

COMP 421 Database Systems

Project Deliverable#02

Group#55

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Database name: cs421g55; Current Password: cs421h4H4

**1. (0 Points) Please attach a copy of your modified relational schema of Project #1 according to the feedback given on it. The new design will not be graded but will be used as a basis for the future assignments.**

**Entities:**

- **Customer**(cust.id, full.name, birth.date, address, phone.number, passport.number, email, driver.license, insurance no., booking.id)
- **Insurance**(insurance.number, company.name, coverage, price)
- **Booking**(booking.id, date.travel , dept.location, arrv.location, price, status, booking.type, disclaimer, no.of.customers, hotel.id, t.id)
- **Employee**(e.id, full.name)
- **Hotel**(hotel.id, name, location, checkin.date, checkout.date, price, roomtype)
- **Attraction**(name, location, price)
- **CarRent**(license.plate, location, model)
- **Transportation**(transport.id, price, dep.date, re.date, dep.time, re.time)
- **Bus**(t.id, dep.route, arrv.route)
- **Airplane**(t.id, dep.fl, arrv.fl)
- **Train**(t.id, dep.tr, arrv.tr)

**Weak entities:**

- **Package**(booking.id, type, price, description)

**Relationships:**

- **Consult**(cust.id, eid session.id, date, time)
- **Rent**(cust.id, license.plate, location, rental confirmation number, start.date, end.date)
- **Booking.include.attraction**(booking.id, a.id)
- **Booking.include.transportation**(booking.id, t.id)
- **Booking.include.hotel**(booking.id, h.id)

**2. (25 Points) Write a SQL database schema for the relational schema you have designed using the CREATE TABLE command and enter it in the database. Choose suitable data types for your attributes. Indicate primary keys, foreign keys or any other integrity constraints that you can express with the commands learnt. Indicate the constraints you cannot express. The Online Information contains detailed information about data types, and the CREATE TABLE statement.**

**Turn in your CREATE TABLE statements. Furthermore, (i) for DB2 use command line processor command DESCRIBE tablename (ii) for PostgreSQL use \d table name (prints the description of the relation on the screen) for each of your relations, print the result and turn it in.**

### Entities

**CREATE TABLE Customer(custID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30), birthday DATE, address VARCHAR(30), phoneNumber VARCHAR(30), passportNum VARCHAR(30), email VARCHAR(30), driverLicense BOOLEAN)**

```
cs421=> \d customer
      Table "cs421g55.customer"
 Column | Type | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 custid | character varying(30) | not null
 fullname | character varying(30) |
 birthday | date |
 address | character varying(30) |
 phonenumber | character varying(30) |
 passportnum | character varying(30) |
 email | character varying(30) |
 driverlicense | boolean |
Indexes:
 "customer_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (custid)
 "constraint_passportnum" UNIQUE CONSTRAINT, btree (passportnum)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "associates" CONSTRAINT "associates_custid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (custid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
 TABLE "buys" CONSTRAINT "buys_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
 TABLE "consults" CONSTRAINT "consults_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
 TABLE "rents" CONSTRAINT "rents_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Booking(bookingID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, travelDate DATE, deptLocation VARCHAR(30), arrvLocation VARCHAR(30), price FLOAT, status VARCHAR(10), bookingType VARCHAR(30), disclaimer VARCHAR(100), noOfCustomers INTEGER)**

```
cs421=> \d booking
      Table "cs421g55.booking"
 Column | Type | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
 traveldate | date |
 deptlocation | character varying(30) |
 arrvlocation | character varying(30) |
 price | double precision |
 status | character varying(10) |
 bookingtype | character varying(30) |
 disclaimer | character varying(5000) |
 noofcustomers | integer |
Indexes:
 "booking_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (bookingid)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "associates" CONSTRAINT "associates_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 TABLE "includehotel" CONSTRAINT "includes_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 TABLE "includetransport" CONSTRAINT "includetransport_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 TABLE "package" CONSTRAINT "package_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 TABLE "purchases" CONSTRAINT "purchases_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Employee**(eID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30))

```
cs421=> \d employee
      Table "cs421g55.employee"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 eid   | character varying(30) | not null
 fullname | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
 "employee_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (eid)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "consults" CONSTRAINT "consults_eid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (eid) REFERENCES employee(eid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Insurance**(insuranceNo VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, companyName VARCHAR(30), coverage FLOAT, price FLOAT)

```
cs421=> \d insurance
      Table "cs421g55.insurance"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 insuranceno | character varying(30) | not null
 companyname | character varying(30) |
 coverage    | double precision    |
 price       | double precision    |
Indexes:
 "insurance_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (insuranceno)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "buys" CONSTRAINT "buys_insuranceid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (insuranceid) REFERENCES insurance(insuranceno)
```

**CREATE TABLE CarRental**(licensePlate VARCHAR(10), location VARCHAR(30), model VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY (licensePlate, location))

```
cs421=> \d carrental
      Table "cs421g55.carrental"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 licenseplate | character varying(10) | not null
 location    | character varying(30) | not null
 model       | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
 "carrental_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (licenseplate, location)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "rents" CONSTRAINT "rents_licenseplate_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (licenseplate, location) REFERENCES carrental(licenseplate, location)
```

**CREATE TABLE Transportation** (transportID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, price FLOAT, depDate DATE, returnDate DATE, depTime TIME, returnTime TIME)

```
cs421=> \d transportation
      Table "cs421g55.transportation"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 transportid | character varying(30) | not null
 price      | double precision    |
 depdate    | date                |
 returndate | date                |
 depetime   | time without time zone |
 returntime | time without time zone |
Indexes:
 "transportation_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (transportid)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "bus" CONSTRAINT "bus_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
 TABLE "flight" CONSTRAINT "Flight_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
 TABLE "includetransport" CONSTRAINT "includetransport_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
 TABLE "train" CONSTRAINT "train_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Hotel**(hotelID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(30), location VARCHAR(30), checkinDate DATE, checkoutDate DATE, price FLOAT, roomType VARCHAR(30))

```
cs421=> \d hotel
      Table "cs421g55.hotel"
 Column | Type | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 hotelid | character varying(30) | not null
 name | character varying(30) |
 location | character varying(30) |
 checkindate | date |
 checkoutdate | date |
 price | double precision |
 roomtype | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
 "hotel_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (hotelid)
Referenced by:
 TABLE "includehotel" CONSTRAINT "includes_hotelid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (hotelid) REFERENCES hotel(hotelid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Package**(bookingID VARCHAR(30), type VARCHAR(30), price FLOAT, description VARCHAR(100), PRIMARY KEY (bookingID, type), FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking)

```
cs421=> \d package
      Table "cs421g55.package"
 Column | Type | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
 type | character varying(30) | not null
 price | double precision |
 description | character varying(100) |
Indexes:
 "package_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (bookingid, type)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "package_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Train**(transportID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, trainDeparture VARCHAR(30), trainArrival VARCHAR(30), FOREIGN KEY (transportID) REFERENCES Transportation)

```
cs421=> \d train
      Table "cs421g55.train"
 Column | Type | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 transportid | character varying(30) | not null
 traindeparture | character varying(30) |
 trainarrival | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
 "train_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (transportid)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "train_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Bus**(transportID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, routeDeparture VARCHAR(30), routeArrival VARCHAR(30), FOREIGN KEY (transportID) REFERENCES Transportation)

```
cs421=> \d bus
      Table "cs421g55.bus"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 transportid | character varying(30) | not null
 routedeparture | character varying(30) |
 routearrival | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
    "bus_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (transportid)
Foreign-key constraints:
    "bus_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Flight**(transportID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, flightDeparture VARCHAR(30), flightArrival VARCHAR(30), FOREIGN KEY (transportID) REFERENCES Transportation)

```
cs421=> \d flight
      Table "cs421g55.flight"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 transportid | character varying(30) | not null
 flightdeparture | character varying(30) |
 flightarrival | character varying(30) |
Indexes:
    "flight_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (transportid)
Foreign-key constraints:
    "flight_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
```

**CREATE TABLE Attraction**(name VARCHAR(30), location VARCHAR(30), price FLOAT, PRIMARY KEY(name, location))

```
cs421=> \d attraction
      Table "cs421g55.attraction"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 name | character varying(30) | not null
 location | character varying(30) | not null
 price | double precision |
Indexes:
    "attraction_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (name, location)
Referenced by:
    TABLE "purchases" CONSTRAINT "purchases_name_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (name, location) REFERENCES attraction(name, location)
```

### Relations

- For the ‘associates’ relationship between Customer and Booking:

**CREATE TABLE Associates** (custID VARCHAR(30), bookingID VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY(customerID, bookingID), FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking)

```
cs421=> \d Associates
      Table "cs421g55.associates"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 custid | character varying(30) | not null
 bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
Indexes:
 "associates_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (custid, bookingid)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "associates_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 "associates_custid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (custid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
```

- For the ‘buys’ relationship between Customer and Insurance:

**CREATE TABLE Buys** (customerID VARCHAR(30), insuranceID VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY(customerID, insuranceID), FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (insuranceID) REFERENCES Insurance)

```
cs421=> \d buys
      Table "cs421g55.buys"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 customerid | character varying(30) | not null
 insuranceid | character varying(30) | not null
Indexes:
 "buys_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (customerid, insuranceid)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "buys_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
 "buys_insuranceid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (insuranceid) REFERENCES insurance(insuranceno)
```

- For the ‘consults’ relationship between Customer and Employee:

**CREATE TABLE Consults** (customerID VARCHAR(30), eID VARCHAR(30), sessionID VARCHAR(30), sessionDate DATE, sessionTime TIME, PRIMARY KEY(customerID, eID), FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (eID) REFERENCES Employee)

```
cs421=> \d consults
      Table "cs421g55.consults"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 customerid | character varying(30) | not null
 eid | character varying(30) | not null
 sessionid | character varying(30) |
 sessiondate | date |
 sessiontime | time without time zone |
Indexes:
 "consults_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (customerid, eid)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "consults_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
 "consults_eid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (eid) REFERENCES employee(eid)
```

- For the ‘rents’ relationship between Customer and Car-Rental:

**CREATE TABLE Rents** (customerID VARCHAR(30), licensePlate VARCHAR(10), location VARCHAR(30), rentID VARCHAR(30), startTime DATE, endTime DATE, PRIMARY KEY(licensePlate, location, customerID),

FOREIGN KEY (customerId) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (licensePlate, location) REFERENCES CarRental(licensePlate, location))

```
cs421=> \d rents
      Table "cs421g55.rents"
 Column | Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
customerid | character varying(30) | not null
licenseplate | character varying(10) | not null
location | character varying(30) | not null
rentid | character varying(30) |
starttime | date           |
endtime | date           |
Indexes:
  "rents_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (licenseplate, location, customerid)
Foreign-key constraints:
  "rents_customerid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (customerid) REFERENCES customer(custid)
  "rents_licenseplate_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (licenseplate, location) REFERENCES carrental(licenseplate, location)
```

- For the ‘includes’ relationship between Booking and Hotel:

**CREATE TABLE Includehotel** (bookingID VARCHAR(30), hotelID VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY(bookingID, hotelID), FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking, FOREIGN KEY (hotelID) REFERENCES Hotel)

```
cs421=> \d includehotel
      Table "cs421g55.includehotel"
 Column | Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
hotelid | character varying(30) | not null
Indexes:
  "includes_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (bookingid, hotelid)
Foreign-key constraints:
  "includes_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
  "includes_hotelid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (hotelid) REFERENCES hotel(hotelid)
```

- For the ‘includes’ relationship between Booking and Transportation:

**CREATE TABLE Includetransport** (bookingID VARCHAR(30), transportID VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY(bookingID, transportID), FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking, FOREIGN KEY (transportID) REFERENCES Transportation)

```
cs421=> \d includetransport
      Table "cs421g55.includetransport"
 Column | Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
transportid | character varying(30) | not null
Indexes:
  "includetransport_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (bookingid, transportid)
Foreign-key constraints:
  "includetransport_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
  "includetransport_transportid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (transportid) REFERENCES transportation(transportid)
```

- For the ‘purchases’ relationship between Attraction and Booking:

**CREATE TABLE Purchases** (bookingID VARCHAR(30), name VARCHAR(30), location VARCHAR(30),  
 PRIMARY KEY (bookingID, name, location), FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking, FOREIGN KEY  
 (name, location) REFERENCES Attraction (name, location) )

```
cs421=> \d purchase
Did not find any relation named "purchase".
cs421=> \d purchases
      Table "cs421g55.purchases"
 Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----+
 bookingid | character varying(30) | not null
 name       | character varying(30) | not null
 location   | character varying(30) | not null
Indexes:
 "purchases_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (bookingid, name, location)
Foreign-key constraints:
 "purchases_bookingid_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (bookingid) REFERENCES booking(bookingid)
 "purchases_name_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (name, location) REFERENCES attraction(name, location)
```

- Limitation to the SQL Schema: Buys, Purchases and Includes have Participation constraints that can't be represented/enforced through an SQL TTable

**3. (5 Points) Execute five *INSERT* commands to insert tuples into one of your relations. Turn in your *INSERT* statements. Furthermore, print and turn in the response of CPL/psql when you type the *INSERT* commands. Print and turn in the result when you issue a *SELECT \* FROM relationname* command.**

Insertion of the first five records into Booking is shown below:

```
INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b370','2020-04-05', 'Ottawa, Canada', 'Calgary, Canada', 2500.0,  

'Successful', TRUE, 'none', 3);
```

```
INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b400','2020-03-29', 'Montreal, Canada', 'Amsterdam, Netherlands',  

2700.0, 'Pending', TRUE, 'none', 2);
```

```
INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b201','2020-03-01', 'Toronto, Canada', 'Beijing, China', 3700.0,  

'Incomplete', FALSE, 'none', 2);
```

```
INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b173','2020-04-29', 'New York, United States', 'Rome, Italy', 3300.0,  

'Successful', TRUE, 'none', 3);
```

```
INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b437','2020-03-15', 'Seoul, South Korea', 'Toronto, Canada', 3550.0,  

'Successful', FALSE, 'none', 1);
```

```
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | nofcustomers
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(0 rows)

cs421=> INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b370','2020-04-05', 'Ottawa, Canada', 'Calgary, Canada', 2500.0, 'Successful', TRUE, 'none', 3);
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b400','2020-03-29', 'Montreal, Canada', 'Amsterdam, Netherlands', 2700.0, 'Pending', TRUE, 'none', 2);
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b201','2020-03-01', 'Toronto, Canada', 'Beijing, China', 3700.0, 'Incomplete', FALSE, 'none', 2);
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b173','2020-04-29', 'New York, United States', 'Rome, Italy', 3300.0, 'Successful', TRUE, 'none', 3);
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> INSERT INTO Booking VALUES ('b437','2020-03-15', 'Seoul, South Korea', 'Toronto, Canada', 3550.0, 'Successful', FALSE, 'none', 1);
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | nofcustomers
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2500 | Successful | true | none | 3
b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2700 | Pending | true | none | 2
b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 3700 | Incomplete | false | none | 2
b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 3300 | Successful | true | none | 3
b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 3550 | Successful | false | none | 1
(5 rows)
```

**4. (10 Points) Insert in all your tables enough meaningful information so that the queries that you create provide meaningful results. The results of the following queries that you develop should have a reasonable number of results so that we can be convinced that your queries are correct (maybe 5-10 tuples). If you have real-world data, feel free to import it (but do not insert more than 500 records in a table). Information of how to import data into DB2 tables is provided on my courses. For each table show the output, truncated to the first 5-10 tuples, that are returned when you issue a **SELECT \* FROM relationname command**. Hint:- I showed a trick in class to do exactly that.**

The first 8 tuples of each table is pasted below: **SELECT \* FROM tablename LIMIT 5**

## Entities

### 1) Customer

```
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM Customer LIMIT 5;
custid | fullname | birthday | address | phonenumer | passportnum | email | driverlicense
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
c292 | Katsu Don | 1980-06-05 | 9846 Happy Avenue | 438-999-1234 | 67805999 | katsu.donnie@mail.ca | t
c101 | John Snow | 1980-10-22 | 300 CrossRoad Way | 555-825-9034 | 40950763 | john.snow@mail.ca | t
c102 | Keegan Appleby | 2010-11-02 | 82 DownTown Abbey | 555-874,1235 | 84401707 | applebybest@mail.ca | f
c103 | Ella Ice | 1990-03-14 | 53 Trains Road | 555-523-0934 | 33887199 | frozen.ella@mail.ca | t
c277 | Snow White | 1965-01-01 | 300 AppleView Street | 514-995-0934 | 23810554 | snow.white@mail.ca | t
(5 rows)
```

### 2) Booking

```
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM booking LIMIT 5;
bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | nofcustomers
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2500 | Successful | true | none | 3
b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2700 | Pending | true | none | 2
b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 3700 | Incomplete | false | none | 2
b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 3300 | Successful | true | none | 3
b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 3550 | Successful | false | none | 1
(5 rows)
```

### 3) Employee

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM employee LIMIT 5;
eid | fullname
----+
e159 | McLennan Roland
e132 | Pascal Siakam
e202 | Will Wellington
e095 | Prakash Panangaden
e050 | Juliet Romeo
(5 rows)
```

### 4) Insurance

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM insurance LIMIT 5;
insuranceno | companyname | coverage | price
----+
i231 | Funlife Insurance Co. | 200000 | 30
i314 | Funlife Insurance Co. | 200000 | 30
i845 | England Wellness | 300000 | 45
i696 | Dutch Duck Co. | 300000 | 50
i602 | England Wellness | 250000 | 33
(5 rows)
```

### 5) CarRental

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM carrental LIMIT 5;
licenseplate | location | model
----+
Z5G 3H9 | Calgary, Canada | Nissan Micra
V0D 0R1 | Amsterdam, Netherlands | Nissan Maxima
M2G 9L3 | Beijing, China | Honda Civic
ABX 3L2 | Rome, Italy | Nissan Micra
X4X 2Z0 | Toronto, Canada | Toyota
(5 rows)
```

### 6) Transportation

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM transportation LIMIT 5;
transportid | price | depdate | returndate | deptime | returntime
----+
train001 | 500 | 2020-04-05 | 2020-04-20 | 01:35:00 | 05:45:00
flight002 | 900 | 2020-03-29 | 2020-04-13 | 13:45:00 | 06:30:00
flight234 | 1200 | 2020-03-01 | 2020-03-10 | 14:15:00 | 15:00:00
flight546 | 800 | 2020-04-29 | 2020-05-10 | 18:30:00 | 17:30:00
flight987 | 1300 | 2020-03-15 | 2020-04-01 | 21:15:00 | 20:45:00
(5 rows)
```

### 7) Hotel

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM hotel LIMIT 5;
hotelid | name | location | checkindate | checkoutdate | price | roomtype
----+
h123 | West Bestern | Calgary, Canada | 2020-04-05 | 2020-04-19 | 2000 | Superior
h234 | Holland Inns | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2020-03-29 | 2020-04-11 | 1800 | Deluxe Double
h788 | Stay Here Please | Beijing, China | 2020-03-01 | 2020-03-09 | 2500 | Executive Suite
h532 | La Suite Bella | Rome, Italy | 2020-04-29 | 2020-05-10 | 2500 | Deluxe Single
h677 | West Bestern | Toronto, Canada | 2020-03-15 | 2020-03-31 | 2250 | Superior
(5 rows)
```

### 8) Package

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM package LIMIT 5;
bookingid | type | price | description
----+
b279 | Couples | 2520 | none
b449 | Seniors | 2100 | none
b066 | Seniors | 2130 | none
b170 | Family | 4800 | none
b442 | Family | 5000 | none
(5 rows)
```

## 9) Train

cs421=> SELECT * FROM train LIMIT 5;		
transportid	traindeparture	trainarrival
train001	TR1234	TR9876
(1 row)		

## 10) Bus

cs421=> SELECT * FROM bus LIMIT 5;		
transportid	routedeparture	routearrival
bus002	BU1345	KU9876
(1 row)		

## 11) Flight

cs421=> SELECT * FROM flight LIMIT 5;		
transportid	flightdeparture	flightarrival
flight002	CAC908	CAC887
flight234	GUB123	GUB110
flight546	POL5530	POL4646
flight987	CAC1768	CAC9908
flight100	TS704	TS657
(5 rows)		

## 12) Attraction

[cs421=> SELECT * FROM attraction LIMIT 5;		
name	location	price
Calgary Tower	Calgary, Canada	20
Van Gogh Museum	Amsterdam, Netherlands	25
Bird Nest	Beijing, China	10
Colosseum	Vancouver, Canada	15
CN Tower	Hershey, United States	60
(5 rows)		

## Relations

## 1) Buys

cs421=> SELECT * FROM buys LIMIT 5;	
customerid	insuranceid
c101	i231
c102	i314
c103	i845
c277	i696
c177	i602
(5 rows)	

## 2) Consults

customerid	eid	sessionid	sessiondate	sessiontime
c101	e159	1769	2020-12-12	14:00:00
c102	e132	1396	2020-02-07	18:30:00
c103	e202	1284	2020-07-19	19:15:00
c277	e095	1359	2020-07-06	09:30:00
c177	e050	1606	2020-03-03	15:30:00

(5 rows)

## 3) Rents

customerid	licenseplate	location	rentid	starttime	endtime
c101	Z5G 3H9	Calgary, Canada	41583	2020-04-05	2020-04-28
c102	V0D 8R1	Amsterdam, Netherlands	40081	2020-03-29	2020-04-13
c101	M2G 9L3	Beijing, China	21203	2020-03-01	2020-03-10
c101	ABX 3L2	Rome, Italy	55592	2020-04-29	2020-05-10
c101	X4X 220	Toronto, Canada	39957	2020-03-15	2020-04-01

(5 rows)

## 4) Includehotel

bookingid	hotelid
b279	h111
b449	h647
b066	h093
b170	h543
b442	h948

(5 rows)

## 5) Includetransport

bookingid	transportid
b400	flight002
b201	flight234
b173	flight546
b437	flight987
b279	bus002

(5 rows)

## 6) Associates

custid	bookingid
c101	b370
c102	b400
c103	b201
c277	b173
c177	b437

(5 rows)

## 7) Purchases

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM purchases LIMIT 5;
+-----+-----+-----+
| bookingid | name | location |
+-----+-----+-----+
| b370 | Calgary Tower | Calgary, Canada |
| b400 | Van Gogh Museum | Amsterdam, Netherlands |
| b201 | Bird Nest | Beijing, China |
| b173 | Colosseum | Vancouver, Canada |
| b437 | CN Tower | Hershey, United States |
+-----+-----+-----+
(5 rows)
```

**5. (20 Points) Write five queries on your project database, using the select-from-where construct of SQL. The queries should be typical queries of the application domain. To receive full credit, all but perhaps one of your queries must exhibit some interesting feature of SQL: queries over more than one relation, subqueries, aggregations, grouping etc. Turn in a description of all the relations that you use in your queries (e.g., the original create statements or printouts from the SQL “describe table yourname” function), a description of what each of your queries is supposed to do, the SQL statement of each query, along with a script illustrating their execution (for example the screenshot when you execute the query). Your script should be sufficient to convince us that your commands run successfully. Please do not, however, turn in query results that are more than 50 lines long.**

	Query	Description	Relations Involved in the Query
1	<pre>SELECT fullName FROM Employee WHERE eID IN (SELECT eID FROM Consults WHERE sessionDate= '2020-07-19') UNION SELECT fullName FROM Customer WHERE custID IN (SELECT customerID FROM Consults WHERE sessionDate= '2020-07-19');</pre>	<p>Selecting Employee names and Customer Names who had a session on the 19th of July 2020</p>	<p>-Employee  <b>CREATE TABLE Employee(eID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30))</b></p> <p>-Consults  <b>CREATE TABLE Consults (customerID VARCHAR(30), eID VARCHAR(30), sessionID VARCHAR(30), sessionDate DATE, sessionTime TIME, PRIMARY KEY(customerID, eID), FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (eID) REFERENCES Employee)</b></p> <p>-Customer  <b>CREATE TABLE Customer(custID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30), birthday DATE, address VARCHAR(30), phoneNumber VARCHAR(30), passportNum VARCHAR(30), email VARCHAR(30), driverLicense BOOLEAN)</b></p>

```
[cs421=> SELECT fullName FROM Employee WHERE eID IN (SELECT eID FROM Consults WHERE sessionDate= '2020-07-19') UNION SELECT fullName FROM Customer WHERE custID IN (SELECT customerID FROM Consults WHERE sessionDate= '2020-07-19');
 fullname
```

```
Ella Ice
Will Wellington
(2 rows)
```

	<b>Query</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Relations Involved in the Query</b>
2	<pre>SELECT c.custid, a.bookingid, c.fullname FROM Customer c INNER JOIN Associates a ON c.custid = a.custid;</pre>	<p>Matching customers with the corresponding booking id. Custid, bookingid and the customer's fullname is output.</p>	<p>-Customer  <b>CREATE TABLE Customer</b>(custID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30), birthday DATE, address VARCHAR(30), phoneNumber VARCHAR(30), passportNum VARCHAR(30), email VARCHAR(30), driverLicense BOOLEAN)</p> <p>-Associates  <b>CREATE TABLE Associates</b> (custID VARCHAR(30), bookingID VARCHAR(30), PRIMARY KEY(customerID, bookingID), FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer, FOREIGN KEY (bookingID) REFERENCES Booking)</p>

```
[cs421=> SELECT c.custid, a.bookingid, c.fullname FROM Customer c INNER JOIN Associates a ON c.custid =
a.custid;
```

custid	bookingid	fullname
c101	b370	John Snow
c102	b400	Keegan Appleby
c103	b201	Ella Ice
c277	b173	Snow White
c177	b437	Disney Mouse
c292	b279	Katsu Don
c218	b449	Cinderella Bleu
c124	b066	Jojo Joestar
c067	b170	Juan Nathan
c208	b442	Trump McDonald

	<b>Query</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Relations Involved in the Query</b>
3	<pre>SELECT * FROM Customer c WHERE c.phonenumber LIKE '438%';</pre>	<p>Selecting customers with phone number that starts with area code '438' (montreal).</p>	<p>-Customer  <b>CREATE TABLE Customer</b>(custID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, fullName VARCHAR(30), birthday DATE, address</p>

		VARCHAR(30), phoneNumber VARCHAR(30), passportNum VARCHAR(30), email VARCHAR(30), driverLicense BOOLEAN
--	--	--

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Customer c WHERE c.phonenumber LIKE '438%';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname | birthday | address | phonenumber | passportnum | email      | driverlicense |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| c292   | Katsu Don | 1980-06-05 | 9846 Happy Avenue | 438-999-1234 | 67805999    | katsu.donnie@mail.ca | t           |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(1 row)
```

	Query	Description	Relations Involved in the Query
4	SELECT name, price FROM Hotel WHERE price < (SELECT AVG (price) FROM Hotel);	Select the Hotels with price less than the average of all hotels. Hotel name and output are output.	-Hotel <b>CREATE TABLE Hotel</b> (hotelID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(30), location VARCHAR(30), checkinDate DATE, checkoutDate DATE, price FLOAT, roomType VARCHAR(30))

```
[cs421=> SELECT name, price FROM Hotel WHERE price < (SELECT AVG (price) FROM Hotel);
+-----+-----+
| name | price |
+-----+-----+
| Holland Inns | 1800
| Hotel Motel | 1425
| Minuit Inns | 1200
| Fishy Suites | 1600
| Hotel Motel | 1700
| Hotel Motel | 1840
+-----+-----+
(6 rows)
```

	Query	Description	Relations Involved in the Query
5	SELECT MIN(price) FROM Booking GROUP BY arrvLocation;	Select minimum price for each booking by location	-Booking <b>CREATE TABLE Booking</b> (bookingID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY, travelDate DATE, deptLocation VARCHAR(30), arrvLocation VARCHAR(30), price FLOAT, status VARCHAR(10), bookingType VARCHAR(30), disclaimer VARCHAR(100), noOfCustomers INTEGER)

```
[cs421=> SELECT MIN(price) FROM Booking GROUP BY arrvLocation;
min
-----
800
3300
2700
3550
1825
2280
2500
2830
2580
2210
(10 rows)
```

**6. (12 Points) Write four data modification commands for your application. Most of these commands should be “interesting,” in the sense that they involve some complex feature, such as inserting the result of a query, updating several tuples at once, or deleting a set of tuples that is more than one but less than all the tuples in a relation. Turn in a description of all the relations that you use in your modifications but are not described so far. Provide a short description of what each of your statements is supposed to do, the SQL statements themselves and a script or screenshot that shows your modification commands running in a convincing fashion.**

	Modification	Description
1	UPDATE Booking SET price = price *0.8, status = 'Successful';	The booking price is reduced by 20% for each customer because of the travel agency's Christmas giveaway. Also every booking has now been verified and have a 'successful' status.

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | noofcustomers
b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2500 | Successful | true | none | 3
b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 3300 | Successful | true | none | 3
b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 3550 | Successful | false | none | 1
b279 | 2020-04-29 | Mexico City, Mexico | Austin, United States | 1825 | Successful | true | none | 2
b170 | 2020-04-17 | Berlin, Germany | Chicago, United States | 2580 | Successful | false | none | 3
b442 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Las Vegas, United States | 2830 | Successful | true | none | 1
b222 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Beijing, China | 800 | Successful | true | none | 1
b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 3700 | Incomplete | false | none | 2
b056 | 2020-04-08 | London, England | Reykjavik, Iceland | 2280 | Incomplete | true | none | 1
b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2700 | Pending | true | none | 2
b449 | 2020-04-25 | Orlando, United States | Paris, France | 2210 | Pending | false | none | 2
(11 rows)

cs421=> UPDATE Booking SET price = price *0.8, status = 'Successful';
UPDATE 11
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | noofcustomers
b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2000 | Successful | true | none | 3
b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 2640 | Successful | true | none | 3
b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 2840 | Successful | false | none | 1
b279 | 2020-04-29 | Mexico City, Mexico | Austin, United States | 1460 | Successful | true | none | 2
b170 | 2020-04-17 | Berlin, Germany | Chicago, United States | 2064 | Successful | false | none | 3
b442 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Las Vegas, United States | 2264 | Successful | true | none | 1
b222 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Beijing, China | 640 | Successful | true | none | 1
b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 2960 | Successful | false | none | 2
b056 | 2020-04-08 | London, England | Reykjavik, Iceland | 1824 | Successful | true | none | 1
b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2160 | Successful | true | none | 2
b449 | 2020-04-25 | Orlando, United States | Paris, France | 1768 | Successful | false | none | 2
(11 rows)
```

	Modification	Description
2	INSERT INTO Customer VALUES ('c987', 'Jane'	Adding a new customer to our

	Doe', '1998-08-20', '332 Beach Road', '333-987-0603', '34567847', 'jane.doe@mail.coml', 'true');	database
--	--	----------

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Customer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname | birthday | address | phonenumer | passportnum | email | driverlicense |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| c292 | Katsu Don | 1980-06-05 | 9846 Happy Avenue | 438-999-1234 | 67805999 | katsu.donnie@mail.ca | t
| c101 | John Snow | 1980-10-22 | 300 CrossRoad Way | 555-825-9034 | 40950763 | john.snow@mail.ca | t
| c102 | Keegan Appleby | 2010-11-02 | 82 DowTown Abbey | 555-874-1235 | 84401707 | applebybest@mail.ca | f
| c103 | Ella Ice | 1990-03-14 | 53 Trains Road | 555-523-0934 | 33887199 | frozen.ella@mail.ca | t
| c277 | Snow White | 1965-01-01 | 300 AppleView Street | 514-995-0934 | 23810554 | snow.white@mail.ca | t
| c218 | Cinderella Bleu | 1995-07-01 | 1111 Egg Valley Road | 888-123-3210 | 23132095 | cinder.bleu@mail.ca | t
| c124 | Jojo Joestar | 1997-01-02 | 6969 Nice Avenue | 069-069-6969 | 10145679 | Jojstar@mail.ca | t
| c067 | Juan Nathan | 2004-02-04 | 383 Prospect Street | 345-876-0918 | 70024256 | JuanNathan18@gmail.ca | f
| c208 | Trump McDonald | 2008-10-26 | 22 Royal Aveune | 111-345-4646 | 16233819 | McDondon@mail.ca | t
| c177 | Disney Mouse | 2000-10-31 | 3989 Saint Viateur Street | 777-835-0334 | 82087451 | disney.mouse@mail.ca | t
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(10 rows)

cs421=> INSERT INTO Customer VALUES ('c987', 'Jane Doe', '1998-08-20', '332 Beach Road', '333-987-0603', '34567847', 'jane.doe@mail.coml', 'true');
INSERT 0 1
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Customer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname | birthday | address | phonenumer | passportnum | email | driverlicense |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| c292 | Katsu Don | 1980-06-05 | 9846 Happy Avenue | 438-999-1234 | 67805999 | katsu.donnie@mail.ca | t
| c101 | John Snow | 1980-10-22 | 300 CrossRoad Way | 555-825-9034 | 40950763 | john.snow@mail.ca | t
| c102 | Keegan Appleby | 2010-11-02 | 82 DowTown Abbey | 555-874-1235 | 84401707 | applebybest@mail.ca | f
| c103 | Ella Ice | 1990-03-14 | 53 Trains Road | 555-523-0934 | 33887199 | frozen.ella@mail.ca | t
| c277 | Snow White | 1965-01-01 | 300 AppleView Street | 514-995-0934 | 23810554 | snow.white@mail.ca | t
| c218 | Cinderella Bleu | 1995-07-01 | 1111 Egg Valley Road | 888-123-3210 | 23132095 | cinder.bleu@mail.ca | t
| c124 | Jojo Joestar | 1997-01-02 | 6969 Nice Avenue | 069-069-6969 | 10145679 | Jojstar@mail.ca | t
| c067 | Juan Nathan | 2004-02-04 | 383 Prospect Street | 345-876-0918 | 70024256 | JuanNathan18@gmail.ca | f
| c208 | Trump McDonald | 2008-10-26 | 22 Royal Aveune | 111-345-4646 | 16233819 | McDondon@mail.ca | t
| c177 | Disney Mouse | 2000-10-31 | 3989 Saint Viateur Street | 777-835-0334 | 82087451 | disney.mouse@mail.ca | t
| c987 | Jane Doe | 1998-08-20 | 332 Beach Road | 333-987-0603 | 34567847 | jane.doe@mail.coml | t
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(11 rows)
```

	Modification	Description
3	DELETE FROM Booking WHERE arrvlocation = 'Paris, France' AND status = 'Successful';	Deleting successful booking(s) to Paris because the government has limited number of entries [hypothetical]

Note: Tuples from other relations that are dependent on Booking (use Booking as a foreign key) were deleted alongside this particular tuple ('Paris, France').

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | noofcustomers |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2000 | Successful | true | none | 3
| b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 2640 | Successful | true | none | 3
| b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 2840 | Successful | false | none | 1
| b279 | 2020-04-29 | Mexico City, Mexico | Austin, United States | 1460 | Successful | true | none | 2
| b170 | 2020-04-17 | Berlin, Germany | Chicago, United States | 2064 | Successful | false | none | 3
| b442 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Las Vegas, United States | 2264 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b222 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Beijing, China | 640 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 2960 | Successful | false | none | 2
| b066 | 2020-04-08 | London, England | Reykjavik, Iceland | 1824 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2160 | Successful | true | none | 2
| b449 | 2020-04-25 | Orlando, United States | Paris, France | 1768 | Successful | false | none | 2
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(11 rows)

cs421=> DELETE FROM Booking WHERE arrvlocation = 'Paris, France' AND status = 'Successful';
DELETE 1
cs421=> SELECT * FROM Booking;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| bookingid | traveldate | deptlocation | arrvlocation | price | status | bookingtype | disclaimer | noofcustomers |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| b370 | 2020-04-05 | Ottawa, Canada | Calgary, Canada | 2000 | Successful | true | none | 3
| b173 | 2020-04-29 | New York, United States | Rome, Italy | 2640 | Successful | true | none | 3
| b437 | 2020-03-15 | Seoul, South Korea | Toronto, Canada | 2840 | Successful | false | none | 1
| b279 | 2020-04-29 | Mexico City, Mexico | Austin, United States | 1460 | Successful | true | none | 2
| b170 | 2020-04-17 | Berlin, Germany | Chicago, United States | 2064 | Successful | false | none | 3
| b442 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Las Vegas, United States | 2264 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b222 | 2020-03-29 | Kyoto, Japan | Beijing, China | 640 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b201 | 2020-03-01 | Toronto, Canada | Beijing, China | 2960 | Successful | false | none | 2
| b066 | 2020-04-08 | London, England | Reykjavik, Iceland | 1824 | Successful | true | none | 1
| b400 | 2020-03-29 | Montreal, Canada | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2160 | Successful | true | none | 2
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(10 rows)
```

	<b>Modification</b>	<b>Description</b>
4	DELETE FROM Hotel WHERE price > (SELECT MIN(price) FROM Hotel);	<i>Delete all hotels except the cheapest one</i>

```
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM Hotel;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| hotelid | name | location | checkindate | checkoutdate | price | roomtype |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| h123 | West Bestern | Calgary, Canada | 2020-04-05 | 2020-04-19 | 2000 | Superior
| h234 | Holland Inns | Amsterdam, Netherlands | 2020-03-29 | 2020-04-11 | 1800 | Deluxe Double
| h788 | Stay Here Please | Beijing, China | 2020-03-01 | 2020-03-09 | 2500 | Executive Suite
| h532 | La Suite Bella | Rome, Italy | 2020-04-29 | 2020-05-10 | 2500 | Deluxe Single
| h677 | West Bestern | Toronto, Canada | 2020-03-15 | 2020-03-31 | 2250 | Superior
| h111 | Hotel Motel | Austin, United States | 2020-04-29 | 2020-05-13 | 1425 | Regular
| h647 | Minuit Inns | Paris, Frnace | 2020-04-25 | 2020-05-12 | 1200 | Comfort Plus
| h093 | Fishy Suites | Reykjavik, Iceland | 2020-04-08 | 2020-04-19 | 1600 | Comfort
| h543 | Hotel Motel | Chicago, United States | 2020-04-17 | 2020-04-27 | 1700 | Garden view
| h948 | Hotel Motel | Las Vegas, United States | 2020-03-29 | 2020-04-12 | 1840 | Ocean view
(10 rows)

[cs421=> DELETE FROM Hotel WHERE price > (SELECT MIN(price) FROM Hotel);
DELETE 9
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM Hotel;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| hotelid | name | location | checkindate | checkoutdate | price | roomtype |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| h647 | Minuit Inns | Paris, Frnace | 2020-04-25 | 2020-05-12 | 1200 | Comfort Plus
(1 row)
```

**7. (10 Points) Create two views on top of your database schema. Turn in an informal description what data each of the views represents, show your CREATE VIEW statements and the response of the system. Also, show a query involving each view and the system response (but truncate the response if there are more than a few tuples produced). Finally, show a script of what happens when you try run an SQL UPDATE statement on each of your views. Are either of your views updatable (that is, the database system will automatically translate the update into an update on the base table(s)). Explain why or why not. Summarize the conditions that must hold so that DB2/PostgreSQL allows updating a view.**

**1) Creating a view of each customer's customer id and associated booking number as well as their birth date**

```
CREATE VIEW CustomerBooking (custID, fullName, bookingid)
AS SELECT t.custid, t.fullname, t.bookingid, t.birthday
FROM (SELECT c.custid, a.bookingid, c.fullname, c.birthday FROM Customer c INNER JOIN Associates a
ON c.custid = a.custid ) t
```

The view is created successfully,

```
cs421=> CREATE VIEW CustomerBooking (custID, fullName, bookingid)
cs421=> AS SELECT t.custid, t.fullname, t.bookingid, t.birthday
cs421=> FROM (SELECT c.custid, a.bookingid, c.fullname, c.birthday FROM Customer c INNER JOIN Associates a ON c.custid = a.custid ) t
|cs421=> ;
CREATE VIEW
```

SELECT \* query is run to see what's in view customerbooking,

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM CustomerBooking
;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname | bookingid | birthday |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| c181  | John Snow  | b378    | 1980-10-22 |
| c182  | Keegan Appleby | b408    | 2010-11-02 |
| c183  | Ella Ice   | b201    | 1990-03-14 |
| c277  | Snow White  | b173    | 1965-01-01 |
| c177  | Disney Mouse | b437    | 2000-10-31 |
| c292  | Katsu Don   | b279    | 1980-06-05 |
| c218  | Cinderella Bleu | b449    | 1995-07-01 |
| c124  | Jojo Joestar | b066    | 1997-01-02 |
| c067  | Juan Nathan  | b178    | 2004-02-04 |
| c208  | Trump McDonald | b442    | 2008-10-26 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
(18 rows)
```

From the screenshot below, we can see view CustomerBooking is not updatable.

```
[cs421=> UPDATE CustomerBooking SET fullname = 'JJ Snow' WHERE fullname = 'John Snow';
ERROR:  cannot update view "customerbooking"
DETAIL:  Views that do not select from a single table or view are not automatically updatable.
HINT:  To enable updating the view, provide an INSTEAD OF UPDATE trigger or an unconditional ON UPDATE DO INSTEAD rule.
```

## 2) Creating a view of customers who could possibly drive: customer id and fullname are included

```
CREATE VIEW PossibleDrivers(custID, fullName)
AS SELECT custID, fullName
FROM Customer
WHERE customer.driverLicense='true';
```

SELECT \* query is run to see what's in view PossibleDrivers,

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM possibledrivers;
+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname |
+-----+-----+
| c101  | John Snow  |
| c124  | Jojo Joestar |
| c103  | Ella Ice   |
| c292  | Katsu Don   |
| c218  | Cinderella Bleu |
| c208  | Trump McDonald |
| c277  | Snow White  |
| c177  | Disney Mouse |
+-----+-----+
(8 rows)
```

We successfully update the view this time,

```
cs421=> UPDATE possibleDrivers SET fullname='Disney Mouse' WHERE fullname='Minne
y Mouse';
UPDATE 1
cs421=> \d
cs421=> UPDATE possibleDrivers SET fullname='Minney Mouse' WHERE fullname='Disne
y Mouse';
UPDATE 1
cs421=> SELECT * FROM possibleDrivers;
+-----+-----+
| custid | fullname |
+-----+-----+
| c292  | Katsu Don   |
| c101  | John Snow  |
| c103  | Ella Ice   |
| c277  | Snow White  |
| c218  | Cinderella Bleu |
| c124  | Jojo Joestar |
| c208  | Trump McDonald |
| c987  | Jane Doe   |
| c177  | Minney Mouse |
+-----+-----+
(9 rows)
```

Below is the screenshot of new records in Customer, Disney Mouse now has the name of Minney Mouse

Customer		
custid	fullname	birthday
c292	Katsu Don	1980-06-05
c101	John Snow	1980-10-22
c102	Keegan Appleby	2010-11-02
c103	Ella Ice	1990-03-14
c277	Snow White	1965-01-01
c218	Cinderella Bleu	1995-07-01
c124	Jojo Joestar	1997-01-02
c067	Juan Nathan	2004-02-04
c208	Trump McDonald	2008-10-26
c987	Jane Doe	1998-08-20
c177	Minney Mouse	2000-10-31
(11 rows)		

Overall, we discovered that views are updatable when the view is created from only one table. The first view was not updatable due to the fact that it was created from two tables-Customer and Booking. Updating such a view could be problematic, especially if the tables have foreign keys. In that case, the attributes in those other tables have to be updated as well, which could be undesirable. It is easy to use a view created with only one table to update it, since there are no other tables to worry about.

**8. (8 Points) Add two CHECK constraints to relations of your database schema. Turn in the revised schema, its successful declaration, and the response of database to modifications (insert/update) that violate the constraints.**

### 1) First CHECK

```
CREATE TABLE Customer
custID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
fullName VARCHAR(30),
birthday DATE,
address VARCHAR(30),
phoneNumber VARCHAR(30),
passportNum VARCHAR(30),
email VARCHAR(30),
driverLicense BOOLEAN,
CHECK (birthday < 2020-02-28)
```

We added a CHECK to constrain the birth date of each customer to be earlier than 2020-02-28 (submission date)

```
cs421=> ALTER TABLE Customer ADD CONSTRAINT birthCheck CHECK (birthday < '2020-02-28');
ALTER TABLE
```

We can see the CHECK constraint has been successfully added because a new record (i.e. customer) that is born after 2020-02-28 cannot be added.

```
cs421=> INSERT INTO Customer VALUES ('c888', 'Mike Wazowski', '2021-09-12', '444 Monster Way', '777-777-7777', '54354666', 'mike.w@mail.ca', false);
ERROR: new row for relation "customer" violates check constraint "birthcheck"
"
DETAIL: Failing row contains (c888, Mike Wazowski, 2021-09-12, 444 Monster Way, 777-777-7777, 54354666, mike.w@mail.ca, f).
```

## 2) Second CHECK

```
CREATE TABLE Hotel
hotelID VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
Name VARCHAR(30),
Location VARCHAR(30),
checkinDate DATE,
checkoutDate DATE,
Price FLOAT,
roomType VARCHAR(30),
CHECK(price < 3000);
```

We added another CHECK to constrain the overall cost of hotel to be lower than 3000

```
cs421=> ALTER TABLE Hotel ADD CONSTRAINT priceCheck CHECK (price < 3000);
ALTER TABLE
```

Here we can see we are unable to add a hotel with overall cost greater than 3000

```
cs421=> UPDATE Hotel SET price=3100 WHERE name = 'Minuit Inns';
ERROR: new row for relation "hotel" violates check constraint "pricecheck"
DETAIL: Failing row contains (h647, Minuit Inns, Paris, France, 2020-04-25, 2020-05-12, 3100, Comfort Plus).
```

## 9. (10) Points. Creativity

In addition to the creativity of our relations & tuples, we tried to develop a business question,

### Complex Analytical Queries:

**Query:** Identify all customers between the ages of 0-16 who have been listed as 'true' in the database for possessing a drivers' license.

**Application:** This is important as it would indicate that there is an error, either in the database system or due to inattentive answering by the user.

```
SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE birthday < '2020-02-28' AND birthday > '2004-01-01' AND
driverLicense = 'true';
```

custid	fullname	birthday	address	phonenumbers	passportnum	email	driverlicense
c208	Trump McDonald	2008-10-26	22 Royal Avenue	111-345-4646	16233819	McDonald@mail.ca	t

(1 row)