Assignment 1 Vivek Pandya (vpandya)

Problem 1

Part 1:

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Property p := \varepsilon \mid \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{val} \mid \mathbf{n} \neq \mathbf{val} \mid \mathbf{n} < \mathbf{val} \mid \mathbf{n} > \mathbf{val} \mid \mathbf{s} = \mathbf{str} \mid \mathbf{s} \neq \mathbf{str} \mid \mathbf{p} \mathbf{1} \lor \mathbf{p} \mathbf{2} \mid \mathbf{p} \mathbf{1} \land \mathbf{p} \mathbf{2} bool := true \mid false Schema \tau := \mathsf{number} \langle p \rangle \mid \mathsf{string} \langle p \rangle \mid \mathsf{bool} \mid [\tau^{k \langle p \rangle}] \mid \{(\mathsf{string} \langle p \rangle : \tau)^{k \langle p \rangle}\}
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Part 2:

Problem 2

Part 1:

$$\frac{s \sim \mathsf{string}}{(sa,j) \mapsto (a:j)} \text{ (Epsilon-Accessor)} \qquad \frac{s \sim \mathsf{string}}{(.sa,\{s:j\}) \mapsto (a:j)} \text{ (Key-Accessor)}$$

$$\frac{0 \leq k \leq n}{([k]a, [j_0, j_1, j_2, ..., j_k, ..., j_n]) \mapsto (a, j_k)} \text{ (Array-Accessor)}$$

$$\frac{([k]a, [j_1, ..., j_k, ..., j_n]) \mapsto ([(a, j_1), ..., (a, j_k), ... (a, j_n)])]} \text{ (Maps-Accessor)}$$

Part 2:

$$\frac{}{\varepsilon \sim \tau} \text{ (Valid-Epsilon-Accessor)} \qquad \frac{\{(s:j)\} = \tau \ s \sim \mathsf{string}}{.s \sim \tau} \text{ (Valid-Key-Accessor)}$$

$$\frac{[j] = \tau \ n \le size \ of \ array}{\lceil n \rceil \sim \tau} \ (\text{Valid-Array-Accessor}) \qquad \frac{[j] = \tau}{\mid \sim \tau} \ (\text{Valid-Maps-Accessor})$$

Accessor safety: for all a, j, τ , if $a \sim \tau$ and $j \sim \tau$, then there exists a j' such that $(a, j) \stackrel{*}{\mapsto} \varepsilon, j'$.

Proof. • Induction hypothesis: Let $A = a_1 a_2 ... a_n$ is series of accessor for which **Accessor safety** holds true.

$$(A,j) \stackrel{*}{\mapsto} (\varepsilon,j')$$

- Let say $(.sA, j_0) \mapsto (A, j)$ then by inversion lemma of VALID-KEY-ACCESSOR $j_0 \sim \{(s:j)\}$ and due to induction hypothesis following holds true $(.sA, j_0) \stackrel{*}{\mapsto} (\varepsilon, j')$ thus accessor safety holds true.
- Let say ($[n]A, j_0$) \mapsto (A, j) then by inversion lemma of VALID-ARRAY-ACCESSOR $j_0 \sim [j]$ and due to induction hypothesis following holds true ($[n]A, j_0$) $\stackrel{*}{\mapsto}$ (ε, j') thus accessor safety holds true.
- Let say ($|A, j_0\rangle \mapsto (A, j)$ then by inversion lemma of VALID-MAPS-ACCESSOR $j_0 \sim [j]$ and due to induction hypothesis holds true for all values in [j], folloding holds true ($|A, j_0\rangle \stackrel{*}{\mapsto} (\varepsilon, j')$ thus accessor safety holds true.

Thus with structural induction we have proved that if *Accessor safety* holds on sub-part then it holds for valid composition of accesor sequence.