# Package 'Dykstra'

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Type Package	
Title Quadratic Programming using Cyclic Projections	
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gorithm. Routin	quadratic programming problems using Richard L. Dykstra's cyclic projection alne allows for a combination of equality and inequality constraints. See Dyk-i:10.1080/01621459.1983.10477029> for details.
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dykstra	Solve a Quadratic Programming Problem via Dykstra's Algorithm
Description	
This function use of the form	es Dykstra's cyclic projection algorithm to solve quadratic programming problems $-d^Tx + (1/2)x^TDx$
subject to $A^T x >$	>= b where $D$ is a positive definite (or positive semidefinite) matrix.

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#### Usage

## **Arguments**

Dmat Quadratic program matrix D of order  $n \times n$ . dvec Quadratic program vector d of length n.

Amat Constraint matrix A of order  $n \times r$ .

bvec Constraint vector b of length r. Defaults to vector of zeros.

meq First meq constraints are equality constraints (remaining are inequality constraints).

Defaults to zero.

factorized If TRUE, argument Dmat is  $R^{-1}$  where  $R^T R = D$ .

maxit Maximum number of iterations (cycles). Defaults to 30n.

eps Numeric tolerance. Defaults to n \* .Machine\$double.eps.

#### **Details**

Arguments 1-6 of the dykstra function are inspired by (and identical to) the corresponding arguments of the solve.QP function in the **quadprog** package.

#### Value

solution Vector x that minimizes quadratic function subject to constraints.

value Value of quadratic function at solution. Will be NA if factorized = TRUE. unconstrained Vector  $x_0 = D^{-1}d$  that minimizes quadratic function ignoring constraints.

iterations Number of iterations (cycles) of the algorithm.

converged TRUE if algorithm converged. FALSE if iteration limit exceeded.

### Note

For positive semidefinite D, a small constant is added to each eigenvalue of D before solving the quadratic programming problem.

## Author(s)

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### References

Dykstra, Richard L. (1983). An algorithm for restricted least squares regression. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 78, Issue 384, 837-842. doi: 10.1080/01621459.1983.10477029

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## **Examples**

```
### EXAMPLE 1: Generic Quadratic Programming Problem ###
# constraint 1 (equality): coefficients sum to 1
# constraints 2-4 (inequality): coefficients non-negative
# define QP problem
Dmat <- diag(3)
dvec <- c(1, 1.5, 1)
Amat <- cbind(rep(1, 3), diag(3))
bvec <- c(1, 0, 0, 0)
# solve QP problem
dykstra(Dmat, dvec, Amat, bvec, meq = 1)
# solve QP problem (factorized = TRUE)
dykstra(Dmat, dvec, Amat, bvec, meq = 1, factorized = TRUE)
### EXAMPLE 2: Regression with Non-Negative Coefficients ###
# generate regression data
set.seed(1)
nobs <- 100
nvar <- 5
X <- matrix(rnorm(nobs*nvar), nobs, nvar)</pre>
beta <- c(0, 1, 0.3, 0.7, 0.1)
y <- X %*% beta + rnorm(nobs)
# define QP problem
Dmat <- crossprod(X)</pre>
dvec <- crossprod(X, y)</pre>
Amat <- diag(nvar)</pre>
# solve QP problem
dykstra(Dmat, dvec, Amat)
# solve QP problem (factorized = TRUE)
Rmat <- chol(Dmat)</pre>
Rinv <- solve(Rmat)</pre>
dykstra(Rinv, dvec, Amat, factorized = TRUE)
### EXAMPLE 3: Isotonic Regression ###
# generate regression data
set.seed(1)
n <- 50
x < -1:n
y < -log(x) + rnorm(n)
```

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```
# define QP problem
Dmat <- diag(n)</pre>
Amat <- Dmat[, 2:n] - Dmat[, 1:(n-1)]</pre>
# solve QP problem
dyk <- dykstra(Dmat, y, Amat)</pre>
dyk
# plot results
plot(x, y)
lines(x, dyk$solution)
### EX 4: Large Non-Negative Quadratic Program ###
# define QP problem
set.seed(1)
n <- 1000
Dmat <- Amat <- diag(n)</pre>
dvec <- runif(n, min = -2)</pre>
# solve QP problem with dykstra
dyk <- dykstra(Dmat, dvec, Amat)</pre>
dyk
```

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