

Analysis 2019

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Preparations

Load packages (see package information at the very end of this document)

```
library(here)
library(dplyr)
library(labelled)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(stringr)
library(psych)
library(lavaan)
library(semTools)
library(semPlot)
library(haven)
library(sjlabelled)
library(ggrepel)
library(ggpubr)
```

Read data file

```
df2019 <- readRDS("data/final/candsurvey_vaa_2019.rds")
```

Select variables used in the analysis and make sure the variable names are correct

```
VAA_LR_items<-c("h26","h27","h25","h28","y19")
VAA_LR_items %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
VAA_GT_items<-c("h21","h22","h13","h29","h24","y25")
VAA_GT_items %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
CS_LR_items<-c("C2b","C2g","C2h")
CS_LR_items %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
CS_GT_items<-c("C2a","C2c","C2d","C2e","C2f","C2i","C2j")
CS_GT_items %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
#LR Self-placement
```

```
CS_LR_SP<-c("C5a")
CS_LR_SP %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
#LR imagined voter placement
```

```
CS_LR_IP<-c("C5c")
CS_LR_IP %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
Party_item<-c("puolue")
Party_item %in% names(df2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
#vector for all item names
```

```
all_items<-c(Party_item,
             VAA_LR_items,
             VAA_GT_items,
             CS_LR_items,
             CS_GT_items,
             CS_LR_SP,
             CS_LR_IP)
```

```
#vector for observed variables in CFA (and party)
```

```
obs_items<-c(Party_item,
             VAA_LR_items,
             VAA_GT_items,
             CS_LR_items,
             CS_GT_items)
```

```
#a vector for indicator variables
```

```
ind_items<-c(
             VAA_LR_items,
             VAA_GT_items,
             CS_LR_items,
             CS_GT_items)
```

Print the responses to the observed items

```
for (i in 1:length(obs_items)){
  print(obs_items[i])
  print(table(df2019[,obs_items[i]],useNA="always"))
}
```

```
## [1] "puolue"
```

```
##
```

```
## EOP  FP  IP  KD KESK  KOK  KP  KTP LIBE  LN Muut  PIR  PS  RKP  SDP  SIN
##  17  38  47 190 216 211  50  32  36 108  28  87 213  98 216 152
## SKE  SKP  STL VAS VIHR <NA>
##  34  88 175 216 216  0
```

```
## [1] "h26"
```

```
##
```

```
##  1  2  3  4  5 <NA>
## 193 469 91 724 569 422
```

```
## [1] "h27"
```

```
##
```

```
##  1  2  3  4  5 <NA>
## 643 573 49 635 145 423
```

```
## [1] "h25"
```

```
##
```

```
##  1  2  3  4  5 <NA>
## 909 722 40 330 45 422
```

```
## [1] "h28"
```

```
##
```

```
##  1  2  3  4  5 <NA>
## 535 582 48 654 227 422
```

```

## [1] "y19"
##
##      1      2      4      5 <NA>
##    37   254  796 1172   209
## [1] "h21"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   281   251  106   281 1127   422
## [1] "h22"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   453   354  130   559   550   422
## [1] "h13"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   272   307   82   619   766   422
## [1] "h29"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   744   703   93   418    88   422
## [1] "h24"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   380   421   60   558   627   422
## [1] "y25"
##
##      1      2      4      5 <NA>
##   453   700  645   419   251
## [1] "C2b"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   250   314   59   101    24 1720
## [1] "C2g"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##    29    97   84   299   242 1717
## [1] "C2h"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##    48    94   77   220   313 1716
## [1] "C2a"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##    15    49   69   324   294 1717
## [1] "C2c"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##    36    96   94   229   298 1715
## [1] "C2d"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
##   461    79   74    51    86 1717
## [1] "C2e"
##

```

```
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
## 183 164 249 125 31 1716
## [1] "C2f"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
## 37 142 156 267 148 1718
## [1] "C2i"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
## 87 103 127 277 158 1716
## [1] "C2j"
##
##      1      2      3      4      5 <NA>
## 49 64 72 144 424 1715
```

Data looks as it should!

Exclude completely missing cases

```
df2019$completely_missing<-
  rowSums(is.na(df2019[,ind_items]))==length(ind_items)

#number of completely missing cases
table(df2019$completely_missing)
```

```
##
## FALSE TRUE
## 2365 103
```

```
#proportion of completely missing cases
100*table(df2019$completely_missing)/nrow(df2019)
```

```
##
## FALSE TRUE
## 95.82658 4.17342
```

```
#filter the used sample
dat2019<-df2019 %>%
  filter(!completely_missing)
```

Transform/Reverse code high scores on observed variable to indicate right and TAN positioning

```
reverse_items<-c("h26","y19",
                 "h21","h22","h13",
                 "C2g","C2h",
                 "C2c","C2e","C2i","C2j")

reverse_items %in% names(dat2019)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
for (i in 1:length(reverse_items)){
  dat2019[,reverse_items[i]]<-6-dat2019[,reverse_items[i]]
}
```

Analysis

Descriptive statistics

```
#look what parties there are
cbind(n=table(dat2019$puolue),
      proportion=round(100*prop.table(table(dat2019$puolue)),2))
```

```
##      n proportion
## EOP   17      0.72
## FP    38      1.61
## IP    41      1.73
## KD   188      7.95
## KESK 213      9.01
## KOK   211      8.92
## KP    46      1.95
## KTP   18      0.76
## LIBE  36      1.52
## LN   107      4.52
## Muut  23      0.97
## PIR   79      3.34
## PS   212      8.96
## RKP   97      4.10
## SDP  213      9.01
## SIN  132      5.58
## SKE   33      1.40
## SKP   79      3.34
## STL  157      6.64
## VAS   211      8.92
## VIHR 214      9.05
```

```
#how many responded to VAAs (any)
```

```
table(rowSums(is.na(dat2019[,c(VAA_LR_items,VAA_GT_items)]))!=
      length(c(VAA_LR_items,VAA_GT_items)))
```

```
##
## FALSE  TRUE
##    45 2320
```

```
#how many responded to CS (any)
```

```
table(rowSums(is.na(dat2019[,c(CS_LR_items,CS_GT_items)]))!=
      length(c(CS_LR_items,CS_GT_items)))
```

```
##
## FALSE  TRUE
## 1612   753
```

```
#table for CS-items
```

```
CS.item.table<-cbind.data.frame(
  item=c(CS_LR_items,CS_GT_items),
  description=c("The state should not interfere in economic activities",
                "Providing a stable social security network should be a state priority (r.)",
```

```

    "The state should take measures to reduce income disparities (r.)",
    "Immigrants should adapt to Finnish habits",
    "Stronger measures should be taken to protect the environment (r.)",
    "Same Sex Marriages should be prohibited by law",
    "Women should be favored in job search and promotion (r.)",
    "People who break the law should be punished more severely",
    "Immigrants are good for the Finnish economy (r.)",
    "Deciding on abortion issues should be a women's right (r.)",
    round(data.frame(describe(dat2019[,c(CS_LR_items,CS_GT_items)],fast=T))[c("n","mean","sd")],2))

write.csv2(CS.item.table,"CS.item.table.csv")

#table for VAA-items

VAA.item.table<-cbind.data.frame(
  item=c(VAA_LR_items,VAA_GT_items),
  description=c("If there will be a situation where one is forced to either cut public services and soc
    "Large income inequalities are acceptable for compensating differences in people's talent
    "Public services should be outsourced more than they are now for private companies",
    "In the long run, the current extent of services and social benefits are too heavy for p
    "Public authorities should be the main provider of social and healthcare services (r.)"
    "Gay and lesbian couples should have the same marriage and adoption rights as straight c
    "If the government proposes to establish a refugee center in my home municipality, the p
    "For Finland, the advantages of the EU outweigh the disadvantages (r.)",
    "Economic growth and creation of jobs should be given primacy over environmental issues
    "Traditional values such as home, religion and fatherland form a good value base for po
    "Finland must adopt tough measures to defend order and protect regular citizens",
    round(data.frame(describe(dat2019[,c(VAA_LR_items,VAA_GT_items)],fast=T))[c("n","mean","sd")],2))

write.csv2(VAA.item.table,"VAA.item.table.csv")

```


H1 and H2

H1. Left-Right placement as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) is positively associated with Left-Right placement as computed from responses to the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS). This association is stronger than any associations between the Left-Right and GAL-TAN dimensions.

H2. GAL-TAN placement as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) is positively associated with GAL-TAN placement as computed from responses to the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS). This association is stronger than any associations between the Left-Right and GAL-TAN dimensions.

Model script

```
model_H1H2<-"
#loadings
VAA_LR=~h26+h27+h25+h28+y19
VAA_GT=~h21+h22+h13+h29+h24+y25
CS_LR=~C2b+C2g+C2h
CS_GT=~C2a+C2c+C2d+C2e+C2f+C2i+C2j

#latent correlations

#cross-dimension same-method
VAA_LR~~r.VAA*VAA_GT
CS_LR~~r.CS*CS_GT

#concurrent validity
VAA_LR~~r.LR*CS_LR
VAA_GT~~r.GT*CS_GT

#cross-dimension cross-method correlations
VAA_LR~~r.d1*CS_GT
VAA_GT~~r.d2*CS_LR

#custom parameters
test.H1:=r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)
test.H2:=r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)

"
```

Fitting the model

```
fit_H1H2<-cfa(model=model_H1H2,
              data=dat2019,
              missing="fiml")
```

```
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: covariance matrix of latent variables
##               is not positive definite;
##               use lavInspect(fit, "cov.lv") to investigate.
```

Some problems with latent variable covariance structure

```
lavInspect(fit_H1H2, "cov.lv")
```

```
##          VAA_LR VAA_GT CS_LR CS_GT
## VAA_LR  1.038
## VAA_GT  0.475  1.222
## CS_LR   0.475  0.189  0.249
## CS_GT   0.237  0.677  0.105  0.343
```

```
#examine standardized estimates
```

```
std.est_H1H2<-standardizedsolution(fit_H1H2)
std.est_H1H2[std.est_H1H2$op=="~~" &
             std.est_H1H2$lhs!=std.est_H1H2$rhs,]
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue	ci.lower	ci.upper
## 22	VAA_LR	~~	VAA_GT	0.422	0.023	18.686	0	0.377	0.466
## 23	CS_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.360	0.037	9.725	0	0.288	0.433
## 24	VAA_LR	~~	CS_LR	0.934	0.020	45.885	0	0.894	0.973
## 25	VAA_GT	~~	CS_GT	1.045	0.010	101.601	0	1.025	1.065
## 26	VAA_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.397	0.029	13.540	0	0.339	0.454
## 27	VAA_GT	~~	CS_LR	0.342	0.035	9.704	0	0.273	0.411

There is an impossible correlation between GAL-TAN latent variables (absolute value > 1)

Respecified model: introduce the three preregistered residual correlations

Add the terms to the model script

```
model_H1H2.re<-paste0(model_H1H2,
  "h27~~C2h\n",
  "h21~~C2d\n",
  "h29~~C2c\n")
```

Fitting the respecified model

```
fit_H1H2.re<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,
  data=dat2019,
  missing="fiml")
```

Results

Inspect fit of the model (first is the original model with problems, second is the respecified)

```
round(inspect(fit_H1H2,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	69.000	183.000	2090.910	0.000	0.847	0.824	0.066	0.080

```
round(inspect(fit_H1H2.re,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	72.000	180.000	1743.580	0.000	0.874	0.853	0.061	0.076

The fit of the model is adequate.

Hypotheses 1 and 2

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H1H2<-standardizedsolution(fit_H1H2.re)
std.est_H1H2[std.est_H1H2$op=="==" |
  std.est_H1H2$op=="~~" &
  std.est_H1H2$lhs!=std.est_H1H2$rhs,]
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue
## 22	VAA_LR	~~	VAA_GT	0.424	0.022	18.855	0
## 23	CS_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.355	0.037	9.604	0
## 24	VAA_LR	~~	CS_LR	0.915	0.020	44.726	0
## 25	VAA_GT	~~	CS_GT	0.990	0.010	96.968	0
## 26	VAA_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.407	0.029	14.175	0
## 27	VAA_GT	~~	CS_LR	0.339	0.035	9.680	0
## 28	h27	~~	C2h	0.283	0.053	5.353	0
## 29	h21	~~	C2d	0.661	0.024	27.725	0
## 30	h29	~~	C2c	0.272	0.040	6.849	0
## 81	test.H1	:= r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)		0.492	0.030	16.340	0
## 82	test.H2	:= r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)		0.566	0.025	23.080	0
##	ci.lower	ci.upper					
## 22	0.380	0.468					

```
## 23    0.282    0.427
## 24    0.875    0.956
## 25    0.970    1.010
## 26    0.350    0.463
## 27    0.270    0.408
## 28    0.179    0.387
## 29    0.615    0.708
## 30    0.194    0.350
## 81    0.433    0.551
## 82    0.518    0.614
```

```
#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H1H2[std.est_H1H2$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H1H2.csv")
```

H1: There is very strong (.915, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-LR and CS-LR, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .492, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.424 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

H2: There is very strong (.990, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-GT and CS-GT, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .566, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.424 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

Exploratory analysis for H1 and H2: Seek misspecification to improve the overall model fit

Residual correlations

```
mis.rescor_H1H2<-miPowerFit(fit_H1H2.re,cor=.20)
mis.rescor_H1H2<-mis.rescor_H1H2[mis.rescor_H1H2$op=="~" &
                                mis.rescor_H1H2$lhs!=mis.rescor_H1H2$rhs,]

#see summary of the decisions
table(mis.rescor_H1H2$decision.pow)

##
##  EPC:M EPC:NM    NM
##    1    68   138

#there are 1 residual correlation that is a misspecification

rounded.vars<-c("mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","se.epc")

num.round<-function(var){
  var<-as.numeric(var)
  var<-round(var,2)
  return(var)
}

mis.rescor_H1H2[,rounded.vars]<-sapply(mis.rescor_H1H2[,rounded.vars],num.round)

printed.vars<-c("lhs","op","rhs","mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","std.target.epc","significant.mi",
               "high.power","decision.pow","se.epc")

#print the output

mis.rescor_H1H2 %>%
  filter(mis.rescor_H1H2$decision.pow=="M" |
         mis.rescor_H1H2$decision.pow=="EPC:M") %>%
  dplyr::select(all_of(printed.vars))

##  lhs op rhs    mi  epc target.epc std.epc std.target.epc significant.mi
## 1 h25 ~ y19 313.89 0.31      0.23    0.27          0.2          TRUE
##  high.power decision.pow se.epc
## 1      TRUE      EPC:M    0.02
```

There was one misspecified residual correlation in VAA-LR, between h25. Public services should be outsourced more than they are now for private companies and y19. Public authorities should be the main provider of social and healthcare services (r.)

Exploratory respecification of the model

Add new parameter to the model script

```
model_H1H2.exp.re<-paste0(model_H1H2.re,
                           "h25~~y19")
```

Fitting the exploratory model

```
fit_H1H2.exp.re<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.exp.re,
  data=dat2019,
  missing="fiml")
```

Results from the exploratory model

```
round(inspect(fit_H1H2.re,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##  72.000 180.000 1743.580   0.000   0.874   0.853   0.061   0.076
```

```
round(inspect(fit_H1H2.exp.re,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##  73.000 179.000 1439.326   0.000   0.899   0.881   0.055   0.073
```

The fit of the model is improved by additional residual correlation.

Retest Hypotheses 1 and 2

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H1H2.exp<-standardizedsolution(fit_H1H2.exp.re)
std.est_H1H2.exp[std.est_H1H2.exp$op=="==" |
  std.est_H1H2.exp$op=="~" &
  std.est_H1H2.exp$lhs!=std.est_H1H2.exp$rhs,]
```

```
##      lhs op      rhs est.std    se      z pvalue
## 22 VAA_LR ~~      VAA_GT  0.470 0.022 21.658      0
## 23 CS_LR  ~~      CS_GT  0.366 0.036 10.031      0
## 24 VAA_LR ~~      CS_LR  0.932 0.021 45.253      0
## 25 VAA_GT ~~      CS_GT  0.990 0.010 97.117      0
## 26 VAA_LR ~~      CS_GT  0.441 0.028 15.520      0
## 27 VAA_GT ~~      CS_LR  0.353 0.034 10.254      0
## 28 h27  ~~      C2h    0.237 0.056  4.266      0
## 29 h21  ~~      C2d    0.662 0.024 27.808      0
## 30 h29  ~~      C2c    0.273 0.040  6.876      0
## 31 h25  ~~      y19    0.426 0.020 20.857      0
## 82 test.H1 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.462 0.030 15.375      0
## 83 test.H2 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.520 0.024 21.777      0
##      ci.lower ci.upper
## 22    0.428    0.513
## 23    0.294    0.437
## 24    0.891    0.972
## 25    0.970    1.010
## 26    0.386    0.497
## 27    0.285    0.420
## 28    0.128    0.346
## 29    0.615    0.708
## 30    0.195    0.351
## 31    0.386    0.466
```

```
## 82    0.403    0.520
## 83    0.473    0.566
```

```
#save to a file
```

```
write.csv2(std.est_H1H2.exp[std.est_H1H2.exp$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H1H2.exp.csv")
```

The results are virtually identical to those without the additional residual correlation.

H1.exp: There is very strong (.932, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-LR and CS-LR, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .462, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.470 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

H2.exp: There is very strong (.990, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-GT and CS-GT, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .520, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.470 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

H5

H5. Left-Right self-placement in the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS) is positively associated with Left-Right as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs). This association is stronger than the association between placement of an imagined party voter in the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS) and Left-Right as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs).

Add placement variables and their correlations with latent factors to the model used for H1 and H2

```
model_H5<-"
#loadings
VAA_LR=~h26+h27+h25+h28+y19
VAA_GT=~h21+h22+h13+h29+h24+y25
CS_LR=~C2b+C2g+C2h
CS_GT=~C2a+C2c+C2d+C2e+C2f+C2i+C2j

#latent correlations

#cross-dimension same-method
VAA_LR~~r.VAA*VAA_GT
CS_LR~~r.CS*CS_GT

#concurrent validity
VAA_LR~~r.LR*CS_LR
VAA_GT~~r.GT*CS_GT

#cross-dimension cross-method correlations
VAA_LR~~r.d1*CS_GT
VAA_GT~~r.d2*CS_LR

#residual correlations
h27~~C2h
h21~~C2d
h29~~C2c

#placement variables (defined as quasi-latent variables)

SP_LR=~C5a
IP_LR=~C5c

VAA_LR~~r.self.LR*SP_LR
VAA_LR~~r.ideal.LR*IP_LR

#custom parameters
test.H1:=r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)
test.H2:=r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)
test.H5:=r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR
"
```


Fit the model

```
fit_H5<-cfa(model=model_H5,  
            data=dat2019,  
            missing="fiml")
```

Results

Inspect fit of the model

```
round(inspect(fit_H5,"fit")  
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	85.000	214.000	1876.855	0.000	0.883	0.861	0.057	0.076

The fit of the model is adequate.

Hypothesis 5

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H5<-standardizedsolution(fit_H5)  
std.est_H5[std.est_H5$op=="!=" |  
            std.est_H5$op=="~" &  
            std.est_H5$lhs!=std.est_H5$rhs,]
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue
## 22	VAA_LR	~~	VAA_GT	0.427	0.022	19.111	0
## 23	CS_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.353	0.037	9.567	0
## 24	VAA_LR	~~	CS_LR	0.917	0.020	45.304	0
## 25	VAA_GT	~~	CS_GT	0.990	0.010	96.735	0
## 26	VAA_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.409	0.029	14.356	0
## 27	VAA_GT	~~	CS_LR	0.338	0.035	9.708	0
## 28	h27	~~	C2h	0.278	0.052	5.349	0
## 29	h21	~~	C2d	0.659	0.024	27.382	0
## 30	h29	~~	C2c	0.274	0.040	6.921	0
## 33	VAA_LR	~~	SP_LR	0.829	0.015	55.090	0
## 34	VAA_LR	~~	IP_LR	0.739	0.020	37.659	0
## 64	VAA_GT	~~	SP_LR	0.540	0.025	21.566	0
## 65	VAA_GT	~~	IP_LR	0.497	0.028	17.840	0
## 66	CS_LR	~~	SP_LR	0.753	0.022	34.247	0
## 67	CS_LR	~~	IP_LR	0.645	0.026	25.199	0
## 68	CS_GT	~~	SP_LR	0.528	0.027	19.680	0
## 69	CS_GT	~~	IP_LR	0.494	0.029	17.106	0
## 70	SP_LR	~~	IP_LR	0.828	0.011	76.807	0
## 100	test.H1	:=	r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)	0.490	0.030	16.372	0
## 101	test.H2	:=	r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)	0.563	0.024	23.020	0
## 102	test.H5	:=	r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR	0.090	0.016	5.475	0
##	ci.lower	ci.upper					
## 22	0.383	0.471					
## 23	0.281	0.426					
## 24	0.877	0.956					
## 25	0.970	1.010					
## 26	0.353	0.465					

```
## 27      0.270      0.407
## 28      0.176      0.380
## 29      0.612      0.706
## 30      0.196      0.351
## 33      0.800      0.859
## 34      0.700      0.777
## 64      0.490      0.589
## 65      0.443      0.552
## 66      0.710      0.796
## 67      0.595      0.695
## 68      0.476      0.581
## 69      0.438      0.551
## 70      0.807      0.849
## 100     0.431      0.548
## 101     0.515      0.611
## 102     0.058      0.122
```

```
#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H5[std.est_H5$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H5.csv")
```

H5. The correlation between VAA_LR and CS Self-placement on LR is large (.829, $p < .001$) and larger than the association between VAA_LR and placement of imagined party voter (.739, $p < .001$; difference .090, $p < .001$)

Exploratory H5: Seek misspecifications

Residual correlations

```
mis.rescor_H5<-miPowerFit(fit_H5,cor=.20)
mis.rescor_H5<-mis.rescor_H5[mis.rescor_H5$op=="~~" &
                             mis.rescor_H5$lhs!=mis.rescor_H5$rhs,]

#see summary of the decisions
table(mis.rescor_H5$decision.pow)

##
##  EPC:M EPC:NM      NM
##      1      81     167

#there are 1 residual correlation that is a misspecification

rounded.vars<-c("mi","epc","target.epc",
                "std.epc","se.epc")

num.round<-function(var){
  var<-as.numeric(var)
  var<-round(var,2)
  return(var)
}

mis.rescor_H5[,rounded.vars]<-sapply(mis.rescor_H5[,rounded.vars],num.round)

printed.vars<-c("lhs","op","rhs","mi","epc","target.epc",
                "std.epc","std.target.epc","significant.mi",
                "high.power","decision.pow","se.epc")
```

```
#print the output
```

```
mis.rescor_H5 %>%
  filter(mis.rescor_H5$decision.pow=="M" |
         mis.rescor_H5$decision.pow=="EPC:M") %>%
  dplyr::select(all_of(printed.vars))
```

```
##   lhs op rhs      mi epc target.epc std.epc std.target.epc significant.mi
## 1 h25 ~~ y19 297.11 0.29      0.23    0.25          0.2          TRUE
##   high.power decision.pow se.epc
## 1      TRUE      EPC:M    0.02
```

There was one misspecified residual correlation in VAA-LR, between h25. Public services should be outsourced more than they are now for private companies and y19. Public authorities should be the main provider of social and healthcare services (r.)

Exploratory respecification of the model

```
model_H5.exp<-paste0(model_H5,
                     "h25~~y19")

fit_H5.exp<-cfa(model=model_H5.exp,
                data=dat2019,
                missing="fiml")
```

Inspect fit of the model

```
round(inspect(fit_H5,"fit")
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)

##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##    85.000  214.000 1876.855   0.000   0.883   0.861   0.057   0.076

round(inspect(fit_H5.exp,"fit")
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)

##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##    86.000  213.000 1582.463   0.000   0.903   0.885   0.052   0.073
```

The fit of the model is improved.

Retest Hypothesis 5

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H5.exp<-standardizedsolution(fit_H5.exp)
std.est_H5.exp[std.est_H5.exp$op=="==" |
               std.est_H5.exp$op=="~~" &
               std.est_H5.exp$lhs!=std.est_H5.exp$rhs,]
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue
## 22	VAA_LR	~~	VAA_GT	0.472	0.022	21.792	0
## 23	CS_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.364	0.036	9.966	0
## 24	VAA_LR	~~	CS_LR	0.931	0.020	45.491	0
## 25	VAA_GT	~~	CS_GT	0.990	0.010	96.827	0
## 26	VAA_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.443	0.028	15.650	0
## 27	VAA_GT	~~	CS_LR	0.351	0.034	10.234	0

```

## 28      h27 ~~                C2h  0.238 0.054  4.423      0
## 29      h21 ~~                C2d  0.659 0.024 27.486      0
## 30      h29 ~~                C2c  0.274 0.040  6.916      0
## 33     VAA_LR ~~              SP_LR  0.845 0.015 56.713      0
## 34     VAA_LR ~~              IP_LR  0.751 0.020 38.037      0
## 35      h25 ~~                y19  0.418 0.021 20.345      0
## 65     VAA_GT ~~              SP_LR  0.544 0.025 21.883      0
## 66     VAA_GT ~~              IP_LR  0.502 0.028 18.073      0
## 67      CS_LR ~~              SP_LR  0.756 0.022 34.778      0
## 68      CS_LR ~~              IP_LR  0.648 0.025 25.565      0
## 69      CS_GT ~~              SP_LR  0.532 0.027 19.916      0
## 70      CS_GT ~~              IP_LR  0.498 0.029 17.287      0
## 71      SP_LR ~~              IP_LR  0.830 0.011 77.269      0
## 101 test.H1 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.460 0.030 15.378      0
## 102 test.H2 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.518 0.024 21.741      0
## 103 test.H5 :=          r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR  0.094 0.017  5.662      0
##      ci.lower ci.upper
## 22      0.429   0.514
## 23      0.292   0.435
## 24      0.891   0.972
## 25      0.970   1.010
## 26      0.387   0.498
## 27      0.284   0.419
## 28      0.133   0.344
## 29      0.612   0.706
## 30      0.196   0.351
## 33      0.816   0.874
## 34      0.712   0.790
## 35      0.378   0.458
## 65      0.495   0.593
## 66      0.448   0.556
## 67      0.713   0.799
## 68      0.599   0.698
## 69      0.480   0.585
## 70      0.442   0.554
## 71      0.809   0.851
## 101     0.401   0.518
## 102     0.471   0.565
## 103     0.061   0.126

```

```

#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H5.exp[std.est_H5.exp$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H5.exp.csv")

```

The results are virtually identical to those without the additional residual correlation.

H5.exp. The correlation between VAA_LR and CS Self-placement on LR is large (.845, $p < .001$) and larger than the association between VAA_LR and placement of imagined party voter (.751, $p < .001$; difference .094, $p < .001$)

H3 and H4

H3. Within-party placement on Left-Right as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) is positively associated with within-party placement on Left-Right as computed from responses to the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS). This association is stronger than any within-party associations between the Left-Right and GAL-TAN dimensions.

H4. Within-party placement on GAL-TAN as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) is positively associated with within-party placement on GAL-TAN as computed from responses to the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS). This association is stronger than any within-party associations between the Left-Right and GAL-TAN dimensions.

Construct a new dataframe that exclude other than members of the eight parties that have multiple members in the parliament

```
dat2019.party<-dat2019 %>%  
  filter(puolue=="KD" |  
         puolue=="KESK" |  
         puolue=="KOK" |  
         puolue=="PS" |  
         puolue=="RKP" |  
         puolue=="SDP" |  
         puolue=="VAS" |  
         puolue=="VIHR")  
  
table(dat2019.party$puolue)
```

```
##  
##   KD KESK  KOK   PS  RKP  SDP  VAS VIHR  
##  188  213  211  212   97  213  211  214
```

Model script

Add names for group specific parameters

```
model_H3H4<-"  
#loadings  
VAA_LR=~h26+h27+h25+h28+y19  
VAA_GT=~h21+h22+h13+h29+h24+y25  
CS_LR=~C2b+C2g+C2h  
CS_GT=~C2a+C2c+C2d+C2e+C2f+C2i+C2j  
  
#latent correlations  
  
#cross-dimension same-method  
VAA_LR~~c(r.VAA.KD,r.VAA.KESK,r.VAA.KOK,r.VAA.PS,r.VAA.RKP,r.VAA.SDP,r.VAA.VAS,r.VAA.VIHR)*VAA_GT  
CS_LR~~c(r.CS.KD,r.CS.KESK,r.CS.KOK,r.CS.PS,r.CS.RKP,r.CS.SDP,r.CS.VAS,r.CS.VIHR)*CS_GT  
  
#concurrent validity  
VAA_LR~~c(r.LR.KD,r.LR.KESK,r.LR.KOK,r.LR.PS,r.LR.RKP,r.LR.SDP,r.LR.VAS,r.LR.VIHR)*CS_LR  
VAA_GT~~c(r.GT.KD,r.GT.KESK,r.GT.KOK,r.GT.PS,r.GT.RKP,r.GT.SDP,r.GT.VAS,r.GT.VIHR)*CS_GT  
  
#cross-dimension cross-method correlations  
VAA_LR~~c(r.d1.KD,r.d1.KESK,r.d1.KOK,r.d1.PS,r.d1.RKP,r.d1.SDP,r.d1.VAS,r.d1.VIHR)*CS_GT  
VAA_GT~~c(r.d2.KD,r.d2.KESK,r.d2.KOK,r.d2.PS,r.d2.RKP,r.d2.SDP,r.d2.VAS,r.d2.VIHR)*CS_LR
```

```
#custom parameters
mean.r.VAA:=mean(r.VAA.KD,r.VAA.KESK,r.VAA.KOK,r.VAA.PS,r.VAA.RKP,r.VAA.SDP,r.VAA.VAS,r.VAA.VIHR)
mean.r.CS:=mean(r.CS.KD,r.CS.KESK,r.CS.KOK,r.CS.PS,r.CS.RKP,r.CS.SDP,r.CS.VAS,r.CS.VIHR)
mean.r.LR:=mean(r.LR.KD,r.LR.KESK,r.LR.KOK,r.LR.PS,r.LR.RKP,r.LR.SDP,r.LR.VAS,r.LR.VIHR)
mean.r.GT:=mean(r.GT.KD,r.GT.KESK,r.GT.KOK,r.GT.PS,r.GT.RKP,r.GT.SDP,r.GT.VAS,r.GT.VIHR)
mean.r.d1:=mean(r.d1.KD,r.d1.KESK,r.d1.KOK,r.d1.PS,r.d1.RKP,r.d1.SDP,r.d1.VAS,r.d1.VIHR)
mean.r.d2:=mean(r.d2.KD,r.d2.KESK,r.d2.KOK,r.d2.PS,r.d2.RKP,r.d2.SDP,r.d2.VAS,r.d2.VIHR)

test.H3:=mean.r.LR-max(mean.r.VAA,mean.r.CS,mean.r.d1,mean.r.d2)
test.H4:=mean.r.GT-max(mean.r.VAA,mean.r.CS,mean.r.d1,mean.r.d2)

"
```

Fit the configural model

```
fit_H3H4<-cfa(model=model_H3H4,
              data=dat2019.party,
              group=c("puolue"),
              group.label=c("KD","KESK","KOK","PS","RKP","SDP","VAS","VIHR"),
              missing="fiml")
```

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, : lavaan WARNING: the
##           but not all elements of the gradient are (near) zero;
##           the optimizer may not have found a local solution
##           use check.gradient = FALSE to skip this check.
```

Problems with finding a converging model. Add preregistered residual correlations.

Respecify model by adding the residual correlations

```
model_H3H4.re<-paste0(model_H3H4,
                      "h27~~C2h\n",
                      "h21~~C2d\n",
                      "h29~~C2c\n")
```

Fit the respecified model

```
fit_H3H4.re<-cfa(model=model_H3H4.re,
                 data=dat2019.party,
                 group=c("puolue"),
                 group.label=c("KD","KESK","KOK","PS","RKP","SDP","VAS","VIHR"),
                 missing="fiml")
```

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, : lavaan WARNING: the
##           but not all elements of the gradient are (near) zero;
##           the optimizer may not have found a local solution
##           use check.gradient = FALSE to skip this check.
```

The problem persists

Fit the model separately for each group

Note that here the model script for H1H2 must be used (it is identical to respecified H3H4 for single group)

```
fit_H3H4.re.KD<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,  
  data=dat2019.party,  
  group=c("puolue"),  
  group.label=c("KD"),  
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for KD Model for KD converges

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re.KD,"fit")  
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	72.000	180.000	295.998	0.000	0.705	0.656	0.059	0.122

```
fit_H3H4.re.KESK<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,  
  data=dat2019.party,  
  group=c("puolue"),  
  group.label=c("KESK"),  
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for KESK

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, : lavaan WARNING: the  
## but not all elements of the gradient are (near) zero;  
## the optimizer may not have found a local solution  
## use check.gradient = FALSE to skip this check.
```

Model for KESK does not converge


```
fit_H3H4.re.KOK<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,
  data=dat2019.party,
  group=c("puolue"),
  group.label=c("KOK"),
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for KOK Model for KOK converges

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re.KOK,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	72.000	180.000	310.526	0.000	0.632	0.571	0.059	0.137

```
fit_H3H4.re.PS<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,  
                    data=dat2019.party,  
                    group=c("puolue"),  
                    group.label=c("PS"),  
                    missing="fiml")
```

Model for PS

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, : lavaan WARNING: the  
## but not all elements of the gradient are (near) zero;  
## the optimizer may not have found a local solution  
## use check.gradient = FALSE to skip this check.
```

Model for PS does not converge

```
fit_H3H4.re.RKP<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,
  data=dat2019.party,
  group=c("puolue"),
  group.label=c("RKP"),
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for RKP

```
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: covariance matrix of latent variables
##           is not positive definite;
##           use lavInspect(fit, "cov.lv") to investigate.
```

Model for RKP converges, but has other problems

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re.RKP,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	72.000	180.000	278.318	0.000	0.610	0.545	0.075	0.156

```
fit_H3H4.re.SDP<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,
  data=dat2019.party,
  group=c("puolue"),
  group.label=c("SDP"),
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for SDP

```
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: covariance matrix of latent variables
##           is not positive definite;
##           use lavInspect(fit, "cov.lv") to investigate.
```

Model for SDP converges, but has other problems

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re.SDP,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

##	npar	df	chisq	pvalue	cfi	tli	rmsea	srmr
##	72.000	180.000	382.844	0.000	0.633	0.572	0.073	0.127

```
fit_H3H4.re.VAS<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,  
  data=dat2019.party,  
  group=c("puolue"),  
  group.label=c("VAS"),  
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for VAS

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, :  
## lavaan WARNING: the optimizer warns that a solution has NOT been found!
```

Model for VAS does not converge

```
fit_H3H4.re.VIHR<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,  
  data=dat2019.party,  
  group=c("puolue"),  
  group.label=c("VIHR"),  
  missing="fiml")
```

Model for VIHR

```
## Warning in lav_model_estimate(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavpartable = lavpartable, : lavaan WARNING: the  
## but not all elements of the gradient are (near) zero;  
## the optimizer may not have found a local solution  
## use check.gradient = FALSE to skip this check.
```

Model for VIHR does not converge

Summary of H3-H4 with MG-CFA approach

The configural model did not converge, even after respecification. Single group models also were non-converging or had other type of problems, except for KD and KOK, for which the fit of the model nevertheless was poor, and therefore not interpretable.

This most likely is an indication that the sample sizes of the parties are too small for this model with 21 indicators and 4 factors.

The alternative way to test hypotheses 4-6 is presented below. It unconfounds the associations in the model by using party-mean centered observed variables for estimating the similar type of model that was used for H1 and H2, and H5, respectively. Because this approach does not have any grouping structure, it uses the overall sample size for the eight parties, which is 1559. It is nevertheless only conducted among the eight focal parties, and other parties are excluded. Because the misspecification in the model with centered variables might be entirely different to raw score variables, the modeling is again started with no residual correlations and they are examined if the fit of the model is inadequate.

H3 and H4 with group-mean centered variables and no grouping structure

ICC: Estimate how much of the variation in each item is between-groups

```
#there was problems running the mult.icc function to the data structure so  
#data observed data was extracted from one of the previously fitted models  
#to get rid of all labels etc.
```

```
num.dat.2019<-data.frame(fit_H5@Data@X,dat2019$puolue)
```

```
names(num.dat.2019)<-c(fit_H5@Data@ov$name,"puolue")
```

```
num.dat.2019<-num.dat.2019 %>%
```

```
  filter(puolue=="KD" |  
         puolue=="KESK" |  
         puolue=="KOK" |  
         puolue=="PS" |  
         puolue=="RKP" |  
         puolue=="SDP" |  
         puolue=="VAS" |  
         puolue=="VIHR")
```

```
ICC<-data.frame(  
  multilevel::mult.icc(x=num.dat.2019[,
```

```
                        all_items[2:length(all_items)]],
```

```
                        grpId=num.dat.2019$puolue))
```

```
ICC[,2:3]<-round(ICC[,2:3],3)
```

```
ICC
```

```
##   Variable  ICC1  ICC2  
## 1      h26 0.484 0.995  
## 2      h27 0.443 0.994  
## 3      h25 0.483 0.995  
## 4      h28 0.415 0.993  
## 5      y19 0.354 0.991  
## 6      h21 0.647 0.997  
## 7      h22 0.490 0.995  
## 8      h13 0.552 0.996  
## 9      h29 0.327 0.990  
## 10     h24 0.600 0.997  
## 11     y25 0.345 0.990  
## 12     C2b 0.127 0.966  
## 13     C2g 0.251 0.985  
## 14     C2h 0.444 0.994  
## 15     C2a 0.295 0.988  
## 16     C2c 0.405 0.993  
## 17     C2d 0.501 0.995  
## 18     C2e 0.103 0.957  
## 19     C2f 0.213 0.981  
## 20     C2i 0.515 0.995  
## 21     C2j 0.419 0.993  
## 22     C5a 0.683 0.998  
## 23     C5c 0.767 0.998
```

```
describe(100*ICC$ICC1,fast=T)
```

```
##   vars  n  mean    sd  min  max range  se
```



```
## X1      1 23 42.88 16.67 10.3 76.7 66.4 3.48
ICC$label<-get_label(df2019[,as.character(ICC[,1])])

#export to .csv file
write.csv2(ICC,"ICC_2019.csv")
```

ICC1 gives the proportion (%) of variance that is between the parties (ICC2 is the reliability of the group means). There is quite a lot of between-party variance, but the responses are not entirely defined by party either.

Variable centering

```
dat2019.gmc<-data.frame(dat2019.party)
na.mean<-function(var){
  mean(var,na.rm=T)
}

group.means<-dat2019.gmc %>%
  group_by(puolue) %>%
  summarise_at(all_items[2:length(all_items)],na.mean)

dat2019.gmc<-left_join(x=dat2019.gmc,
  y=group.means,
  by=c("puolue"),
  suffix=c("", ".pm"))

for(i in all_items[2:length(all_items)]){
  dat2019.gmc[i]<-dat2019.gmc[,i]-dat2019.gmc[,which(grepl(i,names(dat2019.gmc)) &
    grepl("pm",names(dat2019.gmc)) &
    !grepl("r",names(dat2019.gmc)))]
}

describe(dat2019.gmc[,all_items],fast=T)
```

```
## Warning in FUN(newX[, i], ...): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
## Warning in FUN(newX[, i], ...): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
```

```
##      vars    n mean  sd   min  max range  se
## puolue    1 1559  NaN   NA    Inf -Inf  -Inf  NA
## h26       2 1425    0 0.97 -3.02 3.78  6.80 0.03
## h27       3 1424    0 1.03 -2.92 3.10  6.02 0.03
## h25       4 1425    0 0.81 -2.57 3.11  5.68 0.02
## h28       5 1425    0 1.08 -2.93 3.73  6.66 0.03
## y19       6 1528    0 0.82 -2.02 3.93  5.95 0.02
## h21       7 1425    0 0.94 -3.44 3.86  7.30 0.02
## h22       8 1425    0 1.08 -2.84 3.19  6.03 0.03
## h13       9 1425    0 0.88 -3.22 3.67  6.89 0.02
## h29      10 1425    0 0.99 -2.43 3.55  5.98 0.03
## h24      11 1425    0 0.97 -3.80 3.27  7.06 0.03
## y25      12 1504    0 1.16 -3.41 3.29  6.70 0.03
## C2b      13  475    0 0.94 -1.70 3.52  5.22 0.04
## C2g      14  476    0 0.94 -2.26 3.11  5.37 0.04
## C2h      15  476    0 0.92 -2.72 2.88  5.60 0.04
## C2a      16  477    0 0.78 -3.47 1.48  4.96 0.04
## C2c      17  477    0 0.91 -2.30 3.24  5.53 0.04
## C2d      18  475    0 0.96 -2.87 3.76  6.62 0.04
## C2e      19  477    0 1.04 -2.83 2.12  4.95 0.05
## C2f      20  477    0 1.01 -2.72 2.29  5.01 0.05
## C2i      21  477    0 0.89 -3.45 3.18  6.64 0.04
## C2j      22  477    0 0.95 -2.71 3.77  6.47 0.04
## C5a      23  473    0 1.51 -5.31 5.39 10.71 0.07
```

C5c 24 470 0 1.07 -3.15 3.16 6.31 0.05

Define the model

Identical to the model for H1 and H2

```
model_H3H4<-"
#loadings
VAA_LR=~h26+h27+h25+h28+y19
VAA_GT=~h21+h22+h13+h29+h24+y25
CS_LR=~C2b+C2g+C2h
CS_GT=~C2a+C2c+C2d+C2e+C2f+C2i+C2j

#latent correlations

#cross-dimension same-method
VAA_LR~~r.VAA*VAA_GT
CS_LR~~r.CS*CS_GT

#concurrent validity
VAA_LR~~r.LR*CS_LR
VAA_GT~~r.GT*CS_GT

#cross-dimension cross-method correlations
VAA_LR~~r.d1*CS_GT
VAA_GT~~r.d2*CS_LR

#custom parameters
test.H3:=r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)
test.H4:=r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)

"
```

Fit the model

```
fit_H3H4<-cfa(model=model_H3H4,
              data=dat2019.gmc,
              missing="fiml")
```

```
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: covariance matrix of latent variables
##               is not positive definite;
##               use lavInspect(fit, "cov.lv") to investigate.
```

Problems with latent variable covariance matrix

```
lavInspect(fit_H3H4, "cov.lv")
```

```
##           VAA_LR VAA_GT CS_LR CS_GT
## VAA_LR 0.290
## VAA_GT 0.039 0.167
## CS_LR 0.116 0.011 0.068
## CS_GT 0.034 0.157 0.016 0.127
```

```
summary(fit_H3H4,fit=T,standardized=T,rsquare=T)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-5 ended normally after 89 iterations
##
```

```

## Estimator ML
## Optimization method NLMINB
## Number of free parameters 69
##
## Number of observations 1559
## Number of missing patterns 17
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
## Test statistic 756.826
## Degrees of freedom 183
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
## Test statistic 2537.225
## Degrees of freedom 210
## P-value 0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.753
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.717
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -27534.678
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) NA
##
## Akaike (AIC) 55207.356
## Bayesian (BIC) 55576.630
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 55357.432
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA 0.045
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.042
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.048
## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.995
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.069
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Information Observed
## Observed information based on Hessian
## Standard errors Standard
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## VAA_LR =~
## h26 1.000 0.539 0.556

```

```

##      h27      0.926    0.080   11.569    0.000    0.499    0.486
##      h25      0.835    0.071   11.697    0.000    0.450    0.553
##      h28      0.865    0.079   10.990    0.000    0.466    0.434
##      y19      0.628    0.063    9.964    0.000    0.339    0.413
## VAA_GT =~
##      h21      1.000
##      h22      1.319    0.138    9.534    0.000    0.539    0.499
##      h13      0.682    0.088    7.739    0.000    0.278    0.316
##      h29      0.950    0.108    8.822    0.000    0.388    0.390
##      h24      1.055    0.105   10.029    0.000    0.431    0.443
##      y25      1.450    0.148    9.777    0.000    0.592    0.509
## CS_LR =~
##      C2b      1.000
##      C2g      1.919    0.403    4.764    0.000    0.499    0.534
##      C2h      2.822    0.547    5.158    0.000    0.734    0.798
## CS_GT =~
##      C2a      1.000
##      C2c      1.002    0.176    5.687    0.000    0.357    0.458
##      C2d      1.062    0.188    5.639    0.000    0.378    0.392
##      C2e      0.449    0.168    2.674    0.007    0.160    0.154
##      C2f      1.000    0.174    5.753    0.000    0.357    0.352
##      C2i      1.374    0.193    7.107    0.000    0.490    0.547
##      C2j      0.549    0.161    3.406    0.001    0.196    0.205
##
## Covariances:
##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## VAA_LR ~~
## VAA_GT (r.VA)  0.039    0.010    3.788    0.000    0.179    0.179
## CS_LR ~~
## CS_GT (r.CS)  0.016    0.008    2.084    0.037    0.172    0.172
## VAA_LR ~~
## CS_LR (r.LR)  0.116    0.024    4.835    0.000    0.826    0.826
## VAA_GT ~~
## CS_GT (r.GT)  0.157    0.022    7.219    0.000    1.079    1.079
## VAA_LR ~~
## CS_GT (r.d1)  0.034    0.014    2.457    0.014    0.179    0.179
## VAA_GT ~~
## CS_LR (r.d2)  0.011    0.008    1.361    0.173    0.099    0.099
##
## Intercepts:
##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .h26      -0.001    0.026   -0.059    0.953   -0.001   -0.002
## .h27      -0.002    0.027   -0.060    0.952   -0.002   -0.002
## .h25      -0.001    0.021   -0.058    0.953   -0.001   -0.002
## .h28      -0.001    0.028   -0.046    0.964   -0.001   -0.001
## .y19      -0.002    0.021   -0.073    0.942   -0.002   -0.002
## .h21      -0.000    0.025   -0.020    0.984   -0.000   -0.001
## .h22      -0.001    0.028   -0.022    0.982   -0.001   -0.001
## .h13      -0.000    0.023   -0.014    0.989   -0.000   -0.000
## .h29      -0.000    0.026   -0.018    0.986   -0.000   -0.000
## .h24      -0.001    0.026   -0.020    0.984   -0.001   -0.001
## .y25      -0.001    0.030   -0.021    0.983   -0.001   -0.001
## .C2b      -0.005    0.043   -0.116    0.908   -0.005   -0.005
## .C2g      -0.010    0.041   -0.231    0.817   -0.010   -0.010

```

##	.C2h	-0.015	0.039	-0.378	0.706	-0.015	-0.016
##	.C2a	0.036	0.034	1.053	0.292	0.036	0.046
##	.C2c	0.036	0.040	0.893	0.372	0.036	0.040
##	.C2d	0.038	0.043	0.872	0.383	0.038	0.039
##	.C2e	0.016	0.048	0.338	0.735	0.016	0.016
##	.C2f	0.036	0.045	0.792	0.429	0.036	0.035
##	.C2i	0.049	0.038	1.287	0.198	0.049	0.055
##	.C2j	0.020	0.044	0.453	0.650	0.020	0.021
##	VAA_LR	0.000				0.000	0.000
##	VAA_GT	0.000				0.000	0.000
##	CS_LR	0.000				0.000	0.000
##	CS_GT	0.000				0.000	0.000

##

Variances:

##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.h26	0.650	0.033	19.975	0.000	0.650	0.691
##	.h27	0.806	0.037	21.684	0.000	0.806	0.764
##	.h25	0.459	0.024	18.968	0.000	0.459	0.694
##	.h28	0.939	0.041	23.083	0.000	0.939	0.812
##	.y19	0.557	0.024	23.245	0.000	0.557	0.829
##	.h21	0.717	0.032	22.480	0.000	0.717	0.811
##	.h22	0.874	0.041	21.363	0.000	0.874	0.751
##	.h13	0.699	0.028	24.964	0.000	0.699	0.900
##	.h29	0.839	0.035	23.964	0.000	0.839	0.848
##	.h24	0.759	0.033	22.744	0.000	0.759	0.804
##	.y25	1.003	0.047	21.363	0.000	1.003	0.741
##	.C2b	0.809	0.054	14.954	0.000	0.809	0.923
##	.C2g	0.625	0.049	12.708	0.000	0.625	0.715
##	.C2h	0.307	0.061	5.052	0.000	0.307	0.363
##	.C2a	0.479	0.034	13.899	0.000	0.479	0.790
##	.C2c	0.696	0.048	14.407	0.000	0.696	0.845
##	.C2d	0.790	0.056	14.162	0.000	0.790	0.847
##	.C2e	1.058	0.069	15.298	0.000	1.058	0.976
##	.C2f	0.901	0.062	14.584	0.000	0.901	0.876
##	.C2i	0.561	0.044	12.842	0.000	0.561	0.701
##	.C2j	0.872	0.057	15.170	0.000	0.872	0.958
##	VAA_LR	0.290	0.033	8.686	0.000	1.000	1.000
##	VAA_GT	0.167	0.026	6.398	0.000	1.000	1.000
##	CS_LR	0.068	0.025	2.666	0.008	1.000	1.000
##	CS_GT	0.127	0.029	4.436	0.000	1.000	1.000

##

R-Square:

##	Estimate	
##	h26	0.309
##	h27	0.236
##	h25	0.306
##	h28	0.188
##	y19	0.171
##	h21	0.189
##	h22	0.249
##	h13	0.100
##	h29	0.152
##	h24	0.196
##	y25	0.259

```

##      C2b      0.077
##      C2g      0.285
##      C2h      0.637
##      C2a      0.210
##      C2c      0.155
##      C2d      0.153
##      C2e      0.024
##      C2f      0.124
##      C2i      0.299
##      C2j      0.042
##
## Defined Parameters:
##      Estimate Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
##      test.H3      0.076   0.025    3.028    0.002    0.647    0.647
##      test.H4      0.118   0.023    5.123    0.000    0.900    0.900

```

There is a Heywood correlation between GAL-TAN latent variables (absolute value > 1)

Respecified model: introduce the three preregistered residual correlations

```
model_H3H4.re<-paste0(model_H3H4,
  "h27~~C2h\n",
  "h21~~C2d\n",
  "h29~~C2c\n")
```

Fitting the respecified model

```
fit_H3H4.re<-cfa(model=model_H3H4.re,
  data=dat2019.gmc,
  missing="fiml")
```

Results

Inspect fit of the model

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re,"fit")
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##  72.000 180.000 602.219   0.000   0.819  0.788   0.039   0.062
```

The fit of the model is quite poor according to CFI and TLI, but ok according to RMSEA and SRMR.

Hypotheses 1 and 2

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H3H4.re<-standardizedsolution(fit_H3H4.re)
std.est_H3H4.re[std.est_H3H4.re$op=="==" |
  std.est_H3H4.re$op=="~~" &
  std.est_H3H4.re$lhs!=std.est_H3H4.re$rhs,]
```

```
##      lhs op      rhs est.std    se      z pvalue
## 22  VAA_LR ~~      VAA_GT  0.175 0.045  3.911  0.000
## 23  CS_LR  ~~      CS_GT  0.165 0.074  2.215  0.027
## 24  VAA_LR ~~      CS_LR  0.782 0.055 14.220  0.000
## 25  VAA_GT ~~      CS_GT  0.956 0.047 20.140  0.000
## 26  VAA_LR ~~      CS_GT  0.189 0.068  2.772  0.006
## 27  VAA_GT ~~      CS_LR  0.112 0.069  1.631  0.103
## 28    h27 ~~      C2h    0.295 0.061  4.837  0.000
## 29    h21 ~~      C2d    0.550 0.036 15.264  0.000
## 30    h29 ~~      C2c    0.219 0.048  4.559  0.000
## 81 test.H3 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.593 0.086  6.863  0.000
## 82 test.H4 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.767 0.083  9.274  0.000
##      ci.lower ci.upper
## 22    0.087    0.262
## 23    0.019    0.310
## 24    0.674    0.890
## 25    0.863    1.049
## 26    0.055    0.323
## 27   -0.023    0.247
## 28    0.175    0.414
```

```
## 29    0.480    0.621
## 30    0.125    0.313
## 81    0.424    0.763
## 82    0.605    0.929
```

```
#save to a file
```

```
write.csv2(std.est_H3H4.re[std.est_H3H4.re$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H3H4.re.csv")
```

H3: There is strong (.782, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-LR and CS-LR, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .593, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.189 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p = .006$)

H4: There is very strong (.956, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-GT and CS-GT, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .767, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.189 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p = .006$)

Exploratory analysis for H3 and H4: Seek misspecification to improve the overall model fit

Residual correlations

```
mis.rescor_H3H4<-miPowerFit(fit_H3H4.re,cor=.20)
mis.rescor_H3H4<-mis.rescor_H3H4[mis.rescor_H3H4$op=="~~" &
                                mis.rescor_H3H4$lhs!=mis.rescor_H3H4$rhs,]

#see summary of the decisions
table(mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow)

##
##  EPC:M EPC:NM      I      NM
##      2      43      1     161

#there are 2 residual correlation that are misspecifications

rounded.vars<-c("mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","se.epc")

num.round<-function(var){
  var<-as.numeric(var)
  var<-round(var,2)
  return(var)
}

mis.rescor_H3H4[,rounded.vars]<-apply(mis.rescor_H3H4[,rounded.vars],num.round)

printed.vars<-c("lhs","op","rhs","mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","std.target.epc","significant.mi",
               "high.power","decision.pow","se.epc")

#print the output

mis.rescor_H3H4 %>%
  filter(mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow=="M" |
         mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow=="EPC:M") %>%
  dplyr::select(all_of(printed.vars))

##  lhs op rhs  mi  epc target.epc std.epc std.target.epc significant.mi
## 1 h25 ~~ y19 91.85 0.17      0.13  0.26      0.2      TRUE
## 2 C2a ~~ C2f 26.23 0.17      0.16  0.22      0.2      TRUE
##   high.power decision.pow se.epc
## 1      TRUE      EPC:M  0.02
## 2      TRUE      EPC:M  0.03
```

There were two misspecified residual correlation.

One was between VAA-LR items (same misspecification as was found for H1 and H2) H25. Public services should be outsourced more than they are now for private companies and y19. Public authorities should be the main provider of social and healthcare services (r.)

The other misspecification was between C2a. Immigrants should adapt to Finnish habits and C2f. People who break the law should be punished more severely

Respecify the model to allow these parameters to be freely estimated

Exploratory respecification of the model

```
model_H3H4.exp.re<-paste0(model_H3H4.re,  
  "h25~~y19\n",  
  "C2a~~C2f\n")
```

Fitting the exploratory model

```
fit_H3H4.exp.re<-cfa(model=model_H3H4.exp.re,  
  data=dat2019.gmc,  
  missing="fiml")
```

Results from the exploratory model

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.re,"fit")  
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli   rmsea   srmr  
## 72.000 180.000 602.219   0.000   0.819   0.788   0.039   0.062
```

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.exp.re,"fit")  
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli   rmsea   srmr  
## 74.000 178.000 488.872   0.000   0.866   0.842   0.033   0.059
```

The fit of the model is improved

Retest Hypotheses 4 and 5

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H3H4.exp.re<-standardizedsolution(fit_H3H4.exp.re)  
std.est_H3H4.exp.re[std.est_H3H4.exp.re$op=="==" |  
  std.est_H3H4.exp.re$op=="~~" &  
  std.est_H3H4.exp.re$lhs!=std.est_H3H4.exp.re$rhs,]
```

```
##      lhs op      rhs est.std   se      z pvalue  
## 22  VAA_LR ~~      VAA_GT  0.239 0.045  5.367  0.000  
## 23  CS_LR  ~~      CS_GT  0.212 0.075  2.835  0.005  
## 24  VAA_LR ~~      CS_LR  0.831 0.055 15.003  0.000  
## 25  VAA_GT ~~      CS_GT  0.957 0.052 18.422  0.000  
## 26  VAA_LR ~~      CS_GT  0.220 0.072  3.074  0.002  
## 27  VAA_GT ~~      CS_LR  0.127 0.068  1.875  0.061  
## 28    h27 ~~      C2h    0.246 0.065  3.819  0.000  
## 29    h21 ~~      C2d    0.546 0.037 14.956  0.000  
## 30    h29 ~~      C2c    0.215 0.049  4.434  0.000  
## 31    h25 ~~      y19    0.290 0.028 10.525  0.000  
## 32    C2a ~~      C2f    0.253 0.047  5.439  0.000  
## 83 test.H3 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.592 0.071  8.324  0.000  
## 84 test.H4 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.718 0.067 10.651  0.000  
##      ci.lower ci.upper  
## 22      0.152    0.327  
## 23      0.065    0.359
```

```
## 24    0.723    0.940
## 25    0.856    1.059
## 26    0.080    0.360
## 27   -0.006    0.260
## 28    0.120    0.373
## 29    0.475    0.618
## 30    0.120    0.311
## 31    0.236    0.344
## 32    0.162    0.345
## 83    0.452    0.731
## 84    0.586    0.850
```

```
#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H3H4.exp.re[std.est_H3H4.exp.re$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H3H4.exp.re.csv")
```

The results are virtually identical to those without the additional residual correlations.

H3: There is a strong (.831, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-LR and CS-LR, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .592, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.239 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

H4: There is a very strong (.957, $p < .001$) correlation between VAA-GT and CS-GT, and it is notably stronger (difference in correlations .718, $p < .001$) than the strongest of correlations between different dimensions (.239 between VAA_LR and VAA_GT, $p < .001$)

Additional explorations through more strict respecifications

Put a more strict criterion on the residual correlation misspecification (.15)

```
mis.rescor_H3H4<-miPowerFit(fit_H3H4.exp.re,cor=.15)
mis.rescor_H3H4<-mis.rescor_H3H4[mis.rescor_H3H4$op=="~" &
                                mis.rescor_H3H4$lhs!=mis.rescor_H3H4$rhs,]
#see summary of the decisions
table(mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow)
```

```
##
##  EPC:M EPC:NM      I      NM
##      2      34      1     168
```

#there are two additional residual correlations that are misspecifications

```
rounded.vars<-c("mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","se.epc")

num.round<-function(var){
  var<-as.numeric(var)
  var<-round(var,2)
  return(var)
}

mis.rescor_H3H4[,rounded.vars]<-sapply(mis.rescor_H3H4[,rounded.vars],num.round)

printed.vars<-c("lhs","op","rhs","mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","std.target.epc","significant.mi",
               "high.power","decision.pow","se.epc")
```

```
#print the output
```

```
mis.rescor_H3H4 %>%  
  filter(mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow=="M" |  
         mis.rescor_H3H4$decision.pow=="EPC:M") %>%  
  dplyr::select(all_of(printed.vars))  
  
##   lhs op rhs    mi  epc target.epc std.epc std.target.epc significant.mi  
## 1 h22 ~~ C2i 16.44 0.16      0.14   0.17      0.15             TRUE  
## 2 C2d ~~ C2j 24.41 0.17      0.14   0.18      0.15             TRUE  
##   high.power decision.pow se.epc  
## 1      TRUE      EPC:M   0.04  
## 2      TRUE      EPC:M   0.03
```

There were two more misspecified residual correlations.

Between VAA-GAL-TAN h22. If the government proposes to establish a refugee center in my home municipality, the proposal should be accepted (r.) and CS-GAL-TAN C2i. Immigrants are good for the Finnish economy (r.)

And between two CS-GAL-TAN items: C2d. Same Sex Marriages should be prohibited by law and C2j. Deciding on abortion issues should be a women's right (r.)

Respecify the model 2

```
model_H3H4.exp.re.2<-paste0(model_H3H4.exp.re,  
                             "h22~~C2i\n",  
                             "C2d~~C2j\n")
```

Fit the respecified model 2

```
fit_H3H4.exp.re.2<-cfa(model=model_H3H4.exp.re.2,  
                       data=dat2019.gmc,  
                       missing="fiml")
```

Results from the exploratory model 2

```
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.exp.re,"fit")  
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)  
  
##   npar    df  chisq pvalue   cfi   tli  rmsea  srmr  
## 74.000 178.000 488.872  0.000 0.866 0.842  0.033  0.059  
  
round(inspect(fit_H3H4.exp.re.2,"fit")  
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)  
  
##   npar    df  chisq pvalue   cfi   tli  rmsea  srmr  
## 76.000 176.000 446.837  0.000 0.884 0.861  0.031  0.056
```

The fit of the model is again improved

Retest Hypotheses 4 and 5

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H3H4.exp<-standardizedsolution(fit_H3H4.exp.re.2)
std.est_H3H4.exp[std.est_H3H4.exp$op=="==" |
  std.est_H3H4.exp$op=="~~" &
  std.est_H3H4.exp$lhs!=std.est_H3H4.exp$rhs,]
```

##	lhs op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue
## 22	VAA_LR ~~	VAA_GT	0.236	0.045	5.274	0.000
## 23	CS_LR ~~	CS_GT	0.183	0.079	2.335	0.020
## 24	VAA_LR ~~	CS_LR	0.830	0.056	14.939	0.000
## 25	VAA_GT ~~	CS_GT	0.945	0.053	17.802	0.000
## 26	VAA_LR ~~	CS_GT	0.197	0.074	2.659	0.008
## 27	VAA_GT ~~	CS_LR	0.121	0.068	1.780	0.075
## 28	h27 ~~	C2h	0.246	0.065	3.797	0.000
## 29	h21 ~~	C2d	0.515	0.039	13.210	0.000
## 30	h29 ~~	C2c	0.214	0.049	4.376	0.000
## 31	h25 ~~	y19	0.290	0.028	10.522	0.000
## 32	C2a ~~	C2f	0.243	0.049	5.013	0.000
## 33	h22 ~~	C2i	0.233	0.054	4.335	0.000
## 34	C2d ~~	C2j	0.205	0.041	5.013	0.000
## 85	test.H3 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)		0.594	0.071	8.332	0.000
## 86	test.H4 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2)		0.709	0.069	10.330	0.000
##	ci.lower ci.upper					
## 22	0.148 0.324					
## 23	0.029 0.337					
## 24	0.721 0.939					
## 25	0.841 1.049					
## 26	0.052 0.342					
## 27	-0.012 0.255					
## 28	0.119 0.373					
## 29	0.439 0.592					
## 30	0.118 0.309					
## 31	0.236 0.344					
## 32	0.148 0.338					
## 33	0.128 0.338					
## 34	0.125 0.285					
## 85	0.455 0.734					
## 86	0.574 0.843					

Nothing important changed in the latent correlations

H6 with group mean centered observed variables

H6. Within-party placement on Left-Right as computed from responses to the pre-election public Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) is positively associated with within-party placement on Left-Right as computed from responses to the privately administered post-election Candidate Survey (CS). This association is stronger than any within-party associations between the Left-Right and GAL-TAN dimensions.

Add placement variables and their correlations with latent factors to the model used for H3 and H4

Model already includes the three preregistered correlations

```
model_H6<-paste0(model_H3H4.re,  
  "SP_LR=~C5a\n",  
  "IP_LR=~C5c\n",  
  "VAA_LR~~r.self.LR*SP_LR\n",  
  "VAA_LR~~r.ideal.LR*IP_LR\n",  
  "test.H6:=r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR\n")
```

Fit the model

```
fit_H6<-cfa(model=model_H6,  
  data=dat2019.gmc,  
  missing="fiml")
```

Inspect fit of the model

```
round(inspect(fit_H6,"fit")  
  [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue      cfi      tli    rmsea    srmr  
##  85.000 214.000 679.220   0.000   0.818   0.785   0.037   0.061
```

The fit of the model is ok based on rmsea and srmr, but poor according to cfi and tli

Hypothesis 6

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H6<-standardizedsolution(fit_H6)  
std.est_H6[std.est_H6$op=="==" |  
  std.est_H6$op=="~" &  
  std.est_H6$lhs!=std.est_H6$rhs,]
```

##	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue
## 22	VAA_LR	~~	VAA_GT	0.176	0.045	3.947	0.000
## 23	CS_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.171	0.075	2.279	0.023
## 24	VAA_LR	~~	CS_LR	0.796	0.053	15.109	0.000
## 25	VAA_GT	~~	CS_GT	0.955	0.047	20.128	0.000
## 26	VAA_LR	~~	CS_GT	0.187	0.068	2.742	0.006
## 27	VAA_GT	~~	CS_LR	0.119	0.069	1.715	0.086
## 28	h27	~~	C2h	0.287	0.057	4.993	0.000
## 29	h21	~~	C2d	0.549	0.036	15.203	0.000
## 30	h29	~~	C2c	0.220	0.048	4.581	0.000
## 33	VAA_LR	~~	SP_LR	0.469	0.050	9.321	0.000
## 34	VAA_LR	~~	IP_LR	0.069	0.060	1.150	0.250


```
## 64 VAA_GT ~~ SP_LR 0.217 0.057 3.776 0.000
## 65 VAA_GT ~~ IP_LR 0.084 0.062 1.354 0.176
## 66 CS_LR ~~ SP_LR 0.446 0.051 8.830 0.000
## 67 CS_LR ~~ IP_LR 0.124 0.057 2.194 0.028
## 68 CS_GT ~~ SP_LR 0.188 0.058 3.210 0.001
## 69 CS_GT ~~ IP_LR 0.090 0.061 1.478 0.139
## 70 SP_LR ~~ IP_LR 0.423 0.038 11.199 0.000
## 100 test.H3 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.609 0.085 7.165 0.000
## 101 test.H4 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.768 0.083 9.289 0.000
## 102 test.H6 := r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR 0.400 0.060 6.660 0.000
## ci.lower ci.upper
## 22 0.089 0.263
## 23 0.024 0.319
## 24 0.693 0.899
## 25 0.862 1.048
## 26 0.053 0.321
## 27 -0.017 0.255
## 28 0.174 0.399
## 29 0.478 0.620
## 30 0.126 0.314
## 33 0.370 0.568
## 34 -0.049 0.186
## 64 0.104 0.329
## 65 -0.038 0.207
## 66 0.347 0.546
## 67 0.013 0.235
## 68 0.073 0.302
## 69 -0.029 0.210
## 70 0.349 0.497
## 100 0.442 0.775
## 101 0.606 0.930
## 102 0.282 0.518
```

```
#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H6[std.est_H6$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H6.csv")
```

H6. The correlation between VAA_LR and CS Self-placement on LR is strong (.469, $p < .001$) and stronger than the association between VAA_LR and placement of imagined party voter (.069, $p = .250$; difference .400, $p < .001$)

Exploratory analysis of H6: Look for misspecifications

Residual correlations

```
mis.rescor_H6<-miPowerFit(fit_H6,cor=.20)
mis.rescor_H6<-mis.rescor_H6[mis.rescor_H6$op=="~~" &
                             mis.rescor_H6$lhs!=mis.rescor_H6$rhs,]
#see summary of the decisions
table(mis.rescor_H6$decision.pow)
```

```
##
## EPC:M EPC:NM I NM
## 2 49 1 197
```

```

#there are is a single misspecification with .15 as criterion

rounded.vars<-c("mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","se.epc")

num.round<-function(var){
  var<-as.numeric(var)
  var<-round(var,2)
  return(var)
}

mis.rescor_H6[,rounded.vars]<-apply(mis.rescor_H6[,rounded.vars],num.round)

printed.vars<-c("lhs","op","rhs","mi","epc","target.epc",
               "std.epc","std.target.epc","significant.mi",
               "high.power","decision.pow","se.epc")

#print the output

mis.rescor_H6 %>%
  filter(mis.rescor_H6$decision.pow=="M" |
         mis.rescor_H6$decision.pow=="EPC:M") %>%
  dplyr::select(all_of(printed.vars))

##   lhs op rhs   mi  epc target.epc std.epc std.target.epc significant.mi
## 1 h25 ~~ y19 92.01 0.17      0.13   0.26          0.2          TRUE
## 2 C2a ~~ C2f 25.51 0.17      0.16   0.21          0.2          TRUE
##   high.power decision.pow se.epc
## 1      TRUE      EPC:M   0.02
## 2      TRUE      EPC:M   0.03

```

Same misspecifications as there were for model for H3 and H4

Add to the model

```

model_H6.re<-paste0(model_H6,
                    "h25~~y19\n",
                    "C2a~~C2f")

```

Fit the respecified model

```

fit_H6.re<-cfa(model=model_H6.re,
               data=dat2019.gmc,
               missing="fiml")

```

Results

```

round(inspect(fit_H6,"fit")
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)

##   npar    df  chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli  rmsea  srmr
## 85.000 214.000 679.220  0.000  0.818  0.785  0.037  0.061

```

```
round(inspect(fit_H6.re,"fit")
      [c("npar","df","chisq","pvalue","cfi","tli","rmsea","srmr")],3)
```

```
##      npar      df    chisq  pvalue    cfi    tli    rmsea    srmr
##  87.000 212.000 565.706   0.000   0.862   0.835   0.033   0.058
```

Fit is improved.

Print standardized estimates to test the difference between correlations

```
std.est_H6.re<-standardizedsolution(fit_H6.re)
std.est_H6.re[std.est_H6.re$op=="==" |
               std.est_H6.re$op=="~" &
               std.est_H6.re$lhs!=std.est_H6.re$rhs,]
```

```
##      lhs op      rhs est.std    se      z pvalue
## 22  VAA_LR ~~      VAA_GT  0.239 0.045  5.349  0.000
## 23  CS_LR  ~~      CS_GT  0.222 0.076  2.940  0.003
## 24  VAA_LR ~~      CS_LR  0.842 0.053 15.767  0.000
## 25  VAA_GT ~~      CS_GT  0.958 0.052 18.423  0.000
## 26  VAA_LR ~~      CS_GT  0.219 0.072  3.058  0.002
## 27  VAA_GT ~~      CS_LR  0.133 0.069  1.936  0.053
## 28    h27 ~~      C2h  0.250 0.060  4.152  0.000
## 29    h21 ~~      C2d  0.544 0.037 14.854  0.000
## 30    h29 ~~      C2c  0.216 0.049  4.438  0.000
## 33  VAA_LR ~~      SP_LR  0.494 0.051  9.605  0.000
## 34  VAA_LR ~~      IP_LR  0.072 0.062  1.158  0.247
## 35    h25 ~~      y19  0.290 0.028 10.523  0.000
## 36    C2a ~~      C2f  0.252 0.047  5.375  0.000
## 66  VAA_GT ~~      SP_LR  0.216 0.057  3.770  0.000
## 67  VAA_GT ~~      IP_LR  0.079 0.062  1.269  0.204
## 68  CS_LR  ~~      SP_LR  0.447 0.050  8.891  0.000
## 69  CS_LR  ~~      IP_LR  0.124 0.056  2.204  0.028
## 70  CS_GT  ~~      SP_LR  0.183 0.060  3.044  0.002
## 71  CS_GT  ~~      IP_LR  0.081 0.063  1.294  0.196
## 72  SP_LR  ~~      IP_LR  0.423 0.038 11.199  0.000
## 102 test.H3 := r.LR-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.604 0.070  8.670  0.000
## 103 test.H4 := r.GT-max(r.VAA,r.CS,r.d1,r.d2) 0.720 0.067 10.664  0.000
## 104 test.H6 :=      r.self.LR-r.ideal.LR  0.422 0.062  6.846  0.000
##      ci.lower ci.upper
## 22    0.151    0.326
## 23    0.074    0.370
## 24    0.738    0.947
## 25    0.856    1.060
## 26    0.079    0.360
## 27   -0.002    0.267
## 28    0.132    0.367
## 29    0.473    0.616
## 30    0.120    0.311
## 33    0.393    0.595
## 34   -0.049    0.193
## 35    0.236    0.344
## 36    0.160    0.344
## 66    0.104    0.329
## 67   -0.043    0.202
```

```
## 68      0.348      0.545
## 69      0.014      0.235
## 70      0.065      0.301
## 71     -0.042      0.204
## 72      0.349      0.497
## 102     0.467      0.740
## 103     0.587      0.852
## 104     0.302      0.543
```

```
#save to a file
write.csv2(std.est_H6.re[std.est_H6.re$op!="~1",c(1:5,7)],
           "std.est_H6.re.csv")
```

Results are virtually identical.

H6. The correlation between VAA_LR and CS Self-placement on LR is moderately strong (.494, $p < .001$) and stronger than the association between VAA_LR and placement of imagined party voter (.072, $p = .247$; difference .422, $p < .001$)

Some comparison between overall and unconfounded models

Extract some parameters from the confirmatory models for H1-H2 and H3-H4

```
load.overall<-std.est_H1H2[std.est_H1H2$op=="~",1:4]
load.unconfounded<-std.est_H3H4.re[std.est_H3H4.re$op=="~",1:4]

describe(load.overall[,4]-load.unconfounded[,4])

##      vars  n mean   sd median trimmed  mad  min  max range skew kurtosis   se
## X1      1 21 0.21 0.08   0.2    0.2 0.08 0.07 0.33  0.26 0.11   -1.32 0.02

corr.test(load.overall[,4],load.unconfounded[,4],adjust="none")

## Call:corr.test(x = load.overall[, 4], y = load.unconfounded[, 4],
##      adjust = "none")
## Correlation matrix
## [1] 0.85
## Sample Size
## [1] 21
## [1] 0
##
## To see confidence intervals of the correlations, print with the short=FALSE option

lv.cor.cross.overall<-std.est_H1H2[std.est_H1H2$op=="~" &
                                std.est_H1H2$lhs!=std.est_H1H2$rhs &
                                ((grepl("LR",std.est_H1H2$lhs) &
                                  grepl("GT",std.est_H1H2$rhs))|
                                  (grepl("GT",std.est_H1H2$lhs) &
                                   grepl("LR",std.est_H1H2$rhs))),1:4]

lv.cor.cross.unconfounded<-std.est_H3H4.re[std.est_H3H4.re$op=="~" &
                                           std.est_H3H4.re$lhs!=std.est_H3H4.re$rhs &
                                           ((grepl("LR",std.est_H3H4.re$lhs) &
                                             grepl("GT",std.est_H3H4.re$rhs))|
                                             (grepl("GT",std.est_H3H4.re$lhs) &
                                              grepl("LR",std.est_H3H4.re$rhs))),1:4]

mean(lv.cor.cross.overall[,4])

## [1] 0.3810004

mean(lv.cor.cross.unconfounded[,4])

## [1] 0.1601159

describe(lv.cor.cross.overall[,4]-lv.cor.cross.unconfounded[,4])

##      vars n mean   sd median trimmed  mad  min  max range  skew kurtosis   se
## X1      1 4 0.22 0.02   0.22    0.22 0.02 0.19 0.25  0.06 -0.12   -1.92 0.01
```

Figures

Obtain factor scores and plot the against each other for VAA and CS

```
#CS items must be converted to numeric from haven_labelled to calculate factor scores
pred.dat2019<-dat2019 %>%
  mutate_at(c(CS_GT_items,
              CS_LR_items),as.numeric)

#refit the model with converted data
fit_H1H2.re.pred<-cfa(model=model_H1H2.re,
                      data=pred.dat2019,
                      missing="fiml")

#only complete cases from the eight parties are used for the plot
plot.dat2019<-pred.dat2019 %>%
  select(all_of(VAA_LR_items),
         all_of(VAA_GT_items),
         all_of(CS_LR_items),
         all_of(CS_GT_items),
         puolue) %>%
  filter(puolue=="KD" |
         puolue=="KESK" |
         puolue=="KOK" |
         puolue=="PS" |
         puolue=="RKP" |
         puolue=="SDP" |
         puolue=="VAS" |
         puolue=="VIHR") %>%
  na.omit() %>%
  mutate(puolue=as.character(puolue))

#calculate factor scores
scores<-
  data.frame(lavPredict(fit_H1H2.re.pred,
                       newdata=plot.dat2019,
                       type="lv",append.data=T,
                       method="Bartlett"),
            puolue=plot.dat2019$puolue)

#standardize scores

scores[,1:4]<-scale(scores[,1:4],center=T,scale=T)
```

```

#set up colors
puolue.varit.8<-c(KD = "#e28b38",KESK = "#0e7a24",KOK = "#498fff",PS = "#46d5f2",
                  RKP = "#d8c320",SDP = "#f92727",VAS = "#fabedd",VIHR = "#77ea8e")
#rename puolue to party
scores$Party<-scores$puolue
#construct a long dataframe with different observations for overall data
scores.2<-scores
scores.2$Party<-"ALL"
scores.long<-rbind(scores.2,scores)

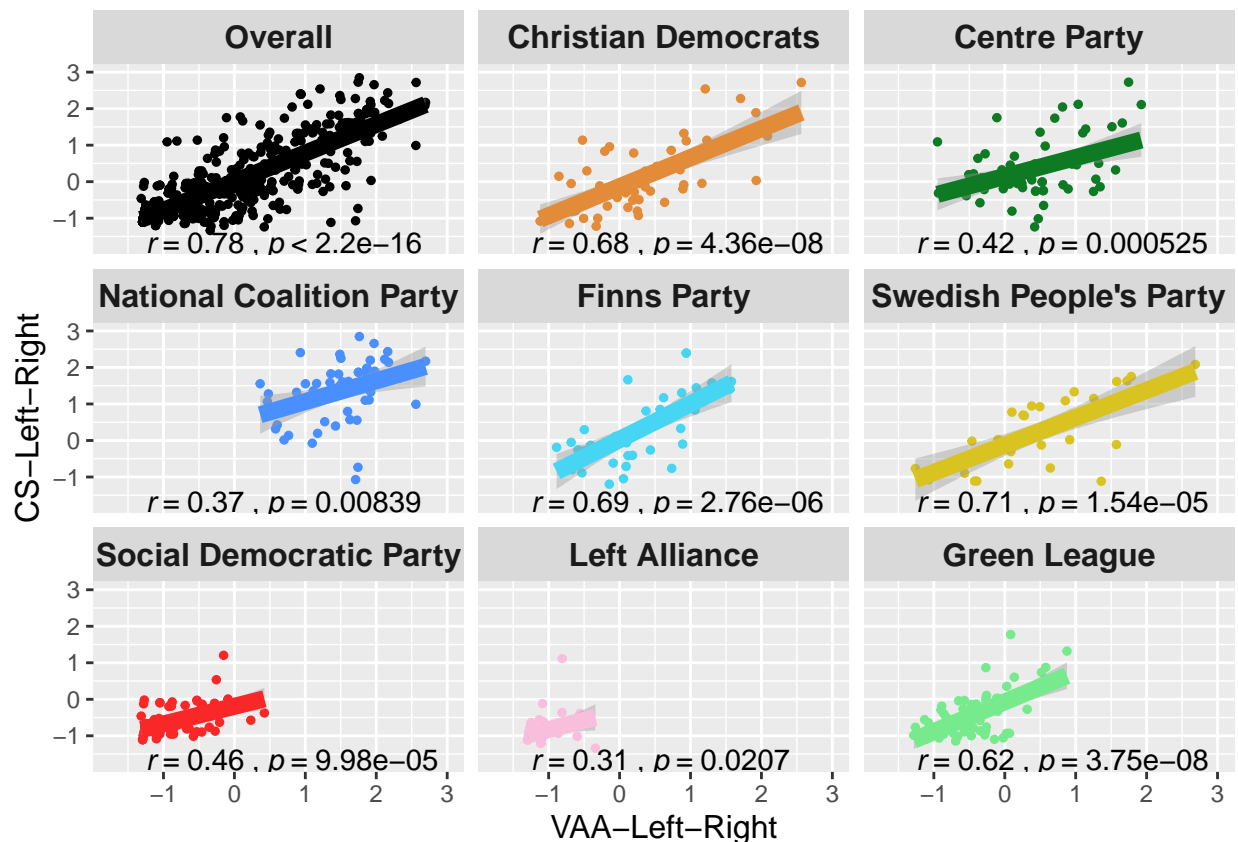
scores.long$Party<-as.factor(scores.long$Party)
levels(scores.long$Party)<-c("Overall",
                             "Christian Democrats",
                             "Centre Party",
                             "National Coalition Party",
                             "Finns Party",
                             "Swedish People's Party",
                             "Social Democratic Party",
                             "Left Alliance",
                             "Green League")

```

LR Plot

```
LR.plot<-ggplot(data=scores.long,aes(x=VAA_LR,y=CS_LR,color=Party))+
  geom_point(size=1)+
  geom_smooth(formula = y ~ x,method="lm",size=3,linetype=1)+
  stat_cor(method = "pearson", label.x = -1.25, label.y = -1.75,color="black",
    digits = 2,
    r.digits = 2,
    p.digits = 3,
    cor.coef.name="r")+
  scale_color_manual(values=c("black",puolue.varit.8))+
  coord_cartesian(xlim=c(-1.75,3),ylim=c(-1.75,3))+
  xlab("VAA-Left-Right")+
  ylab("CS-Left-Right")+
  theme(legend.position = "none",axis.title = element_text(size=12))+
  facet_wrap(~Party)+
  theme(strip.text.x =
    element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"))
```

LR.plot



```
#save the plot
ggsave(plot=LR.plot,
  filename="LR.plot.png",
  width=24,
  height=24,
```

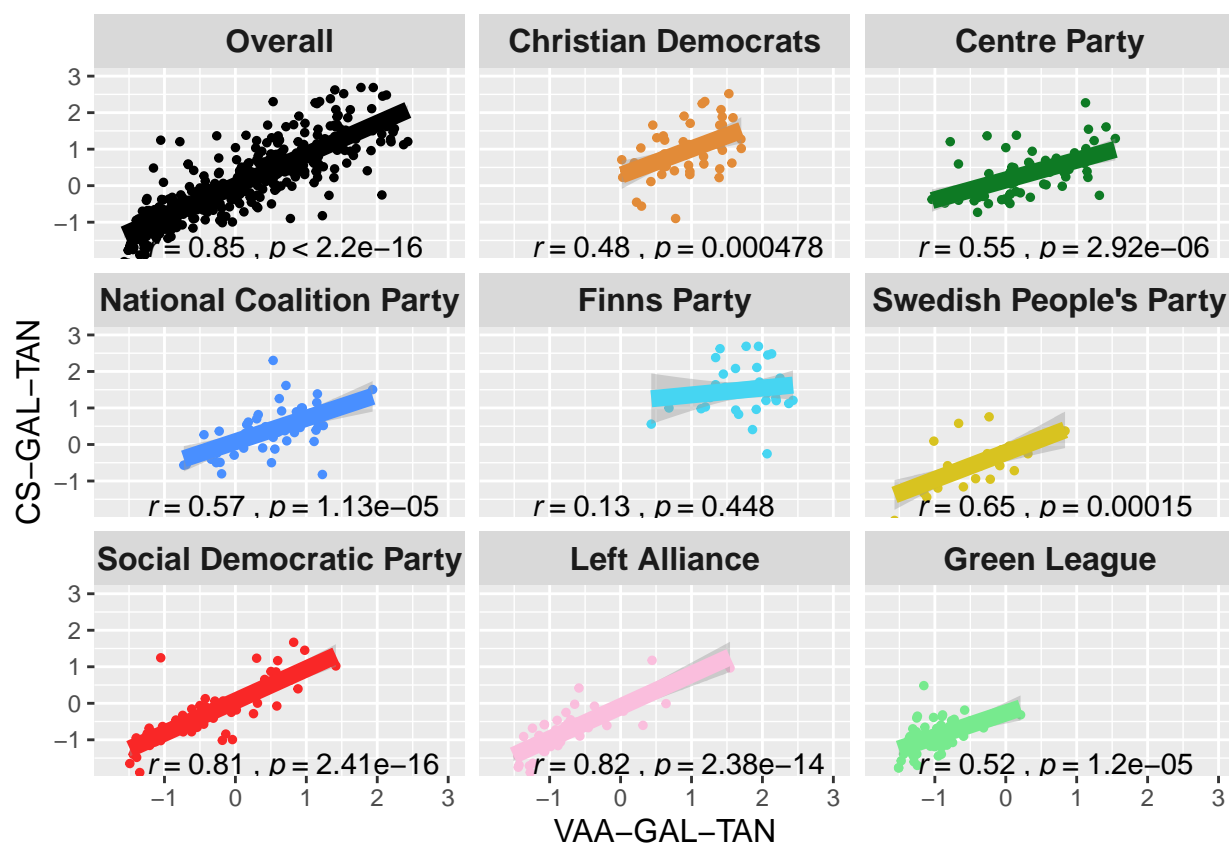


```
units = "cm",  
device = "png")
```

GT plot

```
GT.plot<-ggplot(data=scores.long,aes(x=VAA_GT,y=CS_GT,color=Party))+
  geom_point(size=1)+
  geom_smooth(formula = y ~ x,method="lm",size=3,linetype=1)+
  stat_cor(method = "pearson", label.x = -1.25, label.y = -1.75,color="black",
    digits = 2,
    r.digits = 2,
    p.digits = 3,
    cor.coef.name="r")+
  scale_color_manual(values=c("black",puolue.varit.8))+
  coord_cartesian(xlim=c(-1.75,3),ylim=c(-1.75,3))+
  xlab("VAA-GAL-TAN")+
  ylab("CS-GAL-TAN")+
  theme(legend.position = "none",axis.title = element_text(size=12))+
  facet_wrap(~Party)+
  theme(strip.text.x =
    element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"))
```

GT.plot



```
ggsave(plot=GT.plot,
  filename="GT.plot.png",
  width=24,
  height=24,
  units = "cm",
```

```
device = "png")
```

Session information

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 3.6.3 (2020-02-29)
## Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
## Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 17763)
##
## Matrix products: default
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_COLLATE=Finnish_Finland.1252 LC_CTYPE=Finnish_Finland.1252
## [3] LC_MONETARY=Finnish_Finland.1252 LC_NUMERIC=C
## [5] LC_TIME=Finnish_Finland.1252
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets  methods    base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] ggpubr_0.3.0      ggrepel_0.8.2      sjlabelled_1.1.3    haven_2.2.0
## [5] semPlot_1.1.2      semTools_0.5-2      lavaan_0.6-5        psych_1.9.12.31
## [9] stringr_1.4.0      tidyr_1.1.0         ggplot2_3.3.0       labelled_2.2.2
## [13] dplyr_0.8.5        here_0.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] minqa_1.2.4        colorspace_1.4-1    ggsignif_0.6.0
## [4] rjson_0.2.20        rio_0.5.16          ellipsis_0.3.0
## [7] rprojroot_1.3-2     htmlTable_1.13.3    corpcor_1.6.9
## [10] base64enc_0.1-3     rstudioapi_0.11     farver_2.0.3
## [13] splines_3.6.3       mnormt_1.5-6        knitr_1.28
## [16] glasso_1.11         Formula_1.2-3       nloptr_1.2.2.1
## [19] broom_0.5.6         cluster_2.1.0       png_0.1-7
## [22] regsem_1.5.2        compiler_3.6.3      backports_1.1.6
## [25] assertthat_0.2.1    Matrix_1.2-18       acepack_1.4.1
## [28] htmltools_0.4.0     tools_3.6.3         igraph_1.2.5
## [31] OpenMx_2.17.3       coda_0.19-3         gtable_0.3.0
## [34] glue_1.4.1          reshape2_1.4.4      Rcpp_1.0.4.6
## [37] carData_3.0-3       cellranger_1.1.0    vctrs_0.3.0
## [40] nlme_3.1-144        lisrelToR_0.1.4     multilevel_2.6
## [43] insight_0.8.3       xfun_0.13           openxlsx_4.1.4
## [46] lme4_1.1-23         lifecycle_0.2.0     gtools_3.8.2
## [49] rstatix_0.5.0       statmod_1.4.34      XML_3.99-0.3
## [52] MASS_7.3-51.5       scales_1.1.1        BDgraph_2.62
## [55] hms_0.5.3           kutils_1.69         parallel_3.6.3
## [58] huge_1.3.4.1        RColorBrewer_1.1-2  curl_4.3
## [61] yaml_2.2.1          pbapply_1.4-2       gridExtra_2.3
## [64] rpart_4.1-15        latticeExtra_0.6-29 stringi_1.4.6
## [67] sem_3.1-9           checkmate_2.0.0     boot_1.3-24
## [70] zip_2.0.4           truncnorm_1.0-8     rlang_0.4.6
## [73] pkgconfig_2.0.3     d3Network_0.5.2.1   Rsolnp_1.16
## [76] arm_1.10-1          evaluate_0.14        lattice_0.20-38
## [79] purrr_0.3.4         labeling_0.3         htmlwidgets_1.5.1
## [82] tidyselect_1.1.0    plyr_1.8.6          magrittr_1.5
```

## [85]	R6_2.4.1	generics_0.0.2	Hmisc_4.4-0
## [88]	mgcv_1.8-31	pillar_1.4.3	whisker_0.4
## [91]	foreign_0.8-75	withr_2.2.0	rockchalk_1.8.144
## [94]	survival_3.1-8	abind_1.4-5	nnet_7.3-12
## [97]	tibble_3.0.1	car_3.0-7	crayon_1.3.4
## [100]	fdrtool_1.2.15	rmarkdown_2.1	jpeg_0.1-8.1
## [103]	readxl_1.3.1	grid_3.6.3	qgraph_1.6.5
## [106]	data.table_1.12.8	pbivnorm_0.6.0	forcats_0.5.0
## [109]	matrixcalc_1.0-3	digest_0.6.25	xtable_1.8-4
## [112]	mi_1.0	stats4_3.6.3	munsell_0.5.0