# **Отчет по лабораторной работе №** 3 по курсу "Фундаментальная информатика"

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7.	Сценарий выполнения работы [план работы, первоначальный текст программы в черновике							
	Подключиться к удаленному серверу, с помощью команд scp, tar, gzip взаимодействовать с сервером							
6.	<b>Идея, метод, алгоритм</b> решения задачи (в формах: словесной, псевдокода, графической [блок-схема, диаграмма, рисунок, таблица] или формальные спецификации с пред- и постусловиями)							
	Операционная система семейства: <i>linux</i> , наименование: <i>ubuntu</i> , версия 18.10 cosmic интерпретатор команд: <i>bash</i> версия 4.4.19. Система программирования версия, редактор текстов <i>emacs</i> версия 25.2.2 Утилиты операционной системы Прикладные системы и программы Местонахождение и имена файлов программ и данных на домашнем компьютере							
5.	Программное обеспечение (студента):							
	роцессор AMD ryzen 7 5800U 8x 3.9GH с ОП 16384 Мб, НМД 512Гб. Монитор 1920x1080.							
4. Оборудование (студента):								
	Приобретение основных навыков работы с сервером в ОС UNIX.							
3. Задание (вариант № номер варианта, если есть):								
	Изучение работы сетевых команд консоли ОС UNIX.							
2.	Цель работы:							
	Сети и телекоммуникации в ОС UNIX.							
1.	Тема:							
	Подпись преподавателя							
	Отчет сдан « »20г., итоговая оценка							
	Преподаватель: каф. 806 Сысоев Максим Алексеевич							
	Работа выполнена: «20» сентября 2022г.							
	recrut5678@gmail.com							
	Контакты							

- 1) открыть wsl
- 2) подключиться к удаленному серверу

(можно наотдельном листе) и тесты либо соображения по тестированию].

- 3) передать файла на удаленный сервер
- 4) скачать файлы с удаленного сервера
- 5) создать архив
- 6) передать архив на удаленный сервер
- 7) распаковать архив на удаленном сервере

```
подписанный преподавателем).
Протокол компьютера:
root@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:/mnt/c/Users/Кирилл# su newuser
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:/mnt/c/Users/Кирилл$ cd
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~$ ls
    Lab_works java privetremix.mp4 test
1.txt c++
             lab3 script1.bash
                               test1.bash.save
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~$ cd lab3
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ touch server.txt
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp server.txt
ioiithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password:
                                 100%
                                            0.0KB/s 00:00
server.txt
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebestusage: scp [-346BCpqrTv] [-c cipher] [-F
ssh_config] [-i identity_file]
       [-J destination] [-l limit] [-o ssh_option] [-P port]
       [-S program] source ... target
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest
usage: scp [-346BCpqrTv] [-c cipher] [-F ssh_config] [-i identity_file]
       [-J destination] [-l limit] [-o ssh_option] [-P port]
       [-S program] source ... target
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password:
scp: /home/j/jojithebest: not a regular file
```

8. Распечатка протокола (подклеить листинг окончательного варианта программы с тестовыми примерами,

newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3\$ scp jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest/server.txt. jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password: server.txt 100% 0.0KB/s 00:00 newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3\$ ls arc.tar.gz for\_pc.txt for\_server.txt server.txt newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3\$ tar server.txt tar: invalid option -- 'e' Try 'tar --help' or 'tar --usage' for more information. newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3\$ tar server.tar server.txt tar: invalid option -- 'e' Try 'tar --help' or 'tar --usage' for more information. newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6OD:~/lab3\$ tar server server.txt tar: invalid option -- 'e' Try 'tar --help' or 'tar --usage' for more information. newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3\$ tar --help Usage: tar [OPTION...] [FILE]...

GNU 'tar' saves many files together into a single tape or disk archive, and can restore individual files from the archive.

#### Examples:

```
tar -cf archive.tar foo bar # Create archive.tar from files foo and bar.
```

tar -tvf archive.tar # List all files in archive.tar verbosely.

tar -xf archive.tar # Extract all files from archive.tar.

#### Local file name selection:

```
--add-file=FILE add given FILE to the archive (useful if its name starts with a dash)
```

-C, --directory=DIR change to directory DIR

- --exclude=PATTERN exclude files, given as a PATTERN
- --exclude-backups exclude backup and lock files
- --exclude-caches exclude contents of directories containing CACHEDIR.TAG, except for the tag file itself
- --exclude-caches-all exclude directories containing CACHEDIR.TAG
- --exclude-caches-under exclude everything under directories containing CACHEDIR.TAG
- --exclude-ignore=FILE read exclude patterns for each directory from FILE, if it exists
- --exclude-ignore-recursive=FILE

read exclude patterns for each directory and its subdirectories from FILE, if it exists

- --exclude-tag=FILE exclude contents of directories containing FILE, except for FILE itself
- --exclude-tag-all=FILE exclude directories containing FILE
- --exclude-tag-under=FILE exclude everything under directories containing FILE
- --exclude-vcs exclude version control system directories
- --exclude-vcs-ignores read exclude patterns from the VCS ignore files
- --no-null disable the effect of the previous --null option
- --no-recursion avoid descending automatically in directories
- --no-unquote do not unquote input file or member names
- --no-verbatim-files-from -T treats file names starting with dash as options (default)
- --null -T reads null-terminated names; implies
- --verbatim-files-from
- --recursion recurse into directories (default)
- -T, --files-from=FILE get names to extract or create from FILE
- --unquote unquote input file or member names (default)
  - --verbatim-files-from -T reads file names verbatim (no escape or option handling)
  - -X, --exclude-from=FILE exclude patterns listed in FILE

File name matching options (affect both exclude and include patterns):

```
--anchored patterns match file name start
```

- --ignore-case ignore case
- --no-anchored patterns match after any '/' (default for exclusion)

- --no-ignore-case case sensitive matching (default)
- --no-wildcards verbatim string matching
- --no-wildcards-match-slash wildcards do not match '/'
- --wildcards use wildcards (default for exclusion)
- --wildcards-match-slash wildcards match '/' (default for exclusion)

#### Main operation mode:

- -A, --catenate, --concatenate append tar files to an archive
- -c, --create create a new archive
- -d, --diff, --compare find differences between archive and file system
  - --delete delete from the archive (not on mag tapes!)
- -r, --append append files to the end of an archive
- -t, --list list the contents of an archive
  - --test-label test the archive volume label and exit
- -u, --update only append files newer than copy in archive
- -x, --extract, --get extract files from an archive

## Operation modifiers:

- --check-device check device numbers when creating incremental archives (default)
- -g, --listed-incremental=FILE handle new GNU-format incremental backup
- -G, --incremental handle old GNU-format incremental backup
  - --hole-detection=TYPE technique to detect holes
  - --ignore-failed-read do not exit with nonzero on unreadable files
  - --level=NUMBER dump level for created listed-incremental archive
- -n, --seek archive is seekable
  - --no-check-device do not check device numbers when creating incremental archives
  - --no-seek archive is not seekable
  - --occurrence[=NUMBER] process only the NUMBERth occurrence of each file

in the archive; this option is valid only in

conjunction with one of the subcommands --delete,

--diff, --extract or --list and when a list of

files is given either on the command line or via

the -T option; NUMBER defaults to 1

--sparse-version=MAJOR[.MINOR]

set version of the sparse format to use (implies

--sparse)

-S, --sparse handle sparse files efficiently

#### Overwrite control:

- -k, --keep-old-files don't replace existing files when extracting,
  - treat them as errors
  - --keep-directory-symlink preserve existing symlinks to directories when extracting
  - --keep-newer-files don't replace existing files that are newer than their archive copies
  - --no-overwrite-dir preserve metadata of existing directories
  - --one-top-level[=DIR] create a subdirectory to avoid having loose files

#### extracted

- --overwrite overwrite existing files when extracting
- --overwrite-dir overwrite metadata of existing directories when extracting (default)
- --recursive-unlink empty hierarchies prior to extracting directory
- --remove-files remove files after adding them to the archive
- --skip-old-files don't replace existing files when extracting,
  - silently skip over them
- -U, --unlink-first remove each file prior to extracting over it
- -W, --verify attempt to verify the archive after writing it

# Select output stream:

- --ignore-command-error ignore exit codes of children
- --no-ignore-command-error treat non-zero exit codes of children as error
- -O, --to-stdout extract files to standard output
  - --to-command=COMMAND pipe extracted files to another program

#### Handling of file attributes:

- --atime-preserve[=METHOD] preserve access times on dumped files, either
  - by restoring the times after reading
  - (METHOD='replace'; default) or by not setting the
  - times in the first place (METHOD='system')
- --clamp-mtime only set time when the file is more recent than
  - what was given with --mtime
- --delay-directory-restore delay setting modification times and permissions of extracted directories until the end of extraction
- --group=NAME force NAME as group for added files
- --group-map=FILE use FILE to map file owner GIDs and names
- --mode=CHANGES for edded files
- --mtime=DATE-OR-FILE set mtime for added files from DATE-OR-FILE
- -m, --touch don't extract file modified time
  - --no-delay-directory-restore
    - cancel the effect of --delay-directory-restore option
  - --no-same-owner extract files as yourself (default for ordinary users)
  - --no-same-permissions apply the user's umask when extracting permissions from the archive (default for ordinary users)
  - --numeric-owner always use numbers for user/group names
  - --owner=NAME force NAME as owner for added files
  - --owner-map=FILE use FILE to map file owner UIDs and names
- -p, --preserve-permissions, --same-permissions
  - extract information about file permissions
  - (default for superuser)
  - --same-owner try extracting files with the same ownership as
    - exists in the archive (default for superuser)
- -s, --preserve-order, --same-order
  - member arguments are listed in the same order as

the files in the archive

--sort=ORDER directory sorting order: none (default), name or inode

# Handling of extended file attributes:

--acls
 -no-acls
 -no-selinux
 -no-xattrs
 -selinux
 -xattrs
 Enable the POSIX ACLs support
 Disable the SELinux context support
 Enable extended attributes support
 Enable extended attributes support

--xattrs-exclude=MASK specify the exclude pattern for xattr keys --xattrs-include=MASK specify the include pattern for xattr keys

# Device selection and switching:

-f, --file=ARCHIVE use archive file or device ARCHIVE

--force-local archive file is local even if it has a colon

-F, --info-script=NAME, --new-volume-script=NAME

run script at end of each tape (implies -M)

-L, --tape-length=NUMBER change tape after writing NUMBER x 1024 bytes

-M, --multi-volume create/list/extract multi-volume archive

--rmt-command=COMMAND use given rmt COMMAND instead of rmt

--rsh-command=COMMAND use remote COMMAND instead of rsh

--volno-file=FILE use/update the volume number in FILE

## Device blocking:

-b, --blocking-factor=BLOCKS BLOCKS x 512 bytes per record

-B, --read-full-records reblock as we read (for 4.2BSD pipes)

-i, --ignore-zeros ignore zeroed blocks in archive (means EOF)

--record-size=NUMBER NUMBER of bytes per record, multiple of 512

#### Archive format selection:

-H, --format=FORMAT create archive of the given format

# FORMAT is one of the following:

gnu GNU tar 1.13.x format

oldgnu  $\qquad$  GNU format as per tar  $\ll$  1.12  $\qquad$  POSIX 1003.1-2001 (pax) format

posix same as pax

ustar POSIX 1003.1-1988 (ustar) format

v7 old V7 tar format

--old-archive, --portability

same as --format=v7

--pax-option=keyword[[:]=value][,keyword[[:]=value]]...

control pax keywords

--posix same as --format=posix

-V, --label=TEXT create archive with volume name TEXT; at list/extract time, use TEXT as a globbing pattern for volume name

#### Compression options:

- -a, --auto-compress use archive suffix to determine the compression program
- -I, --use-compress-program=PROG

filter through PROG (must accept -d)

-j, --bzip2 filter the archive through bzip2
-J, --xz filter the archive through xz
--lzip filter the archive through lzip
--lzma filter the archive through xz
--lzop filter the archive through lzop

--no-auto-compress do not use archive suffix to determine the compression program

-z, --gzip, --gunzip, --ungzip filter the archive through gzip

--zstd filter the archive through zstd

-Z, --compress, --uncompress filter the archive through compress

#### Local file selection:

- --backup[=CONTROL] backup before removal, choose version CONTROL
- -h, --dereference follow symlinks; archive and dump the files they point to
  - --hard-dereference follow hard links; archive and dump the files they refer to
- -K, --starting-file=MEMBER-NAME

begin at member MEMBER-NAME when reading the archive

--newer-mtime=DATE compare date and time when data changed only

-N, --newer=DATE-OR-FILE, --after-date=DATE-OR-FILE only store files newer than DATE-OR-FILE

--one-file-system stay in local file system when creating archive

-P, --absolute-names don't strip leading '/'s from file names

--suffix=STRING backup before removal, override usual suffix ('~' unless overridden by environment variable

SIMPLE BACKUP SUFFIX)

#### File name transformations:

- --strip-components=NUMBER strip NUMBER leading components from file names on extraction
- --transform=EXPRESSION, --xform=EXPRESSION
  use sed replace EXPRESSION to transform file
  names

# Informative output:

--checkpoint[=NUMBER] display progress messages every NUMBERth record (default 10)

- --checkpoint-action=ACTION execute ACTION on each checkpoint
- --full-time print file time to its full resolution
- --index-file=FILE send verbose output to FILE
- -l, --check-links print a message if not all links are dumped
  - --no-quote-chars=STRING disable quoting for characters from STRING
  - -- quote-chars=STRING additionally quote characters from STRING
  - --quoting-style=STYLE set name quoting style; see below for valid STYLE values
- -R, --block-number show block number within archive with each message
  - --show-defaults show tar defaults
  - --show-omitted-dirs when listing or extracting, list each directory that does not match search criteria
  - --show-snapshot-field-ranges

show valid ranges for snapshot-file fields

--show-transformed-names, --show-stored-names

show file or archive names after transformation

--totals[=SIGNAL] print total bytes after processing the archive; with an argument - print total bytes when this

SIGNAL is delivered; Allowed signals are: SIGHUP, SIGUIT, SIGINT, SIGUSR1 and SIGUSR2; the names

without SIG prefix are also accepted

--utc print file modification times in UTC

-v, --verbose verbosely list files processed

--warning=KEYWORD warning control

-w, --interactive, --confirmation

ask for confirmation for every action

## Compatibility options:

-o when creating, same as --old-archive; when extracting, same as --no-same-owner

## Other options:

-?, --help give this help list

--restrict disable use of some potentially harmful options

--usage give a short usage message--version print program version

Mandatory or optional arguments to long options are also mandatory or optional for any corresponding short options.

The backup suffix is '~', unless set with --suffix or SIMPLE\_BACKUP\_SUFFIX. The version control may be set with --backup or VERSION\_CONTROL, values are:

none, off never make backups t, numbered make numbered backups nil, existing numbered if numbered backups exist, simple otherwise never, simple always make simple backups

Valid arguments for the --quoting-style option are:

```
literal
 shell
 shell-always
 shell-escape
 shell-escape-always
 c-maybe
 escape
 locale
 clocale
*This* tar defaults to:
--format=gnu -f- -b20 --quoting-style=escape --rmt-command=/usr/sbin/rmt
--rsh-command=/usr/bin/rsh
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6OD:~/lab3$ tar --totaks -cvf server.tar server.txt for pc.txt
tar: unrecognized option '--totaks'
Try 'tar --help' or 'tar --usage' for more information.
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ tar --totals -cvf server.tar server.txt for_pc.txt
server.txt
for_pc.txt
Total bytes written: 10240 (10KiB, 1.3MiB/s)
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ gzip -9 server.tar
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ ls
arc.tar.gz for_pc.txt for_server.txt server.tar.gz server.txt
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ ls -la
total 24
drwxrwxr-x 2 newuser newuser 4096 Sep 19 13:08.
drwxr-xr-x 13 newuser newuser 4096 Sep 19 12:42 ...
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 226 Sep 19 10:49 arc.tar.gz
-rw-r--r- 1 newuser newuser 10 Sep 19 10:48 for pc.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 6 Sep 19 10:42 for server.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 163 Sep 19 13:07 server.tar.gz
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 0 Sep 19 13:00 server.txt
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6OD:~/lab3$ gzip -d server.tar.gz
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ gzip -1 server.tar
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ ls -la
total 24
drwxrwxr-x 2 newuser newuser 4096 Sep 19 13:09.
drwxr-xr-x 13 newuser newuser 4096 Sep 19 12:42 ...
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 226 Sep 19 10:49 arc.tar.gz
-rw-r--r- 1 newuser newuser 10 Sep 19 10:48 for pc.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 6 Sep 19 10:42 for server.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 214 Sep 19 13:07 server.tar.gz
-rw-rw-r-- 1 newuser newuser 0 Sep 19 13:00 server.txt
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp server.tar.gz
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password:
                                  100% 214
                                               1.5KB/s 00:00
server.tar.gz
newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ scp
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com:/home/j/jojithebest/for_pc.txt.
jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password:
```

```
for_pc.txt 100% 10 0.1KB/s 00:00 newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$ ls arc.tar.gz for_pc.txt for_server.txt server.tar.gz server.txt newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~/lab3$
```

Протокол сервера:

root@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~# su newuser newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:/root\$ cd newuser@LAPTOP-HO30I6QD:~\$ ssh jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com jojithebest@shell.xshellz.com's password: Linux xshellz-free 5.10.0-12-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 5.10.103-1 (2022-03-07) x86\_64 Welcome back to xShellz Free Server.

Users of the Rizon IRC Network: Please connect to the sli.rizon.net server using the shell.xshellz.com vhost.

Use xshellzhelp to list all available commands.

Thanks for using xShellz Shell Services.

Start with typing: xshellzhelp

```
[IMPORTANT]: This server is now using only one IP: 158.69.251.105
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ pwd
/home/j/jojithebest
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ ls
arc.tar for_pc.txt for_server.txt server.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ rm arc.tar
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ rm for_pc.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ rm for_server.txt
iojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ ls
server.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ pwd
/home/j/jojithebest
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ ls
server.tar.gz server.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ gzip -d server.tar.gz
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ ls
server.tar server.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~$ tar -xvf server.tar
```

server.txt
for\_pc.txt
jojithebest@xshellz-free:~\$

**9.** Дневник отладки должен содержать дату и время сеансов отладки и основные события (ошибки в сценарии и программе, нестандартные ситуации) и краткие комментарии к ним. В дневнике отладки приводятся сведения об использовании других ЭВМ, существенном участии преподавателя и других лиц в написании и отладке программы.

N	⊙Лаб. или дом.	Дата	Время	Событие	Действие по исправлению	Примечание
1	лаб	20.09.2020	17:20	тте стот подкано штвел к	Перезагрузил систему	Мне грустно

10.	Замечания а	втора	по су	ществу	работы
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Замечаний нет.

# 11. Выводы

Было очень интересно взаимодействовать с сервером, архивировать и разархивировать файлы. Работа была не сложная, но изначально не понял теорию. По ходу выполнения работы пришлось изучить дополнительную информацию, которой не было на занятии. Думаю, что данные навыки очень полезны в современном мире, так как очень часто приходиться взаимодействовать с серверами. Недочёты при выполнении задания могут быть устранены следующим образом: --

Подпись студента	