

- 1. General function.
- 2. join function.
- 3. Time function.
- 4. Mathematical.

- 5. Network function.
- 6. DPL - Architecture.
- 7. Usage mechanism.
- 8. DPL Modifier.

- 9. DPL Grammar.
- 10. DPL Literals.

## 1. General functions:-

- 1. exist.
- 2. in.
- 3. record.
- 4. entityName.

1. Entity Name:- Return the name of entity.  
Syntax - entityName (expression [type])

2. in:- Test if value is a member of an array.  
in (-, -, -)

↓  
Boolean → True / False

3. exist:- Verify if a field exist.  
→ return the Boolean value.  
| - exist ( ~~id~~ )

## 2. Mathematical function:-

- 1. abs
- 2. ceil
- 3. floor
- 4. sin

6. round.

expression

④ bin

⑤ random

① abs:- Return the absolute value of numeric expression.

Syn:- abs (expression)

Returns:- double, long or duration.

② ceil:- calculate the smallest value equal to the numeric expression.

Syn:- ceil (expression)

ceil (x)

↓  
largest value.

③ floor:-

floor (x)

④ random:- Create a random value.

Syn:- random()

⑤ bin:- Rounds value down to a multiple of a given numeric bin size.

bin(expression, interval)

⑥ round:- round up to a specific decimal.

round (exp) → whole no.

round (expression [, decimal]) → specific decimal

round (x, 5) → 5 place

round (x, decimal: 5) → 0.92

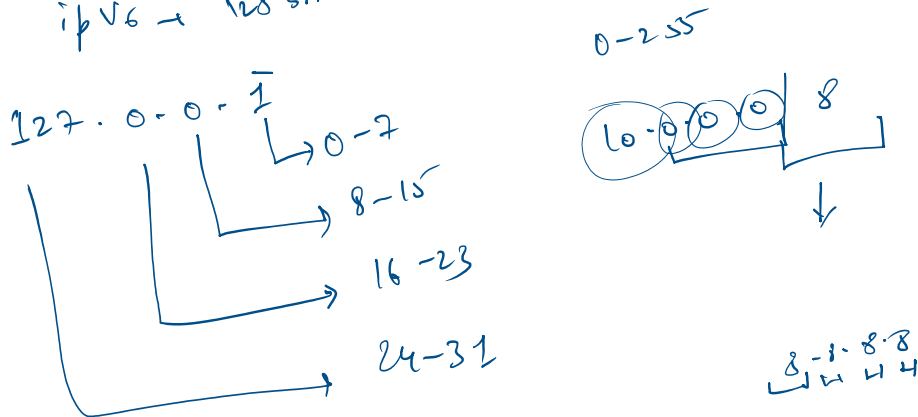
### ③ Network Functions →

- ① ip
- ② ipMask
- ③ isIPv4
- ④ isIPv6
- ⑤ isIP
- ⑥ ipSubnet
- ⑦ ipIsPublic
- ⑧ ipIsPrivate

① ip → Return value is ip.  
ip(expression)

② ipMask → Mask your ip address.  
ipMask(expression, maskBit, [ipV6MaskBits: -])

Syn:-  
ipV4 → 32 bit →  $2^{32}$  → 4.2 billion  
ipV6 → 128 bit →  $2^{128}$  → 340 undecillion - more sense.



③ isIPv4 → Validate whether it is IPv4 or not.  
Syn:- isIPv4(expression)

④ isIPv6 → Validate whether it is IPv6 or not.  
Syn:- isIPv6(expression)

⑤ ipIsPublic → Validate whether it is public IP address or not.  
Syn:- IPispublic(expression)

⑥ ipIsPrivate → Validate whether it is private IP address or not.  
Syn:- IPisprivate(expression)

• Broadcast address

⑥ if it's private; → Valiana-  
Syn:- IP is private (exp.)  
 255.255.255.255 → neither public nor private. Broadcast address.  
 ↓  
 limited / restricted.

10.0.0.0  
 0-255 ↓ 0-255 ↓ 0-255  
 0-255 0-255 0-255

127.0.0.0 - 127.255.255.255 → loopback address.  
 ↳ neither public nor private  
 ↓  
 refer to local machine.

#### ④. Time Functions:-

- ① duration
- ② format Timestamp
- ③ now
- ④ Timestamp
- ⑤ get minute
- ⑥ get hour
- ⑦ get stat

- ⑧ get year
- ⑨ get second
- ⑩ get week of year
- ⑪ timeframe
- ⑫ get End

① duration - calculate the no. of time unit (day, min, year) b/w two dates.

② formatTimestamp - format string.

Syntax:- formatTimestamp (timestamp [interval] [format]  
 [time zone] [locale])  
 ↓ required  
 ↓ optional  
 format the time zone

format the  
time zone

27

All letters 'A' to 'Z' and 'a' to 'z' are reserved as pattern letters. The following pattern letters are defined:

Symbol	Meaning	Presentation	Examples
G	era	text	AD; Anno Domini; A
u	year	year	2004; 04
y	year-of-era	year	2004; 04
D	day-of-year	number	189
M/L	months-of-year	number/text	7; 07; Jul; July; J
d	day-of-month	number	10
Q/q	quarter-of-year	number/text	3; 03; Q3; 3rd quarter
Y	week-based-year	year	1996; 96
w	week-of-week-based-year	number	27
W	week-of-month	number	4
E	day-of-week	text	Tue; Tuesday; T
e/c	localized day-of-week	number/text	2; 02; Tue; Tuesday; T
F	week-of-month	number	3
a	am-pm-of-day	text	PM
h	clock-hour-of-am-pm (1-12)	number	12
K	hour-of-am-pm (0-11)	number	0
k	clock-hour-of-am-pm (1-24)	number	0
H	hour-of-day (0-23)	number	0
m	minute-of-hour	number	30
s	second-of-minute	number	55
S	fraction-of-second	fraction	978
A	milli-of-day	number	1234
n	nano-of-second	number	987654321
N	nano-of-day	number	1234000000
V	time-zone ID	zone-id	America/Los_Angeles; Z; -08:30
z	time-zone name	zone-name	Pacific Standard Time; PST
O	localized zone-offset	offset-O	GMT+8; GMT+08:00; UTC-08:00;
X	zone-offset 'Z' for zero	offset-X	Z; -08; -0830; -08:30; -083015; -08:30:15;
x	zone-offset	offset-x	+0000; -08; -0830; -08:30; -083015; -08:30:15;
Z	zone-offset	offset-Z	+0000; -0800; -08:00;
p	pad next	pad modifier	1
"	escape for text	delimiter	
'	single quote	literal	
[	optional section start		
]	optional section end		
#	reserved for future use		
{	reserved for future use		
}	reserved for future use		

From <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/time/format/DateTimeFormatter.html>

③ getDayOfMonth

④ getDayOfWeek

⑤ getDayOfYear

⑥ getHour

⑦ getMinute

⑧ getSecond

timestamp [ , timezone ]

fields add getHour (timestamp)

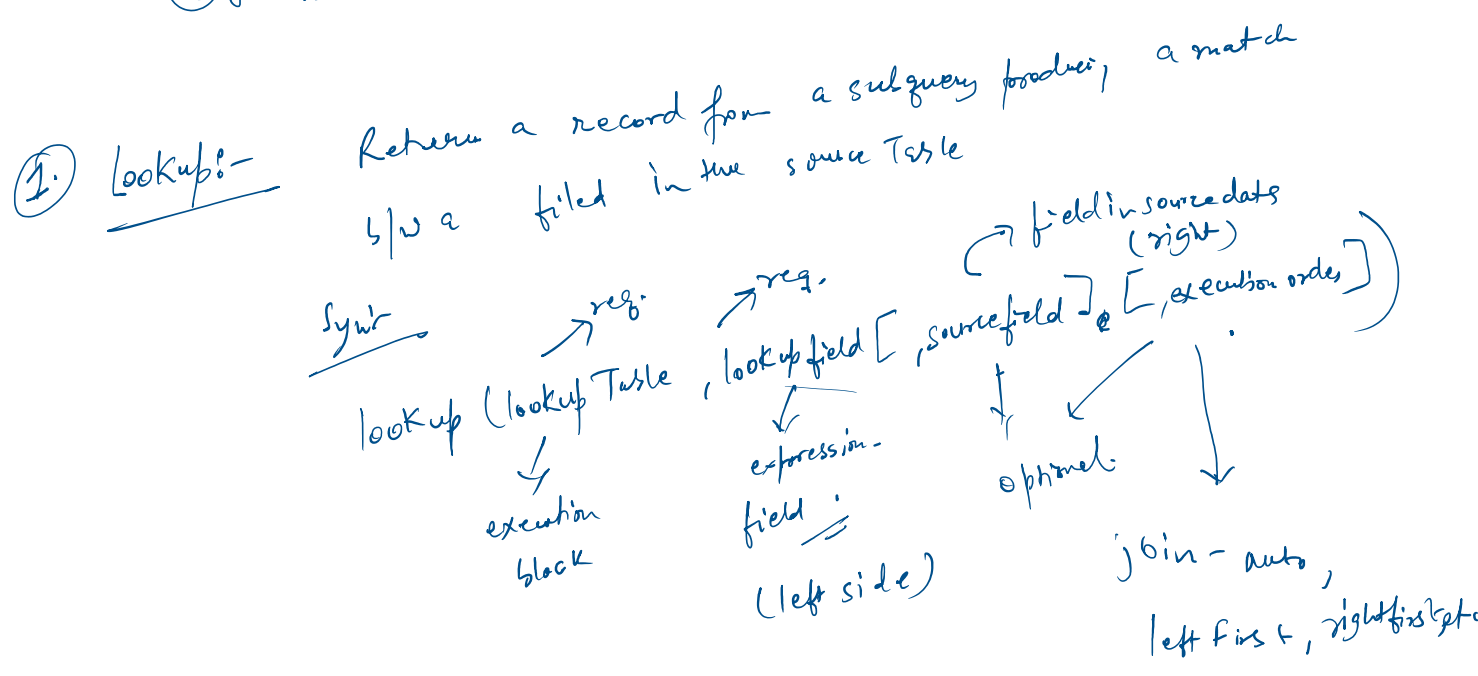
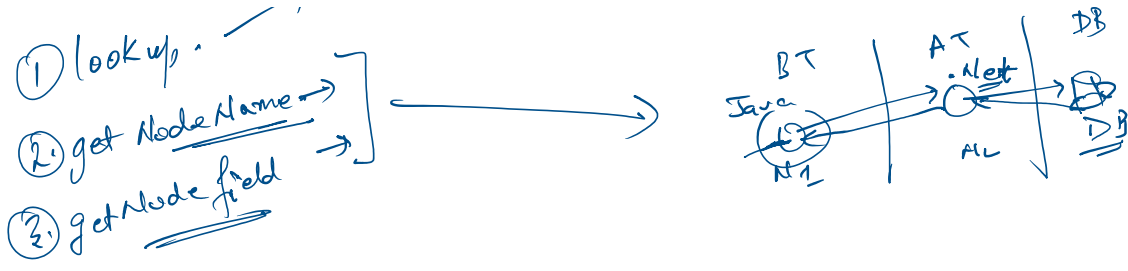
getstart → timeframe, it will give the start timestamp  
getend → timeframe, it will give the end timestamp  
fields add getstart ( ), getend ( )

⑤ join func:-

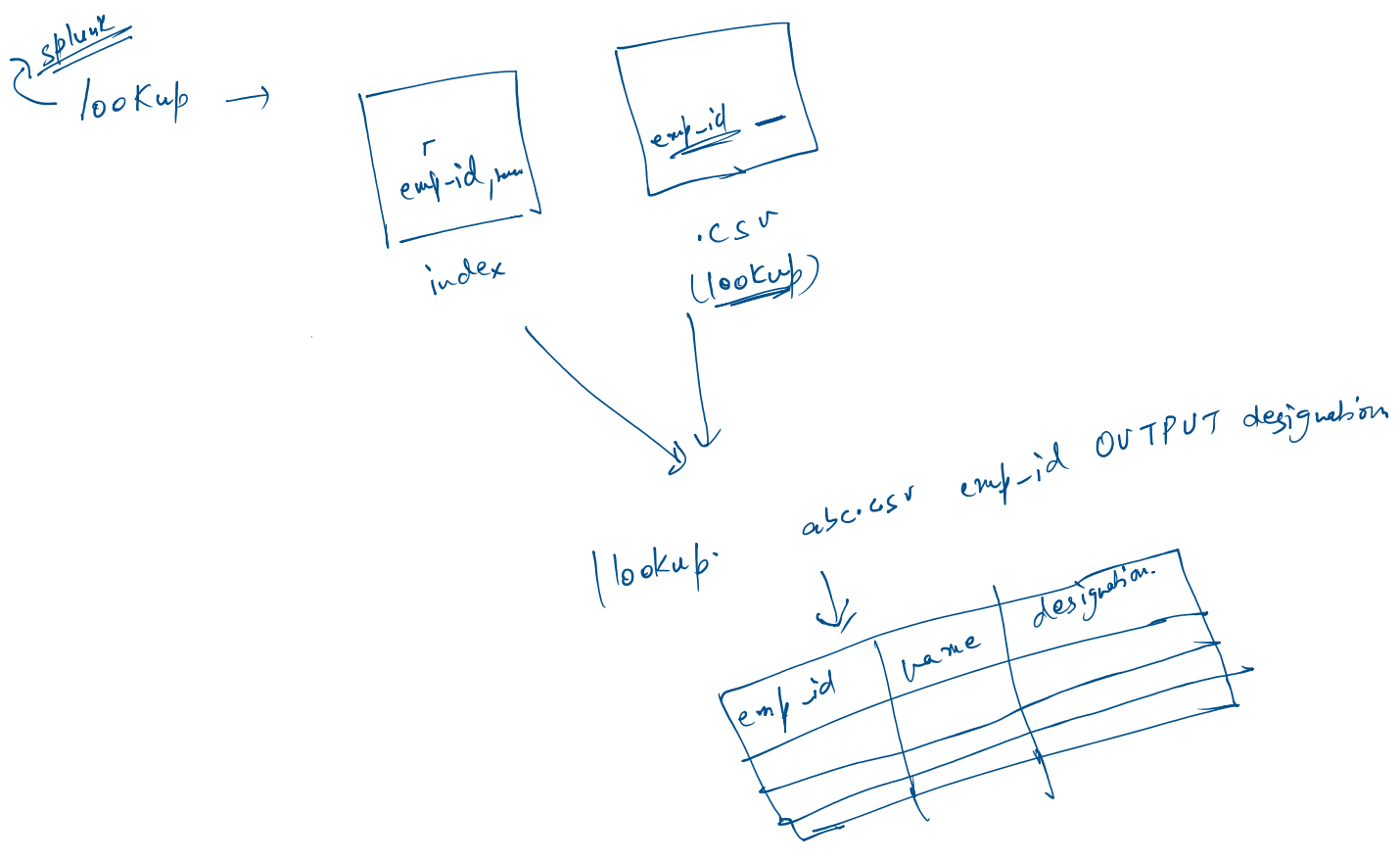
① lookup

3 Tier

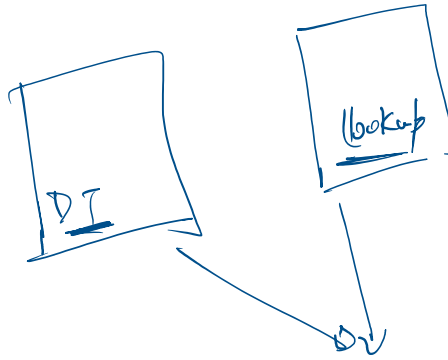




behaviour - Record.



PBL:- field logs.



[Source field: DT-fieldname  
lookup field: lookup-fieldname]

Logs

```
1 data record(location="Bangalore", state="KA"),  
2   record(location="Mumbai", state="MH"),  
3   record(location="Paris", state="PR")  
4  
5 | fieldsAdd result=lookup([  
6   data record(city="Bangalore", country="India"),  
7   record(city="Paris", country="France")  
8   ],  
9   ,  
10  ,  
11  sourceField:location,  
12  lookupField:city  
13  ).  
14
```

→ DT

→ custom lookup data.

field in the lookup

field from the DT side

location = DT  
city = lookup.

location	state	result
Bangalore	KA	("city":"Bangalore","country":"India")
Mumbai	MH	-
Paris	PR	("city":"Paris","country":"France")