

**ready blueprint:**

1. Overall architecture (tech + flow)
2. Features by role (teacher / parent / owner / staff)
3. Database design (collections & fields)
4. API design (important endpoints)
5. App structure in Flutter (screens)
6. Admin panel structure
7. Week-by-week roadmap (what to do first → last)

I'll assume **Node.js + Express + MongoDB + Flutter + simple React/HTML admin panel.**

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## **1 Overall Architecture (High Level)**

**Frontend:**

- **Flutter mobile app**
  - One app, 3 roles:
    - Teacher
    - Parent
    - School Owner
- **Web Admin Panel**

- Built with React or simple HTML + Bootstrap
- Used by Management Staff

## Backend:

- **Node.js + Express REST API**
- **MongoDB** as database
- **JWT Auth** (role-based)
- **Payment gateway**: Razorpay / Stripe (later step)
- Optional later: **Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM)** for notifications

## Flow Example (Fee Payment):

Parent opens app → sees fee due → presses “Pay” → payment gateway page → success → backend marks fee as PAID → admin panel + owner app show updated status.

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## 2 Features by Role (MVP)

- ◆ **Common (All Roles)**
  - Login / Logout
  - View profile
  - Change password



**Teacher (Mobile app)**

- View classes assigned
- View students list
- Mark attendance (present/absent)
- Add homework / assignments
- View timetable (optional later)

### Parent (Mobile app)

- View child details (class, section, roll)
- View attendance summary
- View homework / announcements
- View fees:
  - Pending fees
  - Paid history
- Pay fees online

### School Owner (Mobile app)

- View total students, teachers
- View fee collection summary
- See list of defaulters (students with pending fees)
- Basic reports (monthly collection, etc.)



## Management Staff (Admin Panel)

- CRUD:
  - Schools (if multiple)
  - Classes, Sections
  - Students, Parents, Teachers
- Assign students to classes
- Assign teachers to classes
- Create fee structures:
  - Fee type (tuition, transport)
  - Amount
  - Due dates
- Track payments
- Export basic reports (CSV maybe later)

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## 3 Database Design (MongoDB – Collections)

You can refine later, but here's a solid starting point.

### 1. users

Stores login + role info.

{

```
        "_id": ObjectId,
        "name": "Rahul Sharma",
        "email": "rahul@example.com",
        "password_hash": "...",
        "role": "TEACHER" | "PARENT" | "OWNER" | "STAFF",
        "schoolId": ObjectId, // which school they belong to
        "createdAt": ISODate,
        "updatedAt": ISODate
    }
```

## 2. schools

```
{
    "_id": ObjectId,
    "name": "ABC Public School",
    "address": "Sikar, Rajasthan",
    "ownerUserId": ObjectId, // reference to users
    "createdAt": ISODate
}
```

## 3. classes

```
{
    "_id": ObjectId,
    "schoolId": ObjectId,
    "name": "Class 8",
    "section": "A",
    "classTeacherId": ObjectId, // user (teacher)
    "createdAt": ISODate
}
```

## 4. students

```
{  
    "_id": ObjectId,  
    "schoolId": ObjectId,  
    "classId": ObjectId,  
    "rollNo": 12,  
    "name": "Aman Kumar",  
    "dob": "2010-05-11",  
    "parentUserId": ObjectId,  
    "admissionNo": "ADM2025-001",  
    "status": "ACTIVE" | "INACTIVE",  
    "createdAt": ISODate  
}
```

## 5. attendance

One record per class per day (with student-level status list), or one per student per day.

For now, per student per day:

```
{  
    "_id": ObjectId,  
    "studentId": ObjectId,  
    "classId": ObjectId,  
    "date": "2025-12-01",  
    "status": "PRESENT" | "ABSENT" | "LEAVE",  
    "markedBy": ObjectId, // teacher  
    "createdAt": ISODate  
}
```

## 6. homeworks

```
{  
    "_id": ObjectId,
```

```
"schoolId": ObjectId,  
"classId": ObjectId,  
"title": "Maths – Fractions",  
"description": "Solve Q1–10",  
"dueDate": "2025-12-03",  
"createdBy": ObjectId, // teacher  
"createdAt": ISODate  
}
```

## 7. feeStructures

Defines the fee plan.

```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId,  
  "schoolId": ObjectId,  
  "classId": ObjectId, // or null if common  
  "title": "Monthly Tuition Fee",  
  "amount": 1500,  
  "frequency": "MONTHLY" | "ONE_TIME",  
  "isActive": true  
}
```

## 8. feeInvoices (Very important)

For each student, for each fee cycle:

```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId,  
  "schoolId": ObjectId,  
  "studentId": ObjectId,  
  "feeStructureId": ObjectId,  
  "month": 11,
```

```
"year": 2025,  
"amount": 1500,  
"status": "PENDING" | "PAID",  
"dueDate": "2025-11-10",  
"paidDate": "2025-11-07",  
"paymentRef": "RAZORPAY_ORDER_ID",  
"createdAt": ISODate  
}
```

You can add more collections later (notifications, exams, etc.), but this is enough for a strong MVP.

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## 4 API Design (Important Endpoints)

Base: `/api`

### Auth

- `POST /api/auth/register` (for staff/owner – maybe only admin uses)
- `POST /api/auth/login`
- `GET /api/auth/me` – get current user (using JWT)

### Schools

- `POST /api/schools` (create school – owner/staff only)
- `GET /api/schools/:id`
- `GET /api/schools` (for owner – list all his schools if multi)

## **Classes**

- POST /api/classes
- GET /api/classes?schoolId=...
- PUT /api/classes/:id
- DELETE /api/classes/:id

## **Students**

- POST /api/students
- GET /api/students?classId=...
- GET /api/students/:id
- PUT /api/students/:id
- DELETE /api/students/:id

## **Attendance**

- POST /api/attendance/mark
  - body: { classId, date, records: [{ studentId, status } ] }
- GET /api/attendance/class/:classId?date=2025-12-01

- GET  
`/api/attendance/student/:studentId?month=11&year=2025`

## Homework

- POST `/api/homeworks`
- GET `/api/homeworks?classId=...`
- GET `/api/homeworks/:id`

## Fees

- POST `/api/fees/structures`
- GET `/api/fees/structures?classId=...`
- POST `/api/fees/invoices/generate`  
(for a month for a class, etc.)
- GET `/api/fees/invoices?studentId=...`
- GET `/api/fees/invoices/:id`

## Payment Integration (rough idea)

- POST `/api/payments/create-order`
  - calls Razorpay/Stripe SDK, returns order ID
- Flutter app opens payment UI

- On success, backend:
  - POST /api/payments/webhook (from gateway)
  - marks `feeInvoice.status = "PAID"`

## Owner / Dashboard

- GET /api/dashboard/owner?schoolId=...
  - returns:
    - total students
    - total collected fees this month
    - total pending
    - attendance stats

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## 5 Flutter App Structure (Screens)

One app, login decides which dashboard to show.

### Core Structure

- `login_screen.dart`
- `role_selection` is not needed; role comes from backend.

After login, based on `role`:

#### For Teacher

- TeacherHomeScreen
  - Today's classes
- ClassStudentsScreen (list students)
- MarkAttendanceScreen
- HomeworkListScreen
- CreateHomeworkScreen

#### **For Parent**

- ParentHomeScreen
  - Child name + class + summary
- AttendanceSummaryScreen
- HomeworkScreen
- FeesScreen
  - List of invoices (Pending / Paid)
  - PayNow button → payment

#### **For Owner**

- OwnerDashboardScreen
  - Cards: total students, total teachers, total collection, pending

- `ClassListScreen`
- `DefaulterListScreen` (students with pending invoices)

Use:

- `BottomNavigationBar` (Home / Attendance / Fees / Profile etc.)
  - `Dio` or `http` package for API calls
  - Some basic state management (Provider is enough for MVP)
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## 6 Admin Panel Structure (Web)

You don't need fancy design initially. Use:

- React + Vite + Tailwind/Bootstrap OR even simple HTML with a template.

Pages:

1. Login
2. Dashboard (cards: total students, teachers, fees)
3. Schools (if multiple)
4. Classes & Sections
5. Students
6. Teachers

7. Parents

8. Fees:

- Fee Structures
- Invoices & Payments

9. Reports (basic tables)

Each page will call your backend APIs.

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## **7 Week-by-Week Roadmap (Realistic)**

Assuming ~2–3 hrs/day and you already know JS basics.



### **Week 1 – Backend Skeleton**

- Setup Node.js + Express project
- Connect to MongoDB
- Implement:
  - `User` model
  - Auth (register + login + JWT)
- Test with Postman



### **Week 2 – Core Models**

- Add models: `School`, `Class`, `Student`

- APIs for:
  - Create school
  - Create class, assign teacher
  - Create & fetch students
- Start planning fee structure model



## Week 3 – Attendance & Homework

- Create `Attendance` + `Homework` models
- Build APIs:
  - Mark attendance
  - Get attendance
  - Create + get homework



## Week 4 – Fee System

- Implement `feeStructures` and `feeInvoices`
- API to:
  - Create fee structure
  - Generate invoices for a class/month
  - Fetch invoices for a student



## Week 5 – Payment Integration

- Choose gateway (Razorpay/Stripe test mode)
- Implement:
  - `create-order` endpoint
  - Handle webhook / success logic
  - Mark invoice as paid



## Week 6 – Flutter Basics + Auth

- Learn Flutter basics (layouts, navigation)
- Build:
  - Login screen
  - Network calls to login API
- After login, navigate to role-based home screen



## Week 7 – Teacher Flow

- Build teacher UI:
  - View classes
  - View students in class
  - Mark attendance (call API)
  - Create homework



## Week 8 – Parent Flow

- Parent home:
  - Child details
  - Attendance summary (API)
  - Homework view
  - Fees screen: list invoices

## Week 9 – Parent Payment Flow

- Integrate payment gateway in Flutter (webview / SDK)
- After success:
  - Confirm with backend
  - Update UI of invoices

## Week 10 – Owner & Admin Panel

- Simple owner dashboard in app
- Start basic admin panel:
  - Login
  - View schools, classes, students list

## Week 11–12 – Polish & Extras

- Validation, error handling
- Simple role-based protections

- Improve UI
- Write README + record demo video

You don't have to follow this **100% strictly**, but this is a very solid path.