

## Open questions (60%)

Provide an answer within the space allocated for each question.

1. Describe how a forward proxy can realize a HTTP tunnel.

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2. Briefly describe how a passive vulnerability scanner differs from an active one.

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3. Briefly explain the *SSL bumping* mechanism.

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4. Briefly describe what a CVE is.

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5. Describe how an IPS is different from an IDS.

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6. List the ways how a device can dynamically receive a GUA in IPv6.

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7. Briefly explain the difference between stateless and stateful addressing in IPv6.

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8. Describe the purpose of the event correlation engine in a SIEM.

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## Multi-choice questions (40%)

Mark all the options you think are correct.

1. Which of the following is NOT a typical operational interface of a SIEM?
  - A. Command line ★
  - B. Dashboard
  - C. Alert
  - D. Map
2. In a typical penetration testing procedure
  - A. intrusive target search happens before exploitation ★
  - B. intrusive target search happens before planning
  - C. planning happens after data analysis
  - D. non-intrusive target search happens after reporting
3. What is true regarding the detection mechanisms of IDSs?
  - A. The signature-based does not rely on detection rules
  - B. The behavior-based cannot recognize unknown attacks
  - C. The behavior-based relies on detection rules
  - D. The signature-based hardly recognize unknown attacks ★
4. Which step happens earlier in a IDS/IPS system?
  - A. Flow state table generation ★
  - B. Flow Classification
  - C. Alert raising
  - D. Normalization
5. With respect to the SIEM, the IT Regulatory Compliance
  - A. concerns the real-time analysis on the health and security of IT systems
  - B. concerns the correlation of events in order to spot patterns of attacks
  - C. concerns the validation of the compliance of the security checks against a standard ★
  - D. concerns the monitor of endpoint security
6. Concerning the content of a SSL session flowing through a proxy:
  - A. it can be examined without a client warning if the proxy is an anonymizer proxy
  - B. it can be examined without a client warning if the proxy is the SSL termination ★
  - C. it cannot be examined in any case
  - D. it cannot be examined without a client warning
7. What is ICAP?
  - A. A protocol for modifying managed device behavior on IP networks
  - B. A protocol for standardizing remote procedure calls on HTTP contents ★
  - C. A protocol for encrypting the HTTP contents
  - D. A protocol for requesting contents, alternative to HTTP
8. The FF02::1 IPv6 address refers to
  - A. all DHCP servers within the link-local scope
  - B. all the IPv6 devices within the link-local scope ★
  - C. all the IPv6 devices within the site scope
  - D. all DHCP servers within the site scope
9. What is FALSE regarding a reverse proxy?
  - A. It can protect the origin server
  - B. It appears to the client as the origin server
  - C. It typically makes use of the HTTP CONNECT method ★
  - D. It interacts with a server on behalf of the client
10. The Internet Header Length (IHL) field of the IPv4 header packet, in the IPv6 header packet
  - A. has been substituted by the Next Header field
  - B. has been substituted by the Total Length field
  - C. has the same name and meaning
  - D. has been removed ★
11. ICMPv6 Router Solicitation messages are sent
  - A. by IPv6 devices for requesting a Router Advertisement message ★
  - B. by IPv6 devices as part of the Neighbor Discover protocol
  - C. by IPv6 routers to announce the prefix of a network
  - D. by IPv6 devices for requesting the MAC address of another device in the network
12. In a typical penetration testing, exploitation is
  - A. a step to find open ports in a target
  - B. a step to find evidences about the feasibility of an attack ★
  - C. a step to find live systems
  - D. a step to enumerate the services in the system
13. Which of the following is NOT a valid IPv6 address?
  - A. 2001:DB8::1234::5678 ★
  - B. 2001:DB8:1000::1
  - C. FE80::EE97:F7C5:F035:20C2
  - D. FF02::1:FF00:0001
14. Which of the following requires the users to proper setup its client software?
  - A. Forward proxy ★
  - B. All the types of proxies
  - C. Reverse proxy
  - D. Transparent proxy
15. In a IDS, a packet related to a known attack not raising an alarm is
  - A. a false negative ★

- B. a true negative
- C. a true positive

- D. a false positive