Parallel Computing

Max. Marks: 60 Date: January 5, 2009
Duration 3.00 Hrs.

- Note: 1. Attempt any and only ten questions.
 - 2. Draw neat diagrams, if needed.
- **Q.1** Consider the following program segment of an Open_MP program and **[6]** comment on the execution.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int i = 0, j = 0;
    int result = 0;
    #pragma omp parallel for private(i) reduction(+:result)
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < 5; j++) {
            printf("HCU\n");
            #pragma omp critical
            result = result + 1;
        }
    }
    printf("Number of times printed HCU is = %d\n", result);
}</pre>
```

- Q.2 Explain how write conflicts in *P-RAM* model of computation are handled? [6] Which realistic machine uses *P-RAM* model of computation?
- Q.3 Write a multithreaded program to find numerical integration using [6] trapezoidal rule ($S = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(f_i + f_{i+1})}{2} *h$). The different threads compute intermediate values, x_1 and x_2 are two end points of the interval where the function value of f_1 and f_2 is calculated, h is a step size. Use a condition variable to recognize when each thread completed its designated computation.
- **Q.4** Develop a row-oriented message passing parallel program to multiply two [6] $n \times n$ matrices. Obtain its parallel time complexity.
- Q.5 Propose a PRAM algorithm to compute prefix sum of n number. What is the [6] time complexity of your algorithm
- **Q.6** What are the qualifiers used to explicitly qualify variables in a parallel loop **[6]** of an OpenMp program. Explain working of any two.

Q.7	With a proper diagram explain the <i>cluster system architecture</i> .	[6]
Q.8	Show that the total number of processors in a Pyramid Network of size k^2 is $(4/3)k^2$ - $(1/3)$.	[6]
Q. 9	Explain the working behavior of the following program segment and write your comments. Assume that there is no syntax error in the program segment.	[6]
	int a[10], b[10], npes, myrank; MPI_status status;	
	MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &npes); MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank); MPI_Send(a, 10, MPI_INT, (myrank+1)%npes, 1, MPI_COMM_WORLD); MPI_Recv(b, 10, MPI_INT, (myrank-1+npes)%npes, 1, MPI_COMM_WORLD);	
	•••	
Q.10	Explain the shuffle Exchange network of processors.	[6]
Q.11	Devise a parallel algorithm for finding x^n (x power n) using balanced binary tree technique. What is the parallel time and processors complexity?	[6]
Q.12	List Advantages and Disadvantages of using asymmetrical multi-computers.	[6]
Q.13	Define: i. Efficient parallel algorithm ii. Optimal parallel algorithm iii. Brent's theorem iv. Amdhal's law	[6]
Best of Luck		