Package 'leidenbase'

September 26, 2024

Type Package

Title R and C/C++ Wrappers to Run the Leiden find_partition() Function

Version 0.1.31

Description An R to C/C++ interface that runs the Leiden community
detection algorithm to find a basic partition (). It runs the
equivalent of the 'leidenalg' find_partition() function, which is
given in the 'leidenalg' distribution file
'leiden/src/functions.py'. This package includes the
required source code files from the official 'leidenalg'
distribution and functions from the R 'igraph'
package. The 'leidenalg' distribution is available from
<https://github.com/vtraag/leidenalg/>
and the R 'igraph' package is available from
<https://igraph.org/r/>.
The Leiden algorithm is described in the article by
Traag et al. (2019) <doi:10.1038/s41598-019-41695-z>.
Leidenbase includes code from the packages:
igraph version 0.9.8 with license GPL (>= 2),
leidenalg version 0.8.10 with license GPL 3.

Imports igraph (>= 0.9.0)

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, testthat (>= 3.1.0), pandoc

URL https://github.com/cole-trapnell-lab/leidenbase

BugReports https://github.com/cole-trapnell-lab/leidenbase/issues

NeedsCompilation yes

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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Contents

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leiden_find_partition *Leiden find partition community detection function*

Description

R to C wrapper that runs the basic Leiden community detection algorithm, which is similar to the find_partition() function in the python Leidenalg distribution.

Usage

```
leiden_find_partition(
  igraph,
  partition_type = c("CPMVertexPartition", "ModularityVertexPartition",
    "RBConfigurationVertexPartition", "RBERVertexPartition",
    "SignificanceVertexPartition", "SurpriseVertexPartition"),
  initial_membership = NULL,
  edge_weights = NULL,
  node_sizes = NULL,
  seed = NULL,
  resolution_parameter = 0.1,
  num_iter = 2,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

igraph   R igraph graph.

partition_type   String partition type name. Default is CPMVertexParition.

initial_membership

                  Numeric vector of initial membership assignments of nodes. These are 1-based
                  indices. Default is one community per node.

`edge_weights`	Numeric vector of edge weights. Default is 1.0 for all edges.
`node_sizes`	Numeric vector of node sizes. Default is 1 for all nodes.
`seed`	Numeric random number generator seed. The seed value must be either NULL for random seed values or greater than 0 for a fixed seed value. Default is NULL.
`resolution_parameter`	
	Numeric resolution parameter. The value must be greater than 0.0. Default is 0.1. The resolution_parameter is ignored for the partition_types ModularityVertexPartition, SignificanceVertexPartition, and SurpriseVertexPartition.
`num_iter`	Numeric number of iterations. Default is 2.
`verbose`	A logic flag to determine whether or not we should print run diagnostics.

Details

The Leiden algorithm is described in From Louvain to Leiden: guaranteeing well-connected communities. V. A. Traag and L. Waltman and N. J. van Eck Scientific Reports, 9(1) (2019) DOI: 10.1038/s41598-019-41695-z.

Significance is described in Significant Scales in Community Structure V. A. Traag, G. Krings, and P. Van Dooren Scientific Reports, 3(1) (2013) DOI: 10.1038/srep02930

Notes excerpted from leidenalg/src/VertexPartition.py

- *CPMVertexPartition* Implements Constant Potts Model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined for both positive and negative edge weights.

- *ModularityVertexPartition* Implements modularity. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights.

- *RBConfigurationVertexPartition* Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt's Potts model with a configuration null model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined only for positive edge weights.

- *RBERVertexPartition* Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt's Potts model with an Erdos-Renyi null model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined only for positive edge weights.

- *SignificanceVertexPartition* Implements Significance. This quality function is well-defined only for unweighted graphs.

- *SurpriseVertexPartition* Implements (asymptotic) Surprise. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights.

Value

A named list consisting of a numeric vector of the node community memberships (1-based indices), a numeric quality value, a numeric modularity, a numeric significance, a numeric vector of edge weights within each community, a numeric vector of edge weights from each community, a numeric vector of edge weights to each community, and total edge weight in the graph.

References

V. A. Traag, L. Waltman, N. J. van Eck (2019). From Louvain to Leiden: guaranteeing well-connected communities. Scientific Reports, 9(1). DOI: 10.1038/s41598-019-41695-z

Significant Scales in Community Structure V. A. Traag, G. Krings, and P. Van Dooren Scientific Reports, 3(1) (2013) DOI: 10.1038/srep02930

Examples

```
 library(igraph)
 fpath <- system.file( 'testdata', 'igraph_n1500_edgelist.txt.gz', package = 'leidenbase' )
 zfp <- gzfile(fpath)
 igraph <- read_graph( file = zfp, format='edgelist', n=1500 )
 res <- leiden_find_partition(igraph=igraph,
                              partition_type='CPMVertexPartition',
                              resolution_parameter=1e-5)
```

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