# Package 'MissCP'

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Type Package
Title Change Point Detection with Missing Values
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<b>Description</b> A four step change point detection method that can detect break points with the presence of missing values proposed by Liu and Safikhani (2023) <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1a8sV3RJ8VofLWikTDTQ7W4XJ76cEj4Fg/view?usp=drive_link">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1a8sV3RJ8VofLWikTDTQ7W4XJ76cEj4Fg/view?usp=drive_link</a> .
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```

#### Description

BIC and HBIC function

#### Usage

```
BIC(residual, phi)
```

#### Arguments

residual matrix
phi estimated coefficient matrix of the model

#### Value

A list object, which contains the followings

**BIC** BIC value **HBIC** HBIC value

BIC\_threshold

BIC\_threshold

#### Description

BIC threshold for final parameter estimation

#### Usage

```
BIC_threshold(
  beta.final,
  k,
  m.hat,
  brk,
  data_y,
  data_x = NULL,
  b_n = 2,
  nlam = 20
)
```

BTIE 3

#### **Arguments**

beta.final	estimated parameter coefficient matrices
k	dimensions of parameter coefficient matrices
m.hat	number of estimated change points
brk	vector of estimated change points
data_y	input data matrix (response), with each column representing the time series component
data_x	input data matrix (predictor), with each column 1
b_n	the block size
nlam	number of hyperparameters for grid search

#### Value

lambda.val.best, the tuning parameter lambda selected by BIC.

BTIE BTIE

#### Description

Perform the BTIE algorithm to detect the structural breaks in large scale high-dimensional mean shift models.

#### Usage

```
BTIE(
   data_y,
   lambda.1.cv = NULL,
   lambda.2.cv = NULL,
   max.iteration = 100,
   tol = 10^(-2),
   block.size = NULL,
   refit = FALSE,
   optimal.block = TRUE,
   optimal.gamma.val = 1.5,
   block.range = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input data matrix (response), with each column representing the time series component

lambda.1.cv tuning parmaeter lambda\_1 for fused lasso

tuning parmaeter lambda\_2 for fused lasso

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max.iteration max number of iteration for the fused lasso

tol tolerance for the fused lasso

block.size the block size

refit logical; if TRUE, refit the model, if FALSE, use BIC to find a thresholding value

and then output the parameter estimates without refitting. Default is FALSE.

optimal.block logical; if TRUE, grid search to find optimal block size, if FALSE, directly use

the default block size. Default is TRUE.

optimal.gamma.val

hyperparameter for optimal block size, if optimal.blocks == TRUE. Default is

1.5.

block.range the search domain for optimal block size.

#### Value

A list object, which contains the followings

#### **Examples**

```
set.seed(1)
n <- 1000;
p <- 50;
brk <- c(333, 666, n+1)
m <- length(brk)
d <- 5
constant.full <- constant_generation(n, p, d, 50, brk)
e.sigma <- as.matrix(1*diag(p))
data_y <- data_generation(n = n, mu = constant.full, sigma = e.sigma, brk = brk)
data_y <- as.matrix(data_y, ncol = p.y)
data_y_miss <- MCAR(data_y, 0.3)
temp <- BTIE(data_y_miss, optimal.block = FALSE, block.size = 30)
temp$cp.final</pre>
```

constant\_generation constant\_generation

#### **Description**

function to generate constant given jump size and break points

#### Usage

```
constant_generation(n, p, d, vns, brk)
```

data\_generation 5

## Arguments

n	the sample size
p	the data dimension
d	the number of nonzero coeddficients
vns	the jump size. It can be a vector or a single value. If single value, it is same for all break points
brk	the break points' locations

#### Value

the parameter matrix used to generate data

n	
---	--

## Description

The function to generate mean shift data

## Usage

```
data\_generation(n, mu, sigma, brk = n + 1)
```

## Arguments

n	the number of data points
mu	the matrix of mean parameter
sigma	covariance matrix of the white noise
brk	vector of change points

#### Value

data\_y matrix of generated mean shift data

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first.step first.step

#### **Description**

Perform the block fused lasso with thresholding to detect candidate break points.

#### Usage

```
first.step(
  data_y,
  data_x,
  lambda1,
  lambda2,
  max.iteration = max.iteration,
  tol = tol,
  blocks,
  cv.index,
  fixed_index = NULL,
  nonfixed_index = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

data\_y input data matrix Y, with each column representing the time series component

data\_x input data matrix X

lambda1 tuning parmaeter lambda\_1 for fused lasso lambda2 tuning parmaeter lambda\_2 for fused lasso max.iteration max number of iteration for the fused lasso

tol tolerance for the fused lasso

blocks the blocks

cv.index the index of time points for cross-validation

fixed\_index index for linear regression model with only partial components change. nonfixed\_index index for linear regression model with only partial components change.

#### Value

A list object, which contains the followings

jump.12 estimated jump size in L2 normjump.11 estimated jump size in L1 normpts.list estimated change points in the first stepbeta.full estimated parameters in the first step

Heter\_missing 7

Heter\_missing

Heter\_missing

#### Description

function to do the missing assuming the missing completely at random

#### Usage

```
Heter_missing(data, alpha)
```

#### **Arguments**

data data before the missing case

alpha the list of percentage of missing compared to whole data

#### Value

the data matrix with missing values

imputation

imputation

#### Description

function to do the imputation based on block size

#### Usage

```
imputation(data, block.size)
```

#### **Arguments**

data data before the imputation

block.size the block size that are used to impute the missing

#### Value

the data matrix without missing values after imputation

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imputation2

imputation2

#### **Description**

function to do the imputation based on change point candidate

#### Usage

```
imputation2(data, cp.candidate)
```

#### Arguments

data data before the imputation

cp. candidate the change point candidate that are used to impute the missing

#### Value

the data matrix without missing values after imputation

MCAR MCAR

#### Description

function to do the missing assuming the missing completely at random

#### Usage

```
MCAR(data, alpha)
```

#### Arguments

data data before the missing case

alpha the percentage of missing compared to whole data

#### Value

the data matrix with missing values

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pred	pred	

## Description

function to do the prediction

## Usage

```
pred(X, phi, j, p.x, p.y, h = 1)
```

## Arguments

Χ	data for prediction
phi	parameter matrix
j	the start time point for prediction
p.x	the dimension of data X
p.y	the dimension of data Y
h	the length of observation to predict

#### Value

prediction matrix

pred.block	pred.block	

## Description

Prediction function (block)

## Usage

```
pred.block(X, phi, j, p.x, p.y, h)
```

## Arguments

Χ	data for prediction
phi	parameter matrix
j	the start time point for prediction
p.x	the dimension of data X
p.y	the dimension of data Y
h	the length of observation to predict

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#### Value

prediction matrix

second.step

second.step

#### **Description**

Reimputate the missing values and perform the exhaustive search to "thin out" redundant break points.

#### Usage

```
second.step(
  data_y,
  data_x,
  max.iteration = max.iteration,
  tol = tol,
  cp.first,
  beta.est,
  blocks,
  data_y_miss
)
```

#### **Arguments**

data\_y input data matrix, with each column representing the time series component

data\_x input data matrix

max.iteration max number of iteration for the fused lasso

tol tolerance for the fused lasso

cp.first the selected break points after the first step beta.est the estiamted parameters by block fused lasso

blocks the blocks

data\_y\_miss the data y matrix before the first imputation

#### Value

A list object, which contains the followings

**cp.final** a set of selected break point after the exhaustive search step **beta.hat.list** the estimated coefficient matrix for each segmentation

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