

```

# Importing Data Analysis modules
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# For changing settings for more interaction with the shell
from IPython.core.interactiveshell import InteractiveShell
InteractiveShell.ast_node_interactivity = 'all'

# For suppressing warnings
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

# For splitting data into train, test, to encode categorical
variables, to scale the features
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# For implementing linear regression
import statsmodels.api as sm

# For metric to evaluate the models
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
from statsmodels.stats.outliers_influence import
variance_inflation_factor

# setting option for pandas to display all columns
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)

# Reading the dataframe
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\\Users\\Vivek\\Downloads\\day.csv")
df.head()

```

	instant	dteday	season	yr	mnth	holiday	weekday	workingday
0	1	01-01-2018	1	0	1	0	1	1
1	2	02-01-2018	1	0	1	0	2	1
2	3	03-01-2018	1	0	1	0	3	1
3	4	04-01-2018	1	0	1	0	4	1
4	5	05-01-2018	1	0	1	0	5	1

weathersit	temp	atemp	hum	windspeed	casual
registered \					

0	2	14.110847	18.18125	80.5833	10.749882	331
654						
1	2	14.902598	17.68695	69.6087	16.652113	131
670						
2	1	8.050924	9.47025	43.7273	16.636703	120
1229						
3	1	8.200000	10.60610	59.0435	10.739832	108
1454						
4	1	9.305237	11.46350	43.6957	12.522300	82
1518						

	cnt
0	985
1	801
2	1349
3	1562
4	1600

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 730 entries, 0 to 729
```

```
Data columns (total 16 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
---	-----	-----	-----
0	instant	730 non-null	int64
1	dteday	730 non-null	object
2	season	730 non-null	int64
3	yr	730 non-null	int64
4	mnth	730 non-null	int64
5	holiday	730 non-null	int64
6	weekday	730 non-null	int64
7	workingday	730 non-null	int64
8	weathersit	730 non-null	int64
9	temp	730 non-null	float64
10	atemp	730 non-null	float64
11	hum	730 non-null	float64
12	windspeed	730 non-null	float64
13	casual	730 non-null	int64
14	registered	730 non-null	int64
15	cnt	730 non-null	int64

```
dtypes: float64(4), int64(11), object(1)
```

```
memory usage: 91.4+ KB
```

```
df.head()
```

	instant	dteday	season	yr	mnth	holiday	weekday	workingday
\								
0	1	01-01-2018	1	0	1	0	1	1

1	2	02-01-2018	1	0	1	0	2	1
2	3	03-01-2018	1	0	1	0	3	1
3	4	04-01-2018	1	0	1	0	4	1
4	5	05-01-2018	1	0	1	0	5	1

	weathersit	temp	atemp	hum	windspeed	casual
registered \						
0	2	14.110847	18.18125	80.5833	10.749882	331
654						
1	2	14.902598	17.68695	69.6087	16.652113	131
670						
2	1	8.050924	9.47025	43.7273	16.636703	120
1229						
3	1	8.200000	10.60610	59.0435	10.739832	108
1454						
4	1	9.305237	11.46350	43.6957	12.522300	82
1518						

	cnt
0	985
1	801
2	1349
3	1562
4	1600

```
# Keeping a copy for safesake
df1 = df.copy()
```

Feature Engineering

```
# Dropping the unnecessary features
df1.drop(['instant', 'dteday', 'casual', 'registered'], axis=1,
inplace=True)

# creating categorical and continuous variable list for later
categorical_vars = ['season', 'weekday', 'holiday', 'workingday',
'weathersit', 'yr', 'mnth']
continuous_vars = ['temp', 'atemp', 'hum', 'windspeed']

# Changing the type of the categorical variables to category
df1[categorical_vars] = df1[categorical_vars].astype('category')
```

Data Visualisation

```
# Creating a dataframe copy for visualisation
df2 = df1.copy()
```

```
df2.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 730 entries, 0 to 729
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   season          730 non-null   category
1   yr              730 non-null   category
2   mnth            730 non-null   category
3   holiday         730 non-null   category
4   weekday         730 non-null   category
5   workingday      730 non-null   category
6   weathersit       730 non-null   category
7   temp            730 non-null   float64
8   atemp           730 non-null   float64
9   hum             730 non-null   float64
10  windspeed       730 non-null   float64
11  cnt             730 non-null   int64
dtypes: category(7), float64(4), int64(1)
memory usage: 35.1 KB
```

```
df2.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 730 entries, 0 to 729
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   season          730 non-null   category
1   yr              730 non-null   category
2   mnth            730 non-null   category
3   holiday         730 non-null   category
4   weekday         730 non-null   category
5   workingday      730 non-null   category
6   weathersit       730 non-null   category
7   temp            730 non-null   float64
8   atemp           730 non-null   float64
9   hum             730 non-null   float64
10  windspeed       730 non-null   float64
11  cnt             730 non-null   int64
dtypes: category(7), float64(4), int64(1)
memory usage: 35.1 KB
```

Variables with positive trend with target:

atemp - with neither too high or too low variance. It might not be the best predictor, but it does have good linearity temp - same as temp Variables with negative trend with target:

windspeed - high variance hum - high variance

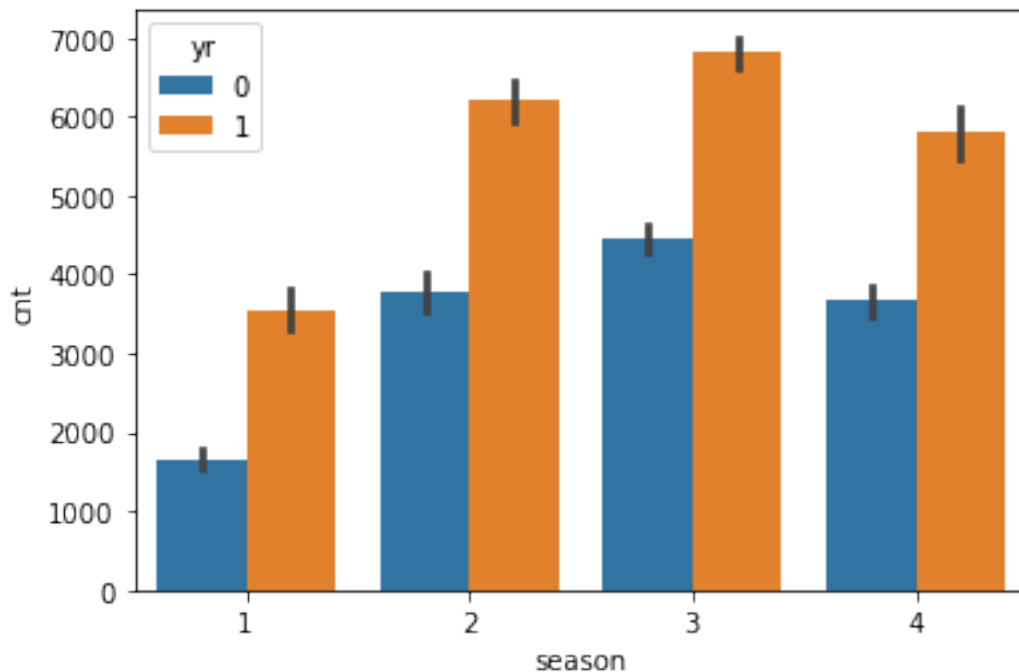
```

categorical_vars, continuous_vars

(['season', 'weekday', 'holiday', 'workingday', 'weathersit', 'yr',
 'mnth'],
 ['temp', 'atemp', 'hum', 'windspeed'])

sns.barplot(df2['season'], df2['cnt'], df2['yr'])
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='season', ylabel='cnt'>

```



Fall season has the highest bookings and Spring has the lowest

There are more bookings in the year 2019 than 2018

```

categorical_vars

['season', 'weekday', 'holiday', 'workingday', 'weathersit', 'yr',
 'mnth']

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 20))
plt.subplot(4,2,1)
sns.barplot(x = 'season', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,2)
sns.barplot(x = 'weekday', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,3)
sns.barplot(x = 'holiday', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,4)
sns.barplot(x = 'workingday', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,5)

```

```

sns.barplot(x = 'weathersit', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,6)
sns.barplot(x = 'yr', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.subplot(4,2,7)
sns.barplot(x = 'mnth', y = 'cnt', data = df2)
plt.savefig('../Images/cat_plot.png')
plt.show()

```

<Figure size 1080x1440 with 0 Axes>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='season', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='weekday', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='holiday', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='workingday', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='weathersit', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='yr', ylabel='cnt'>

<AxesSubplot:>

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='mnth', ylabel='cnt'>

FileNotFoundError Traceback (most recent call last)

Input In [17], in <cell line: 16>()

14 plt.subplot(4,2,7)

15 sns.barplot(x = 'mnth', y = 'cnt', data = df2)

---> 16 plt.savefig('../Images/cat_plot.png')

17 plt.show()

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\pyplot.py:958, in
savefig(*args, **kwargs)

955 @_copy_docstring_and_deprecators(Figure.savefig)

956 def savefig(*args, **kwargs):

957 fig = gcf()

```

--> 958     res = fig.savefig(*args, **kwargs)
      959     fig.canvas.draw_idle()    # need this if 'transparent=True'
to reset colors
      960     return res

```

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\figure.py:3019, in
Figure.savefig(self, fname, transparent, **kwargs)
      3015     for ax in self.axes:
      3016         stack.enter_context(
      3017             ax.patch._cm_set(facecolor='none',
edgecolor='none'))
-> 3019 self.canvas.print_figure(fname, **kwargs)

```

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backend_bases.py:2319,
in FigureCanvasBase.print_figure(self, filename, dpi, facecolor,
edgecolor, orientation, format, bbox_inches, pad_inches,
bbox_extra_artists, backend, **kwargs)
      2315 try:
      2316     # _get_renderer may change the figure dpi (as vector
formats
      2317     # force the figure dpi to 72), so we need to set it again
here.
      2318     with cbook._setattr_cm(self.figure, dpi=dpi):
-> 2319         result = print_method(
      2320             filename,
      2321             facecolor=facecolor,
      2322             edgecolor=edgecolor,
      2323             orientation=orientation,
      2324             bbox_inches_restore=_bbox_inches_restore,
      2325             **kwargs)
      2326 finally:
      2327     if bbox_inches and restore_bbox:

```

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backend_bases.py:1648,
in _check_savefig_extra_args.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
      1640     _api.warn_deprecated(
      1641         '3.3', name=name, removal='3.6',
      1642         message='%(name)s() got unexpected keyword argument "'
      1643             + arg + '" which is no longer supported as of
',
      1644             '%(since)s and will become an error '
      1645             '%(removal)s')
      1646     kwargs.pop(arg)
-> 1648 return func(*args, **kwargs)

```

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\_api\deprecation.py:412,
in delete_parameter.<locals>.wrapper(*inner_args, **inner_kwargs)
      402     deprecation_addendum = (
      403         f"If any parameter follows {name!r}, they should be
passed as "

```

```

404         f"keyword, not positionally.")
405     warn_deprecated(
406         since,
407         name=repr(name),
408     )
409     else deprecation_addendum,
410     **kwargs)
--> 412 return func(*inner_args, **inner_kwargs)

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backends\
backend_agg.py:541, in FigureCanvasAgg.print_png(self,
filename_or_obj, metadata, pil_kwargs, *args)
494 """
495 Write the figure to a PNG file.
496
497 (...)
538     *metadata*, including the default 'Software' key.
539 """
540 FigureCanvasAgg.draw(self)
--> 541 mpl.image.imsave(
542     filename_or_obj, self.buffer_rgba(), format="png",
origin="upper",
543     dpi=self.figure.dpi, metadata=metadata,
pil_kwargs=pil_kwargs)

```

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\image.py:1675, in
imsave(fname, arr, vmin, vmax, cmap, format, origin, dpi, metadata,
pil_kwargs)
1673 pil_kwargs.setdefault("format", format)
1674 pil_kwargs.setdefault("dpi", (dpi, dpi))
-> 1675 image.save(fname, **pil_kwargs)

```

```

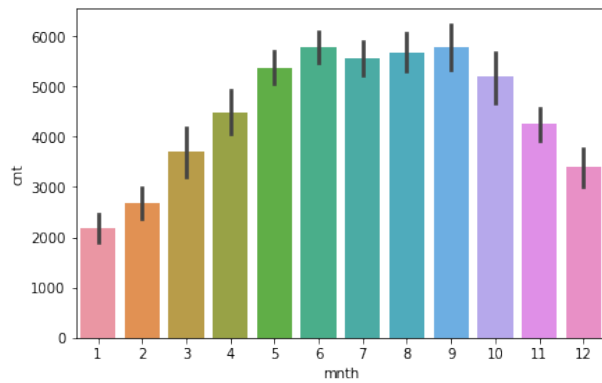
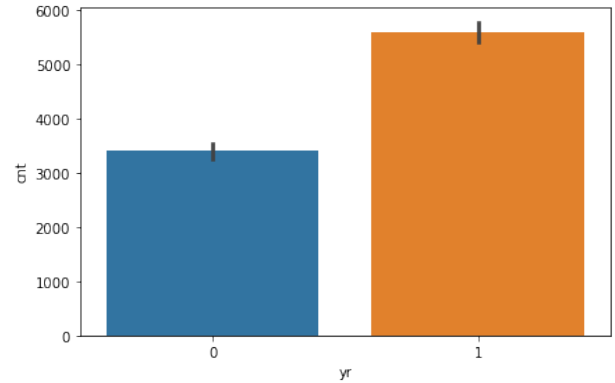
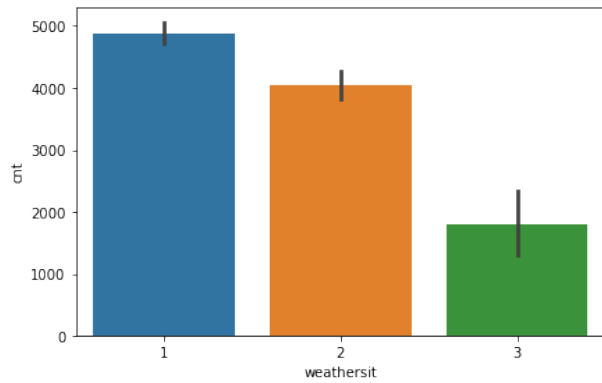
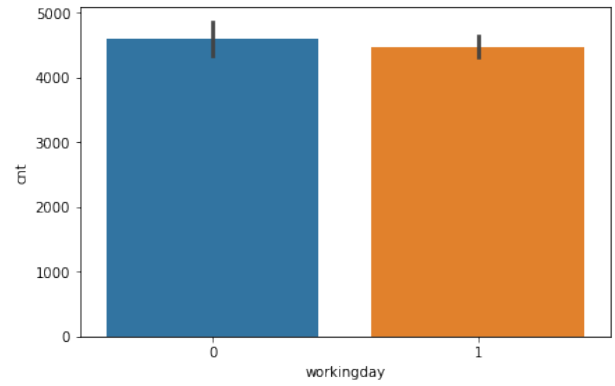
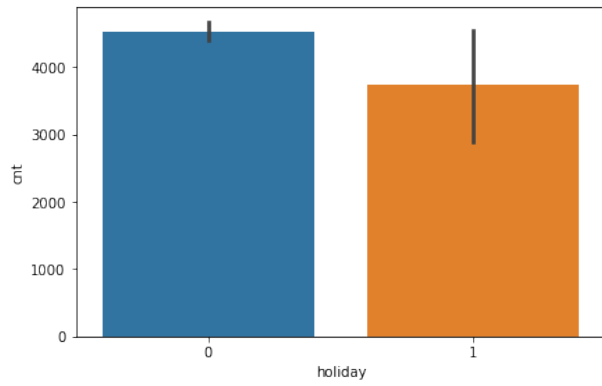
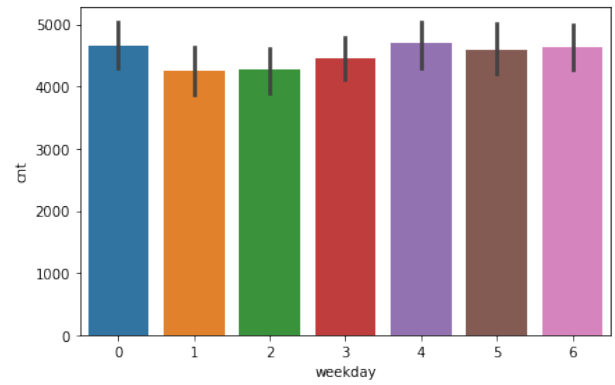
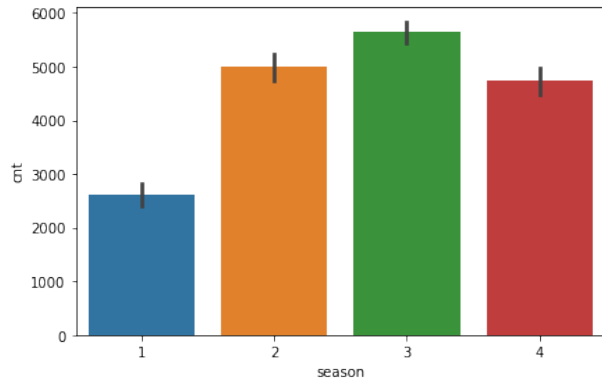
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:2209, in
Image.save(self, fp, format, **params)
2207     fp = builtins.open(filename, "r+b")
2208     else:
-> 2209     fp = builtins.open(filename, "w+b")
2211 try:
2212     save_handler(self, fp, filename)

```

```

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory:
'../Images/cat_plot.png'

```

The no of bookings increase month by month but it becomes less

as derived before yr, 2019 has highest bookings when the weather was clear has the highest bookings when the weather was snowy has the lowest bookings During Fall season, bookings were high

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.subplot(2,2,1)
sns.boxplot(x = 'atemp', data = df2)
plt.subplot(2,2,2)
sns.boxplot(x = 'temp', data = df2)
plt.subplot(2,2,3)
sns.boxplot(x = 'windspeed', data = df2)
plt.subplot(2,2,4)
sns.boxplot(x = 'hum', data = df2)
plt.show()
```

Encoding the categorical variables

```
for i in categorical_vars:
    df1[i].value_counts()

3    188
2    184
1    180
4    178
Name: season, dtype: int64

1    105
2    105
0    104
3    104
4    104
5    104
6    104
Name: weekday, dtype: int64

0    709
1     21
Name: holiday, dtype: int64

1    504
0    226
Name: workingday, dtype: int64

1    463
2    246
3     21
Name: weathersit, dtype: int64
```

```
0    365
1    365
Name: yr, dtype: int64
```

```
1    62
3    62
5    62
7    62
8    62
10   62
12   62
4    60
6    60
9    60
11   60
2    56
Name: mnth, dtype: int64
```

*# As we saw before during visualisation, Fall is important as it has highest amount of bookings,
so to lose the danger of dropping Fall, will encode it separately*

Encoding 3 variables, weekday, weathersit, mnth
cat_encoded_df = pd.get_dummies(df1[['weekday', 'weathersit', 'mnth']], drop_first=True)

Now, encoding season
season_encoded_df = pd.get_dummies(df1['season'])
season_encoded_df = season_encoded_df[[2,3,4]]
season_encoded_df.columns = ['Summer', 'Fall', 'Winter']

Concatenating the both dataframes
cat_encoded_df = pd.concat([cat_encoded_df, season_encoded_df],axis=1)

As we have encoded the variables, we are going to drop the 4 variables
df1.drop(['weekday', 'weathersit', 'mnth', 'season'], axis=1, inplace=True)

concatenating encoded dataframe with original dataframe
df1 = pd.concat([df1, cat_encoded_df], axis=1)

```
df1.head()
```

	yr	holiday	workingday	temp	atemp	hum	windspeed	cnt
0	0	0	1	14.110847	18.18125	80.5833	10.749882	985
1	0	0	1	14.902598	17.68695	69.6087	16.652113	801
2	0	0	1	8.050924	9.47025	43.7273	16.636703	1349

3	0	0	1	8.200000	10.60610	59.0435	10.739832	1562
4	0	0	1	9.305237	11.46350	43.6957	12.522300	1600

	weekday_1	weekday_2	weekday_3	weekday_4	weekday_5	weekday_6	\
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	1	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	1	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	1	0	

	weathersit_2	weathersit_3	mnth_2	mnth_3	mnth_4	mnth_5	mnth_6	mnth_7	\
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	mnth_8	mnth_9	mnth_10	mnth_11	mnth_12	Summer	Fall	Winter
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Feature Scaling

```
# Feature Scaling should be done after splitting data in order to
avoid data breach.
# So we are going to divide the dataframe into train and test data
df_train, df_test = train_test_split(df1, test_size=0.25, random_state
= 100)
```

```
# Scaling the data in training data
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df_train[continuous_vars] =
scaler.fit_transform(df_train[continuous_vars])
```

```
df_train[continuous_vars].head()
```

	temp	atemp	hum	windspeed
311	0.435124	0.437339	0.743667	0.057471

523	0.735215	0.680985	0.482181	0.286093
381	0.391151	0.374375	0.737917	0.659615
413	0.358285	0.362754	0.550880	0.319514
253	0.740406	0.695906	0.735509	0.156398

Building the model

```
# We are going to use RFE for feature elimination
from sklearn.feature_selection import RFE

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

lr = LinearRegression()

y_train = df_train.cnt
X_train = df_train.drop('cnt', axis=1)
lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
rfe = RFE(lr, n_features_to_select = 20)
rfe.fit(X_train, y_train)

LinearRegression()

RFE(estimator=LinearRegression(), n_features_to_select=20)

# Finding the dataframe with variables, support, ranking in order to
eliminate the variables
pd.DataFrame(zip(X_train.columns, rfe.support_, rfe.ranking_), columns
= ['Columns', 'Support', 'Ranking'])[rfe.support_]
```

	Columns	Support	Ranking
0	yr	True	1
1	holiday	True	1
2	workingday	True	1
3	temp	True	1
4	atemp	True	1
5	hum	True	1
6	windspeed	True	1
13	weathersit_2	True	1
14	weathersit_3	True	1
15	mnth_2	True	1
16	mnth_3	True	1
17	mnth_4	True	1
18	mnth_5	True	1
19	mnth_6	True	1
21	mnth_8	True	1
22	mnth_9	True	1
23	mnth_10	True	1
26	Summer	True	1
27	Fall	True	1
28	Winter	True	1

```
columns = X_train.columns[rfe.support_]
```

With the columns we have extracted with the help of RFE we are going to build our first model

Linear Model 1

```
X_train_sm = X_train[columns]
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
lr1 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
print(lr1.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
0.851
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.845
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
150.3
Date:                   Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
1.44e-202
Time:                   23:35:51    Log-Likelihood:
-4400.3
No. Observations:      547    AIC:
8843.
Df Residuals:          526    BIC:
8933.
Df Model:              20

Covariance Type:       nonrobust

=====
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					

const	2016.7512	239.814	8.410	0.000	1545.640
2487.863					
yr	2001.6321	67.161	29.803	0.000	1869.695
2133.569					
holiday	-1023.6950	212.233	-4.823	0.000	-1440.623
-606.767					
workingday	-179.6461	76.718	-2.342	0.020	-330.358
-28.934					
temp	3621.8473	1169.541	3.097	0.002	1324.303

5919.392									
atemp	412.2622	1181.741	0.349	0.727	-1909.250				
2733.774									
hum	-1382.4254	321.471	-4.300	0.000	-2013.950				
-750.900									
windspeed	-1538.8523	218.697	-7.036	0.000	-1968.480				
-1109.225									
weathersit_2	-495.0557	87.029	-5.688	0.000	-666.024				
-324.088									
weathersit_3	-2182.8260	226.460	-9.639	0.000	-2627.703				
-1737.949									
mnth_2	202.0170	153.326	1.318	0.188	-99.189				
503.223									
mnth_3	478.2138	148.869	3.212	0.001	185.762				
770.666									
mnth_4	374.2058	221.811	1.687	0.092	-61.539				
809.950									
mnth_5	548.0678	224.183	2.445	0.015	107.663				
988.473									
mnth_6	443.4181	195.091	2.273	0.023	60.166				
826.671									
mnth_8	533.3705	155.028	3.440	0.001	228.820				
837.921									
mnth_9	1096.6479	147.226	7.449	0.000	807.425				
1385.871									
mnth_10	440.2961	145.848	3.019	0.003	153.779				
726.813									
Summer	881.5690	185.185	4.760	0.000	517.776				
1245.362									
Fall	524.3565	200.569	2.614	0.009	130.343				
918.370									
Winter	1503.1464	131.680	11.415	0.000	1244.464				
1761.829									
=====									
=====									
Omnibus:	86.057	Durbin-Watson:							
2.015									
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):							
215.081									
Skew:	-0.806	Prob(JB):							
1.98e-47									
Kurtosis:	5.615	Cond. No.							
91.4									
=====									
=====									
Notes:									
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.									

```

vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif

```

	Features	VIF
4	temp	64.19
5	atemp	57.84
0	const	53.20
19	Fall	7.02
18	Summer	5.87
13	mnth_5	3.58
12	mnth_4	3.16
20	Winter	2.97
14	mnth_6	2.55
6	hum	1.99
15	mnth_8	1.88
11	mnth_3	1.79
8	weathersit_2	1.59
17	mnth_10	1.58
16	mnth_9	1.48
10	mnth_2	1.47
9	weathersit_3	1.27
7	windspeed	1.26
2	holiday	1.11
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.04

Removing the variable atemp as it has 0.817 p value

Temp has the highest vif at this time but p value precedence comes first so removing atemp variable

```

columns = list(X_train_sm.columns)

```

Linear Model 2

```

columns.remove('atemp')

X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
lr2 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
print(lr2.summary())

```


OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
0.851
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.846
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
158.5
Date:                   Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
1.19e-203
Time:                   23:35:57    Log-Likelihood:
-4400.4
No. Observations:       547    AIC:
8841.
Df Residuals:           527    BIC:
8927.
Df Model:                19
Covariance Type:        nonrobust

```

```

=====
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
-----
-----
const          2018.6400      239.553        8.427      0.000      1548.043
2489.237
yr              2001.0506       67.085       29.829      0.000      1869.264
2132.837
holiday        -1025.9502     211.957       -4.840      0.000     -1442.335
-609.565
workingday     -178.0769       76.522       -2.327      0.020     -328.403
-27.750
temp           4015.4572     307.676       13.051      0.000      3411.036
4619.879
hum            -1375.7185     320.628       -4.291      0.000     -2005.585
-745.852
windspeed     -1554.4480     213.901       -7.267      0.000     -1974.651
-1134.245
weathersit_2    -496.0979       86.906       -5.708      0.000     -666.822
-325.374
weathersit_3   -2189.1631     225.542       -9.706      0.000     -2632.235
-1746.092
mnth_2         202.8172      153.181        1.324      0.186      -98.103
503.737
mnth_3         479.4271      148.705        3.224      0.001      187.300
771.554

```

mnth_4	378.3924	221.302	1.710	0.088	-56.349
813.134					
mnth_5	546.9336	223.973	2.442	0.015	106.944
986.923					
mnth_6	439.6665	194.632	2.259	0.024	57.317
822.016					
mnth_8	527.0380	153.833	3.426	0.001	224.836
829.240					
mnth_9	1095.9481	147.090	7.451	0.000	806.994
1384.902					
mnth_10	440.0573	145.725	3.020	0.003	153.784
726.331					
Summer	881.3128	185.029	4.763	0.000	517.828
1244.798					
Fall	519.2056	199.858	2.598	0.010	126.590
911.821					
Winter	1505.0287	131.459	11.449	0.000	1246.780
1763.277					

=====

=====

Omnibus:	85.343	Durbin-Watson:
2.014		
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):
212.849		
Skew:	-0.800	Prob(JB):
6.03e-47		
Kurtosis:	5.603	Cond. No.
22.5		

=====

=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif
```

	Features	VIF
0	const	53.17
18	Fall	6.98
17	Summer	5.87
4	temp	4.45
12	mnth_5	3.58

11	mnth_4	3.15
19	Winter	2.96
13	mnth_6	2.54
5	hum	1.99
14	mnth_8	1.85
10	mnth_3	1.79
7	weathersit_2	1.59
16	mnth_10	1.58
15	mnth_9	1.48
9	mnth_2	1.47
8	weathersit_3	1.26
6	windspeed	1.21
2	holiday	1.11
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.04

Removing mnth_4 variable because of it's p value.

Linear Model 3

```
columns.remove('mnth_4')
```

```
X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]
```

```
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
```

```
lr2 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
```

```
print(lr2.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:                  cnt    R-squared:
0.850
Model:                          OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.845
Method:                        Least Squares    F-statistic:
166.5
Date:                          Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
3.89e-204
Time:                          23:36:02    Log-Likelihood:
-4401.9
No. Observations:                547    AIC:
8842.
Df Residuals:                    528    BIC:
8924.
Df Model:                        18
Covariance Type:                nonrobust
```

=====					
=====					
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					

const	2060.5336	238.731	8.631	0.000	1591.555
2529.512					
yr	2001.8872	67.205	29.788	0.000	1869.865
2133.909					
holiday	-1035.4979	212.269	-4.878	0.000	-1452.494
-618.502					
workingday	-175.9176	76.651	-2.295	0.022	-326.497
-25.339					
temp	4065.7528	306.824	13.251	0.000	3463.008
4668.498					
hum	-1423.8815	319.970	-4.450	0.000	-2052.452
-795.311					
windspeed	-1519.9063	213.332	-7.125	0.000	-1938.991
-1100.822					
weathersit_2	-494.6797	87.060	-5.682	0.000	-665.706
-323.653					
weathersit_3	-2183.0760	225.924	-9.663	0.000	-2626.897
-1739.255					
mnth_2	158.6194	151.259	1.049	0.295	-138.524
455.763					
mnth_3	357.9644	130.878	2.735	0.006	100.859
615.069					
mnth_5	282.8435	162.494	1.741	0.082	-36.370
602.057					
mnth_6	238.9904	155.547	1.536	0.125	-66.576
544.557					
mnth_8	482.8431	151.922	3.178	0.002	184.396
781.290					
mnth_9	1065.2217	146.253	7.283	0.000	777.912
1352.532					
mnth_10	431.0288	145.895	2.954	0.003	144.424
717.634					
Summer	1092.2257	138.164	7.905	0.000	820.806
1363.645					
Fall	501.5745	199.955	2.508	0.012	108.770
894.379					
Winter	1466.7146	129.771	11.302	0.000	1211.783
1721.646					
=====					
=====					
Omnibus:		87.748	Durbin-Watson:		
2.033					
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		

```

219.438
Skew: -0.821 Prob(JB):
2.24e-48
Kurtosis: 5.633 Cond. No.
22.0
=====
=====

```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```

vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif

```

	Features	VIF
0	const	52.62
17	Fall	6.96
4	temp	4.41
16	Summer	3.26
18	Winter	2.88
5	hum	1.97
11	mnth_5	1.88
13	mnth_8	1.80
12	mnth_6	1.62
7	weathersit_2	1.59
15	mnth_10	1.57
14	mnth_9	1.46
9	mnth_2	1.43
10	mnth_3	1.38
8	weathersit_3	1.26
6	windspeed	1.20
2	holiday	1.11
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.04

Removing the variable mnth_5 because of it's p value

Linear Model 4

```

columns.remove('mnth_5')
X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]

```

```
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
lr3 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
print(lr3.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
0.849
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.845
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
175.4
Date:                  Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
1.30e-204
Time:                  23:36:06    Log-Likelihood:
-4403.4
No. Observations:      547    AIC:
8843.
Df Residuals:          529    BIC:
8920.
Df Model:              17
Covariance Type:      nonrobust

=====
=====
              coef    std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
-----
const      2022.0727    238.162      8.490      0.000    1554.214
2489.931
yr          1992.1995     67.102     29.689      0.000    1860.379
2124.020
holiday    -1049.0533    212.533     -4.936      0.000   -1466.566
-631.541
workingday -174.7403     76.795     -2.275     0.023   -325.601
-23.879
temp       4225.2586    293.381     14.402      0.000    3648.923
4801.594
hum        -1379.0014    319.541     -4.316      0.000   -2006.726
-751.277
windspeed  -1550.2442    213.027     -7.277      0.000   -1968.726
-1131.762
weathersit_2 -496.6277     87.220     -5.694      0.000   -667.967
-325.288
weathersit_3 -2197.9848    226.194     -9.717      0.000   -2642.334
-1753.635
```

mnth_2	141.1642	151.216	0.934	0.351	-155.892
438.221					
mnth_3	300.4955	126.888	2.368	0.018	51.230
549.761					
mnth_6	126.4722	141.750	0.892	0.373	-151.990
404.934					
mnth_8	453.7776	151.291	2.999	0.003	156.572
750.983					
mnth_9	1042.7947	145.964	7.144	0.000	756.054
1329.535					
mnth_10	408.1495	145.580	2.804	0.005	122.164
694.135					
Summer	1151.4965	134.159	8.583	0.000	887.946
1415.047					
Fall	424.0259	195.302	2.171	0.030	40.364
807.688					
Winter	1426.3182	127.924	11.150	0.000	1175.017
1677.619					

=====

=====

Omnibus:	84.961	Durbin-Watson:
2.036		
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):
199.708		
Skew:	-0.817	Prob(JB):
4.31e-44		
Kurtosis:	5.468	Cond. No.
21.9		

=====

=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif
```

	Features	VIF
0	const	52.17
16	Fall	6.62
4	temp	4.02
15	Summer	3.06
17	Winter	2.78

5	hum	1.96
12	mnth_8	1.78
7	weathersit_2	1.59
14	mnth_10	1.56
13	mnth_9	1.45
9	mnth_2	1.43
11	mnth_6	1.34
10	mnth_3	1.30
8	weathersit_3	1.26
6	windspeed	1.19
2	holiday	1.11
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.04

Have to remove mnth_6 because of it's p value

Linear Model 5

```
columns.remove('mnth_6')
```

```
X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]
```

```
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
```

```
lr4 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
```

```
print(lr4.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
0.849
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.845
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
186.4
Date:                   Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
1.39e-205
Time:                   23:36:11    Log-Likelihood:
-4403.8
No. Observations:      547    AIC:
8842.
Df Residuals:          530    BIC:
8915.
Df Model:              16

Covariance Type:       nonrobust

=====
=====
```


	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					

const	2032.7748	237.814	8.548	0.000	1565.602
2499.948					
yr	1990.1304	67.049	29.682	0.000	1858.415
2121.846					
holiday	-1052.7901	212.451	-4.955	0.000	-1470.139
-635.441					
workingday	-172.9511	76.754	-2.253	0.025	-323.731
-22.171					
temp	4304.4088	279.594	15.395	0.000	3755.160
4853.657					
hum	-1421.3129	315.941	-4.499	0.000	-2041.964
-800.662					
windspeed	-1564.0351	212.424	-7.363	0.000	-1981.332
-1146.738					
weathersit_2	-492.7044	87.092	-5.657	0.000	-663.792
-321.617					
weathersit_3	-2189.5837	225.955	-9.690	0.000	-2633.461
-1745.707					
mnth_2	135.7609	151.065	0.899	0.369	-160.999
432.521					
mnth_3	285.3676	125.726	2.270	0.024	38.386
532.349					
mnth_8	425.8285	147.984	2.878	0.004	135.120
716.537					
mnth_9	1023.6001	144.342	7.091	0.000	740.047
1307.153					
mnth_10	397.6856	145.079	2.741	0.006	112.686
682.685					
Summer	1153.3839	134.117	8.600	0.000	889.918
1416.850					
Fall	408.2197	194.459	2.099	0.036	26.214
790.225					
Winter	1416.1490	127.391	11.117	0.000	1165.897
1666.402					
=====					
=====					
Omnibus:		85.052	Durbin-Watson:		
2.038					
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		
198.567					
Skew:		-0.821	Prob(JB):		
7.62e-44					
Kurtosis:		5.453	Cond. No.		
21.5					
=====					

=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
 in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif
```

	Features	VIF
0	const	52.03
15	Fall	6.56
4	temp	3.65
14	Summer	3.06
16	Winter	2.76
5	hum	1.91
11	mnth_8	1.70
7	weathersit_2	1.59
13	mnth_10	1.55
9	mnth_2	1.42
12	mnth_9	1.42
10	mnth_3	1.27
8	weathersit_3	1.25
6	windspeed	1.19
2	holiday	1.11
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.03

Removing mnth_3 because of it's p value

Linear Model 6

```
columns.remove('mnth_3')
```

```
X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
lr5 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
print(lr5.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
```

0.848
 Model: OLS Adj. R-squared:
 0.843
 Method: Least Squares F-statistic:
 197.0
 Date: Thu, 27 Apr 2023 Prob (F-statistic):
 1.25e-205
 Time: 23:36:15 Log-Likelihood:
 -4406.5
 No. Observations: 547 AIC:
 8845.
 Df Residuals: 531 BIC:
 8914.
 Df Model: 15
 Covariance Type: nonrobust

```

=====
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
-----
const      2141.4804    233.850      9.157      0.000    1682.096
2600.865
yr          1987.1194     67.298    29.527      0.000    1854.917
2119.322
holiday    -1092.7053    212.548     -5.141      0.000   -1510.243
-675.167
workingday  -176.2524     77.040     -2.288     0.023    -327.593
-24.912
temp        4341.9169    280.194    15.496      0.000    3791.492
4892.342
hum        -1464.3087    316.603     -4.625      0.000   -2086.257
-842.360
windspeed  -1537.5688    212.932     -7.221      0.000   -1955.861
-1119.277
weathersit_2 -490.4484     87.426     -5.610      0.000    -662.192
-318.705
weathersit_3 -2155.4878    226.335     -9.523      0.000   -2600.109
-1710.866
mnth_2       35.3122    145.001     0.244     0.808    -249.534
320.158
mnth_8       428.4897    148.557     2.884     0.004     136.658
720.322
mnth_9      1028.9912    144.886     7.102      0.000     744.372
1313.611
mnth_10      391.7635    145.621     2.690     0.007     105.699
677.828
  
```

Summer	1082.2256	130.910	8.267	0.000	825.061
1339.391					
Fall	291.5674	188.277	1.549	0.122	-78.291
661.426					
Winter	1316.9578	120.127	10.963	0.000	1080.975
1552.941					

```
=====
=====
Omnibus:                81.868    Durbin-Watson:
2.034
Prob(Omnibus):          0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):
199.713
Skew:                   -0.777    Prob(JB):
4.29e-44
Kurtosis:               5.519    Cond. No.
21.2
=====
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif
```

	Features	VIF
0	const	49.92
14	Fall	6.10
4	temp	3.64
13	Summer	2.89
15	Winter	2.44
5	hum	1.91
10	mnth_8	1.70
7	weathersit_2	1.59
12	mnth_10	1.55
11	mnth_9	1.42
9	mnth_2	1.30
8	weathersit_3	1.25
6	windspeed	1.18
2	holiday	1.10
3	workingday	1.10
1	yr	1.03

Removing Fall because of it's high VIF value

Linear Model 7

```
columns.remove('Fall')

X_train_sm = X_train_sm[columns]
X_train_sm = sm.add_constant(X_train_sm)
lr6 = sm.OLS(y_train, X_train_sm.astype(float)).fit()
print(lr6.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          cnt    R-squared:
0.847
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.843
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
210.3
Date:                   Thu, 27 Apr 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
2.78e-206
Time:                   23:36:18    Log-Likelihood:
-4407.7
No. Observations:      547    AIC:
8845.
Df Residuals:          532    BIC:
8910.
Df Model:              14
```

Covariance Type: nonrobust

```
=====
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
-----
const      2141.6003    234.157      9.146      0.000    1681.614
2601.586
yr         1979.0470     67.184     29.457      0.000    1847.069
2111.025
holiday    -1101.8404    212.745     -5.179      0.000   -1519.764
-683.917
workingday -175.7625     77.140     -2.278     0.023   -327.300
-24.225
temp       4658.7811    191.675     24.306      0.000    4282.249
5035.313
hum        -1524.2448    314.641     -4.844      0.000   -2142.337
```

-906.153					
windspeed	-1560.0776	212.714	-7.334	0.000	-1977.940
-1142.215					
weathersit_2	-483.9904	87.441	-5.535	0.000	-655.763
-312.218					
weathersit_3	-2119.1543	225.411	-9.401	0.000	-2561.959
-1676.349					
mnth_2	-13.3413	141.742	-0.094	0.925	-291.785
265.102					
mnth_8	512.9906	138.355	3.708	0.000	241.202
784.779					
mnth_9	1102.6833	137.028	8.047	0.000	833.501
1371.866					
mnth_10	361.8594	144.525	2.504	0.013	77.950
645.768					
Summer	940.8796	93.967	10.013	0.000	756.287
1125.472					
Winter	1225.8513	104.873	11.689	0.000	1019.836
1431.867					

```
=====
=====
Omnibus:                76.323    Durbin-Watson:
2.033
Prob(Omnibus):          0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):
174.586
Skew:                   -0.749    Prob(JB):
1.23e-38
Kurtosis:               5.327    Cond. No.
20.6
=====
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
vif = pd.DataFrame()
vif['Features'] = X_train_sm.columns
vif['VIF'] =
[variance_inflation_factor(X_train_sm.astype(float).values, i) for i
 in range(X_train_sm.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = 'VIF', ascending=False)
vif
```

	Features	VIF
0	const	49.92
5	hum	1.88
14	Winter	1.85
4	temp	1.70

```

7    weathersit_2    1.58
12      mnth_10    1.52
13      Summer    1.49
10      mnth_8     1.47
11      mnth_9     1.26
9      mnth_2      1.24
8    weathersit_3    1.23
6      windspeed    1.18
2      holiday     1.10
3    workingday     1.10
1          yr      1.03

```

Now we move on to Predictions, So we are going to scale the dataframe with test data and start predicting with latest linear model

```

scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df_test[continuous_vars] =
scaler.fit_transform(df_test[continuous_vars])

df_test[continuous_vars].head()

```

	temp	atemp	hum	windspeed
184	0.837241	0.778767	0.534223	0.149393
535	0.911423	0.855132	0.470417	0.231142
299	0.496221	0.492359	0.777843	0.443398
221	0.890387	0.805661	0.236659	0.449707
152	0.821739	0.749249	0.070765	0.682387

```

y_test = df_test.pop('cnt')
X_test = df_test
X_test = sm.add_constant(X_test)
X_test = X_test[columns]

```

To evaluate the model, we are going to check the r2 score and then we will plot a distribution plot for error terms

```

y_pred = lr6.predict(X_test)
r2_score(y_test, y_pred)

0.7848149370296662

n = 183
k = 12
R2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
adj_r2 = 1 - ((1-R2)*(n-1)/(n-k-1))
adj_r2

0.7696254031729368

X_test.shape

```

```
(183, 15)
```

```
sns.distplot(y_pred - y_test)
plt.savefig('../Images/Residual.png')
```

```
<AxesSubplot:ylabel='Density'>
```

```
-----
-----
```

```
FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call
last)
```

```
Input In [51], in <cell line: 2>()
      1 sns.distplot(y_pred - y_test)
----> 2 plt.savefig('../Images/Residual.png')
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\pyplot.py:958, in
savefig(*args, **kwargs)
    955 @_copy_docstring_and_deprecators(Figure.savefig)
    956 def savefig(*args, **kwargs):
    957     fig = gcf()
--> 958     res = fig.savefig(*args, **kwargs)
    959     fig.canvas.draw_idle()    # need this if 'transparent=True'
to reset colors
    960     return res
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\figure.py:3019, in
Figure.savefig(self, fname, transparent, **kwargs)
    3015     for ax in self.axes:
    3016         stack.enter_context(
    3017             ax.patch._cm_set(facecolor='none',
edgecolor='none'))
-> 3019 self.canvas.print_figure(fname, **kwargs)
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backend_bases.py:2319,
in FigureCanvasBase.print_figure(self, filename, dpi, facecolor,
edgecolor, orientation, format, bbox_inches, pad_inches,
bbox_extra_artists, backend, **kwargs)
    2315 try:
    2316     # _get_renderer may change the figure dpi (as vector
formats
    2317     # force the figure dpi to 72), so we need to set it again
here.
    2318     with cbook._setattr_cm(self.figure, dpi=dpi):
-> 2319         result = print_method(
    2320             filename,
    2321             facecolor=facecolor,
    2322             edgecolor=edgecolor,
    2323             orientation=orientation,
    2324             bbox_inches_restore=_bbox_inches_restore,
    2325             **kwargs)
```



```
2326 finally:
2327     if bbox_inches and restore_bbox:
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backend_bases.py:1648,
in _check_savefig_extra_args.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
1640     _api.warn_deprecated(
1641         '3.3', name=name, removal='3.6',
1642         message='%(name)s() got unexpected keyword argument "'
1643             + arg + '" which is no longer supported as of
1644             %(since)s and will become an error '
1645             %(removal)s')
1646     kwargs.pop(arg)
-> 1648 return func(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\_api\deprecation.py:412,
in delete_parameter.<locals>.wrapper(*inner_args, **inner_kwargs)
```

```
402     deprecation_addendum = (
403         f"If any parameter follows {name!r}, they should be
passed as "
404         f"keyword, not positionally.")
405     warn_deprecated(
406         since,
407         name=repr(name),
408         (...))
410     else deprecation_addendum,
411     **kwargs)
--> 412 return func(*inner_args, **inner_kwargs)
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\backends\
backend_agg.py:541, in FigureCanvasAgg.print_png(self,
filename_or_obj, metadata, pil_kwargs, *args)
```

```
494 """
495 Write the figure to a PNG file.
496
497 (...)
538     *metadata*, including the default 'Software' key.
539 """
540 FigureCanvasAgg.draw(self)
--> 541 mpl.image.imsave(
542     filename_or_obj, self.buffer_rgba(), format="png",
origin="upper",
543     dpi=self.figure.dpi, metadata=metadata,
pil_kwargs=pil_kwargs)
```

```
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\image.py:1675, in
imsave(fname, arr, vmin, vmax, cmap, format, origin, dpi, metadata,
pil_kwargs)
```

```
1673 pil_kwargs.setdefault("format", format)
1674 pil_kwargs.setdefault("dpi", (dpi, dpi))
```

```
-> 1675 image.save(fname, **pil_kwargs)
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:2209, in

Image.save(self, fp, format, **params)

```
2207         fp = builtins.open(filename, "r+b")
```

```
2208     else:
```

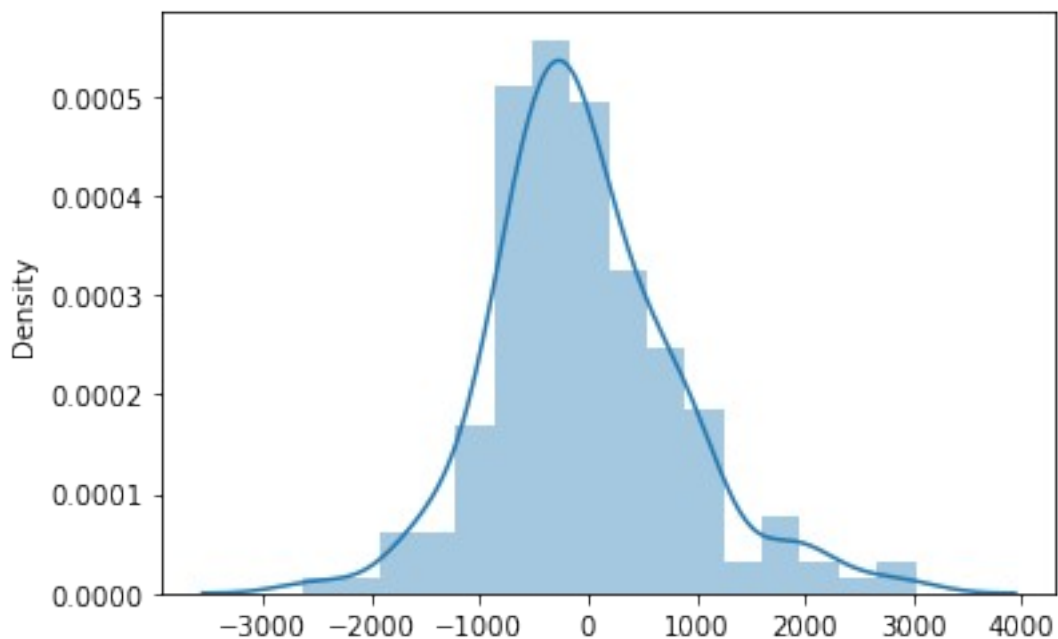
```
-> 2209         fp = builtins.open(filename, "w+b")
```

```
2211 try:
```

```
2212     save_handler(self, fp, filename)
```

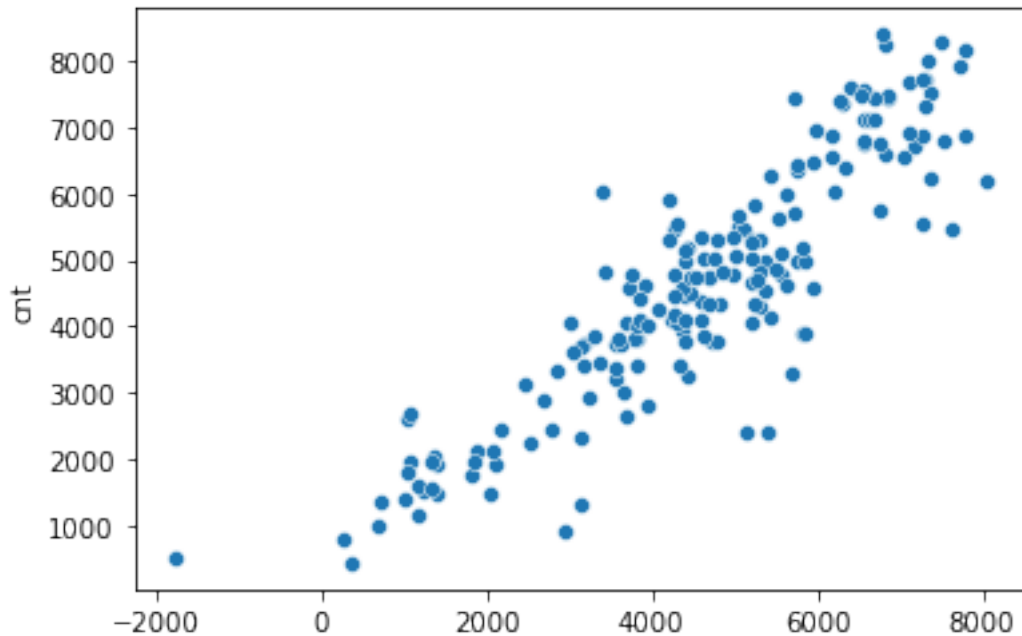
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory:

'../Images/Residual.png'



```
sns.scatterplot(y_pred, y_test)
```

```
<AxesSubplot:ylabel='cnt'>
```



```
lr6.params.shape
```

```
(15,)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize = (15, 8))
sns.barplot(lr6.params.values, lr6.params.values)
ticks = np.arange(0,15,1)
plt.xticks(ticks, labels = lr6.params.sort_values().index)
plt.show()
```

```
<Figure size 1080x576 with 0 Axes>
```

```
<AxesSubplot:>
```

```
([<matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f73e1c0>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f73e190>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f1b8100>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f790610>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f790d60>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f79b4f0>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f79bc40>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7a13d0>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f79b8b0>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f790880>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7a1bb0>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7a8340>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7a8a90>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7ae220>,
  <matplotlib.axis.XTick at 0x1f45f7ae970>],
 [Text(0, 0, 'weathersit_3')],
```

```
Text(1, 0, 'windspeed'),  
Text(2, 0, 'hum'),  
Text(3, 0, 'holiday'),  
Text(4, 0, 'weathersit_2'),  
Text(5, 0, 'workingday'),  
Text(6, 0, 'mnth_2'),  
Text(7, 0, 'mnth_10'),  
Text(8, 0, 'mnth_8'),  
Text(9, 0, 'Summer'),  
Text(10, 0, 'mnth_9'),  
Text(11, 0, 'Winter'),  
Text(12, 0, 'yr'),  
Text(13, 0, 'const'),  
Text(14, 0, 'temp')])
```

