final test 01



Congratulations!

You completed this test on 02/04/2025 at 18:54



- Which of these is an example of ordinal data?

 Blood type (A, B, AB, O)
 - Number of pets owned

Grades in school (A, B, C)

- Temperature in Celsius
- How do you reshape a NumPy array arr to have 3 rows and 4 columns?
- ×

- arr.resize(3,4)
- arr.reshape(3,4)
- \times arr.reshape((3,4))
- arr.shape(3,4)

II	How do you create an array with values ranging from 1 to 10 in NumPy?
	np.range(1,10)
	op.arange(1,11)
	np.linspace(1,10)
	np.list(1,10)
10	The normal distribution is:
	Skewed left
	Bell-shaped and symmetric
	Uniformly distributed
	Bimodal
10	Which distribution shape can a histogram help identify?
	Normal
	Skewed
	Bimodal
	All of the above
1	A dataset with multiple modes is called:
	○ Unimodal
	Bimodal
	✓ Multimodal
	Nonmodal

1	The mode represents:
	The average value of a dataset
	The value that occurs most frequently
	The middle value of the dataset
	The spread of data
1	In a normal distribution, the mean, median, and mode are:
	Different
	✓ Equal
	Random
	Always zero
	How can you assign a default value to a function argument in R?
1	How can you assign a default value to a function argument in R? By assigning it in the function body
1	
11	By assigning it in the function body
1	By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function
	 By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function Assigning a value in the argument list
	 By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function Assigning a value in the argument list Using the set() function
	 By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function Assigning a value in the argument list Using the set() function In ggplot2, which function is used for a histogram?
	 By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function ✓ Assigning a value in the argument list Using the set() function In ggplot2, which function is used for a histogram? ✓ geom_histogram()
	 By assigning it in the function body Using the default() function ✓ Assigning a value in the argument list Using the set() function In ggplot2, which function is used for a histogram? ✓ geom_histogram() ✓ geom_col()

11(] What is the output of if (FALSE) print("Hello")?
	Hello
	FALSE
	NULL
	No output
110] In ggplot2, which geom function is used to create a line plot?
	geom_bar()
	geom_line()
	geom_histogram()
	geom_col()
IIC	A null hypothesis is:
	A statement of no effect or no difference
	Always true
	A claim of significant effect
	Randomly chosen
110] How do you create an infinite loop in R?
	while(TRUE) { }
	of for (i in 1:Inf) { }
	repeat { }
	All of the above

II	In base R, which argument in heatmap() controls clustering?
	scale
	Clustering
	hclustfun
	Col
11	What does np.array([1, 2, 3]) return?
	○ A list
	✓ A NumPy array
	A tuple
	A dictionary
1	Which type of plot is most useful for detecting outliers?
	Sox plot
	Box plot Line plot
	Line plot
	Line plot Histogram Scatter plot
	Line plot Histogram Scatter plot
	Line plotHistogramScatter plotType I error occurs when:
	 Line plot Histogram Scatter plot Type I error occurs when: ✓ Rejecting a true null hypothesis
	 Line plot Histogram Scatter plot Type I error occurs when: ✓ Rejecting a true null hypothesis Accepting a true null hypothesis

1	In ggplot2, how do you convert a bar chart into a pie chart?	
	Add coord_polar(theta = "y")	
	Use geom_pie()	
	Apply facet_wrap()	
	Change geom_col() to geom_point()	
1	What visualization is best for checking if a dataset follows a normal distribution?	
	✓ Histogram	
	Scatter plot	
	Bar chart	
	O Pie chart	
	Scenario: Employee Age Study	
	A survey is conducted to study the age distribution of employees in a	
	company. The ages are measured in whole years (e.g., 25, 30, 35).	
	Question: What type of data is represented by the ages of	
	employees?	
	Continuous	
	Nominal	
	Discrete	
	Ordinal	

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II II	Which chart should be used to analyze the relationship between	
	three numerical variables?	
	Scatter plot with color mapping	
	O Pie chart	
	Histogram	
	O Box plot	
10	If you want to visualize the proportion of missing values in a dataset, which type of plot is most useful?	
	Bar chart	
	✓ Heatmap	
	Histogram	
	C Line plot	
10	Data such as "Yes" or "No" is:	
	Discrete data	
	Continuous data	
	Nominal dataOrdinal data	
11	Which Seaborn function is best for visualizing categorical data?	
	sns.barplot()	
	sns.countplot()	
	sns.scatterplot()	
	Soth a) and b)	
		J

II	How do you generate a random number between 0 and 1 in NumPy?	
	np.random.rand()	
	np.random.random()	
	np.random.randint(0,1)	
	Soth a) and b)	
11	Which visualization is best for showing the distribution of a numerical variable?	
	✓ Histogram	
	Bar Chart	
	Line Plot	
	Scatter Plot	
	What is the best visualization for correlation between multiple numerical variables? Heatmap Pie Chart Line Plot Histogram	
1	How do you add a legend to a Matplotlib plot? plt.legend() plt.add_legend() plt.show_legend() plt.make_legend()	

II	Which function is used to create violin plots in Seaborn?
	sns.violinplot()
	sns.boxplot()
	sns.stripplot()
	sns.scatterplot()
1	Which method is used to drop rows with missing values?
	✓ df.dropna()
	df.fillna()
	df.remove_na()
	df.dropna(axis=1)
1	What does sns.pairplot(df) do?
	Creates scatter plots for all pairwise relationships
	Plots a single histogram
	Shows a bar chart of categorical values
	Oraws a heatmap
1	How do you change the color palette in Seaborn?
	sns.set_palette("pastel")
	sns.set_theme("colorful")
	sns.color_map("red")
	sns.set_color("blue")

1	What is the best plot for time-series data?
	✓ Line Chart
	Bar Chart
	O Pie Chart
	Scatter Plot
11	How do you generate a random integer between 10 and 100?
	op.random.randint(10,100)
	np.random.random(10,100)
	np.random.uniform(10,100)
	np.random.normal(10,100)
II	What does plt.xlabel("X-axis") do?
	Adds α title
	✓ Labels the X-axis
	Labels the Y-axis
	Adds a legend
II	Which function creates a heatmap in Seaborn?
	sns.heatmap()
	sns.correlationplot()
	sns.matrixplot()
	sns.gridplot()

10	What argument is used to change the line color in plt.plot()?
	color
	fill
	linecolor
	shade
11	Which Seaborn function is used to create a histogram?
	sns.histplot()
	sns.distplot()
	sns.barplot()
	sns.scatterplot()
	M/hat do as arr[1,4] raturn in NumDv2
	What does arr[1:4] return in NumPy?
	Elements from index 1 to 4
	Elements from index 1 to 3
	Elements from index 0 to 3
	Elements from index 2 to 4
1	How do you reset the index of a Pandas DataFrame?
	df.index_reset()
	df.reindex()
	df.reset_index()
	df.drop_index()

II	How do you load built-in datasets in Seaborn?
	sns.datasets.load_dataset()
	sns.load_dataset()
	sns.get_data()
	sns.read_data()
1	Which argument in geom_density() controls the transparency of the curve?
	alpha
	Color
	size
	linetype
1	In base R, what function is used to create multiple box plots in one plot? boxplot(var1, var2,) plot.boxplot() multi.boxplot() box(var1, var2,)
11	What does the diagonal in a pair plot represent? ○ Box plots ○ Histograms of each variable ○ Correlation values ○ Scatter plots

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1	Which chart is best suited for showing time-series data?
	Heatmap
	✓ Line chart
	Scatter plot
	○ Bar chart
1	How do you select a single column from a Pandas DataFrame?
	☐ df.column_name
	df['column_name']
	df.column['name']
	df[[column_name]]
1	Which method displays the first 5 rows of a DataFrame?
	df.head()
	df.first()
	df.display()
	df.show()
11	Which parameter controls point size in geom_point()?
	pointsize
	width
	alpha

10	Which chart is best suited for showing trends over time?
	Histogram
	✓ Line plot
	O Pie chart
	O Box plot
11	Which function is used to create a pie chart in base R?
	barplot()
	✓ pie()
	hist()
	O plot()
1	What function is used to create a bar chart in base R?
	barplot()
	hist()
	O plot()
	opie()

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1	What will the following code output? greet <- function(name = "Guest") { paste("Hello,", name) } greet()	
	Error✓ Hello, GuestNullGuest	
1	What is the output of the following code? add <- function(x, y) { x + y } add(3, 5)	
	815Error3	
10	Which of these returns the first conditionally true expression? ifelse() switch() case_when() else	8

1	What will be the result of 3^2 + 2 * 3 in R?	×
	× 15	
	18	
	<u> </u>	
	<u>27</u>	
1	What is the data type of c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE)?	
	Numeric	
	✓ Logical	
	Character	
	Complex	
1	What does df.fillna(0) do?	
	Replaces all missing values with 0	
	Removes all missing values	
	Deletes the entire DataFrame	
	Orops rows with missing values	
1	What function in Seaborn is used for KDE (Kernel Density Estimation)	
	plots?	
	sns.kdeplot()	
	sns.histplot()	
	sns.densityplot()	
	sns.scatterplot()	

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II II	What function returns the shape of a NumPy array?
	shape()
	✓ arr.shape
	arr.size
	arr.dimension
1	What is the main advantage of a scatter plot?
	Shows categorical relationships
	Oisplays correlations between two numerical variables
	Highlights median values
	Represents time series data
11	What is the correct function for density plots in ggplot2?
	geom_density()
	geom_histogram()
	geom_boxplot()
	geom_col()
II .	Which function is used in ggplot2 for bar charts?
	geom_bar()
	geom_point()
	geom_line()
	geom_histogram()

II	What does the return() function do in R?
	Exits the program
	Exits the function and returns a value
	Returns to the start of a loop
	Returns nothing
1	What happens when break is used in a loop?
	Skips to the next iteration
	Exits the loop
	Stops the R session
	Restarts the loop
11	What does the %in% operator do in R?
	Performs element-wise addition
	Checks for membership
	Combines two vectors
	Assigns a value
II .	Which function converts a numeric vector into a character vector?
	as.numeric()
	✓ as.character()
	as.logical()
	as.vector()

11	Which method creates an array of zeros in NumPy?
	v np.zeros()
	np.ones()
	np.empty()
	np.full()
1	What is the correct syntax for a for loop in R?
	✓ for (i in 1:5) { print(i) }
	for i in range(1:5):
	of for i from 1 to 5:
	Oop (i in 1:5) { print(i) }
1	Which measure is most affected by outliers? Mean Median Mode Interquartile range
1	Which function creates a box plot in base R? ○ hist() ○ boxplot() ○ barplot() ○ density()

10	Which is not a measure of central tendency?
	○ Mean
	Median
	Mode
	Standard deviation
II II	The alternative hypothesis represents:
	The status quo
	The presence of an effect or difference
	No relationship in data
	A sample statistic
1	Simple random sampling ensures:
1	Simple random sampling ensures: Equal chance for every population member to be selected
1	
11	Equal chance for every population member to be selected
1	Equal chance for every population member to be selected Selection based on convenience
	 Equal chance for every population member to be selected Selection based on convenience Grouping data into clusters
	 Equal chance for every population member to be selected Selection based on convenience Grouping data into clusters Proportional selection of subgroups
	 Equal chance for every population member to be selected Selection based on convenience Grouping data into clusters Proportional selection of subgroups
	 Equal chance for every population member to be selected Selection based on convenience Grouping data into clusters Proportional selection of subgroups Which of the following is an example of a random variable?
	 ✓ Equal chance for every population member to be selected ✓ Selection based on convenience ✓ Grouping data into clusters ✓ Proportional selection of subgroups ✓ Which of the following is an example of a random variable? ✓ Number of heads in 10 coin tosses
	 ✓ Equal chance for every population member to be selected ✓ Selection based on convenience ✓ Grouping data into clusters ✓ Proportional selection of subgroups ✓ Which of the following is an example of a random variable? ✓ Number of heads in 10 coin tosses ✓ A fixed value like 3.14

10	In a normal distribution, about 99.7% of data falls within how many standard deviations?
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
1	What is the total area under a normal distribution curve?
	0.5
	✓ 1
	<u>2</u>
	<u> </u>
1	The standard normal distribution has a mean of:
	<u> </u>
	⊘ 0
	1
	Undefined
1	Approximately what percentage of data falls within 1 standard deviation of the mean in a normal distribution?
	deviation of the mean in a normal distribution?
	<u>50%</u>
	68%
	95%
	99%

1	Which measure of dispersion is most robust to outliers?
	Standard deviation
	Range
	Variance
	Interquartile range (IQR)
1	Range is defined as:
	The difference between the highest and lowest values
	The average of the dataset
	The most frequently occurring value
	The middle value of the dataset
	The classification of data into male and female is an example of: Nominal data Ordinal data Interval data Continuous data
	Which measure of dispersion is most sensitive to outliers? Range Interquartile range Standard deviation Median

II	If the mean of 10 numbers is 15, the sum of the numbers is:
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
II	What is IBM Watson Studio primarily used for?
	Cloud storage
	Data science and AI model development
	Web hosting
	File management
II II	Which programming languages are supported in IBM Watson Studio
	for data visualization?
	✓ Python and R
	Java and C++
	HTML and CSS
	Swift and Kotlin
II 🗆	Which tool in IBM Watson Studio is specifically used for interactive
	data visualization?
	Watson Assistant
	Oata Refinery
	Watson Discovery
	○ AutoAl

1	IBM Watson Studio uses which popular Python libraries for visualization?
	Matplotlib and Seaborn
	NumPy and Pandas
	TensorFlow and PyTorch
	SQL and MongoDB
11	What is the primary advantage of using IBM Watson for data visualization?
	Only experts can use it
	No programming is required for basic visualizations
	It only works with structured data
	It does not support interactive charts
11	Which type of chart is best for showing trends over time in Watson Studio?
	Bar Chart
	✓ Line Chart
	O Pie Chart
	Scatter Plot
11	When analyzing the distribution of a single numeric variable, which visualization should you use?
	Histogram
	O Pie Chart
	O Box Plot
	✓ Both a and c

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1	What type of visualization is most effective for comparing multiple categories in IBM Watson? Bar Chart Scatter Plot Heatmap Violin Plot
	Which type of visualization is best for showing relationships between two continuous variables? Scatter Plot Pie Chart Bar Graph Treemap
	Heatmaps in IBM Watson Studio are commonly used for: Showing relationships between categorical variables Visualizing correlation between numerical variables Creating pie charts Displaying time-series data
	IBM Watson Studio can integrate data from which sources? ○ Cloud databases ○ CSV and Excel files ○ APIs and IoT devices ○ All of the above

1	What is an advantage of using Watson's Al-powered visualizations?
	It predicts patterns in the data
	It replaces human analysts completely
	It does not require any data preparation
	It only supports pre-defined charts
1	IBM Watson can suggest the best visualization type based on:
	Oata structure and relationships
	Random selection
	User preferences only
	Pre-defined templates
II [Can users customize visualizations in Watson Studio?
	Yes, users can modify colors, labels, and axes
	No, visualizations are auto-generated
	Only developers can modify them
	It depends on the Watson plan
1	What type of visualization is recommended for detecting outliers?
	✓ Box Plot
	O Pie Chart
	Cline Chart
	Area Chart

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10	In Watson Studio, what feature allows users to create dashboards with multiple charts?	
	Watson Assistant	
	✓ IBM Cognos Analytics✓ Data Refinery	
	○ AutoML	