Package 'deckgl'

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```
Title An R Interface to 'deck.gl'
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Description
      Makes 'deck.gl' <a href="https://deck.gl/">https://deck.gl/</a>, a WebGL-powered open-source JavaScript framework
      for visual exploratory data analysis of large datasets, available within R via the 'htmlwid-
      gets' package.
      Furthermore, it supports basemaps from 'mapbox' <a href="https://www.mapbox.com/">https://www.mapbox.com/</a> via
      'mapbox-gl-js' <https://github.com/mapbox/mapbox-gl-js>.
URL https://github.com/crazycapivara/deckgl/,
      https://crazycapivara.github.io/deckgl/
BugReports https://github.com/crazycapivara/deckgl/issues/
Depends R (>= 3.3)
Imports htmlwidgets, htmltools, magrittr, base64enc, yaml, jsonlite,
      readr, tibble
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
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```

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add_arc_layer

Add an arc layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The ArcLayer renders raised arcs joining pairs of source and target points, specified as latitude/longitude coordinates.

Usage

```
add_arc_layer(deckgl, data = NULL, properties = list(), ..., id = "arc-layer")
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/arc-layer

```
data("bart_segments")

properties <- list(
   getWidth = 12,
   getSourcePosition = ~from_lng + from_lat,
   getTargetPosition = ~to_lng + to_lat,
   getSourceColor = "@=[Math.sqrt(inbound), 140, 0]",
   getTargetColor = "@=[Math.sqrt(outbound), 140, 0]",
   tooltip = use_tooltip(</pre>
```

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```
html = "{{from_name}} to {{to_name}}",
    style = "background: steelBlue; border-radius: 5px;"
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pitch = 35) %>%
    add_arc_layer(data = bart_segments, properties = properties) %>%
    add_control("Arc Layer", "top-left") %>%
    add_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_basemap

Add a basemap to the deckgl widget

Description

Add a basemap to the deckgl widget

Usage

```
add_basemap(deckgl, style = use_carto_style(), ...)
```

Arguments

deckgl deckgl widget

style The style definition of the map conforming to the Mapbox Style Specification.

... not used

add_bitmap_layer

Add a bitmap layer to the deckgl widget

Description

Add a bitmap layer to the deckgl widget

```
add_bitmap_layer(
  deckgl,
  image = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "h3-hexagon-layer"
)
```

add_column_layer 5

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

image image

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

Examples

```
image <- paste0(
   "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/",
   "uber-common/deck.gl-data/master/",
   "website/sf-districts.png"
)
bounds <- c(-122.5190, 37.7045, -122.355, 37.829)

deck <- deckgl() %>%
   add_bitmap_layer(image = image, bounds = bounds) %>%
   add_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_column_layer

Add a column layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The ColumnLayer can be used to render a heatmap of vertical cylinders. It renders a tesselated regular polygon centered at each given position (a "disk"), and extrude it in 3d.

```
add_column_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "column-layer"
)
```

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Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

•

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/column-layer

Examples

```
hexagon_centroids <- system.file("sample-data/centroids.csv", package = "deckgl") %>%
 read.csv()
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 35) %>%
 add_column_layer(
   data = hexagon_centroids,
   diskResolution = 12,
   getPosition = ~lng + lat,
   getElevation = ~value,
   getFillColor = "@=[48, 128, value * 255, 255]",
   elevationScale = 5000,
   radius = 250,
   extruded = TRUE,
    tooltip = "Value: {{value}}"
 add_control("Column Layer", "bottom-left") %>%
 add_basemap()
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_contour_layer

Add a contour layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The ContourLayer renders contour lines for a given threshold and cell size. Internally it implements Marching Squares algorithm to generate contour line segments and feeds them into LineLayer to render lines.

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Usage

```
add_contour_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "contour-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/contour-layer

```
## @knitr contour-layer
data("sf_bike_parking")
contours <- list(</pre>
  use_contour_definition(
    threshold = 1,
    color = c(255, 0, 0),
    stroke\_width = 2
  ),
  use_contour_definition(
    threshold = 5,
    color = c(0, 255, 0),
    stroke_width = 3
  ),
  use_contour_definition(
    threshold = 15,
    color = c(0, 0, 255),
    stroke_width = 5
  )
)
properties <- list(</pre>
```

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```
contours = contours,
  cellSize = 200,
  elevationScale = 4,
  getPosition = ~lng + lat
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10.5, pitch = 30) %>%
  add_contour_layer(data = sf_bike_parking, properties = properties) %>%
  add_control("Contour Layer") %>%
  add_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_control

Add a control to the widget

Description

Add a control to the widget

Usage

```
add_control(deckgl, html, pos = "top-right", style = NULL)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

html The innerHTML of the element.

pos The position of the control. Possible values are top-left, top-right, bottom-right and bottom-left.

style A cssText string that will modefly the default style of the element.

```
deck <- deckgl() %>%
  add_basemap() %>%
  add_control(
   "<h1>Blank Base Map</h1>",
   pos = "top-right",
   style = "background: #004080; color: white;"
)

if (interactive()) deck
```

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add_data Add JavaScript data file

Description

EXPERIMENTAL

Usage

```
add_data(deckgl, data, var_name = "thanksForAllTheFish")
```

Arguments

deckgl widget data data object

var_name JavaScript variable name used to make the data available

add_geojson_layer

Add a geojson layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The GeoJsonLayer takes in GeoJson formatted data and renders it as interactive polygons, lines and points.

Usage

```
add_geojson_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "geojson-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/geojson-layer

Examples

```
geojson <- paste0(</pre>
  "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/",
  "uber-common/deck.gl-data/",
  "master/website/bart.geo.json"
)
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pickingRadius = 5) %>%
  add_geojson_layer(
   data = geojson,
    filled = TRUE,
   extruded = TRUE,
    getRadius = 100,
   lineWidthScale = 20,
   lineWidthMinPixels = 2,
    getLineWidth = 1,
   getLineColor = "@=properties.color || 'green'",
    getFillColor = c(160, 160, 180, 200),
    getElevation = 30,
    tooltip = JS("object => object.properties.name || object.properties.station")
  ) %>%
  add_basemap()
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_great_circle_layer

Add a great circle layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The GreatCircleLayer is a variation of the ArcLayer. It renders flat arcs along the great circle joining pairs of source and target points, specified as latitude/longitude coordinates.

```
add_great_circle_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "great-circle-layer"
)
```

add_grid_cell_layer 11

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/great-circle-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr great-circle-layer
data("bart_segments")

properties <- list(
   pickable = TRUE,
   getWidth = 12,
   getSourcePosition = ~from_lng + from_lat,
   getTargetPosition = ~to_lng + to_lat,
   getSourceColor = JS("d => [Math.sqrt(d.inbound), 140, 0]"),
   getTargetColor = JS("d => [Math.sqrt(d.outbound), 140, 0]"),
   getTooltip = "{{from_name}} to {{to_name}}"
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pitch = 35) %>%
   add_great_circle_layer(data = bart_segments, properties = properties) %>%
   add_control("Great Circle Layer") %>%
   add_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

Description

The GridCellLayer can render a grid-based heatmap. It is a variation of the ColumnLayer. It takes the constant width / height of all cells and top-left coordinate of each cell. The grid cells can be given a height using the getElevation accessor.

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Usage

```
add_grid_cell_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "grid-cell-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/grid-cell-layer

```
hexagon_centroids <- system.file("sample-data/centroids.csv", package = "deckgl") %>%
    read.csv()

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 35) %>%
    add_grid_cell_layer(
    data = hexagon_centroids,
    getPosition = ~lng + lat,
    getElevation = ~value,
    getFillColor = "@=[48, 128, value * 255, 255]",
    elevationScale = 5000,
    cellSize = 250,
    extruded = TRUE,
    tooltip = "{{value}}"
) %>%
    add_mapbox_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

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add_grid_layer

Add a grid layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The GridLayer renders a grid heatmap based on an array of points. It takes the constant size all each cell, projects points into cells. The color and height of the cell is scaled by number of points it contains.

Usage

```
add_grid_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "grid-layer"
)
```

Arguments

data

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

The unique id of the layer.

See Also

id

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/grid-layer

```
data("sf_bike_parking")
properties <- list(
  filter = "spaces > 4",
  visible = TRUE,
  extruded = TRUE,
  cellSize = 200,
  elevationScale = 4,
  getPosition = "@=[lng, lat]", #~lng + lat,
  colorRange = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(6, "YlOrRd"),
```

```
tooltip = "{{position.0}}, {{position.1}}<br/>Count: {{count}}"
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 45, bearing = 35, element_id = "grid-layer") %>%
   add_source("sf-bike-parking", sf_bike_parking) %>%
   add_grid_layer(
      source = "sf-bike-parking",
      properties = properties
) %>%
   add_control("Grid Layer") %>%
   add_basemap() %>%
   add_json_editor(wrap = 50, maxLines = 23)

if (interactive()) deck
```

Description

Add a h3 cluster layer to the deckgl widget

Usage

```
add_h3_cluster_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "h3-cluster-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/h3-cluster-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr h3-cluster-layer
data_url <- paste0(</pre>
  "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/uber-common/deck.gl-data/",
  "master/website/sf.h3clusters.json"
# sample_data <- jsonlite::fromJSON(data_url, simplifyDataFrame = FALSE)</pre>
sample_data <- data_url</pre>
properties <- list(</pre>
  stroked = TRUE,
  filled = TRUE,
  extruded = FALSE,
  getHexagons = ~hexIds,
  getFillColor = JS("d \Rightarrow [255, (1 - d.mean / 500) * 255, 0]"),
  getLineColor = c(255, 255, 255),
  lineWidthMinPixels = 2,
  getTooltip = ~mean
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10.5, pitch = 20) %>%
  add_h3_cluster_layer(data = sample_data, properties = properties) %>%
  add_basemap()
if (interactive()) deck
```

Description

Add a h3 hexagon layer to the deckgl widget

Usage

```
add_h3_hexagon_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "h3-hexagon-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

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properties	A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined
	in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties param-
	eter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named
	arguments.
•••	Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.
id	The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/h3-hexagon-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr h3-hexagon-layer-layer
h3_cells <- system.file("sample-data/h3-cells.csv", package = "deckgl") %>%
    read.csv()

properties <- list(
    getHexagon = ~h3_index,
    getFillColor =JS("d => [255, (1 - d.count / 500) * 255, 0]"),
    getElevation = ~count,
    elevationScale = 20,
    getTooltip = "{{h3_index}}: {{count}}"
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 35) %>%
    add_h3_hexagon_layer(data = h3_cells, properties = properties) %>%
    add_control("H3 Hexagon Layer") %>%
    add_basemap()

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_heatmap_layer

Add a heatmap layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The HeatmapLayer can be used to visualize spatial distribution of data. It internally implements Gaussian Kernel Density Estimation to render heatmaps.

```
add_heatmap_layer(
  deckgl,
  id = "heatmap-layer",
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

id The unique id of the layer.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/heatmap-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr heatmap-layer
data("sf_bike_parking")

map <- deckgl() %>%
   add_heatmap_layer(
    data = sf_bike_parking,
    getPosition = ~lng + lat,
    getWeight = ~spaces
) %>%
   add_basemap()

if (interactive()) map
```

add_hexagon_layer

Add a hexagon layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The HexagonLayer renders a hexagon heatmap based on an array of points. It takes the radius of hexagon bin, projects points into hexagon bins. The color and height of the hexagon is scaled by number of points it contains.

```
add_hexagon_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "hexagon-layer"
)
```

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Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

Properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/hexagon-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr hexagon-layer
data("sf_bike_parking")
properties <- list(</pre>
 extruded = TRUE,
 radius = 200,
 elevationScale = 4,
 getPosition = ~lng + lat,
 colorRange = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(6, "Oranges"),
 tooltip = "
   {{position.0}}, {{position.1}}
    Count: {{points.length}}
   \p>{\{\#points\}}< div>{\{address\}}</ div>{\{/points\}}
 onClick = JS("obj => console.log(obj)"),
 autoHighlight = TRUE
)
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 45, bearing = 35) %>%
 add_hexagon_layer(data = sf_bike_parking, properties = properties) %>%
 add_control("Hexagon Layer", "top-left") %>%
 add_basemap()
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_icon_layer

Add an icon layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The IconLayer renders raster icons at given coordinates.

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Usage

```
add_icon_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = use_default_icon_properties(),
    ...,
  id = "icon-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/icon-layer

```
## @knitr icon-layer
data("bart_stations")
properties <- list(</pre>
 iconAtlas = encode_icon_atlas(),
 iconMapping = list(marker = use_icon_definition()),
 sizeScale = 10,
 getPosition = ~lng + lat,
 getIcon = JS("d => 'marker'"),
 getSize = 5,
 getColor = JS("d => [Math.sqrt(d.exits), 140, 0]"),
 getTooltip = "{{name}}<br/>{{address}}"
)
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pitch = 45) %>%
 add_icon_layer(data = bart_stations, properties = properties) %>%
 add_control("Icon Layer") %>%
 add_basemap()
if (interactive()) deck
```

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add	ison	_editor
aaa_	,	

Add a JSON-editor to the deckgl widget

Description

Adds a Ace-editor in JSON mode to the map to interact with the layers of your deck instance.

Usage

```
add_json_editor(deckgl, ..., style = "width: 40%;", theme = "idle_fingers")
```

Arguments

deckgl	A deckgl widget object.
	Optional args that are passed to the editor. See https://github.com/ajaxorg/ace/wiki/Configuring-Ace for a list of available options.
style	A cssText string that will modefiy the default style of the container that holds the editor.
theme	The name of the theme used by the editor.

add_layer

Add any kind of layer to the deckgl widget

Description

Generic function to add any kind of layer to the deckgl widget. Usually you will not use this one but any of the add_*_layer functions instead.

```
add_layer(
  deckgl,
  class_name,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
  ...,
  id = "hopeful-hopper",
  tooltip = NULL,
  source = NULL,
  filter = NULL
```

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Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

class_name The name of the JavaScript layer class, e. g. ScatterplotLayer.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

tooltip A tooltip template that defines what should be displayed when the mouse enters

an object. You can also pass a list with the properties html and style. See also

use_tooltip.

source The ID of the data source. See add_source.

filter A filter expression that is applied to the data object.

Value

A deckgl widget object.

add_legend

Add a legend to the deckgl widget

Description

Add a legend to the deckgl widget

```
add_legend(
  deckgl,
  colors,
  labels,
  title = NULL,
  pos = "top-right",
  style = NULL,
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

deckgl	A deckgl widget object.
colors	The colors of the legend items.
labels	The labels corresponding to the colors of the legend items.
title	The title of the legend.
pos	The position of the control. Possible values are top-left, top-right, bottom-right and bottom-left.
style	A cssText string that will modefiy the default style of the element.
	not used

add_legend_pal Add a legend to the deckgl widget using a palette func

Description

Add a legend to the deckgl widget using a palette func

Usage

```
add_legend_pal(deckgl, pal, ...)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

pal A palette function that is used to create the legend elements (colors and labels)

automatically.

. . . Parameters that are passed to add_legend.

See Also

col_numeric et cetera for how to create a palette function.

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add_line_layer

Add a line layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The LineLayer renders flat lines joining pairs of source and target points, specified as latitude/longitude coordinates.

Usage

```
add_line_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "line-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/line-layer

```
## @knitr line-layer
data("bart_segments")

properties <- list(
   pickable = TRUE,
   getWidth = 12,
   getSourcePosition = ~from_lng + from_lat,
   getTargetPosition = ~to_lng + to_lat,
   getColor = JS("d => [Math.sqrt(d.inbound + d.outbound), 140, 0]"),
   tooltip = "{{from_name}}} to {{to_name}}"
)
```

24 add_path_layer

```
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pitch = 20) %>%
  add_line_layer(data = bart_segments, properties = properties) %>%
  add_basemap() %>%
  add_control("Line Layer")

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_mapbox_basemap

Add a basemap from mapbox to the deckgl widget

Description

Add a basemap from mapbox to the deckgl widget

Usage

```
add_mapbox_basemap(
  deckgl,
  style = "mapbox://styles/mapbox/light-v9",
  token = Sys.getenv("MAPBOX_API_TOKEN")
)
```

Arguments

deckgl widget style map style

token mapbox API access token

Value

deckgl widget

add_path_layer

Add a path layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The PathLayer takes in lists of coordinate points and renders them as extruded lines with mitering.

```
add_path_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
  ...,
  id = "path-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl	A deckgl widget object.
data	The url to fetch data from or a data object.
properties	A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.
• • •	Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.
id	The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/path-layer

Examples

```
sample_data <- paste0(</pre>
  "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/",
  "uber-common/deck.gl-data/",
  "master/website/bart-lines.json"
)
properties <- list(</pre>
  pickable = TRUE,
  widthScale = 20,
  widthMinPixels = 2,
  getPath = ~path,
  getColor = ~color,
  getWidth = 5,
  tooltip = ~name
deck <- deckgl(pitch = 25, zoom = 10.5) %>%
  add_path_layer(data = sample_data, properties = properties) %>%
  add_basemap() %>%
  add_control("Path Layer")
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_point_cloud_layer Add a point cloud layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The PointCloudLayer takes in points with 3d positions, normals and colors and renders them as spheres with a certain radius.

Usage

```
add_point_cloud_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "point-cloud-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/point-cloud-layer

```
## @knitr point-cloud-layer
sample_data <- paste0(</pre>
  "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/",
  "uber-common/deck.gl-data/",
  "master/website/pointcloud.json"
)
properties <- list(</pre>
  pickable = TRUE,
  coordinateSystem = JS("deck.COORDINATE_SYSTEM.METER_OFFSETS"),
  coordinateOrigin = c(-122.4, 37.74),
  pointSize = 4,
  getPosition = ~position,
  getNormal = ~normal,
  getColor = ~color,
  lightSettings = list(),
  tooltip = "{{position.0}}, {{position.1}}"
)
deck <- deckgl(pitch = 45, zoom = 10.5) %>%
  add_point_cloud_layer(data = sample_data, properties = properties) %>%
  add_basemap() %>%
```

add_polygon_layer 27

```
add_control("Point Cloud Layer")
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_polygon_layer

Add a polygon layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The PolygonLayer renders filled and/or stroked polygons.

Usage

```
add_polygon_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "polygon-layer"
)
```

Arguments

data

The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties

A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

...

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

See Also

id

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/polygon-layer

The unique id of the layer.

```
## @knitr polygon-layer
sample_data <- paste0(
   "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/",
   "uber-common/deck.gl-data/",
   "master/website/sf-zipcodes.json"
)
properties <- list(</pre>
```

```
pickable = TRUE,
 stroked = TRUE,
 filled = TRUE,
 wireframe = TRUE,
 lineWidthMinPixels = 1,
 getPolygon = ~contour,
 getElevation = JS("d => d.population / d.area / 10"),
 getFillColor = JS("d => [d.population / d.area / 60, 140, 0]"),
 getLineColor = c(80, 80, 80),
 getLineWidth = 1,
 tooltip = "{{zipcode}}<br/>Population: {{population}}"
)
deck <- deckgl(zoom = 11, pitch = 25) %>%
 add_polygon_layer(data = sample_data, properties = properties) %>%
 add_basemap() %>%
 add_control("Polygon Layer")
if (interactive()) deck
```

add_raster_tile_layer Add a raster tile layer to the deckgl widget

Description

EXPERIMENTAL, see https://deck.gl/#/examples/core-layers/tile-layer

Usage

```
add_raster_tile_layer(
  deckgl,
  id = "raster-tiles",
  tileServer = "https://c.tile.openstreetmap.org/",
  properties = list(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

id The unique id of the layer.

tileServer base url of the tile server

Properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.

Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.

add_scatterplot_layer 29

Examples

```
## @knitr raster-tile-layer
tile_servers <- list(
   osm = "https://a.tile.openstreetmap.org/",
   carto_light = "https://cartodb-basemaps-a.global.ssl.fastly.net/light_all/",
   carto_dark = "https://cartodb-basemaps-a.global.ssl.fastly.net/dark_all/",
   stamen_toner = "http://a.tile.stamen.com/toner/"
)

deck <- deckgl() %>%
   add_raster_tile_layer(
    tileServer = tile_servers$osm,
    pickable = TRUE,
   autoHighlight = TRUE,
   highlightColor = c(60, 60, 60, 40)
)

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_scatterplot_layer Add a scatterplot layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The ScatterplotLayer takes in paired latitude and longitude coordinated points and renders them as circles with a certain radius.

Usage

```
add_scatterplot_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "scatterplot-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl	A deckgl widget object.
data	The url to fetch data from or a data object.
properties	A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named arguments.
• • •	Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.
id	The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/scatterplot-layer

Examples

```
data("bart_stations")

properties <- list(
  getPosition = ~lng + lat,
  getRadius = "@=Math.sqrt(exits)", #JS("data => Math.sqrt(data.exits)"),
  radiusScale = 6,
  getFillColor = "@=code === 'LF' ? 'white': 'red'", #c(255, 140, 20),
  tooltip = "{{name}}"
)

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10.5, pitch = 35) %>%
  add_scatterplot_layer(data = bart_stations, properties = properties) %>%
  add_basemap() %>%
  add_control("Scatterplot Layer")

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_screen_grid_layer Add a screen grid layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The ScreenGridLayer takes in an array of latitude and longitude coordinated points, aggregates them into histogram bins and renders as a grid.

Usage

```
add_screen_grid_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
    ...,
  id = "screen-grid-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

add_source 31

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical parameters are overwritten.id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/screen-grid-layer

Examples

```
## @knitr screen-grid-layer
data("sf_bike_parking")

properties <- list(
   opacity = 0.8,
   cellSizePixels = 50,
   colorRange = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(6, "Blues"),
   getPosition = ~lng + lat,
   getWeight = ~spaces
)

deck <- deckgl() %>%
   add_screen_grid_layer(data = sf_bike_parking, properties = properties) %>%
   add_basemap() %>%
   add_control("Screen Grid Layer")

if (interactive()) deck
```

add_source

Add a data source to the deckgl widget

Description

Add a data source to the deckgl widget

Usage

```
add_source(deckgl, id, data)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

id The unique id of the source.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

32 add_source_as_dep

Examples

```
data("bart_stations")
deckgl() %>%
  add_source("bart-stations", bart_stations) %>%
  {\tt add\_scatterplot\_layer(}
   source = "bart-stations",
   getPosition = ~lng + lat,
   getFillColor = "steelblue",
   getRadius = 50,
   radiusScale = 6
  ) %>%
  add_text_layer(
   source = "bart-stations",
   getPosition = ~lng + lat,
   getText = ~name,
   getSize = 15,
   sizeScale = 1.5,
   getColor = "white"
  ) %>%
  add_basemap()
```

add_source_as_dep

Add source as JavaScript dep

Description

Add source as JavaScript dep

Usage

```
add_source_as_dep(deckgl, id, data)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

id The unique id of the source.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

add_text_layer 33

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Add a text layer to the deckgl widget

Description

The TextLayer renders text labels on the map using texture mapping.

Usage

```
add_text_layer(
  deckgl,
  data = NULL,
  properties = list(),
   ...,
  id = "text-layer"
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

data The url to fetch data from or a data object.

properties A named list of properties with names corresponding to the properties defined

in the deckgl-api-reference for the given layer class. The properties parameter can also be an empty list. In this case all props must be passed as named

arguments.

... Named arguments that will be added to the properties object. Identical pa-

rameters are overwritten.

id The unique id of the layer.

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/layers/text-layer

```
## @knitr text-layer
data("bart_stations")

deck <- deckgl(zoom = 10, pitch = 35) %>%
   add_text_layer(
   data = bart_stations,
   pickable = TRUE,
   getPosition = ~lng + lat,
   getText = ~name,
   getSize = 15,
   getAngle = 0,
   getTextAnchor = "middle",
```

34 bart_segments

```
getAlignmentBaseline = "center",
  tooltip = "{{name}}<br/>{{address}}"
) %>%
  add_basemap(use_carto_style("voyager"))
if (interactive()) deck
```

bart_segments

bart segments

Description

bart segments

Usage

bart_segments

Format

tibble with 45 rows and 8 variables:

inbound number of inbound trips

outbound number of outbound trips

from_name name of source station

from_lng longitude of source station

from_lat latitude of source station

to_name name of target station

to_lng longitude of target station

to_lat latitude of target station

Source

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/uber-common/deck.gl-data/master/website/bart-segments.json

bart_stations 35

bart_stations

bart stations

Description

bart stations

Usage

bart_stations

Format

tibble with 44 rows and 7 variables:

name station name

code two-letter station code

address address

entries number of entries

exits number of exits

lng longitude

lat latitude

Source

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/uber-common/deck.gl-data/master/website/bart-stations.json

deckgl

Create a deckgl widget

Description

Create a deckgl widget

```
deckgl(
  latitude = 37.8,
  longitude = -122.45,
  zoom = 12,
  pitch = 0,
  bearing = 0,
  initial_view_state = NULL,
```

36 deckgl-shiny

```
views = NULL,
width = NULL,
height = NULL,
element_id = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

latitude The latitude of the initial view state.

longitude The longitude of the initial view state.

zoom The zoom level of the initial view state.

pitch The pitch of the initial view state.

bearing The bearing of the initial view state.

initial_view_state

The initial view state. If set, other view state arguments (longitude, latidude

et cetera) are ignored.

views A single View, or an array of View instances. If not supplied, a single MapView

will be created.

width The width of the widget.
height The height of the widget.

element_id The explicit id of the widget (usually not needed).

Optional properties that are passed to the deck instance.

Value

deckgl widget

See Also

https://deck.gl/#/documentation/deckgl-api-reference/deck for optional properties that can be passed to the deck instance.

deckgl-shiny

Shiny bindings for deckgl

Description

Output and render functions for using deckgl within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

```
deckglOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")
renderDeckgl(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

deckgl_proxy 37

Arguments

outputId output variable to read from

width, height Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which

will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.

expr An expression that generates a deckgl

env The environment in which to evaluate expr.

quoted Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save

an expression in a variable.

deckgl_proxy

Create a deckgl proxy object

Description

Creates a deckgl-like object that can be used to update a deckgl object that has already been rendered.

Usage

```
deckgl_proxy(shinyId, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
```

Arguments

shinyId single-element character vector indicating the output ID of the deck to modify

the Shiny session object to which the deckgl widget belongs; usually the default

value will suffice.

does_it_work

session

Check if everything works fine

Description

Check if everything works fine

Usage

```
does_it_work(token = NULL)
```

Arguments

token mapbox API access token

encode_icon_atlas

Encode atlas image to base64

Description

Encode atlas image to base64

Usage

```
encode_icon_atlas(filename = NULL)
```

Arguments

filename

The filename of the atlas image.

Value

base64 encoded atlas image

```
get_color_to_rgb_array
```

Create a getColor data accessor

Description

Creates a JS method to retrieve the color of each object. The method parses the HEX color property of the data object to an rgb color array.

Usage

```
get_color_to_rgb_array(color_property)
```

Arguments

color_property property name of data object containing the HEX color

Value

JavaScript code evaluated on the client-side

get_data 39

get_data

Get data

Description

EXPERIMENTAL, usually used in conjunction with add_data

Usage

```
get_data(var_name = "thanksForAllTheFish")
```

Arguments

var_name

JavaScript variable name

 $get_first_element$

Create a data accessor retrieving the first element of an array

Description

Create a data accessor retrieving the first element of an array

Usage

```
get_first_element(property_name)
```

Arguments

```
property_name property name of data object
```

Value

JavaScript code evaluated on the client-side

40 get_position

get_last_element

Create a data accessor retrieving the last element of an array

Description

Create a data accessor retrieving the last element of an array

Usage

```
get_last_element(property_name)
```

Arguments

```
property_name property name of data object
```

Value

JavaScript code evaluated on the client-side

get_position

Create a getPosition data accessor

Description

Creates a JS method to retrieve the position of each object.

Usage

```
get_position(latitude = NULL, longitude = NULL, coordinates = NULL)
```

Arguments

latitude latitude property of data object longitude longitude property of data object

coordinates coordinates property of data object (in this case latitude and longitude pa-

rameters are ignored)

Value

JavaScript code evaluated on the client-side

get_property 41

get_property

Create a data accessor

Description

Creates a JS method to retrieve a given property of each object.

Usage

```
get_property(property_name)
```

Arguments

```
property_name property name of data object
```

Value

JavaScript code evaluated on the client-side

set_view_state

Set the view state of the map

Description

Set the view state of the map

Usage

```
set_view_state(
  deckgl,
  latitude = 37.8,
  longitude = -122.45,
  zoom = 12,
  pitch = 0,
  bearing = 0
)
```

Arguments

deckgl A deckgl widget object.

latitude The latitude of the view state.

longitude The longitude of the view state.

zoom The zoom level of the view state.

pitch The pitch of the view state.

bearing The bearing of the view state.

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sf_bike_parking

sf bike parking

Description

```
sf bike parking
```

Usage

```
sf_bike_parking
```

Format

tibble with 2520 rows and 5 variables:

address address

racks number of racks

spaces number of spaces

Ing longitude

lat latidude

Source

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/uber-common/deck.gl-data/master/website/sf-bike-parking.json

update_deckgl

Send commands to a deckgl instance in a Shiny app

Description

Send commands to a deckgl instance in a Shiny app

Usage

```
update_deckgl(proxy, ...)
```

Arguments

proxy deckgl proxy object ... unused

See Also

```
deckgl_proxy
```

use_carto_style 43

use_carto_style

Use a Carto style

Description

Use a Carto style

Usage

```
use_carto_style(theme = "dark-matter")
```

Arguments

theme

The theme of the style, dark-matter, positron or voyager.

```
use_contour_definition
```

Create a contour definition

Description

Create a contour definition

Usage

```
use_contour_definition(
  threshold = 1,
  color = c(255, 255, 255),
  stroke_width = 1
)
```

Arguments

threshold The threshold value used in contour generation.

color The RGB color array used to render contour lines.

stroke_width The width of the contour lines in pixels.

44 use_icon_definition

```
use_default_icon_properties
```

Use default icon properties

Description

Returns icon properties with default values for iconAtlas, iconMapping and getIcon, so that the default icon is used.

Usage

```
use_default_icon_properties(
  sizeScale = 15,
  getSize = 5,
  getColor = c(240, 140, 0)
)
```

Arguments

sizeScale icon size multiplier

getSize height of each object (in pixels), if a number is provided, it is used as the size

for all objects, if a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its

size

getColor rgba color of each object, if an array is provided, it is used as the color for all

objects if a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its color

Description

Create an icon definition on an atlas image

```
use_icon_definition(
    x = 0,
    y = 0,
    width = 128,
    height = 128,
    anchor_x = (width/2),
    anchor_y = 128,
    mask = TRUE
)
```

use_tooltip 45

Arguments

X	The x position of the icon on the atlas image.
у	The y position of the icon on the atlas image.
width	The width of the icon on the atlas image.
height	The height of the icon on the atlas image.
anchor_x	The horizontal position of the icon anchor.
anchor_y	the vertical position of the icon anchor.
mask	whether icon is treated as a transparency mask, if TRUE, user defined color is applied, if FALSE, pixel color from the image is applied

Description

Create a tooltip property

Usage

```
use_tooltip(html, style, ...)
```

Arguments

html The innerHTML of the element.

style A cssText string that will modefiy the default style of the element.

... not used

Tooltip template Syntax

The tooltip string is a *mustache* template in which variable names are identified by the double curly brackets (*mustache* tags) that surround them. The variable names available to the template are given by deck.gl's pickingInfo.object and vary by layer.

See Also

mustache for a complete syntax overwiew.

46 use_tooltip

```
data("bart_segments")

props <- list(
   tooltip = use_tooltip(
     html = "{{from_name}} to {{to_name}}",
     style = "background: steelBlue; border-radius: 5px;"
   )
)

# The picking object of the hexagon layer offers
# a property that contains the list of points of the hexagon.
# You can iterate over this list as shown below.
data("sf_bike_parking")

html = "
   <p>{{position.0}}, {{position.1}}
   Count: {{points.length}}
   {{p>{{#points}}}<div>{{address}}</div>{{/points}}
   "
```

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