

Homework 2 Written Assignment

10-605/10-805: Machine Learning with Large Datasets

Due Tuesday, September 29th at 1:30:00 PM Eastern Time

Submit your solutions via Gradescope, **with your solution to each subproblem on a separate page**, i.e., following the template below. Note that Homework 2 consists of two parts: this written assignment, and a programming assignment. The written part is worth **30%** of your total HW2 grade (programming part makes up the remaining 70%).

1 Nyström Method (30 points)

Nyström method. Define the following block representation of a kernel matrix:

$$\mathbf{K} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{W} & \mathbf{K}_{21}^\top \\ \mathbf{K}_{21} & \mathbf{K}_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{W} \\ \mathbf{K}_{21} \end{bmatrix}.$$

The Nyström method uses $\mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{l \times l}$, $\mathbf{C} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times l}$ and $\mathbf{K} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$ to generate the approximation $\tilde{\mathbf{K}} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{W}^\dagger\mathbf{C}^\top \approx \mathbf{K}$.

- (a) *[5 points]* Show that \mathbf{W} is symmetric positive semi-definite (SPSD) and that $\left\| \mathbf{K} - \tilde{\mathbf{K}} \right\|_F = \left\| \mathbf{K}_{22} - \mathbf{K}_{21}\mathbf{W}^\dagger\mathbf{K}_{21}^\top \right\|_F$, where $\|\cdot\|_F$ is the **Frobenius norm**.

- (b) *[10 points]* Let $\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}$ for some $\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times m}$, and let $\mathbf{X}' \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times l}$ be the first l columns of \mathbf{X} . Show that $\tilde{\mathbf{K}} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{P}_{U_{\mathbf{X}'}} \mathbf{X}$, where $\mathbf{P}_{U_{\mathbf{X}'}}$ is the orthogonal projection onto the span of the left singular vectors of \mathbf{X}' .

(c) *[5 points]* Is $\tilde{\mathbf{K}}$ symmetric positive semi-definite (SPSD)?

- (d) *[5 points]* If $\text{rank}(\mathbf{K}) = \text{rank}(\mathbf{W}) = r \ll m$, show that $\tilde{\mathbf{K}} = \mathbf{K}$. Note: this statement holds whenever $\text{rank}(\mathbf{K}) = \text{rank}(\mathbf{W})$, but is of interest mainly in the low-rank setting.

- (e) *[5 points]* If $m = 20\text{M}$ and \mathbf{K} is a dense matrix, how much space is required to store \mathbf{K} if each entry is stored as a double? How much space is required by the Nystrom method if $l = 10\text{K}$?