# Package 'lqmix'

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### Description

The lqmix package allows for the estimation of finite mixtures of linear quantile regression models based on Time-Constant (TC) and/or Time-Varying (TV), discrete, random coefficients for the analysis of longitudinal data

#### **Details**

lqmix is an R package devoted to the estimation of a class of linear quantile regression models for longitudinal data, in the presence of Time-Constant (TC) and/or Time-Varying (TV), unit-specific, random coefficients, having unspecific distribution. The parameters of this distribution, together with all the others characterizing the model, are estimated in a maximum likelihood framework, via an extended Expectation-Maximization algorithm. This approach leads to the estimation of discrete distributions for the random coefficients, which give rise to a likelihood function similar to that of standard finite mixture models (in the case of TC random coefficients only), hidden Markov models (in the case of TV random coefficients only), or mixed hidden Markov models with discrete effects (in the case of both TC and TV random coefficients).

Parameters' standard errors are estimated via a block-bootstrap procedure, while model selection is performed by either maximizing the log-likelihood function, or minimizing the Akaike Information Criterion or the Bayesian Information Criterion.

Missing data are allowed and treated under a Missing at Random assumption.

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#### References

Alfo' M, Salvati N, Ranalli MG (2017). "Finite Mixtures of Quantiles and M-quantile models." *Statistics and Computing*, **27**, 547-570.

Aitkin M (1996). "A general maximum likelihood analysis of overdispersion in generalized linear models." *Statistics and Computing*, **6**, 251-262.

Aitkin M (1999). "A general maximum likelihood analysis of variance components in generalized linear models." *Biometrics*, **55**, 117–128.

Farcomeni A (2012). "Quantile regression for longitudinal data based on latent Markov subject-specific parameters." *Statistics and Computing*, **22**.

Bartolucci F, Farcomeni A, Pennoni F (2012). *Latent Markov models for longitudinal data*. Taylor & Francis.

Zucchini W, MacDonald IL, Langrock R (2017). *Hidden Markov models for time series*, Monographs on Statistics and Applied Probability. Chapman and Hall/CRC.

Marino MF, Tzavidis N, Alfo' M (2018). "Mixed hidden Markov quantile regression models for longitudinal data with possibly incomplete sequences." *Statistical Methods in Medical Research*, **27**, 2231-2246.

Altman RJ (2007). "Mixed hidden Markov models: an extension of the hidden Markov model to the longitudinal data setting." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **102**, 201–210.

Maruotti A (2011). "Mixed Hidden Markov Models for Longitudinal Data: An Overview." *International Statistical Review*, **79**. ISSN 1751-5823.

cd4 *CD4 Data* 

#### **Description**

The cd4 data frame is made by a total of 2376 rows and 8 columns providing information on CD4 cell counts of 369 subjects followed for a maximum of 12 measurement occasions.

#### Usage

data(cd4)

4 coef.lqmix

#### **Format**

A data frame with 2376 observations on the following 8 variables:

```
sbj.id subject id
time.id time id
count CD4 count
lcount log(CD4 count + 1)
time years since seroconversion
age age (yrs) centered around 30
packs packs of cigarettes per day
partners number of sexual partners
drugs recreational drug use indicator
cesd depression score
```

#### **Details**

Multi-center AIDS Cohort Study providing a total of 2376 CD4+ cell counts of 369 HIV-infected men covering a period of approximately eight and half years. The number of measurements for each individual varies from 1 to 12. The CD4+ cell data are highly unbalanced.

#### References

Zeger, Scott L., and Peter J. Diggle. "Semiparametric models for longitudinal data with application to CD4 cell numbers in HIV seroconverters." Biometrics (1994): 689-699.

coef.lqmix

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of an lqmix object

### **Description**

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of a fitted model of class lgmix

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
coef(object, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
object an lqmix object ... not used
```

#### Value

Return the estimated fixed coefficients obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of class lqmix

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coef.lqr

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of an lqr object

### Description

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of a fitted model of class lqr

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
coef(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

```
object an lqmix object ... not used
```

#### Value

Return the estimated coefficients obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of class lqr

coef.search\_lqmix

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of the optimal model stored in a search\_lqmix object

### **Description**

Print the estimated fixed coefficients of the optimal fitted model stored in an object of class search\_lqmix

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
coef(object, ...)
```

#### Arguments

```
object an lqmix object ... not used
```

#### Value

Return the estimated fixed coefficients obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for the optimal model stored in an object of class search\_lqmix

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dal

Density of the Asymmetric Laplace distribution

### **Description**

Compute the density for the three parameter Asymmetric Laplace Distribution

#### Usage

$$dal(y, mu = 0, sigma = 1, qtl = 0.5, log = FALSE)$$

### **Arguments**

У	vector of quantiles
mu	location parameter
sigma	scale parameter
qtl	skewness parameter
log	logical; if TRUE, probabilities are log-transformed

### **Details**

The function computes the density of the Asymmetric Laplace distribution, with location  $\mu$ , scale  $\sigma > 0$  and skewness qtl = q in (0,1), as discussed by Koenker and Machado (1999) and Yu and Moyeed (2001), according to the following expression

$$f(y|\mu,\sigma,q) = \frac{q(1-q)}{\sigma} \exp(-\rho_q(\frac{y-\mu}{\sigma}))$$

#### Value

Return the density for the asymmetric Laplace distribution

#### References

Koenker R, Machado JAF (1999). "Goodness of fit and related inference processes for quantile regression." *Journal of the american statistical association*, **94**, 1296–1310.

Yu K, Moyeed RA (2001). "Bayesian quantile regression." *Statistics & Probability Letters*, **54**, 437–447.

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logLik.lqmix

Print the log-likelihood of an lqmix object

### Description

Print the log-likelihood of a fitted model of class lqmix

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
logLik(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

```
object an lqmix object ... not used
```

#### Value

Return an object of class logLik providing the log-likelihood value at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of class lqmix

logLik.lqr

Print the log-likelihood of an lqr object

### **Description**

Print the log-likelihood of a fitted model of class lqr

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
logLik(object, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
object an lqr object ... not used
```

### Value

Return an object of class logLik providing the log-likelihood for a fitted model of class lqr

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### **Description**

Print the log-likelihood of an optimal fitted model stored in an object of class search\_lqmix

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
logLik(object, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
object an lqmix object ... not used
```

#### Value

Return an object of class logLik providing the log-likelihood value at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of class lqmix

```
lqmix Linear Quantile Mixture with TC and/or TV, discrete, random coefficients
```

### Description

Estimate a finite mixture of linear quantile regression models with TC and/or TV, discrete, random coefficients, for a given number of components and/or states

#### Usage

```
lqmix(formula, randomTC = NULL, randomTV = NULL, group, time, G = NULL,
    m = NULL, data, qtl = 0.5, eps = 10^-5, maxit = 1000, se = TRUE,
    R = 50, start = 0, parInit = list(betaf = NULL, betarTC = NULL, betarTV
    = NULL, pg = NULL, delta = NULL, Gamma = NULL, scale = NULL),
    verbose = TRUE, seed = NULL, parallel = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
randomTC	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim$ z1+z2++zr, where z1,, zr denote the variables associated to TC random coefficients (1 for the intercept)
randomTV	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim$ w1+w2++w1, where w1,, w1 denote the variables associated to TV random coefficients (1 for the intercept). Note that only TC variables are allowed
group	a string indicating the grouping variable, i.e., the factor identifying the unit longitudinal measurements refer to
time	a string indicating the time variable
G	number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients
m	number of states associated to the TV random coefficients
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula, randomTC, randomTV, and time $$
qtl	quantile to be estimated
eps	tolerance level for (relative) convergence of the EM algorithm
maxit	maximum number of iterations for the EM algorithm
se	standard error computation for the optimal model
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
start	type of starting values (0 = deterministic, 1 = random, 2 = initial values in input)
parInit	list of initial model parameters when start=2. For a list of
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
seed	an integer value for random numbers generation
parallel	if set to TRUE, a parallelized code is use for standard error computation (if se=TRUE)

### **Details**

The function computes ML estimates for the parameters of a linear quantile mixture model, based on TC and/or TV random coefficients. Estimates are derived by maximizing the (log-)likelihood of a Laplace regression where the location parameter is modeled as a function of fixed coefficients, together with TC and/or TV discrete random coefficients, as proposed by Alfo' et. al (2017), Farcomeni (2012), and Marino et. al (2018), respectively.

The function requires data in long-format and two additional columns indicating the group identifier and the time occasion. The model is specified by means of the arguments formula, formulaTC, and formulaTV: formula is associated to fixed coefficients; formulaTC is associated to TC random coefficients; formulaTV is associated to TV random coefficients. In this latter, only TC variables (predictors) are allowed.

The function admits the presence of missing data, both in terms of drop-outs (monotone missing data) and intermittent missing, under a missing-at-random assumption. Note that, when TV random coefficients are considered, intermittent missingness may cause biased inference.

If se=TRUE, standard errors based on a block bootstrap procedure are computed.

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#### Value

Return an object of class lqmix. This is a list containing the following elements:

betaf a vector containing fixed regression coefficients

betarTC a matrix containing the TC random coefficients, if present in the model betarTV a matrix containing the TV random coefficients, if present in the model

pg the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients,

if present in the model

delta the initial probability vector of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV ran-

dom coefficients, if present in the model

Gamma the transition probability matrix of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV

random coefficients, if present in the model

scale the scale parameter

sigma.e the standard deviation of error terms

1k the log-likelihood at convergence of the EM algorithm

npar the total number of model parameters

aic the AIC value bic the BIC value

qt1 the estimated quantile

G the number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if

present)

m the number of hidden states associated to TV random coefficients (if present)

nsbjs the number of subjects

nobs the total number of observations

se.betaf the standard errors for fixed regression coefficients

se.betarTC the standard errors for TC random coefficients (if present)
se.betarTV the standard errors for TV random coefficients (if present)

se. Mprob the standard errors for the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to

TC random coefficients (if present)

se.Init the standard errors for the initial probabilities of the hidden Markov chain asso-

ciated to TV random coefficients(if present)

se. Trans the standard errors for the transition probabilities of the hidden Markov chain

associated to TV random coefficients (if present)

se.scale the standard error for the scale parameter

miss the missingness type
model the estimated model
call the matched call

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#### References

Marino MF, Tzavidis N, Alfo' M (2018). "Mixed hidden Markov quantile regression models for longitudinal data with possibly incomplete sequences." *Statistical Methods in Medical Research*, **27**, 2231-2246.

Altman RJ (2007). "Mixed hidden Markov models: an extension of the hidden Markov model to the longitudinal data setting." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **102**, 201–210.

Maruotti A (2011). "Mixed Hidden Markov Models for Longitudinal Data: An Overview." *International Statistical Review*, **79**. ISSN 1751-5823.

### Examples

lqr

Linear Quantile Regression

### Description

Estimate a linear quantile regression model with no random coefficients

### Usage

```
lqr(formula, data, qtl = 0.5, se = TRUE, R = 50, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula and time
qtl	quantile to be estimated
se	standard error computation
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
	further arguments to be passed to or from methods

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#### **Details**

The function computes ML estimates for the parameters of a linear quantile regression model for independent observations. Estimates are derived by maximizing the (log-)likelihood of a Laplace regression, where the location parameter is modeled as a function of fixed coefficients only.

If se=TRUE, standard errors based on a bootstrap procedure are computed.

#### Value

Return an object of class lqr. This is a list containing the following elements:

betaf a vector containing fixed regression coefficients

scale the scale parameter

sigma.e the standard deviation of error terms

1k the log-likelihood

npar the total number of model parameters

AIC the AIC value BIC the BIC value

qt1 the estimated quantile

nobs the total number of observations

se.betaf the standard errors for fixed regression coefficients

se.scale the standard error for the scale parameter

model the estimated model call the matched call

### References

Geraci M, Bottai M (2007). "Quantile regression for longitudinal data using the asymmetric Laplace distribution." *Biostatistics*, **8**, 140-54.

#### **Examples**

```
out0 = lqr(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,data=pain,se=TRUE,R=10)
```

pain	Pain Data	

#### **Description**

The pain data frame is made by a total of 357 rows and 4 columns providing information on pain of 83 women in labor followed for a maximum of 6 measurement occasions

#### Usage

```
data(pain)
```

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#### **Format**

A data frame with 357 observations on the following 5 variables:

id woman id

meas a numeric vector of self-reported pain scores on a 100mm line

trt a dummy variable with values 1 for subjects who received a pain medication and 0 for subjects who received a placebo

time a numeric vector of times (minutes since randomization) at which pain was measured

#### **Details**

The data set consists of repeated measurements of self-reported pain on n = 83 women. 43 women were randomly assigned to a pain medication group and 40 to a placebo group. The response was measured every 30 minutes on a 100-mm line: 0 means no pain and 100 means extreme pain. The number of measurements for each woman varies from 1 to 6. Data are severely skewed, and the skewness changes magnitude, and even sign, over time.

#### References

Davis, Charles S. "Semi-parametric and non-parametric methods for the analysis of repeated measurements with applications to clinical trials." Statistics in medicine 10.12 (1991): 1959-1980.

plot.lqmix

Plots for lqmix objects

### **Description**

Graphically display component and/or transition probabilities of a fitted model of class lqmix

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
plot(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x an object of class search\_lqmix

... not used

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plot.search\_lqmix

Plots for search\_lqmix objects

### **Description**

Graphically display model selection criteria and component and/or transition probabilities of the optimal fitted model of class search\_lqmix

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
plot(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x an object of class search\_lqmix

... not used

print.lqmix

Print an lqmix object

### Description

Print an object of class lqmix

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

### **Arguments**

x an lqmix object

digits a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits

to be printed

... not used

### Value

Return an 1qmix object

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print.lqr

Print an 1qr object

### **Description**

Print an object of class lqr

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

### Arguments

x an lqr object

digits a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits

to be printed

... not used

#### Value

Return an 1qr object

print.search\_lqmix

Print a search\_lqmix object

### Description

Print an object of class search\_lqmix

### Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3),
    ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x a search\_lqmix object

digits a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits

to be printed

... not used

### Value

Return a search\_lqmix object

print.summary.lqr

```
print.summary.lqmix Print the Summary of an lqmix object
```

### **Description**

Print the summary of an object of class lqmix

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.lqmix'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3),
    ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
x a summary of an lqmix object
digits a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits
to be printed
... not used
```

### Value

Return a summary of an lqmix object

### **Description**

Print the summary of an an object of class lqr

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.lqr'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x a summary of an lqr object
digits a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits
to be printed
... not used
```

#### Value

Return a summary of an 1qr object

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search_lqmix	Search the Global Maximum of a Linear Quantile Mixture

### **Description**

Search the global maximum of the log-likelihood function for a finite mixture of linear quantile regression models with TC and/or TV, discrete, random coefficients, for varying number of components and/or states

### Usage

```
search_lqmix(formula, randomTC = NULL, randomTV = NULL, group, time,
  Gv = NULL, mv = NULL, data, method = "bic", nran = 0, qtl = 0.5,
  eps = 10^-5, maxit = 1000, se = TRUE, R = 50, verbose = TRUE,
  seed = NULL, parallel = FALSE)
```

### **Arguments**

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
randomTC	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim$ z1+z2++zr, where z1,, zr denote the variables associated to TC random coefficients (1 for the intercept)
randomTV	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim$ w1+w2++w1, where w1,, w1 denote the variables associated to TV random coefficients (1 for the intercept). Note that only TC variables are allowed
group	a string indicating the grouping variable, i.e., the factor identifying the unit longitudinal measurements refer to
time	a string indicating the time variable
Gv	vector of possible number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if present)
mv	vector of possible number of states associated to the TV random coefficients (if present)
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula, randomTC, randomTV, and time $$
method	method to use for selecting the optimal model. Possible values are "lk", "aic", or "bic"
nran	number of repetitions of each random initialization
qtl	quantile to be estimated
eps	tolerance level for (relative) convergence of the EM algorithm
maxit	maximum number of iterations for the EM algorithm
se	standard error computation for the optimal model
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
seed	an integer value for random numbers generation
parallel	if set to TRUE, a parallelized code is use for standard error computation (if $se=TRUE$ )

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#### **Details**

The function allows to identify the optimal model specification in terms of number of mixture components and/or hidden states associated to TC and/or TV random coefficients, respectively. This is done by considering a multi-start strategy based on both deterministic and random starting points. The number or random tries is proportional to the number of mixture components and/or hidden states associated to the random coefficients in the model.

If method="lk", the optimal model selected by the function is that providing the highest log-likelihood value; if method="AIC", (method="BIC", respectively), the optimal model selected by the function is that providing the lowest AIC (BIC, respectively) value.

If se=TRUE, standard errors based on a block bootstrap procedure are computed for the identified optimal model.

#### Value

Return an object of class search\_lqmix. This is a list containing the following elements:

optimal	the identified optimal model
allmodels	the output of each estimated model
lkv	the vector of likelihood values for each estimated model
aicv	the vector of AIC values for each estimated model
bicv	the vector of BIC values for each estimated model
qtl	the estimated quantile
mv	the vector of possible number of states associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
Gv	the vector of possible number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if present)
method	the method used to select the optimal model
call	the matched call

#### **Examples**

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summary.lqmix	Summary of	an lqmix Object
Janimar y . I qui I x	Summer y Oj	an iquita object

### Description

Summary method for the class lqmix

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
summary(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

. . .

G

object an lqmix object

not used

present)

## Value

Return an object of class summary.lqmix. This is a list of summary statistics for the fitted linear quantile mixture model given in object, with the following elements:

quantile mixture model given in object, with the following elements:					
fix	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the fixed regression coefficients				
ranTC	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TC random coefficients (if present)				
ranTV	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TV random coefficients (if present)				
pg	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients (if present)				
delta	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the initial probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients (if present)				
Gamma	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the transition probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients (if present)				
scale	the scale parameter				
sigma.e	the standard deviation of error terms				
logLik	the log-likelihood at convergence of the EM algorithm				
npar	the total number of model parameters				
AIC	the AIC value				
BIC	the BIC value				
qtl	the estimated quantile				

the number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if

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m	the number of hidden states associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
nsbj	the number of subjects
nobs	the total number of observations
miss	the missingness type
model	the estimated model
call	the matched call

summary.lqr

Summary of an 1qr object

### **Description**

Summary method for the class lqr

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
summary(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

object an lqr object ... not used

#### Value

Return an object of class summary.lqr. This is a list of summary statistics for the fitted linear quantile regression model given in object, with the following elements:

fix a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the regres-

sion coefficients

scale the scale parameter

sigma.e the standard deviation of error terms

1k the log-likelihood

npar the total number of model parameters

aic the AIC value bic the BIC value

qtl the estimated quantile

nobs the total number of observations

model the estimated model call the matched call

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varAL

Variance of Asymmetric Laplace random variables

### Description

Compute the variance for the asymmetric Laplace distribution

### Usage

```
varAL(sigma, qtl)
```

### Arguments

sigma scale parameter qt1 skewness parameter

### Value

Return the variance of Asymmetric Laplace random variables for given scale (sigma) and skewness (qtl) parameters

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