

WDOG Memory Map/Register Definition

- WDT field of [Watchdog Control Register \(WDOG_WCR\)](#) should be programmed for sufficient timeout value.
- WDOG should be enabled by setting WDE bit of [Watchdog Control Register \(WDOG_WCR\)](#) so that the timeout counter loads the WDT field value of [Watchdog Control Register \(WDOG_WCR\)](#) and starts counting.

70.7 WDOG Memory Map/Register Definition

The WDOG has user-accessible, 16-bit registers used to configure, operate, and monitor the state of the Watchdog Timer. Byte operations can be performed on these registers. If a 32-bit access is performed, the WDOG will not generate a peripheral bus error but will behave normally, like a 16-Bit access, making read/write possible. A 32-Bit access should be avoided, as the system may go to an unknown state.

WDOG memory map

Absolute address (hex)	Register name	Width (in bits)	Access	Reset value	Section/page
20B_C000	Watchdog Control Register (WDOG1_WCR)	16	R/W	0030h	70.7.1/5760
20B_C002	Watchdog Service Register (WDOG1_WSR)	16	R/W	0000h	70.7.2/5762
20B_C004	Watchdog Reset Status Register (WDOG1_WRSR)	16	R	0000h	70.7.3/5763
20B_C006	Watchdog Interrupt Control Register (WDOG1_WICR)	16	R/W	0004h	70.7.4/5764
20B_C008	Watchdog Miscellaneous Control Register (WDOG1_WMCR)	16	R/W	0001h	70.7.5/5765
20C_0000	Watchdog Control Register (WDOG2_WCR)	16	R/W	0030h	70.7.1/5760
20C_0002	Watchdog Service Register (WDOG2_WSR)	16	R/W	0000h	70.7.2/5762
20C_0004	Watchdog Reset Status Register (WDOG2_WRSR)	16	R	0000h	70.7.3/5763
20C_0006	Watchdog Interrupt Control Register (WDOG2_WICR)	16	R/W	0004h	70.7.4/5764
20C_0008	Watchdog Miscellaneous Control Register (WDOG2_WMCR)	16	R/W	0001h	70.7.5/5765

70.7.1 Watchdog Control Register (WDOGx_WCR)

The Watchdog Control Register (WDOG_WCR) controls the WDOG operation.

- WDZST, WDBG and WDW are write-once only bits. Once the software does a write access to these bits, they will be locked and cannot be reprogrammed until the next system reset assertion.

- WDE is a write one once only bit. Once software performs a write "1" operation to this bit it cannot be reset/cleared until the next system reset.
- WDT is also a write one once only bit. Once software performs a write "1" operation to this bit it cannot be reset/cleared until the next POR. This bit does not get reset/cleared due to any system reset.

Address: Base address + 0h offset

Bit	15	14	13	12		11	10	9	8
Read Write	WT								
Reset	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Bit	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0
Read Write	WDW	Reserved	WDA	SRS		WDT	WDE	WDBG	WDZST
Reset	0	0	1	1		0	0	0	0

WDOGx_WCR field descriptions

Field	Description
15–8 WT	<p>Watchdog Time-out Field. This 8-bit field contains the time-out value that is loaded into the Watchdog counter after the service routine has been performed or after the Watchdog is enabled. After reset, WT[7:0] must have a value written to it before enabling the Watchdog otherwise count value of zero which is 0.5 seconds is loaded into the counter.</p> <p>NOTE: The time-out value can be written at any point of time but it is loaded to the counter at the time when WDOG is enabled or after the service routine has been performed. For more information see Timeout event.</p> <p>0x00 - 0.5 Seconds (Default). 0x01 - 1.0 Seconds. 0x02 - 1.5 Seconds. 0x03 - 2.0 Seconds. 0xff - 128 Seconds.</p>
7 WDW	<p>Watchdog Disable for Wait. This bit determines the operation of WDOG during Low Power WAIT mode. This is a write once only bit.</p> <p>0 Continue WDOG timer operation (Default). 1 Suspend WDOG timer operation.</p>
6 -	<p>Reserved</p> <p>This field is reserved. adopt Reserved</p>
5 WDA	<p>WDOG_B assertion. Controls the software assertion of the WDOG_B signal.</p> <p>0 Assert WDOG_B output. 1 No effect on system (Default).</p>
4 SRS	<p>Software Reset Signal. Controls the software assertion of the WDOG-generated reset signal WDOG_RESET_B_DEB . This bit automatically resets to "1" after it has been asserted to "0".</p> <p>NOTE: This bit does not generate the software reset to the block.</p> <p>0 Assert system reset signal. 1 No effect on the system (Default).</p>

Table continues on the next page...

WDOGx_WCR field descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
3 WDT	<p>WDOG_B Time-out assertion. Determines if the WDOG_B gets asserted upon a Watchdog Time-out Event. This is a write-one once only bit.</p> <p>NOTE: There is no effect on WDOG_RESET_B_DEB (WDOG Reset) upon writing on this bit. WDOG_B gets asserted along with WDOG_RESET_B_DEB if this bit is set.</p> <p>0 No effect on WDOG_B (Default). 1 Assert WDOG_B upon a Watchdog Time-out event.</p>
2 WDE	<p>Watchdog Enable. Enables or disables the WDOG block. This is a write one once only bit. It is not possible to clear this bit by a software write, once the bit is set.</p> <p>NOTE: This bit can be set/reset in debug mode (exception).</p> <p>0 Disable the Watchdog (Default). 1 Enable the Watchdog.</p>
1 WDBG	<p>Watchdog DEBUG Enable. Determines the operation of the WDOG during DEBUG mode. This bit is write once only.</p> <p>0 Continue WDOG timer operation (Default). 1 Suspend the watchdog timer.</p>
0 WDZST	<p>Watchdog Low Power. Determines the operation of the WDOG during low-power modes. This bit is write once-only.</p> <p>NOTE: The WDOG can continue/suspend the timer operation in the low-power modes (STOP and DOZE mode).</p> <p>0 Continue timer operation (Default). 1 Suspend the watchdog timer.</p>

70.7.2 Watchdog Service Register (WDOGx_WSR)

When enabled, the WDOG requires that a service sequence be written to the Watchdog Service Register (WSR) to prevent the timeout condition.

NOTE

Executing the service sequence will reload the WDOG timeout counter.

Address: Base address + 2h offset

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Read	WSR																
Write																	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

WDOGx_WSR field descriptions

Field	Description
WSR	<p>Watchdog Service Register. This 16-bit field contains the Watchdog service sequence. Both writes must occur in the order listed prior to the time-out, but any number of instructions can be executed between the two writes. The service sequence must be performed as follows:</p> <p>0x5555 Write to the Watchdog Service Register (WDOG_WSR). 0xAAAA Write to the Watchdog Service Register (WDOG_WSR).</p>

70.7.3 Watchdog Reset Status Register (WDOGx_WRSR)

The WRSR is a read-only register that records the source of the output reset assertion. It is not cleared by a hard reset. Therefore, only one bit in the WRSR will always be asserted high. The register will always indicate the source of the last reset generated due to WDOG. Read access to this register is with one wait state. Any write performed on this register will generate a Peripheral Bus Error .

A reset can be generated by the following sources, as listed in priority from highest to lowest:

- Watchdog Time-out
- Software Reset

Address: Base address + 4h offset

Bit	15	14	13	12			11	10	9	8
Read					0					
Write										
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Read			0	POR				0	TOUT	SFTW
Write										
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

WDOGx_WRSR field descriptions

Field	Description
15–5 Reserved	This read-only field is reserved and always has the value 0.
4 POR	<p>Power On Reset. Indicates whether the reset is the result of a power on reset.</p> <p>0 Reset is not the result of a power on reset. 1 Reset is the result of a power on reset.</p>
3–2 Reserved	This read-only field is reserved and always has the value 0.

Table continues on the next page...

WDOGx_WRSR field descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
1 TOUT	Timeout. Indicates whether the reset is the result of a WDOG timeout. 0 Reset is not the result of a WDOG timeout. 1 Reset is the result of a WDOG timeout.
0 SFTW	Software Reset. Indicates whether the reset is the result of a WDOG software reset by asserting SRS bit 0 Reset is not the result of a software reset. 1 Reset is the result of a software reset.

70.7.4 Watchdog Interrupt Control Register (WDOGx_WICR)

The WDOG_WICR controls the WDOG interrupt generation.

Address: Base address + 6h offset

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Read	WIE	WTIS		0												
Write		w1c														
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

WDOGx_WICR field descriptions

Field	Description
15 WIE	Watchdog Timer Interrupt enable bit. Reset value is 0. NOTE: This bit is a write once only bit. Once the software does a write access to this bit, it will get locked and cannot be reprogrammed until the next system reset assertion 0 Disable Interrupt (Default). 1 Enable Interrupt.
14 WTIS	Watchdog Timer Interrupt Status bit will reflect the timer interrupt status, whether interrupt has occurred or not. Once the interrupt has been triggered software must clear this bit by writing 1 to it. 0 No interrupt has occurred (Default). 1 Interrupt has occurred
13–8 Reserved	This read-only field is reserved and always has the value 0.
WICT	Watchdog Interrupt Count Time-out (WICT) field determines, how long before the counter time-out must the interrupt occur. The reset value is 0x04 implies interrupt will occur 2 seconds before time-out. The maximum value that can be programmed to WICT field is 127.5 seconds with a resolution of 0.5 seconds. NOTE: This field is write once only. Once the software does a write access to this field, it will get locked and cannot be reprogrammed until the next system reset assertion. 0x00 WICT[7:0] = Time duration between interrupt and time-out is 0 seconds. 0x01 WICT[7:0] = Time duration between interrupt and time-out is 0.5 seconds. 0x04 WICT[7:0] = Time duration between interrupt and time-out is 2 seconds (Default). 0xff WICT[7:0] = Time duration between interrupt and time-out is 127.5 seconds.

70.7.5 Watchdog Miscellaneous Control Register (WDOGx_WMCR)

WDOG_WMCR Controls the Power Down counter operation.

Address: Base address + 8h offset

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Read								0								PDE
Write								0								
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

WDOGx_WMCR field descriptions

Field	Description
15–1 Reserved	This read-only field is reserved and always has the value 0.
0 PDE	<p>Power Down Enable bit. Reset value of this bit is 1, which means the power down counter inside the WDOG is enabled after reset. The software must write 0 to this bit to disable the counter within 16 seconds of reset de-assertion. Once disabled this counter cannot be enabled again. See Power-down counter event for operation of this counter.</p> <p>NOTE: This bit is write-one once only bit. Once software sets this bit it cannot be reset until the next system reset.</p> <p>0 Power Down Counter of WDOG is disabled. 1 Power Down Counter of WDOG is enabled (Default).</p>

