# Package 'SIT'

## October 16, 2024

Title Association Measurement Through Sliced Independence Test (SIT)
Version 0.1.1
<b>Description</b> Computes the sit coefficient between two vectors x and y, possibly all paired coefficients for a matrix. The reference for the methods implemented here is Zhang, Yilin, Canyi Chen, and Liping Zhu. 2022. ``Sliced Independence Test." Statistica Sinica. <doi:10.5705 ss.202021.0203="">.  This package incorporates the Galton peas example.</doi:10.5705>
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blocksum

Compute the block-wise sum of a vector.

## Description

Compute the block-wise sum of a vector.

## Usage

```
blocksum(r, c)
```

#### **Arguments**

r An integer vector

c The number of observations in each block

#### Value

The function returns the block sum of the vector.

 ${\tt calculateSIT}$ 

Compute the cross rank coefficient sit on two vectors.

## Description

This function computes the sit coefficient between two vectors x and y.

## Usage

```
calculateSIT(x, y, c = 2)
```

## Arguments

x Vector of numeric values in the first coordinate.

y Vector of numeric values in the second coordinate.

c The number of observations in each slice.

## Value

The function returns the value of the sit coefficient.

## Note

Auxiliary function with no checks for NA, etc.

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#### Author(s)

Yilin Zhang, Canyi Chen & Liping Zhu

#### References

Zhang Y., Chen C., & Zhu L. (2021). Sliced Independence Test. Statistica Sinica. https://doi.org/10.5705/ss.202021.0203.

#### See Also

sitcor

#### **Examples**

```
# Compute one of the coefficients
library("psychTools")
data(peas)
calculateSIT(peas$parent,peas$child)
calculateSIT(peas$child,peas$parent)
```

sitcor

Conduct the sliced independence test.

## **Description**

This function computes the sit coefficient between two vectors x and y, possibly all paired coefficients for a matrix.

## Usage

```
sitcor(
    x,
    y = NULL,
    c = 2,
    pvalue = FALSE,
    ties = FALSE,
    method = "asymptotic",
    nperm = 199,
    factor = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

x Vector of numeric values in the first coordinate.

y Vector of numeric values in the second coordinate.

The number of observations in each slice.

pvalue Whether or not to return the p-value of rejecting independence, if TRUE the

function also returns the standard deviation of sit.

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ties Do we need to handle ties? If ties=TRUE the algorithm assumes that the data

has ties and employs the more elaborated theory for calculating s.d. and P-value. Otherwise, it uses the simpler theory. There is no harm in putting ties = TRUE

even if there are no ties.

method If method = "asymptotic" the function returns P-values computed by the asymp-

totic theory (not available in the presence of ties). If method = "permutation", a permutation test with nperm permutations is employed to estimate the P-value. Usually, there is no need for the permutation test. The asymptotic theory is good

enough.

nperm In the case of a permutation test, nperm is the number of permutations to do.

factor Whether to transform integers into factors, the default is to leave them alone.

#### Value

In the case pvalue=FALSE, function returns the value of the sit coefficient, if the input is a matrix, a matrix of coefficients is returned. In the case pvalue=TRUE is chosen, the function returns a list:

sitcor The value of the sit coefficient.

sd The standard deviation.

pval The test p-value.

#### Author(s)

Yilin Zhang, Canyi Chen & Liping Zhu

#### References

Zhang Y., Chen C., & Zhu L. (2022). Sliced Independence Test. Statistica Sinica. https://doi.org/10.5705/ss.202021.0203.

## **Examples**

```
##---- Should be DIRECTLY executable !! ----
library("psychTools")
data(peas)
# Visualize
                  the peas data
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(peas,aes(parent,child)) +
geom_count() + scale_radius(range=c(0,5)) +
       xlim(c(13.5,24))+ylim(c(13.5,24))+
                                                 coord_fixed() +
       theme(legend.position="bottom")
# Compute one of the coefficients
sitcor(peas$parent,peas$child, c = 4, pvalue=TRUE)
sitcor(peas$child,peas$parent, c = 4)
# Compute all the coefficients
sitcor(peas, c = 4)
```

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