Java Programming: 2017

Test ka Aarambh

Which of the following statements is incorrect?				
public members of class can be accessed by any code in the program.				
private members of class can only be accessed by other members of the class.				
 private members of class can be inherited by a sub class, and become protected members in sub class. 				
 protected members of a class can be inherited by a sub class in different packa 				
What will happen if we try to overload the main method in a class.				
O Compile Time Error				
Runtime Error				
main method gets overloaded				
O None Of these				
which interface does the thread class implements?				
Runnable				
O Callable				
O Serializable				

0	AutoClosable
0	Other:
me par	ich conditions should a method satisfy for overloading a thod in a class. A.its return type should be same. B.number of ameters it takes should be different. C.type of parameters ould be different

- Only A
- Both A and B
- Either B or C
- All of the above are true.

what will be the order of the output of the following code?

```
public class MultiThread {
    public static class RunnableImplementation implements Runnable {
        private boolean number;
        public RunnableImplementation(boolean number) {
            this.number = number;
        }
}
```

- All Numbers will be printed first then all alphabets
- All Alphabets will be printed first then all numbers
- Random order
- First 1 number will be printed and then 1 alphabet and so on, till all numbers and alphabet are printed
- Other:

Output of following program

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    try{
        System.out.println("hi");
        System.exit(0);
    } finally {
        System.out.println("bye");
    }
```

} hi bye hi bye no output Static keyword is used to make a variable Thread-Safe? True False Compile time polymorphism is achieved through Method Overriding **Method Overloading Method Rewriting** None of these Which statement is valid CheckedException are used to indicate programmatic errors CheckedException are check at compile time and hence declare the exception using throws keyword UncheckedException extends Error class

Will this code Execute

```
public final class SuperClass {
    public void print() {
        System.out.println("print");
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new SubClass().print();
}

class SubClass extends SuperClass {
```

- Ompile Time Error
- Run Time Error
- Successfully execute

What will be the output of the code?

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   String a = "hello";
   String b = "hello";
   String c = new String("World");
   String d = new String("World");
```

```
if (a == b) {
    System.out.print("One");
}
if (c == d) {
    System.out.print("Two");
}
```

- One
- O Two
- OneTwo
- None of the Above

Significance of Volatile keyword in java

- If a field is declared volatile, in that case the Java memory model ensures that all threads see a consistent value for the variable.
- Volatile caches methods
- All of these
- None

Mark output of the code

```
□ class Const2 extends Constructor1 {
□ public Const2() {
□ super(); // will this throw error ?
□ System.out.println(1);
□ }
□ }
```

- ompile time error
- oruntime error
- 1

Output of program

```
public class Indecisive {
    public static void main(String[] args
) {
        System.out.println(decision());
    }

    static boolean decision() {
        try {
            return true;
        } finally {
            return false;
        }
    }
}
```

- true
- false

Mark output of the code

```
public class Constructor1 {
    // no constructor

    public Constructor1(String x) {
        System.out.println(x);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
new Const2();
new Const2("string");
                                 -- --- --- 9-/
class Const2 extends Constructor1 {
    public Const2(String x) {
         super(x);
    public Const2() {
         System.out.println(1);
    1 string
    string 1
    error
    Option 4
```

How many threads does the below given code opens?

```
public class MultiThread {
   public static class RunnableImplementation implements Runnable {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, ExecutionException {
    System.out.println("start");
    ExecutorService executorService = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(10);
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
        executorService.submit(new RunnableImplementation());
    }
    System.out.println("Apparent end");
}</pre>
```

- 100
- 10
- \bigcirc 11
- Cannot be determined
- Other:

What will be the output of the following program?

```
class Test{
  public int test(int a){
    System.out.println("test1");
  return a;
```

```
public float test(int a){
     System.out.println("test2");
     return b;
     public static void main(String args[]){
     Test obj = new Test();
     obj.test(2);
Compile Time Error
    test1
    test2
    test1 test2
Runnable defines a method run. What's the signature?
   public void run()
    public void run() throws InterruptedException
   public void run(Runnable r)
    public void run(Runnable r) throws InterruptedException
    Other:
Can we overload static methods in java?
    Yes
   No
```

The elieus in each as		مام : مارین بیرو میرا	:
The client in socket	programming must	know wnich	information?

- IPaddress of Server
- O Port number
- Both A & B
- None of the above
- Other:

Will this code Execute

```
public final class SuperClass {
    static final int var = 10;

public static void main(String[] args) {
    var = 1000;
}
}
```

- Yes
- Compile Time Error
- Run Time Error

Can Constructor in Java be STATIC

- Compile Error
- O yes
- Runtime Error

Other:
Which of these is correct way of inheriting class A by class?
Class B + class A {}
Class B inherits class A {}
class B extends A {}
Class B extends class A {}
What is the name of the method used to start a thread execution? init(); start(); run(); resume();
Thread synchronization is required because
all threads of a process share the same address space
all threads of a process share the same global variables
all of the mentioned

Output following code

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   System.out.println(test());
}
static int test (){
  int a = 0;
```

	+1	ry{
	٠,	y t
		return as
		return a;
	ł	finally {
		++a:
	3	
4		
ł		
_		

- 0
- \bigcirc .
- \bigcirc 2
- None of above

Mark output of Code

```
class Bike{
  int speedlimit=90;
}

class Honda3 extends Bike{
  int speedlimit=150;

public static void main(String args[]){
  Bike obj=new Honda3();
  System.out.println(obj.speedlimit);
}
```

- ompile time error
- 90
- 150
- Option 4

Which is not part of jvm

- O JIT
- O GC
- Classloader





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