# Package 'NIRStat'

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Type Package
<b>Title</b> Novel Statistical Methods for Studying Near-Infrared Spectroscopy (NIRS) Time Series Data
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<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.1.0), ggplot2, mgcv, gridExtra
<b>Description</b> Provides transfusion-related differential tests on Near-infrared spectroscopy (NIRS) time series with detection limit, which contains two testing statistics: Mean Area Under the Curve (MAUC) and slope statistic. This package applied a penalized spline method within imputation setting. Testing is conducted by a nested permutation approach within imputation. Refer to Guo et al (2018) <doi:10.1177 0962280218786302=""> for further details.</doi:10.1177>
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MAUCtest MAUCtest

MAUCtest	MAUC statistics based Analysis for NIRS time series.
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#### **Description**

Estimate the Mean Area Under the Curve (MAUC) statistics and conduct a nonparametric test on the MAUC difference before transfusion and after trasfusion. If detection limit occurs at 15

#### **Usage**

MAUCtest(Yvec,timevec,transfusionvec,fig = T,SD\_est=F,num.permu=1000)

#### **Arguments**

Yvec The outcome of NIRS time series  $Y(t_i)$  of length N ranging from 15 to 100. timevec The time index of NIRS time series  $t_i$  of length N.

transfusionvec The 0/1 indicator of the transfusion status  $X(t_i)$ .  $X(t_i) = 0$  means the current time point is before transfusion and  $X(t_i) = 1$  means the current time point is

after transfusion.

fig Whether to plot the NIRS time series. Default value is TRUE.

SD\_est Whether to estimate the SD of the MAUC statistic for pre-transfusion and post-

transfuion. Default value is FALSE.

num. permu Number of permutation for permutation test. Default value is 1000.

#### **Details**

This function estimates the Mean Area Under the Curve (MAUC) statistics and conducts a permutation based test on the MAUC difference before transfuion and after trasfusion. If detection limit (DL) occurs (15), it will impute the missed data based on a uniform distribution and estimate the MAUC statistics through a standard imputation approach. The statistical testing is conducted through a nested permutation approach across all imputated datasets.

#### Value

MAUC.before

An R vector from MAUCtest containing MAUC statistics and Pvalue in the following order:

The estimated MAUC statistic before transfusion.

MAUC.after The estimated MAUC statistic after transfusion.

MAUC.diff The estimated MAUC statistic difference between before transfusion and after transfusion.

Pvalue The pvalue of testing the MAUC difference to be zero or not.

SD\_pre SD of the MAUC statistic for pre-transfusion. Optional, only when SD\_est =

TRUE.

SD\_post SD of the MAUC statistic for post-transfusion. Optional, only when SD\_est =

TRUE.

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#### Author(s)

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#### References

Guo, Y., Wang, Y., Marin, T., Kirk, E., Patel, R., Josephson, C. Statistical methods for characterizing transfusion-related changes in regional oxygenation using Near-infrared spectroscopy in preterm infants. Statistical methods in medical research 28.9 (2019): 2710-2723.

#### **Examples**

```
# Data Simulation
dat = data.frame(Y= rep(0,100),t=1:100,trans = c(rep(0,50),rep(1,50)))
dat$Y = apply(dat,1,function(x){rnorm(1,5*rnorm(1),6*exp(rnorm(1)))})
dat$Y = dat$Y + 15 - quantile(dat$Y,0.3)
dat$Y[dat$Y<=15] = 15

# Estimate the MAUC statistics of the NIRS data and test on the difference.
MAUCtest(dat$Y,dat$t,dat$trans,TRUE,FALSE,100)</pre>
```

plotNIRS

NIRS Time Series Visualization

#### **Description**

This function visualizes the NIRS time series data and estimates the underlying smoothed trend of the NRIS based on a nonparametric regression approach.

## Usage

```
plotNIRS(Yvec,timevec,transfusionvec)
```

#### **Arguments**

Yvec The outcome of NIRS time series  $Y(t_i)$  of length N ranging from 15 to 100.

timevec The time index of NIRS time series  $t_i$  of length N.

transfusionvec The 0/1 indicator of the transfusion status  $X(t_i)$ .  $X(t_i) = 0$  means the current

time point is before transfusion and  $X(t_i) = 1$  means the current time point is

after transfusion.

#### **Details**

This function visualizes the NIRS time series data before and after transfusion. In order to estimate the underlying smoothed curve, it first imputes the data with detection limit (DL) and utilizes a nonparametric regression approach for the imputed data. The time points with DL is in red and others are in black.

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#### Author(s)

```
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```

#### **Examples**

```
# Data Simulation
dat = data.frame(Y= rep(0,200),t=1:200,trans = c(rep(0,100),rep(1,100)))
dat$Y = apply(dat,1,function(x){rnorm(1,5*rnorm(1),6*exp(rnorm(1)))})
dat$Y = dat$Y + 15 - quantile(dat$Y,0.3)
dat$Y[dat$Y<=15] = 15

# Visualize the NIRS time series before and after transfusion.
plotNIRS(dat$Y,dat$t,dat$trans)</pre>
```

Slopetest

Slope statistics based Analysis for NIRS data.

### **Description**

Estimate the slope statistics and conduct a nonparametric based test on the slope difference before transfusion and after trasfusion. If detection limit occurs at 15

#### Usage

```
Slopetest(Yvec,timevec,transfusionvec,SD_est=F,num.permu=1000)
```

#### **Arguments**

Yvec The outcome of NIRS time series  $Y(t_i)$  of length N ranging from 15 to 100.

timevec The time index of NIRS time series  $t_i$  of length N.

transfusionvec The 0/1 indicator of the transfusion status  $X(t_i)$ .  $X(t_i) = 0$  means the current

time point is before transfusion and  $X(t_i) = 1$  means the current time point is

after transfusion.

SD\_est Whether to estimate the SD of the SLOPE statistic for pre-transfusion and post-

transfuion. Default value is FALSE.

num. permu Number of permutation for permutation test. Default value is 1000.

#### **Details**

This function estimates the slope statistics before transfusion and after transfusion based on penalized regression spline method and tests the difference based on a within-band permutation approach. If there is detection limit occurs (15), it will impute the missed data based on a uniform distribution and estimate the slope statistics through a standard imputation approach. The statistical testing is conducted through a nested within-band permutation approach across all imputated datasets.

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#### Value

An R vector from Slopetest containing Slope statistics and Pvalue in the following order:

Slope.before The estimated Slope statistic before transfusion.

Slope.after The estimated Slope statistic after transfusion.

Slope.diff The estimated Slope statistic difference between before transfusion and after

transfusion.

Pvalue The pvalue of testing the Slope difference to be zero or not.

SD\_pre SD of the Slope statistic for pre-transfusion. Optional, only when SD\_est =

TRUE.

SD\_post SD of the Slope statistic for post-transfusion. Optional, only when SD\_est =

TRUE.

## Author(s)

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#### References

Guo, Y., Wang, Y., Marin, T., Kirk, E., Patel, R., Josephson, C. *Statistical methods for characterizing transfusion-related changes in regional oxygenation using Near-infrared spectroscopy in preterm infants.* Statistical methods in medical research 28.9 (2019): 2710-2723.

## **Examples**

```
# Data Simulation
dat = data.frame(Y= rep(0,100),t=1:100,trans = c(rep(0,50),rep(1,50)))
dat$Y = apply(dat,1,function(x){rnorm(1,5*rnorm(1),6*exp(rnorm(1)))})
dat$Y = dat$Y + 15 - quantile(dat$Y,0.3)
dat$Y[dat$Y<=15] = 15

# Estimate the Slope statistics of the NIRS data and test on the difference.
Slopetest(dat$Y,dat$t,dat$trans,FALSE,100)</pre>
```

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