Package 'Fgmutils'

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Description Growth models and forest production require existing data manipulation and the creation of new data, structured from basic forest inventory data. The purpose of this package is provide functions to support these activities.
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Description

take a data-frame and a vector and combine by columns, respectively.

Usage

```
add.col(dataf, vec, namevec)
```

Arguments

dataf dataframe vec vector

namevec the names of the columns of vector

Value

dataf dataframe combined with the vector

4 avaliaAjuste

atualizaCampaPaca	
atualizaCampoBase	

updated base field

Description

this function update certain fields in a dataframe, based on the provided key

Usage

```
atualizaCampoBase(camposAtualizar, baseAgrupada, baseAtualizar, keys,
  verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

camposAtualizar

is the vector you want to update

baseAgrupada It is the database that contains the data you want to update on dataframe

baseAtualizar It is dataframe that you want to change fields

keys are the keys of the table that will be used in the compare

verbose default false

Value

baseAtualizar with the updated fields according to baseAgrupada

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avaı	iaAjus) L C

avalia Ajuste

Description

this function evaluates the quality of the adjustment of the statistical model, rom observed data and those estimated by the model, observed

Usage

```
avaliaAjuste(dataFrame, variavelObservados, variavelEstimados,
  linear = TRUE, nParametros = NA, intercepto = TRUE, plot = NA,
  modelo = NA, resumo = FALSE, emf = TRUE)
```

avaliaEstimativas 5

Arguments

dataFrame dataFrame with information observed, estimated

variavelObservados

vector of values observed.

variavelEstimados

vector of values estimated.

linear boolean is linear model

nParametros number of parameters used in the adjusted model

intercepto if you model is no-intercepto use FALSE

plot Vector graphic information

modelo the name of the adjusted model

resumo if you want summary information, use TRUE emf to save the graphic in the format emf use TRUE

avaliaEstimativas

calculate Estimates

Description

given a list of observations and an estimated list of these observations this function evaluates how close it is the estimated value of observed and saves the differences

Usage

```
avaliaEstimativas(observado, estimado, estatisticas, ajuste = NULL,
  graficos = NULL, salvarEm = NULL, nome = "observadoXestimado")
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable

estimado list containing estimates of variable

estatisticas list of arg to calc estatistics

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

graficos list of arg to plot graphics salvarEm directory to save files nome name of files will be save

Value

will be returned

avaliaVolumeAgeBased avalia Volume Age Based

Description

this function evaluate volume based on ages

Usage

Arguments

base the data base the first age to eval firstAge lastAge the last age to eval models list of exclusive for base models mapper mapper from labels of fields volume, dap, ht groupBy name field of base is group of individuals list of param to save the files save percentage that will be reserved for training (default 0.70) percTraining paramEstatisticsDAP parameters to pass to function 'fnAvaliaEstimativas' paramEstatisticsHT analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP paramEstatisticsVolume analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP is list of plots to function roundAges plot ageER regex used to discover age in names from dataframe in listOfdata ageRound synchronize begin of ages with an age? what age? ageInYears ages are in year?

force the calculation without using predict?

Value

forcePredict

will be returned a list of round ages

avalia Volume Avancado 7

avaliaVolumeAvancado evaluates Volume Advanced

Description

this function performs an assessment of estimates of a variable as the forcefulness with expected

Usage

```
avaliaVolumeAvancado(base, mapeamento = list(dap1 = "dap1", dap2 =
  "dap2", ht1 = "ht1", ht2 = "ht2"), modelos = NULL, salvar = NULL,
  graficos = NULL, estatisticas = NULL, forcePredict = F,
  dividirEm = "parcela", percentualDeTreino = 0.7,
  agruparPor = "parcela", fnCalculaVolume = calculaVolumeDefault)
```

Arguments

base data.frame with data name of field eight and diameter mapeamento modelos list of exclusive for base models salvar list of param to save the files graficos list of param to plot graphics estatisticas list of param to cacle estatistics forcePredict force the calculation without using predict? dividirEm how divide the base in training and validation percentualDeTreino how many percent will stay in the training group? name field of base is group of individuals agruparPor fnCalculaVolume list of estatistics results

Value

will be returned a result of statistics and ranking of volume

8 calculaA

bias Bias

Description

In statistics, the bias (or bias function) of an estimator is the difference between this estimator's expected value and the true value of the parameter being estimated. An estimator or decision rule with zero bias is called unbiased. Otherwise the estimator is said to be biased.

Usage

```
bias(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.
estimados vector of values estimated.

Details

bias = (sum(estimados-observados))/length(observados)

References

see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bias_of_an_estimator for more details.

calculaA

Fator A

Description

The linear intercept model,

Usage

```
calculaA(n, k)
```

Arguments

n the size of the vector of regression model data

k is the number of model parameters

Details

```
a = (n-1)/(n-k-1)
```

calculaPerc 9

calculates percentage

Description

With this function, you can calculate the ratio of one quantity or magnitude relative to another evaluated in percentage.

Usage

```
calculaPerc(valor, observados)
```

Arguments

valor number amount you to know the percentage

observados number relationship to which you want to calculate the percentage, if it is a

vector of integers is calculated its average.

Details

```
calculaPerc = ((valor)/mean(observados))*100
```

```
calculaVolumeDefault calculates Volume Default
```

Description

this function calculates the volume based on the height and volume of literature of the equation

Usage

```
calculaVolumeDefault(ht, dap, ...)
```

Arguments

ht is list of height of individuals
dap is list of diameter of individuals

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned a list of volume calc

10 check.integer

ce

coefficient of efficiency

Description

Nash Sutcliffe 1970 model efficiency coefficient is used to assess the predictive power of hydrological models.

Usage

```
ce(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.

estimados vector of regression model data.

References

(Nash and Sutcliffe, 1970) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nash-Sutcliffe_model_efficiency_coefficient for more details.

check.integer

Ckeck Integer

Description

checks if a variable is integer

Usage

```
check.integer(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

any variable

Value

```
TRUE if "x" is integer, FALSE if "x" not is interger
```

Examples

```
x = 5
check.integer(x)
```

classificaClasseDAP 11

classificaClasseDAP classifica Classe DAP

Description

the center of the class that the DAP belongs.

Usage

```
classificaClasseDAP(dfClassesDAP, dap, getNhaClasse = FALSE,
  getNCLASSES = FALSE)
```

Arguments

dfClassesDAP a frequency distribution with the attributes \$classe and \$centro

dap integer Diameter at breast height

getNhaClasse get NhaClasse field of dfClassesDAP, default false getNCLASSES get NCLASSES field of dfClassesDAP, default false

Examples

```
dados = defineClasses(1, 10, 2, getDataFrame = TRUE)
classificaClasseDAP(dados,7)
```

classificarDAP

classify field dap

Description

classify field dap as specified amplitude and includes a few fields

Usage

```
classificarDAP(inventario, amplitude = 1, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

inventario the database to update amplitude it is amplitude of dap class

verbose use TRUE to show status of process

Value

data.frame with classeDAP field and other

contemParametros which parameters are missing?

Description

this function checks whether the labels of the parameters list to move to the functions is sufficient

Usage

```
contemParametros(funcoes, parametro, addParametro = c(), addArgs = c(),
  exclui3pontos = T)
```

Arguments

funcoes is a or set of functions whose param will be verify

parametro is list whose labels is name of param in funcoes, list of args to funcoes ex

list(a="1", b="2")

addParametro list of param included addArgs more param required

exclui3pontos verify por ... ? in f<-function(a, ...)

Value

will be returned the parameters that have not been reported in parametro and addParametro

converteCampoParaCharacter

Field Converts To Character

Description

converts a column of a dataframe to String

Usage

converteCampoParaCharacter(nomeCampo, base)

Arguments

nomeCampo the column name you want to convert

base the column having dataFrame, that you want to convert to String

Value

base dataFrame with a column converted to String

criaDadosPareados 13

Examples

```
\label{eq:convergence} $$ \mbox{measurement\_date} <- c(02/2009,02/2010,02/2011,02/2011) $$ plot <- c(1,2,3,4) $$ test <- data.frame(measurement\_date,plot) $$ converteCampoParaCharacter("measurement\_date",test) $$
```

criaDadosPareados

Create Date Paired

Description

paired a dataframe

Usage

```
criaDadosPareados(dataFrame, campoChave, campoComparacao, camposPareados,
  camposNaoPareados, progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dataFrame dataframe that you want to pair dataFrame must contain columns cod_id, ANO_MEDICAO1,

ANO_MEDICAO2, DAP1, DAP2, HT1, HT2, ID_PROJETO

campoChave character the column that will be paired

campoComparacao

character the field used to compare the period of change

camposPareados vector the fields that will be paired exemple CampoesPareados=c(dap,ht)

camposNaoPareados

the fields he wants to be present without the paired

progress if TRUE show a progress bar

Value

will be returned a dataframe containing columns cod_id, ANO_MEDICAO1, ANO_MEDICAO2, DAP1, DAP2, HT1, HT2, ID_PROJETO

14 criaModeloGenerico

criaModeloExclusivo Create Exc

Create Exclusive Model for a database

Description

this function returns a unique model is variable receive each mapeda variable ex .: criaModeloExclusivo (modeloCamposLeite, c ("age1", "age2", "bai1", "s"))

Usage

```
criaModeloExclusivo(modeloGenerico, variaveis, palpite = NULL)
```

Arguments

modeloGenerico model of pattern criaModeloGenerico

variaveis list of name fields (strings) in database and model, the order of variables matter

palpite string containing start values of function of regression

Value

will be returned a function with exclusive model

criaModeloGenerico Create function with generic model

Description

This function creates a generic model that will be a funcao that has parameters for the variables that can be mapped to each different base. her return will be a generic model that should be mapped to be used by the function avaliaEstimativas

Usage

```
criaModeloGenerico(nome, formula, funcaoRegressao, variaveis,
  palpite = NULL, maisParametros = NULL, requires = NULL)
```

Arguments

nome is the name of model

formula is the string formula begin with y2~y1

funcaoRegressao

is the function that will make the regression, ex.: 'nlsLM'

variaveis list variables that are present in the model that are field database

palpite param start of funcaoRegressao

maisParametros string add in funcaoRegressao, ex lm(y2~y1, data=base, maisParametros)

requires list of string of packges used to work with funcaoRegressao

defineClasses 15

Value

will be returned function with generic model to map to a base

defineClasses define Classes

Description

creates a list with the class interval of a frequency distribution

Usage

```
defineClasses(limiteMin, limiteMax, amplitude, decrescente = TRUE,
  getDataFrame = FALSE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

limiteMin the lowest list number

limiteMax the largest number in the list

amplitude List amplitude

decrescente order by true decreasing, false increasing

getDataFrame return a data.frame default false because old uses

verbose show status default false

defineClasses 2 define Classes 2

Description

creates a list with the class interval of a frequency distribution

Usage

```
defineClasses2(dados, amplitude)
```

Arguments

dados a vector of numbers

amplitude integer Class amplitude range

Examples

```
dados <- c(1,2,3,4)
defineClasses2(dados,2)</pre>
```

16 estatisticasBIAS

estatisticas

Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields observado and estimado

Usage

```
estatisticas(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned a list with data.frame with observado and estimado fields and other with statictes of model add

estatisticasBIAS

BIAS Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields bias

Usage

```
estatisticasBIAS(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame only for compatibility with other functions
```

Value

will be returned data.frame with bias

estatisticasBiasPERCENTUAL

percent BIAS Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields biasPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasBiasPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame with field bias

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with biasPERCENTUAL

estatisticasCE

CE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields

Usage

```
estatisticasCE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with CE

estatisticasCORR

Correlacion Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields corr

Usage

```
estatisticasCORR(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with corr field

```
estatisticasCorrPERCENTUAL
```

Percent Correlacion Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields corr_PERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasCorrPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

```
observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame with corr field only for compatibility with other functions
```

Value

will be returned data.frame with corr_PERCENTUAL field

estatisticasCV 19

estatisticasCV Co variance Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields cv

Usage

```
estatisticasCV(observado, estimado, ajuste = NULL,
   dfEstatisticas = NULL, baseDoAjuste = NULL, formulaDoAjuste = NULL,
   ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

dfEstatisticas a data.frame

baseDoAjuste data.frame optional

formulaDoAjuste

formula used in ajust

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with cv

```
estatisticasCvPERCENTUAL
```

Percent Co variance Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields cvPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasCvPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

```
observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame with cv field ... only for compatibility with other functions
```

20 estatisticasR2

Value

will be returned data.frame with cvPERCENTUAL

estatisticasMAE

MAE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields mae

Usage

```
estatisticasMAE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable

estimado list containing estimates of variable

dfEstatisticas a data.frame

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with mae

estatisticasR2

R2 Estatistics for linear models

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields r2

Usage

```
estatisticasR2(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL,
  ajuste = NULL, intercepto = TRUE, formulaDoAjuste = NULL,
  baseDoAjuste = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable

estimado list containing estimates of variable

dfEstatisticas a data.frame

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

intercepto intercepts?

formulaDoAjuste

formula used in ajust

baseDoAjuste data.frame optional

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with r2

estatisticasResiduoPERCENTUAL

Residuals Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing field residuoPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticas
Residuo<br/>PERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, df
Estatisticas = NULL,<br/> \dots)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame containing field residuo only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with percent Residuals field

22 estatisticasRMSE

estatisticasResiduos Residuals Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing field residuo

Usage

```
estatisticasResiduos(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with Residuals field

estatisticasRMSE RMSE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields rmse

Usage

```
estatisticasRMSE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame only for compatibility with other functions

7 1 7

Value

will be returned data.frame with RMSE calc

estatisticasRmsePERCENTUAL

percent RMSE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields rmsePERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasRmsePERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

```
observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame containing field rmse only for compatibility with other functions
```

Value

will be returned data.frame with rmse PERCENTUAL calc

estatisticasRRMSE RRMSE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields RRMSE

Usage

```
estatisticasRRMSE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
observado list containing the observations of variable estimado list containing estimates of variable dfEstatisticas a data.frame only for compatibility with other functions
```

Value

will be returned data.frame with rrmse

24 evalAgeBased

evalAgeBased	Evaluate Age Based
0.02.00000	Zitatiane 11ge Buseu

Description

This function evaluates the volume of past data frames based on the parameter 'listOfdata'

Usage

```
evalAgeBased(listOfdata, mapper = list(volume2 = "volume2", volume2est =
  "volume2est", dap2 = "dap2", dap2est = "dap2est", ht2 = "ht2", ht2est =
  "ht2est"), fnAvaliaEstimativas = avaliaEstimativas,
  paramEstatisticsDAP, paramEstatisticsHT, paramEstatisticsVolume,
  titulos = "paste(\"Idade\", idade)", ageER = "^.*_",
  nameModel = NULL)
```

Arguments

listOfdata the list that contains the data frames predicts mapper mapper from labels of fields volume, dap, ht fnAvaliaEstimativas funcion to evaluate dataframes of listOfdata paramEstatisticsDAP parameters to pass to function 'fnAvaliaEstimativas' paramEstatisticsHT analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP paramEstatisticsVolume analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP titulos customize titles of grafics regex used to discover age in names from dataframe in listOfdata ageER

name of model used to predict to generate listOfdata optional

Value

nameModel

will be returned a list of round ages

fator_bias 25

Description

The bias factor indicates the average of the observed values is above or below the equity line.

Usage

```
fator_bias(observados, estimados, n)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.
estimados vector of values estimated.
n the size of the vector of regression model data

Details

 $fator_bias = 10^{(sum(log(estimados/observados)/n))} \# @references see \verb|https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0165176599001949| for more details.$

geraModelo Generates function to work with a model

Description

this function generates unique model given: A formula and a guess (optional: name, funcaoRegressao, maisParametros, requires - proidido: custom)] or[A string saying how the return will be obtained eg custom = "lm (dap2 dap1 \sim * b 0)" (if the formula can not be passed just go empty, ex .: formula = "")]

Usage

```
geraModelo(nome = "modelo sem nome", formula,
  funcaoRegressao = "nlsLM", palpite = NULL, maisParametros = NULL,
  requires = NULL, customizado = NULL)
```

26 getAnoMedicao

Arguments

nome is the name of model

formula is the string formula begin with y2~y1

funcaoRegressao

is the function that will make the regression, ex.: 'nlsLM'

palpite param start of funcaoRegressao

maisParametros string add in funcaoRegressao, ex lm(y2~y1, data=base, maisParametros)

requires list of string of packges used to work with funcaoRegressao

customizado if you want to write as the return will be obtained report as a string

Value

will be returned a function with exclusive model

getAnoMedicao Get Year Measurement

Description

using column_name_measurement_date column in the form MM/YYYY creates a new column with the name "ANO_MEDICAO" in YYYY format

Usage

```
getAnoMedicao(dataFrame, column_name_measurement_date, column_name_plot)
```

Arguments

dataFrame that has the column DATE(MM/YYYY) and a ID column_name_plot

column_name_measurement_date

column with a date format

column_name_plot

a column of dataFrame, identification of plot (ID_plot)

Value

dataFrame dataframe that has columns column_name_measurement_date, column_name_plot, ANO_MEDICAO

Examples

```
column_name_measurement_date <- c("02/2009","02/2010","02/2011","02/2012")
column_name_plot <- c(1,2,3,4)
test <- data.frame(column_name_measurement_date,column_name_plot)
getAnoMedicao(test,"column_name_measurement_date","column_name_plot")</pre>
```

getBaseOfAjust 27

getBaseOfAjust get database Of Ajust

Description

this function returns the database used in the setting

Usage

```
getBaseOfAjust(ajuste)
```

Arguments

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

Value

will be returned a string which is the database of ajust

getClasses Get List of DAP Classes

Description

this function return a list of data.frame where each contains a number of dap classes according to reported basis

Usage

```
getClasses(base, amplitude, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

base the data.frame containing fields limiteMin, limiteMax of parcela and idadearred

amplitude it is amplitude of dap class

verbose use TRUE to show status of process

Value

list of data.frame

28 getColumnsOfBase

getColumnsOfAjust

get Columns used in Ajust

Description

this function returns an array with the column names that are on the model and reported basis or basis used in ajust

Usage

```
getColumnsOfAjust(ajuste, dfDados = NULL, excludeY1andY2 = T)
```

Arguments

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

dfDados data.frame optional

excludeY1andY2 delete Y1 and Y2 fields? del formula(y1~y2...)

Value

will be returned list of columns used in ajust

 ${\tt getColumnsOfBase}$

get Columns Of Base present in the string

Description

this function returns the columns of a base whose names are present in the string strColumns

Usage

```
getColumnsOfBase(base, strColumns)
```

Arguments

base data.frame

strColumns string containing name fields of the base

Value

will be returned list with fields whose name are present in the string

```
getFormulaExclusivaOfAjust
```

get Formula Exclusive Of Ajust

Description

this function returns the formula of the model used in ajust

Usage

```
getFormulaExclusivaOfAjust(ajuste)
```

Arguments

ajuste

is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

Value

will be returned a string which is the formula of ajust

```
getggplot2GraphicObservadoXEstimado
```

Get ggplot2 Grapic observed versus estimated

Description

this function displays/saves/returns a Graphical ggplot2 illustrating the difference between the observed and estimated

Usage

```
getggplot2GraphicObservadoXEstimado(titulo = "observadoXestimado",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", observado, estimado,
  identificadorIndividual = NULL, identificadorGrupal = NULL,
  showTestF = TRUE, TestFposition = 4,
  titleIdentificadorGrupal = NULL, save = NULL, labsX = "observado",
  labsy = "estimado", nomeParaExibir = NULL, environ = 1,
  extensao = ".png", ...)
```

Arguments

titulo is the title graphic nome name of file case save

observado list containing the observations of variable

estimado list containing estimates of variable

identificadorIndividual

list containing 'id' of individuals

identificadorGrupal

showTestF

list containing group of individuals draw results of test F in graphic?

TestFposition show one of the four corners of the graph clockwise

titleIdentificadorGrupal

title of Legend of the groups

save If you want to save enter the directory as a string

labsX label x label y

nomeParaExibir This is the name to display the graph as a function after the completion of this environ

environ environment in which the function to display the ggplot2 must be saved

extensao type of image that will be saved

... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned the graphical generated by ggplot2

 ${\tt getGraphicHistogram} \quad \textit{Get Histogram of Residuals absolute}$

Description

this function displays/saves a histogram graph illustrating the frequency of waste in classes

Usage

```
getGraphicHistogram(titulo = "residuos", nome = "observadoXestimado",
  estatisticas, save = NULL, vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

titulo is the title graphic nome name of file case save

estatisticas data.frame containing field 'residuo'

save If you want to save enter the directory as a string vetorial save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE) only for compatibility with other functions

```
getGraphicObservadoXEstimado
```

Get Graphic Observed X Estimated

Description

this function display/save a graphic scatter.smooth illustrating the difference between the observed and estimated

Usage

```
getGraphicObservadoXEstimado(titulo = "observadoXestimado",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", observado, estimado, showTestF = TRUE,
  save = NULL, labsX = "observado", labsy = "estimado",
  vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

titulo	is the title graphic
nome	name of file case save
observado	list containing the observations of variable
estimado	list containing estimates of variable
showTestF	draw results of test F in graphic?
save	If you want to save enter the directory as a string
labsX	label x
labsy	label y
vetorial	save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE)
	only for compatibility with other functions

getGraphicResiduoAbs Get Graphic Residuals absolute

Description

this function displays/saves a graph illustrating the distribution scatter.smooth of residues

Usage

```
getGraphicResiduoAbs(titulo = "residuo absoluto",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", strVariavelXResiduo = NULL,
  estatisticas, save = NULL, labsX = "observacao",
  labsy = "residuos", vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

titulo is the title graphic name of file case save

strVariavelXResiduo

list containing variable for compare with residuals

estatisticas data.frame containing field 'residuo'

save If you want to save enter the directory as a string

labsX label x labsy label y

vetorial save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE)
... only for compatibility with other functions

getGraphicResiduoPerc Get Graphic Residuals percent

Description

this function displays/saves a graph illustrating the distribution scatter.smooth of residues

Usage

```
getGraphicResiduoPerc(titulo = "Residuo Percentual (%)",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", strVariavelXResiduo = NULL,
  estatisticas, save = NULL, labsX = "observacao",
  labsy = "residuos", vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

titulo is the title graphic nome name of file case save

strVariavelXResiduo

estatisticas

list containing variable for compare with residuals data.frame containing field 'residuoPERCENTUAL'

save If you want to save enter the directory as a string

labsX label x label y

vetorial save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE)
... only for compatibility with other functions

getParametrosOfModel 33

getParametrosOfModel get Parametros Of Model

Description

this function retona columns the base of the parameter or setting present in the model

Usage

```
getParametrosOfModel(ajuste, base = NULL, formula = NULL)
```

Arguments

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

base optional data.frame whose fields name is present in formula

formula string containing name fields of the base

Value

will be returned list of columns used in ajust or in formula

ifrm *ifrm*

Description

if the object does not exist an error will not happen.

Usage

```
ifrm(obj, env = globalenv())
```

Arguments

obj the object that you want to remove

env The global environment

Examples

a = 5
ifrm(a)
ifrm(b)

34 listToDataFrame

isfinitedataframe

is finite data frame

Description

check if a data.frame has any non-finite elements

Usage

```
isfinitedataframe(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

any object

Value

```
TRUE if "x" is finite, FALSE if "x" is not finite
```

Examples

```
date <- c("02/2009","02/2010","02/2011","02/2012")

x <- c(1,2,3,4)

test <- data.frame(x,date)

isfinitedataframe(test)

isfinitedataframe(x)
```

listToDataFrame

List to DataFrame

Description

converts a list in a dataframe

Usage

```
listToDataFrame(dlist)
```

Arguments

dlist

a list

Examples

```
a <- 1:5
listToDataFrame(a)
b = listToDataFrame(a)</pre>
```

mae 35

mae

mean absolute error (mae)

Description

is a quantity used to measure how close forecasts or predictions are to the eventual outcomes. The mean absolute error is given by.

Usage

```
mae(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed. estimados vector of regression model data.

Details

```
mae = mean(abs(observados-estimados))
```

Value

Function that returns Mean Absolute Error

References

see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mean_absolute_error for more details.

mse

Mean squared error

Description

the MSE is the mean of the square of the errors, corresponding to the expected value of the squared error loss or quadratic loss. The difference occurs because of randomness or because the estimator doesn't account for information that could produce a more accurate estimate.

Usage

```
mse(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.
estimados vector of regression model data.
k the number of model parameters

36 predizer

Details

```
mse = (sum(estimados-observados)^2)/(length(observados)-k)
```

References

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mean_squared_error for more details.

mspr mspr

Description

average square of the prediction errors .

Usage

```
mspr(observados, estimados, nValidacao)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.

estimados vector of regression model data.

nValidacao number of cases in the validation data set.

References

JESUS, S. C.; MIURA, A. K. Analise de regressao linear multipla para estimativa do indice de vegetacao melhorado (EVI) a partir das bandas 3 4 e 5 do sensor TM/Landsat 5. In: SIMPOSIO BRASILEIRO DE SENSORIAMENTO REMOTO, 14. (SBSR), 2009, Natal. Anais... Sao Jose dos Campos: INPE, 2009. p. 1103-1110. DVD, On-line. ISBN 978-85-17-00044-7. (INPE-15901-PRE/10511)

predizer Predict

Description

this function is the replacement predict, she tries to predict if the return zero predict it calculates the prediction with the coefficients reported in the parameter setting

Usage

```
predizer(ajuste, newdata, force = FALSE, ...)
```

projectBaseOriented 37

Arguments

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM newdata dataframe where fields will be update force force the calculation without using predict?
... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned list of values predicts

projectBaseOriented Project Base Oriented

Description

this function build a list of dataframe with projects of ages between 'firstAge' and 'lastAge' params

Usage

```
projectBaseOriented(firstAge = NaN, lastAge = NaN, fitDAP, fitHT, base,
  mapper = list(age1 = "idadearred1", dap1 = "dap1", dap2 = "dap2", ht1 =
  "ht1", ht2 = "ht2"), calcVolume = calculaVolumeDefault,
  forcePredict = F)
```

Arguments

firstAge the first age to predict lastAge the last age to predict

fitDAP a fit get function inherit lm to DAP fitHT a fit get function inherit lm to HT

base data base

mapper the label used in fields to age, dap and ht

calcVolume function to calc volume

forcePredict force calc base coefficients or se predict()?

Value

will be returned a list of volume predict to ages in dataframe and/or param

38 R29a

R21a *R21a*

Description

To avoid any problems and confudion on the part of the data analyst, it seems a safe recommendation to use R21a consistently for any type of model with the appropriate a value, rather than ajusting any of the other

Usage

```
R21a(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed. estimados vector of values estimated.

k is the number of model parameters

Details

```
R21a <- 1-a*(1 - R21)
```

R29a R29a

Description

To avoid any problems and confusion on the part of the data analyst, it seems a safe recommendation to use R21a consistently for any type of model with the appropriate a value, rather than adjusting any of the other.

Usage

```
R29a(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed. estimados vector of values estimated.

k is the number of model parameters

Details

```
R29a <- 1-a*(1 - R29)
```

residuoPerc 39

residuoPerc

calculates residue percentage

Description

this function calculates the vector residue percentage.

Usage

```
residuoPerc(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed. estimados vector of values estimated.

Details

```
calculaPerc = ((valor)/mean(observados))*100
```

retornaValor

return value

Description

this feature is designed to fix variables that its content was a command

Usage

```
retornaValor(valor)
```

Arguments

valor

any variable

Value

the variable converted to its value

Examples

```
a = 5
retornaValor(a)
```

40 roundAge

rmse

Root Mean Square Error

Description

The root-mean-square error (RMSE) is a frequently used measure of the differences between values (sample and population values) predicted by a model or an estimator and the values actually observed.

Usage

```
rmse(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed. estimados vector of regression model data.

Details

```
rmse = sqrt(mean((observados - estimados)^2))
```

References

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Root-mean-square_deviation for more details.

roundAge

Round Ages

Description

this function approaching the age to the nearest age as an integer

Usage

```
roundAge(plots, ages, inYears = F, firstAge = NaN)
```

Arguments

plots is list of plots ages is list of age in Year?

firstAge synchronize begin of ages with an age? what age?

Value

will be returned a list of round ages

rrmse 41

rrmse	relative root mean square error

Description

relative root mean square error (RRMSE) is calculated by dividing the RMSE by the mean observed data

Usage

```
rrmse(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.

estimados vector of regression model data.

salvaModelo save function with Model

Description

save function with Model of type criaModeloGenerico or criaModeloExclusivo

Usage

```
salvaModelo(modelo, diretorio = "")
```

Arguments

modelo function with Model the save

directory directory to save the file, if not informed saved in the work directory

42 syx

Description

divides the dataFrame as the percentage defined in percTraining enabling apply and measure the performance of the regression equation.

Usage

```
separaDados(dataFrame, fieldName, percTraining = 0.7, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

dataFrame source of data

fieldName column of dataFrame that will be applied regression

percTraining percentage that will be reserved for training (default 0.70)

seed integer that determines how the sample is randomly chosen (default NULL)

syx Standard Error of Estimate

Description

Measures the variability, or scatter of the observed values around the regression line

Usage

```
syx(observados, estimados, n, p)
```

Arguments

observados vector of values observed.
estimados vector of values estimated.
n the amount of values observed
p the size of the vector of regression model data

syxPerc 43

syxPerc

Standard Error of Estimate Percentage

Description

Measures the variability, or scatter of the observed values around the regression line

Usage

```
syxPerc(syx, observados)
```

Arguments

syx result of the function syx(Standard Error of Estimate).

observados vector of values observed.

verificaTipoColuna

Check de type of Column

Description

this function returns the type of a column of a dataFrame, if it is numeric or character.

Usage

```
verificaTipoColuna(coluna)
```

Arguments

coluna column of dataframe

Examples

```
ID_REGIAO <- c(1,2,3,4)
CD_PLANTIO <- c("ACD","CDB","CDC","CDD")
test <- data.frame(ID_REGIAO,CD_PLANTIO)
verificaTipoColuna(test$ID_REGIAO)</pre>
```

44 whichmedian

whichmedian

whichmedian

Description

vector position that has its closest median value

Usage

```
whichmedian(x)
```

Arguments

X

a vector of numbers

Value

vector position that has its closest median value

Examples

```
dados <- c(1,2,3,4,9,5,6)
whichmedian(dados)</pre>
```

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