

Package ‘cpp4r’

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Title Header-Only 'C++' and 'R' Interface

Version 0.3.0

Description

Provides a header only, 'C++' interface to 'R' with enhancements over 'cpp11'. Enforces copy-on-write semantics consistent with 'R' behavior. Offers native support for ALTREP objects, 'UTF-8' string handling, modern 'C++11' features and idioms, and reduced memory requirements. Allows for vendoring, making it useful for restricted environments. Compared to 'cpp11', it adds support for converting 'C++' maps to 'R' lists, 'Roxygen' documentation directly in 'C++' code, proper handling of matrix attributes, support for nullable external pointers, bidirectional copy of complex number types, flexibility in type conversions, use of nullable pointers, and various performance optimizations.

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URL <https://cpp4r.org>, <https://github.com/pachadotdev/cpp4r>

BugReports <https://github.com/pachadotdev/cpp4r/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports brio, cli, decor, desc, glue, tibble, tools, utils, vctrs,
withr

Suggests mockery, roxygen2, testthat (>= 3.2.0)

Config/Needs/cpp4r/register brio, cli, decor, desc, glue, tibble,
vctrs

Config/testthat/edition 3

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

NeedsCompilation no

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pkg_template	<i>Start a new project with the cpp4r package template</i>
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Description

Start a new project with the cpp4r package template

Usage

```
pkg_template(path = NULL, pkgname = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	Path to the new project
pkgname	Name of the new package

Value

The file path to the copied template (invisibly).

Examples

```
# create a new directory
dir <- tempdir()
dir.create(dir)

# copy the package template into the directory
pkg_template(dir, "mynewpkg")
```

register

Generates wrappers for registered C++ functions

Description

Functions decorated with `[[cpp4r::register]]` in files ending in `.cc`, `.cpp`, `.h` or `.hpp` will be wrapped in generated code and registered to be called from R.

Usage

```
register(path = NULL, quiet = !is_interactive(), extension = c(".cpp", ".cc"))
```

Arguments

<code>path</code>	The path to the package root directory. The default is <code>NULL</code> ,
<code>quiet</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> suppresses output from this function
<code>extension</code>	The file extension to use for the generated <code>src/cpp4r</code> file. <code>.cpp</code> by default, but <code>.cc</code> is also supported.

Details

Note registered functions will not be *exported* from your package unless you also add a `@export roxygen2` directive for them.

In order to use `register()` the `cli`, `decor`, `desc`, `glue`, `tibble` and `vctrs` packages must also be installed.

Value

The paths to the generated R and C++ source files (in that order).

Examples

```
# create a minimal package
dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(dir)

writeLines("Package: testPkg", file.path(dir, "DESCRIPTION"))
writeLines("useDynLib(testPkg, .registration = TRUE)", file.path(dir, "NAMESPACE"))

# create a C++ file with a decorated function
dir.create(file.path(dir, "src"))
writeLines("[[cpp4r::register]] int one() { return 1; }", file.path(dir, "src", "one.cpp"))

# register the functions in the package
register(dir)

# Files generated by registration
file.exists(file.path(dir, "R", "cpp4r.R"))
```

```
file.exists(file.path(dir, "src", "cpp4r.cpp"))

# cleanup
unlink(dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

unvendor

Unvendor the cpp4r headers

Description

This function removes the vendored cpp4r headers from your package by automatically finding the vendored headers.

Usage

```
unvendor(path = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	The directory with the vendored headers. It is recommended to use <code>"./src/vendor"</code> . The default is <code>NULL</code> .
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Value

The path to the unvendored code (invisibly).

Examples

```
# create a new directory
dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(dir)

# vendor the cpp4r headers into the directory
vendor(dir)

# unvendor the cpp4r headers from the directory
unvendor(dir)

# cleanup
unlink(dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

vendor

Vendor the cpp4r headers

Description

Vendoring is the act of making your own copy of the 3rd party packages your project is using. It is often used in the go language community.

Usage

```
vendor(path = "./src/vendor")
```

Arguments

path	The directory to vendor the headers into
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Details

This function vendors cpp4r into your package by copying the cpp4r headers into the inst/include folder of your package and adding 'cpp4r version: XYZ' to the top of the files, where XYZ is the version of cpp4r currently installed on your machine.

Note: vendoring places the responsibility of updating the code on **you**. Bugfixes and new features in cpp4r will not be available for your code until you run `cpp_vendor()` again.

Value

The path to the vendored code (invisibly).

Examples

```
# create a new directory
dir <- paste0(tempdir(), "/", gsub("\\s+|[:punct:]", "", Sys.time()))
dir.create(dir, recursive = TRUE)

# vendor the cpp4r headers into the directory
vendor(dir)

list.files(file.path(dir, "src", "vendor"))

# cleanup
unlink(dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

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