Package 'StockDistFit'

May 9, 2023

Title Fit Stock Price Distributions
Version 1.0.0
Description The 'StockDistFit' package provides functions for fitting probability distributions to stock price data. The package uses maximum likelihood estimation to find the best-fitting distribution for a given stock. It also offers a function to fit several distributions to one or more assets and compare the distribution with the Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) and then pick the best distribution. References are as follows: Siew et al. (2008) https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/jappstat/37/1/37_1_1/pdf/-char/ja and Benth et al. (2008) <a 0009-0002-2119-904x"="" href="https://books.google.co.ke/books?hl=en&lr=&id=MHNpDQAAQBAJ&oi=fnd&pg=PR7&dq=Stochastic+modeling+of+commodity+prices+using+the+Variance+Gamma+(VG)+model.+&ots=YNIL2QmEYg&sig=XZtGU0lp4oqXHVyPZ-08x5i7N3w&redir_esc=y#v=onepage&q&f=false>.</td></tr><tr><td>License GPL (>= 3)</td></tr><tr><td>Encoding UTF-8</td></tr><tr><td>RoxygenNote 7.2.3</td></tr><tr><td>Imports dplyr, fGarch, fBasics, fitdistrplus, xts, stats, magrittr, zoo, quantmod, utils, ghyp</td></tr><tr><td>Suggests knitr, rmarkdown</td></tr><tr><td>VignetteBuilder knitr</td></tr><tr><td>Depends R (>= 2.10)</td></tr><tr><td>LazyData true</td></tr><tr><td>NeedsCompilation no</td></tr><tr><td>Author Brian Njuguna [aut, cre] (https://orcid.org/0009-0002-2119-904X), Stanely Sayianka [ctb]
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AAPL

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Description

AAPL

This dataset contains the daily stock prices of Apple Inc. (AAPL) from January 2, 2013 to April 30, 2023. The data includes the open, high, low, and close prices, as well as the volume and adjusted close price. ~~

Apple Inc. stock prices dataset

Usage

```
data("AAPL")
```

Format

A data frame with 2599 observations on the following 7 variables.

Date a character vector Open a numeric vector High a numeric vector AMZN 3

```
Low a numeric vector

Close a numeric vector

Volume a numeric vector

Adjusted a numeric vector
```

References

Data source: Yahoo Finance

Examples

```
data(AAPL)
str(AAPL) ; plot(AAPL)
```

AMZN

Amazon.com Inc. Stock Prices Dataset

Description

This dataset contains the daily stock prices of Amazon.com Inc. (AMZN) from January 2, 2013 to April 30, 2023. The data includes the open, high, low, and close prices, as well as the volume and adjusted close price. ~~

Usage

```
data("AMZN")
```

Format

A data frame with 2599 observations on the following 7 variables.

Date a character vector
Open a numeric vector
High a numeric vector
Low a numeric vector
Close a numeric vector
Volume a numeric vector
Adjusted a numeric vector

References

Data source: Yahoo Finance

```
data(AMZN)
str(AMZN) ; plot(AMZN)
```

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annual_return

Compute Annual Returns of a Vector.

Description

This function takes a vector of asset returns and computes annual returns.

Usage

```
annual_return(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector of asset returns as an xts object with dates as rownames.

Value

A numeric vector of annual returns.

See Also

```
weekly_return, monthly_return
```

Examples

```
# Compute annual returns of an asset vector
require(xts)
asset_returns_xts <- xts(c(29.2, 30.0, 36.2, 30.4, 38.5, -35.6, 34.5),
order.by = as.Date(c("2017-05-07", "2018-05-07", "2019-05-07",
"2020-05-07", "2021-05-07", "2022-05-07",
"2023-05-07")))
annual_return(asset_returns_xts)</pre>
```

asset_loader

Load Asset Data.

Description

This function reads in asset data stored in .csv format and returns a time-series object of the asset data.

Usage

```
asset_loader(data_path, assets, price_col)
```

best_dist 5

Arguments

data_path The path to the directory containing the .csv files.

assets A vector of asset names to be loaded.

price_col The name of the price column to be selected (e.g. Open, Close, Low, High).

Value

An xts object with asset data.

Note

The Date column in the files should be of the format "m/d/v", that is 01/14/13 with 01 implying the month, 14 the date and 13 the year

The data to be loaded must be in .csv type and also must have the Date, Open, Low, High and Close Prices of the assest or assests to be loaded.

Examples

```
asset_loader(system.file("extdata", package = "StockDistFit"), c("AAPL", "TSLA"), "Close")
```

best_dist

Find the best distribution based on AIC values

Description

This function takes in a data frame of AIC values for different distributions and a vector of distribution names, and returns a data frame with the best distribution for each row based on the minimum AIC value. #' You can also write the distribution as "norm" or "cauchy" provided they follow the order in the data frame.

Usage

```
best_dist(aic_df, dist_names)
```

Arguments

aic_df A data frame containing AIC values for different distributions
dist_names A vector of distribution names corresponding to the AIC values

Value

A data frame with the best distribution for each row based on the minimum AIC value

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Note

This function takes the data frame obtained from fit_multiple_dist function

Examples

```
data <- asset_loader(system.file("extdata", package = "StockDistFit"), c("AAPL", "TSLA"), "Close")
df = fit_multiple_dist(c("norm_fit", "cauchy_fit"), data)
best_dist(df, c("norm_fit", "cauchy_fit"))</pre>
```

cauchy_fit

Fit Cauchy Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Cauchy distribution to a given data vector using the fitdist function from the fitdistrplus package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
cauchy_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 2 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (location) and alpha (scale).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

data.cumret 7

Examples

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
cauchy_fit(returns)</pre>
```

data.cumret

Compute Cumulative Returns of a Vector.

Description

This function takes a vector of asset returns and computes the cumulative wealth generated over time, assuming that the initial wealth was initial_eq.

Usage

```
data.cumret(df_ret, initial_eq)
```

Arguments

df_ret an xts object of asset returns, with dates as rownames.
initial_eq a numeric value representing the initial wealth.

Value

An xts object of wealth generated over time.

See Also

```
weekly_return, monthly_return, annual_return
```

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fit_multiple_dist

Fits Multiple Probability Distributions to several assets/stock prices.

Description

This function fits multiple probability distributions to a dataframe and calculates the Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) and Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for each distribution and then returns a data frame of the AIC values for each asset where the column names are the names of the fitted distributions.

Usage

```
fit_multiple_dist(dist_names, dataframe)
```

Arguments

dist_names a character vector of distribution names to be fitted.

dataframe a dataframe containing the data to be fitted.

Details

Note that the available distributions are

norm_fit - Normal distribution

t fit - Student's t-distribution

cauchy_fit - Cauchy distribution

ghd_fit - Generalized hyperbolic distribution

hd_fit - Hyperbolic distribution

sym.ghd_fit - Symmetric generalized hyperbolic distribution

sym.hd_fit - Symmetric hyperbolic distribution

vg_fit - Variance-gamma distribution

sym.vg_fit - Symmetric variance-gamma distribution

nig_fit - Normal-inverse Gaussian distribution

ged_fit - Generalized error distribution

skew.t_fit - Skew Student's t-distribution

skew.normal_fit - Skew normal distribution

skew.ged_fit - Skew generalized error distribution

Also note that the distribution to be fitted from the above list must include the '_fit'. The function can also fit one distribution to one asset.

Value

A list of distributions and their corresponding AIC and BIC values.

ged_fit 9

See Also

```
asset_loader
```

Examples

```
data <- asset_loader(system.file("extdata", package = "StockDistFit"), c("AAPL", "TSLA"), "Close")
fit_multiple_dist(c("norm_fit", "cauchy_fit"), data)</pre>
```

ged_fit

Fit Generalized Error Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Generalized Error Distribution (GED) to a given data vector using the ged_fit function from the fGarch package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
ged_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

A numeric vector of data.

Value

A list with the following elements:

params A numeric vector of length 3 containing the fitted GED parameters: shape, scale, and location

aic The Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) for the fitted model.

bic The Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for the fitted model.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, nig_fit,
sym.vg_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
ged_fit(returns)</pre>
```

10 ghd_fit

ghd_fit Fit Generalized Hyperbolic Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Generalized Hyperbolic (GH) distribution to a given data vector using the fit.ghypuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
ghd_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 5 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (location), alpha (scale), mu (degrees of freedom), sigma (standard deviation), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 24)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
ghd_fit(returns)</pre>
```

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GOOG

Alphabet Inc Inc. Stock Prices Dataset

Description

This dataset contains the daily stock prices of Alphabet Inc. (GOOG) from January 2, 2013 to April 30, 2023. The data includes the open, high, low, and close prices, as well as the volume and adjusted close price. ~~

Usage

```
data("GOOG")
```

Format

A data frame with 2599 observations on the following 7 variables.

Open a numeric vector

High a numeric vector

Low a numeric vector

Close a numeric vector

Volume a numeric vector

Adjusted a numeric vector

Date a character vector

References

Data source: Yahoo Finance

Examples

```
data(GOOG)
str(GOOG) ; plot(GOOG)
```

 hd_fit

Fit Hyperbolic distribution to return/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Hyperbolic distribution to a given data vector using the fit.hypuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

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Usage

```
hd_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 4 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: alpha (scale), mu (location), sigma (standard deviation), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, sym.ghd_fit, ghd_fit, cauchy_fit, t_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

Examples

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
hd_fit(returns)</pre>
```

monthly_return

Compute Monthly Returns of a Vector.

Description

This function takes a numeric vector of asset returns and computes monthly returns.

Usage

```
monthly_return(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector of asset returns.

Value

A numeric vector of monthly returns.

nig_fit 13

Note

The input data must be an xts object with dates as rownames.

See Also

```
weekly_return, annual_return
```

Examples

nig_fit

Fit Normal Inverse Gaussian (NIG) Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Normal Inverse Gaussian (NIG) Distribution to a given data vector using the nig_fit function from the fBasics package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
nig_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

A numeric vector of data.

Value

A list with the following elements:

params The estimated parameters of the NIG distribution: location, scale, skewness, and shape.

aic The Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) for the NIG distribution fit.

bic The Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for the NIG distribution fit.

norm_fit

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

Examples

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
nig_fit(returns)</pre>
```

norm_fit

Fit Normal Distribution to a Vector/stock prices.

Description

This function takes a numeric vector and fits a normal distribution to it using the fitdist function from the fitdistribus package. It returns a list with the mean and standard deviation parameters of the fitted normal distribution, as well as the AIC and BIC values of the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
norm_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector to be fitted with a normal distribution.

Value

A list with the following components:

par a numeric vector with the estimated mean and standard deviation parameters of the fitted normal distribution.

aic a numeric value representing the Akaike information criterion (AIC) of the fitted distribution.

bic a numeric value representing the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) of the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit, ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

skew.ged_fit 15

Examples

```
# Fit a normal distribution to a vector of returns
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
norm_fit(returns)</pre>
```

 $skew.ged_fit$

Fit Skewed Generalized Error Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Skewed Generalized Error Distribution to a given data vector using the skew.ged_fit function from the fGarch package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
skew.ged_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

A numeric vector of data.

Value

A list with the following elements:

params A numeric vector of length 4 containing the fitted SGED parameters: shape, scale, location, and skewness.

aic The Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) for the fitted model.

bic The Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for the fitted model.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit,
nig_fit, ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
skew.ged_fit(returns)</pre>
```

skew.normal_fit

skew.normal_fit

Fit Skew Normal Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Skew Normal distribution to a given data vector using the snormFit function from the fGarch package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
skew.normal_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

params a numeric vector of length 3 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: location (mu), scale (sigma), and skewness (alpha).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit,
nig_fit, ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
skew.normal_fit(returns)</pre>
```

skew.t_fit 17

skew.t_fit

Fit Skewed Student-t Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Skewed Student-t Distribution to a given data vector using the skew.t_fit function from the fGarch package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
skew.t_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

A numeric vector of data.

Value

A list with the following elements:

params A numeric vector of length 4 containing the fitted Skewed Student-t parameters: degrees of freedom, skewness, scale, and location.

aic The Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) for the fitted model.

bic The Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for the fitted model.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, nig_fit,
sym.vg_fit, ged_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
skew.t_fit(returns)</pre>
```

18 sym.ghd_fit

sym.ghd_fit

Fit Symmetric Generalized Hyperbolic Distribution to returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Symmetric Generalized Hyperbolic (sGH) distribution to a given data vector using the fit.ghypuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
sym.ghd_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 5 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (location), alpha (scale), mu (degrees of freedom), sigma (standard deviation), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 15)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
sym.ghd_fit(returns)</pre>
```

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sym.hd_fit	Fit a Symmetric Hyperbolic Distribution to a vector of return/stock prices.
------------	---

Description

This function fits a Symmetric Hyperbolic distribution to a data vector using the fit. hypuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
sym.hd_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the symmetric data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 4 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: alpha (scale), mu (degrees of freedom), sigma (standard deviation), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 20, 21)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
sym.hd_fit(returns)</pre>
```

20 sym.vg_fit

sym.vg_fit Fit Symmetric Variance Gamma Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Symmetric Variance Gamma (sVG) distribution to a given data vector using the fit. VGuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
sym.vg_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 4 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (scale), mu (location), sigma (volatility), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
sym.vg_fit(returns)</pre>
```

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TSLA

Tesla Inc. Stock Prices Dataset

Description

This dataset contains the daily stock prices of Tesla, Inc. (TSLA) from January 2, 2013 to May 6, 2023. The data includes the open, high, low, and close prices, as well as the volume and adjusted close price. ~~

Usage

```
data("TSLA")
```

Format

A data frame with 2599 observations on the following 7 variables.

Open a numeric vector

High a numeric vector

Low a numeric vector

Close a numeric vector

Volume a numeric vector

Adjusted a numeric vector

Date a character vector

References

Data source: Yahoo Finance

Examples

```
data(TSLA)
str(TSLA) ; plot(TSLA)
```

t_fit

Fit Student's t Distribution to a vector of returns/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Student's t distribution to a given data vector using the fit.tuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
t_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 5 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (location), alpha (scale), mu (degrees of freedom), sigma (standard deviation), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, vg_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

Examples

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
t_fit(returns)</pre>
```

vg_fit

Fit Variance Gamma Distribution to a vector of return/stock prices.

Description

This function fits the Variance Gamma (VG) distribution to a given data vector using the fit. VGuv function from the ghyp package. It returns the estimated parameters along with the AIC and BIC values for the fitted distribution.

Usage

```
vg_fit(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector containing the data to be fitted.

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Value

a list containing the following elements:

par a numeric vector of length 4 containing the estimated values for the parameters of the fitted distribution: lambda (location), mu (scale), sigma (shape), and gamma (skewness).

aic the Akaike information criterion (AIC) value for the fitted distribution.

bic the Bayesian information criterion (BIC) value for the fitted distribution.

See Also

```
norm_fit, t_fit, cauchy_fit, ghd_fit, hd_fit, sym.ghd_fit, sym.hd_fit, sym.vg_fit, nig_fit,
ged_fit, skew.t_fit, skew.normal_fit, skew.ged_fit
```

Examples

```
stock_prices <- c(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17)
returns <- diff(log(stock_prices))
vg_fit(returns)</pre>
```

weekly_return

Compute Weekly Returns of a Vector.

Description

This function takes a numeric vector of asset returns and computes weekly returns.

Usage

```
weekly_return(vec)
```

Arguments

vec

a numeric vector of asset returns.

Value

A numeric vector of weekly returns.

Note

The input data must be an xts object with dates as rownames.

See Also

```
monthly_return, annual_return
```

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