Al Assisted Coding

Assignment (5.4)

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Description 1:

 Prompt GitHub Copilot to generate a Python script that collects user data (e.g., name, age,

email). Then, ask Copilot to add comments on how to anonymize or protect this data. Expected Output #1:

• A script with inline Copilot-suggested code and comments explaining how to safeguard or

anonymize user information (e.g., hashing emails, not storing data unencrypted)

Github copilot Code

```
20 lines - 446 bytes
      def collect user data():
          print("Please enter the following information:")
          name = input("Name: ")
          age = input("Age: ")
          email = input("Email: ")
          user_data = {
              "name": name,
              "age": age,
              "email": email
          print("\nCollected User Data:")
          for key, value in user_data.items():
              print(f"{key.capitalize()}: {value}")
          return user data
      if name == " main ":
          collect user data()
```

Copilot code with comments on how to nonymize or protect this data.:

```
[ Сору
Python
def collect_user_data():
    # Prompt user for personal information
    print("Please enter the following information:")
    name = input("Name: ")
                                # Consider hashing or pseudonymizing this if
    age = input("Age: ")
                                # Avoid collecting if not necessary
    email = input("Email: ")
                                # Mask or encrypt before storing/transmittir
    # Store user data in a dictionary
    user_data = {
       "name": name,
"age": age,
        "email": email
    # Display collected data (avoid this in production if sensitive)
    print("\nCollected User Data:")
    for key, value in user_data_items():
        print(f"{key.capitalize()}: {value}")
    # In a real-world scenario:
```

```
# - Avoid printing sensitive data to console/logs
# - Apply access controls and audit logging
# - Consider anonymizing or pseudonymizing data for analytics
return user_data
if __name__ == "__main__":
    collect_user_data()
```

Task Description 0-2:

• Ask Copilot to generate a Python function for sentiment analysis. Then prompt Copilot to

identify and handle potential biases in the data-

Copilot code:

```
[ Сору
Python
from textblob import TextBlob
def analyze_sentiment(text):
    Analyzes the sentiment of the given text using TextBlob.
    Returns polarity and sentiment classification.
    blob = TextBlob(text)
    polarity = blob.sentiment.polarity # Range: [-1.0, 1.0]
    if polarity > 0:
        sentiment = "Positive"
    elif polarity < 0:</pre>
        sentiment = "Negative"
    else:
        sentiment = "Neutral"
    return {
        "text": text,
        "polarity": polarity,
        "sentiment": sentiment
    }
# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    sample_text = input("Enter text to analyze: ")
    result = analyze_sentiment(sample_text)
    print(f"\nSentiment: {result['sentiment']}")
print(f"Polarity Score: {result['polarity']}")
```

identify and handle potential biases in the data:

```
Updated Code with Bias Awareness
                                                                    (O Copy
Python
from textblob import TextBlob
def analyze_sentiment(text):
    Analyzes the sentiment of the given text using TextBlob.
    Returns polarity and sentiment classification.
  ▲ Bias Considerations:

    TextBlob uses a predefined lexicon that may not reflect cultural or cor

    - Slang, sarcasm, or dialects may be misclassified.
    - Sentiment scores may skew toward certain writing styles or topics.
    blob = TextBlob(text)
    polarity = blob sentiment polarity # Range: [-1.0, 1.0]
    # Basic sentiment classification
    if polarity > 0:
        sentiment = "Positive"
    elif polarity < 0:</pre>
        sentiment = "Negative"
        sentiment = "Neutral"
```

```
return {
    "text": text,
    "polarity": polarity,
    "sentiment": sentiment
}

# Example usage

if __name__ == "__main__":
    sample_text = input("Enter text to analyze: ")

# A Bias Handling Tip:

# Consider preprocessing input to normalize slang, emojis, or abbreviatic

# You could also log or flag low-confidence or ambiguous results for revi

result = analyze_sentiment(sample_text)
    print(f"\nSentiment: {result['sentiment']}")
    print(f"Polarity Score: {result['polarity']}")
```

Task Description 3:

• Use Copilot to write a Python program that recommends products based on user history. Ask

it to follow ethical guidelines like transparency and fairness.

Expected Output #3:

 Copilot suggestions that include explanations, fairness checks (e.g., avoiding favoritism), and

user feedback options in the code

Copilot Code:

```
60 lines · 2 KB
      import random
      PRODUCTS = [
          {"id": 1, "name": "Wireless Mouse", "category": "Electronics"},
          {"id": 2, "name": "Yoga Mat", "category": "Fitness"},
          {"id": 3, "name": "Water Bottle", "category": "Fitness"},
          {"id": 4, "name": "Bluetooth Headphones", "category": "Electronics"},
          {"id": 5, "name": "Notebook", "category": "Stationery"},
          {"id": 6, "name": "Ballpoint Pen", "category": "Stationery"},
      def recommend_products(user_history):
          Recommend products based on user history.
          Ethical Guidelines:
              - Transparency: Explain why recommendations are made.
               - Fairness: Avoid biased or discriminatory suggestions.
          categories = [product["category"] for product in user_history]
          if not categories:
              print("No user history available. Showing popular products:")
              recommendations = random.sample(PRODUCTS, k=min(3, len(PRODUCTS)))
              explanation = "Recommended popular products as no user history was found."
              preferred_categories = set(categories)
              recommendations = [
                  product for product in PRODUCTS
```

```
60 lines · 2 KB
                  product for product in PRODUCTS
                  if product["category"] in preferred_categories and product not in user_history
              if len(recommendations) < 3:</pre>
                  additional = [
                      product for product in PRODUCTS
                      if product not in recommendations and product not in user_history
                  recommendations += random.sample(additional, k=min(3 - len(recommendations), len(addit
              recommendations = recommendations[:3]
              explanation = (
                  "Recommended based on your interest in: "
                  + ", ".join(preferred_categories)
          print("Ethical Notice: Recommendations are generated based on your previous product interaction
          print(f"Explanation: {explanation}\n")
          print("Recommended Products:")
          for product in recommendations:
              print(f"- {product['name']} ({product['category']})")
      if __name__ == "__main__":
          user_history = [
              {"id": 2, "name": "Yoga Mat", "category": "Fitness"},
              {"id": 3, "name": "Water Bottle", "category": "Fitness"}
          recommend_products(user_history)
```

Task Description 4:

• Prompt Copilot to generate logging functionality in a Python web application. Then, ask it to

ensure the logs do not record sensitive information.

Expected Output #4:

• Logging code that avoids saving personal identifiers (e.g., passwords, emails), and includes

comments about ethical logging practices

Copilot Code:

```
48 lines · 1 KB
                                                                                      O
      import logging
      from flask import Flask, request
      app = Flask(__name__)
      logging.basicConfig(
          filename='app.log',
          level=logging.INFO,
          format='%(asctime)s %(levelname)s %(message)s'
      def filter_sensitive_data(data):
          Redact sensitive fields from data dictionaries before logging.
          Add more field names if needed.
          SENSITIVE_KEYS = {'password', 'secret', 'token', 'email'}
          redacted = {}
          for key, value in data.items():
              if key.lower() in SENSITIVE_KEYS:
                  redacted[key] = '[REDACTED]'
                  redacted[key] = value
          return redacted
```

```
26
27  @app.before_request
28  def log_request_info():
29     # Copy request form data and filter sensitive information
30     if request.method == 'POST':
31         log_data = filter_sensitive_data(request.form.to_dict())
32         logging.info(f"POST {request.path} - Data: {log_data}")
33     else:
34         logging.info(f"{request.method} {request.path}")
35
36     @app.route('/login', methods=['POST'])
37     def login():
38         # Example login endpoint
39         # Do NOT log sensitive authentication data
40         return "Login attempt logged (without sensitive info)."
41
42     @app.route('/')
43     def home():
44         return "Welcome to the home page."
45
46     if __name__ == "__main__":
47         print("Ethical Notice: Logging is configured to avoid recording sensitive informatical app.run(debug=True)
```

Task Description 5:

• Ask Copilot to generate a machine learning model. Then, prompt it to add documentation on

how to use the model responsibly (e.g., explainability, accuracy limits). Expected Output #5:

• Copilot-generated model code with a README or inline documentation suggesting responsible usage, limitations, and fairness considerations

Copilot Code:

```
import pandas as pd
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
      import joblib
      def train_model(data_path, model_path="trained_model.pkl"):
 6
 8
          Trains a RandomForestClassifier on the provided dataset.
10
          Parameters:
              data_path (str): Path to the CSV file containing the data.
11
12
              model_path (str): Path to save the trained model.
13
14
          The CSV should have the target variable in the last column.
          # Load data
17
          data = pd.read csv(data_path)
          X = data.iloc[:, :-1]
18
19
          y = data.iloc[:, -1]
```

```
22
          X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
23
24
25
          clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
26
          clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
27
28
          # Save model
29
          joblib.dump(clf, model_path)
          print(f"Model trained and saved to {model_path}")
          # Evaluate model
          accuracy = clf.score(X_test, y_test)
          print(f"Test Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}")
35
36
      if __name__ == "__main__":
38
          train_model('your_data.csv')
```