W09 Mar 11 (D1) Napoleon's cipher: ASMD chart

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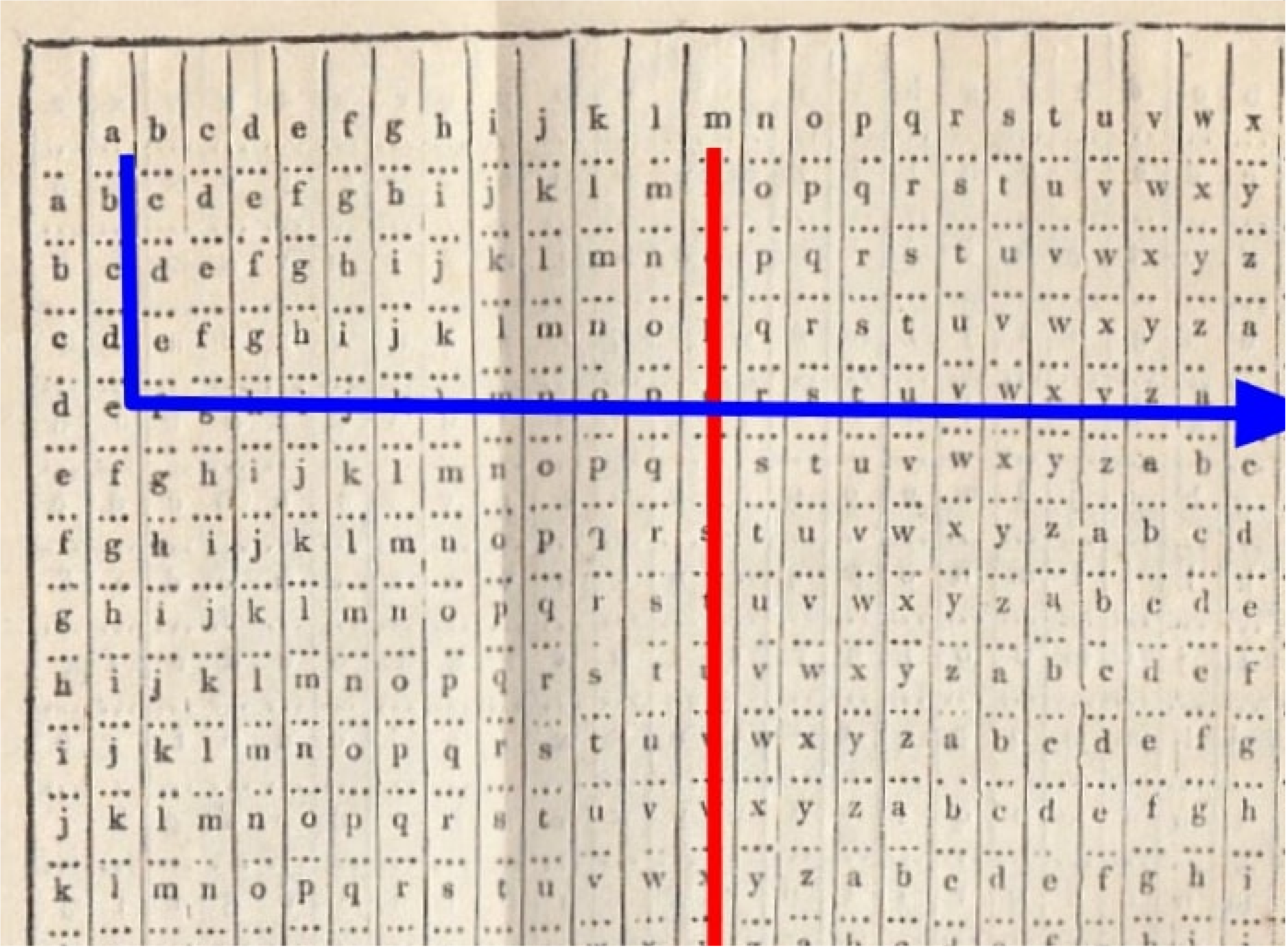
All Sections

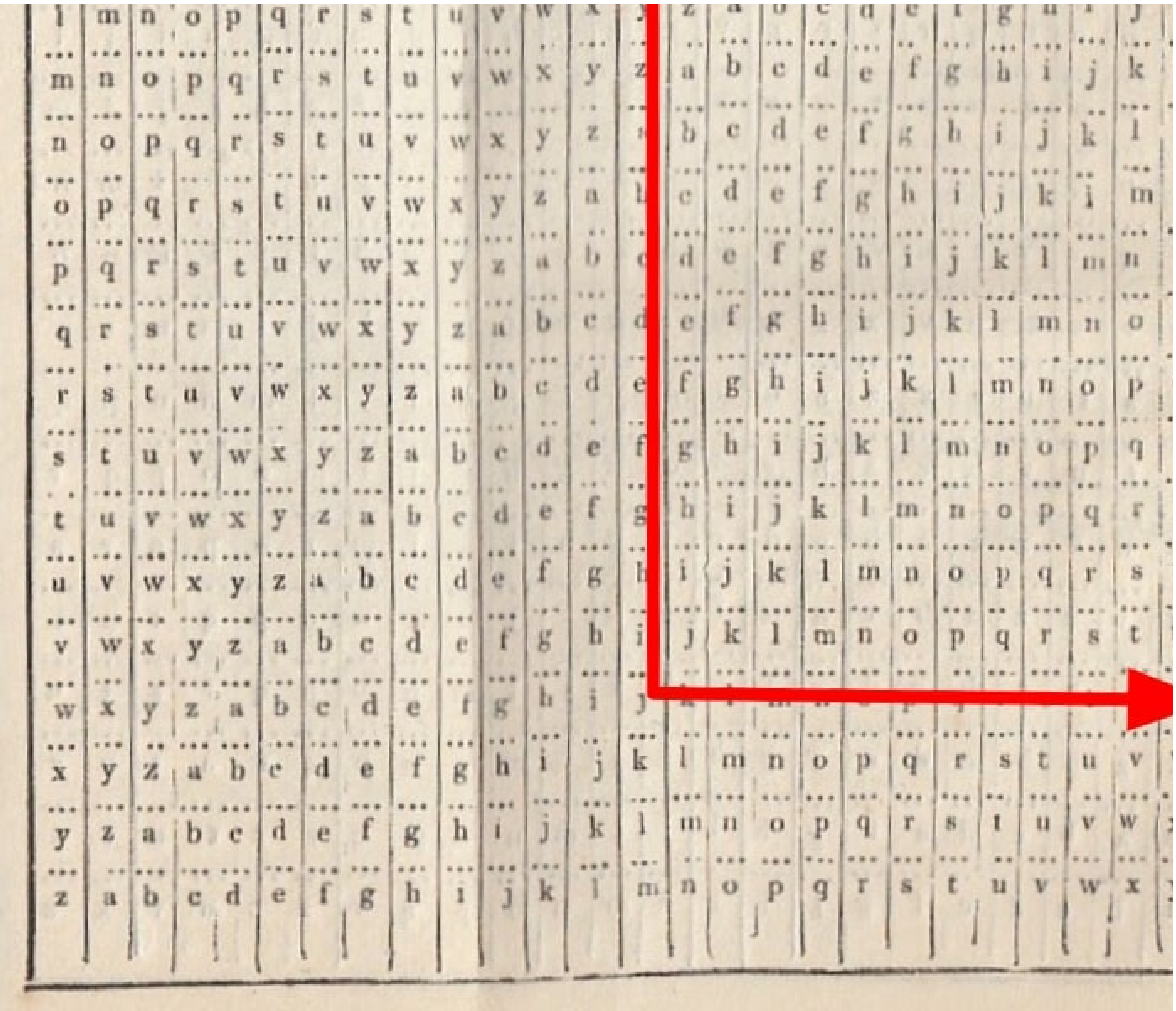
These questions are presented under the following assumptions:

- They may be selected to be part of the final exam
- Responses must be posted by the students (not me)
- I will call your attention to any mistakes or wrong content posted in response

Consider an early Napoleon's cipher that uses a matrix with 27 lines and 27 columns, laying out the 26 letters as shown below. To encrypt a message, locate its first letter in the first line, proceed downwards until you find the first letter of your key, then proceed to the right until the last column where you'll find the letter to use in your ciphered message (shown in red below). Move on to the second letter and repeat the procedure (shown in blue). And likewise until the message is completely ciphered.



	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x
a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y
b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a
d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b
e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c
f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d
g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e
h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f
i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i

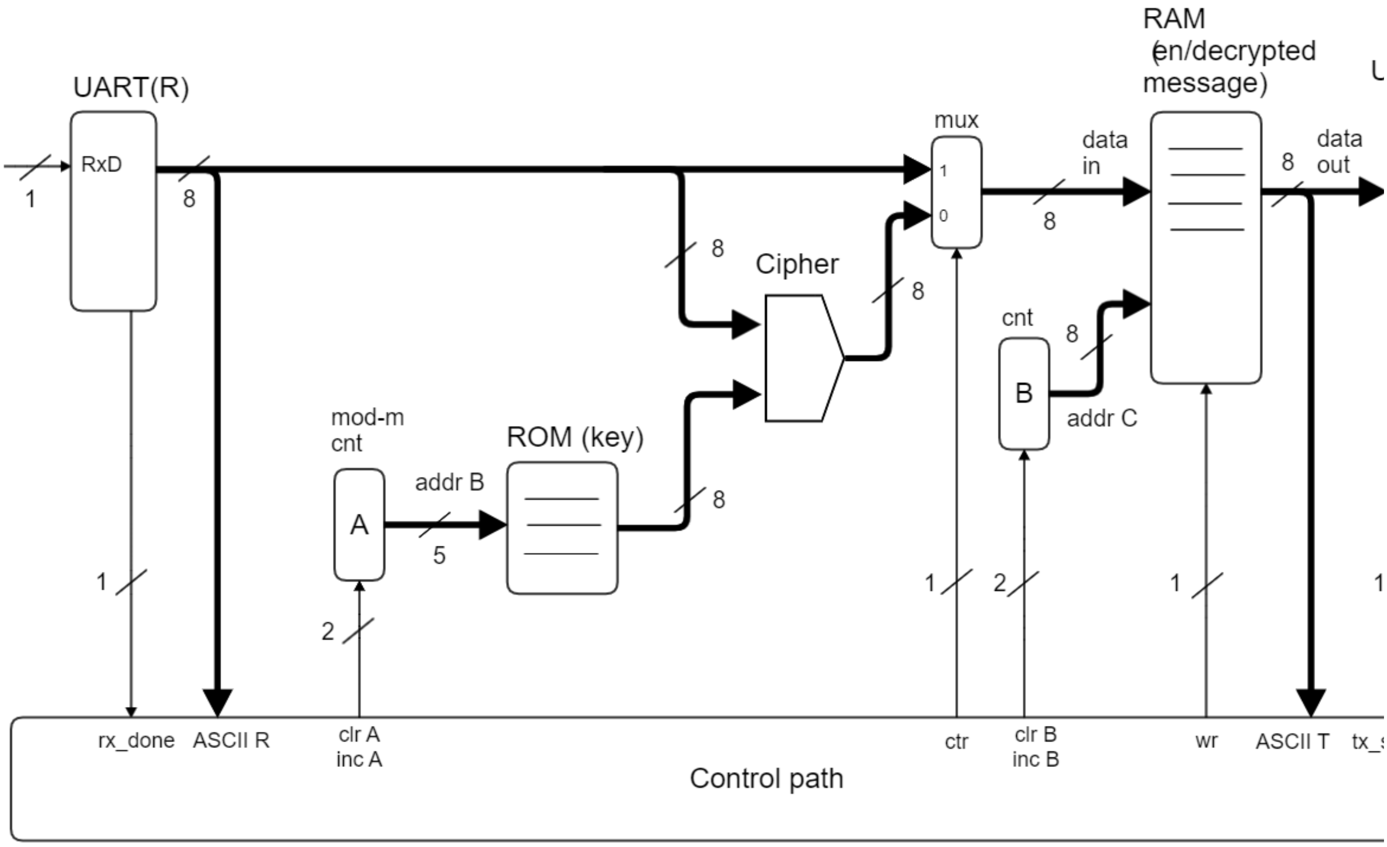


l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j
m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l
o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o
r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p
s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q
t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r
u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s
v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t
w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v
y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w
z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x

Example using the key “Jean-Jacques Rousseau”:

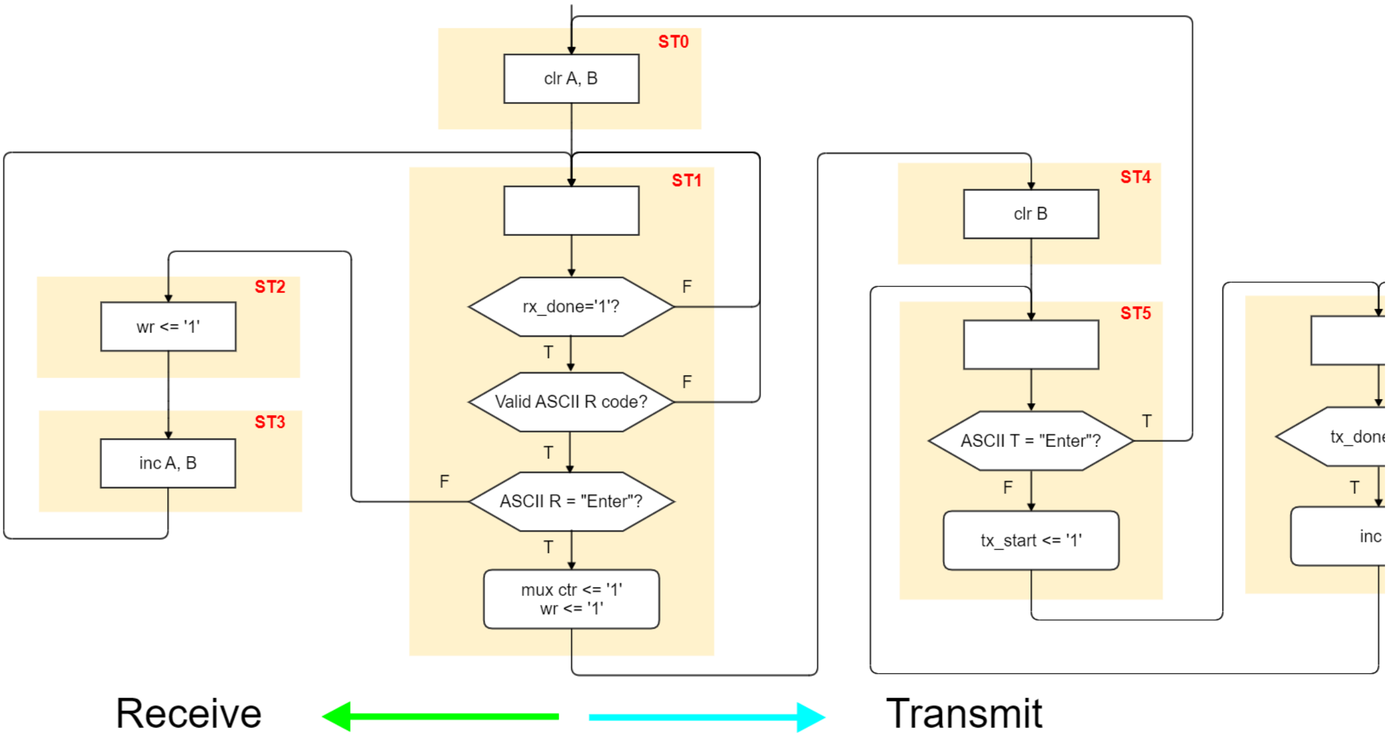
```
        Make every day count

        |||| ||||| ||| |||||

        Jean Jacqu esR ousse

        |||| ||||| ||| |||||

        wdpi eexyv ars lfxek
```

The following data path represents a draft of a possible solution, where the encryption/decryption operation is done by a (combinational) cipher block implementing a mathematical formula, a ROM is used to store the key, and a RAM is used to store the encrypted/decrypted messages -- the full encrypted/decrypted message will be sent back to the PC when the ASCII code for the “Enter” key is received (pressing “Enter” marks the end of the message).



Note: If you have questions concerning the envisaged operation of the data path above, please do not hesitate to post them here.

The following ASMD chart was created to specify the behaviour of the control path:



1. Do you identify any flaw(s) in this ASMD chart? (mistake(s), unnecessary states, etc.)
2. How would you modify this ASMD chart in order to accept blank spaces separating the words in the messages to be encrypted/decrypted? (any blank spaces should be preserved so that the encrypted/decrypted message contains the same number of words, and each word contains the same number of letters)

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