

What is Java? (Popular Perception)

Monday, October 19, 2020 11:36 AM




Popular Perception/Definition

- Java is an object oriented programming language
- Class based OO language
- High level programming language
- Multi-threaded
- Write once - run anywhere
- Cross platform language
- Platform Independent
- Robust and Secured
- Interpreted language
- It is an open source

Is this claim valid?

Contradictions/Challenges

- Does Android Phone support Java?
 - NO
 - A Java class doesn't run on Android Phones out of box
 - Although majority android application is written using java language.
- Does iOS support Java?
 - NO
- Have you heard the term — "This computer doesn't have Java?"
 - We havent installed Java.
 - What have we not installed — Java Programming lanuage?
 - Do everyone needs to program in Java?
- When you try to download "java", what are your actually downloading?

Windows - Which should I choose?		
	Windows Online filesize: 1.99 MB	Instructions
	Windows Offline filesize: 69.61 MB	Instructions
	Windows Offline (64-bit) filesize: 79.19 MB	Instructions
If you use 32-bit and 64-bit browsers interchangeably, you will need to install both 32-bit and 64-bit Java in order to have the Java plug-in for both browsers. » FAQ about 64-bit Java for Windows		

- Why request for a Java download ended up downloading JRE?
- Is JRE and object oriented programming language?
- Is JRE platform independent
- Can you write an object oriented programming language using JRE?

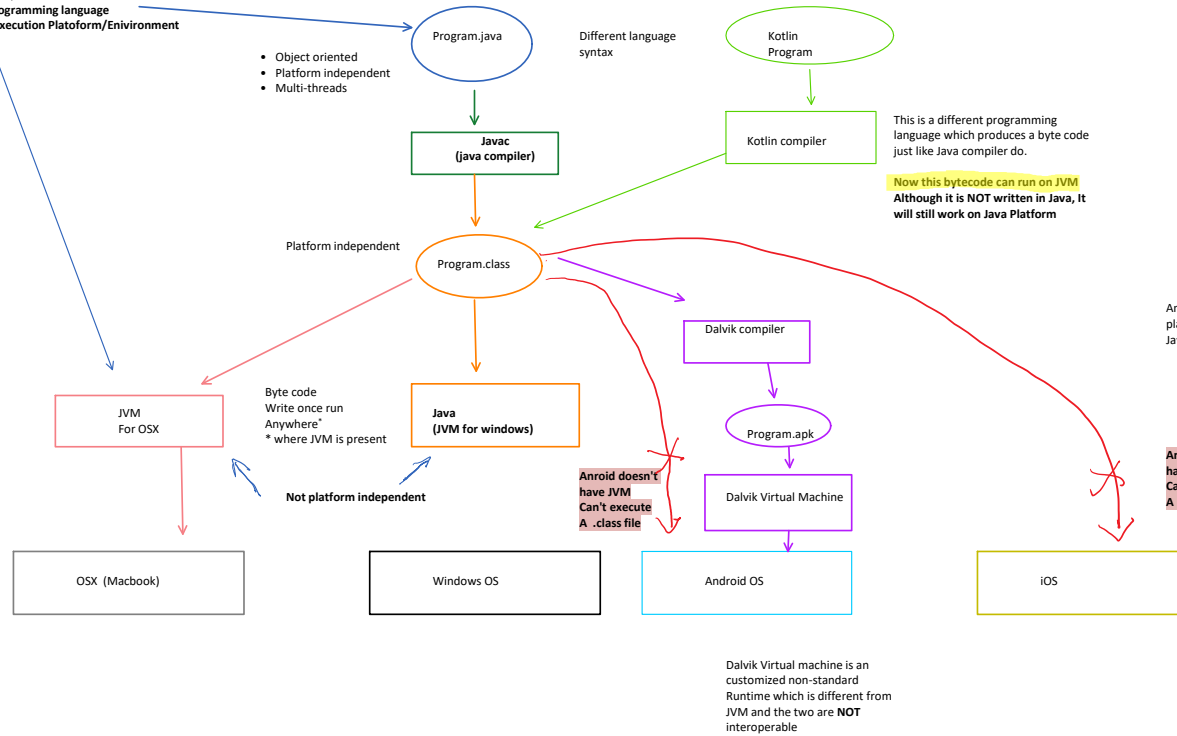


How many Java are there?

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In the world of computation Java refers to two related but **distinct terms**

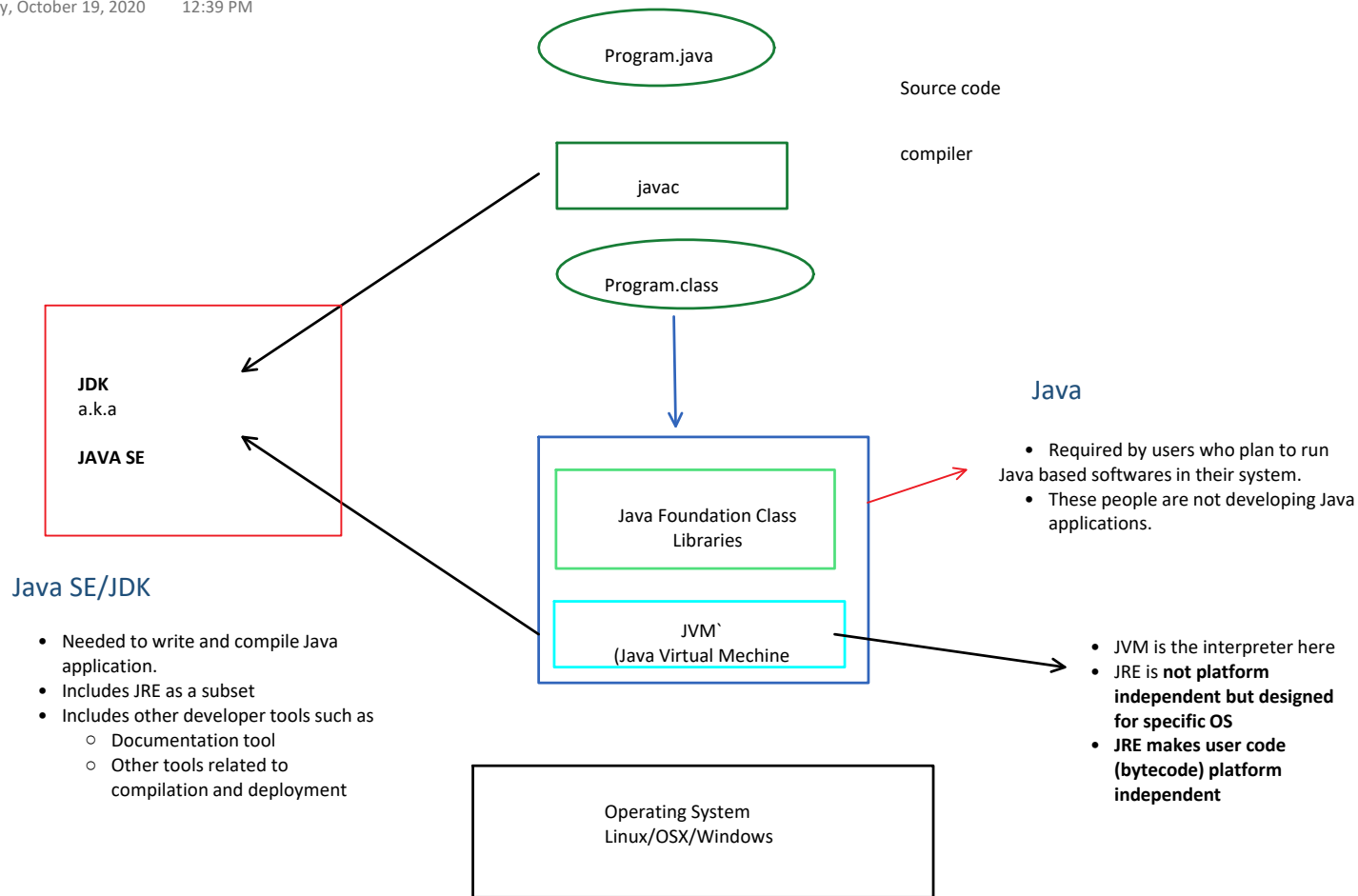
1. **Java is a Programming language**
2. **Java is an execution Platform/Environment**



Since the release of Android Studio 3.0 in October 2017, Kotlin is included as an alternative to the standard Java compiler. The Android Kotlin compiler lets the user choose between targeting Java 6 or Java 8 compatible bytecode. Kotlin has been Google's preferred language for Android app development since 7 May 2019.

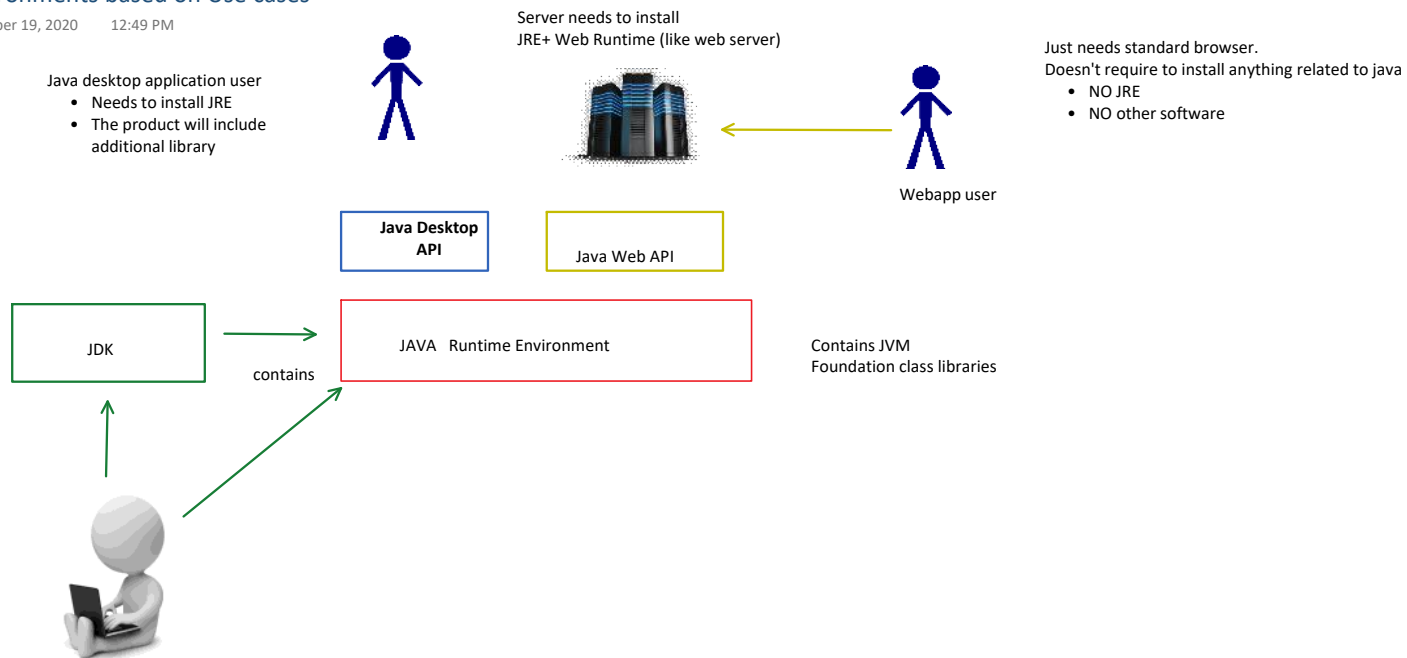
Java Framework

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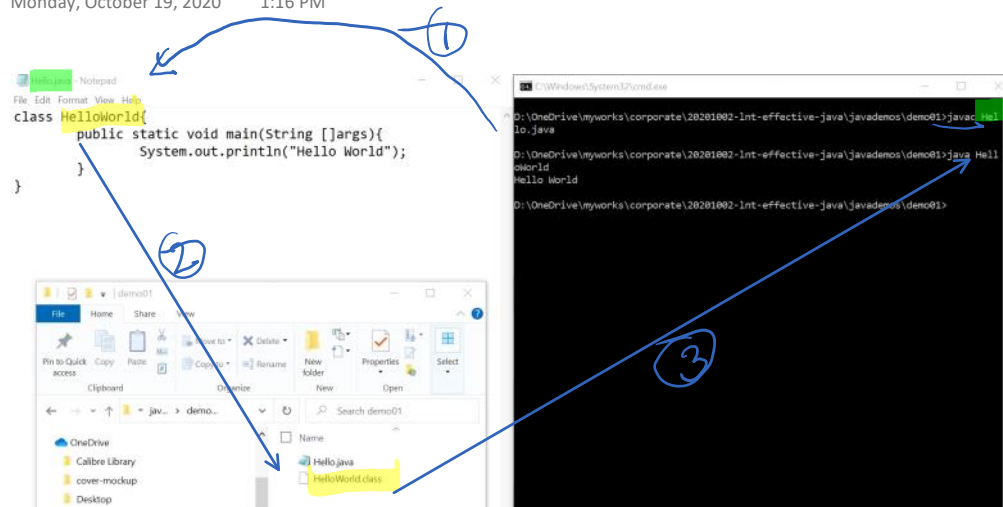
Java Environments based on Use cases

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Compiling and Running Java code

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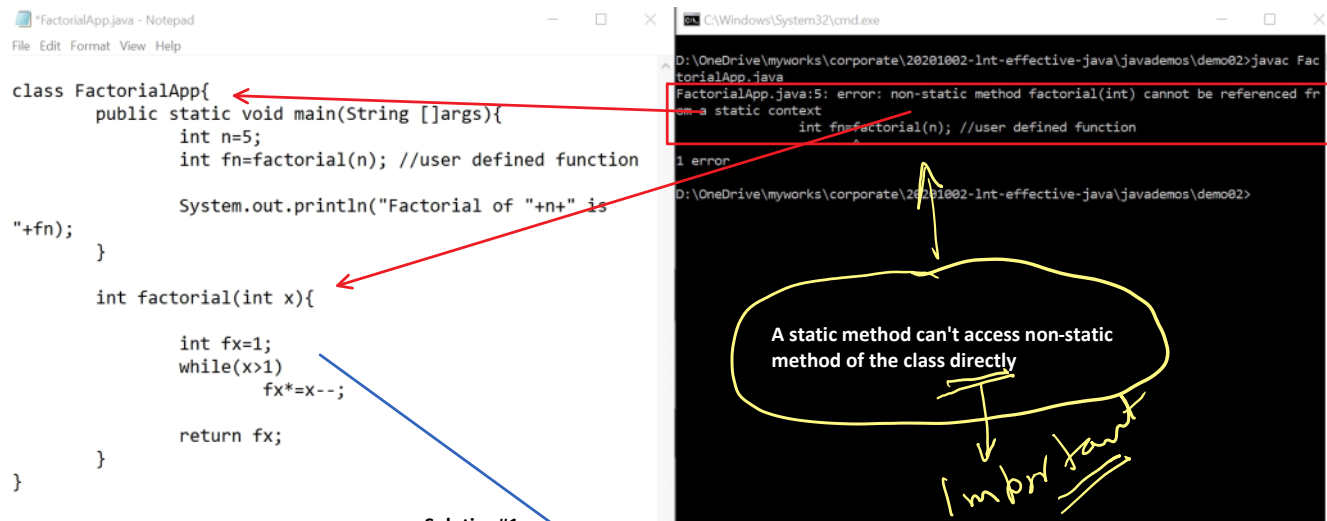


1. You compile a source file
- c:> **javac HelloWorld.java**
1. The byte code name is same as that of Class present in source code and not same as the .java file name
2. You run the byte code using java command

c:> **java HelloWorld**

Static context

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Solution#1

Solution

- There are multiple way to solve this problem
- We will choose different solutions depending on the context

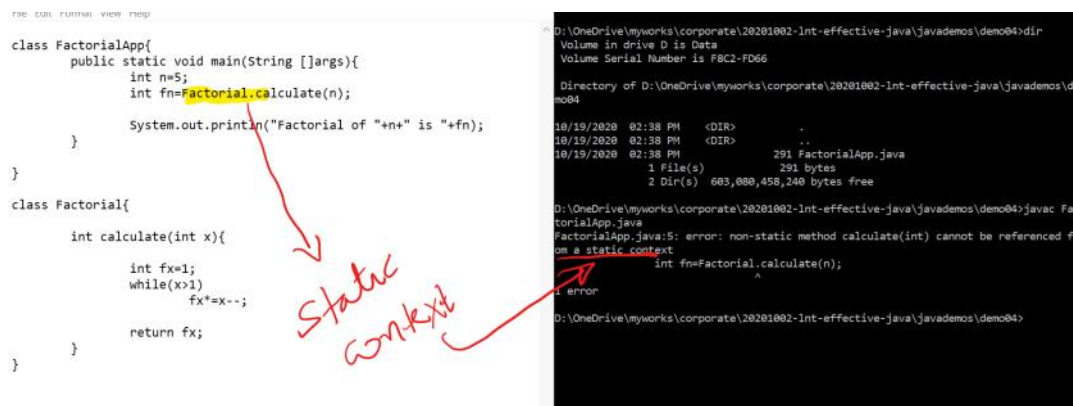
Solution 1

- Make factorial function static

```
static int factorial(int x){
    int fx=1;
    while(x>1)
        fx*=x--;

    return fx;
}
```

More on static context



A Class name is a static context. You can call only static methods using Class reference and not non-static methods

Working with a non-static context

To work with a non-static method, we need an object of the class to

Working with a non-static context

To work with a non-static method, we need an object of the class to refer and use the method.

The image shows a Java IDE window titled 'FactorialApp.java - Notepad' and a Windows command prompt window.

FactorialApp.java - Notepad:

```
class FactorialApp{
    public static void main(String []args){
        int n=5;

        //step#1: get object of the class
        Factorial fact=new Factorial();

        //step#2: call method using the object
        int fn=fact.calculate(n);

        System.out.println("Factorial of "+n+" is "+fn);
    }
}

class Factorial{
    int calculate(int x){
        int fx=1;
        while(x>1)
            fx*=x--;
        return fx;
    }
}
```

Windows Command Prompt:

```
D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04>dir
Volume in drive D is Data
Volume Serial Number is F8C2-FD66

Directory of D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04

10/19/2020  02:38 PM  <DIR>          .
10/19/2020  02:38 PM  <DIR>          ..
10/19/2020  02:44 PM                370 FactorialApp.java
               1 File(s)                370 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  603,080,458,240 bytes free

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04>javac FactorialApp.java

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04>java FactorialApp
Factorial of 5 is 120

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04>dir
Volume in drive D is Data
Volume Serial Number is F8C2-FD66

Directory of D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04

10/19/2020  02:45 PM  <DIR>          .
10/19/2020  02:45 PM  <DIR>          ..
10/19/2020  02:45 PM                312 Factorial.class
10/19/2020  02:45 PM                943 FactorialApp.class
10/19/2020  02:45 PM                399 FactorialApp.java
               3 File(s)                1,654 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  603,080,450,048 bytes free

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo04>
```

Handwritten Notes:

- Non Static* (with an arrow pointing to the `calculate` method in the `Factorial` class)
- Instance of class level Method* (with an arrow pointing to the `fact.calculate(n)` call in the `main` method)

Multi Class Java Program

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The image shows a Notepad window on the left containing the source code for a multi-class Java program. The code defines two classes: `FactorialApp` and `Factorial`. `FactorialApp` has a `main` method that calls `Factorial.calculate`. `Factorial` has a static `calculate` method that computes the factorial of a number using a while loop. A yellow text box with a blue arrow points to the `calculate` method in `Factorial` and contains the text: "When compiled a separate .class is generated for every class that exists in our system".

```
class FactorialApp{
    public static void main(String []args){
        int n=5;
        int fn=Factorial.calculate(n);

        System.out.println("Factorial of "+n+" is "+fn);
    }
}

class Factorial{
    static int calculate(int x){
        int fx=1;
        while(x>1)
            fx*=x--;

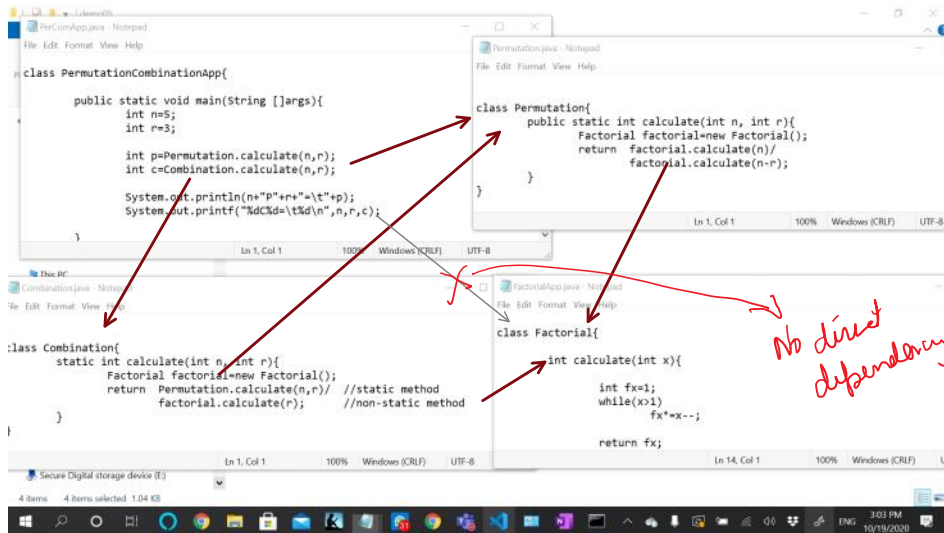
        return fx;
    }
}
```

On the right, a Windows command prompt window shows the execution of the program. It lists the directory, shows the output of `javac` (which creates `Factorial.class` and `FactorialApp.class`), and then shows the output of `java` (which prints "Factorial of 5 is 120"). Blue arrows connect the `Factorial` and `FactorialApp` classes in the code to their respective entries in the command prompt output.

When compiled a separate .class is generated for every class that exists in our system

Class Dependencies

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- Unlike c/c++ (or even javascript or python) You don't need any kind of include of classes before you can use.
- An .class present in the current folder can be accessed directly.

How to compile a project with multiple files

Method #1 compile all files using * wildcard

```
c:> javac *.java
```

Method #2 compile the startup file — the one that contains main()

The steps would be as follows

1. It will try to compile PerComApp.java to create class PermutationCombinationApp.class.
 - While compiling it needs to use Permutation class
2. Javac searches for a file Permutation.class
 - It is not currently present
3. Javac searches for file Permutation.java.
 - It compiles Permutation.java to create Permutation.class
4. While compiling Permutation.class, it realizes it Needs Factorial.class
 - There is no Factorial.class present
5. Since there is not Factorial.class Present, it searches for Factorial.java
 - Factorial.java is also not present
 - Factorial class is a part of FactorialApp.java file. **It is not housed in a file name of its own**
 - **At this stage it returns an error message**

if I have both Combination.class and Combination.java present, which of them will be used by javac?

- If both files are present, then javac would compare their last modification data.
- If .class file is more recent than .java file, that means there has been no change in source code since last compilation, it would simply use the class file.
- If the class file is modified after last compilation, that means we must rebuild class file
 - It would recompile the java file

Recommendation!

- We should create one class per java file
- A class should be housed in a java file of same name
- This will help Java compiler automatically compile your java file if required.

Compilation based on Modification

Name	Status	Date modified	Type	Size
<input type="checkbox"/> Combination.class	✓	10/19/2020 3:27 PM	CLASS File	1 KB
<input type="checkbox"/> PermutationCombinationApp.class	✓	10/19/2020 3:27 PM	CLASS File	2 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Combination.java	✓	10/19/2020 3:26 PM	JAVA File	1 KB
<input type="checkbox"/> Factorial.class	✓	10/19/2020 3:20 PM	CLASS File	1 KB
<input type="checkbox"/> Permutation.class	✓	10/19/2020 3:20 PM	CLASS File	1 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permutation.java	✓	10/19/2020 3:19 PM	JAVA File	1 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FactorialApp.java	✓	10/19/2020 3:18 PM	JAVA File	1 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Factorial.java	✓	10/19/2020 3:17 PM	JAVA File	1 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PerComApp.java	✓	10/19/2020 2:56 PM	JAVA File	1 KB

Combination has changed after its last compile
So it is recompiled along with PerComApp.java

Factorial class has not changed after its
Last modification so it is not recompiled

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo05>javac PerComApp.java
D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo05>
```

①
This file will always be compiled irrespective of its date
as we are explicitly compiling

Organization Project files in multiple folders

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```
CAWindows\System32\cmd.exe
Folder PATH listing for volume Data
Volume serial number is F8C2-FD66
D:..
  FactorialApp.java
  PerComApp.java
  lib
    console
      ConsoleWriter.java
    maths
      Combination.java
      Factorial.java
      Permutation.java

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo06>javac PerComApp.java

PerComApp.java:8: error: cannot find symbol
    int p=Permutation.calculate(n,r);
           ^
symbol:   variable Permutation
location: class PermutationCombinationApp
PerComApp.java:9: error: cannot find symbol
    int c=Combination.calculate(n,r);
           ^
symbol:   variable Combination
location: class PermutationCombinationApp
PerComApp.java:11: error: cannot find symbol
    ConsoleWriter writer=new ConsoleWriter();
                        ^
symbol:   class ConsoleWriter
location: class PermutationCombinationApp
PerComApp.java:11: error: cannot find symbol
    ConsoleWriter writer=new ConsoleWriter();
                        ^
symbol:   class ConsoleWriter
```

Java compiler by default doesn't know where to search for the java/class files if it is not present in current folder.

It doesn't search entire file system for those files

How do I locate .java/.class files

1. CLASSPATH

- We can specify an environment variable called **CLASSPATH** listing all the folders where javac/java should search for .java/.class files
- Folders should be separated using path separator character that varies from one os to another
 - Windows using semicolon
 - Linux/osx uses colon

Our class path should look like

```
c:>set classpath=.\lib\console;.\lib\maths;.
```

Current directory

Note

- We have mentioned 3 path here
 - .\lib\console
 - .\lib\maths
 - . (current directory)
- We can't specify just lib
 - We must include right sub directory
- If you are having a classpath, then java/javac doesn't search current directory by default.
 - You must include current directory if you have files in current directory

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Volume serial number is F8C2-FD66
D:..
  FactorialApp.class
  FactorialApp.java
  PerComApp.java
  PermutationCombinationApp.class
lib
├── console
│   ├── ConsoleWriter.class
│   └── ConsoleWriter.java
└── maths
    ├── Combination.class
    ├── Combination.java
    ├── Factorial.class
    ├── Factorial.java
    ├── Permutation.class
    └── Permutation.java

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>java PermutationCombinationApp
Error: Could not find or load main class PermutationCombinationApp
Caused by: java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: PermutationCombinationApp

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>
```

Java is not searching for .class file in the current folder because current folder is not present in class path

Works correctly with the Right Path Set

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>set classpath=.\lib\console;.\lib\maths;.
D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>tree /f
Folder PATH listing for volume Data
Volume serial number is F8C2-FD66
D:..
  FactorialApp.class
  FactorialApp.java
  PerComApp.java
  PermutationCombinationApp.class
lib
├── console
│   ├── ConsoleWriter.class
│   └── ConsoleWriter.java
└── maths
    ├── Combination.class
    ├── Combination.java
    ├── Factorial.class
    ├── Factorial.java
    ├── Permutation.class
    └── Permutation.java

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>java PermutationCombinationApp
SP3= 60
SC3= 10

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-Int-effective-java\javademos\demo06>
```

Works fine with the right classpath

Note About class path

- Any classpath set at the terminal or the command window is good for current session only and is lost once you close the window.
- Classpath or any environment variable set on a terminal/command window is not available to other terminal or the command window.
- If you need a classpath everyday then you must store it in **system environment variables**
 - A good place to store classpath for common libraries.

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.508]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo06>java PermutationCombinationApp
5P3=    60
5C3=    10

D:\OneDrive\myworks\corporate\20201002-lnt-effective-java\javademos\demo06>cd \

D:\>java PermutationCombinationApp
5P3=    60
5C3=    10

D:\>
```

Once a classpath is properly set, you
can run your application from
anywhere in your file system.

Assignment01

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Create A Project called Furniture App with following file structure

```
<project root>
|
|--> FurnitureApp.java
|
|--> [lib]
|   |
|   |--> [furnitures]
|       |
|       |--> Chair.java
|       |--> Bed.java
|
|--> [data]
|   |
|   |--> List.java
```

FurnitureApp should

1. Craete a list of Furnitures
2. Add Chair and Bed to this list

Write necessary code to compile and run the program