 and final point i. Do the two results agree?
- 2. Evaluate $\oint_C (z^3 + z^2 + Re(z)) dz$, where C is the triangle with vertices z = 0, z = 1 + 2i and z = 1.
- 3. If C is the curve $y = x^3 3x^2 + 4x 1$ joining points (1,1) and (2,3), the value of $\oint_C \left(12z^2 4iz\right) dz$.
- 4. Estimate an upper bound of the modulus of the integral $\oint_C \frac{Logz}{z-4i} dz$, where C is the circle $\mid z \mid = 3$.
- 5. Evaluate the integral $\oint_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{(z-z_0)^n} dz$, n is an integer, where Γ is a circle centered at z_0 and of any radius. The path is traced out once in the anticlockwise direction.
- 6. Evalute $\oint_C \frac{1}{z^2} dz$, where the contour C is the ellipse $(x-2)^2 + \frac{1}{4}(y-5)^2 = 1$.
- 7. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + \cos \pi z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz$, where C is the circle: |z-i|=3.
- 8. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$, where C is the circle: |z| = 3.
- 9. Suppose f(z) is defined by the integral $f(z)=\oint\limits_{|\zeta|=3} \frac{3\zeta^2+7\zeta+1}{(\zeta-z)}\,\mathrm{d}\zeta$, find f'(1+i).
- 10. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \sin^{2}(\theta)}$ using residue theory.
- 11. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin(x)}{x^2 + 9} dx$ using residue theory.
- 12. Evaluate $\int\limits_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(x)}{x(x^2-2x+2)} \, \mathrm{d}x$ using an indented contour.