**Section 5 – Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)**

Amazon EC2

- Most popular of AWS’ offering

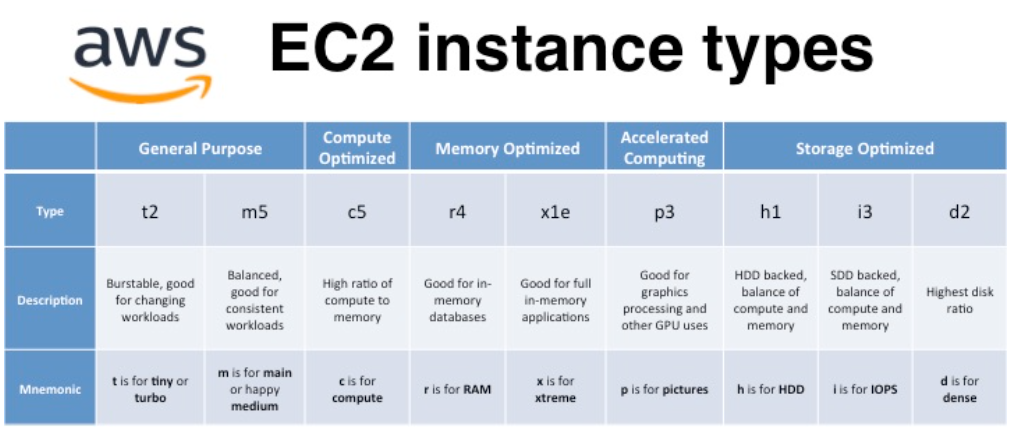
- IaaS in AWS

- Renting virtual machines, storing data, distributing load across machines, scaling the services.

Knowing EC2 is fundamental to understand how the Cloud works. Cloud is to be able to rent these compute when we need and EC2 is just that.

EC2 sizing and configuration options

* OS (Linuz, Windows, MacOS)
* CPU
* RAM
* Storage space
* Firewall rules: security group
* Network card
* Bootstratp script



General Purpose

- Great for a diversity of worloads such as web servers or code repositories.

- Balance between compute, memory, networking.

- t2.micro in this course

- T, M, A

Compute Optmized

- Compute-intensive tasks

- Batch processing workloads, media transcoding, high performance web servers, computing, dedicated gaming servers.

- C

Memory Optimized

- Fast performance for workloads that process large data sets in memory;

- Use cases: high performance, in-memory databases optmized for BI, real time processing of big unstructured data.

- R (ram), X, High Memory, z1d.

Storage Optimized

- great for storage intensive tasks that require high, sequential read and write access to large data sets on local storage.

- OLTP systems, relational and NoSQL databases, cache for in memory databases, data warehousing applications, distributed file systems.

- I, D, H1.

**Security Groups and Classic Ports Overview**

Fundamental of network security in AWS.

They control how traffic is allowed into or out of our EC2 instances.

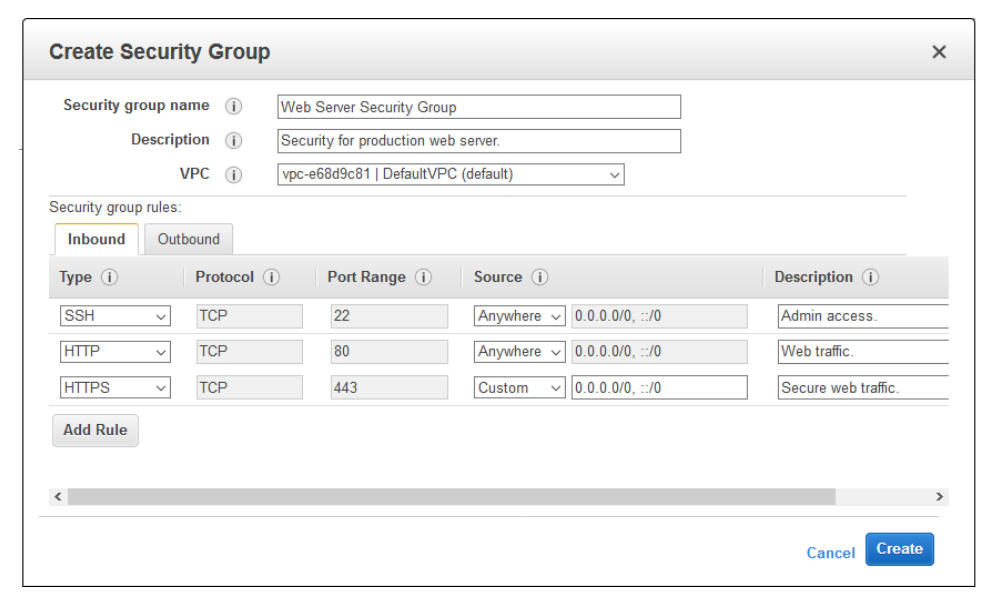
SG only contain allow rules.

SG groups rules can reference by IP or by security group.

SG acting as a firewall on EC2 instances.

Regulate: access to ports, authorised IP ranges (IPv4 and IPv6)

Control of inbound network and outbound network



- Can be attached to multiple instances

- Locked down to a region / VPC combination

- One separate security group for SSH access

- Time out: security group issue

- Connection refuses error: security group work, its and error application

- Inbound traffic is blocked by default

- Outboung traffic is authorised by default

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Has to choose the AMI: Amazon Linux 2, macOS Catalina...

Use *Quick* *Start* (AMI que já tem pronto na AWS)

>> Amazon Linux 2 AMI

Have to choose the instance type: t2.micro

Next: configure de instance details

Script: paste in User Data.

Key Pair: like na SSH key.

Rules:

- SSH

- HTTP