

# Package ‘MAIVE’

December 8, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Meta Analysis Instrumental Variable Estimator

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Version** 0.1.10

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.3

**URL** <https://meta-analysis.cz/maive/>,

<https://github.com/meta-analysis-es/maive>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/meta-analysis-es/maive/issues>

**Description** Meta-analysis traditionally assigns more weight to studies with lower standard errors, assuming higher precision. However, in observational research, precision must be estimated and is vulnerable to manipulation, such as p-hacking, to achieve statistical significance. This can lead to spurious precision, invalidating inverse-variance weighting and bias-correction methods like funnel plots. Common methods for addressing publication bias, including selection models, often fail or exacerbate the problem. This package introduces an instrumental variable approach to limit bias caused by spurious precision in meta-analysis. Methods are described in 'Irsova et al.' (2025) <doi:10.1038/s41467-025-63261-0>.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Depends** R (>= 4.0.0)

**Imports** stats, clubSandwich

**Suggests** testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, varhandle

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Zuzana Irsova [aut] (affiliation: Charles University, Prague),  
Pedro R. D. Bom [aut] (affiliation: University of Deusto, Bilbao),  
Tomas Havranek [aut] (affiliation: Charles University, Prague; CEPR,  
London; METRICS, Stanford),  
Heiko Rachinger [aut] (affiliation: University of the Balearic Islands,  
Palma),  
Petr Cala [aut, cre] (affiliation: Charles University, Prague)

**Maintainer** Petr Cala <cal.a.p@seznam.cz>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2025-12-08 08:40:02 UTC

## Contents

maive	2
waive	4

<b>Index</b>	<b>6</b>
--------------	----------

---

maive	<i>R code for MAIVE</i>
-------	-------------------------

---

## Description

R package for MAIVE: "Spurious Precision in Meta-Analysis of Observational Research" by Zuzana Irsova, Pedro Bom, Tomas Havranek, Petr Cala, and Heiko Rachinger.

## Usage

```
maive(dat, method, weight, instrument, studylevel, SE, AR, first_stage = 0L)
```

## Arguments

dat	Data frame with columns bs, sebs, Ns, study_id (optional).
method	1 FAT-PET, 2 PEESE, 3 PET-PEESE, 4 EK.
weight	0 no weights, 1 standard weights, 2 MAIVE adjusted weights, 3 study weights.
instrument	1 yes, 0 no.
studylevel	Correlation at study level: 0 none, 1 fixed effects, 2 cluster.
SE	SE estimator: 0 CR0 (Huber-White), 1 CR1 (Standard empirical correction), 2 CR2 (Bias-reduced estimator), 3 wild bootstrap.
AR	Anderson Rubin corrected CI for weak instruments (available for unweighted and MAIVE-adjusted weight versions of PET, PEESE, PET-PEESE, not available for fixed effects): 0 no, 1 yes.
first_stage	First-stage specification for the variance model: 0 levels, 1 log.

## Details

Data dat can be imported from an Excel file via: `dat <- read_excel("inputdata.xlsx")` or from a csv file via: `dat <- read.csv("inputdata.csv")` It should contain:

- Estimates: bs
- Standard errors: sebs
- Number of observations: Ns

- Optional: study\_id

Default option for MAIVE: MAIVE-PET-PEESE, unweighted, instrumented, cluster SE, wild bootstrap, AR.

### Value

- beta: MAIVE meta-estimate
- SE: MAIVE standard error
- F-test: heteroskedastic robust F-test of the first step instrumented SEs
- beta\_standard: point estimate from the method chosen
- SE\_standard: standard error from the method chosen
- Hausman: Hausman type test: comparison between MAIVE and standard version
- Chi2: 5
- SE\_instrumented: instrumented standard errors
- AR\_CI: Anderson-Rubin confidence interval for weak instruments
- pub\_bias\_p-value: p-value of test for publication bias / p-hacking based on instrumented FAT
- egger\_coef: Egger Coefficient (PET estimate)
- egger\_se: Egger Standard Error (PET standard error)
- egger\_boot\_ci: Confidence interval for the Egger coefficient using the selected resampling scheme
- egger\_ar\_ci: Anderson-Rubin confidence interval for the Egger coefficient (when available)
- is\_quadratic\_fit: Details on quadratic selection and slope behaviour
- boot\_result: Boot result
- slope\_coef: Slope coefficient
- petpeese\_selected: Which model (PET or PEESE) was selected when method=3 (NA otherwise)
- peese\_se2\_coef: Coefficient on SE<sup>2</sup> when PEESE is the final model (NA otherwise)
- peese\_se2\_se: Standard error of the PEESE SE<sup>2</sup> coefficient (NA otherwise)

### Examples

```
dat <- data.frame(
  bs = c(0.5, 0.45, 0.55, 0.6),
  sebs = c(0.25, 0.2, 0.22, 0.27),
  Ns = c(50, 80, 65, 90)
)

result <- maive(dat,
  method = 3, weight = 0, instrument = 1,
  studylevel = 0, SE = 0, AR = 0, first_stage = 0
)
```

---

waiveWAIVE: Weighted Adjusted Instrumental Variable Estimator

---

## Description

WAIVE extends MAIVE by applying exponential-decay weights that downweight studies with spurious precision or extreme outlier behavior.

## Usage

```
waive(dat, method, weight, instrument, studylevel, SE, AR, first_stage = 0L)
```

## Arguments

dat	Data frame with columns bs, sebs, Ns, study_id (optional).
method	1 FAT-PET, 2 PEESE, 3 PET-PEESE, 4 EK.
weight	0 no weights, 1 standard weights, 2 MAIVE adjusted weights, 3 study weights.
instrument	1 yes, 0 no.
studylevel	Correlation at study level: 0 none, 1 fixed effects, 2 cluster.
SE	SE estimator: 0 CR0 (Huber-White), 1 CR1 (Standard empirical correction), 2 CR2 (Bias-reduced estimator), 3 wild bootstrap.
AR	Anderson Rubin corrected CI for weak instruments (available for unweighted and MAIVE-adjusted weight versions of PET, PEESE, PET-PEESE, not available for fixed effects): 0 no, 1 yes.
first_stage	First-stage specification for the variance model: 0 levels, 1 log.

## Details

Computes robust downweighting based on first-stage residuals. Studies with negative residuals (spurious precision) or extreme residuals (outliers) receive reduced influence in the meta-analytic estimate.

## Value

List with the same structure as `maive()`. See `?maive` for details.

## See Also

[maive](#)

**Examples**

```
dat <- data.frame(  
  bs = c(0.5, 0.45, 0.55, 0.6),  
  sebs = c(0.25, 0.2, 0.22, 0.27),  
  Ns = c(50, 80, 65, 90)  
)  
  
result <- waive(dat,  
  method = 3, weight = 0, instrument = 1,  
  studylevel = 0, SE = 0, AR = 0, first_stage = 0  
)
```

# Index

maive, 2, 4

waive, 4