

Strings

→ 2 algo

→ KMP algorithm

Roman to integer

I, V, X, L, C, D, M

I → 1 D → 500

V → 5 M → 1000

X → 10

L → 50

C → 100

↓ ↓ ↓
10 100 10
~~X~~ C I X
↓ ↓
1 1

$$-10 + 100 - 1 + 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 99$$

1) Create a map and a variable ans = 0.

2) Insert all the characters with corresponding values into the map.

3) Iterate the input string 's'.(i):

a) If $i < s.length() - 1$:

i) If $m[s[i]] < m[s[i+1]]$:

$$ans -= m[s[i]]$$

50 5 1
↑ ↑ ↑
L V I I I
 1 2 3 4
↑ ↑ ↑ ↑

$$+ 50 + 5 + 1 + 1 + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 58$$

ii) else
 $ans += m[s[i]]$

b) else
 $ans += m[s[i]]$

4) return ans.

Integers to Roman

$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$
2 2 3

400

$\Rightarrow CC\cancel{XX}III$

$\rightarrow \begin{matrix} I & I \\ \vee 5 \\ \cancel{X} & 10 \\ \hline L & 50 \\ \rightarrow \cancel{C} & 100 \\ \rightarrow D & 500 \\ M & 1000 \end{matrix}$

$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$
8 9 2

$\Rightarrow \cancel{D} \cancel{CCC} \cancel{\times} \cancel{C} III$

I
II
III
IV
V
VI
VII
VIII
IX
X

$\downarrow \downarrow$
9 6 9
 $\Rightarrow CDL\cancel{X}IX$

1) $M[] = \{ "", "M", "MM", "MMM" \}$

2) $C[] = \{ "", "C", "CC", "CCC", "\underline{CD}", "D", "DC", "DCC", "DCCC", "CM" \}$

3) $X[] = \{ "", "X", "XX", "XXX", "XL", "L", "LX", "LXX", "LXXX", "X \}$

4) $I[] = \{ "", "I", "II", "III", "IV", "V", "VI", "VII", "VIII", "IX \}$

5) $ans = ""$

6) $ans = M[\text{num}/1000]; \quad \text{num} = \text{num} \% 1000$

3 467 "MMM"
467 MMCD

7) $ans = C[\text{num}/100]; \quad \text{num} = \text{num} \% 100;$

67 MMMCDLX

8) $\text{ans} += \lceil \text{num}/10 \rceil; \text{num} = \text{num} \% 10;$

7 "MMMCDLXVII"

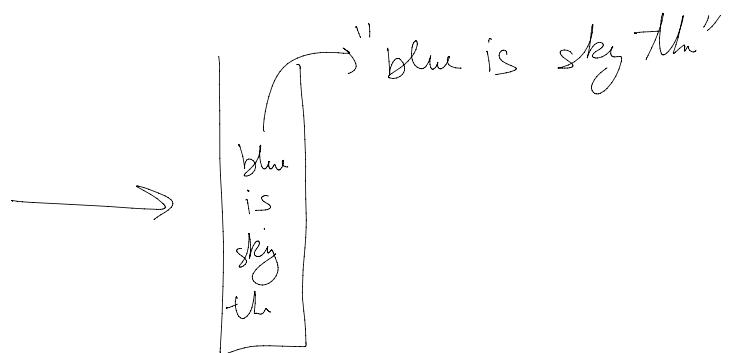
9) $\text{ans} += \lfloor \text{num} \rfloor; \text{return ans.}$

T: O(1), S: O(1)

Reverse the string

"the sky is blue" \rightarrow "eulb si yes eht"

"blue is sky the"



stack<string> s;

for (int i=0; i < str.length(); i++) {

 string temp = "";

 while (i < str.length && str[i] != " ") {

 temp += str[i]; i++;

³

 s.push(temp);

}

string ans = " ";

while (!s.isEmpty()) {

while (! s.isEmpty()) {

ans += s.top();

if (s.size() > 1) ans = " ";

s.pop();

3

return ans;

Is subsequence

$\rightarrow \underline{abc}$

a b c d e ✓

$\rightarrow \underline{aab}$

a b a b a b ✓

$\rightarrow \underline{acd}$

a x g x c x y z d d ✓

$\rightarrow \underline{\underline{ab}}$

a b a d d

$s = \underline{\underline{abc}}$

if ($s[p_1] == \text{text}[p_2]$) {

$p_1++; p_2++$

$\text{text} = \underline{a b} \underline{b g} \underline{d c}$

p_2

else {

$p_2++;$

T: $O(n)$

S: $O(1)$

if ($p_1 == s.length()$) {
 return true;

if ($P_1 == > \text{very...}$)
return true;

3

1) Take two pointers $P_1 = 0$ & $P_2 = 0$

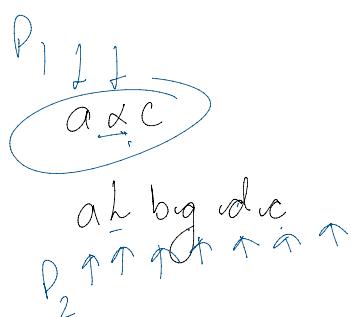
2) Iterate through test: ($P_2 < \text{test.size()}$)

a) if ($s[P_1] == \text{test}[P_2]$) {
 P_1++ ; P_2++ ;

3

b) else

P_2++



c) If ($P_1 == s.length()$) return true.

3) return false

ngy

Longest common Prefix $\Rightarrow ["\underline{\text{ngy}}", \underline{\text{ngy}}\text{2}, "ngy2a"]$

abc d
["flow", "flow", "flight"]

" "

a

ab

abc

abcd

f, (f), flo

(ngy, ngy2, ngyab)

string s = " ";

~ ~ ~ ~ ~ \ 8

```

string s = "";
for (int i=0; i < s.length(); i++) {
    for (int j=0; j < s.length(); j++) {
        if (s[j].length() < i || s[j][i] != s[i]) {
            return s;
        }
    }
}

```

3

3
 $s += s[0][i];$

3

return s;

3

$n \rightarrow$ no. of strings in str
 $m \rightarrow$ length of shortest string

$T: O(nm) \quad S: O(m)$

Length of i th last word

```

string ans = "";
int i = s.length() - 1;
while (s[i] == " ") i--;

```

"o fly me to the moon",
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

```

while (s[i] == ' ') i--;
o { 2345678910111213141516171819
while (i >= 0 && s[i] != '/') {
    ans = s[i] + ans; i--;
}
return ans.length();

```

Add Binary

$$\begin{array}{r}
 & 1 \\
 & | \\
 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
 | & & & | \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\
 \hline
 1 & 0 & 1 & 0
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \left(\begin{array}{l} 1+1 \rightarrow \\ (+1+1) \rightarrow \\ \backslash \quad \backslash \\ 1 \quad 1 \end{array} \right)
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 1 \quad 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{O} + \text{I} \rightarrow \text{I} \\
 | + \text{I} \rightarrow | \\
 (\text{I} + \text{I}) \rightarrow | \\
 | \quad | \quad | \\
 \text{I} \quad \text{I} \quad \text{I} \\
 \hline
 \text{I} \quad \text{I} \quad \text{I} \quad \text{O}
 \end{array}$$

```

n = a.length()
m = b.length()
int carry = 0
string ans = "";

while (n >= 0 && m >= 0) {
    int n = a[n] - '0';
    int m = b[m] - '0';
    int num = n + m + carry;
    if (num == 0) { num = 0; carry = 0; }
    else if (num == 1) { num = 1; carry = 0; }
    else { num = 1; carry = 1; }

    ans = char(num) + '0' + ans;
}

```

```

while( n >= 0) {
    int num = a[n] - '0';
    num += carry;
    if (num == 0) { num = 0; carry = 0; }
    else if (num == 1) { num = 1; carry = 0; }
    else { num = 1; carry = 1; }

    ans = char(num) + '0' + ans;

    n--;
}

while( m >= 0) {
    int num = b[m] - '0';
    num += carry;
    if (num == 0) { num = 0; carry = 0; }
    else if (num == 1) { num = 1; carry = 0; }
    else { num = 1; carry = 1; }

    ans = char(num) + '0' + ans;

    m--;
}

```

$ans = char(num) + '0' + ans;$
 $m--;$

3

if ($num == 0$) { $num = 0$; $carry = 0$; }
else if ($num == 1$) { $num = 1$, $carry = 0$; }
else { $num = 1$; $carry = 1$; }

$ans = char(num) + '0' + ans;$

$m--;$

3

if ($carry == 1$)

$ans = "1" + ans;$

return ans ;