

1. write a c program to reverse a string using stack?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX 100
int top=-1;
int item;
char stack_string[MAX];

/*function to push character (item)*/
void pushChar(char item);

/*function to pop character (item)*/
char popChar(void);

/*function to check stack is empty or not*/
int isEmpty(void);

/*function to check stack is full or not*/
int isFull(void);

int main()
{
    char str[MAX];

    int i;

    printf("Input a string: ");
    scanf("%[^\n]s",str);
    /*read string with spaces*/
    /*gets(str);-can be used to read string with spaces*/
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        pushChar(str[i]);

    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        str[i]=popChar();

    printf("Reversed String is: %s\n",str);

    return 0;
}

/*function definition of pushChar*/
void pushChar(char item)
{
    /*check for full*/
    if(isFull())
```

```

{
    printf("\nStack is FULL !!!\n");
    return;
}

/*increase top and push item in stack*/
top=top+1;
stack_string[top]=item;
}

/*function definition of popChar*/
char popChar()
{
    if(isEmpty())
    {
        printf("\nStack is EMPTY!!!\n");
        return 0;
    }
    /*pop item and decrease top*/
    item = stack_string[top];
    top=top-1;
    return item;
}

/*function definition of isEmpty*/
int isEmpty()
{
    if(top== -1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

/*function definition of isFull*/
int isFull()
{
    if(top==MAX-1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

```

2.write a program for Infix To Postfix Conversion Using Stack.

```
#include<stdio.h>
char stack[20];
int top = -1;
void push(char a)
{
    stack[++top] = a;
}
char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
        return -1;
    else
        return stack[top--];
}
int priority(char a)
{
    if(a == '(')
        return 0;
    if(a == '+' || a == '-')
        return 1;
    if(a == '*' || a == '/')
        return 2;
}
main()
{
    char exp[20];
    char *e, a;
    printf("Enter the expression :: ");
    scanf("%s",exp);
    e = exp;
    while(*e != '\0')
    {
        if(isalnum(*e))
            printf("%c",*e);
        else if(*e == '(')
            push(*e);
        else if(*e == ')')
        {
            while((a = pop()) != '(')
                printf("%c", a);
        }
        else
        {
            while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e))
                printf("%c",pop());
```

```

        push(*e);

    }
    e++;

}
while(top != -1)
{
    printf("%c",pop());
}
}
}

```

3.write a C Program to Implement Queue Using Two Stacks

/* C program to implement queues using two stacks */

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};
void push(struct node** top, int data);
int pop(struct node** top);
struct queue
{
    struct node *stack_a;
    struct node *stack_b;
};
void enqueue(struct queue *q, int x)
{
    push(&q->stack_a, x);
}
void dequeue(struct queue *q)
{
    int x;
    if (q->stack_a == NULL && q->stack_b == NULL) {
        printf("Empty Queue");
        return;
    }
    if (q->stack_b == NULL) {
        while (q->stack_a != NULL) {
            x = pop(&q->stack_a);
            push(&q->stack_b, x);
        }
    }
    x = pop(&q->stack_b);
    printf("%d\n", x);
}

```

```

void push(struct node** top, int data)
{
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (newnode == NULL) {
        printf("Stack overflow \n");
        return;
    }
    newnode->data = data;
    newnode->next = (*top);
    (*top) = newnode;
}

int pop(struct node** top)
{
    int buff;
    struct node *t;
    if (*top == NULL) {
        printf("Stack underflow \n");
    }
    else {
        t = *top;
        buff = t->data;
        *top = t->next;
        free(t);
        return buff;
    }
}

void display(struct node *top1, struct node *top2)
{
    while (top1 != NULL) {
        printf("%d\n", top1->data);
        top1 = top1->next;
    }
    while (top2 != NULL) {
        printf("%d\n", top2->data);
        top2 = top2->next;
    }
}

int main()
{
    struct queue *q = (struct queue*) malloc(sizeof(struct queue));
    int f = 0, a;
    char ch = 'y';
    q->stack_a = NULL;
    q->stack_b = NULL;
    while (ch == 'y' || ch == 'Y')
    {
        printf("enter ur choice\n1.add to queue\n2.remove from queue\n3.display\n4.exit\n");
        scanf("%d", &f);
        switch(f) {

```

```

        case 1 : printf("enter the element to be added\n");
                  scanf("%d", &a);
                  enqueue(q, a);
                  break;
        case 2 : dequeue(q);
                  break;
        case 3 : display(q->stack_a, q->stack_b);
                  break;
        case 4 : exit(1);
                  break;
        default : printf("invalid\n");
                  break;
    }
}
}

```

4./* write a c program for insertion and deletion of BST.*/

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct btnode
{
    int value;
    struct btnode *left;
    struct btnode *right;
}*root = NULL, *temp = NULL, *t2, *t1;

void delete1();
void insert();
void delete();
void create();
void search(struct btnode *t);
void search1(struct btnode *t,int data);
int smallest(struct btnode *t);
int largest(struct btnode *t);

int flag = 1;

void main()
{
    int ch;

    printf("\nOPERATIONS ---");
    printf("\n1 - Insert an element into tree\n");
    printf("\n2 - Delete an element from the tree\n");
    printf("\n3 - Exit\n");
}

```

```

while(1)
{
    printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch (ch)
    {
        case 1:
            insert();
            break;
        case 2:
            delete();
            break;
        case 3:
            exit(0);
        default :
            printf("Wrong choice, Please enter correct choice ");
            break;
    }
}
}

/* To insert a node in the tree */
void insert()
{
    create();
    if (root == NULL)
        root = temp;
    else
        search(root);
}

/* To create a node */
void create()
{
    int data;

    printf("Enter data of node to be inserted : ");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    temp = (struct btnode *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct btnode));
    temp->value = data;
    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
}

/* Function to search the appropriate position to insert the new node */
void search(struct btnode *t)
{
    if ((temp->value > t->value) && (t->right != NULL))    /* value more than root node value insert at right
*/
        search(t->right);
    else if ((temp->value > t->value) && (t->right == NULL))

```

```

        t->right = temp;
    else if ((temp->value < t->value) && (t->left != NULL)) /* value less than root node value insert at left
*/
        search(t->left);
    else if ((temp->value < t->value) && (t->left == NULL))
        t->left = temp;
}

```

/* To check for the deleted node */

```
void delete()
```

```

{
    int data;

    if (root == NULL)
    {
        printf("No elements in a tree to delete");
        return;
    }
    printf("Enter the data to be deleted : ");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    t1 = root;
    t2 = root;
    search1(root, data);
}

```

/* Search for the appropriate position to insert the new node */

```
void search1(struct btnode *t, int data)
```

```

{
    if ((data > t->value))
    {
        t1 = t;
        search1(t->right, data);
    }
    else if ((data < t->value))
    {
        t1 = t;
        search1(t->left, data);
    }
    else if ((data == t->value))
    {
        delete1(t);
    }
}

```

/* To delete a node */

```
void delete1(struct btnode *t)
```

```

{
    int k;

```

/* To delete leaf node */


```

if ((t->left == NULL) && (t->right == NULL))
{
    if (t1->left == t)
    {
        t1->left = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        t1->right = NULL;
    }
    t = NULL;
    free(t);
    return;
}

```

/* To delete node having one left hand child */

```

else if ((t->right == NULL))
{
    if (t1 == t)
    {
        root = t->left;
        t1 = root;
    }
    else if (t1->left == t)
    {
        t1->left = t->left;
    }
    else
    {
        t1->right = t->left;
    }
    t = NULL;
    free(t);
    return;
}

```

/* To delete node having right hand child */

```

else if (t->left == NULL)
{
    if (t1 == t)
    {
        root = t->right;
        t1 = root;
    }
    else if (t1->right == t)
        t1->right = t->right;
    else
        t1->left = t->right;
}

```

```

        t == NULL;
        free(t);
        return;
    }

    /* To delete node having two child */
    else if ((t->left != NULL) && (t->right != NULL))
    {
        t2 = root;
        if (t->right != NULL)
        {
            k = smallest(t->right);
            flag = 1;
        }
        else
        {
            k = largest(t->left);
            flag = 2;
        }
        search1(root, k);
        t->value = k;
    }
}

/* To find the smallest element in the right sub tree */
int smallest(struct btnode *t)
{
    t2 = t;
    if (t->left != NULL)
    {
        t2 = t;
        return(smallest(t->left));
    }
    else
        return (t->value);
}

/* To find the largest element in the left sub tree */
int largest(struct btnode *t)
{
    if (t->right != NULL)
    {
        t2 = t;
        return(largest(t->right));
    }
    else
        return(t->value);
}

```

