

# Model Based Design of Embedded Systems 1DT059 Report A2

Simulink Matlab

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# Solution

### $\mathbf{a}$

Using the equations which has been provided a suitable model of the car and the wheel has been designed. The angular Momentum was checked and is non-negative.

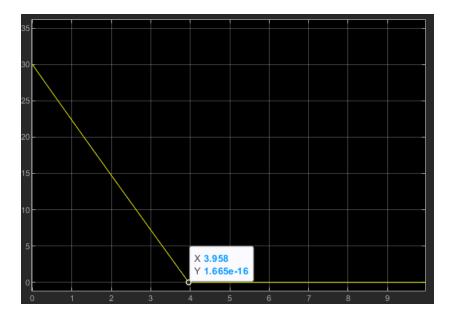
### $\mathbf{b}$

Simulating the model using the conditions:

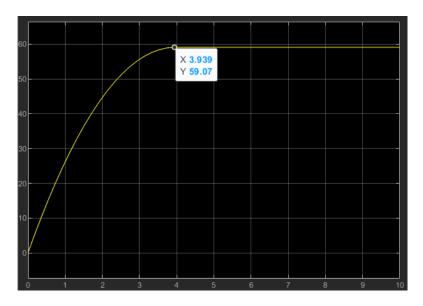
MB = 5500Nm

vF = 30m/s

While using these conditions the model takes around 3.985 seconds to come to 0m/s and travels a distance of 59.07m to come to a stop.



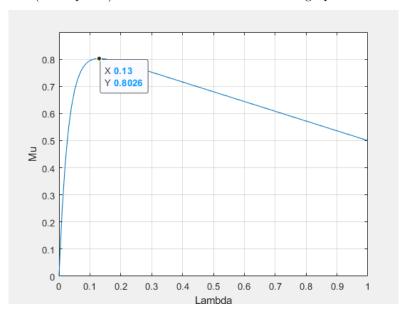
Time taken to stop = 3.958 sec



Distance covered = 59.07 m/sec

 $\mathbf{c}$ 

On plotting the function  $\mu(\lambda)$  for  $0 \le \lambda \le 1$ , we find the value of  $\lambda_{Max}$  to be 0.13. This was achieved by substituting different  $\lambda$  values in the equtaion:  $\mu(\lambda) = c1.(1 - \exp^{-c2\lambda}) - c3.\lambda$  which can be seen in the graph below



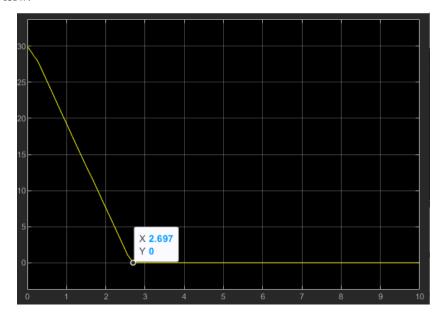
Values of  $\mu$  vs  $\lambda$ 

## $\mathbf{d}$

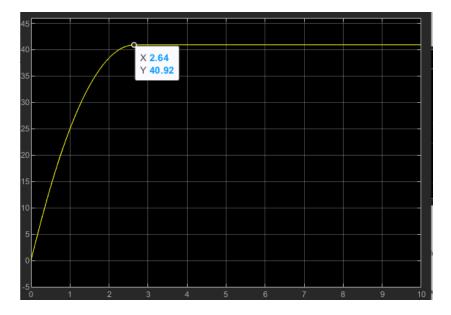
The controller which improves the breaking and stops the car from suddenly stopping has been designed to produce a value  $\Delta(t)$  which is added along with the breaking momentum  $M_B and is simulated$ .

### $\mathbf{e}$

After designing the controller, the input is then  $\Delta(t) + M_B$  and initial speed  $v_F = 30m/s$ . It takes the car 2.697 seconds to come to a halt and travels around 40.92m distance to come to a stop. The graph for the same has been shown below.



Time taken to stop = 2.697 sec



Distance covered = 40.92m