

TELECOM-CUSTOMER-CHURN-EDA-PROJECT_VIVEK_CHAUHAN

In [1]: *# import necessary libraries to work with dataset*

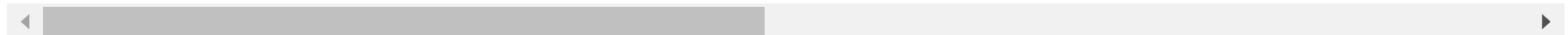
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]: `data = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/VIVEK CHAUHAN/Desktop/eda-projects (1)/7-eda-project/Telco-Customer-Churn.csv")`
data

Out[2]:

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	No	No phone service	DSL	No	...
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	Yes	No	DSL	Yes	...
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	Yes	No	DSL	Yes	...
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	No	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	Yes	No	Fiber optic	No	...
...
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	Yes	Yes	DSL	Yes	...
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
7040	4801-JJAZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	No	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	Yes	No	Fiber optic	Yes	...

7043 rows × 21 columns



In [3]: *# to check all the column names*

```
data.columns
```

Out[3]: Index(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner', 'Dependents',
 'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
 'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection', 'TechSupport',
 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract', 'PaperlessBilling',
 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges', 'TotalCharges', 'Churn'],
 dtype='object')

In [4]: *# top 10 data from the dataset*

```
data.head(10)
```

Out[4]:

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...	Dev
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	No	No phone service	DSL	No	...	
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	Yes	No	DSL	Yes	...	
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	Yes	No	DSL	Yes	...	
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	No	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...	
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	Yes	No	Fiber optic	No	...	
5	9305-CDSKC	Female	0	No	No	8	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...	
6	1452-KIOVK	Male	0	No	Yes	22	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...	
7	6713-OKOMC	Female	0	No	No	10	No	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...	
8	7892-POOKP	Female	0	Yes	No	28	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...	
9	6388-TABGU	Male	0	No	Yes	62	Yes	No	DSL	Yes	...	

10 rows × 21 columns



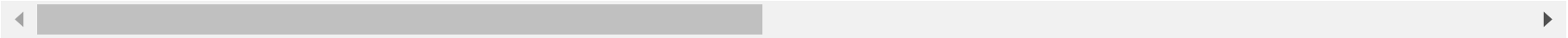
In [5]: *# Last 10 data from the dataset*

```
data.tail(10)
```

Out[5]:

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
7033	9767-FFLEM	Male	0	No	No	38	Yes	No	Fiber optic	No	...
7034	0639-TSIQW	Female	0	No	No	67	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	Yes	...
7035	8456-QDAVC	Male	0	No	No	19	Yes	No	Fiber optic	No	...
7036	7750-EYXWZ	Female	0	No	No	12	No	No phone service	DSL	No	...
7037	2569-WGERO	Female	0	No	No	72	Yes	No	No	No internet service	...
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	Yes	Yes	DSL	Yes	...
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
7040	4801-JAZZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	No	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	Yes	No	Fiber optic	Yes	...

10 rows × 21 columns



In [6]: *# checking the data types of all the columns*

```
data.dtypes
```

```
Out[6]: customerID      object
gender      object
SeniorCitizen  int64
Partner      object
Dependents    object
tenure      int64
PhoneService  object
MultipleLines object
InternetService object
OnlineSecurity object
OnlineBackup  object
DeviceProtection object
TechSupport  object
StreamingTV   object
StreamingMovies object
Contract      object
PaperlessBilling object
PaymentMethod object
MonthlyCharges float64
TotalCharges  object
Churn         object
dtype: object
```

```
In [7]: # info about our dataset
```

```
data.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042
Data columns (total 21 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   customerID            7043 non-null   object
 1   gender                7043 non-null   object
 2   SeniorCitizen         7043 non-null   int64
 3   Partner               7043 non-null   object
 4   Dependents            7043 non-null   object
 5   tenure                7043 non-null   int64
 6   PhoneService          7043 non-null   object
 7   MultipleLines         7043 non-null   object
 8   InternetService       7043 non-null   object
 9   OnlineSecurity        7043 non-null   object
10   OnlineBackup          7043 non-null   object
11   DeviceProtection      7043 non-null   object
12   TechSupport           7043 non-null   object
13   StreamingTV           7043 non-null   object
14   StreamingMovies       7043 non-null   object
15   Contract              7043 non-null   object
16   PaperlessBilling      7043 non-null   object
17   PaymentMethod         7043 non-null   object
18   MonthlyCharges        7043 non-null   float64
19   TotalCharges          7043 non-null   object
20   Churn                 7043 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(18)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB

```

```

In [8]: # get the statistics about our dataset

data.describe()

```

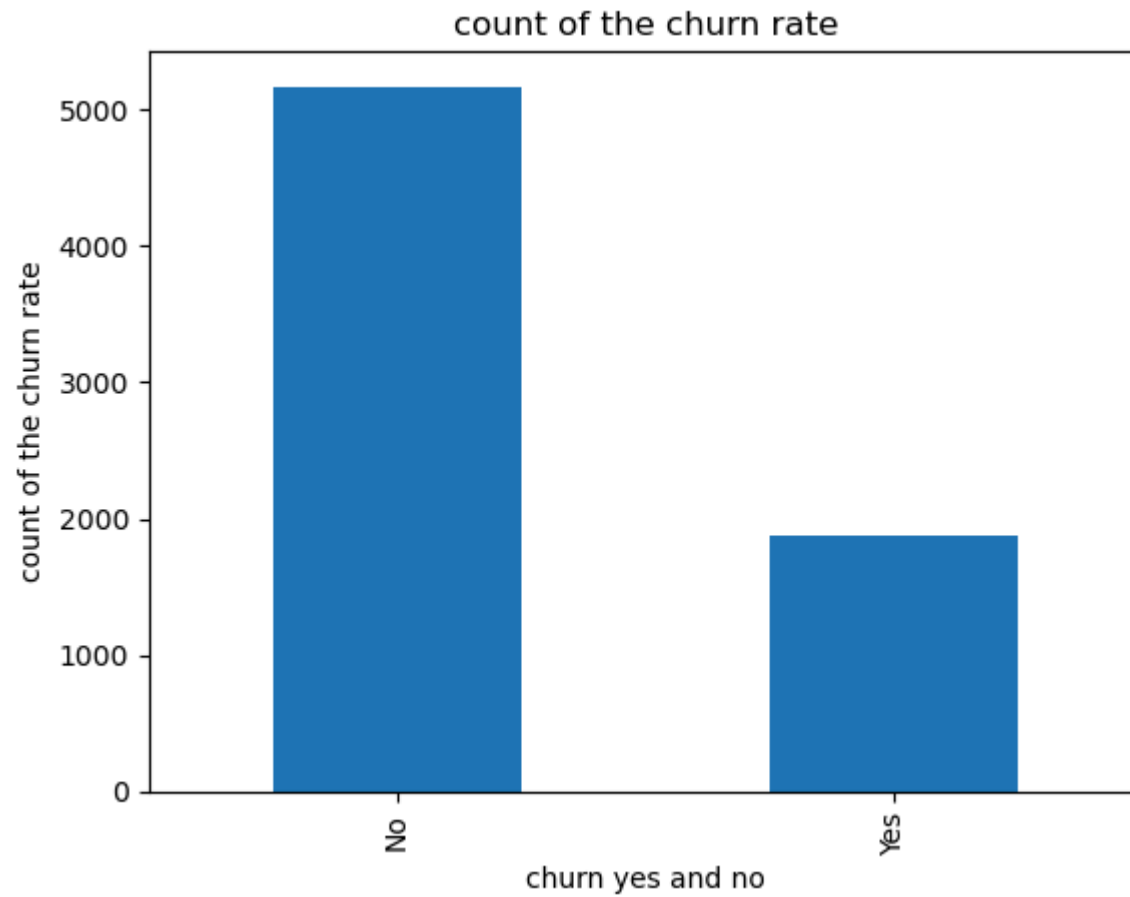

Out[8]:

	SeniorCitizen	tenure	MonthlyCharges
count	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000
mean	0.162147	32.371149	64.761692
std	0.368612	24.559481	30.090047
min	0.000000	0.000000	18.250000
25%	0.000000	9.000000	35.500000
50%	0.000000	29.000000	70.350000
75%	0.000000	55.000000	89.850000
max	1.000000	72.000000	118.750000

In [9]: *# churn rate*

```
data["Churn"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar")
plt.xlabel("churn yes and no")
plt.ylabel("count of the churn rate")
plt.title("count of the churn rate")
```

Out[9]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'count of the churn rate')



```
In [10]: # churn counts
```

```
data["Churn"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[10]: Churn
```

```
No      5174
```

```
Yes      1869
```

```
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: # percentage of the churn rate
```

```
100 * data["Churn"].value_counts() / len(data["Churn"])
```

```
Out[11]: Churn
         No      73.463013
         Yes     26.536987
         Name: count, dtype: float64
```

```
In [12]: # check our dataset and take random column has any nan or empty values or not

data["Churn"].hasnans
```

```
Out[12]: False
```

```
In [13]: # minimum tenures

data["tenure"].min()
```

```
Out[13]: 0
```

```
In [14]: # max tenures

data["tenure"].max()
```

```
Out[14]: 72
```

```
In [15]: # average tenures

data["tenure"].mean()
```

```
Out[15]: 32.37114865824223
```

```
In [16]: # most common tenures

data["tenure"].mode()
```

```
Out[16]: 0    1
         Name: tenure, dtype: int64
```

```
In [17]: # most common internet services so we can identify which service is public prefer

data["InternetService"].mode()
```

Out[17]: 0 Fiber optic
Name: InternetService, dtype: object

```
In [18]: # most of the customer which type of contracts have  
  
data["Contract"].mode()
```

Out[18]: 0 Month-to-month
Name: Contract, dtype: object

```
In [19]: # which type of payment method that customer used  
  
data["PaymentMethod"].mode()
```

Out[19]: 0 Electronic check
Name: PaymentMethod, dtype: object

```
In [20]: # Let's count the customers genders  
  
data["gender"].value_counts()
```

Out[20]: gender
Male 3555
Female 3488
Name: count, dtype: int64

```
In [21]: # Let's count the partner  
  
data["Partner"].value_counts()
```

Out[21]: Partner
No 3641
Yes 3402
Name: count, dtype: int64

```
In [22]: # Let's count the Dependents  
  
data["Dependents"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[22]: Dependents  
No      4933  
Yes     2110  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [23]: # Let's count the total tenure
```

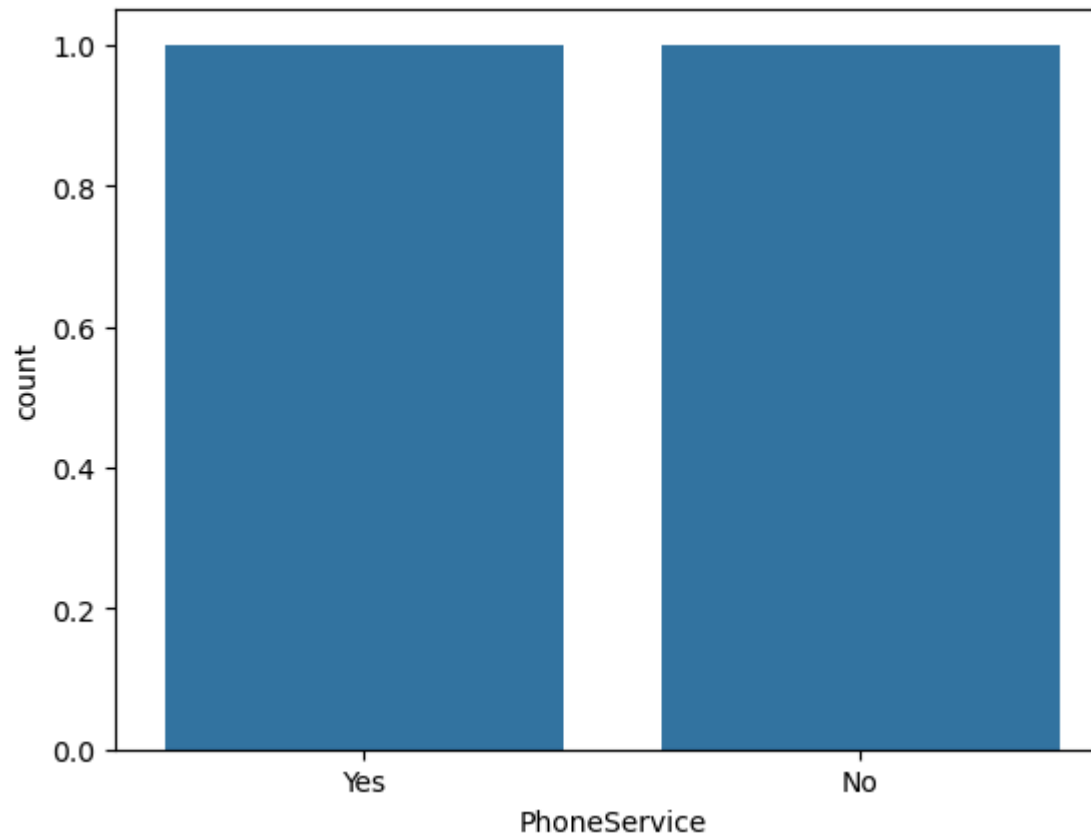
```
data["tenure"].sum()
```

```
Out[23]: 227990
```

```
In [24]: # Let's count the phoneservices
```

```
a = data.PhoneService.value_counts()
```

```
sns.countplot(data=a)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [25]: # Lets count the multiplelines
```

```
data.MultipleLines.value_counts()
```

```
Out[25]: MultipleLines
```

```
No          3390
```

```
Yes          2971
```

```
No phone service    682
```

```
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [26]: # Let's count the internet services
```

```
data.InternetService.value_counts()
```

```
Out[26]: InternetService
        Fiber optic      3096
        DSL              2421
        No               1526
        Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [27]: # Let's count the onlinesecurity services

data.OnlineSecurity.value_counts()
```

```
Out[27]: OnlineSecurity
        No              3498
        Yes            2019
        No internet service  1526
        Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [28]: # Let's count the onlinebackup services

data.OnlineBackup.value_counts()
```

```
Out[28]: OnlineBackup
        No              3088
        Yes            2429
        No internet service  1526
        Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [29]: # Let's count the deviceprotection services

data.DeviceProtection.value_counts()
```

```
Out[29]: DeviceProtection
        No              3095
        Yes            2422
        No internet service  1526
        Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [30]: # Let's count the TechSupport services

data.TechSupport.value_counts()
```

```
Out[30]: TechSupport
         No                3473
         Yes               2044
         No internet service 1526
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [31]: # Let's count the StreamingTV services

data.StreamingTV.value_counts()
```

```
Out[31]: StreamingTV
         No                2810
         Yes               2707
         No internet service 1526
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [32]: # Let's count the StreamingMovies services

data.StreamingMovies.value_counts()
```

```
Out[32]: StreamingMovies
         No                2785
         Yes               2732
         No internet service 1526
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [33]: # Let's count the Contract services

data.Contract.value_counts()
```

```
Out[33]: Contract
         Month-to-month  3875
         Two year        1695
         One year        1473
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [34]: # Let's count the PaperlessBilling services

data.PaperlessBilling.value_counts()
```



```
Out[34]: PaperlessBilling
        Yes      4171
        No       2872
        Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [35]: # Let's count the PaymentMethod services

data.PaymentMethod.value_counts()
```

```
Out[35]: PaymentMethod
Electronic check      2365
Mailed check          1612
Bank transfer (automatic) 1544
Credit card (automatic) 1522
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [36]: # Let's count the MonthlyCharges services

data.MonthlyCharges.value_counts()
```

```
Out[36]: MonthlyCharges
20.05      61
19.85      45
19.95      44
19.90      44
20.00      43
..
23.65       1
114.70      1
43.65       1
87.80       1
78.70       1
Name: count, Length: 1585, dtype: int64
```

```
In [37]: # minimum MonthlyCharges

data.MonthlyCharges.min()
```

```
Out[37]: 18.25
```

```
In [38]: # maximum MonthlyCharges  
  
data.MonthlyCharges.max()
```

Out[38]: 118.75

```
In [39]: # average mothlycharge()  
  
data.MonthlyCharges.mean()
```

Out[39]: 64.76169246059918

```
In [40]: # minimum TotalCharges  
  
data.TotalCharges.min()
```

Out[40]: ' '

```
In [41]: # maximum TotalCharges  
  
data.TotalCharges.max()
```

Out[41]: '999.9'

```
In [42]: # check the type of totalcharges column data  
  
data.TotalCharges.dtype
```

Out[42]: dtype('O')

```
In [43]: # Let's count the churn customer  
  
data.Churn.value_counts()
```

Out[43]: Churn
No 5174
Yes 1869
Name: count, dtype: int64

In [44]: *# to check if the dataset has any blank or empty cell or values still present*

```
data.isna()
```

Out[44]:

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
...
7038	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
7039	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
7040	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
7041	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...
7042	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...

7043 rows × 21 columns



In [45]: *# Let's find out the customer id whose minimum tenures*

```
a = data.tenure.min()
b = data["customerID"][data["tenure"]==a]
b
```

```
Out[45]: 488      4472-LVYGI
          753      3115-CZMZD
          936      5709-LVOEQ
          1082     4367-NUYAO
          1340     1371-DWPAZ
          3331     7644-OMVMY
          3826     3213-VVOLG
          4380     2520-SGTTA
          5218     2923-ARZLG
          6670     4075-WKNIU
          6754     2775-SEFEE
          Name: customerID, dtype: object
```

```
In [46]: # Let's find out the customer id,gender whose maximum tenures
```

```
a = data.tenure.max()
b = data[["customerID", "gender"]][data["tenure"]==a]
b
```

Out[46]:

	customerID	gender
28	5248-YGIJN	Male
35	6234-RAAPL	Female
59	5954-BDFSG	Female
62	0526-SXDJP	Male
94	9848-JQJTX	Male
...
6982	8468-FZTOE	Female
7007	2274-XUATA	Male
7022	7203-OYKCT	Male
7037	2569-WGERO	Female
7039	2234-XADUH	Female

362 rows × 2 columns

In [47]: *# Let's find out the min monthlycharges customer id,gender*

```
a = data.MonthlyCharges.min()
b = data[["customerID", "gender"]][data["MonthlyCharges"]==a]
b
```

Out[47]:

	customerID	gender
3719	6823-SIDFQ	Male

In [48]: *# Let's find out the max monthlycharges customer id,gender*

```
a = data.MonthlyCharges.max()
```

```
b = data[["customerID", "gender"]][data["MonthlyCharges"]==a]  
b
```

Out[48]:

	customerID	gender
4586	7569-NMZYQ	Female

In [49]: *# Let's find out the min TotalCharges customer id,gender*

```
a = data.TotalCharges.min()  
b = data[["customerID", "gender"]][data["TotalCharges"]==a]  
b
```

Out[49]:

	customerID	gender
488	4472-LVYGI	Female
753	3115-CZMZD	Male
936	5709-LVOEQ	Female
1082	4367-NUYAO	Male
1340	1371-DWPAZ	Female
3331	7644-OMVMY	Male
3826	3213-VVOLG	Male
4380	2520-SGTTA	Female
5218	2923-ARZLG	Male
6670	4075-WKNIU	Female
6754	2775-SEFEE	Male

In [50]: *# Let's find out the max TotalCharges customer id,gender*

```
a = data.TotalCharges.max()
```

```
b = data[["customerID", "gender"]][data["TotalCharges"]==a]
b
```

```
Out[50]:
```

	customerID	gender
2845	9093-FPDLG	Female

```
In [51]: # Let's count the gender and customer-id who already churned means yes
b = data["gender"] [data.Churn == "Yes"]
b.value_counts()
```

```
Out[51]: gender
Female    939
Male      930
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [52]: # Let's count the gender and customer-id who not churned means no
b = data["gender"] [data.Churn == "No"]
b.value_counts()
```

```
Out[52]: gender
Male      2625
Female    2549
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [53]: # change the datatype of TotalCharges column

data['TotalCharges'] = data['TotalCharges'].replace(r'^\s*$', np.nan, regex=True)
data['TotalCharges'] = data['TotalCharges'].astype(float)
```

```
In [77]: # count the null values in data['TotalCharges'] column

data['TotalCharges'].isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[77]: 11
```

```
In [80]: # fill the null cells with means
```

```
avg_totalcharges = data['TotalCharges'].mean()  
data['TotalCharges'] = data['TotalCharges'].fillna(avg_totalcharges)
```

```
In [81]: # count the null values in data['TotalCharges'] column
```

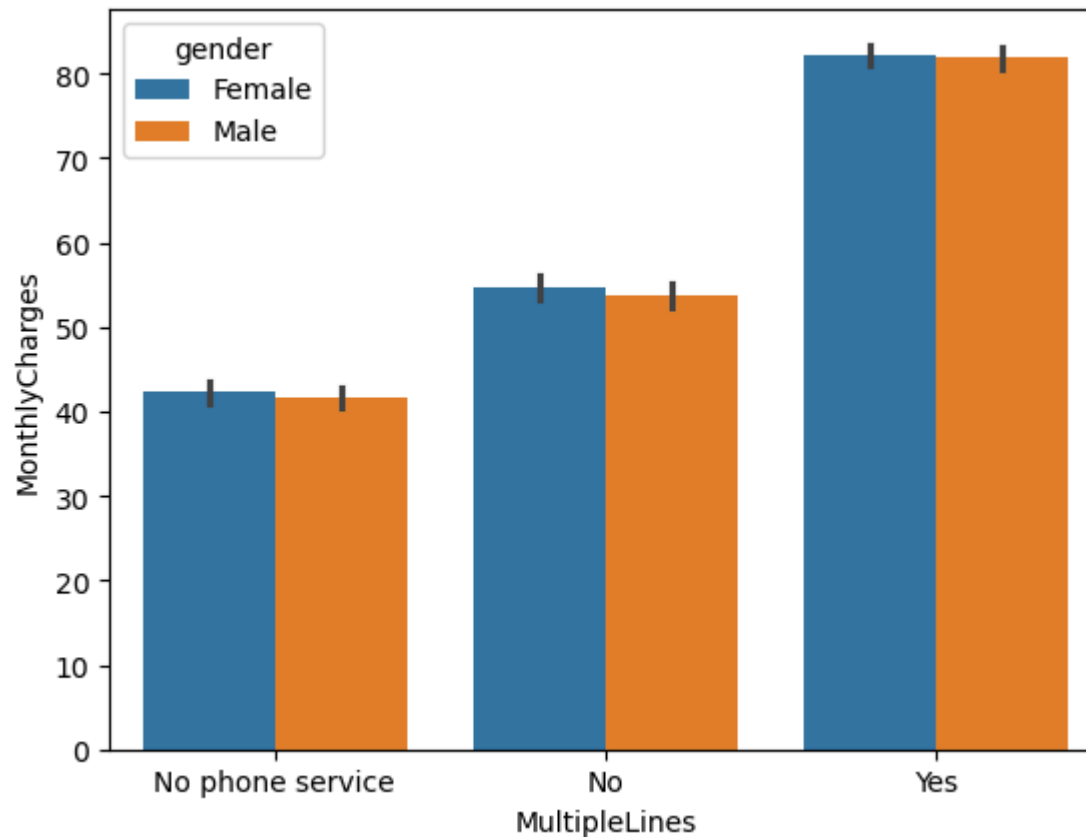
```
data['TotalCharges'].isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[81]: 0
```

```
In [54]: # MultipleLines wise monthly charges
```

```
sns.barplot(x="MultipleLines",y="MonthlyCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

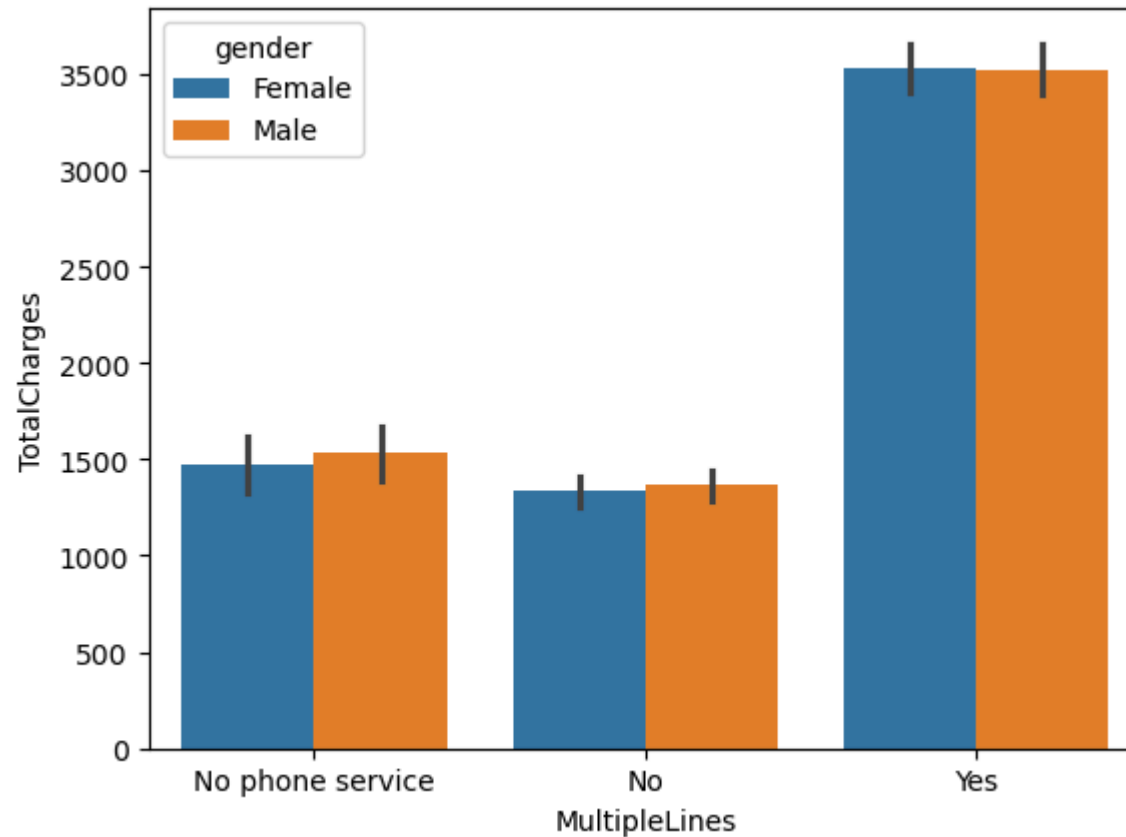
```
Out[54]: <Axes: xlabel='MultipleLines', ylabel='MonthlyCharges'>
```




```
In [55]: # MultipleLines wise total charges
```

```
sns.barplot(x="MultipleLines",y="TotalCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

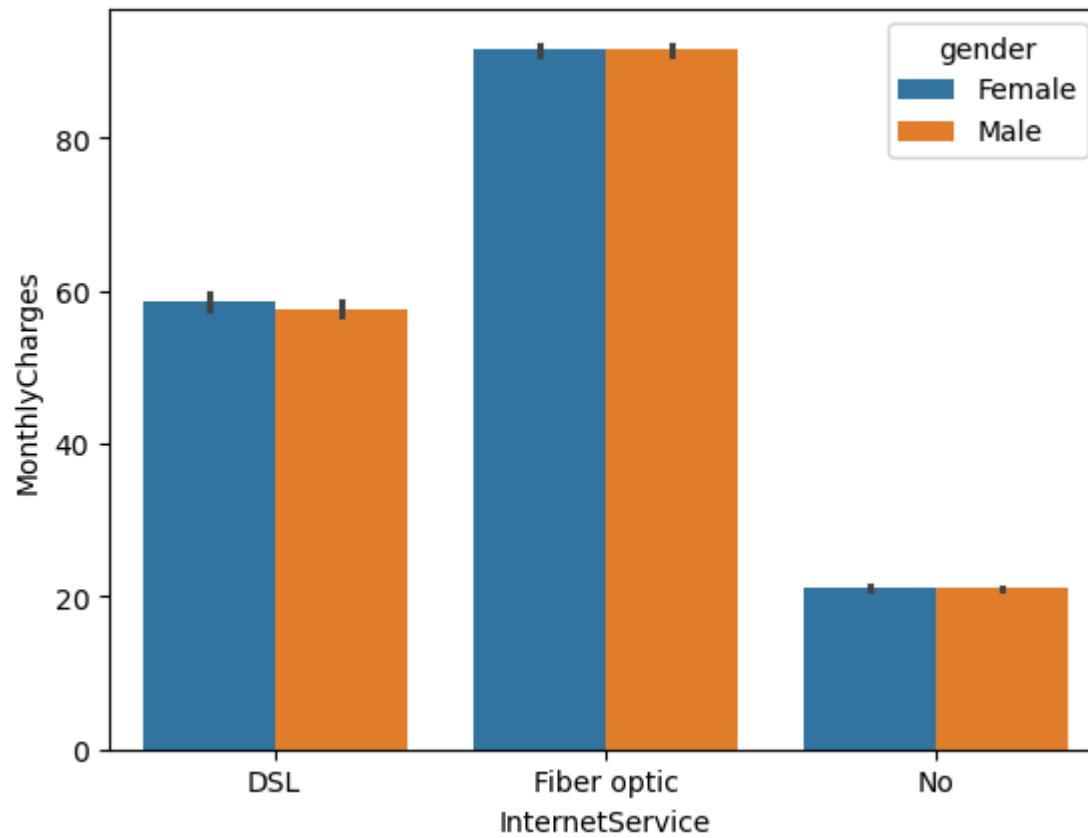
```
Out[55]: <Axes: xlabel='MultipleLines', ylabel='TotalCharges'>
```



```
In [56]: # InternetService wise MonthlyCharges
```

```
sns.barplot(x="InternetService",y="MonthlyCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

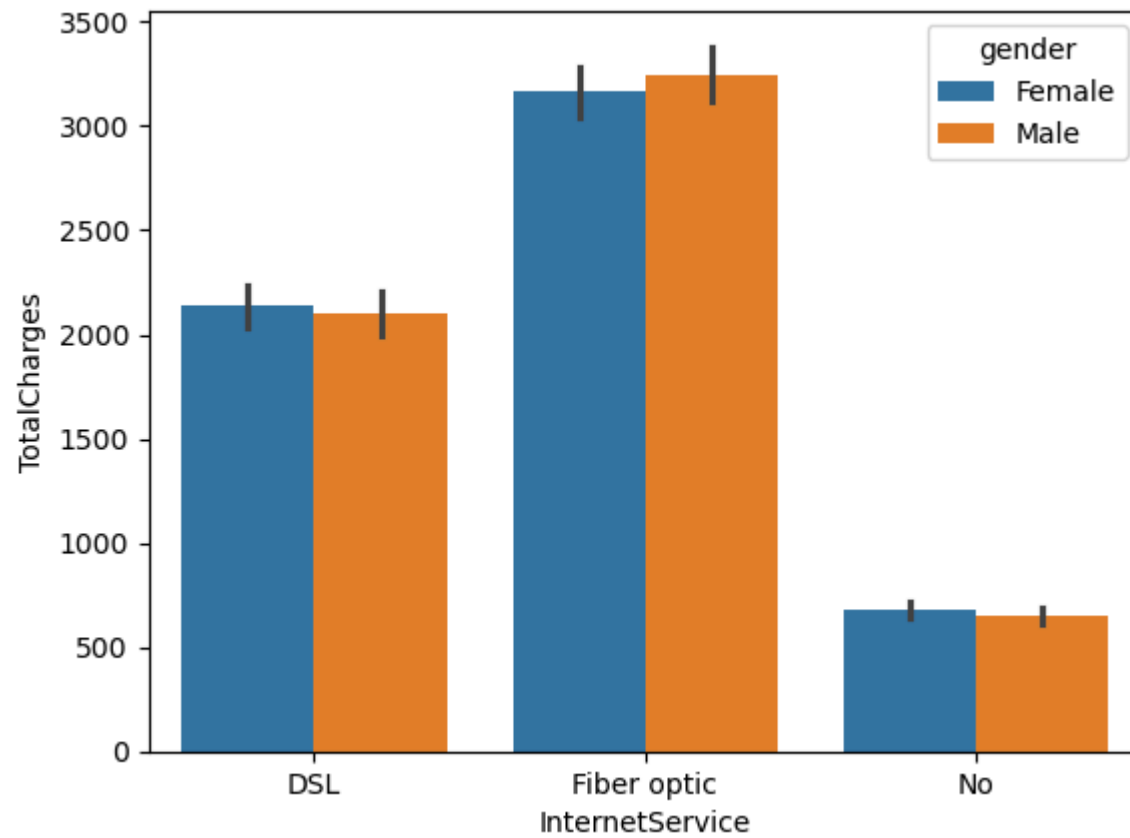
```
Out[56]: <Axes: xlabel='InternetService', ylabel='MonthlyCharges'>
```



```
In [57]: # InternetService wise total charges
```

```
sns.barplot(x="InternetService",y="TotalCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

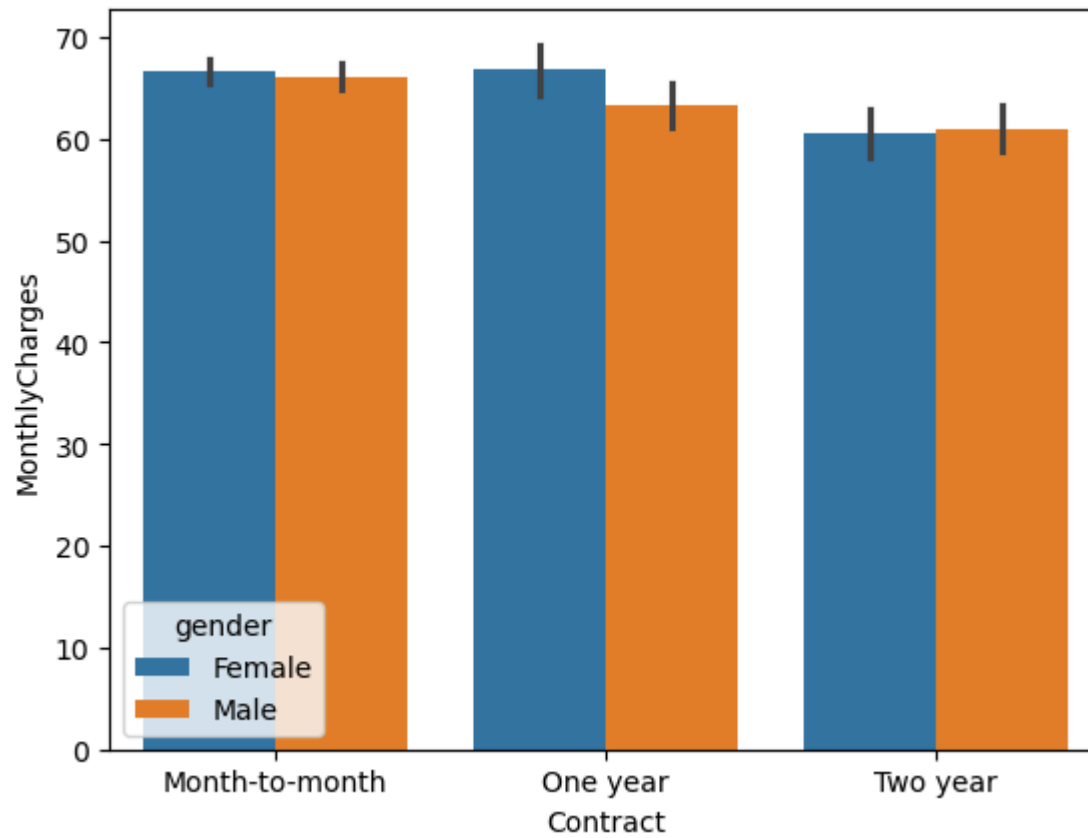
```
Out[57]: <Axes: xlabel='InternetService', ylabel='TotalCharges'>
```



```
In [58]: # Contract wise MonthlyCharges
```

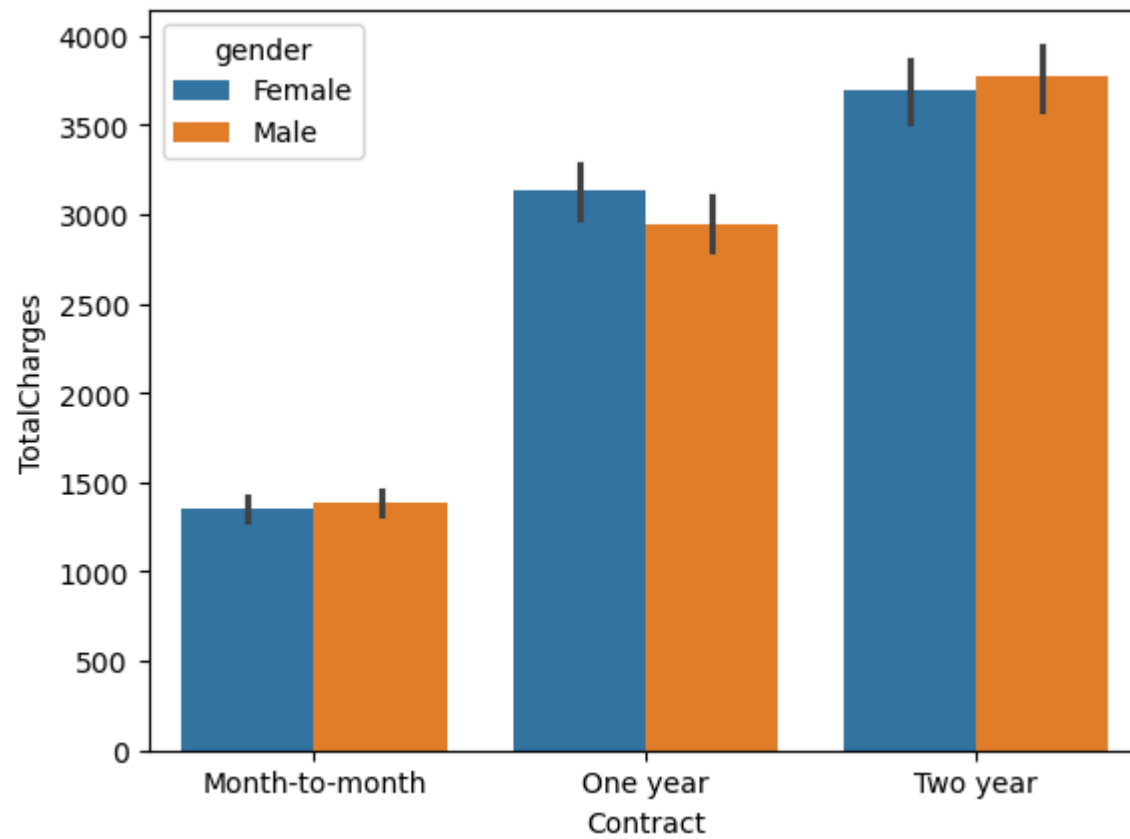
```
sns.barplot(x="Contract",y="MonthlyCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

```
Out[58]: <Axes: xlabel='Contract', ylabel='MonthlyCharges'>
```



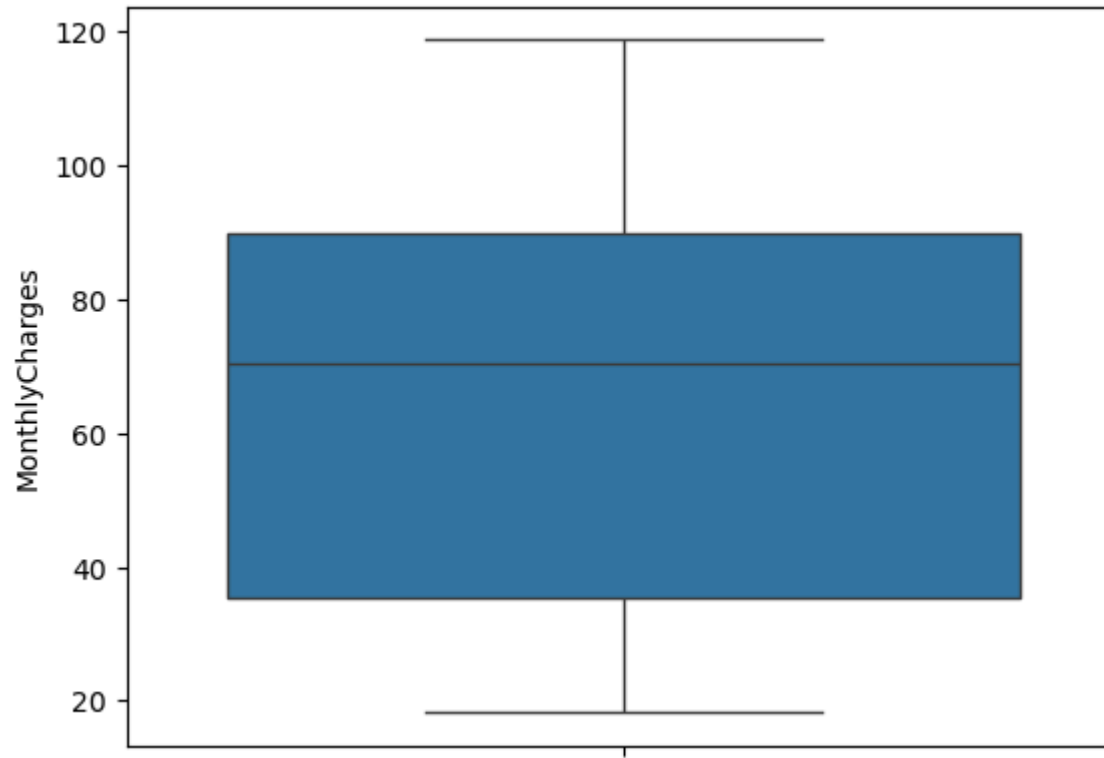
```
In [59]: # Contract wise TotalCharges  
  
sns.barplot(x="Contract",y="TotalCharges",data=data,hue="gender")
```

```
Out[59]: <Axes: xlabel='Contract', ylabel='TotalCharges'>
```



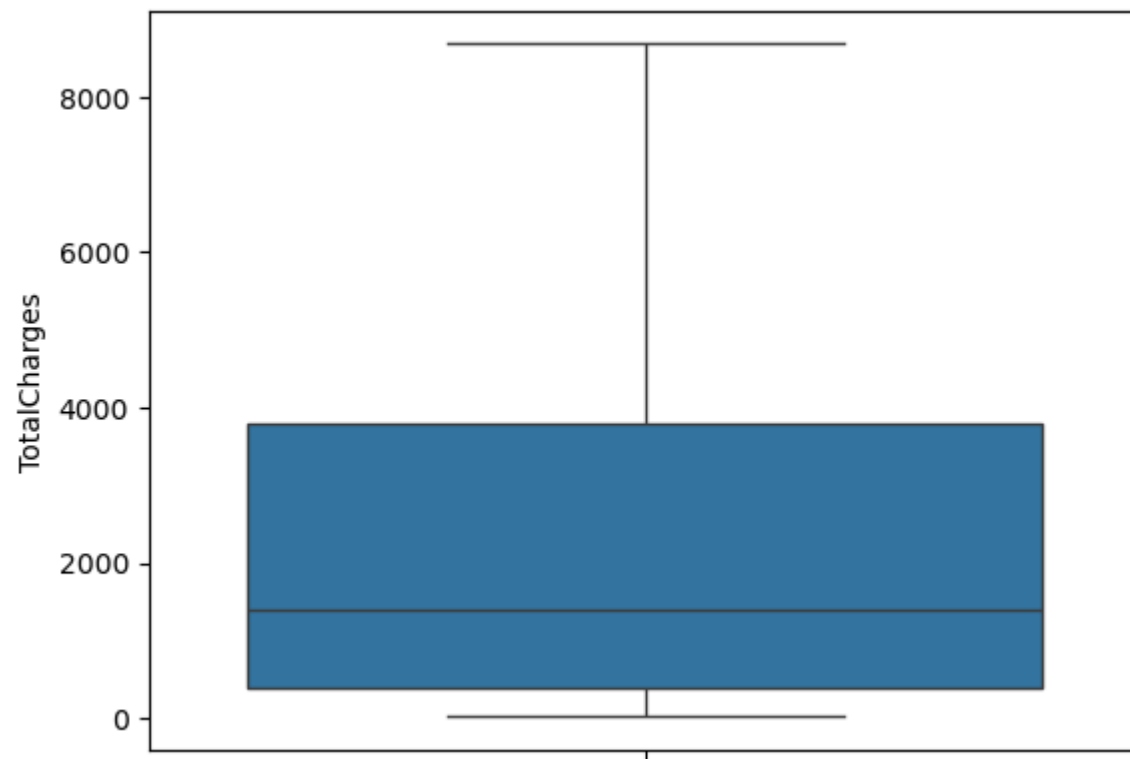
```
In [60]: # Let's check is there any outliers in our dataset
```

```
sns.boxplot(y="MonthlyCharges",data=data)  
plt.show()
```



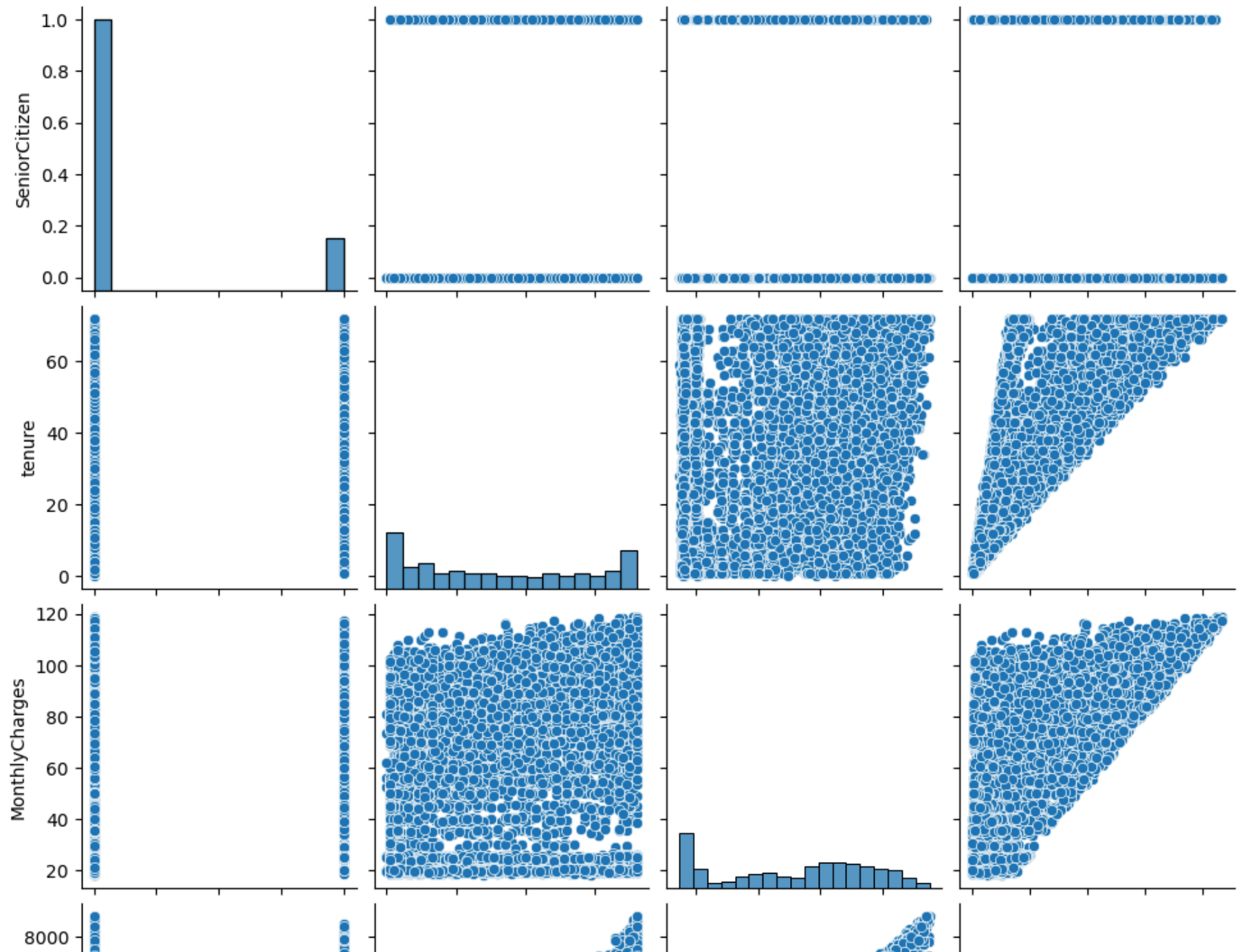
In [61]: *# Let's check is there any outliers in our dataset*

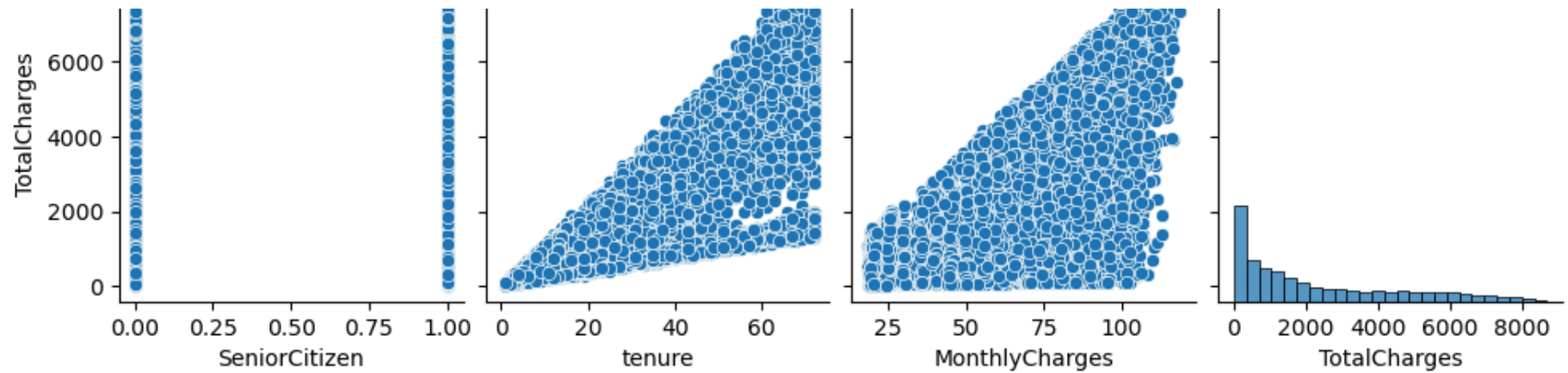
```
sns.boxplot(y="TotalCharges",data=data)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [62]: # Let's check the distribution in our dataset  
sns.pairplot(data=data)
```

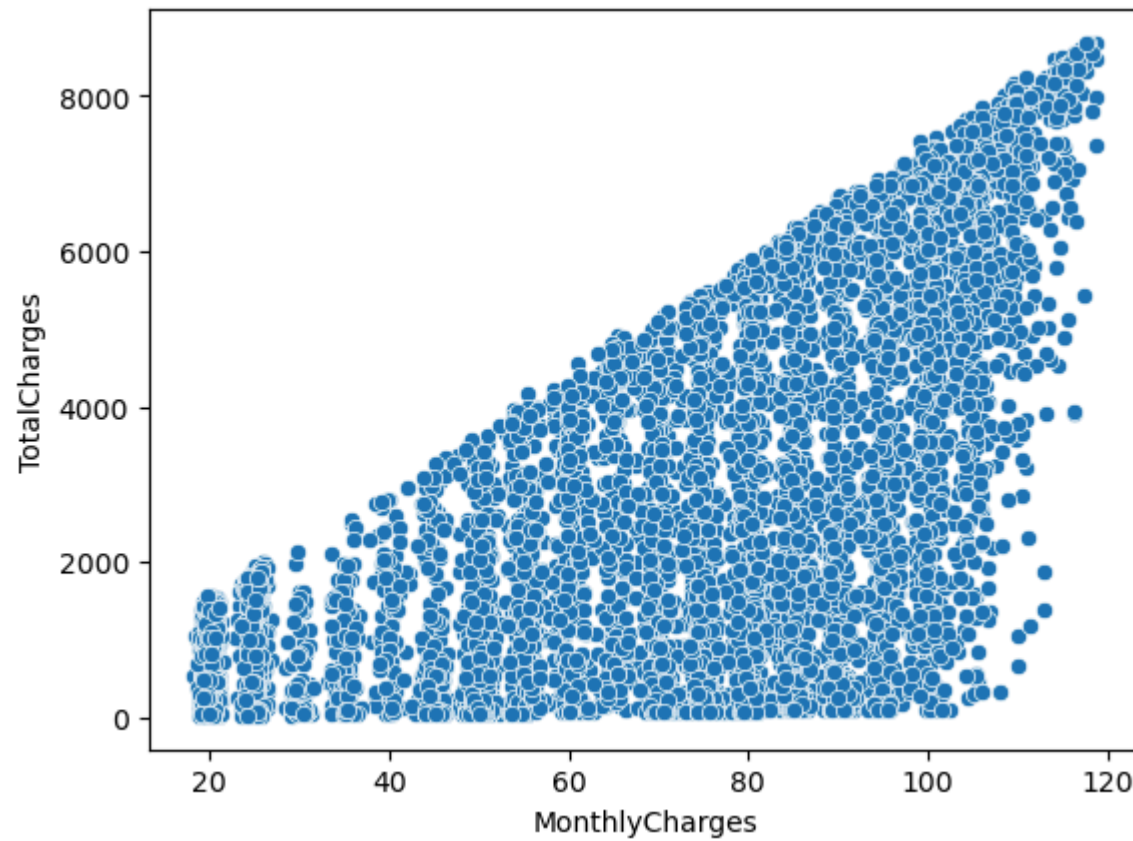
```
Out[62]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x220c2205850>
```



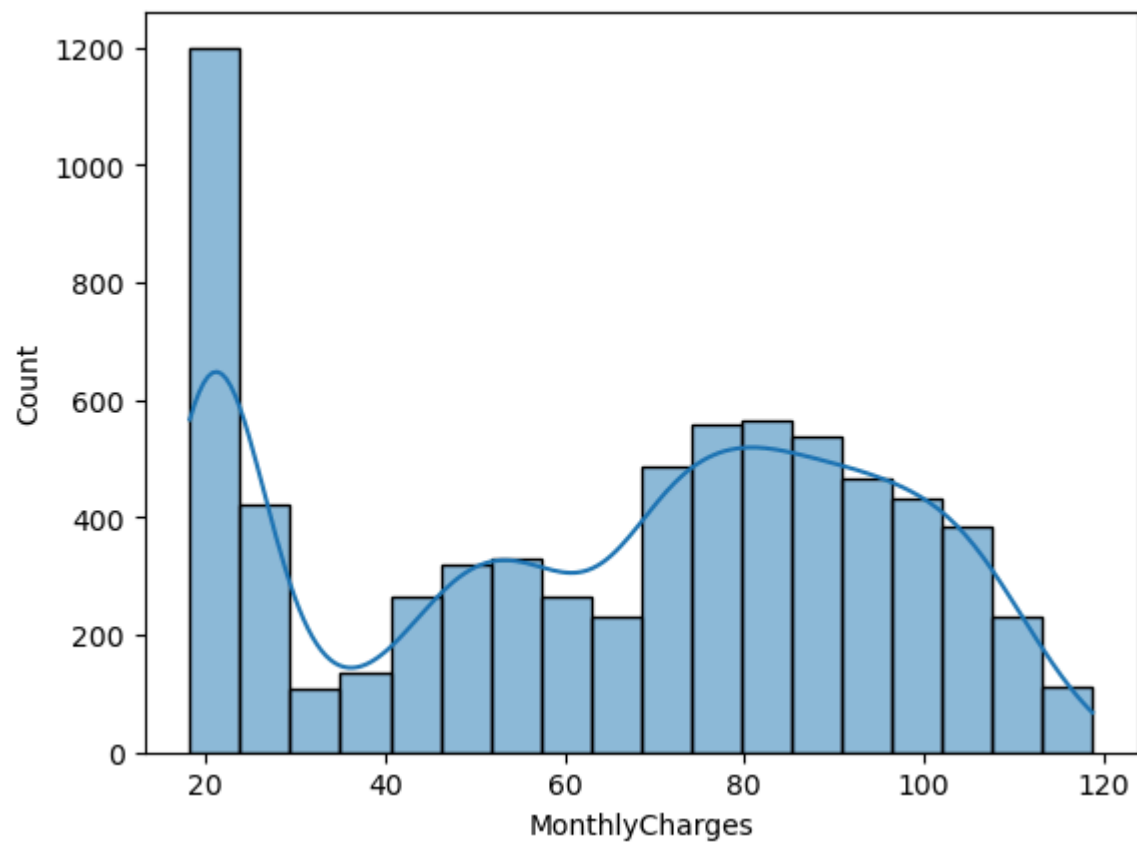


```
In [63]: # Let's check the relation ship between two variables

sns.scatterplot(x="MonthlyCharges",y="TotalCharges",data=data)
plt.show()
```

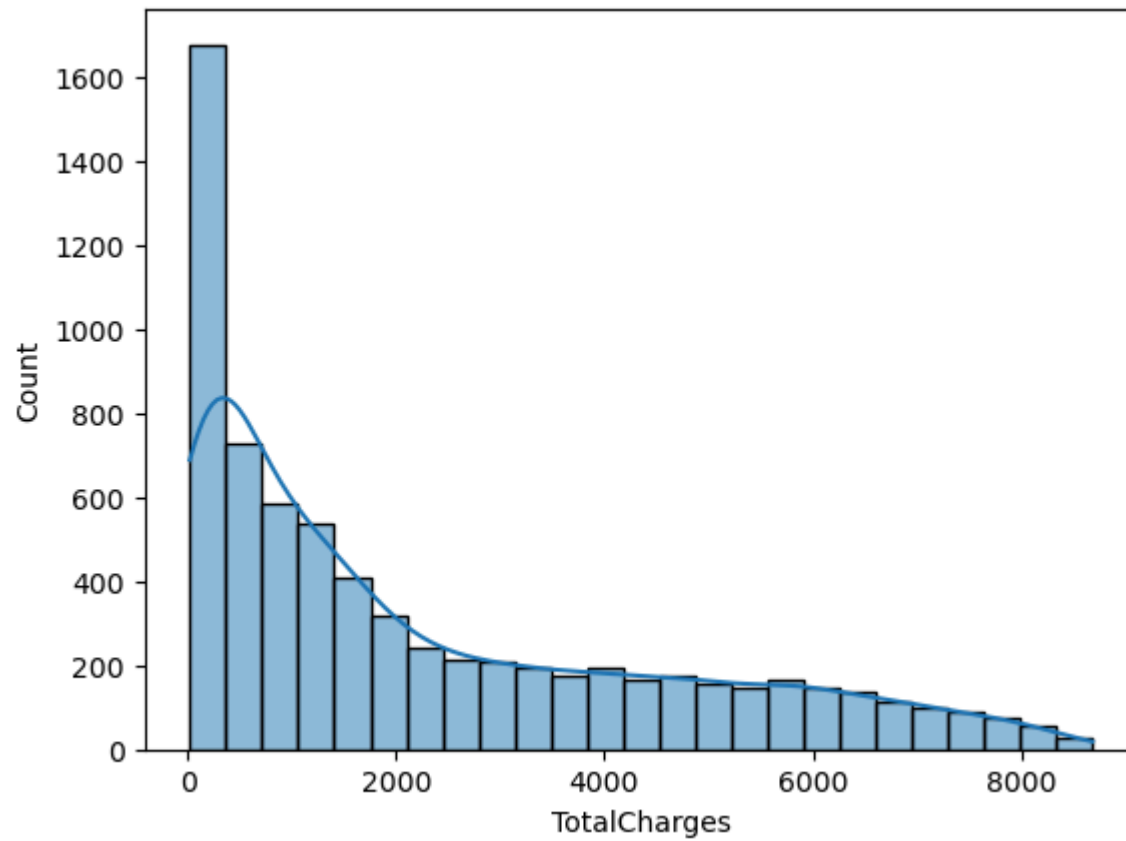


```
In [64]: # to check the distribution  
  
sns.histplot(x="MonthlyCharges", data=data, kde=True)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [65]: # to check the distribution

sns.histplot(x="TotalCharges",data=data,kde=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [66]: # column wise standard deviations  
data.std(axis=1, skipna=True, numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[66]: 0      16.950147
         1      929.886015
         2      51.238804
         3     906.059353
         4      71.686777
         ...
        7038     977.768236
        7039    3652.505658
        7040     166.905998
        7041     144.114445
        7042    3393.921427
        Length: 7043, dtype: float64
```

```
In [67]: # row wise standard deviations

data.std(axis=0,skipna=True,numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[67]: SeniorCitizen      0.368612
         tenure            24.559481
         MonthlyCharges     30.090047
         TotalCharges       2266.771362
         dtype: float64
```

```
In [68]: # column wise variance

data.var(axis=1,skipna=True,numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[68]: 0      2.873075e+02
         1      8.646880e+05
         2      2.625415e+03
         3      8.209436e+05
         4      5.138994e+03
         ...
        7038     9.560307e+05
        7039     1.334080e+07
        7040     2.785761e+04
        7041     2.076897e+04
        7042     1.151870e+07
        Length: 7043, dtype: float64
```

In [69]: *# row wise variance*

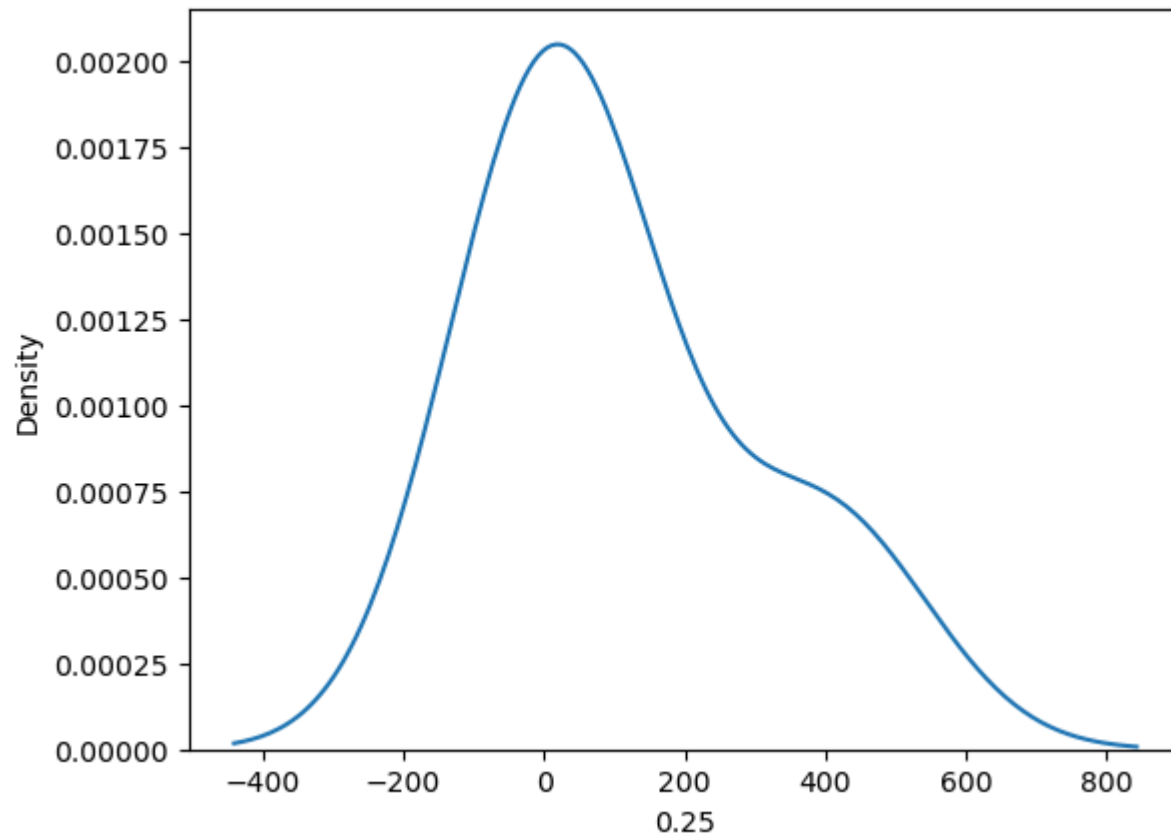
```
data.var(axis=0,skipna=True,numeric_only=True)
```

Out[69]: SeniorCitizen 1.358745e-01
tenure 6.031681e+02
MonthlyCharges 9.054109e+02
TotalCharges 5.138252e+06
dtype: float64

In [70]: *# Let's check the bell shape curve means proper distribution curve is made by our dataset or not? row wise*

```
a = data.quantile(q=0.25,axis=0,numeric_only=True)  
  
sns.kdeplot(a)
```

Out[70]: <Axes: xlabel='0.25', ylabel='Density'>

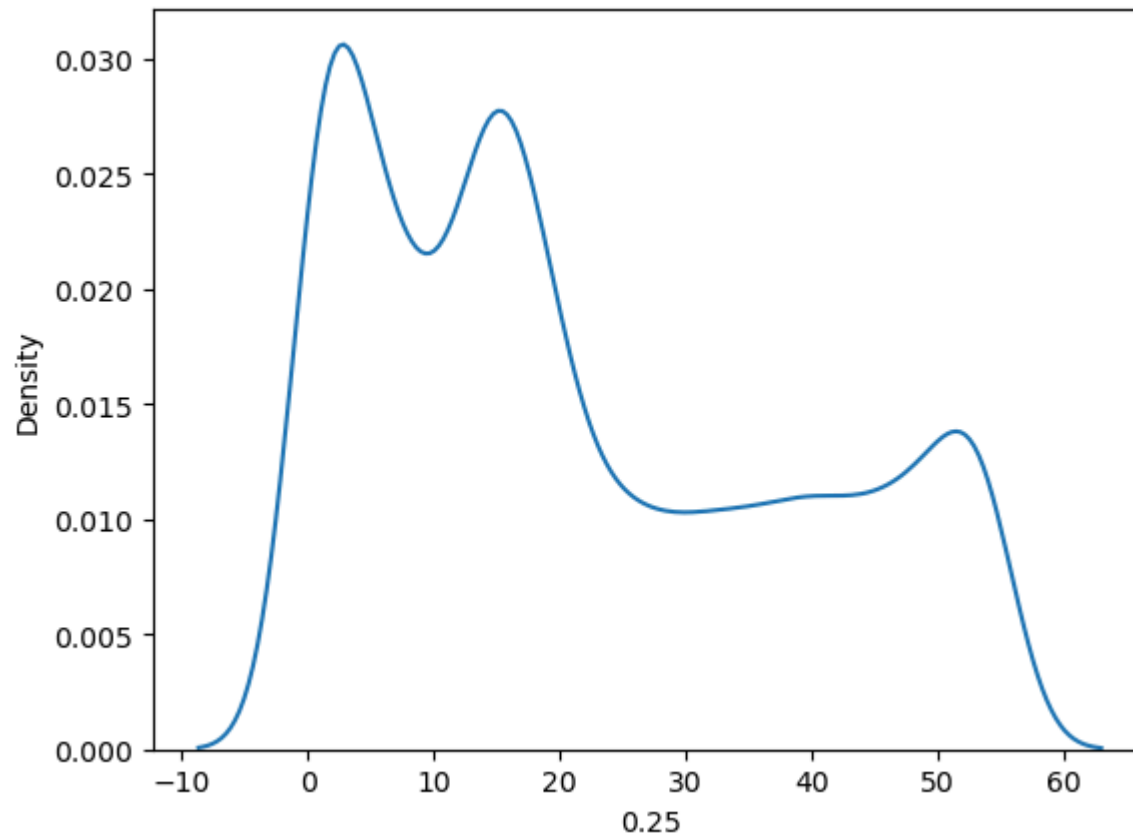


```
In [71]: # Let's check the bell shape curve means proper distribution curve is made by our dataset or not? column wise
```

```
a = data.quantile(q=0.25,axis=1,numeric_only=True)
```

```
sns.kdeplot(a)
```

```
Out[71]: <Axes: xlabel='0.25', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
In [72]: data.columns
```

```
Out[72]: Index(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner', 'Dependents',  
               'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',  
               'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection', 'TechSupport',  
               'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract', 'PaperlessBilling',  
               'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges', 'TotalCharges', 'Churn'],  
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [73]: # customerid has object datatype so we need to change the datatype first
```

```
data['customerID'].astype("category")
```



```
Out[73]: 0      7590-VHVEG
          1      5575-GNVDE
          2      3668-QPYBK
          3      7795-CFOCW
          4      9237-HQITU
          ...
          7038    6840-RESVB
          7039    2234-XADUH
          7040    4801-JZAZL
          7041    8361-LTMKD
          7042    3186-AJIEK
          Name: customerID, Length: 7043, dtype: category
          Categories (7043, object): ['0002-ORFBO', '0003-MKNFE', '0004-TLHLJ', '0011-IGKFF', ..., '9992-RRAMN', '9992-UJOEL', '9993-LH
          IEB', '9995-HOTOH']
```

```
In [74]: # heatmap for the correlation of the data

sns.heatmap(data.corr(numeric_only = True), cmap="Paired")
```

```
Out[74]: <Axes: >
```

