Package 'paws.common'

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Type Package Title Paws Low-Level Amazon Web Services API Version 0.7.7 **Description** Functions for making low-level API requests to Amazon Web Services https://aws.amazon.com. The functions handle building, signing, and sending requests, and receiving responses. They are designed to help build higher-level interfaces to individual services, such as Simple Storage Service (S3). **License** Apache License (>= 2.0) URL https://github.com/paws-r/paws BugReports https://github.com/paws-r/paws/issues **Encoding UTF-8** LinkingTo Rcpp Imports base64enc, curl, digest, httr, jsonlite, methods, utils, stats, Rcpp, xml2 **Suggests** covr, crayon, mockery, withr, rstudioapi, testthat (>= 3.0.0) **SystemRequirements** pandoc (>= 1.12.3) - http://pandoc.org RoxygenNote 7.3.2 Collate 'RcppExports.R' 'util.R' 'cache.R' 'struct.R' 'handlers.R' 'iniutil.R' 'config.R' 'logging.R' 'dateutil.R' 'credential_sso.R' 'credential_sts.R' 'url.R' 'net.R' 'credential_providers.R' 'credentials.R' 'client.R' 'convert.R' 'service.R' 'custom_dynamodb.R' 'custom_rds.R' 'head_bucket.R' 'http_status.R' 'error.R' 'tags.R' 'xmlutil.R' 'stream.R' 'custom_s3.R' 'handlers_core.R' 'handlers_ec2query.R' 'handlers_jsonrpc.R' 'handlers_query.R' 'handlers_ rest.R' 'handlers_restjson.R' 'handlers_restxml.R' 'idempotency.R' 'isonutil.R' 'onLoad.R' 'paginate.R' 'populate.R'

'populateutil.R' 'queryutil.R' 'request.R' 'retry.R'

'service_parameter_helper.R' 'signer_v4.R' 'signer_s3.R' 'signer_s3v4.R' 'signer_v1.R' 'signer_v2.R' 'time.R'

as.list.struct

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as.list.struct

Create a list from an struct object

Description

Create a list from an struct object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'struct'
as.list(x, ...)
```

get_config 3

Arguments

x An struct object.

... Other arguments, which will be ignored.

get_config

Get the service configuration from the service object.

Description

Look up the service configuration from the service object, e.g. when calling svc\$operation(), get_config() will look up svc, then get any configuration stored in it, as if the operation function were a method and the service object were a class instance.

Usage

```
get_config()
```

Details

get_config must be called directly by the operation function and assigned immediately, not provided as an argument to another function.

We look up the service object then fetch its data so we can both support documentation tooltips in RStudio and also have class-object-like behavior. Alternatives that do not support documentation tooltips in RStudio include reference classes (RC), R6 classes, and any modification of the functions at run-time, e.g. inserting the configuration into the function definition for each operation in a particular service object.

is_empty

Check whether an object is empty

Description

Check whether an object is empty, e.g. has no sub-elements, is NA, or is the empty string.

Usage

```
is_{empty}(x)
```

Arguments

x An object.

is_empty_xml

Examples

```
is_empty(NA) # TRUE
is_empty("") # TRUE
is_empty(list()) # TRUE
is_empty(list(list())) # TRUE

is_empty(1) # FALSE
is_empty(list(1)) # FALSE
is_empty(list(1)) # FALSE
```

is_empty_xml

Check whether an object is empty for xml builds

Description

Check whether an object is empty, e.g. has no sub-elements, is NA

Usage

```
is_empty_xml(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

An object.

```
is_empty_xml(NA) # TRUE
is_empty_xml(list()) # TRUE
is_empty_xml(list(list())) # TRUE

is_empty_xml(1) # FALSE
is_empty_xml("") # FALSE
is_empty_xml(list(1)) # FALSE
is_empty_xml(list(1)) # FALSE
```

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list_paginators

List methods that can be paginated from a paws client.

Description

List methods that can be paginated from a paws client.

Usage

```
list_paginators(svc)
```

Arguments

svc

paws client (for example paws::s3()).

Value

character vector of functions that can be paginated.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Note: where svc is a paws client.
list_paginators(svc)
## End(Not run)
```

locate_credentials

Locate AWS credentials

Description

Locate AWS credentials

Usage

```
locate_credentials(profile = "", anonymous = FALSE)
```

Arguments

profile The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.

anonymous Set anonymous credentials.

new_handlers

Value

list containing AWS credentials

- access_key_id (character) AWS access key ID
- secret_access_key (character) AWS secret access key
- session_token (character) AWS temporary session token
- access_token (character) A token that gives a user permission to access certain resources
- expiration (numeric) Indicates the Unix time when an access token will expire.
- region (character) The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

new_handlers

Return request handlers for a service

Description

Return request handlers for a given protocol and request signer.

Usage

```
new_handlers(protocol, signer)
```

Arguments

protocol Protocol: ec2query, jsonrpc, query, rest, restjson, or restxml.

signer Signer: v2 or v4.

See Also

```
Other API request functions: new_operation(), new_request(), new_service(), send_request()
```

```
# Get the handlers needed for an API using REST-JSON and AWS signature V4. handlers <- new_handlers("restjson", "v4")
```

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new_operation

Return an API operation object

Description

Return an API operation object, with information on what to request for a given API operation. For example, the S3 service's "list buckets" operation is named ListBuckets, it requires a GET request, and so on.

Usage

```
new_operation(
  name,
  http_method,
  http_path,
  host_prefix,
  paginator,
  before_presign_fn = NULL
)
```

Arguments

See Also

Other API request functions: new_handlers(), new_request(), new_service(), send_request()

```
# Save info about the S3 ListBuckets API operation.
op <- new_operation(
  name = "ListBuckets",
  http_method = "GET",
  http_path = "/",
  paginator = list()
)</pre>
```

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new_request

Return an API request object

Description

Return an API request object with everything needed to make a request.

Usage

```
new_request(client, operation, params, data, dest = NULL)
```

Arguments

client A service client, e.g. from new_service.

operation An operation, e.g. from new_operation.

params A populated input object.

data An empty output object.

dest Control where the response body is written

See Also

Other API request functions: new_handlers(), new_operation(), new_service(), send_request()

```
## Not run:
# Make a request object for the S3 ListBuckets operation.
metadata <- list(
   endpoints = list("*" = list(endpoint = "s3.{region}.amazonaws.com", global = FALSE)),
   service_name = "s3"
)
client <- new_service(metadata, new_handlers("restxml", "s3"))
op <- new_operation("ListBuckets", "GET", "/", list())
params <- list()
data <- tag_add(list(Buckets = list()), list(type = "structure"))
req <- new_request(client, op, params, data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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new_service

Return an AWS API service object

Description

Return an API service object with information and handlers needed to make API requests.

Usage

```
new_service(metadata, handlers, cfgs = NULL, operation = Operation())
```

A named list of API metadata. It should look like:

Arguments

metadata

```
list(
    service_name = "string",
    endpoints = list("region" = list(endpoint = "endpoint", global = FALSE)),
    service_id = "string",
    api_version = "string",
    signing_name = "string"|NULL,
```

json_version = "string",
 target_prefix = "string"
)

handlers A set of handlers, e.g. from new_handlers.

cfgs A config defined by the service. Defaults to null.

operation A operation defined by the service.

Region and credentials

new_service requires that you've set your AWS region in one of:

- 1. AWS_REGION R environment variable
- 2. AWS_REGION OS environment variable (Linux and macOS)
- 3. ~/.aws/config AWS configuration file

new_service also requires that you've set your AWS credentials in one of:

- 1. AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID and AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY R environment variables
- 2. AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID and AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY OS environment variables (Linux and macOS)
- 3. ~/.aws/credentials AWS credentials file
- 4. IAM role

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See Also

```
new_operation()
```

Other API request functions: new_handlers(), new_operation(), new_request(), send_request()

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Metadata for the S3 API.
metadata <- list(</pre>
  service_name = "s3",
  endpoints = list("us-east-1" = list(endpoint = "s3.amazonaws.com", global = FALSE)),
  service_id = "S3",
  api_version = "2006-03-01",
  signing_name = NULL,
  json_version = "",
  target_prefix = ""
)
# Handlers for S3.
handlers <- new_handlers("restxml", "v4")</pre>
# Build a service object for S3, containing the information necessary to
# build, send, and receive requests.
service <- new_service(metadata, handlers)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

paginate

Paginate over an operation.

Description

Some AWS operations return results that are incomplete and require subsequent requests in order to attain the entire result set. The process of sending subsequent requests to continue where a previous request left off is called pagination. For example, the list_objects operation of Amazon S3 returns up to 1000 objects at a time, and you must send subsequent requests with the appropriate Marker in order to retrieve the next page of results.

Usage

```
paginate(
   Operation,
   PageSize = NULL,
   MaxItems = NULL,
   StartingToken = NULL,
   StopOnSameToken = FALSE
)
```

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```
paginate_lapply(
  Operation,
  FUN,
  . . . ,
 PageSize = NULL,
 MaxItems = NULL,
  StartingToken = NULL,
  StopOnSameToken = FALSE
)
paginate_sapply(
  Operation,
  FUN,
  simplify = TRUE,
 PageSize = NULL,
 MaxItems = NULL,
 StartingToken = NULL,
  StopOnSameToken = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Operation The operation for example an s3 operation: svc\$list_buckets()

PageSize The size of each page.

MaxItems Limits the maximum number of total returned items returned while paginating.

StartingToken Can be used to modify the starting marker or token of a paginator. This argument

if useful for resuming pagination from a previous token or starting pagination at

a known position.

StopOnSameToken

Exits paginator if previous token matches current token. For some APIs, such as CloudWatchLogs events, the next page token will always be present. When

set to TRUE, the paginator will stop when the token doesn't change.

FUN the function to be applied to each response element of operation.

... optional arguments to FUN.

simplify See base::sapply().

Value

list of responses from the operation.

```
## Not run:
# The following example retrieves object list. The request specifies max
# keys to limit response to include only 2 object keys.
```

paws_config_log

```
paginate(
  svc$list_objects_v2(
     Bucket = "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET"
  ),
  MaxItems = 50
)
## End(Not run)
```

paws_config_log

paws logging system

Description

Ability to configure paws logging system, through the use of paws helper function `paws_config_log` or R: base options function. Users are able to change logging levels without calling paws.common by the use of options e.g. options("paws.log_level" = 2L).

- paws.log_level (integer): The minimum log level that should be tracked
- paws.log_file (character): path for logs to populate, default output logs to console.
- paws.log_timestamp_fmt (character): see format.POSIXct()

Usage

```
paws_config_log(
  level = 2L,
  file = "",
  timestamp_fmt = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%OS3"
)
```

Arguments

level

(integer) to determine the level logging threshold.

- 4L: DEBUG
- 3L: INFO
- 2L: WARNING
- 1L: ERROR

file

(character) path for logs to populate, default output logs to console.

timestamp_fmt

(character) for timestamp format, see format.POSIXct().

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Examples

```
# log to a file
temp_file <- tempfile()
paws_config_log(file = temp_file)
unlink(temp_file)

# change log threshold to INFO
paws_config_log(level = 3L)

# reset to default config
paws_config_log()</pre>
```

paws_reset_cache

Clear down paws cache environments

Description

Clears down the cache environments.

- ini_cache: an environment that stores the results from read_ini, mainly used for storing AWS config files.
- os_env_cache: an environment that stores environmental variables from Unix Operating Systems.

Usage

```
paws_reset_cache()
```

populate

Populate a list with data from another list

Description

populate copies data from a list (e.g. input by a user) to another list with a similar shape. The second list, called the interface, will generally also contain extra metadata for making API requests, such as names or types.

Usage

```
populate(input, interface)
```

Arguments

input A list with data to copy.

interface A list of a similar shape to copy data into.

send_request

Examples

```
# Make an interface with metadata, e.g. type.
interface <- tag_add(list(foo = c(), bar = c()), list(type = "structure"))
# Combine data and the metadata from the interface.
populate(list(foo = 1, bar = 2), interface)</pre>
```

send_request

Send a request and handle the response

Description

Send a request and handle the response. Build the HTTP request, send it to AWS, interpret the response, and throw an error if the response is not ok.

Usage

```
send_request(request)
```

Arguments

request

A request, e.g. from new_request.

See Also

Other API request functions: new_handlers(), new_operation(), new_request(), new_service()

```
## Not run:
# Send a request and handle the response.
resp <- send_request(req)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

set_config

set_config

Add configuration settings to a service object.

Description

set_config adds a given set of configuration settings in cfgs to a service object, i.e. the service object for S3. Configuration settings can include credentials, region, endpoint, etc. These configuration settings will be used whenever an operation is called from that service object.

Usage

```
set_config(svc, cfgs = list())
```

Arguments

svc A service object containing service operations.

cfgs A list of optional configuration settings.

Details

set_config explicitly makes the credentials property mutable, such that when the SDK retrieves credentials later on, it will save them in the service object. This means that credentials don't need to be fetched on each operation, only if and when the saved credentials expire.

The optional configuration settings can include the following:

```
list(
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",
    secret_access_key = "string",
    session_token = "string"
  ),
  profile = "string"
),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

```
# Create a config object with custom credentials and endpoint.
config <- set_config(
  svc = list(),
  cfgs = list(
    credentials = list(
    creds = list(
    access_key_id = "abc",</pre>
```

set_service_parameter

```
secret_access_key = "123"
)
),
endpoint = "https://foo.com"
)
)
```

set_service_parameter Set service parameters

Description

Help functions for setting the parameters for services

Usage

```
config(
  credentials = list(creds = list(access_key_id = "", secret_access_key = "",
  session_token = "", access_token = "", expiration = Inf), profile = "", anonymous =
    FALSE),
  endpoint = "",
  region = "",
  close_connection = FALSE,
 max\_retries = 3,
  connect_timeout = 60,
  s3_force_path_style = FALSE,
  sts_regional_endpoint = "",
  signature_version = ""
)
credentials(
  creds = list(access_key_id = "", secret_access_key = "", session_token = "",
    access_token = "", expiration = Inf),
 profile = "",
  anonymous = FALSE
)
creds(
  access_key_id = "",
  secret_access_key = "",
  session_token = "",
 access_token = "",
  expiration = Inf
)
```

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Arguments

credentials credentials() or list in same format.

• **creds**: creds() or list in same format.

- access_key_id: AWS access key ID

- secret_access_key: AWS secret access key

- session_token: AWS temporary session token

- access_token: The token issued by the CreateToken API call. For more information, see CreateToken in the IAM Identity Center OIDC API Reference Guide.
- expiration: The date and time when the temporary credentials expire.
 expiration must be a POSIXct date-time or able to be compared with them
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint The complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

close_connection

Immediately close all HTTP connections.

max_retries Max number of retries call AWS API (default set to 3).

connect_timeout

The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.

s3_force_path_style

sts_regional_endpoint

Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.

Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET

Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws. amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-endpoints. html

signature_version

The signature version used when signing requests. Note that the default version is Signature Version 4.

creds creds() or list in same format.

- access_key_id: AWS access key ID
- secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
- session_token: AWS temporary session token
- access_token: The token issued by the CreateToken API call. For more information, see CreateToken in the IAM Identity Center OIDC API Reference Guide.
- **expiration**: The date and time when the temporary credentials expire. expiration must be a POSIXct date-time or able to be compared with them.

profile The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.

anonymous Set anonymous credentials.

access_key_id AWS access key ID

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```
secret_access_key

AWS secret access key

session_token

access_token

The token issued by the CreateToken API call. For more information, see CreateToken in the IAM Identity Center OIDC API Reference Guide.

expiration

The date and time when the temporary credentials expire. expiration must be
```

a POSIXct date-time or able to be compared with them.

Value

list set of parameter variables for paws services.

Examples

```
# set service parameter access_key_id and secret_access_key
config(credentials(creds("dummy", "secret")))
# set service parameter access_key_id and secret_access_key using using lists
config(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "dummy",
            secret_access_key = "secret"
        )
    )
)
```

tags

Get, set, and delete object tags

Description

Tags are metadata stored in an object's attributes, used to store types and names needed to make AWS API requests.

tag_get returns the value of the given tag, or "" if the tag doesn't exist.

tag_has returns whether the object has the given tag.

tag_add returns the object after adding the given list of tags and values.

tag_del returns the object after recursively deleting tags in tags, or all tags if NULL.

type returns broadly what type an object is, based on its type tag.

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Usage

```
tag_get(object, tag)
tag_get_all(object)
tag_has(object, tag)
tag_add(object, tags)
tag_del(object, tags = NULL)
type(object)
```

Arguments

object An object.
tag A tag name.
tags A list of tags.

- tag_add: A named vector with tag names and their values.
- tag_del: A character vector of tags to delete.

```
foo <- list()
foo <- tag_add(foo, list(tag_name = "tag_value"))
tag_has(foo, "tag_name") # TRUE
tag_get(foo, "tag_name") # "tag_value"
tag_get(foo, "not_exist") # ""
foo <- tag_del(foo)
tag_has(foo, "tag_name") # FALSE</pre>
```

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