## Properties of Expectation, Variance and Covariance

Expertation: E(x-4) = E(x) - E(y). E(x+by) = E(x) + bE(y) E((x+y)) = E(x) + E(y2) + 3E(xy) E(x+y) = E(x) + (E(y)) + 2E(x)E(y)

Variant !yarlax) = at varlx) var(x-y) = var(x) + var(-y) = var(x) + (-1) var(y) = Var(x) + var(y) When X and rar(x-y) Y are - yar (x) + var(y) independent var(ax+by) = a var(x) + b var(y) +2ab (ov (X,4) var (ax-by) = a var(x) + b var(y) - 2ab Cov (X,y) Dr. R. Jayagopal Module 2

(b) 
$$\forall x_1 \pm x_2 = \forall x_1 + \forall x_2 = \forall x_1 = \forall x_2 = \forall$$

## **Problem:**

Let *X* be a random variable with E[X] = 1, and E[X(X - 1)] = 4. Find Var(X) and Var(2 - 3X).

$$(x-)$$
 fundom variable

$$E(x)=1 \text{ and } E(x(x-1))=4$$

$$=) E(x^2-x)=4$$

$$=) E(x^2)-E(x)=4$$

$$=) E(x^2)-1=4.$$

$$Var(x) = E(x^2) - (E(x))^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 5 - (1)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5 - (1)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5$$

$$= 5 - (1)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5$$

$$Var(2-3x) = Var(2 + (-3)x)$$
  
=  $Var(2) + Var(-3x)$   
=  $0 + (-3)^2 Var(x)$   
=  $9(4)$   
 $Var(2-3x) = 36$