# Package 'DBmaps'

September 8, 2025

Title A Metadata-Driven Framework for Streamlining Database Joins

Version 0.1.0			
<b>Description</b> Simplifies and automates the process of exploring and merging data from relational databases. This package allows users to discover table relationships, create a map of all possible joins, and generate executable plans to merge data based on a structured metadata framework.			
<pre>URL https://github.com/akshat09867/DBmaps</pre>			
BugReports https://github.com/akshat09867/DBmaps/issues			
License MIT + file LICENSE			
Encoding UTF-8			
RoxygenNote 7.3.2			
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0), DiagrammeR			
Config/testthat/edition 3			
VignetteBuilder knitr			
Imports data.table			
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.5)			
LazyData true			
NeedsCompilation no			
Author Akshat Maurya [aut, cre], David Shilane [aut]			
Maintainer Akshat Maurya <codingmaster902@gmail.com></codingmaster902@gmail.com>			
Repository CRAN			
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2025-09-08 19:20:01 UTC			
Contents			
add_table			

create\_join\_plan

```
      customers
      4

      execute_join_plan
      5

      generate_aggregation_code
      5

      map_join_paths
      7

      plot_join_plan
      7

      products
      8

      table_info
      8

      transactions
      9

      views
      10
```

add\_table

Add a Table's Metadata to a Registry

# **Description**

A generic function to add new table metadata to a registry object.

## Usage

Index

```
add_table(registry, table_metadata)
```

## **Arguments**

```
registry The registry object to which metadata will be added. table_metadata A data.table object created by table_info().
```

#### Value

The updated registry object.

create\_join\_plan

Create a Plan for Aggregating and Merging Tables

# Description

This function acts as a "planner." It takes a user's request for a final dataset, finds a path using a join map, and creates a structured plan (or "recipe") of the necessary steps.

# Usage

```
create_join_plan(
  base_table,
  selections,
  metadata_dt,
  join_map = NULL,
  tables_dis = NULL)
```

create\_join\_plan 3

## Arguments

base\_table A character string specifying the main table.

selections A named list specifying the columns or aggregations to include.

metadata\_dt The master metadata data.table.

join\_map An optional "Join Map" data.table produced by map\_join\_paths(). If NULL (the default), the map will be generated automatically from the metadata.

tables\_dis An optional named list of data.tables used for data-driven (inferred) join discovery. If NULL, only metadata-driven joins are used. If NULL (the default), the map will be generated automatically from the metadata.

#### Value

A list object representing the "join plan."

#### **Examples**

```
# --- 1. Define Metadata (Prerequisite) ---
customers_meta <- table_info(</pre>
 table_name = "customers",
 source_identifier = "customers.csv",
 identifier_columns = "customer_id",
key_outcome_specs = list(
  list(OutcomeName = "CustomerCount", ValueExpression = 1, AggregationMethods = list(
     list(AggregatedName = "CountByRegion", AggregationFunction = "sum",
GroupingVariables = "region")
  ))
)
)
transactions_meta <- table_info(</pre>
 "transactions", "t.csv", "tx_id",
 key_outcome_specs = list(list(OutcomeName = "Revenue", ValueExpression = quote(r),
 AggregationMethods = list(list(AggregatedName = "RevenueByCustomer",
 AggregationFunction = "sum", GroupingVariables = "customer_id"))))
)
master_metadata <- data.table::rbindlist(list(customers_meta, transactions_meta))</pre>
# --- 2. Define the Desired Output ---
user_selections <- list(</pre>
 customers = "region",
 transactions = "RevenueByCustomer"
# --- 3. Create the Join Plan WITHOUT providing the join_map ---
# The function will now generate it automatically.
join_plan <- create_join_plan(</pre>
 base_table = "customers",
 selections = user_selections,
 metadata_dt = master_metadata
)
```

4 customers

```
# --- 4. Inspect the Plan ---
str(join_plan)
```

```
create_metadata_registry
```

Create a Metadata Registry

# **Description**

Initializes an empty data.table with a custom class "MetadataRegistry" to store and manage metadata definitions.

# Usage

```
create_metadata_registry()
```

#### Value

An empty data.table with the class "MetadataRegistry".

customers

Sample Customer Data

# Description

A sample dataset containing demographic information for customers included with the DBmaps package.

# Usage

customers

#### **Format**

A data.table with 5 variables:

customer\_id A unique identifier for each customer.

age The age of the customer in years.

gender The gender of the customer.

**income** The income level of the customer.

**region** The geographical region where the customer resides.

# Source

Generated for package examples.

execute\_join\_plan 5

execute\_join\_plan

Execute a Join Plan

#### **Description**

Takes a plan generated by create\_join\_plan() and executes it sequentially to produce a final, merged data.table.

# Usage

```
execute_join_plan(join_plan, data_list)
```

# **Arguments**

join\_plan A data.table created by create\_join\_plan().

data\_list A named list of the source data.tables.

#### Value

A final, merged data.table.

```
generate_aggregation_code
```

Generate data.table Aggregation Code from Metadata

#### **Description**

Reads metadata from a master data.table and generates executable data.table code strings for performing aggregations.

# Usage

```
generate_aggregation_code(table_name_filter, metadata_dt)
```

# Arguments

table\_name\_filter

Character string, the name of the table for which to generate aggregation code.

 $metadata\_dt$ 

A data.table containing the master metadata, created by calling table\_info() for multiple tables and combining them.

## Value

A named character vector where each element is a runnable data. table code string, and the names correspond to the grouping variables.

## **Examples**

```
# First, create some metadata
customers_info <- table_info(</pre>
  table_name = "customers",
  source_identifier = "customers.csv",
  identifier_columns = "customer_id",
  key_outcome_specs = list(
    list(OutcomeName = "CustomerCount", ValueExpression = 1, AggregationMethods = list(
      list(AggregatedName = "CountByRegion", AggregationFunction = "sum",
           GroupingVariables = "region")
   ))
))
transactions_info <- table_info(</pre>
  table_name = "transactions",
  source_identifier = "transactions.csv",
  identifier_columns = "transaction_id",
  key_outcome_specs = list(
  list(OutcomeName = "Revenue", ValueExpression = quote(amount), AggregationMethods = list(
      list(AggregatedName = "RevenueByCustomer", AggregationFunction = "sum",
           GroupingVariables = "customer_id"),
      list(AggregatedName = "RevenueByProduct", AggregationFunction = "sum",
           GroupingVariables = "product_id")
    )),
    list(OutcomeName = "Transactions", ValueExpression = 1, AggregationMethods = list(
      list(AggregatedName = "TransactionsByCustomer", AggregationFunction = "sum",
           GroupingVariables = "customer_id")
    ))
))
master_metadata <- data.table::rbindlist(list(customers_info, transactions_info))</pre>
# Now, generate the code for the "transactions" table
generated_code <- generate_aggregation_code("transactions", master_metadata)</pre>
print(generated_code)
# To demonstrate execution:
# 1. Create the sample data
transactions <- data.table::data.table(</pre>
  transaction_id = c("T001", "T002", "T003"),
  customer_id = c("C001", "C002", "C001"),
  product_id = c("P001", "P002", "P001"),
  amount = c(10.0, 20.0, 15.0)
)
# 2. Parse and evaluate the first generated statement
revenue_by_customer_code <- generated_code["customer_id"]</pre>
cat("Executing code:\n", revenue_by_customer_code)
revenue_by_customer_dt <- eval(parse(text = revenue_by_customer_code))</pre>
print(revenue_by_customer_dt)
```

map\_join\_paths 7

map	101N	paths

Discover Potential Join Paths from Metadata and Data

# Description

Analyzes metadata for explicit joins and optionally scans data to infer additional joins. Handles single- and multi-variable join keys.

## Usage

```
map_join_paths(metadata_dt, data_list = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

metadata\_dt

A data.table containing the master metadata.

data\_list

A named list of data.tables (names match table\_name in metadata\_dt). If provided, scans data to find inferred join paths. Defaults to NULL.

# Value

A data.table representing the "Join Map" with columns: table\_from, table\_to, key\_from, key\_to

plot\_join\_plan

Plot a Join Plan as a Flowchart

# Description

Takes a plan generated by create\_join\_plan() and creates a flowchart visualizing the sequence of aggregations and merges.

# Usage

```
plot_join_plan(join_plan)
```

## **Arguments**

join\_plan

A data.table created by create\_join\_plan().

# Value

A DiagrammeR graph object that can be printed to the RStudio Viewer pane.

8 table\_info

products

Sample Product Data

# **Description**

A sample dataset containing product information included with the DBmaps package.

# Usage

products

# **Format**

A data.table with 3 variables:

```
product_id A unique identifier for each product.category The category to which the product belongs.original_price The original price of the product.
```

#### **Source**

Generated for package examples.

table\_info

Define Metadata for a Data Table in a Tidy data.table

# Description

Takes descriptive information about a table and returns a tidy data.table.

# Usage

```
table_info(
  table_name,
  source_identifier,
  identifier_columns,
  key_outcome_specs
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
table_name Character string, the conceptual name of the table.

source_identifier
Character string, the file name or DB table identifier.

identifier_columns
Character vector, names of column(s) acting as primary key(s).

key_outcome_specs
A list of 'OutcomeSpec' lists.
```

transactions 9

#### Value

A tidy data.table with the table's metadata. The identifier\_columns and grouping\_variables columns are list-columns.

## **Examples**

```
transactions_info <- table_info(</pre>
  table_name = "transactions",
  source_identifier = "transactions.csv",
  identifier_columns = c("customer_id", "product_id", "time"),
  key_outcome_specs = list(
   list(
      OutcomeName = "Revenue",
      ValueExpression = quote(price * quantity),
      {\tt AggregationMethods = list(}
        list(AggregatedName = "RevenueByCustomer", AggregationFunction = "sum",
             GroupingVariables = "customer_id"),
        list(AggregatedName = "RevenueByProduct", AggregationFunction = "sum",
             GroupingVariables = "product_id")
   )
  )
# Note the structure of the list-columns
print(transactions_info)
str(transactions_info[, .(identifier_columns, grouping_variable)])
```

transactions

Sample Transaction Data

# **Description**

A sample dataset of transaction events, linking customers and products. This is a typical "fact" table in a relational schema.

# Usage

transactions

#### **Format**

A data.table with 5 variables:

**customer\_id** Identifier for the customer making the transaction.

product\_id Identifier for the product being purchased.

time The timestamp of the transaction (POSIXct format).

quantity The number of units of the product purchased.

**price** The price per unit at the time of transaction.

10 views

# **Source**

Generated for package examples.

views

Sample Product View Data

# Description

A sample dataset of product view events, linking customers and products. This is a smaller, sampled version of a potentially very large event log.

# Usage

views

#### **Format**

A data.table with 3 variables:

customer\_id Identifier for the customer viewing the product.

product\_id Identifier for the product being viewed.

time The timestamp of the view event (POSIXct format).

#### **Source**

Generated for package examples.

# **Index**

```
\ast datasets
      customers, 4
      products, 8
      transactions, 9
      views, 10
add_table, 2
create_join_plan, 2
{\tt create\_metadata\_registry, 4}
{\tt customers}, {\color{red} 4}
\verb|execute_join_plan|, 5
{\tt generate\_aggregation\_code}, {\tt 5}
{\tt map\_join\_paths}, {\color{red} 7}
plot_join_plan, 7
products, 8
{\tt table\_info, \color{red} 8}
{\it transactions}, \textcolor{red}{9}
views, 10
```