Final Project – UML Diagrams

How to use this document

The diagrams below provide the class names, data attributes, and methods/functions for each class. Additional details about some of the methods/functions are provided below the diagram to provide more information about what the method/function should do.

UML Diagram for the Inventory class

```
Inventory

__id
__name
__stock
__price
__init__(new_id, new_name, new_stock, new_price)
get_id()
get_name()
get_stock()
get_price()
restock(new_stock)
purchase(purch_qty)
__str__()
```

Additional details for the Inventory class:

The following methods are the accessors for the Inventory class:

- get_id
- get_name
- get_stock
- get_price

The following methods are not accessors. They will manipulate the attributes of the Inventory class or print the information stored in Inventory:

- restock should increase the existing quantity of stock ONLY if the new quantity is positive; return true if valid quantity; return false if quantity is invalid
- purchase should deduct the quantity from the product stock and return **true** if there is sufficient stock on hand; if there is insufficient stock, the product stock should not change and **false** should be returned
- __str__ should print the attributes of the class (HINT: Format the data to print nicely so that you can use this method to create the menu)

UML Diagram for the TransactionItem class



Additional details for the TransactionItem class:

The following methods are the accessors and mutators for the TransactionItem class:

- get_id
- set_id
- get_name
- set_name
- get_qty
- set_qty
- get_price
- set_price

The following methods are not accessors or mutators. They will manipulate the attributes of the Inventory class or print the information stored in TransactionItem:

- calc_cost calculate the cost for the particular item purchased based on price and quantity; returns cost
- __str__ should print the attributes of the class (HINT: Format the data to print nicely so that you can use this method to create the invoice)