# Package 'iDOS'

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| <b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.6.0), VennDiagram (>= 1.6.5)   |
| Description A method to integrate molecular profiles of cancer patients (gene copy number and mRNA abundance) to identify candidate gain of function alterations. These candidate alterations can be subsequently further tested to discover cancer driver alterations. Briefly, this method tests of genomic correlates of mRNA dysregulation and prioritise those where DNA gains/amplifications are associated with elevated mRNA expression of the same gene. For details see, Haider S et al. (2016) "Genomic alterations underlie a pancancer metabolic shift associated with tumour hypoxia", Genome Biology, <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27358048/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27358048/</a> >. |
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#### Description

Summary function to collapse the counts of selected (e.g. correlated) features per cancer type into counts table

#### Usage

```
create.counts.table(corr.summary = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

corr.summary A list object containing subtype specific selected (e.g. correlated) features. This is the list object returned by estimate.expression.cna.correlation

#### Value

A matrix of cancer type specific counts

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### See Also

```
estimate.expression.cna.correlation
```

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));
# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();
# go through each cancer type iteratively and perform mRNA-CNA correlation analysis
correlated.features <- list();
for (cancer.type in names(x$mRNA.T)) {</pre>
```

```
# estimate mRNA and CNA correlation for each cancer/disease type
 correlated.features[[cancer.type]] <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(</pre>
   exp.data = x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]],
   cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2[[cancer.type]],
   corr.threshold = 0.3,
   corr.direction = "two.sided",
    subtypes.metadata = list(
      "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]]))
      ),
    feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]]),
   cancer.type = cancer.type,
   data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/", cancer.type, sep = ""),
   graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/", cancer.type, sep = "")
   );
 }
# create counts table across cancer types
counts.table <- create.counts.table(corr.summary = correlated.features);</pre>
```

#### Description

Utility function to create random partitions of a dataset into training and validation sets. If samples are < 200, 66:34; otherwise 50:50 partitions are generated between training and validation sets respectively

#### Usage

```
create.training.validation.split(
  exp.data = NULL, ann.data = NULL, seed.number = 51214
  )
```

#### **Arguments**

exp.data Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix
ann.data Sample by clinical attribute matrix
seed.number Random seed for sampling

#### Value

A list of four matrices expression and two associated clinical matrices (exp.T, ann.T, exp.V and ann.V). One set for training and one for validation

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### **Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann"));

# create training and validation sets
partitioned.datasets <- create.training.validation.split(
    exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
    ann.data = x$ann$BLCA,
    seed.number = 51214
    );</pre>
```

```
estimate. expression. cna. correlation \\ estimate. expression. cna. correlation
```

#### Description

Estimate subtype specific correlation between mRNA and CNA profiles

#### Usage

```
estimate.expression.cna.correlation(
  exp.data = NULL,
  cna.data.log2 = NULL,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  cancer.type = NULL,
  data.dir = NULL,
  graphs.dir = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
exp.data Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix

cna.data.log2 Feature by sample CNA log ratio matrix

corr.threshold Threshold for Spearman's Rho to consider a feature as candidate driver

corr.direction Whether to include positively (greater), negatively (less) or both (two.sided)

correlated features. Defaults to two.sided
```

subtypes.metadata

Subtypes metadata list of lists. Must contain at least one subtype specific samples using list subtype.samples.list. If no subtypes are present, specify list element "All" with all samples

feature.ids Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation

cancer.type Name of the cancer type or dataset

data.dir Path to output directory where mRNA and CNA correlation statistics will be

stored

graphs.dir Path to graphs directory

#### Value

A list of lists containing correlated features per cancer subtype

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));</pre>
# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();</pre>
# estimate mRNA and CNA correlation
correlated.features <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(</pre>
 exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
 cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
 corr.threshold = 0.3,
 corr.direction = "two.sided",
 subtypes.metadata = list(
    "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
   ),
 feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
 cancer.type = "BLCA",
 data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = ""),
 graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/BLCA/", sep = "")
```

#### **Description**

Function to estimate probability of observing correlations as high as observed using a feature list of interest

#### Usage

```
estimate.null.distribution.correlation(
  exp.data = NULL,
  cna.data.log2 = NULL,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  observed.correlated.features = NULL,
  iterations = 50,
  cancer.type = NULL,
  data.dir = NULL
)
```

#### Arguments

```
Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix
exp.data
                  Feature by sample CNA log ratio matrix
cna.data.log2
corr. threshold Threshold for Spearman's Rho to consider a feature as candidate driver
corr.direction Whether to include positively (greater), negatively (less) or both (two.sided)
                  correlated features. Defaults to two.sided
subtypes.metadata
                  Subtypes metadata list. Contains at least subtype specific samples
feature.ids
                  Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation
observed.correlated.features
                  List of features that were found to be correlated for subtypes of a given cancer
iterations
                  Number of random permutations for estimating p value
cancer.type
                  Name of the cancer type or dataset
data.dir
                  Path to output directory where the randomisation results will be stored
```

#### Value

1 if successful

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### See Also

```
estimate.expression.cna.correlation
```

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#### **Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));</pre>
# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();</pre>
# estimate mRNA and CNA correlation for each cancer/disease type
correlated.features <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(</pre>
 exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
 cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
 corr.threshold = 0.3,
 corr.direction = "two.sided",
 subtypes.metadata = list(
    "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
 feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
 cancer.type = "BLCA",
 data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = ""),
 graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/BLCA/", sep = "")
 );
# estimate NULL distribution
estimate.null.distribution.correlation(
 exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
 cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
 corr.threshold = 0.3,
 corr.direction = "two.sided",
 subtypes.metadata = list(
   "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
 feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
 observed.correlated.features = correlated.features$correlated.genes.subtypes,
 iterations = 50,
 cancer.type = "BLCA",
 data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = "")
```

find.DE.features

find.DE.features

#### **Description**

Funtion to identify differentially expressed/variable features between Tumour (T) and Normal (N) profiles

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#### Usage

```
find.DE.features(
  exp.data.T = NULL,
  exp.data.N = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  test.name = "t.test"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

| exp.data.T  | Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix; tumour samples   |
|-------------|---|
| exp.data.N  | Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix; normal/baseline samples  |
| feature.ids | Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation   |
| test.name   | Specify the statistical test name (exactly as it appears in R). Supported tests are t.test, wilcox.test, var.test |

#### Value

Feature by cancer type matrix of log2 fold change (T vs N) and adjusted P values. P values are estimated through test.name

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### See Also

```
t.test, wilcox.test, var.test
```

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N"));
# list of features to be assessed for differential expression
feature.ids <- rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA);

DE.results <- find.DE.features(
    exp.data.T = x$mRNA.T,
    exp.data.N = x$mRNA.N,
    feature.ids = feature.ids,
    test.name = "t.test"
    );</pre>
```

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```
get.program.defaults get.program.defaults
```

#### Description

Get default datasets bundled with package for test runs

#### Usage

```
get.program.defaults()
```

#### Value

A list with program.data.dir containing path to example program directory and test.data.dir containing path to example datasets directory

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### **Examples**

```
x <- get.program.defaults();</pre>
```

get.test.data

get.test.data

#### Description

Function to load test data

#### Usage

```
get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann"))
```

#### **Arguments**

data.types

Datatypes to be read Valid datatypes are: mRNA.T, mRNA.N, CNA (includes: log2, calls and fractions), annotations

#### Value

List of lists containing datasets and respective molecular profiles as matrices

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

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#### **Examples**

```
x \leftarrow get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "ann"));
```

get.top.features

get.top.features

#### **Description**

Prioritise top features satisfying the criteria specified by various parameters described below

#### Usage

```
get.top.features(
   DE.features = NULL,
   cna.data.fractions = NULL,
   mRNA.FC.up = 0,
   mRNA.FC.down = 0,
   mRNA.p = 0.05,
   mRNA.top.n = NULL,
   cna.fractions.gain = 0.2,
   cna.fractions.loss = 0.2
)
```

#### **Arguments**

DE.features Matrix containing differentially expressed features with two columns: FC and P. P may contain adjusted P or raw cna.data.fractions Feature by cancer type matrix with CNA fractions mRNA.FC.up Log2 fold change threshold for selecting over-expressed features mRNA.FC.down Log2 fold change threshold for selecting under-expressed features P value threshold for selecting significantly differentially expressed features. mRNA.p Mutually exclusive to mRNA.top.n mRNA.top.n Top n differentially expressed features satisfying each of the fold change criteria. Mutually exclusive to mRNA.p cna.fractions.gain Threshold for selecting copy number gain/amplifications cna.fractions.loss

Threshold for selecting copy number losses

#### Value

Vector of top features

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#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

#### **Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "CNA"));</pre>
# list of features to be assessed for differential expression
feature.ids <- rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA);</pre>
# get differentially expressed features
DE.results <- find.DE.features(</pre>
  exp.data.T = x$mRNA.T,
  exp.data.N = x$mRNA.N,
  feature.ids = feature.ids,
  test.name = "t.test"
# get top features
top.features <- get.top.features(</pre>
  DE.features = cbind("FC" = DE.results[, 1], "P" = DE.results[, 2]),
  cna.data.fractions = x$CNA.fractions$BLCA,
  mRNA.FC.up = 0.25,
  mRNA.FC.down = 0.25,
  mRNA.p = 0.05,
  mRNA.top.n = NULL,
  cna.fractions.gain = 0.2,
  cna.fractions.loss = 0.2
  );
```

load.datasets

load.datasets

#### **Description**

Function to load and systemise molecular datasets

#### Usage

```
load.datasets(
  data.dir = "./",
  metadata = NULL,
  data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann")
)
```

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#### Arguments

data.dir

Path to base data directory or directory containing molecular profiles

metadata

Dataset by profile metadata matrix containing file names of the molecular profiles for different datasets

data.types

Datatypes to be read Valid datatypes are: mRNA.T, mRNA.N, CNA (includes: log2, calls and fractions), annotations

### Value

List of lists containing datasets and respective molecular profiles as matrices

#### Author(s)

Syed Haider

```
# locate test data directory which comes with the package
data.dir <- paste(system.file("programdata/testdata/", package = "iDOS"), "/", sep = "");

# read meta data file
metadata <- read.table(
    file = paste(data.dir, "metadata.txt", sep = ""),
    row.names = 1,
    header = TRUE,
    sep = "\t",
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE
    );

x <- load.datasets(
    data.dir = data.dir,
    metadata = metadata,
    data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "ann")
    );</pre>
```

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