Package 'GREMLINS'

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Type Package

```
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      works implying some common pre-specified groups of individu-
      als. The aim is to fit an adapted version of the popular stochastic block model to multipartite net-
      works, as described in Bar-hen, Barbillon and Donnet (2020) <arXiv:1807.10138>.
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comparClassif

Compare two classifications on all the Functional groups

Description

Compare two classifications on all the Functional groups

Usage

Index

```
comparClassif(classif1, classif2)
```

Arguments

classif1 : list a length n_FG . classif2 : list a length n_FG .

Value

Adjusted Rand Index (ARI) for each Functional Group.

```
nFG <- 3;
vK <- c(4,5,2) ;
vNQ <- c(100,40,50);
classif1 <- lapply(1:nFG,function(q){sample(1:vK[q],vNQ[q],replace=TRUE)})
classif2 <- classif1
classif2[[2]] <- sample(1:vK[2],vNQ[2],replace=TRUE)
resCompar <- comparClassif (classif1,classif2)</pre>
```

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compLikICL	compute the Integrated likeilhood and the ICL criteria for the MBM

Description

compute the Integrated likeilhood and the ICL criteria for the MBM

Usage

```
compLikICL(paramEstim, list_Net, v_distrib = NULL)
```

Arguments

paramEstim Estimated parameters of MBM

list_Net A list of network

v_distrib Type of proababilistic distributions in each network : if 0/1 then Bernoulli, if

counting then Poisson. My default = Bernoulli. Must give a vector whose length

is the number of networks in list_Net

Value

Pseudo-Likelihood and penalty

defineNetwork	Define a network providing its matrix of interactions and specifying the functions groups in row and col.

Description

Define a network providing its matrix of interactions and specifying the functions groups in row and col.

Usage

```
defineNetwork(mat, typeInter, rowFG, colFG)
```

Arguments

colFG

mat	An adjacency matrix (symmetric or not) or an incidence matrix
typeInter	Type of the matrix, choice between "inc" (incidence), "adj" (adjacency) and "diradj" (directed adjacency)
rowFG	Name of the functional group in row

Name of the function group in column

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Value

a list object formatted for the GREMLINS package

Examples

```
A <- matrix(rbinom(100,1,.2),10,10)
type <- "diradj"
defineNetwork(A,"diradj","FG1","FG1")</pre>
```

extractClustersMBM

Extract the clusters in each functional group

Description

Extract the clusters in each functional group

Usage

```
extractClustersMBM(resMBM, whichModel = 1)
```

Arguments

resMBM A fitted Generalized BlockModel

whichModel The index corresponding to the model to plot (default is 1, the best model)

Value

a list a length the number of Functional Groups. Each element is a list of length the number of blocks composed of the index of the individuals in each block of each cluster.

GREMLINS

Adjusting an extended SBM to Multipartite networks

Description

Generalized multipartite networks consist in the joint observation of several networks implying some common pre-specified groups of individuals. GREMLIM adjusts an adapted version of the popular stochastic block model to multipartite networks, as described in Bar-hen, Barbillon and Donnet (2020) The GREMLINS package provides the following top-level major functions:

- defineNetwork a function to define carefully a single network.
- rMBM a function to simulate a collection of networks involving common functional groups of entities (with various emission distributions).
- multipartiteBM a function to perform inference (model selection and estimation) of SBM for a multipartite network.
- multipartiteBMFixedModel a function to estimate the parameters of SBM for a multipartite network for fixed numbers of blocks

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Details

We also provide some additional functions useful to analyze the results:

- extractClustersMBM a function to extract the clusters in each functional group
- comparClassif a function to compute the Adjusted Rand Index (ARI) between two classifications
- predictMBM a function to compute the predictions once the model has been fitted
- compLikICL a function to compute the Integrated Likelihood and the ICL criteria for the MBM

Author(s)

Pierre Barbillon, Sophie Donnet

References

Bar-Hen, A. and Barbillon, P. & Donnet S. (2020), "Block models for multipartite networks. Applications in ecology and ethnobiology. Journal of Statistical Modelling (to appear)

MPEcoNetwork	Multipartite network of mutualistic interactions between plants and
	pollinators, plants and birds and plants and ants.

Description

Multipartite network of mutualistic interactions between plants and pollinators, plants and birds and plants and ants.

Usage

MPEcoNetwork

Format

A list a 3 binary incidence matrices

Inc_plant_ant Interactions between plants (rows) and ants (cols). Matrix with 141 rows and 30 columns

Inc_plant_bird Interactions between plants (rows) and birds (cols). Matrix with141 rows and 46 columns

Inc_plant_flovis Interactions between plants (rows) and pollinators (cols). Matrix with 141 rows and 173 columns ...

Source

Dataset compiled and conducted at Centro de Investigaciones Costeras La Mancha (CICOLMA), located on the central coast of the Gulf of Mexico, Veracruz, Mexico. https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/full/10.1098/rspb.2016.1564 https://github.com/lucaspdmedeiros/multi-network_core_removal/tree/master/data

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multipartiteBM

Model selection and parameter estimation of MBM

Description

Select the number of blocks and identify the blocks per functional group using a variational EM algorithm

Usage

```
multipartiteBM(
  list_Net,
  v_distrib = NULL,
  namesFG = NULL,
  v_Kmin = 1,
  v_Kmax = 10,
  v_Kinit = NULL,
  initBM = TRUE,
  keep = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  nbCores = NULL,
  maxiterVE = NULL,
  maxiterVEM = NULL)
```

= v_Kmin

Arguments

list_Net	a list of networks (defined via the function defineNetwork) i.e. a multipartite network
v_distrib	an optional vector of characters of length the number of networks and specifying the distribution used in each network (possible values bernoulli, poisson, gaussian, laplace). If not provided, the model will be 'bernoulli' for all the interactions matrices.
namesFG	an optional vector of characters containing the names of functional groups (FG) (If Specified, must correspond to the names in list_Net).
v_Kmin	an optional vector of integers, specifying the minimal number of blocks per functional group (must be provided in the same order as in namesFG). v_Kmin may be a single value (same minimal number of blocks for all the FGs) or a vector with size equal to the number of FGs. Default value = 1.
v_Kmax	an optional vector of integers specifying the maximal number of blocks per functional group provided in the same order as in namesFG. v_Kmax may be a single value (same maximal number of blocks for all the FGs) or a vector with size equal to the number of FGs. Default value = 10.
v_Kinit	an optional vector of integers specifying initial numbers of blocks per FG pro-

vided in the same order as in namesFG. if v_Kinit is not specified, then v_Kinit

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initBM	an optional boolean. If initBM = TRUE an aditional initialisation is done using simple LBM or SBM on each network separatly. Default value = TRUE
keep	an optional boolean. If TRUE return the estimated parameters for intermediate visited models. Otherwise, only the better model (in ICL sense) is the ouput. Default value = FALSE.
verbose	an optional boolean. If TRUE, display the current step of the search algorithm
nbCores	an optional integer specifying the number or cores used for the estimation. Not parallelized on windows. If ncores = NULL, then half of the cores are used.
maxiterVE	an optional integer specifying the maximum number of iterations in the VE step of the VEM algorithm. If NULL then default value = 1000
maxiterVEM	an optional integer specifying the maximum number of iterations of the VEM algorithm. If NULL then default value Default value = 1000

Details

The function multipartiteBM selects the better numbers of blocks in each FG (with a penalized likelihood criterion). The model selection is performed with a forward backward strategy and the likelihood of each model is maximized with a variational EM).

Value

a list of estimated parameters for the different models ordered by decreasing ICL. If keep = FALSE, the length is of length 1 (only the better model is returned).

fittedModel contains the results of the inference. res\$fittedModel[[1]] is a list with fields paramEstim a MBMfit object.

ICL the penalized likelihood criterion ICL.

vJ the sequence of the varational bound of the likelihood through iterations of the VEM. convergence TRUE if the VEM reached convergence.

list_Net contains the data.

```
{\tt multipartiteBMFixedModel}
```

Model selection and estimation of multipartite blockmodels

Description

Estimate the parameters and give the clustering for given numbers of blocks

Usage

```
multipartiteBMFixedModel(
   list_Net,
   v_distrib,
   namesFG,
   v_K,
   classifInit = NULL,
   nbCores = NULL,
   maxiterVE = NULL,
   maxiterVEM = NULL,
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

list_Net	A list of network (defined via the function DefineNetwork)
v_distrib	Type of proababilistic distributions in each network: if 0/1 then bernoulli, if counting then poisson, gaussian or Zero Inflated Gaussian (ZIgaussian) My default = Bernoulli. Must give a vector whose length is the number of networks in list_Net
namesFG	Names of functional groups (must correspond to names in listNet)
v_K	A vector with the numbers of blocks per functional group
classifInit	A list of initial classification for each functional group in the same order as in namesFG
nbCores	Number or cores used for the estimation. Not parallelized on windows. By default: half of the cores
maxiterVE	Maximum number of iterations in the VE step of the VEM algorithm. Default value = 1000
maxiterVEM	Maximum number of iterations of the VEM algorithm. Default value = 1000
verbose	Set to TRUE to display the current step of the search algorithm

Value

Estimated parameters and a classification

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Examples

```
namesFG <- c('A','B')</pre>
list_pi \leftarrow list(c(0.5,0.5),c(0.3,0.7)) # prop of blocks in each FG
E \leftarrow rbind(c(1,2),c(2,2)) # architecture of the multipartite net.
typeInter <- c( "inc", "diradj")</pre>
v_distrib <- c('poisson', 'bernoulli')</pre>
list_theta <- list()</pre>
list_theta[[1]] \leftarrow matrix(c(6.1, 8.9, 6.6, 3), 2, 2)
list_theta[[2]] <- matrix(c(0.7, 1.0, 0.4, 0.6), 2, 2)
list_Net \leftarrow rMBM(v_NQ = c(20,20),E, typeInter, v_distrib, list_pi,
                 list_theta, namesFG = namesFG, seed = 2)$list_Net
#res_MBMsimu_fixed <- multipartiteBMFixedModel(list_Net, v_distrib,</pre>
                                                     namesFG = namesFG,
#
                                                     v_K = c(1,2),
#
                                                     nbCores = 2)
```

predictMBM

Predict NAs in a Collection of Networks from a fitted MBM

Description

Predict NAs in a Collection of Networks from a fitted MBM

Usage

```
predictMBM(RESMBM, whichModel = 1)
```

Arguments

RESMBM a fitted multipartite blockmodel

whichModel The index corresponding to the model used for prediction (default is 1, the best

model)

Value

the collection of matrices of predictions (probability for binary, intensity for weighted network) a

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rMBM

Simulate datasets from the multipartite block model (MBM).

Description

rMBM simulates a collection of networks involving common functional groups of entities. The networks may be directed, undirected or bipartite. The emission distribution of the edges may be Bernoulli, Poisson, Gaussian, Zero-Inflated Gaussian, or Laplace. See the vignette for more information about the model.

Usage

```
rMBM(
   v_NQ,
   E,
   typeInter,
   v_distrib,
   list_pi,
   list_theta,
   namesFG = NULL,
   keepClassif = FALSE,
   seed = NULL
)
```

Arguments

v_NQ : number of individual in each Functional Group (FG)

E : define the architecture of the Multipartite.

typeInter : type of interaction in each network: undirected adjacency (adj), directed adja-

cency (diradj) or incidence (inc). (vector of size equal to nrow(E))

v_distrib : vector of the distributions: 'bernoulli', 'poisson', 'gaussian', 'ZIgaussian' (for

Zero inflated gaussian) or 'laplace' (vector of size equal to nrow(E))

list_pi : parameters of the blocks distribution

list_theta : parameters of the interactions distribution. For Bernoulli a probability, for

Poisson positive real number, for Gaussian a list specifying mean and var (plus

p0 for ZIgaussian), for Laplace a list with location and scale

namesFG: names of the FG. (default value = NULL, then the functional groups are la-

belled FG1, FG2, etc)

keepClassif : equal to TRUE if you want to keep the simulated blocks/classification (default

value = FALSE).

seed : set the seed for the random simulation (default value = NULL)

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Value

A list of lists containing the networks (list_net) and if keepClassif = TRUE the classifications (classif) Each element of list_net corresponds to a network : each network is a list containing the matrix (mat) , the type of network(diradj, adj, inc), the functional group in row (rowFG) and the functional group in columns (colFG)

```
namesFG <- c('A','B','C')</pre>
list_pi = list(c(0.16,0.40,0.44),c(0.3,0.7),c(0.5,0.5))
E \leftarrow rbind(c(1,2),c(2,3),c(1,1))
typeInter <- c( "inc", "inc", "adj")</pre>
v_distrib <- c('ZIgaussian','bernoulli','poisson')</pre>
list_theta <- list()</pre>
list_theta[[1]] <- list()</pre>
list_theta[[1]]mean <- matrix(c(6.1, 8.9, 6.6, 9.8, 2.6, 1.0), 3, 2)
list_theta[[1]]var <- matrix(c(1.6, 1.6, 1.8, 1.7, 2.3, 1.5), 3, 2)
list_theta[[1]]p0 \leftarrow matrix(c(0.4, 0.1, 0.6, 0.5, 0.2, 0), 3, 2)
list_theta[[2]] <- matrix(c(0.7,1.0, 0.4, 0.6),2, 2)
m3 <- matrix(c(2.5, 2.6 ,2.2 ,2.2, 2.7 ,3.0 ,3.6, 3.5, 3.3),3,3 )
list_theta[[3]] <- (m3 + t(m3))/2
dataSim <- rMBM(v_NQ = c(100,50,40) , E = E , typeInter = typeInter,
                 v_distrib = v_distrib, list_pi = list_pi,
                 list_theta = list_theta, namesFG)
list_net <- dataSim$list_Net</pre>
classifTrue <- dataSim$classif</pre>
```

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