#### PARUL UNIVERSITY

## **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

#### **B.Tech. Winter 2021-22 Examination**

Semester: 1

Date: 29/10/2021

**Subject Code: 03191101** 

Time: 02:00pm to 04:30pm

**Subject Name: Mathematics - 1 Total Marks: 60** 

### **Instructions:**

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 4. Start new question on new page.

# Q.1 Objective Type Questions - (Each of one mark)

(15)

- 1. The series  $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots \infty$  is converges if
- A. |r| < 1 B.  $|r| \le -1$  C.  $r \ge 1$
- D. not possible.
- 2. Eigen value of  $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

- B. 0, 9 C. 9, 9 D. 0, 9, 0.
- 3. If f(x, y) = c then  $\frac{dy}{dr}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.  $\frac{f_x}{f_y}$  B.  $-\frac{f_x}{f_y}$  C.  $\frac{f_y}{f_x}$  D.  $-\frac{f_y}{f_x}$
- 4. If eigen value of a matrix A is  $\lambda$ , then eigen value of  $A^3$  is
- B.  $\frac{3}{1}$  C.  $\lambda^3$  D. None of the given
- 5. For the function z = f(x, y), the point (a, b) is stationary point if
- A.  $f_{r} = 0$
- B.  $f_x = 0$  and  $f_y = 0$  C.  $f_y = 0$
- D. None of the above
- 6. Find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$  if  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1$
- 7. Find the Arg(Z), Z = -1 i
- 8. Check Convergence  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n+1}{n}$
- 9. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- 10. Find the limit  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,2)} \frac{5x^2y}{x^2+y^2}$
- 11. If f'(c) = 0 and f''(c) < 0, then f has a local \_\_\_\_\_.
- 12. The Jacobian  $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$  where  $x = r \cos \theta$  and  $y = r \sin \theta$ .
- 13. Find the Rank of the following matrix:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 14. Obtain Maclaurin Series of  $e^x$ .
- 15. (2+3i)(1+2i) =\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Q.2 Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three)

(15)

- A) Discuss the convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\sin nx|}{n^2}$
- B) Find the Taylor's series expansion of  $f(x) = x^3 2x + 4$  about a = 2.
- C) If  $u = \cos ec^{-1} \frac{x + y}{x^2 + y^2}$ , show that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \tan u$ .
- D) Find inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$
- Q.3 A) Test the convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3 + 2}{2^n + 2}$  (07)
  - B) Investigate for what values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  the equations (08)

x + 2y + z = 8, 2x + 2y + 2z = 13,  $3x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$  have (1) no solution, (2) a unique solution and (3) many solutions.

OR

- B) Solve  $z^4 + 1 = 0$  and locate the roots in the argand diagram. (08)
- **Q.4** A) Find the area of the region bounded below by  $y = e^x$ , bounded above by y = x, and bounded on the sides by x = 0 and x = 1

OR

- A) Find maximum and minimum values of  $2(x^2 y^2) x^4 + y^4$ . (07)
- B) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$  (08)