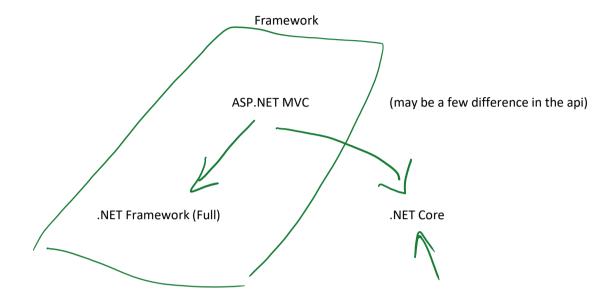
ASP.NET MVC <--- Application Framework <---- Helps you develop the application

.NET Core Application <---- Runtime Framework/Platform <---- helps you execute the application



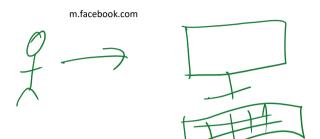
Http Protocol

Monday, May 11, 2020 10:03 AM

http://m.facebook.com <---- Open Mobile Site

http://www.irctc.co.in/mobile

GET m.facebook.com/\r\n User-Agent: chrome, windows10\r\n



It is a contradiction between the URL and the User-Agent

Url --> give me mobile site
User-Agent --> give me desktiop site



GET /some/url
connection: keep-alive

- Request to keep the connection alive
- Don't close the Tcp socket (Please)
- Browsers almost always send this header to the client
- Server can (and very often does) ignore this request

https://books.org/list?cat=thriller

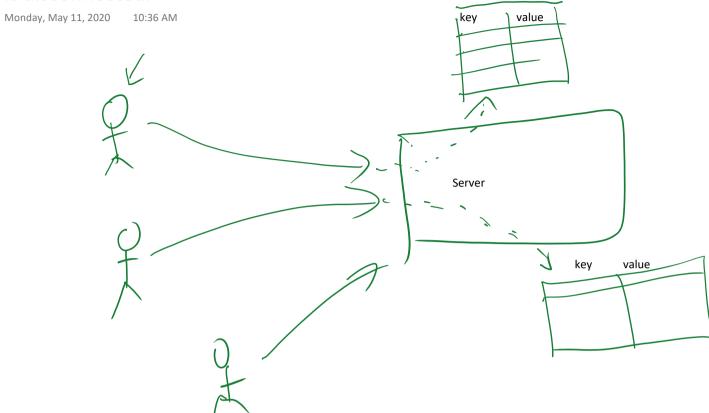
 $\underline{https://amazon.in/proucts?q=mobile-cover\&model=samung-note-8}$

Server Response

200 OK Content-type:text/html date-modified:2020/04/13

Clients second request

How will server connect a user to its session when socket is disconnected.



Cache Redirect

Monday, May 11, 2020 11:28 AM

Server Response

200 OK Content-type:text/html date-modified:2020/04/13

Client Next Response

GET /resource

if-modified-since:2020/01/30

//content changed after clients previous visit

200 OK

Content-type:text/html date-modified:2020/04/13

Client Next Response

GET /resource

if-modified-since:2020/05/04

//content not modifed after the last visit

Cache Redirect

304 Not Modifed

 $r\n$

Gets new Data Can use the existing

Presentation	Business	Data
View	Controller	Model

Standard Network Port

Tuesday, May 12, 2020 9:26 AM

As an admin I can run any server on any available (free) port.

One Machine ---> One Port ---> One App (One socket)

Standard Practice

First 1K port is reserved for standard protocol

- 20,21 --->FTP
- 25 ---> SMPT80 ---> HTTP
- 110 ---> POP
- 443 ---> HTTPS

- Q. What if I run HTTP Server on a Non Standard Port
- A. The URL Will Change
 - a. http://books.org:3393/books
- now we say the server will be available on paort 3393.
- You can imagine that default url is a shortform for
 - o http://books.org:80/books

storian.in

o http://books.org:445/books

http://google.com:80

8080 **>** 201.220.343.45 : 80 http://thelostepic.com http://storian.in Hostinger.in http://conceptarchitect.in thelostepic.com

10:00 AM

Traditional View

http://localhost:57586/ <----- index.html/default.html/default.aspx/default.php ---> from root directory

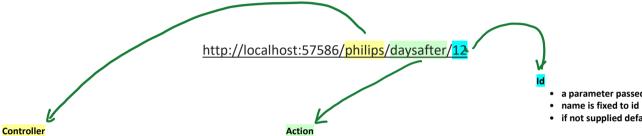
http://localhost:57586/Home/Contact <---- index.html/default.html/default.aspx from /Home/Contact directory

http://localhost:57586/Home/About

http://localhost:57586/books.html <---- request for books.html file in root directory

http://localhost:57586/Home/About/authors.aspx <---- execute authors.aspx page from /Home/About folder

MVC URL has by default 3 parts

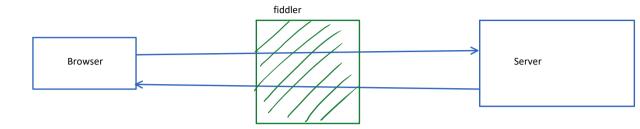


- the class name without Controller suffix
- If not supplied it defaults to Home
- * Generally mapped to a method with the same name
- · If not supplied defaults to Index

- a parameter passed to action
- if not supplied defaults to null

How Fiddler Works

Tuesday, May 12, 2020 10:41 AM



Controller--->Action--->ActionResult

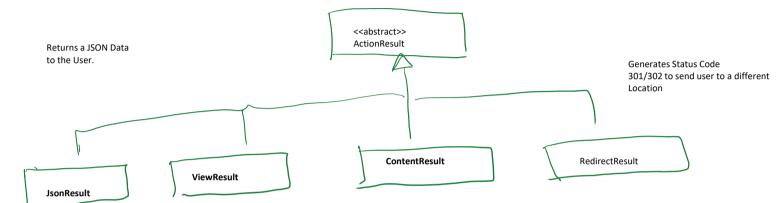
Tuesday, May 12, 2020 11:38 AM

- 1. An Url is a request for a Controller to perform some Action
- 2. Once an Action is performed it returns an ActionResult
- 3. ActionResult is returned to the User As a **View**

Controller ----> is an object Action ----> is what controller do

ActionResult ---> return of the Action

View ---> what user sees (ActionResult)



ViewResult

ViewResult uses a ViewEngine to generate a dynamic Html View using Model Data and a ViewTemplate

ContentResult

One of the simplest ActionResult It returns a given String content to the user without any processing.

If your **Action** is not returning an **ActionResult**The current object is autmatically converted to **ContentResult** by the controller

A code like

```
public Person Contact()
{
    var p=new Person();
    return p;
}
```

Is internally converted to (psudocode)

```
public ContentResult Contact(){
    var p=new Person();
    return new ContentResult()
    {
        Content=p.ToString()
    };
}
```

This happens with the base Controller

Razor view engine processing

Tuesday, May 12, 2020 12:26 PM

Razor is one of the simplest view engine to combine view template (HTML) with C# Code (CS+HTML = CSHTML)



unless you write Response.Write()

Razor Display Expression

@something

It is a shortcut for

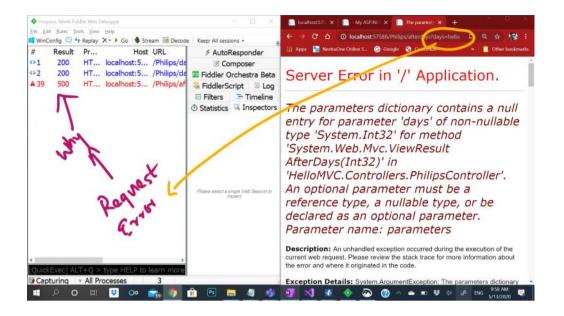
@{ Response.Write(something); }

Notice there is no semicolon after simple razor expression what ever you type automatically used as argument to Response.Write()

Also Note @is automatically closed when it finds html code

HTTP Errors!

Wednesday, May 13, 2020 9:56 AN

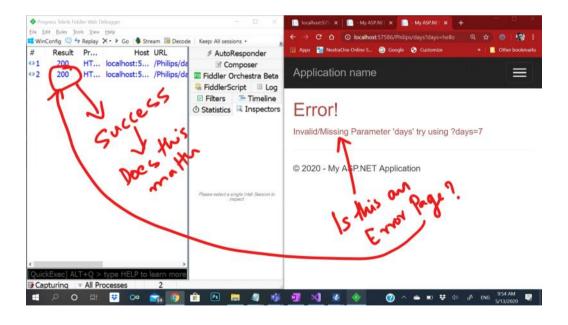


Is this a client request error or a Server Side error as notified.

Ideally it should be request error (400)

But it is server error, because Server didn't tell user they made a mistake

Server is uselessly taking on the guilt!



If This is an error page,

Why is the status code 200?

What should be the status code here?

It should be 400 Bad Request

Does it matter 200/400? After all end user is going to see Error page and not the actual status code?

YES.

Humans are not the only one who see a webpage

Automated system like search engine crawlers or automated testing frameworks also see these outputs

- Do you want search engine crawlers to index even error page?
- Do you want automated systems to check color of of message to decide if it is an error page?

http header

Wednesday, May 20, 2020

9:52 AM

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,hi;q=0.8,gu;q=0.7

- Comma separates multiple items
 - o semicolon is part of an item that preceeds it
 - o adds additional information about that item
- I am willing to accept four languages
 - o en-US
 - o en (q=0.9)
 - o hi (q=0.8)
 - o gu (q=0.7)
- the meta information varies from elements we are using
 - o q indicates a priority on a scale of 0-1
 - o default value of q is 1
- It say my preference is
 - o en-US > en > hi > gu

URL Formats

Wednesday, May 13, 2020

10:41 AM

Which is a better URL to get a list of all Books By Jeffery Archer?

Approach#1 -- Traditional with id

http://books.org/books.aspx?author=2915

Approach#2 -- Traditional with name

http://books.org/books.aspx?author=jeffrey-archer

Approach#3 -- MVC URL

http://books.org/books/by/jeffrey-archer

W3C Recommendation for a URL

A URL should be

- Short
- Simple (Easy to Remember)
- Permanent (Removed Technology ID)
- identification of a resource (business)

URL shouldn't include

- Technology id such as
 - aspx/php/jsp
 - o data format json/xml
 - o device id eg m.facebook.com or irctc.in/mobile

Problem Approach#1

- · need to remember an id
- what will be the list of books by john grisham called?

Problem Approach#2

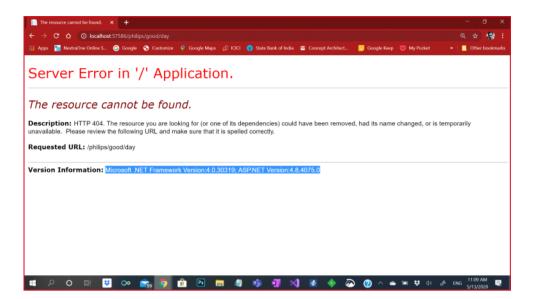
- long and complicated url
- It looks too techy
 - Query Strings are ugly
- Technology Id (.aspx)
 - Why should I include technology id in an URL?
 - What Jeffrey Archer book list has got to do with .net framework?
- Why Url shouldn't include technology
 - $\circ \hspace{0.1in}$ because we may switch our technology tomorrow
 - o Then all urls we created today will be useless
 - o All bookmarks will be dead

http://yt.be/5x9q8z

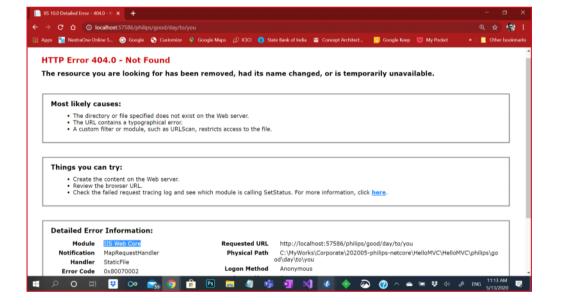
• SHORT BUT NOT SIMPLE!

MVC Lifecycle Error Handler

Wednesday, May 13, 2020 11:09 AM



- A 3 part URL is recognized as an MVC URL
- Routing Module passes control to MvcRouteHandler
- MvcRouteHandler breaks the URL into
 - o controller: philips
 - o action: good
 - o id: 'day'
- MvcRouteHandler passes control to MvcRequestHandler
- MvcRequestHandler successfully creates controller 'PhilipsController'
- Not the action 'good' is not available
- MvcRequestHandler returns 404



- A Route that is not configured by the RoutingModule falls back to IIS
- IIS tries to handle the url in traditional way by either
 - o extension mapping
 - o physical file search
- when both fails IIS (not asp.net) generates 404

Assignment

Wednesday, May 13, 2020 11:54 AM

- Create a request for generating the Multiplication Table of a given number
- You choose your own URL structure
- The Url should take the number whose table is to be generated
- It should take an option second parameter for highest multiplier which should default to 10 if not passed
- Define success and error results properly

Use case 1 ---> Multiplication Table of 19 (Till its 10th Multiple)

Table of 19

Number	Х	Result
19	1	19
19	2	38
19	3	
19	4	
19	5	
19	6	
19	7	
19	8	
19	9	
19	10	190

Use case 2 ---> Multiplication Table of 19 opitonal parameter sets highest multiple to 5

Table of 19

Number	Х	Result
19	1	19
19	2	38
19	3	
19	4	
19	5	

Conventional Programming

Thursday, May 14, 2020 9:20 AM

Convention over configuration

- * Prefer a conventional coding
 - * reduces the need of configuration
- You are allowed to break/override convention if required
 - * configuration can be one way to override convention

Controller Execute

}

Preventing Javascript Injection Attack!

Thursday, May 14, 2020 10:04 AM

What if I type these content in a facebook wallpost

<h1>Hello There, I hav a news</h1>	
<script>alert("Hi, I have a news");</script>	
<script> for(i=0;i<100;i++) alert("Hello World"); </script>	

If you are allowed to add any arbitrary html content to a web page user may

- Use Rich HTML/CSS format to express their idea, but it may break the site's theme
- Inject Scripts that may
 - o deface the page at best
 - o may inject malicious javascript to steal information and so on.
- Damage potiential is endless

Solution!

- Most modern ViewEngine doesn't allow you to inject any
- HTML code as data to a page

 Any data inject to a page will automatically be encoded by replacing "<" with "<" and ">" with ">"
- These codes will appear on the page but will not be treated as HTML
- Some application may simple refuse to inject the code and fail with a validation error.

Books Web Site

Thursday, May 14, 2020 12:49 PM

Overview

- A web app for book lovers where user can find
 - 1. A List of Books with informations such as
 - i. Title
 - ii. Author
 - iii. Price
 - iv. Description
 - v. Coverpage etc
 - vi. Reviews and Rating
 - vii. User can also leave their review about the book
 - 2. A List of Authors
 - i. Author Name
 - ii. Their Biography
 - iii. Photograps
 - iv. Books Written By Them
 - v. Reviews and Rating
 - 3. User
 - i. Login
 - ii. Logout
 - iii. Maintains A Book Shelf
 - iv. Maintain Contributions such as
 - 1) Reviews

Assignment

- 1. Create The Model Classes
 - a. Book
 - b. Author
 - c. User
- 2. Plan the Routes (URL) to
 - a. what information you want to access
 - b. what operations you need to provide etc
- 3. Plan a outline of the pages that you need

Title	Author
My Experiments with Truth	Mahatma Gandhi
Mahatma Gandhi	Хуz
My Understanding Gita	Mahatma Gandhi

```
Title
     Author
  My Experiements with Truth
     Mahatma Gandhi
  Mahatma Gandhi
     Xyz
  My Understanding of Gita
     Mahatma Gandhi
```

What is difference Xml Vs HTML?

Xml is the information, HTML is presentation of information.

Xml retains the structure and meaning of data it holds

- you can easily find out all the books authored by Mahatma Gandhi
- Mahatama Gandhi doesn't appear in 'td' but in 'author'
 HTML looses the information in trying to a create a presentaion!

Xml vs Json

- both are used in same scenario -- represent information
- JSON is more compact than XML
- JSON is easily understandable by Javascript
 - The most populaar client for consuming services

How to I select Book by Mahatma Gandhi and not on Mahatma Gandhi????

HTML is a picture of the information
And sorrounded by HTML tags the information is often lost

Xml Representation

JSON Representation

```
"book":{
        "title":"My Experiements with Truth",
        "author": "Mahatma Gandhi"
},
"book":{
        "title":Mahatma Gandhi",
        "author":Xyz",
}
"book":{
        "title":My Understanding of Gita",
        "author":Mahatma Gandhi",
}
```

Cloud Vs Normal Internet Deployment

Friday, May 15, 2020 11:07 AM

- Internet depoloyment may take form of IAAS, PAAS, SAAS etc
- Each will have few layers

Cloud

- definging feature is Virtualization a.k.al Virtual Mechine
- Multiple Virtual Mechines may be present on the same physcial infrstructure
- Each Virtual mechine will get promised computation power (CPU/Storage/RAM/Bandwidth)
- A virtual mechine may be replicated on multiple infrastrcutre located in different geographical regions
- Each change may be syncrhonized across various instances of the same server
- This allows
 - Scaling of requirement
 - We can launch a copy of virtual mechine within a short span to time. A real hardware installation requires longer
 - We can lauch such VMs nearest to my consumer base reducing the turnaround time
 - Proper Load Balancing among various instances
 - o Robust
 - Even if one VM or geographical location is compromised your system is still available via other isntance
 - You are not completely out of business because of geographical conditions.

Virtual Mechine Requirement

- Light weight software system
 - Easy to replicate
- Smaller virtual mechines
- Design which can handle failures and crashes.

.Net Core vs .NET Framework

Friday, May 15, 2020 11:23 AM

	N	FΤ	10	

- o Lightweight (more like a subset) of full .NET Framework.
- o Doesn't support all features of .NET Framework like --
 - WinFrom
 - WebForms
 - WCF
- WPF
 Make it universally available. unlike .NET Framework .NET core is easily deployed on
 - Linux
 - Mac
 - High avialbility
- o Restructure design to support scalable features for
 - MVC Application
 - WebAPI
 - Entity Framework
- Highly configurable
- Zero Installation
 - .NET core runtime may be embedde within your application
 - Application can run anywhere.
 - Less deployment problems!

■ Full .NET Framework is also available on other platforms by

contributeers like NOVEL (Project MONO). But Neither Microsoft ever attempted to make it corss platform nor there are many takers for it in non-microsoft world!

.NET Core 2 onward

→ the runtime can be installed on deployment mechine running any OS

Introduced in .NET Core 3

ASP.NET Core

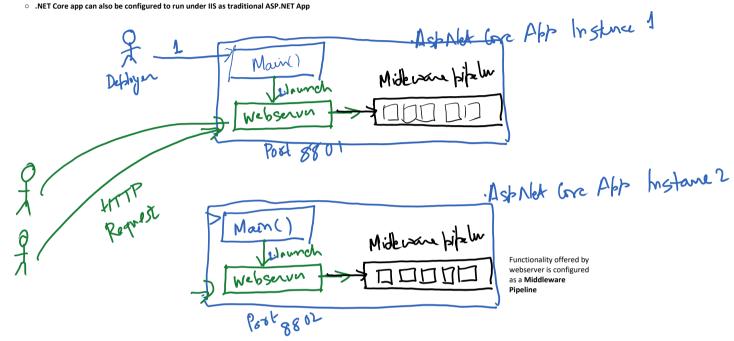
Friday, May 15, 2020 11:31 AM

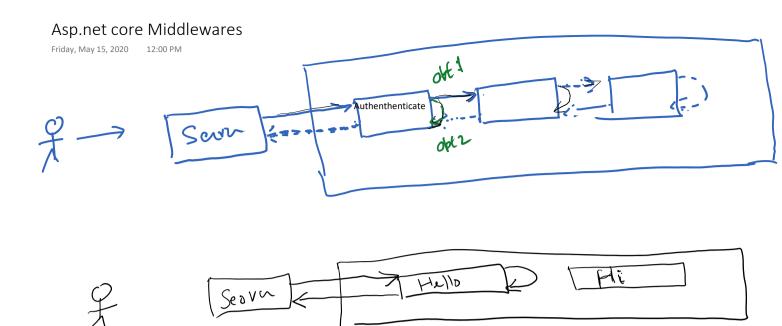
- ASP.NET core is different from .NET Core in the sense
 It is not container architecture

 - o You application doesn't run inside IIS (or a server)
 - o Your application runs (lightweight) server inside it
 - Your application is more like a console application with its own Main
 When you run Main(), it launches an IIS Server
 - - □ Very easy to deploy. Just run Main
 - Remember a traditional ASP.NET Web Applications don't have their functions.
 Since Server is embedded the underlying mechine just need .NET Core framework on NOT IIS
 Your machine listens to its own request and responds back on its
 - You may run multiple instances of your application on same mechine (may be different port) You application contains

 - Server
 Web Application

 - The server is not heavy weight structure like IIS
 .NET Core app can also be configured to run under IIS as traditional ASP.NET App





http://mmt.com/search/flights/blr-delhi/2020-06-06

what happens to current thread while result is being processed by other server?

- 1. It should remain idle.
- It may be used to process some other request by some other client --> async programming.

.NET Core USE

Monday, May 18, 2020

Requet Delegate

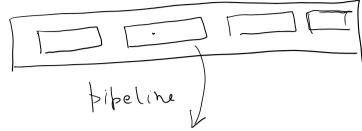
- A Request delegate is a handler or the actual object that can process request.
- It gets an HTTPContext and it can process the request and return the response.

Middleware

- Is a component in the request pipeline.
- It configures a piece of RequestDelegate
- Middleware can be considered as a wrapper over RequestDelegate
- The term Middleware/Request delegate is often be used interchangebaly

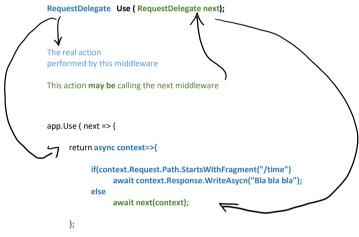
```
public RequestDelegate Middleware(RequestDelegate next)
{
    if(some_condtion)
        return new_delegate; //action performed by this middleware
    else
        return next; //pass the control to the next middleware
}
```

- Here next referes to next middleware in the pipeline
- The middleware conditionally returns either can -
 - o pass request to the next element in the pipeline
 - $\circ \hspace{0.1in}$ or return a new delegate representing the action



Key role of a middleware is one of these two

- 1. Process the request
- 2. Pass it to middle ware
- Some middlewares may do both.
- But everyone must do at least one of the two



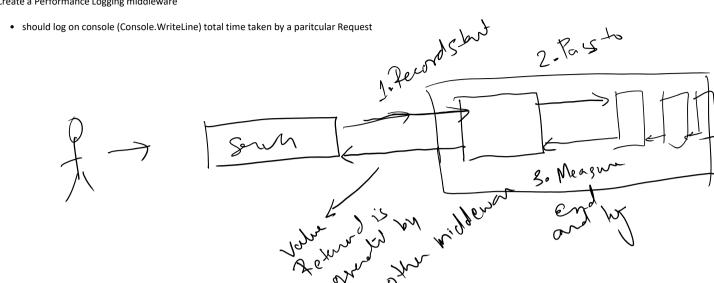
Incase you can't handle the request please pass to next middleware in pipeline and don't break the chain!

});

Assignment -- Performance Middleware (Filter)

Monday, May 18, 2020 10:40 AM

Create a Performance Logging middleware



Assignment2 --> Generic Helper to Configure A Url based Middleware

Monday, May 18, 2020 11:13 AM

In this code there are few common steps

- 1. check the URL
 - a. If Url matches then perform a execute RequestDelegate
 - b. else execute next() delegate

Write a helper

- 1. which can take URL and RequestDelegate as parameter
- 2. Invokes your RequestDelegate if parameter matches
- 3. Invokes Next delegate (not passed as parameter) if url is a mismatch

Assignment UseBefore and UseAfter

Monday, May 18, 2020 11:45 AM

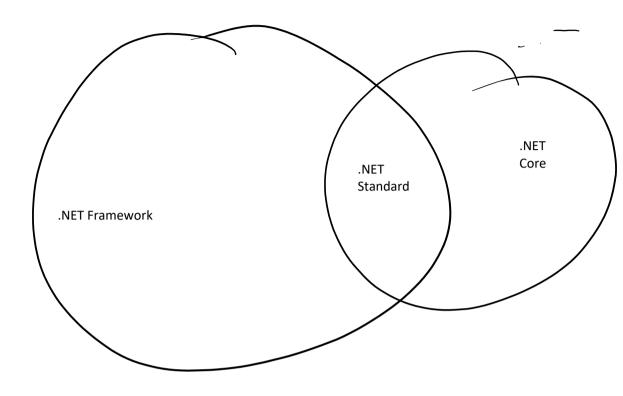
```
Follow the Idea of Middleware
public static class MiddleWares
    public static void UseMappedUrl(this IApplicationBuilder app, string url, RequestDelegate handler)
    {
      //This is the middleware
      app.Use(next =>
        //This is the middleware
        return async context =>
           if (context.Request.Path.StartsWithSegments(url))
             await handler(context);
           }
           else
           {
             await next(context);
        };
      });
  }
```

Create Helpers for Filters that can run before after next in pipeline.

- The pipeline shall execute
- Before executes a code before passing to next pipeline
- After executes a code after executing next pipeline

```
app.Use
Before(async context =>
{
    Console.WriteLine("Request: " + context.Request.Path);
    //next is called automatically
});

app.UseAfter(async context =>
{
    //next is called here
    Console.WriteLine("Requested Processed:" + context.Request.Path);
});
```



MVC Model Binding

Tuesday, May 19, 2020 12:19 PM

ActionResult Create(Author author){

}

Before invoking Action Method , base class Controller's execute method does the following

- 1. Identifies the function that represents Action
 - a. same as function name
 - b. ActionName attribute defined
- 2. Check the paratmer required by the function (Author)
- 3. Creates the Author Object using default constructor
- 4. Check's each property of the Model Object at tries to find a matching value in
 - a. Route
 - **b.** QueryString
 - c. Form Fields
- 5. The property and request parameters are matched based on name in case insenetive form

Resolving an Action Name

Tuesday, May 19, 2020 12:25 PM

Which of the below action shall be called for following URL

http://books.org/author/create

```
class AuthorController
{
    [HttpGet]
    public ActionResult Create()
    {
        var author = new Author();
        return View(author);
    }

    [HttpPost]
    public ActionResult Create(Author author) //model binding
    {
        return View("Details", author);
    }

    Since there is no clear answer It would raise an exception.

We can avoid ambiguity by specifying HTTP method associated with each Action
```

- speicifying either HttpGet or HttpPost on one of the action will also work fine
- Other will server the non-specified request

Dependency Management

Tuesday, May 19, 2020 12:51 PM

Who should know which Repository Implementation to Use?

- Model should not know
 - o The repository implementation may change tomorrow
 - o As per design guidelines, Model (Service) should know only Repository interface Not actual implementation
 - o This is dependency inversion
- · Controller should not know
 - o Controller never interacts with repository, it interacts with model
 - Why should controller know something it doesn't interact with?
 - o Controller should know even the model with its interface and not it implmentation
 - This is again dependency inversion
- Controller should not know
 - o Remember View should be stupid
 - View gets data from Controller, who gets data from model who gets data from repository it doesn't know

Mvc Requires Dependnecy Injection, but it is not the job of Model, View or Controller

We need some other entity or framework to do the dependency Injection

• .NET framework and .NET Core differ Here

.Net Framework MVC

- doesn't have builtin support for dependency injection
- Some interface exist but implmentation must be provided
- we generally use separate framework for dependency injection such as
 - o Unity
 - o nInject
 - o MEF

.Net Core MVC

- Dependency Injection is builtin in asp.net core
- It is one fo the fundamental feature of .net core
- no thirdpary dependency injector is required
- You may configure one if you need

Middleware Assignments

Thursday, May 21, 2020 9:11 AM

A Middleware to Block Unrefferend or HotLinked Image Request

- Should test if request is for an image
- It should be rejected if
 - o There is no refererer mentioned
 - o If mentioned referer is not in approved list
- app.UseHotLinkImageBlocker()

A Middleware to record 404 Urls

- Middleware should push all URLs resulted in 404 in the database
- This could be a great feature for a product like website
- In booksweb 404 may refer to a book or author not present in database
 - o This record can help us update our database based on client's need
- A website like Amazon can use this as wishlist for people searching for unavailable products

Asp.net mvc validation

Thursday, May 21, 2020 11:49 AM MVC executes a Validation on the submitted model using a ModelValidator The entire flow is handled by base class Controller Execute method post /author/create (data in the body) Controller.Execute()

```
class Controller
       public void Execute(RequestContext context)
             //1. find out which is the right action method var method= FindActionMethod();
              //2. create necessary model for the action
             // 2.1 create object using default constructor
// 2.2. check each model property and try to findout a matching value in request
             // 2.3. assign the matching values and ignore the rest var model = modelBinder.CreateModel();
              //3. Execute ModelValidator to verify if Model is valid or Not. Generate a Result as
             ModelState
var modelState=ModelValidator.ValidateModel(model);
              //4. Execute The Action Method with Model passed as parameter
              var result= ActionInvoker.Invoke(actionName, model)
             //5. Now process the result...
       }
class AuthorController
       [HttpPost]
       public ActionResult Create(Author author)
}
```

books.org

Friday, May 15, 2020 8:38 AM

Key Elements

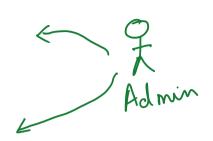
Book Database Management

Author Database Management

Reviews

User and Authnetication

Book 1. list 2. Add New to database 3. Search 4. See details 5. See Reviews 6. Add Reviews 7. Moderate Reviews



Urls

List all books

https://books.org/book/list

https://books.org/books

Search Books

https://books.org/books?q=TheAccursedGod

Create New Book

https://books.org/books/create

Book By Id

https://books.org/books/info/the-accursed-god

Edit Book

https://books.org/books/edit/the-accursed-god

Edit Book

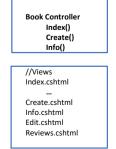
https://books.org/books/delete/the-accursed-god

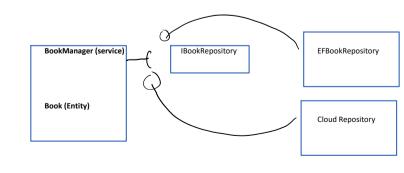
List of Book Reviews

https://books.org/books/reviews/the-accursed-god

alt

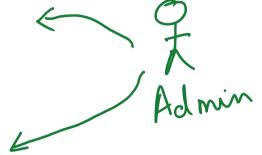
https://books.org/books/info/the-accursed-god/reviews <--- Note requires a New Route





Book

- 1. list
- 2. Add New to database
- 3. Search
- 4. See details
- 5. See Reviews
- 6. Add Reviews
- 7. Moderate Reviews



Wangar &

Register

Login

Book Shelf

User Review Dashboard

Book Admin

Author Admin

User Admin

BookManagementSystem Page 39

Controller (Bad Design)

Monday, May 18, 2020 12:51 PM

```
class BookController
{
    public ActionResult BookList(){
    }
    public ActionResult AuthorList(){
    }
    public ActionResult UserRegister(){
    }
    public ActionResult(UserLogin()){
    }
}
```

https://books.org/book/booklist <---- book is repeated twice
http://books.org/book/authorlist <--- book is not required in url
http://books.org/book/userlogin <----- book is not required in url</pre>

Ja Nic

Controller

```
Monday, May 18, 2020
```

12:51 PM

```
class class BookController
{
    public ActionResult List(){
    }
    public ActionResult Info(String id){
    }
}

public class AuthorController{
    public ActionResult List(){
    }
    public ActionResult Info(string id){
    }
}

public class UserController{
    public ActionResult Register(){
    }
    public ActionResult Login(){
    }
}
```

}

<u>https://books.org/book/list</u> <---- book is repeated twice <u>https://books.org/book/info/the-accursed-god</u>

https://books.org/author/list https://books.org/author/info/jeffrey-archer

https://books.org/user/register https://books.org/user/login

Architecture

```
Monday, May 18, 2020 12:57 PM
```

```
interface IBookManager
                                                                                                                            interface Irepsotiry<T>{
class Book{
                                                                                                                                  void Add(T item);
     //represents entity
                                                                   void AddBook(Book book);
                                                                                                                                  T GetById(string id);
                                                                   IList<Book> GetAllBooks();
                                                                   IList<Book> Search( String q);
class Author{
                                                                   Book GetBookById(string id);
     //represents entity
                                                                                                                           class BookEFRepository: Repository<Book>
                                                              alass SimpleBookManager : IBookManager
class User{
     //represents entity
                                                                   IRepository<Book> repository;
                                                                                                                           }
     class BookController
           IBookManager manager;
           public void ActionResult List()
                 var books= manager.GetAllBooks();
                 return View(books);
     }
```

- Lightweight abstraction of Asycnhronous programming
- Represents a piece of job that should work asynchronously
- Tasks executes on a Threadpool

Task Queue

t1000 ... f3 12 t1

Thread Pool

Task and async programming

Tuesday, May 19, 2020 9:22 AM

- A Task is a piece of long running job whose result may come later
- We are no sure when the result will come!

```
counting primes between 2-5lack may take upto
int CountPrimes(int min,int max){
                                                                                              40 seconds.
      int count=0;
     for(int i=min;i<max;i++){
    if(IsPrime(i))
                 count++;
                                                                                      //Scenario #1
                                                                                      void Main(){
      return count;
                                                                                            int r1= CountPrimes(2,500000);
}
                                                                                            int r2=CountPrimes(2,500);
                                                                                            print(r2);
                                                                                      }
                                  //Task based design
                                  void Main(){
                                        Task<int>t1=Task.Factory.StartNew( ()=> CountPrimes(2,500000));
                                       Task<int>t2= Task.Factory.StartNew(()=> CountPrimes(2,100));
                                        Task sleep=LongSleep();
                                        //both tasks have started together and second may end before first
                                        t2.Wait();
                                        print(t2.Result);
                                        //t1.Wait(); //---> blocks current execution till Task is complete. Main waits for task to complete
                                        print(t1.Result);
                                  }
                                  public Task LongSleep(){
                                        return Task.Factory.StartNew(()=> Thread.Sleep(10000));
                                  }
```

second calculation is smaller than the first one and are unrelated. There is no need for second to wait for first to finish. But we wait on first line to be over before we move to second line.

This is synchronous programming

Task vs async await

```
Tuesday, May 19, 2020 9:32
```

```
int CountPrimes(int min, int max)
                                                                                           //This is a sync call around a Task
      int count=0:
                                                                                           int FindPrimes(int min, int max)
      for(int i=min;i<max;i++){
            if(IsPrime(i))
                                                                                                 var pt=CountPrimesAsync();
                 count++;
                                                                                                  pt.Wait(); //this function waits. and this function is sync
                                                                                                  return pt.Result;
      return count;
                                                                                           void Main(){
                                                                                                 var result=FindPrimes(2,50000)
                                                                                                  //you reach here only when the job is over.
Task<int> CountPrimesAsync(int min, int max)
                                                                                                  print(result):
      return Task.Factory.StartNew( ()=> CountPrime(min,max));
                                                                                           Task<int> FindPrimesAsync(int min, int max)
public Task LongSleep(){
      return Task.Factory.StartNew(()=> Thread.Sleep(10000));
                                                                                                  var pt=CountPrimesAsync();
                                                                                                  return pt;
                                                                                           void Main(){
                                                                                                  Task<int> result=FindPrimesAsync(2,50000)
                                                                                                 //you reach here before the job is over.
                    async int FindPrimesAsync(int min, int max)
                                                                                                  //yous should wait for the job to be over
                          var pt=CountPrimesAsync();
                                                                                                  result.Wait();
                                                                                                  print(result.Result);
                          var result = await pt; //someone else will wait for it
async
                          return result;
automatically
wraps
                                                                            //result will be an int. so I am actually returning Task<int>
result
                    void Main(){
in a Task
                          Task<int> result=FindPrimesAsync(2,50000)
                         //you reach here before the job is over.
the function
                                                                                                               · Any function that has an await
is actually
                         //yous should wait for the job to be over
                                                                                                                 anywhere in it body will always a task
returning
                         result.Wait();
                                                                                                                  as there is something awaited
                         print(result.Result);
                                                                                                               • await need not be part of return
Task<int>
                                                                                                                  statement
                                                                                                                 if a function that has await returns a
because vou
                                                                                                                  value of type double it means it
await Task<int>
                                                                                                                  actually returns a Task<double>
                                                                                                                 if a function that has await returns no
                                                                                                                  value it actually returns Task
                                                                                                                 await can be a part of the function
                                                                                                                  that has async in the signature!
                                                                                                                    o Main() can't have async await
                                                                                                                    o Main() must wait sync
                            async int FindPrimesAsync(int min, int max)
                                  var pt=CountPrimesAsync(min,max);
                                  var result = await pt; //someone else will wait for it
                                  return result; //returns Task<int>
                                                                                                                                Task PrintPrimeAsync(int min, int max)
                            async void PrintPrimeAsync(int min, int max)
                                                                                                                                     var task1=CountPrimesAsync(min,max);
                                  var result= await CountPrimesAsync(min,max);
                                  Console.WriteLine("Total primes between {0}-{1} is {2}",min,max,result);
                                                                                                                                     var task2= task1.ContinueWith( r=>{
                                                                                                                                           Console.WriteLine("Total primes between {0}-
                           }
                                                                                                                                           {1} is {2}",min,max,result);
                           void Main()
                                                                                                                                     });
                           {
                                  Task t=PrintPrimeAsync(2,50000); //this work will finish later
                                  //I can't await in Main
                                                                                                                                     returns task2
                                  t.Wait(); //must actualy wait
                                  Console.WriteLine("End of Program");
                           }
```

Model should be POCO

Wednesday, May 20, 2020

9:11 AM

Plain Old CLR (C#) Object

- You object should be Plain
- It shouldn't have dependency on third party or non business (architectural) fameworks
 - Entity Framework
 - o WPF
 - o WCF
- Your Model represents a business and the business may not be presented using a paricular framework
 - We may not always use MVC or WPF or such features.
- Avoid dependencies such as
 - Inheriting from framework specific base classes or implementing such interfaces
 - DependencyObject in WPF
 - EntityObject
 - ☐ Earlier version of EntityFramework expected you to inherit from this base
 - Shouldn't use components from such framework directly
 - Shouldn't contain SqlConnection class inside Business Model
 - Shouldn't use EntityCollection as a part of the business Object
 - You should use dependency inversion!

What doesn't break POCO

- Depenency on fundamental domain or core .net library not associated with any architecture doesn't break POCO
- Depenency on namespaces **System, System.Collection, System.ComponentModel** is considered safe.
- Use of Attributes even from third party library/framework is not bad.
- . Why Attributes are not bad
 - 1. Attributes are non-obstrusive.
 - i. They do nothing on their own. Some API/Framework must process them
 - ii. If not used they can be ignored. They have no performance or otherwise issue
 - 2. They don't force you to carry extra steps like interface or base class
 - 3. If the dll where attribute is defined in not included in the runtime environment, there is no runtime error for missing references. Attributes are simply ignroed.

Cross Reference/Cyclic Reference

Wednesday, May 20, 2020 9:35 AM

```
[Serializable]
public class Author
{
  public string Id { get; set; }
  public string Name { get; set; }

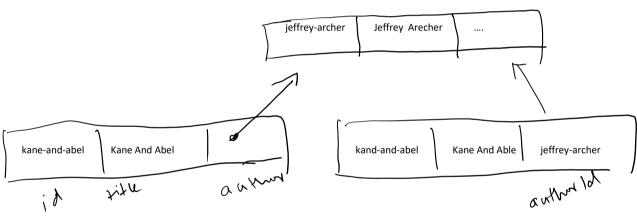
  public IList<Book> Books { get; set; } = new List<Book>(); //sql world has no place for this list. It must be a reverse query
}

[Serializable]
public class Book
{
  public string Id { get; set; }

  public string Title { get; set; }

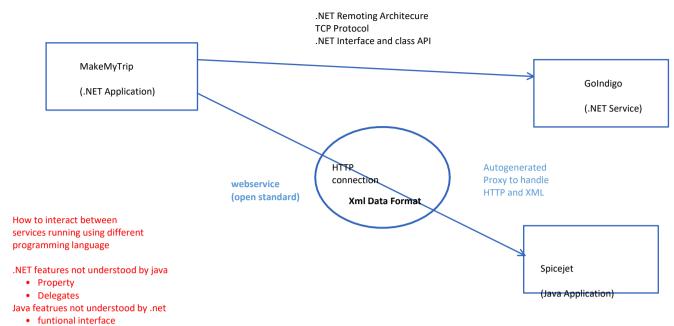
  public Author Author { get; set; } //or the next line

  public string AuthorId{get; set;} //RDBMS or SQL Related concept. Not OO --> force a join query to fetch records.
}
```



Same feature implemented differently • even the basic struct of int

• lambda



We Need common elements for communication

Web Service (a.k.a SOAP Service)

- Most Acceptable Technology Stack
 - 1. HTTP Protocol
 - i. most whitelisted protocol
 - ii. most popular protocol
 - iii. every language has a lot of support feature
- Data Transfer Format
 - 1. XML
 - i. Open Standard <-- we need to define the exact structure of data to be passed
- 1. Xml Scema 1 ---> WSDL (Web Service Description Language)
- An Xml document to explain
 - o what are the servcies (operations) available
 - $\circ\quad$ what are the parameter each method takes
 - o what are the parameter each method is expected to return
 - o what security/authentication etc is needed
- . This document helps language create their own proxies to hide the actual communication
- 2. Xml Schema 2 ---> SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol)
 - A predefiend XML format to transfer the runtime info between client and server • The details included here is
 - Name of operation (e.g. GetFlightList)

 - Required arguments (e.g. iternary)
 - □ date
 - □ from
 - Result of the operation (e.g. List of Flights)

New Section 3 Page 48

Web Service Limitation

Friday, May 22, 2020 11:32 AM

1. Web Service has two important components

Http Protocol

- Good
 - o Popular
 - o Lots of Support
 - Platform/Langauge/Vendor Independent
- Rac
 - o Request-Response Mode
 - o No Support for
 - Full duplex communication
 - Push communication
- Web Service Problem
 - o Web service while making a request sends SOAP (XML)
 - $\circ\quad$ Xml can't be send as query string (they are large)
 - o It must be passed in the body of the request
 - Webservice uses only POST method for all communication
 - No support for GET
 - POST doesn't support
 - □ Bookmarking
 - □ Caching
 - POST request need specifial infrastructure
 - □ At least an html form submission
 - ☐ You can't send POST request by typing an URL
- URL Problem
 - o All operations which are part of same web service they are available on same URL
 - o URL in web service is
 - NOT Unique to an operation or a resource
 - The actual operation is specified in SOAP data
 - Or using special HTTP Header

Remember! Web applications support GET and POST

Web Service supports just POST even for retrieve request!

Web service uses limited aspect of HTTP and Not full and proper HTTP (Even Web Application is guilty of it)

SOAP data

- Good
 - SOAP is XML
 - o XML is popular
 - o XML is open standard
 - o Lots of support
- Bad
 - o Xml is bulky
 - SOAP is bulkier
 - Lots of additional tags to represent SOAP headers
 - SOAP requires parsing and parsers are slow
 - No body needs SOAP

PROXY

- Good
 - o Proxy makes the method call easy
 - You invoke a c# method which will do the heavyweight lifting in the background
 - You need not worry about HTTP or SOAP
- Bad
 - o Proxy creation in scripting langauges may be a trouble
 - \circ It hides the HTTP element which may be important

Why No body needs SOAP?

- There are formats which are popular and many applications exist for them
- Examples
 - $\circ \quad \text{VCARD ---> outlook, and roid, iphone} \\$
 - $\circ \;\;$ CSV --> excel, gmail , many other app
 - o RSS --> new reader apps
 - o PDF --> popular standard
- There is no app that actually needs SOAP
 - SOAP is specifically for WebService
 - Everyone who received SOAP must convert it something before using
 - Conversion is expensive

Objective

To create a Lightweight, True HTTP, SOAP Free Service

- Lightweight

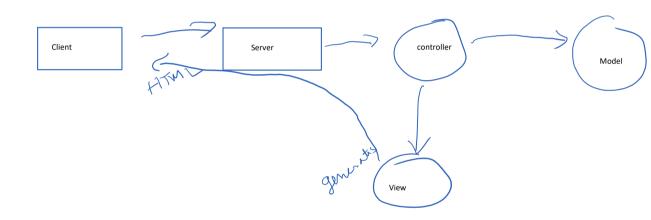
 No need of heavy weight architecture like need to generate proxy avoid heavy data transfer like SOAP

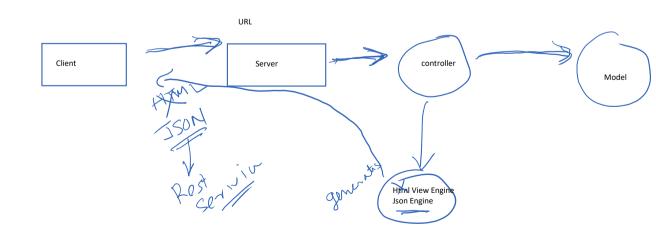
True HTTP

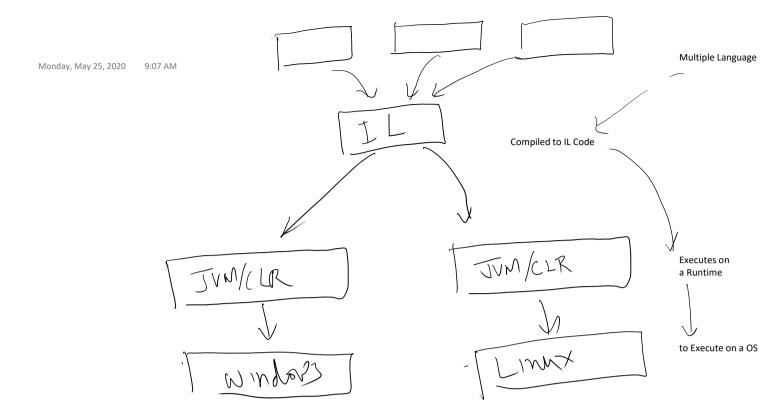
- Follow HTTP recommendtation property
 Use of proper methods
 GET
 POST
- - o PUT
 - o DELETE
- Use of proper headers
 - o Accept

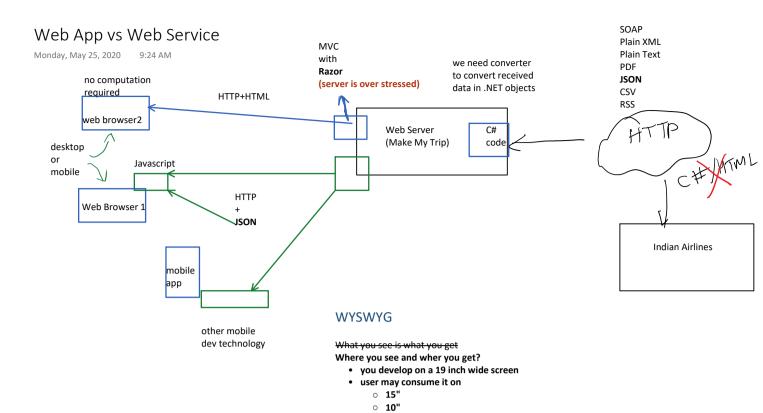
 - ContentTypeStatus Codes
- Use of Proper URL

Implementing REST SErvice









7"5"4.5'

URL Formats

Monday, May 25, 2020 9:57 AM

Asp.net MVC Url structure

http://books.org/book/detail/rashmirathi <----- detail is an action here not a resource

http://books.org/book/create <----- create is an action

http://books.org/delete/rashmirathi <---- our urls are represnting (including) actions

Rest URL Recommendation

- URL should be
 - o Short
 - o Simple (Easy to remember)
 - o Permanent (Technology independent)
 - o Representation of a Resource
 - or one of states (In C# term state means object property)
- URL Should not
 - o Represent an action (create/delete/list)
 - we should use HTTP methods GET/POST/PUT/DELETE
 - o Include technology or platform id
 - https://books.org/details.aspx?author=Jeffrey-Archer
 - https://m.books.org <--- mobile device</p>
 - o Avoid Including formats
 - https://books.org/author/list/json or https://books.org/author/list?type=json
 - □ Many services actually include this type element
 - Avoid localization formats
 - https://books.org/author/list?lang=hi

Some Examples

- To Create an Author
 - POST /authors
 - o The new crated author should have its own url
 - o the url should be returned in location header
 - response status code should be 201
- To get a list of all Authors
 - o GET /authors
 - o ACCEPT: application/json <--specifiy the format of expected data
 - o UserAgent: Android Browser <---- speicfly the mobile format if required
 - o ACCEPT-LANGUAGE: hi <----- speicfy the localization parameter
- To get a single author info
 - GET /authors/jeffrey-archer
- o user headers as above • To update a single author info
 - o PUT /authors/jeffrey-archer
 - o CONTENT-TYPE: application/json
 - \r\n
 - o { "Author": "Johsn Grisham", "Biography": "...", ...}

 - o Should return 202 on success
- To delete a single author
 - o DELETE /authors/jeffrey-archer
 - o should delete the author info and the corresponding url
 - o should return 204 on success.

More REST URL examples (All below class are GET)

- https://books.org/authors <----- list of all authors
- https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer <--- details of jeffrey (no need of action word details) https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer/books <---- books by jeffrey archer
- https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer/biography <---- detailed biography of jeffrey-archer
- https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer/reviews <---- reviews about jeffrey archer
- Urls that may not return Json but some data that can be used any where • https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer/photograp <---- returns a image/png not JSOn
 - https://books.org/authors/jeffrey-archer/email <---- returns a text/plain containing just email id

REpresentational State Transfer

Note while PUT/DELETE doesn't work with plain browser communication (when browser sends the request directly

it works well with other clients such as

- · C# client making a http request
- Javascfript using XmlHttpRequest object to make Ajax call from within

XmlHttpRequest object is consider a brower within the browser and it knows how to send HTTP PUT/DELETE requrest.

Mail Author

Note

- If you image Author to be a class
 - Each URL may correspond to entire author object
 - o rmay be to one of the property (state) of Jeffrey Archer

class Author{ String Name; String Email; String Photograph; IList<Book> books IList<Review> reviews:

Web Api

Monday, May 25, 2020 10:21 AM

Why not MVC api

- MVC api dependes on Action, REST has no Action
- REST needs to depend on
 - o HTTP verbs
 - o Accept header
- We may need to generate different data type based on ACCEPT header
 - MVC isn't designed for this out of box
 - o I can use MVC to read header and take action, but MVC isn't designed for it
 - $\circ\quad \mbox{We don't want to manually decide and return JSON/Xml}$
- We need api that can
 - o Process HTTP header and methods to delvier result in desired format.

Microsoft Approach to WebApi (.NET Framework)

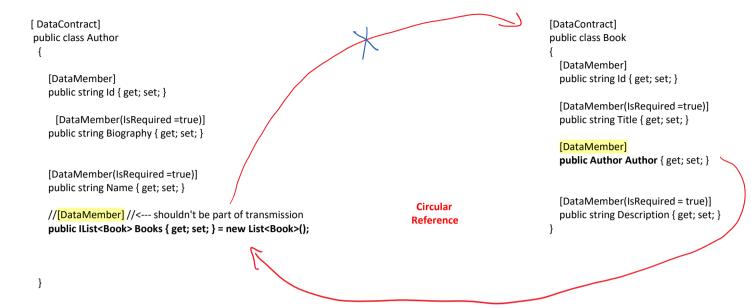
- Create a new Controller Hierarchy called ApiController
- Created new ControllerFactory, ControllerActivator, ActionFilter etc
- The new namespace is System.Web.Http
- And we have an entire parallel hirarchy with same idea but different implmentation
- So we have two sets of
 - Controller base class
 - Controller Factory
 - Controller ActivatorActionFilterAttribute

Asp.net Core

- Has a unified api to serve both MVC and WebApi request
- Both (optionally) inherit same Controller class
- A single api to serve all the requests

Cyclic Reference

Tuesday, May 26, 2020 10:16 AM



Stragtegies To Avoid Circular Reference

1. Elimate Circular Reference

- a. Make sure you don't have circular reference in the model
- b. You may use a View Model to transmit information rather than using your actual Model

2. Be selective what you want to send

- a. [DataMember] attribute includes what infomration should be serialized transferred
- Any Element Not marked with [DataMember] shouldn't be transmitted.
 - i. It is more like a private information not for serialization/transmission

3. Ignore Circular Reference by serializer

setting

- a. First object referring to second object will be included.
- Second object referring to first object back will be ingorned.

4. Ignore all Reference types

a. Serialize only scalar data and not other object members

- My Restana

How Filters Work

Tuesday, May 26, 2020 11:30 AM

How Controller Execute Calls User Methods

```
class Controller: Icontroller
    public void Execute( RequestContext context)
           var httpContext= context.HttpContext;
           var routeData=context.RouteData;
           var actionName= findActionMethod(); //MVC Action, or WebAPI Http Method
                 var model=CreateAndValidateModel(actionName); //ModelBinder, Validator
                 //Time to work
                 InvokeActionExecuting(); //call series of methods before action executes
                 var result= ActionInvoker.Invoke( actionName ); //call action
                 InvokeActionExecuted(); //call series of methods after action executes
                 InvokeResultExecuting(); //call series of methods before resut is executed
                 result.Exectue(); //generates the response
                 InvokeResultExecuted(); //call series of methods after action executes
           }catch(Exception ex){
                 InvokesOnError(ex):
      }
}
```

What is the Goal of Execute Function?

- To Produce a Result
- Anytime the Result is Produced, further actions becomes irrelevant
- Each Filter function can create a result.
- If any filter function creates a result, further actions will be ignored

How it works

- Before your Action/HttpMethod is called onActionExecuting works
 - If OnActionExecuting() produces a result,
 - It will skip actual Action
 - It will directly jump to OnActionExecuted
- OnActionExecuted can override the result generated by OnActionExecuting or Action itself
- If OnResultExecuting() prouduces a response
 - o Actual Result Execution will be ignored.

```
interface IActionFilter{
          InvokeActionExecuting(); //call series of methods before action executes
          InvokeActionExecuted(); //call series of methods after action executes
    interface IResultFilter{
          InvokeResultExecuting(); //call series of methods before resut is executed
          InvokeResultExecuted(); //call series of methods after action executes
    inteface IErrorFilter{
          InvokesOnError(ex);
public class ActionFilterAttribute: Attribute, IActionFilter,IResultFilter{
      void InvokeActionExecuting(){ } //default implmentaion
      void InvokeActionExecuted(){}
      void InvokeResultExecuting(){}
      void InvokeResultExecuted(){}
```

Last Assignment (Try after everyting else)

- Create a new Repository implementation
- Change the Repository method GetById
- · Instead of Returning Null, Throw an user defined exception EntityNotFound
- Exception should include
 - o descriptive message
 - o id which is not found

Assignemnt

- Create a RequiredParameter filter
- If required part of Url is missing it should retrun Error400

```
[RequiredParameter("id")] <--- if id is null or not given send Error 400
public ActionResult Details(string id)
{
    //business logic shouldn't be part of the controller
    //var author = dummyAuthors.FirstOrDefault(a => a.ld == id);

    var author = authorManager.GetAuthorById(id);
    //what if author is null?
    if (author == null)
    {
        //return E404
    }
    return View(author);
}
```

Localization

Tuesday, May 26, 2020 12:30 PM

- The main goal is localize the content of the website in different locals
- A local is based on Culture
- A Culture generally involve
 - 1. Language
 - generally denoted by two lower case letters
 - There is a standard univerally agreed list
 - □ en, hi, de (german)
 - 2. Region
 - i. Language may have dialects that varies from one locale to another
 - Colour (British English) Color(Us English)
 - ii. Region is specified by two alpha numberic code (uppercase)
- · A culture may look like
 - o en-US or en-IN ---> English of USA or English of India
 - o hi-IN --> Hindi of India
 - o en ---> a neutra or generic english not specific to reason
- Culture also contains
 - o date format
 - o currency format etc

1. Razor Page

- Is an alternative of Controller-View Design
- A Page Contains a
 - O Design Part (Razor CSHTML)
 - o Code Part that describes the Model required data from CSHMTL
 - compare it to controller actions.
 - o Request will go to Razor page (- cshtml extension)

Why It should be considered as a non-starter

- 1. The Era of server side page rendering is almost gone.
 - a. There is not much point in learning a new technology when you generate very few pages
- 2. Its currently available on .NET core only and not on .net framework
 - a. MVC is available in both places.
- 3. MVC pattern makes the design uniform for both
 - a. view based web page model (Not RazorPage)
 - b. web api
- 4. Razor Page is a BAD DESIGN

 - a. Not a new concept
 i. Code Behind Architecture!
 - b. WebForms Reborn!
 - c. Industry in general (out side MS) prefers MVC
 - i. Java world
 - ii. Node World

Did you know!

When microsoft launched first version of MVC, Views had code behind

- This was a redundant idea, as controller should provide data to view
- it was confusing weather to fetch data in
 - controller

Controller

o code behding

This idea was rejected and MVC 1.1 removed code behind

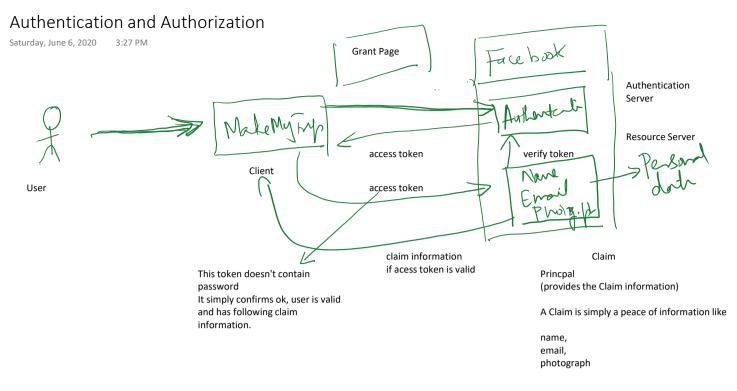
There will a designer file in containing some html+ rendering along with



Now we are removing controller to get back code behind

Controller - View Architecture

- Controller doesn't know View Design
- View doesn't who will invoke it
- We can change view later without changing controller
- We can use the same View with mulitiple controller action, as there is no official connect here



Variations

	Web App	Web API
Grant Type	A Page containing buttons to grant permission	web api can't access or manage these pages.
		User may need to pass username and password to the client, which will send them to server on your behalf CredentialGrant Type
AccessToken Managmement	We can't define custom headers from a browser. We may continue to use cookies	Through Header
	We may continue to use cookies	

Third Party Server

- before you client application can validate against the 3rd party server, it must register itself with 3rd party server
- Registeration generally requires
 - Application Name
 - o Application Base Url
 - o Return Url where Server will redirect user after Granting Permission
- After registratio you typically get a
 - $\circ \quad \hbox{Client Key (public key to identify you)} \\$
 - o Client Secret (passed to the authentication server, to validate the client)

Authentication .in .NET Core

Saturday, June 6, 2020 3:41 PM

1. Who will Authenticate

- 1. Third Party Authentication
 - a. We need to follow the details based on which service we are authenticating agains
 - b. It is just a matter of configuring the details
- 2. Person Authentication Service
 - a. We need an endpoint which can
 - i. Receive clients credential and validate the credential
 - ii. identify the claims
 - iii. returns the claims in encoded data
 - b. we need to
 - i. create the authentication mechanism
 - ii. configure the mechanism
- 3. Microsoft comes with a out-of-box system called Identify Managmenet
 - i. validates you against a datbase of users
 - ii. This mechanism handles both part

2. How to verify Authentication

- 1. We need to configure a middleware that can check of
 - a. Acccess token
 - b. Decide if token represents a valid login
 - c. allow/deny next request in the pipeline based on your needs.

Naming Actions

Sunday, June 7, 2020 10:01 A

We have scenario where we need to perform multiple actions on a firmware.

e.g- http://localhost:1234/RSD/Packages/{packageID}/File.

Multiple actions can ve performed on the Package- start download, pause download, resume downoad, cancel download, Reject a download.

It is difficult to show these actions via Get, Delete, POST. What is the recommended mechanism.

From https://github.com/vivekduttamishra/202005-philips-core/issues/5

Q1. Can we represent all actions using GET,POST,PUT,DELETE

Answer: YES.

- entire sql is essentially CRUD ---> Create, Select, Update, Delete
- You need to decide where you want to do this --> URL
 - o Your URLS can be different

Q1. How to handle current scenario

- Here we are trying to **Update** the state of the firmware
 - o Pause State
 - o Resume State
 - o Start State
- This can be handled by a put call taking states
 - PUT http://firmeware/state/start
 - o PUT http://firmeware/state/stop
 - o PUT http://firmeware/state/pause
 - o PUT http://firmeware/state/resume
- Find the current state using
 - o GET http://firmeware/state/

Q2 What if we have a different scenario

- URL can always be crafted using [Route] and [HttpGet] url mapper
- Since you control the URL no one can stop you from including Actions if you want
- · Try Avoiding as it breaks REST
 - o You may pass action details as body of request or url parameter

Trick here is Think of **State** that can be

- Created
- Updated
 Deleted
- Deleted
- Retrieved

Authentication/Authorization

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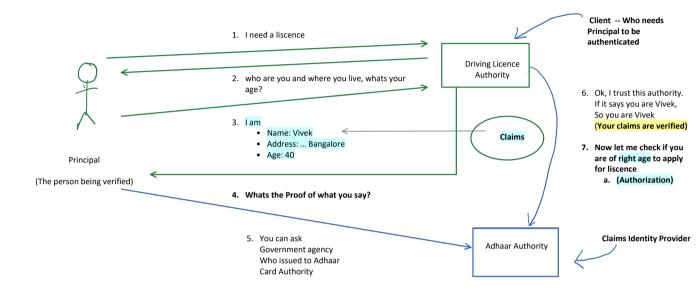
Q1. What is the main concern?

Authnetication / Claims

- Who are you?
- What is the proof, that you are who you say you are?

Authorization

- Ok!, you are who you say you are
- Are you authorized to do current Job
- Authentication or Claims pre-requisite to Authorization



Driving Licence Authority, Once verifed your claims can be a competent authority to Identify you next time and can Authenticate following claims about

- *Name
- *Age
- *Address
- *Driving Licence Number
 - Anyone trying to hire you as a Driver, will containt **Driving Licence Authority** to validate your claims

Important Keywords

- Principal --> who is being verified
- Client --> who is seeking verification
 Claims ---> Information about the principal as a key value pair
- Claims Identity --> One who provides claims about the Principal

To Verify, The Claim Identity Provider may not provide all your details such as probably Password. It can simply provide limited information about you which you have accepted.

Key Goals

1. Encrypt transport

• so that any one trying to intercept the traffic can't understand the information



Asymetric Key Encryption

- You need a pair of key such that
 - o One can encrypt the information (public key)
 - Other can decrypt the information (private key)

Program Flow

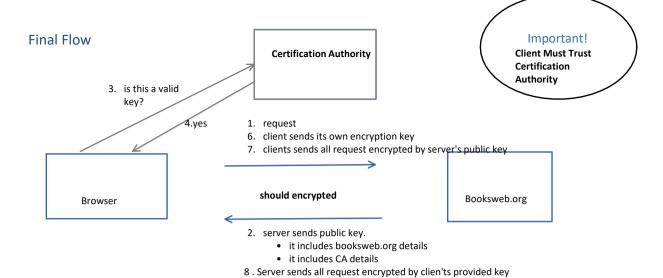
- 1. Browser connects to server for HTTPS Request
 - a. Browser will send encrypted data to server
- 2. Server sends its pubilc key to browser
 - a. Browser can use this public key to encrypt future information
 - b. Only some one with the private key can decrypt it
 - i. Once encrypted even browser can't decrypt it
- 3. Browser sends its own public key to server in encrypted format
 - a. This key is dynamically generated
 - b. Now only server know this key
 - c. Server can use this key to send encrypted informatin to browser
- 4. Now we have end ot end encryption
- 5. Data may be intercepted but not decrypted or understood in the transport.

2. Trust

- How will a client know information is actually encrypted
 - o Not every one understands technicality
 - o How can client trust this?
- How to we authenticate that our reques is going to the same server as we think it going
 - o Is www.flipkart.com the real official site of Flipkart? or its
 - www.flipkartonline.com
 - □ Later may be a phishing site

You need an authority to confirm this thing for you.

- The public key can be considered as the signature of the brand cor companiy
- The key is like a claim
- You need Trusted authority to validate your claim
- These keys are issued by Certifcate Authority (CA)
- . The Authority charge a fee for signing (validating) your key
 - o A key is security issued to a particular
 - Brand
 - Url
 - Application
 - o That key can't be used for any one else
 - A key issued for http://books.org can be used for development server http://localhost:5000
 - A key issued to https://localhost:5000 can't be used for https://localhost:5001



Important

- 1. Key generation is an algorithm, anyone can generate it
- 2. Encyrption is technicality Not difficult to create
 - a. Its free
- 3. Trust is NOT Free
 - a. You pay a certification authority for the TRUST it gives you!

Developer's Workbench

- 1. We can create our own cerficate (privatekey-publickey pair)
- 2. But someone must be the CA
 - a. We can create our own Dummy CA
 - b. CA is another pair key
- 3. But nobody will trust my CA
 - a. Not even my own computer
- 4. We add our CA to our computer's registry as trusted CA
 - a. We need physical access and admin right to the machine
 - b. Good for development
 - c. My development mechine will trust it
- 5. Production server must use a valid certificate from a trusted autority isuch as
 - a. Verisign
 - b. Google
 - c. Microsoft

Signal R

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What is SignalR?

Traditional HTTP Model

- HTTP is traditionally Request-Response Model
- Server Doesn't send a response, till client requests
 - o There is no PUSH

How do we get a push communication where page should get updated automatically?

Use Case

- Cricket Score Update
- · Stock website with latest data

Approach to Push Communication

1. Continuous Polling

a. Keep sending AJAX request to server at a regular interval (say ever 2 secons)

2. Server Side Events

a. This is a newer standard where server can push details

3. Web Sockets

- a. A supporting protocol where we can create a socket connection between client and server and enable full duplex communication
- 4. May be something in future...

Problem

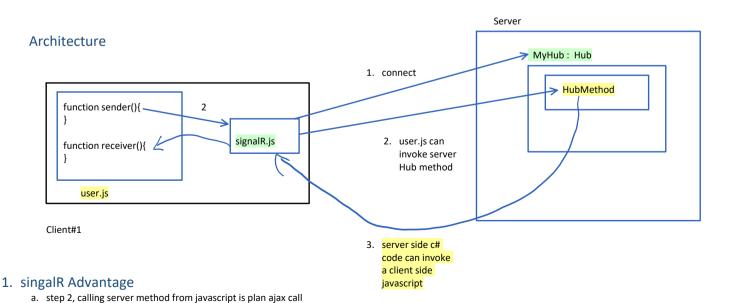
- each technique requires different programming
- Approach 1 will work on browser and server
- Approach 2 and 3 depends server and browser versions.

SingalR

- Is an abstraction over push communication
- It can deploy the best options available (which is actually in reverse order of above list)
- We write a single code and singalR choses best among available options to deploy it
- SingalR has a client and a server component
 - Server ---> A Middleware
 - Client ---> Javascript
- We can setup our client and server to enable the work.

Solution

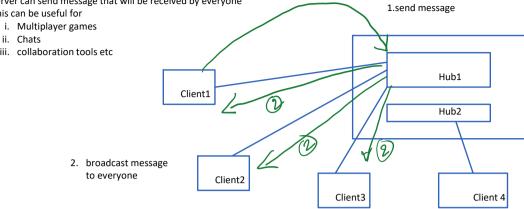
• We have single API to handle all choices of Push communication



- b. Server code can call client javascript
 - i. can update the page from sever data

2. Hub is a mediator between various clients

- a. Think of it as a common room where multiple clients can enter
- b. one client can send an update that will be received by server
- c. server can send message that will be received by everyone
- d. This can be useful for
 - ii. Chats
 - iii. collaboration tools etc



Controller and SingalR Communication

- what if we have a communication directly initiated by some server action (controller)
- we want to update client that something changed server

UseCase

- Two clients are watching a list of books
- one client adds a new book.
 - o Other should get it without refreshing

