

# Sistemas Informáticos

Desarrollo de Aplicaciones Web
Desarrollo de Aplicaciones Multiplataforma
CURSO 24-25



### Bloque 4

# Práctica 4: Gestión de Procesos y Servicios en Linux en un Contenedor Ubuntu (parte 2)

### Guillermo Domínguez de la Fuente

## **Ejercicios**

- Creación de una Red Personalizada en Docker
  - O Crear una red personalizada en Docker para conectar los contenedores.
  - O Verificar la creación de la red.

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. Todos los derechos reservados.
Instale la versión más reciente de PowerShell para obtener nuevas características y mejoras. https://aka.ms/PSWindows
PS C:\Users\guill> docker network create red_don_Guillermo_
55295ecdb52c446652e5326015040662daecd8f8e223e55d32b937ad587bda63
PS C:\Users\guill> docker network ls
NETWORK ID NAME D
                                              DRIVER
NETWORK ID
e94ee0e72e96
                                                           SCOPE
                   bridge
                                                            local
                                              bridge
d800a4d5da82
                    host
                                              host
null
   2bce3ac220 none
295ecdb52c red_don_Guillermo
C:\Users\guill>|
c92bce3ac220
                                                            local
```

- Creación del Contenedor con Nginx
  - O Crear un contenedor basado en Ubuntu e instala nginx.
    - Consideraciones para la creación del contenedor:
      - Debe ir asociado a la red que acabamos de crear.
      - Debe mapear el puerto 8080 de tu anfitrión.
      - Debes personalizar el hostname.
    - Instala nginx

PS C:\Users\guill> docker run -it --name contenedor-ngix-practica5-extradecurry --hostname don\_Guillermo --network red\_don\_Guillermo -p 8080:80 ubuntu:lates t bash root@don\_Guillermo:/# apt-get update && apt-get install nginx -y

- Inicia el servicio nginx
- Verifica que funciona.



```
root@don_Guillermo:/# service nginx status
* nginx is not running
root@don_Guillermo:/# service nginx start
* Starting nginx nginx
root@don_Guillermo:/# service nginx status
* nginx is running
root@don_Guillermo:/#
```

# Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

• Creación del Contenedor con MySQL

docker run -it --name mysql-container-practica5 --hostname don\_Guillermo\_practica5-mysql --network red\_don\_Guillermo -e MYSQL\_ROOT\_PASSWORD=02041993 ubuntu:latest bash

PS C:\Users\guill> docker run -it --name mysql-container-practica5 --hostname don\_Guillermo\_practica5-mysql --network red\_don\_Guillermo -e MYSQL\_ROOT\_PASSMO RD=02041993 ubuntu:latest bash root@don\_Guillermo\_practica5-mysql:/#

O Configurar MySQL para permitir conexiones remotas (desde el contenedor de Nginx:

root@don\_Guillermo\_practica5-mysql:/#\_apt-get update && apt-get install mysql-server -y

- Accede con: mysql -u root -p
- Crea una base de datos: CREATE DATABASE mi basedatos;
- Crea un Usuario y Otorga Privilegios:
  - CREATE USER 'miusuario'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'micontraseña';



- GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON mi\_basedatos.\* TO 'miusuario'@'%';
- Aplica los cambios: FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
- Salir de MySQL: EXIT;

```
root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# service mysql status

* MysQl is stopped.
root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# service mysql start

* Starting MysQl database server mysqld

* Starting MysQl database server mysqld

root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# service mysql status

* /usr/bin/mysqladmin Ver 8 8 .0.41-@ubuntu@.24 @01.1 For Linux on x86_64 ((Ubuntu))

Copyright (c) 2000, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Server version 8.0.41-@ubuntu@.24.04.1

Portocol version 10

Connection Localhost via UNIX socket

UNIX socket /var/run/mysqld/mysqld.sock

Uptime: 25 sec

Threads: 2 Questions: 8 Slow queries: 0 Opens: 119 Flush tables: 3 Open tables: 38 Queries per second avg: 0.320 root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:

Welcome to the MysQl monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MysQl connection id is 12
Server version: 8.0.41-@ubuntu@.24.04.1 (Ubuntu)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE MI_BASEDEDATOS;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> CREATE USER 'don_Guillermo'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '02041993';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

(IMPORTANTE: Asegurarnos de que nuestro usuario tiene los privilegios necesarios. De no tenerlos, dárselos)



```
mysql> EXIT
Bye
```

#### • Conexión entre Contenedores

• Desde el contenedor de Nginx, instalar el cliente MySQL.

root@don\_Guilermo\_practica5-mysql:/# apt-get update && apt-get install mysql-server -y



- Conectar a la base de datos MySQL desde el contenedor de Nginx.
  - O Tendrás que verificar si el contenedor de mysql está configurado correctamente para recibir conexiones de cualquier ip. (netstat -tuln | grep 3306). Tienes que ver algo como esto:

```
tcp 0 0 0.0.0.3306 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN
```

### IMPORTANTE: Asegurarse de configurar bind-address como 0.0.0.0

```
/etc/mysql/mysql.con+.d/mysqld.cn+
# The MvSOL database server configuration file.
  One can use all long options that the program supports.
Run program with --help to get a list of available options and with
--print-defaults to see which it would actually understand and use.
# Here is entries for some specific programs
# The following values assume you have at least 32M ram
 * * Basic Settings
                          = mysql
= /var/run/mysqld/mysqld.pid
= /var/run/mysqld/mysqld.sock
= 3306
= /var/lib/mysql
 user
# pid-file
# socket
   port
datadir
# If MySQL is running as a replication slave, this should be
# changed. Ref https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/server-system-variables.html#sysvar_tmpdir
# tmpdir
# Instead of skip-networking the default is now to listen only on # localhost which is more compatible and is not less secure.

= 0.0.0.0
mysqlx-bind-address = 127.0.0.1
 * * Fine Tuning
 ,
κey_buffer_size
t max allowed packet
                             ^O Write Out
^R Read File
                                                           ^W Where Is
^\ Replace
                                                                                                                                                     ^C Location M-U Undo
^/ Go To Line M-E Redo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                M-A Set Mark
M-6 Copy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              M-] To Bracket
^Q Where Was
                                                                                        ^K Cut
^U Paste
                                                                                                                       ^T Execute
^J Justify
                    _Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/#_service mysql restart
* Stopping MySQL database server mysqld
* Starting MySQL database server mysqld
su: warning: cannot change directory to /nonexistent: No such file or directory
```

```
root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# service mysql restart

* Stopping MySQL database server mysqld
* Starting MySQL database server mysqld
su: warning: cannot change directory to /nonexistent: No such file or directory

root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# service mysql status
* /usr/bin/mysqladmin Ver 8.0.41-0ubuntu0.24.04.1 for Linux on x86_64 ((Ubuntu))
Copyright (c) 2000, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Server version 8.0.41-0ubuntu0.24.04.1
Protocol version 10
Connection Localhost via UNIX socket
UNIX socket /var/run/mysqld/mysqld.sock
Uptime: 14 sec

Threads: 2 Questions: 8 Slow queries: 0 Opens: 119 Flush tables: 3 Open tables: 38 Queries per second avg: 0.571
root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/# netstat_tuln | grep 3306
tcp 0 0 127.0.0.1:3306 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN
tcp 0 0 127.0.0.1:3306 1.0.0.0.0:* LISTEN
root@don_Guillermo_practica5-mysql:/#
```



• Verificar la conexión ejecutando una consulta simple.

#### Gestión de Logs

```
O Verifica los logs de Nginx con: tail -f
/var/log/nginx/access.log
```

root@don\_Guillermo:/# tail -f /var/log/nginx/access.log
172.18.8.1 - - [14/Mar/2025:18:44:00 +0000] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 409 "-" "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) C
hrome/134.0.0.0 Safari/537.36"
172.18.0.1 - - [14/Mar/2025:18:44:00 +0000] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 196 "http://localhost:8080/" "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWeb
Kit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/134.0.0.0 Safari/537.36"

# Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <a href="nginx.org">nginx.org</a>. Commercial support is available at <a href="nginx.com">nginx.com</a>.

Thank you for using nginx.