# **Programming in Go**

Matt Holiday Christmas 2020



# Homework

#### Homework #3

#### Exercise 4.12 from *GOPL*: fetching from the web

The popular web comic "xkcd" has a JSON interface. For example, a request to https://xkcd.com/571/info.0.json produces a detailed description of comic 571, one of many favorites. Download each URL (once!) and build an offline index. Write a tool xkcd that, using this index, prints the *URL*, *date*, *and title* of each comic whose *title or transcript* matches a *list of search terms* provided on the command line.









#### Homework #3

What the raw data looks like:

```
"month": "4",
"num":
          571.
"link":
            "2009",
"vear":
"transcript": "[[Someone is in bed. . . . long int.".
"ima":
      "https://imgs.xkcd.com/comics/cant_sleep.png".
"title": "Can't Sleep",
"dav":
          "20"
```

#### Homework #3

#### Sample output:

```
$ go run xkcd-load.go xkcd.json
skipping 404: got 404
skipping 2403: got 404
skipping 2404: got 404
read 2401 comics
```

```
$ go run xkcd-find.go xkcd.json someone bed sleep
read 2318 comics
https://xkcd.com/571/ 4/20/2009 "Can't Sleep"
found 1 comics
```

Find the solution at: matt4biz/go-class-exer-4.12

The first program downloads comic metadata

- 1. We will read until we get two 404 responses in a row
- 2. Each request will generate a JSON object as a string
- 3. We will bracket them with [ and ] and a comma between (so no comma before the first object)
- 4. The result will be a file with a JSON array of metadata objects, so we won't need to decode
- 5. We will optionally take a filename from the command line for output

```
package main

import (
    "bytes"
    "fmt"
    "io"
    "io/ioutil"
    "net/http"
    "os"
)
```

This function gets the data for a single comic strip

```
func getOne(i int) []byte {
    url := fmt.Sprintf("https://xkcd.com/%d/info.0.json", i)
    resp, err := http.Get(url)

    if err != nil {
        fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "stopped reading: %s\n", err)
        os.Exit(-1)
    }

    defer resp.Body.Close()
```

```
if resp.StatusCode != http.StatusOK {
   // easter egg: #404 returns HTTP 404 - not found
    fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "skipping %d: got %d\n",
                i, resp.StatusCode)
    return nil
body, err := ioutil.ReadAll(resp.Body)
if err != nil {
    fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr. "bad body: %s\n". err)
   os.Exit(-1)
return body
```

```
func main() {
   var (
       output io.WriteCloser = os.Stdout
       err
                  error
       cnt, fails int
       data
                   []byte
   if len(os.Args) > 0 {
       output, err = os.Create(os.Args[1])
       if err != nil {
           fmt.Fprintln(os.Stderr. err)
           os.Exit(-1)
       defer output.Close()
```

```
// the output will be in the form of a JSON array,
// so add the brackets before and after
fmt.Fprint(output, "[")
defer fmt.Fprint(output, "]")
for i := 1; fails < 2; i++ { // stop on 2 404s in a row
    if data = getOne(i); data == nil {
        fails++
        continue
    if cnt > 0 {
        fmt.Fprint(output, ",") // OB1
```

```
. . .
    _, err = io.Copy(output, bytes.NewBuffer(data))
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "stopped: %s", err)
        os.Exit(-1)
    fails = 0
    cnt++
fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "read %d comics\n", cnt)
// $ go run ./xkcd-load.go xkcd.json
// read 2318 comics
```

The second program reads in and searches all comics

- 1. We will require a filename from the command line for input
- 2. We will read in and decode to a slice of objects
- 3. We will take multiple search terms from the command line
- 4. We will select comics that match all words by doing a quadratic search (nested loops)
- 5. We will compare all strings in lower case

```
// { "month": "4".
// "num": 571.
// "year": "2009",
// "transcript": "[[Someone is in bed, . . . long int.",
// "img": "https://imgs.xkcd.com/comics/cant_sleep.png",
// "title": "Can't Sleep",
               "20"
// "day":
type xkcd struct {
   Num int `json:"num"`
   Day string `ison:"day"`
   Month string `ison:"month"`
   Year string `json:"year"`
   Title string `json:"title"`
   Transcript string `json:"transcript"`
```

```
func main() {
    if len(os.Args) < 2 {</pre>
        fmt.Fprintln(os.Stderr, "no file given")
        os.Exit(-1)
    fn := os.Args[1]
    if len(os.Args) < 3 {</pre>
        fmt.Fprintln(os.Stderr, "no search term")
        os.Exit(-1)
```

```
var items []xkcd
var terms []string
var input io.ReadCloser
var cnt int
var err
        error
if input, err = os.Open(fn); err != nil {
    fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "invalid file: %s", err)
   os.Exit(-1)
// read the file in one big step
err = ison.NewDecoder(input).Decode(&items)
if err != nil {
    fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "decode failed: %s\n", err)
   os.Exit(-1)
```

```
fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "read %d comics\n", len(items))
    for _, t := range os.Args[2:] {
        terms = append(terms, strings.ToLower(t))
outer:
    for _, item := range items {
        title := strings.ToLower(item.Title)
        transcript := strings.ToLower(item.Transcript)
        for _. term := range terms {
            if !strings.Contains(title, term) &&
                !strings.Contains(transcript, term) {
                continue outer
```

```
. . .
    fmt.Printf("https://xkcd.com/%d/ %s/%s/%s\n",
        item.Num, item.Month, item.Day, item.Year)
    cnt++
fmt.Fprintf(os.Stderr, "found %d comics\n". cnt)
// $ go run ./xkcd-find.go xkcd.ison someone bed sleep
// read 2318 comics
// https://xkcd.com/571/ 4/20/2009
// found 1 comics
```