## hw 7

## 2022-11-29

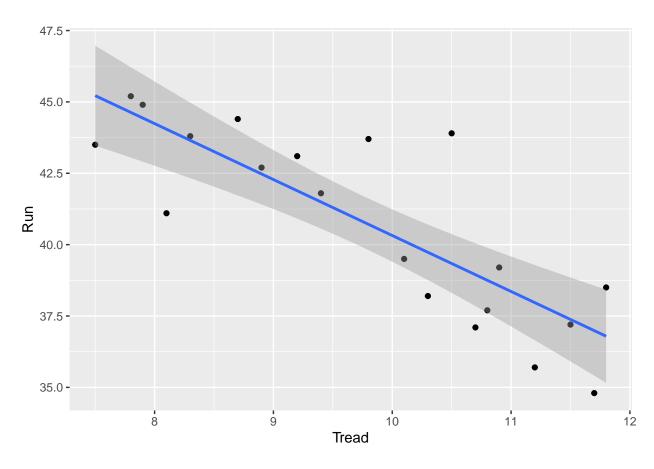
```
setwd("~/Documents/GitHub/stats100")
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                   ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.4.0
                      v purrr
                               0.3.5
## v tibble 3.1.8
                      v dplyr
                              1.0.10
## v tidyr
          1.2.1
                      v stringr 1.4.1
## v readr
          2.1.3
                      v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
library(stats)
library(ggplot2)
library(RColorBrewer)
fitness<- read.csv("Fitness.csv")</pre>
fitness
##
     Tread Run
       7.5 43.5
## 1
## 2
       7.8 45.2
## 3
       7.9 44.9
## 4
       8.1 41.1
       8.3 43.8
## 5
## 6
       8.7 44.4
       8.9 42.7
## 7
## 8
       9.2 43.1
## 9
       9.4 41.8
## 10
       9.8 43.7
## 11 10.1 39.5
## 12 10.3 38.2
## 13 10.5 43.9
## 14 10.7 37.1
## 15 10.8 37.7
## 16 10.9 39.2
## 17 11.2 35.7
## 18 11.5 37.2
## 19 11.7 34.8
```

a. Find estimated regression line No outliers

## 20 11.8 38.5

```
fitness %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Tread, y=Run))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(method = lm)
```

## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'



```
fitlm<- lm(Run ~ Tread, data = fitness)
fitlm</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Run ~ Tread, data = fitness)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept) Tread
## 59.92 -1.96
```

b. 95% confidence interval for slope

```
bothci<- confint(fitlm, level = 0.95)
slopeci<- bothci[2,]
slopeci</pre>
```

```
## 2.5 % 97.5 %
## -2.624957 -1.295313
```

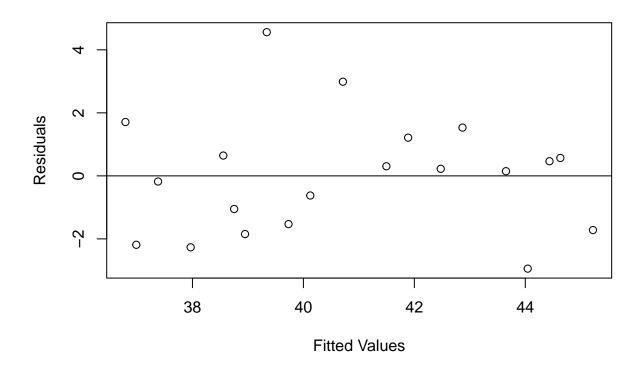
c. Find value of Se Se = 1.921

```
summary.lm(fitlm)
```

abline(h=0)

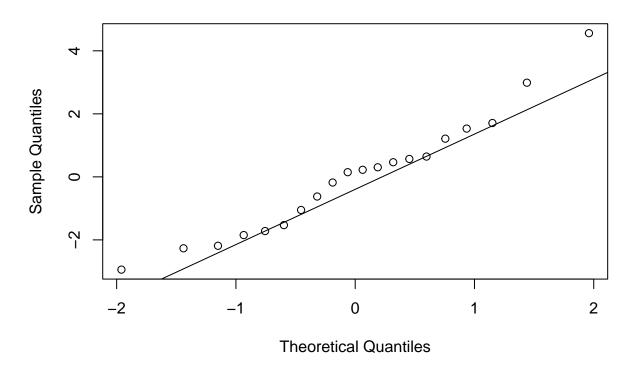
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Run ~ Tread, data = fitness)
## Residuals:
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -2.9440 -1.5788 0.1860 0.7863 4.5603
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                            3.1166 19.226 1.90e-13 ***
## (Intercept) 59.9211
               -1.9601
                            0.3164 -6.194 7.59e-06 ***
## Tread
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.921 on 18 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6807, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6629
## F-statistic: 38.37 on 1 and 18 DF, p-value: 7.589e-06
  d. Find value of r squared = 0.6807
  e. Does assumption of normality of error hold?
```

plot(fitlm\$fitted.values, fitlm\$residuals, ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "Fitted Values")



qqnorm(fitlm\$residuals)
qqline(fitlm\$residuals)

## Normal Q-Q Plot



## shapiro.test(fitlm\$residuals)

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: fitlm$residuals
## W = 0.96165, p-value = 0.5773
```