Solution for Homework Nº1 Homework PSV 2020/21

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To recap, we are given a "base" \mathtt{State}_0 , with an evaluator $[\![\cdot]\!]_0 : Instr_0 \to (\mathtt{State}_0 \to \mathtt{State}_0)$, which contains every part of the described syntax and big-step semantics except for the transaction mechanism. Our goal is to construct \mathtt{State} and corresponding $[\![\cdot]\!]$: $Instr \to (\mathtt{State} \to \mathtt{State})$.

Modifying the state First of all, we can assume that $State_0 = Memory_0 =: Memory_0$ since in the base language, only "stateful" feature is variable assignment (while loop isn't breakable), and nothing about it is modified in our extension of the language; we shall assume the isomorphisms to be implicitly there in the definitions. The new features are the following:

- 1. We need an indicator for whether fail has been successfully invoked (and, if so, about which particular try-block);
- 2. We need to create the snapshot of Memory to revert to if a transaction needs to be rescinded (or save to if commit is invoked); there is, however, some subtlety involved, as (from what I understand), saving the state at the beginning of a try-block is different from committing.
- 3. We also need to maintain some memory of the enveloping try-blocks (so as to ignore fail if the referenced transaction is not enveloping)

The following should therefore suffice:

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathtt{State} := (\mathtt{Memory}, \mathit{TrId}?, \mathit{TrId} \rightarrow \mathtt{Memory}, [\mathit{TrId}]) \\ & \ell(m) = (m, \bot, \varnothing, []) : \mathtt{Memory}_0 \rightarrow \mathtt{Memory} \end{aligned}$$

These represent, respectively, base state, (optional) failed transaction indicator, memory snapshots' map and a list/stack of enveloping try-blocks; we also attach a state lifting function.

Semantics "Mathematically":

$$\begin{split} & [\texttt{OnFail}] \quad \frac{f \neq \bot, I \in \{\texttt{try} \ t : I, \texttt{fail} \ t, \texttt{commit}\}}{\llbracket I \rrbracket \ (m, f, \mu_s, T) = (m, f, \mu_s, T)} \\ & [\texttt{Try}] \quad \frac{\llbracket I \rrbracket \ (m, \bot, \mu_s[t \leftarrow m], [t, *T]) = (m', t', \mu_s', [t, *T])}{\llbracket \texttt{try} \ t : I \rrbracket \ (m, \bot, \mu_s, T) = \begin{cases} (\mu_s'(t), \bot, \mu_s', T), & t = t' \\ (m', t', \mu_s', T), & t \neq t' \end{cases} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & [\mathtt{Fail}] \quad [\![\mathtt{fail}\ t]\!] \ (m, \bot, \mu_s, T) = \begin{cases} (m, t, \mu_s, T), & t \in T \\ (m, \bot, \mu_s, T), & t \not\in T \end{cases} \\ & [\mathtt{Commit}] \quad [\![\mathtt{commit}]\!] \ (m, \bot, \mu_s, T) = (m, \bot, \lambda \, t \in T.m, T) \\ & [\mathtt{Seq}] \quad [\![I_1;\ I_2]\!] = [\![I_2]\!] \circ [\![I_1]\!] \\ & [\![L\mathtt{ift}]\!] \quad \frac{[\![I]\!]_0 \ m = m'}{[\![I]\!] \ (m, t, \mu_s, T) = \begin{cases} (m, t, \mu_s, T), & t = \bot \\ (m', t, \mu_s, T), & t \neq \bot \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

In the natural language:

- [OnFail] If we are in "failed" state, it can only be reverted "higher-up" (in [Try]), and all the other instructions should be skipped. Here we handle the new instructions; the original ones are handled in Lift;
 - [Try] For try t:I, we evaluate I with t added to the stack (and memory snapshot for t saved), and if fail t has not been handled up to this point, we revert the memory to the snapshot associated with the flag and clear the flag; in any case, we pop t from the stack;
 - [Fail] For fail t, if a transaction named t indeed envelops the operation, we raise the failure flag; otherwise, the operation is supposed to do nothing;
- [Commit] For commit, we assign to every current transaction a snapshot of current memory.
 - [Seq] No modification should be required in the implementation of the semicolon;
 - [Lift] We lift all the operations in the original language, according to the fail semantics.

Implementation I have created a simple implementation of an interpreter of the language. The relevant code and README.md is in https://github.com/vitreusx/sem1/tree/master/hs.