

## AWS PROJECT

### This is step to step guide to building Blog/Audio Converter using Amazon Polly.

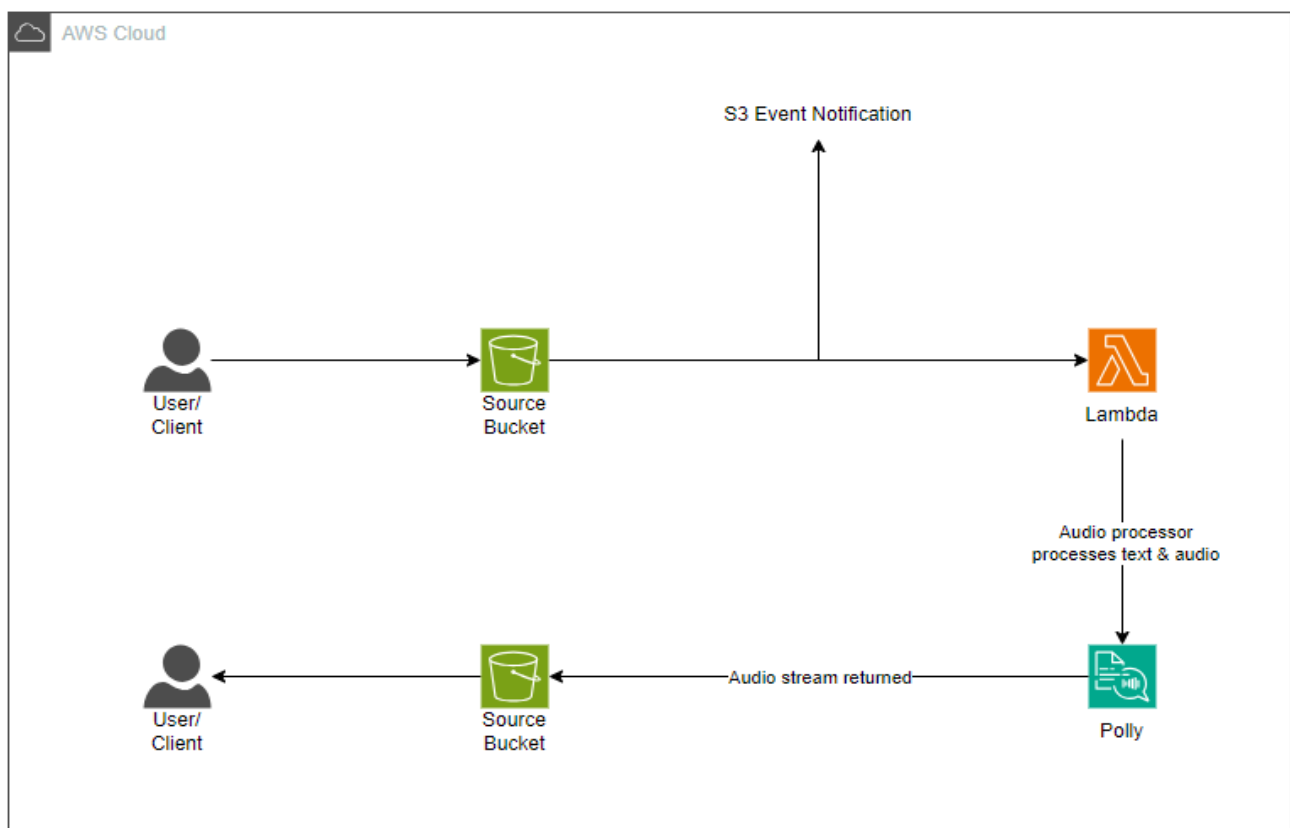
#### Project Description.

This project leverages some AWS services to convert text files such as blogs, articles, newsletters or book excerpts into speech. This is particularly useful for creating audio versions of written content, making it accessible to a wider audience, including those who prefer listening over reading.

Amazon Polly has the following use cases;

- Learning: Enables users to listen to educational materials, enhancing learning experiences.
- Content Accessibility: Provides audio versions of written content for visually impaired users.
- Content Distribution: Offers an additional medium for content consumption, increasing engagement.
- Convenience: Allows users to listen to articles or books while multitasking, such as during commutes or workouts.

#### Project Architecture.



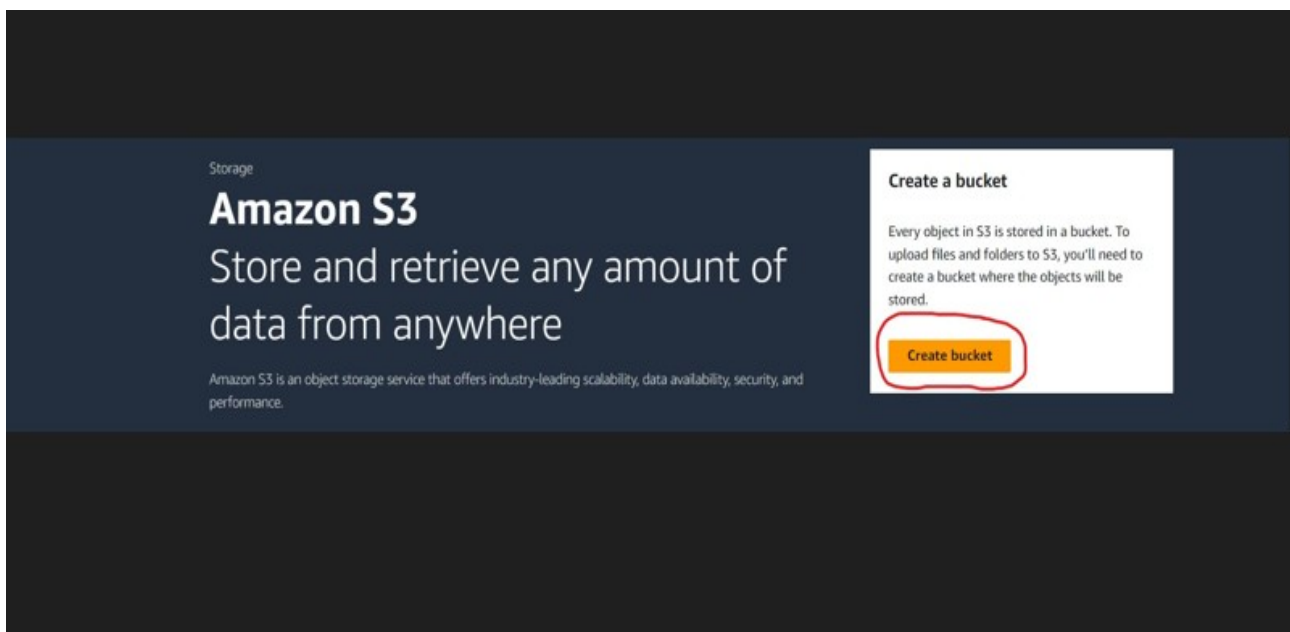
## Steps

In my AWS account, I have to create two S3 Buckets;  
Source Bucket (Bucket name: val-polly-source-bucket) and Destination Bucket (Bucket name: val-polly-destination-bucket).

## Process

- Create a Source and Destination Bucket.
- The Source Bucket name will be (val-polly-source-bucket).
- Go to (Create Bucket).
- Enter the name (val-polly-source-bucket).
- Leave everything the same then click (Create Bucket).
- Then go back to the (S3 console), and repeat the same procedure above to create another Bucket and call it (Destination Bucket).
- Enter the name (val-polly-destination-bucket).
- Scroll down and click on (Create Bucket).
- Destination Bucket is created.

These are the shown in the following pictures below;



## Create bucket [Info](#)

Buckets are containers for data stored in S3.

### General configuration

AWS Region

US West (Oregon) us-west-2

Bucket type [Info](#)

- ☒ **General purpose**  
Recommended for most use cases and access patterns. General purpose buckets are the original S3 bucket type. They allow a mix of storage classes that redundantly store objects across multiple Availability Zones.

- ☐ **Directory - New**  
Recommended for low-latency use cases. These buckets use only the S3 Express One Zone storage class, which provides faster processing of data within a single Availability Zone.

Bucket name [Info](#)

val-polly-source-bucket

Bucket name must be unique within the global namespace and follow the bucket naming rules. [See rules for bucket naming](#) [↗](#)

## Create bucket [Info](#)

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Bucket name [Info](#)

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Bucket name must be unique within the global namespace and follow the bucket naming rules. [See rules for bucket naming](#) [↗](#)

Successfully created bucket "val-polly-destination-bucket"

To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose [View details](#).

Amazon S3 > Buckets

Account snapshot - updated every 24 hours

All AWS Regions

View Storage Lens dashboard

Storage lens provides visibility into storage usage and activity trends. [Learn more](#)

General purpose buckets | Directory buckets

General purpose buckets (2)

Info

All AWS Regions

Refresh

Copy ARN

Empty

Delete

Create bucket

Buckets are containers for data stored in S3.

Find buckets by name

< 1 > ⌕

	Name	AWS Region	IAM Access Analyzer	Creation date
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">val-polly-destination-bucket</a>	US West (Oregon) us-west-2	<a href="#">View analyzer for us-west-2</a>	July 20, 2024, 20:55:46 (UTC+01:00)
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">val-polly-source-bucket</a>	US West (Oregon) us-west-2	<a href="#">View analyzer for us-west-2</a>	July 20, 2024, 16:38:03 (UTC+01:00)

Successfully created bucket "val-polly-source-bucket"

To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose [View details](#).

Amazon S3 > Buckets

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All AWS Regions

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General purpose buckets | Directory buckets

General purpose buckets (1)

Info

All AWS Regions

Refresh

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Empty

Delete

Create bucket

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	Name	AWS Region	IAM Access Analyzer	Creation date
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">val-polly-source-bucket</a>	US West (Oregon) us-west-2	<a href="#">View analyzer for us-west-2</a>	July 20, 2024, 16:38:03 (UTC+01:00)

**Default encryption** [Info](#)  
Server-side encryption is automatically applied to new objects stored in this bucket.

**Encryption type** [Info](#)

- ☒ Server-side encryption with Amazon S3 managed keys (SSE-S3)
- ☐ Server-side encryption with AWS Key Management Service keys (SSE-KMS)
- ☐ Dual-layer server-side encryption with AWS Key Management Service keys (DSSE-KMS)  
Secure your objects with two separate layers of encryption. For details on pricing, see [DSSE-KMS pricing](#) on the **Storage** tab of the [Amazon S3 pricing page](#).

**Bucket Key**  
Using an S3 Bucket Key for SSE-KMS reduces encryption costs by lowering calls to AWS KMS. S3 Bucket Keys aren't supported for DSSE-KMS. [Learn more](#)

- ☐ Disable
- ☒ Enable

**► Advanced settings**

**i** After creating the bucket, you can upload files and folders to the bucket, and configure additional bucket settings.

Cancel

Create bucket

The next step is to create an IAM Policy. Going back to the architecture, the Lambda function requires access to the (Source Bucket), (Destination Bucket) and (Amazon Polly). It needs permission to access these resources.

The next step is to create an IAM Role for the Lambda, this Role should have access to my (Source Bucket), (Amazon Polly) and my (Destination Bucket).

### **Steps to create IAM Roles**

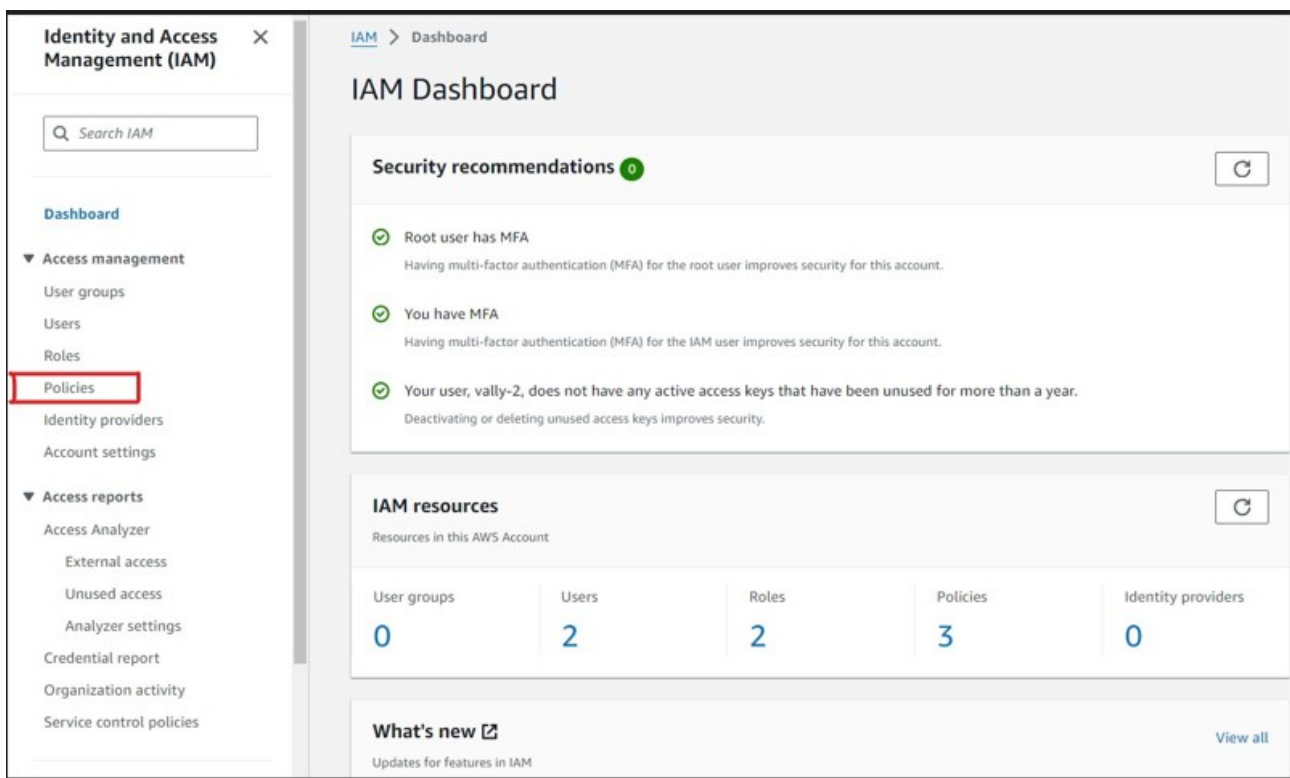
- First create an (IAM Role).
- Click on Roles.
- Click on (Create Role).
- Search for (Lambda) and click (Next).
- On the (permissions) search for (AWS Lambda) and click (AWSLambda-FullAccess).
- Click (Next).
- Role Name (lambdarole).

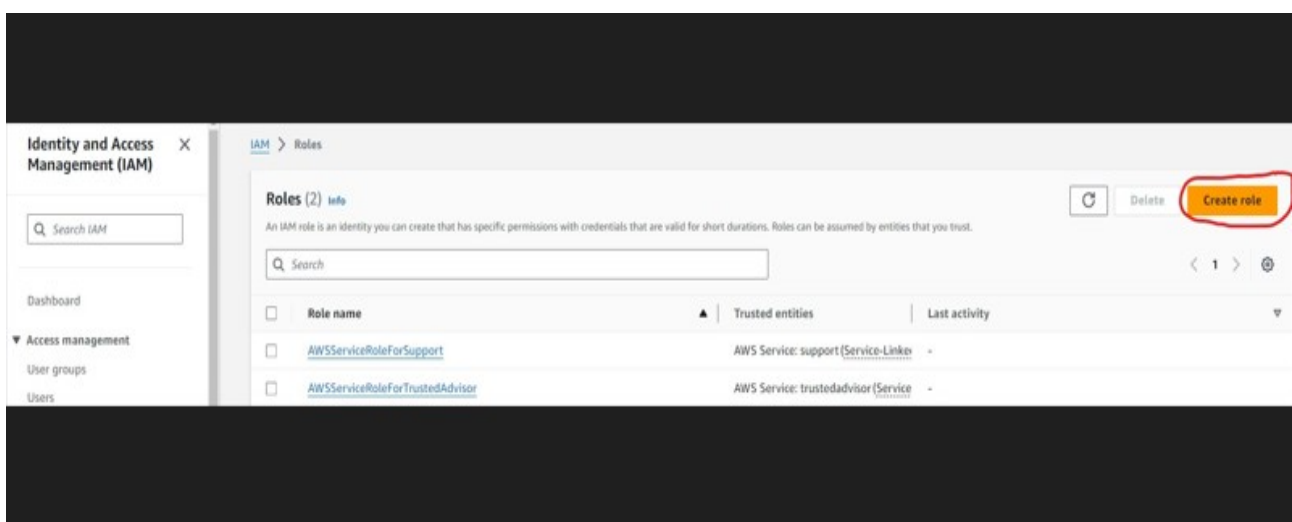
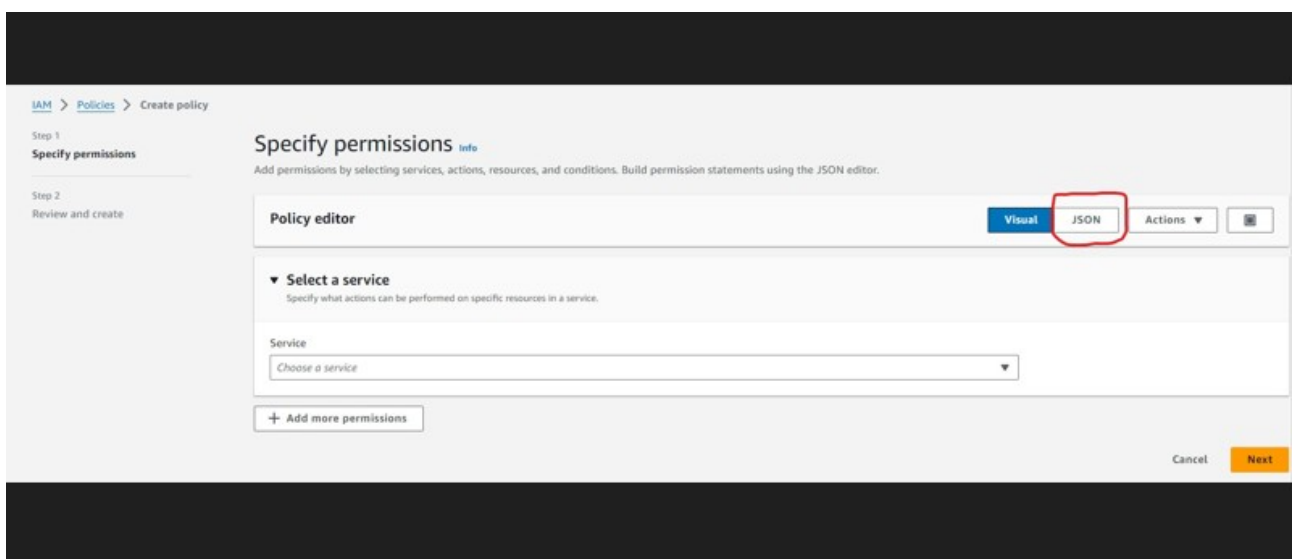
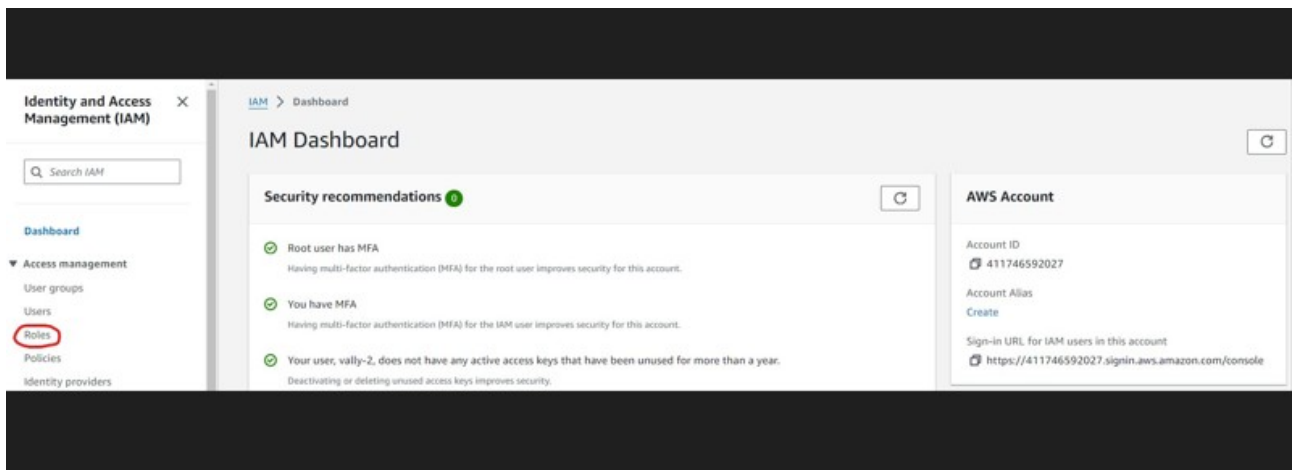
## Steps to create IAM Policies

- Go to (IAM) in the console.
- Click on (Policies).
- Search for (AmazonS3fullaccess).
- Click on it.
- Click (Create Policy).
- Then click on (JSON) and copy the (JSON).
- IAM Policy created.

I attached the (polly-lambda-policy) to the Lambdarole

These are shown in the pictures below;





### Step 3: Add tags

#### Add tags - optional [info](#)

Tags are key-value pairs that you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tags.

[Cancel](#)

[Previous](#)

[Create role](#)

### Identity and Access Management (IAM)

[Search IAM](#)

[Dashboard](#)

#### Access management

[User groups](#)

[Users](#)

[Roles](#)

[Policies](#)

[Identity providers](#)

[IAM](#) > [Policies](#)

#### Policies (1222) [info](#)

A policy is an object in AWS that defines permissions.

[Create](#)

[Actions](#)

[Delete](#)

[Create policy](#)

[Search](#)

Filter by Type

All types

< 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 ... 62 > [ⓘ](#)

	Policy name	Type	Used as	Description
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AccessAnalyzerServiceRolePolicy</a>	AWS managed	None	Allow Access Analyzer to analyze resou...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AdministratorAccess</a>	AWS managed - job function	Permissions policy (1)	Provides full access to AWS services an...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AdministratorAccess-Amplify</a>	AWS managed	None	Grants account administrative permisi...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AdministratorAccess-AWSElastic...</a>	AWS managed	None	Grants account administrative permisi...

### Identity and Access Management (IAM)

[Search IAM](#)

[Dashboard](#)

#### Access management

[User groups](#)

[Users](#)

[Roles](#)

[Policies](#)

[Identity providers](#)

[Account settings](#)

[IAM](#) > [Policies](#)

#### Policies (1222) [info](#)

A policy is an object in AWS that defines permissions.

[Create](#)

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[Delete](#)

[Create policy](#)

[Search](#) [amazon3](#)

Filter by Type

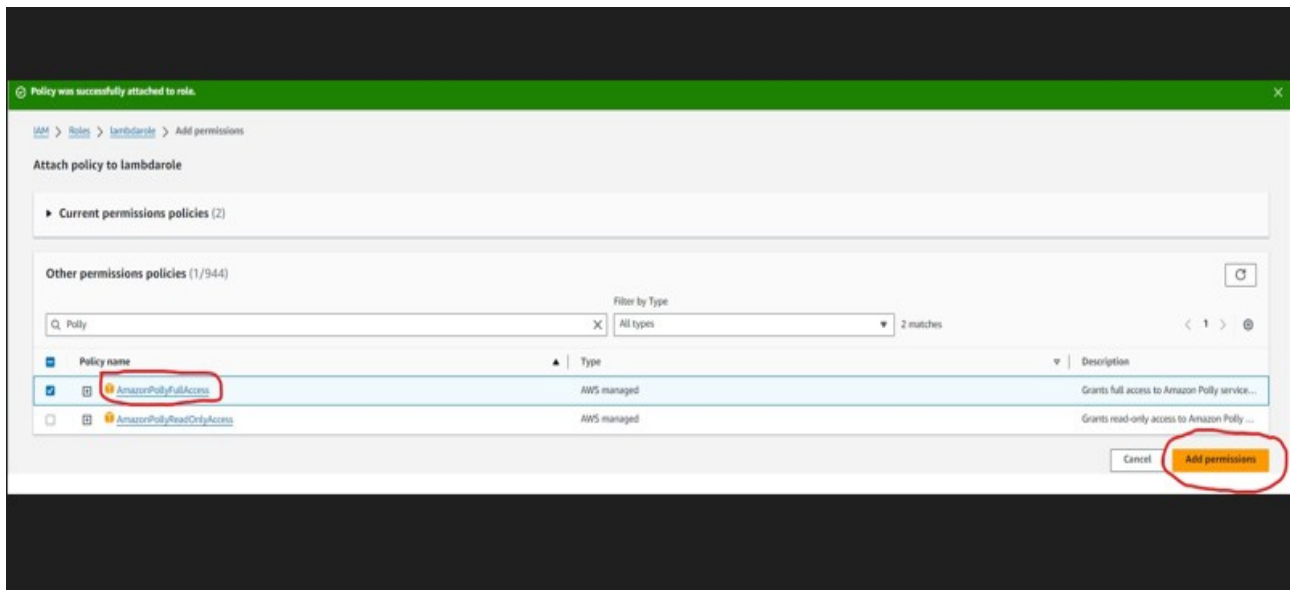
All types

5 matches

< 1 > [ⓘ](#)

	Policy name	Type	Used as	Description
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AmazonS3FullAccess</a>	AWS managed	Permissions policy (1)	Provides full access to all buckets via the ...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AmazonS3ObjectLambdaExecutionRolePolicy</a>	AWS managed	None	Provides AWS Lambda functions permisi...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AmazonS3OutpostsFullAccess</a>	AWS managed	None	Provides full access to Amazon S3 on Out...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AmazonS3OutpostsReadOnlyAccess</a>	AWS managed	None	Provides read only access to Amazon S3 o...
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess</a>	AWS managed	None	Provides read only access to all buckets vi...



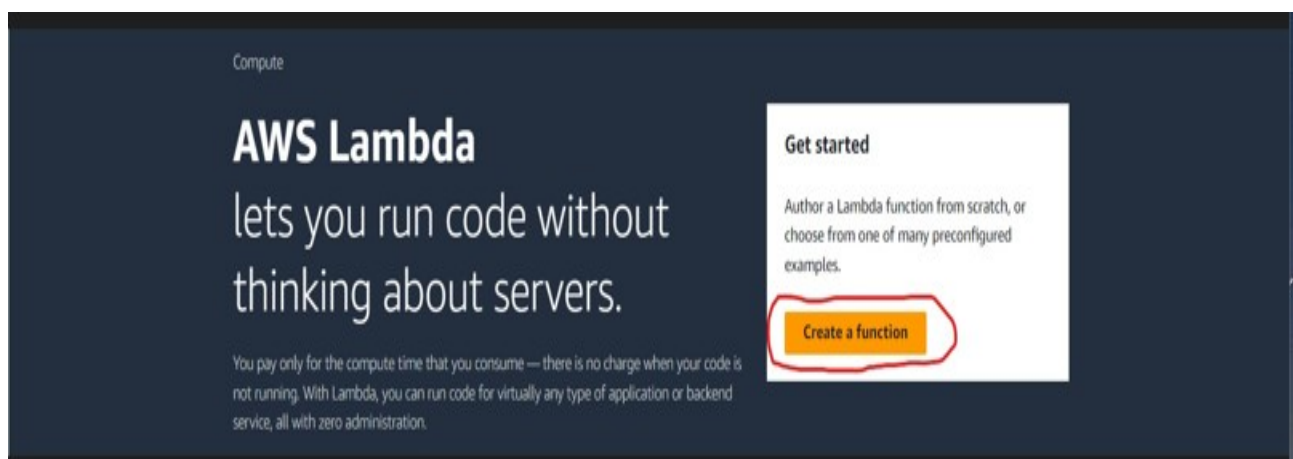


The next step is to configure the Lambda function with the following steps.

## Steps

- Create and configure the Lambda function; Function name (Valsproject4txt2speech).
- Go to Lambda and click on (Create a function).
- Leave it on (Author from Scratch).
- Enter the function name as (Valsproject4txt2speech).
- Using (python 3.8) as the (Run time).
- Go to (Permissions) and expand (Change default, Execution Role).
- Then click on (Use an existing Role) which is (pollyLambdaRole).
- Then click on (Create function).

These are shown in the pictures below;



Successfully created the function ValsProject4txt2speech. You can now change its code and configuration. To invoke your function with a test event, choose "Test".

Lambda > Functions > ValsProject4txt2speech

## ValsProject4txt2speech

Throttle Copy ARN Actions

Function overview Info

Export to Application Composer Download

Diagram Template

ValsProject4txt2speech

Layers (0)

+ Add trigger + Add destination

Description

Last modified 2 minutes ago

Function ARN  
arn:aws:lambda:us-west-2:411746592027:function:ValsProject4txt2speech

Function URL Info

Choose the instruction set architecture you want for your function code.

☒ x86\_64  
☐ arm64

### Permissions Info

By default, Lambda will create an execution role with permissions to upload logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs. You can customize this default role later when adding triggers.

▼ Change default execution role

Execution role

Choose a role that defines the permissions of your function. To create a custom role, go to the IAM console.

☐ Create a new role with basic Lambda permissions  
☒ Use an existing role  
☐ Create a new role from AWS policy templates

Existing role

Choose an existing role that you've created to be used with this Lambda function. The role must have permission to upload logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs.

PollyLambdaRole

View the PollyLambdaRole role on the IAM console.

► Advanced settings

Cancel Create function

[Lambda](#) > [Functions](#) > Create function

## Create function [Info](#)

Choose one of the following options to create your function.

☒ **Author from scratch**  
Start with a simple Hello World example.

☐ **Use a blueprint**  
Build a Lambda application from sample code and configuration presets for common use cases.

☐ **Container image**  
Select a container image to deploy for your function.

### Basic information

**Function name**  
Enter a name that describes the purpose of your function.

ValsProject4txt2speech

Use only letters, numbers, hyphens, or underscores with no spaces.

**Runtime** [Info](#)  
Choose the language to use to write your function. Note that the console code editor supports only Node.js, Python, and Ruby.

Python 3.9

The next step is to configure the (Source Bucket) and the (Destination Bucket) as the (Environment variables).

### Steps

- Go to (Configuration) under the (Lambda function overview).
- And to the left select (Environmental variables).
- Click on (Environmental variables).
- Then click on (Edit).
- Click on (Add environment variable).
- Enter the Source Bucket (val-polly-source-bucket) and the Destination Bucket (val-polly-destination-bucket) under value.
- Then click on (Save).

These are shown in the pictures below;

## Edit environment variables

### Environment variables

You can define environment variables as key-value pairs that are accessible from your function code. These are useful to store configuration settings without the need to change function code. [Learn more](#)

There are no environment variables on this function.

Add environment variable

► Encryption configuration

Cancel

Save

## Edit environment variables

### Environment variables

You can define environment variables as key-value pairs that are accessible from your function code. These are useful to store configuration settings without the need to change function code. [Learn more](#)

Key

SOURCE BUCKET

Value

val-polly-source-bucket

Remove

DESTINATION BUCKET

val-polly-destination-bucket

Remove

Add environment variable

► Encryption configuration

Cancel

Save

Moving on the next stage of this project which is to Configure an (S3 Event Notification).

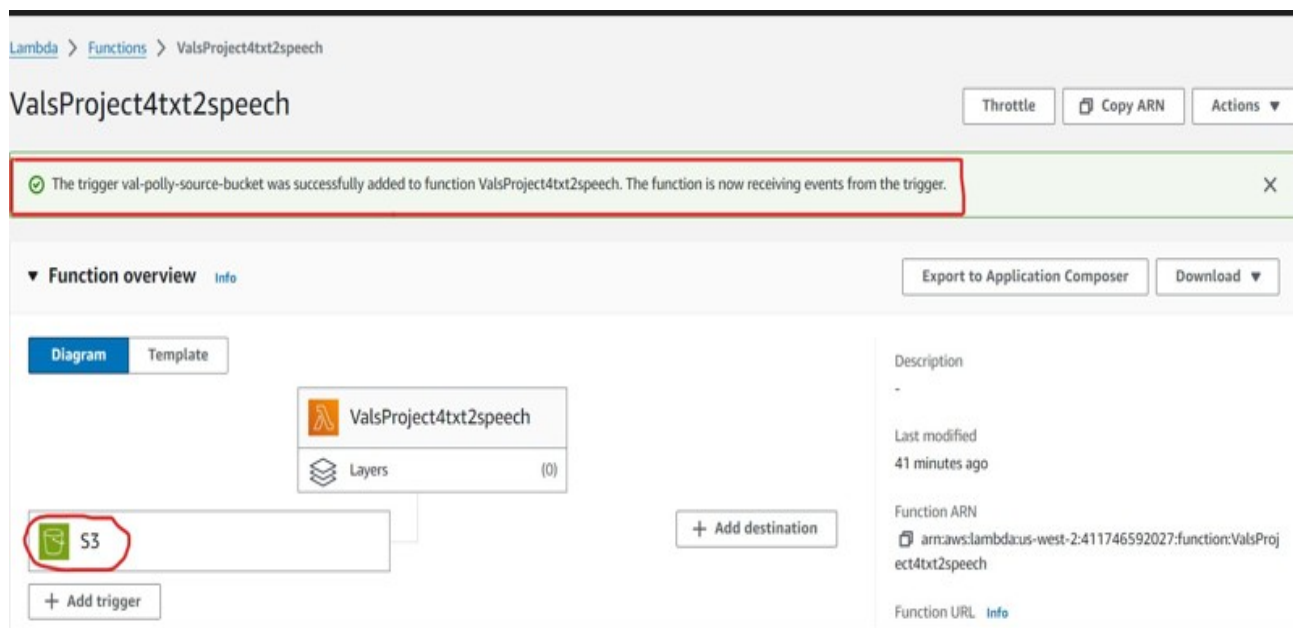
In this stage, I will set up an Event Notification in the (Source S3 Bucket) to trigger the (Lambda function) on new (Object creation events) with the (.txt) suffix.

## Steps

- Go to the Lambda function.
- Click on (Add trigger).
- Select a source, which will be the (S3 Bucket).
- Select the Source Bucket.
- Then leaving the (prefix) empty as I don't have any and for the (suffix), use a (.txt) file.
- Then click on the acknowledgement and click on (Add) at the bottom of the page.
- Then the S3 trigger will be automatically added.

This completes this process.

These are illustrated in the pictures below;



All object create events X

**Prefix - optional**  
Enter a single optional prefix to limit the notifications to objects with keys that start with matching characters.  

e.g. images/

**Suffix - optional**  
Enter a single optional suffix to limit the notifications to objects with keys that end with matching characters.  

.txt

**Recursive invocation**  
If your function writes objects to an S3 bucket, ensure that you are using different S3 buckets for input and output. Writing to the same bucket increases the risk of creating a recursive invocation, which can result in increased Lambda usage and increased costs. [Learn more](#)

☒ I acknowledge that using the same S3 bucket for both input and output is not recommended and that this configuration can cause recursive invocations, increased Lambda usage, and increased costs.

Lambda will add the necessary permissions for AWS S3 to invoke your Lambda function from this trigger. [Learn more](#) about the Lambda permissions model.


Cancel

Add

Lambda > Add triggers

Add trigger

**Trigger configuration** Info

 S3  
aws asynchronous storage

**Bucket**  
Choose or enter the ARN of an S3 bucket that serves as the event source. The bucket must be in the same region as the function.  

Q s3/val-polly-source-bucket X

↺

Bucket region: us-west-2

**Event types**  
Select the events that you want to have trigger the Lambda function. You can optionally set up a prefix or suffix for an event. However, for each bucket, individual events cannot have multiple configurations with overlapping prefixes or suffixes that could match the same object key.  

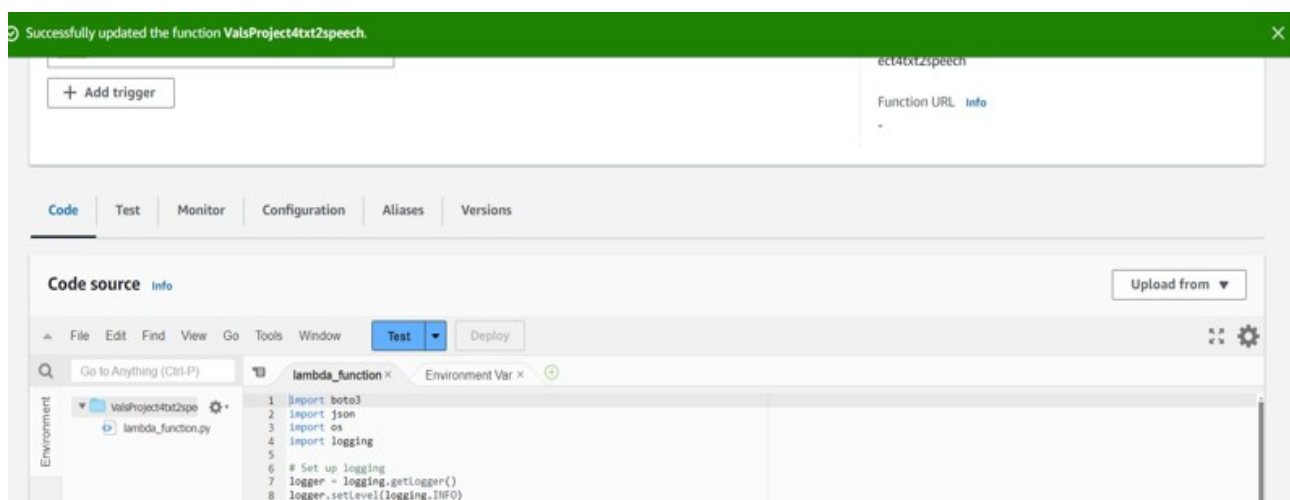
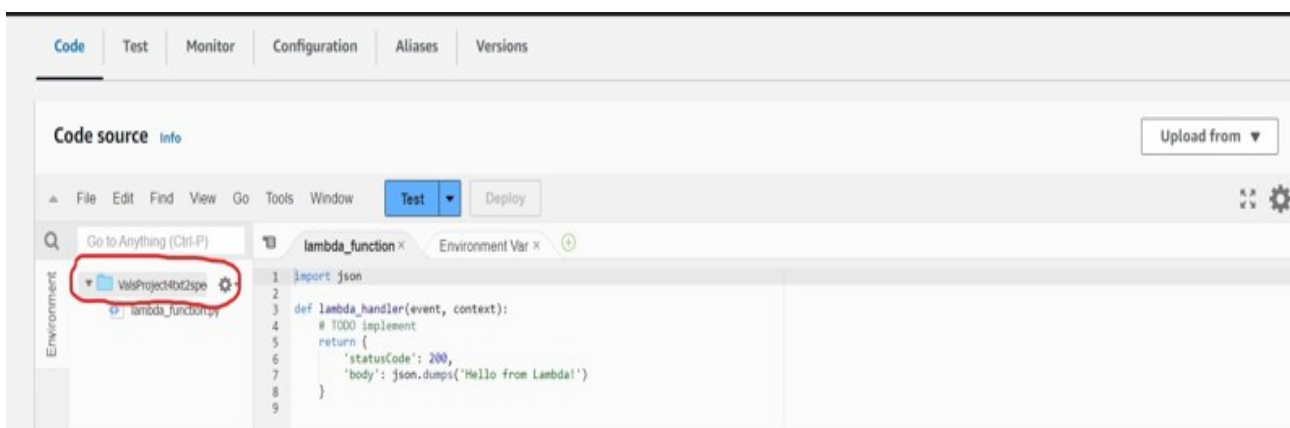
All object create events X

The next step is to write the Lambda code.

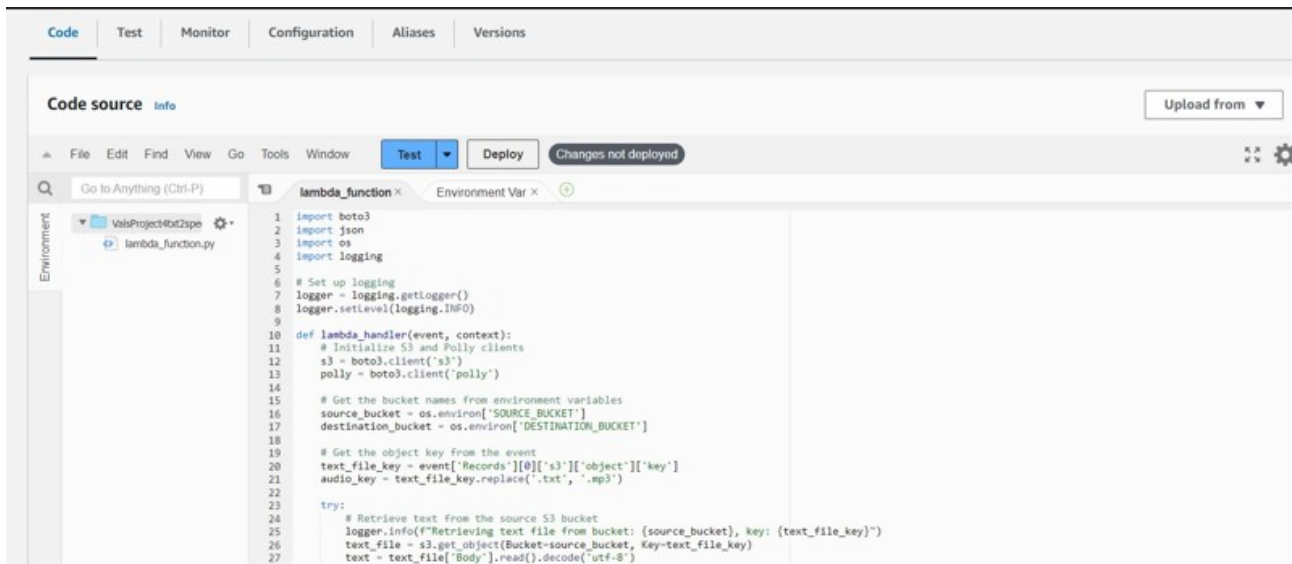
## Steps

- Using the function (Text to speech function.py).
- Using (boto 3) which is the (SDK) for AWS.
- Go back to the function
- And Enter/(Paste) the new code from the repository (Text to speech.py) on GitHub and (Deploy) it.
- Next the (Lambda Code) is successfully deployed.
- Going back to the (Source S3 Bucket), and add a (.txt) file.

These are shown in the pictures below;







The last thing is to test the system.

## Testing the System

- Now going back to the S3 Source Bucket (val-polly-source-bucket), opening it to show that it's empty.
- Also, open the Destination Bucket (val-polly-destination-bucket) to show that it's empty.
- I have to (Upload) a (.txt file) into the Source Bucket.
- Go to the (vals-polly-source-bucket) and click (Upload).
- Go back to the lambda function and (Test) the Code.
- Then go to the Destination bucket to check to see the MP3 file transferred into it through the Code after testing it.
- Test the MP3 file to listen to it through (Amazon Polly).
- Test completed.

The picture below shows it;

