# Package 'via'

May 16, 2023

Type Package
Title Virtual Arrays

Version 0.2.0

Collate zzz.R data.R generics.R utility.R classes.R

VirtualArray-base.R VirtualArray-xattrib.R

VirtualArray-subset.R VirtualArray-replace.R

VirtualArray-combine.R XArray-base.R XArray-xattrib.R

XArray-combine.R RasterArray-base.R RasterArray-xattrib.R

RasterArray-groupgen.R RasterArray-replace.R

RasterArray-combine.R RasterArray-rast.R SfcArray-base.R

SfcArray-replace.R SfcArray-sf.R SfArray-base.R

SfArray-replace.R conversions.R

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**Description** The base class 'VirtualArray' is defined, which acts as a wrapper around lists allowing users to fold arbitrary sequential data into n-dimensional, R-style virtual arrays. The derived 'XArray' class is defined to be used for homogeneous lists that contain a single class of objects. The 'RasterArray' and 'SfArray' classes enable the use of stacked spatial data instead of lists.

**License** CC BY 4.0 **Date** 2023-05-15

BugReports https://github.com/adamkocsis/via

**Encoding** UTF-8 **LazyData** false

**Depends** R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports methods

**NeedsCompilation** no **RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

Suggests tinytest, knitr, rmarkdown, terra, sp, sf

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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2023-05-16 13:50:02 UTC

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aggregate 3

aggregate

Aggregate raster cells in a 'RasterArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
aggregate(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
x a RasterArray-class object.... arguments passed to the aggregate function.
```

#### Value

An aggregated RasterArray-class object.

# **Examples**

```
library(terra)
ex <- rastex()
agg <- aggregate(ex, 30)</pre>
```

as.XArray

Coerce into an SfcArray or SfArray object

# Description

Coerce into an SfcArray or SfArray object Coerce into an SfArray or SfcArray object

### Usage

```
as.XArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'SfcArray'
as.XArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'SfArray'
as.XArray(from)
```

c, Virtual Array-method

```
as.SfcArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'XArray'
as.SfcArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'SfArray'
as.SfcArray(from)
as.SfArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'XArray'
as.SfArray(from)
## S4 method for signature 'SfcArray'
as.SfArray(from)
```

### **Arguments**

from

Either a SfcArray, SfArray or XArray-class object

#### Value

Either a SfcArray, SfArray or XArray-class object

 ${\tt c,VirtualArray-method} \begin{tabular}{ll} Combine a one-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-class object with other objects \\ \end{tabular}$ 

# Description

NOTE: Sequences that start with an NA do not yet work.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray' c(x, \ldots)
```

### **Arguments**

x VirtualArray object to combine wit other objects.

... additional objects to combine.

#### Value

A VirtualArray-class object.

```
colnames, Virtual Array-method
```

Column names of two-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class object.

# Description

Get or set the column names of two-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class objects

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
colnames(x)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray'
colnames(x) <- value</pre>
```

### **Arguments**

x VirtualArray-derived class object.

value character vector.

#### Value

A character vector of column names or NULL.

### **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
colnames(paleocoastlines)
colnames(paleocoastlines) <- c("a", "b")</pre>
```

crop

Cropping a 'RasterArray'-class object

### **Description**

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
crop(x, y, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
    x a RasterArray class object.
    y an SpatExtent-class object, or any object from which an extent object can be extracted (see Details)
    ... arguments passed to the crop function.
```

### Value

A cropped RasterArray-class object.

#### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
# crop to a specific area
if(requireNamespace("terra", quietly=TRUE)){
  ext <- terra::ext(c(
    xmin = 106.58,
    xmax = 157.82,
    ymin = -45.23,
    ymax = 1.14
))
# cropping all
au<- crop(ex, ext)
}</pre>
```

dim, Virtual Array-method

Dimensions of 'VirtualArray'-derived class objects

#### **Description**

The function returns the dimensions of the array in which elements are organized.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
dim(x)
```

# Arguments

x A VirtualArray-derived class object.

#### Value

A numeric vector.

dimlayer 7

### **Examples**

```
data(exemplar)
dim(exemplar)
```

dimlayer

Dimensions of layers in a 'VirtualArray'-class object

# Description

The funcion will return the dimensions 'SpatRaster'-class layers.

### Usage

```
dimlayer(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
dimlayer(x)
```

# **Arguments**

x A VirtualArray class object.

. . . additional arguments passed to class-specific methods.

#### Value

A numeric vector with the number of rows and columns in the VirtualArrays.

dimnames, Virtual Array-method

Names of a multidimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class object.

# Description

Get or set the dimnames of multidimensional VirtualArray-derived class object.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
dimnames(x)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray'
dimnames(x) <- value</pre>
```

8 disagg

#### **Arguments**

x RasterArray or SfArray object. value character vector.

#### Value

A list of character vectors or NULL.

### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
dimnames(ex)
data(paleocoastlines)
dimnames(paleocoastlines)
dimnames(paleocoastlines)[[2]] <- c("first", "second")
names(dimnames(paleocoastlines)) <- c("age", "type")</pre>
```

disagg

Disaggregate raster cells in a 'RasterArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
disagg(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
x a RasterArray class object.... arguments passed to the disagg function.
```

# Value

A disaggregated RasterArray class object.

```
ex <- rastex()
disagg <- disagg(ex, 3)</pre>
```

exemplar 9

exemplar

Example 'XArray'-class object

# Description

A 'XArray'-class objects of data. frames, which were made from a single data. frame with random sampling. The original object had two columns, the first (x) an integer sequence 1:100, the second y a variable produced with 0.5 \* x - 30 + N(0,10).

# Usage

```
data(exemplar)
```

#### **Format**

: XArray with 3 sample sizes (rows), and 4 different seeds (column).

ext

Extent of a 'RasterArray'-class object

### Description

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray' ext(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
x a RasterArray-class object.... arguments passed to the ext function.
```

#### Value

An aggregated RasterArray-class object.

```
ex <- rastex()
extent <- ext(ex)</pre>
```

10 layers

is.na.RasterArray

Positions of missing values in a 'RasterArray'-class object

### **Description**

The function behaves similar to the regular is.na() function applied to the proxy object of a 'RasterArray'.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RasterArray'
is.na(x)
```

### **Arguments**

Χ

A RasterArray class object.

#### Value

A logical vector, matrix or array matching the structure of the RasterArray.

#### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
ex[2] <- NA
is.na(ex)</pre>
```

layers

Names of layers in the stack of a 'VirtualArray'-class object

### **Description**

Names of layers in the stack of a 'VirtualArray'-class object

# Usage

```
layers(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
layers(x)
```

### Arguments

x A VirtualArray-derived class object.

... additional arguments passed to class-specific methods.

### Value

A character vector of names.

### **Examples**

```
# names of layers in the stack
data(exemplar)
layers(exemplar)
```

names, Virtual Array-method

Names of one-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class objects.

# Description

Get or set the names of one-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class objects

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
names(x)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray'
names(x) <- value</pre>
```

### **Arguments**

```
x VirtualArray-derived class object.value character vector.
```

#### Value

A character vector of names or NULL.

```
ex <- rastex()
names(ex)
names(ex)[4] <- "weirdo"
# NULL</pre>
```

ncell

Number of cells in a 'RasterArray'-class object

#### **Description**

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
ncell(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

a RasterArray class object.

#### Value

A numeric value.

# **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
ncell(ex)</pre>
```

ncol, Virtual Array-method

Number of columns and rows of a 'VirtualArray'-derived class object.

### **Description**

Unlike the ncol and nrow functions of the 'terra' package, this function returns the number of columns and rows of the 'VirtualArray'-derived container, rather than the dimensions of the contained 'SpatRaster'-class object.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
ncol(x)
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
nrow(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

A VirtualArray-derived class object.

newbounds 13

### Value

A numeric value of the number of columns and rows.

### **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
ncol(paleocoastlines)
nrow(paleocoastlines)
```

newbounds

Redefine bounds of a named matrix

### **Description**

The function restructures a matrix and extends its current limits to a range defined by a names attribute

### Usage

```
newbounds(x, cols = NULL, rows = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

x The matrix to be restructured.

cols Column names guiding the restructuring.
rows Row names guiding the restructuring.

### **Details**

This is essentially a subsetting function that allows you to subset even when the rownames or colnames vector extends beyond the bounds of a matrix and traditional subsetting methods result in the notorious 'out of bounds' error.

#### Value

A matrix with extended bounds.

```
a<-matrix(1:9, ncol=3)
rownames(a) <- c("a", "c", "d")
newbounds(a, rows=letters[1:5])</pre>
```

14 nlayers

nlayers Number of elements or layers in a 'VirtualArray'-derived class object

#### **Description**

Function to return the length of the array in which elements are organized.

### Usage

```
nlayers(x)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
nlayers(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SpatRaster'
nlayers(x)
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
length(x)
## S4 method for signature 'XArray'
nlayers(x)
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
nlayers(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Χ

a VirtualArray-derived class object.

### **Details**

The length() function returns the number elements that should be present based on the array structure itself, and not the total number of values stored in the object. As the object can contain missing values, the number of actual layers can be queried with nlayers.

#### Value

A numeric value.

```
ex <- rastex()
# omit third element
ex[3] <- NA
# number of elements in the RasterArray
length(ex)</pre>
```

nums 15

```
# remaining number values in the stack
length(ex@stack)
# the number of remaining layers in the RasterArray
nlayers(ex)
```

nums

Names as numerics

# Description

The set of functions return names of objects directly cast to numeric values.

# Usage

```
nums(x)
colnums(x)
rownums(x)
```

# Arguments

Х

Object with names, colnames or rownames attributes.

### Value

Numeric vector.

```
# base R object
a <- 1:10
names(a) <- seq(10, 100, 10)
nums(a)

# XArray
data(exemplar)
colnums(exemplar)
rownums(exemplar)</pre>
```

paleocoastlines

nvalues

The total number of values in a 'RasterArray'-class object

### Description

The total number of values in a 'RasterArray'-class object

### Usage

```
nvalues(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
nvalues(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x A RasterArray-class object.

... additional arguments passed to class-specific methods.

### Value

A numeric value.

#### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
nvalues(ex)</pre>
```

paleocoastlines

PaleoMAP PaleoCoastlines (excerpt)

# Description

A dataset containing the coastline reconstructions based on the PaleoMAP PaleoDEMS https://www.earthbyte.org/paleodem-resource-scotese-and-wright-2018/ and the Paleobiology Database https://paleobiodb.org for 0, 10 and 20Ma.

# Usage

```
data(paleocoastlines)
```

#### **Format**

A SfcArray with 3 continental margin and 3 paleocoastline layers (3 rows and 2 columns).

project 17

#### **Details**

This is version v7. The article describing the entire set is under review. Once that is published, the entire dataset will be available.

#### **Source**

Kocsis, A. T., & Scotese, C. R. (2020). PaleoMAP PaleoCoastlines data [Data set]. Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3903164

project

Project a 'RasterArray'-class object

# Description

The method implemets the project function for 'RasterArray'-class objects.

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class. See project for details.

# Usage

```
project
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
project(x, y, ...)
```

### Arguments

x A RasterArray object to project.

y A RasterArray the same options as in project.

... additional arguments as for project.

### **Format**

An object of class standardGeneric of length 1.

#### Value

A projected RasterArray-class object.

```
# project first three to mollweide
ex <- rastex()
mollEx <- project(ex[1:3], y="ESRI:54009")</pre>
```

18 RasterArray-class

proxy

The proxy of an from a class derived from 'VirtualArray'

### **Description**

This function returns an object that symbolizes the structure of layers in the 'XArray', 'RasterArray' or 'SfArray'.

#### Usage

```
proxy(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
proxy(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x XArray, RasterArray or SfArray object.

... additional arguments passed to class-specific methods.

### **Details**

The proxy method wraps the names of layers in the @stack using the @index slot of the 'VirtualArray'.

### Value

A vector, matrix or array of characters representing the VirtualArray structure.

### **Examples**

```
data(exemplar)
proxy(exemplar)

data(paleocoastlines)
proxy(paleocoastlines)
```

RasterArray-class

Array of 'SpatRaster'-class objects

#### **Description**

Array class for easier navigation of multilayer rasters

rastex 19

### **Arguments**

stack A	SpatRaster	object.
---------	------------	---------

index A vector, matrix or array type object. Includes either the indices of layers in

the stack, or their names.

dim A numeric vector. Same as for array, creates proxy procedurally.

#### **Details**

The class implements structures to organize single-layer 'SpatRaster'-class objects that have the same dimensions and coordinate reference system. Subsetting rules were defined using the proxy object in the @index slot. See examples for implementations.

The class has two slots: @stack: A 'SpatRaster'-class object with multiple layers, the actual data. index: A proxy object that represents the organization of the layer in the array.

#### Value

A 'RasterArray'-class object.

#### **Examples**

```
# example data
  ex <- rastex()
  st <-ex@stack
  ind <- 1:6
  names(ind) <- letters[1:length(ind)]
  ra<- RasterArray(stack=st, index=ind)</pre>
```

rastex Procedural example structure to demonstrate the capabilities of the 'RasterArray' class

### **Description**

Binary versions of SpatRaster-class objects are problematic, this function is used to instantiate a RasterArray example.

#### Usage

```
rastex()
```

#### Value

A two-dimensional RasterArray-class object, with three rows and four columns.

20 resample

### **Examples**

```
# create example
example <- rastex()

# subset - single bracket
example['b']

# subset - single bracket
example[c(4, 6)]

# subset - double bracket
example[["layer_2"]]</pre>
```

resample

Resampling a 'RasterArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray,ANY'
resample(x, y, ...)
```

# Arguments

```
    x a RasterArray-class object.
    y The y argument of the resample function.
    arguments passed to the resample function.
```

### Value

A resampled RasterArray-class object.

```
ex <- rastex()
if(requireNamespace("terra", quietly=TRUE)){
  template <- terra::rast(res=5)
  resampled <- resample(ex, template)
}</pre>
```

rotate 21

rotate

Rotate a 'RasterArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
rotate(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x (RasterArray) Object.

... Additional arguments passed to the rotate function.

#### Value

A RasterArray-class object.

```
rownames, Virtual Array-method
```

Row names of two-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class objects.

### **Description**

Get or set the row names of two-dimensional 'VirtualArray'-derived class object

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
rownames(x)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray'
rownames(x) <- value</pre>
```

### **Arguments**

x VirtualArray-class object. value character vector.

### Value

A character vector of row names or NULL.

22 SfcArray-class

#### **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
rownames(paleocoastlines)
rownames(paleocoastlines) <- paste(rownames(paleocoastlines), "Ma")</pre>
```

SfcArray-class

Array of 'sf'-derived class data

# Description

Array class for easier navigation of vector spatial datasets

#### **Arguments**

stack A list of sf-class objects or sfc-class objects.

index A vector, matrix or array type object. Includes either the indices of layers in

the stack, or their names.

dim A numeric vector. Same as for array, creates proxy procedurally.

#### **Details**

The class implements structures to organize entire 'sfc' and 'sf' objects that share coordinate reference systems. The 'SfcArray' class is derived from 'XArray' and represents arrays of geometry sets. The 'SfArray' class is derived from 'SfArray', that allows the wrapping of 'sf' objects with attributes. Subsetting rules were defined using the proxy object in the @index slot. See examples for implementations.

The classes have two slots: @stack: A list object with multiple 'sf' class layers, the actual data. @index: A proxy object that represents the organization of the layers.

#### Value

```
An 'SfcArray' or 'SfArray'-class object.
```

```
# example data
library(sf)
data(paleocoastlines)
st <-paleocoastlines@stack
ind <- 1:nlayers(st)
dim(ind) <- c(3,2)
dimnames(ind) <- list(age=c(0, 10, 20), c("margin", "coastlines"))
sa<- SfcArray(stack=st, index=ind)</pre>
```

st\_bbox 23

 $st\_bbox$ 

Bounding box of an 'SfArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'sf' class.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SfcArray'
st_bbox(obj, ...)
```

#### Arguments

```
obj a sf-class object.... arguments passed to the st_bbox function.
```

#### Value

An RasterArray class object.

# **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
bb<- st_bbox(paleocoastlines)</pre>
```

st\_crs

Coordinate reference system of an 'SfArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'sf' class.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SfcArray'
st_crs(x, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
x a sf-class object.... arguments passed to the st_crs function.
```

### Value

An aggregated RasterArray class object.

#### **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
crs <- st_crs(paleocoastlines)</pre>
```

st\_transform

Projection change of an 'SfArray'-class object

# Description

The method is inherited from the 'sf' class.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SfcArray'
st_transform(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x a sf-class object.

... arguments passed to the st\_transform function.

#### Value

An RasterArray-class object.

### **Examples**

```
data(paleocoastlines)
moll<- st_transform(paleocoastlines, "ESRI:54009")
plot(moll["20", "margin"], col="cyan")
plot(moll["20", "coast"], add=TRUE, col="brown")</pre>
```

# Description

Extract subsets of an object from a class derived from 'VirtualArray' similarly to a regular array.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray'
subset(x, i, j, ..., oneDim = FALSE, drop = TRUE)
```

t, Virtual Array-method 25

# Arguments

X	VirtualArray-class object.
i	subscript of the first dimension(rows) or vector-like subsetting.
j	subscript of the second dimension (columns).
	subscript of additional dimensions.
oneDim	logical In case of multidimensional VirtualArrays, setting oneDim to TRUE allows the application of one dimensional subscripts.
drop	logical in case the result of subsetting is a single element, should the \codeVirtualArray wrapper be dropped?

# Value

Either the same class as x, or the class that forms the element of the VirtualArray.

### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
# first 4
subset(ex, i=1:4)
# missing at the end
subset(ex, i=1:12)
# character subscript
subset(ex, i=c("a", "b"))
# logical subscript
subs <- rep(TRUE, length(ex))
subs[1] <- FALSE # remove first
subset(ex, i= subs)
# no drop
subset(ex, i=1, drop=FALSE)</pre>
```

```
t, Virtual Array - method Transpose a 'Virtual Array' - class object
```

# Description

```
Transpose a 'VirtualArray'-class object
```

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray' t(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x A VirtualArray-class object.

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#### Value

A VirtualArray-class object.

#### **Examples**

```
data(exemplar)
t(exemplar)
data(paleocoastlines)
t(paleocoastlines)
```

via

Virtual Arrays

# Description

The base class 'VirtualArray' is defined, which acts as a wrapper around lists allowing users to fold arbitrary sequential data into n-dimensional, R-style virtual arrays. The derived 'XArray' class is defined to be used for homogeneous lists that contain a single class of objects. The 'RasterArray' and 'SfArray' classes enable the use of stacked spatial data instead of lists. #' This is still the prealpha version. As is R, this is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. Nevertheless, notes about found bugs and suggestions are more than welcome.

### Author(s)

Adam T. Kocsis (adam.t.kocsis@gmail.com)

XArray-class

Virtual array of general R objects

### **Description**

Template for construction of virtual arrays ('VirtualArray') and a derived class ('XArray') to instantiate it with general objects.

# Arguments

index A vector, matrix or array type object. Includes the indices of layers in the

stack.

dim A numeric vector. Same as for array, creates proxy procedurally.

xres 27

#### **Details**

The 'VirtualArray' class implements structures to organize objects of the same class in multidimensional arrays. Subsetting rules were defined using the proxy object in the index slot. The 'VirtualArray' is the base class for 'XArray' and 'RasterArray' classes. The 'XArray' class derived from VirtualArray allows the instantiation of basic virtual arrays with genearl R objects, which form a single list in the @stack slot. The 'SfArray' class is derived from the 'XArray' class.

The class has two slots: @stack: A list containing objects of the same class (i.e. layers). @index: A proxy object that represents the structure of the entities.

#### Value

An XArray-class object.

#### **Examples**

```
# 2d XArray of vectors
data(exemplar)
st <-exemplar@stack
ind <- 1:nlayers(st)
dim(ind) <- c(3,4)
dimnames(ind) <- list(n = c(10, 20, 30), seed = 1:4)
xa<- XArray(stack=st, index=ind)</pre>
```

xres

Resolution of a 'RasterArray'-class object

#### **Description**

The methods are inherited from the 'SpatRaster' class, see res. Replacement is not allowed.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
xres(x)
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
yres(x)
## S4 method for signature 'RasterArray'
res(x)
```

#### Arguments

Х

a RasterArray-class object.

### Value

A numeric vector.

#### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
res(ex)
yres(ex)
xres(ex)</pre>
```

```
[, VirtualArray, ANY, ANY-method
```

Indexing to extract subsets of a 'codeVirtualArray'-class object

# Description

Single bracket '[' refers to indices and names within the 'VirtualArray'-class object. Use double brackets to extract layers based on their names (in the @stack).

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray, ANY, ANY' x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

#### **Arguments**

X	An object from a VirtualArray-derived class.
i	subscript of the first dimension(rows) or vector-like subsetting.
j	subscript of the second dimension (columns).
	subscript of additional dimensions.
drop	logical in case the result of subsetting is a single element, should the VirtualArray-derived wrapper be dropped?

### Value

An object from either the same class as x or the class of its elements.

```
ex <- rastex()
# numeric subsetting
firstThree <- ex[1:3]
# character subsetting
second <- ex["d"]
# logical subsetting
subscript <- rep(FALSE, length(ex))
subscript[2] <- TRUE</pre>
```

```
second2 <- ex[subscript]
data(paleocoastlines)
present<- paleocoastlines["0", ]
allMargin <- paleocoastlines[, "margin"]</pre>
```

```
[<-, VirtualArray, ANY, ANY, logical-method
```

Replace layers in an object that is of a class derived from 'VirtualArray'.

# Description

Single bracket '[' refers to indices and names within the 'VirtualArray'-class object. Use double brackets to replace layers based on their names (in the @stack). Object types of the same kind class can be used to replace values in 'XArray'-class objects. 'SpatRaster'-class objects can be used to replace values in 'RasterArray'-class objects. Classes inheriting from 'sf' can be used with 'SfArray'-class objects.

#### Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray,ANY,ANY,logical'
x[i, j, ...] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RasterArray,ANY,ANY,SpatRaster'
x[i, j, ...] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SfcArray,ANY,ANY,sfc'
x[i, j, ...] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SfArray,ANY,ANY,sf'
x[i, j, ...] <- value</pre>
```

### Arguments

```
x VirtualArray-class object.
i subscript of the first dimension(rows) or vector-like subsetting.
j subscript of the second dimension (columns).
... subscript of additional dimensions.
value A same class object as x.
```

#### Value

The function has no return value.

#### **Examples**

```
ex <- rastex()
# replace third element with missing value
ex[3] <- NA
# duplicate first element and make it the second too
ex[2] <- ex[1]
ex</pre>
```

[[, VirtualArray, ANY, ANY-method

Indexing to extract the elements of a 'VirtualArray'-derived class object.

### **Description**

Double bracket '[[' refers to elements'/layers' name in the @stack of the 'VirtualArray'-derived object. Use single brackets to extract elements based on their position in the 'VirtualArray'.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'VirtualArray, ANY, ANY' x[[i, drop = TRUE]]
```

# Arguments

x VirtualArray
i subscript of the first dimension(rows) or vector-like subsetting.
drop logical should the VirtualArray be dropped and the element be reduced to the element class?

### Value

A VirtualArray-derived class object, or an object of the class that makes up the VirtualArray

```
data(exemplar)
# finds a layer
exemplar[["sample1"]]
# returns a stack
exemplar[[c("sample1", "sample2")]]
# replaces a layervalues, but not the attributes of the layer
exemplar2 <- exemplar
exemplar2[["sample1"]] <- exemplar2[["sample2"]]
# compare every value in the they are all the same
exemplar2[["sample1"]]$x == exemplar2[["sample2"]]$x</pre>
```

```
[[<-,VirtualArray,ANY-method</pre>
```

Replace elements of 'VirtualArray'-class objects.

# Description

Double bracket '[[' refers to layers' name in the names of the @stack member of the 'VirtualArray'. Use single brackets to replace elements based on their position in the 'VirtualArray'-class object.

# Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'VirtualArray,ANY' x[[i]] \leftarrow value
```

# Arguments

x Object from a class derived from VirtualArray.

i subscript of layers to replace.

value character vector.

### Value

The function has no return value.

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