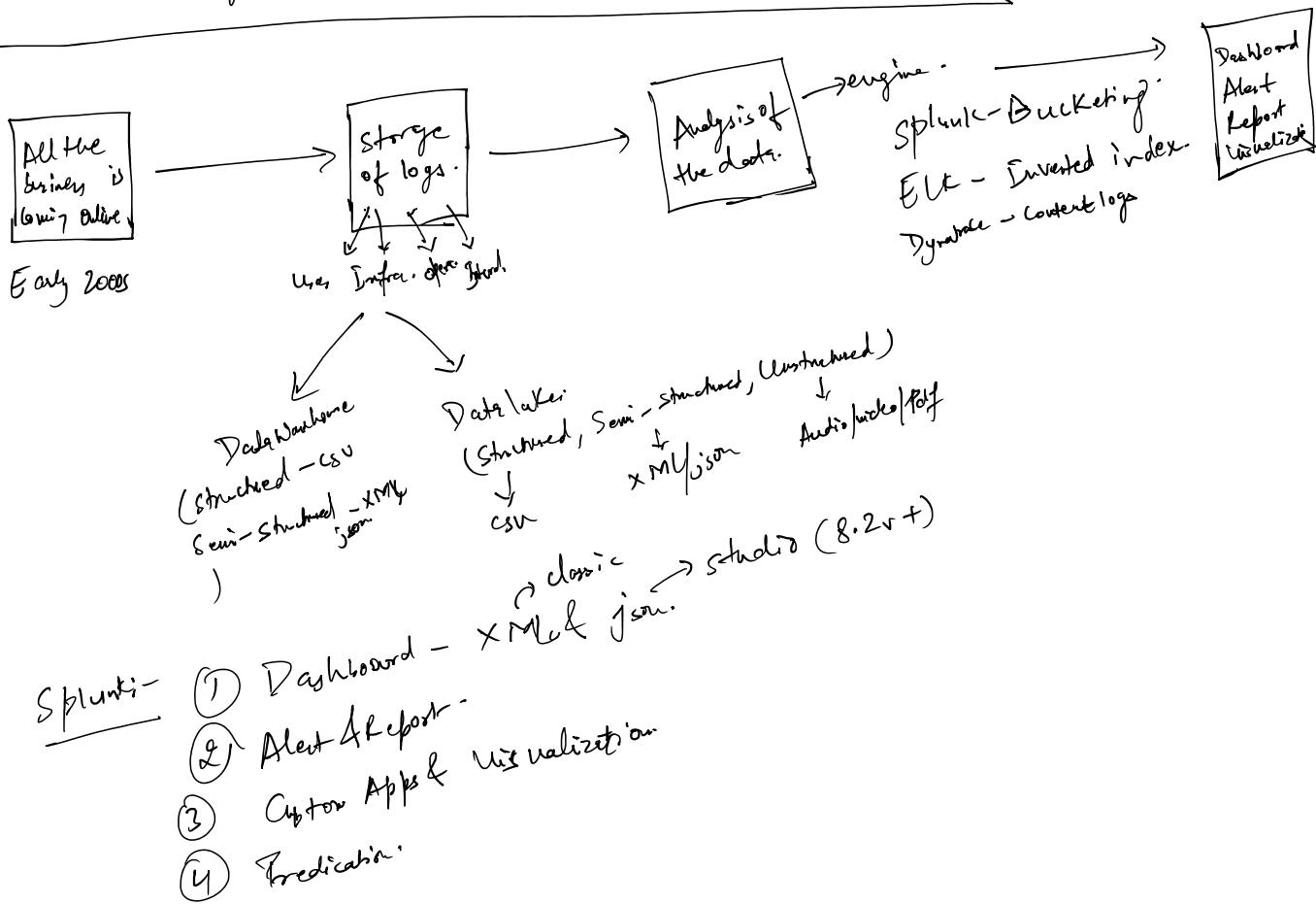
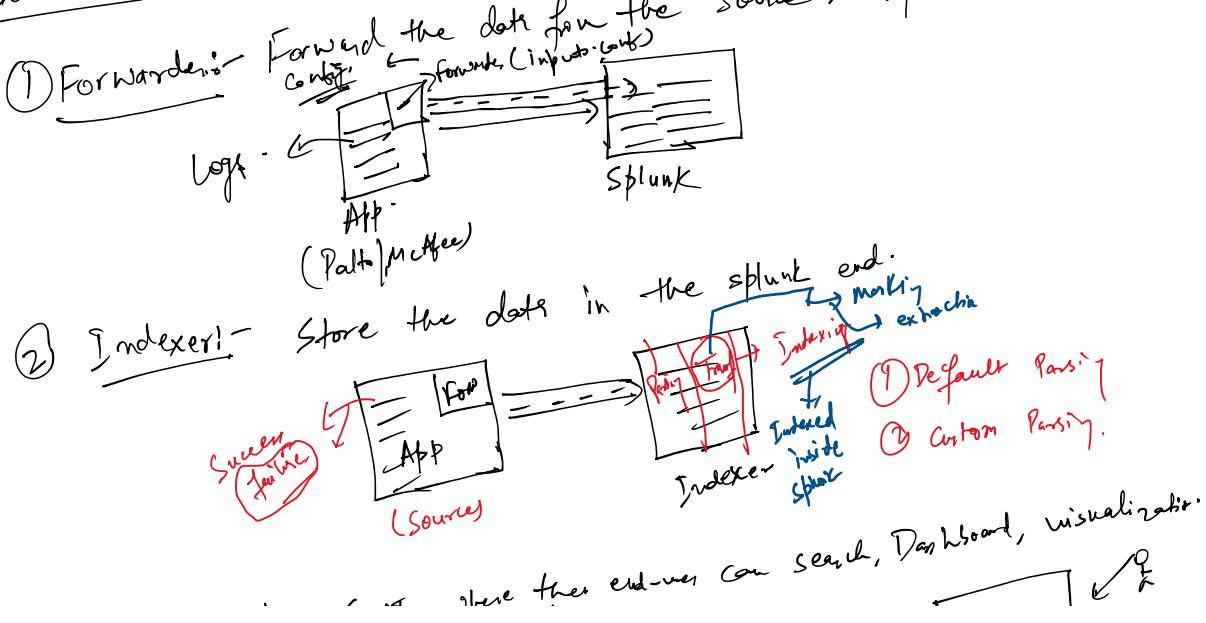
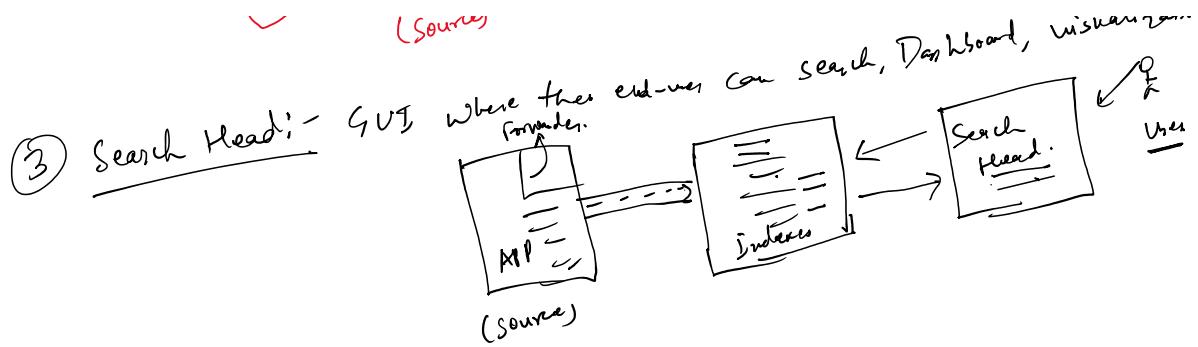


1. Splunk-
2. Components of Splunk-
3. Splunk Architecture.
4. Splunk Use Case.
5. SPL Query.



Components:-





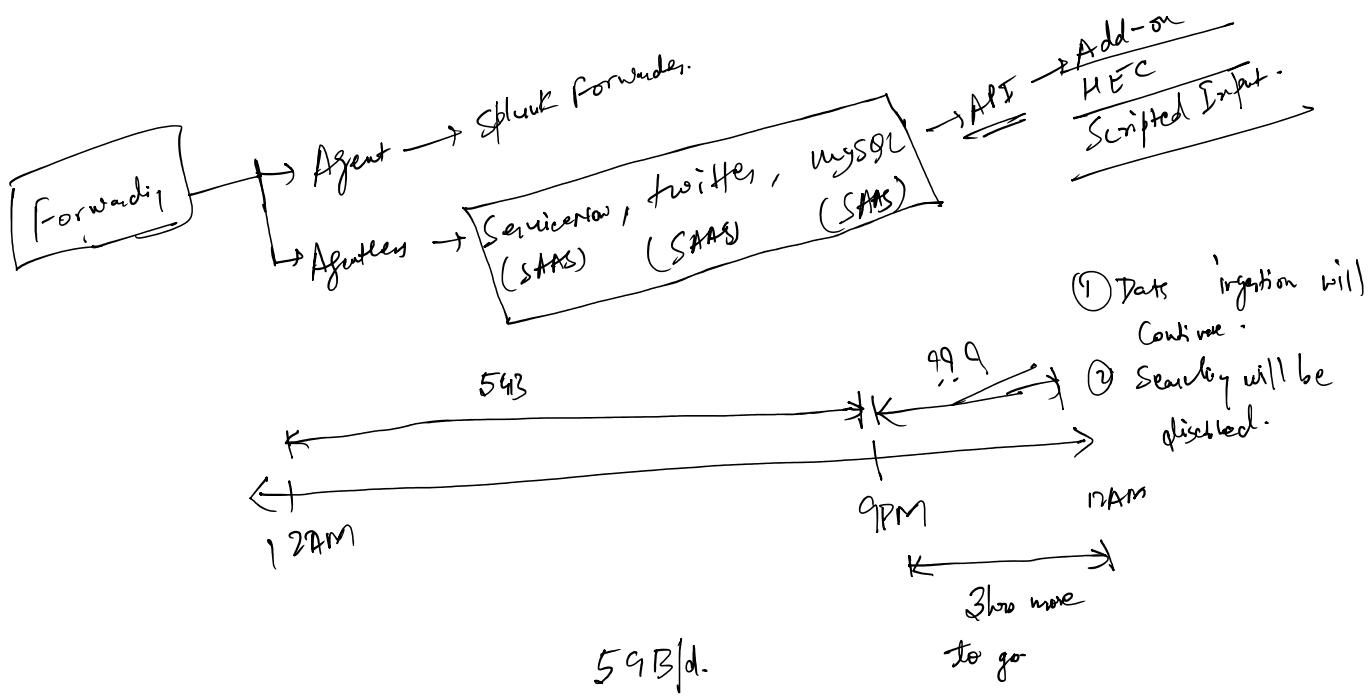
④ License Master:

Policing agent that will make sure that you should not be crossing the license limit.

How much data you ingest on the daily basis?

$$5 \text{ GB/day} \rightarrow 1 \text{ year.} \rightarrow \$\$\$$$

24 hour cycle. (12-12)

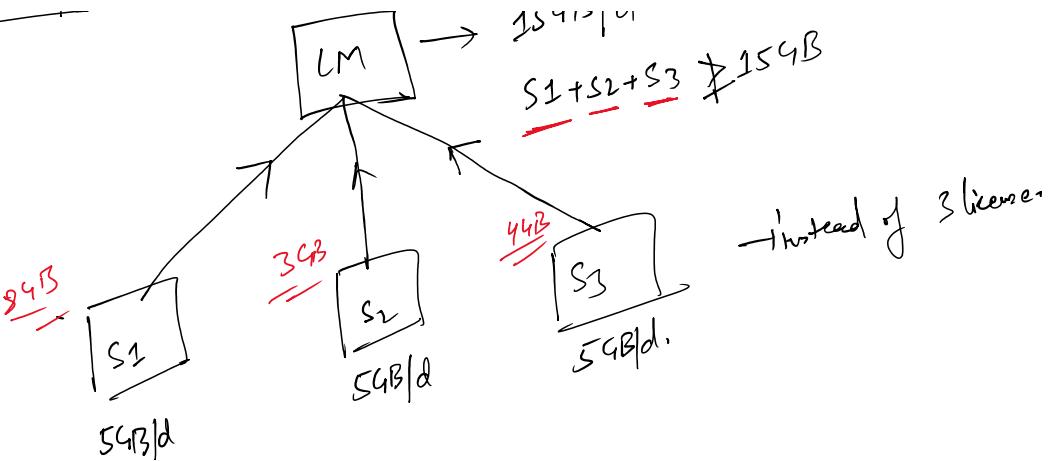


* 5 violation in 30 days window.

License Pooling:

$$\text{LM} \rightarrow 15 \text{ GB/d} \rightarrow 1 \text{ license.}$$

$$S_1 + S_2 + S_3 \nleq 15 \text{ GB}$$



Indexes → I₁, I₂, I₃, I₄

Harddisk → D:, C:, E:, F:

↓
Segregate tree data, so that
searching will be fast.

Index

license
consumption

Predefined Index

- ① Index starting with (*) → -audit, -introspect, etc.
- ② It is used to store the Splunk App logs.
- ③ No license is consumed. You can't get your custom logs.

Default Index

- ① index=main is called the default index.
- ② Insert your own logs & license will be calculated.

Custom Index

- ① We will be creating our own index. ex → _raw, sample_idx, show_idx.
- ② You can get your own logs.

Field Name is Case Sensitive

Field Value is Case Insensitive.

Searching Mode:

Fast Mode

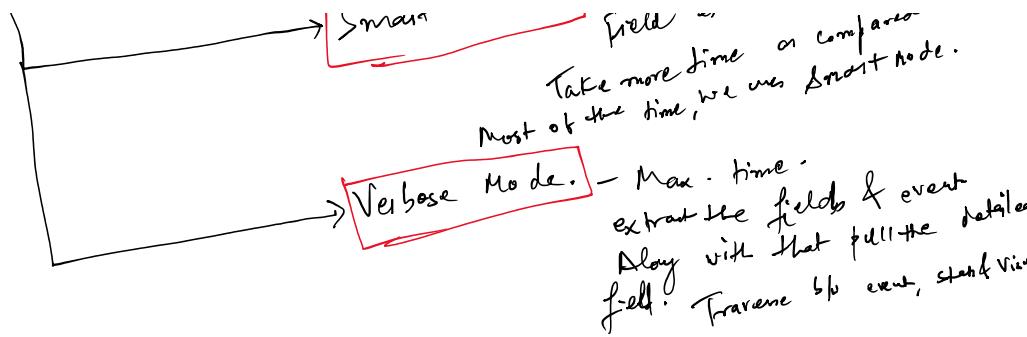
→ Pull the event
No field extraction.

Fastest Mode of searching of the event.
When we just want the count of the event.

Smart Mode

→ Pull the event
Field extraction.

Takes more time as compared to Fast mode.
... we use Smart mode.



Search your data! - ① Extraction of field.
 ② Pulling the events.

- SPL →
 - ① table.
 - ② Rename.
 - ③ stat.
 - ④ eval
 - ⑤ chart
 - ⑥ timedstat -
 - ⑦ rex -
 - ⑧ addtototal.
 - ⑨ addtotal.
 - ⑩ top
 - ⑪ rare.
 - ⑬ event count -
 - ⑭ Sort
- visualization

① Table:- Tabular output
 ex - | table f¹, f², f³ - - -
 Same the seq. the output will come.

② Rename:- Change the name ~~of~~ at the ^{searchtime}
 ex - | rename f¹ as new-f¹,
 oldname new field

③ stat:- It will give the statistical output.
 ex - | stat count by f¹, f² - - -

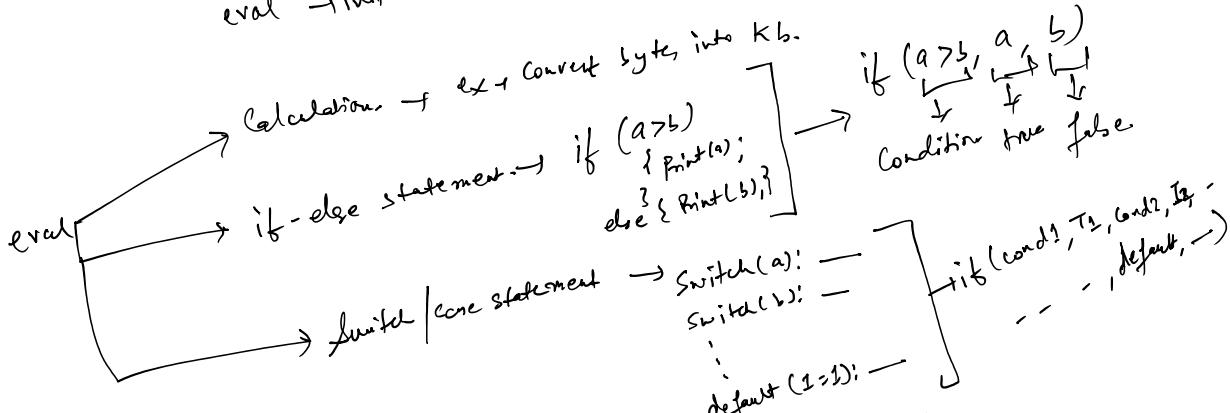
- (3) stab It will do
- ① count - | stab count by f1, f2 - -
 - ② sum - | stab sum(f1) - -
 - ③ arg. - | stab avg(f1) - -
 - ④ list - | stab list (source) as source by Source type.
↳ overall list of item.
 - ⑤ values - | stab values (source) as source by Source type
↳ only unique items.

(4) eval

Used for evaluation activity.

int, str, var define the variable.

eval → initialize the var after



field → field - f1 → remove the field f1 from the D.P.

sort → sorting function.

sort - f1 → Descending order.

Sort + f1 / sort f1 → Ascending order.