Package 'ZIPBayes'

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Description Implementation of zero-inflated Poisson models under Bayesian framework using data augmentation as discussed in Chapter 5 of Zhang (2020) https://hdl.handle.net/10012/16378 . This package is constructed in accommodating four different scenarios: the general scenario, the scenario with measurement error in responses, the external validation scenario, and the internal validation scenario.
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Author Qihuang Zhang [aut, cre, cph], Grace Y. Yi [aut, ths]
Maintainer Qihuang Zhang <qihuang.zhang@uwaterloo.ca></qihuang.zhang@uwaterloo.ca>
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ZIPBayes-package

Bayesian Methods in Zero-inflated Poisson Model

Description

Implementation of zero-inflated Poisson (ZIP) model in Bayesian methods with data augmentation strategy. The R package is general to different scenarios, including an ordinary scenario for zero-inflated Poisson Model, the scenario with measurement error in response, the scenario with internal or external validation data available.

Details

This package implemented the zero-inflated Poisson model based on a Bayesian framework. The method is implemented with a Monte Carlo Markov Chain (MCMC) approach with a data augmentation strategy. The package is integrated with C++ to improve the computing speed. It mainly contains four main functions. The function ZIPBayes corresponds to ordinary zero-inflated count data and no measurement error is considered. The function ZIPBayes_MErr considers the case where the response is subject to measurement error as a model by Qihuang Zhang (2020). The function ZIPBayes_Int and ZIPBayes_Ext are corresponding to the case where the internal or external validation data are available, respectively. Other helper functions are also contained in this packages, such as summarizing the trace from the MCMC algorithm, plotting the trace plot, etc.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi.

Maintainer: Qihuang Zhang <qihuang.zhang@uwaterloo.ca>

datasim

Toy example data - main study only

Description

This data set gives an example data for the illustration of usage of ZIP and ZIPMErr function. The dataset contains naivedata and the design matrices for the response model, measurement error model.

Usage

data(datasim)

Format

A data.frame of 6 columns. "Ystar" refers to the error-prone response. "Y" refers to the true count response. "X1" and "X2" are covariates in the response model. "Xplus" and "Xminus" are the covariates for the measurement error model.

datasimExt 3

datasimExt

Toy example data - main study and external validation study

Description

This data set gives an example data for the illustration of usage of ZIPExt function. The dataset contains a list of main data and external validation data.

Usage

data(datasimExt)

Format

A list of two data.frames. The first data.frame, named "main", corresponds to the main data with 6 columns. Same as the datasim, "Ystar" refers to the error-prone response. "Y" refers to the true count response. "X1" and "X2" are covariates in the response model. "Zplus" and "Zplus" are the covariates for the measurement error model. The second data.frame corresponds to the validation data with 5 columns.

datasimInt

Toy example data - main study and internal validation study

Description

This data set gives an example data for the illustration of usage of ZIPInt function. The dataset contains a list of main data and internal validation data.

Usage

data(datasimInt)

Format

A list of two data.frames. The first data.frame, named "main", corresponds to the main data with 6 columns. Same as the datasim, "Ystar" refers to the error-prone response. "Y" refers to the true count response. "X1" and "X2" are covariates in the response model. "Zplus" and "Zplus" are the covariates for the measurement error model. The second data.frame corresponds to the validation data with 7 columns.

4 summary.ZIPBayes

summary.ZIPBayes

Summarizing the trace output from the MCMC algorithm

Description

This function is a method for ZIPBayes object. It summarize the trace output from the main functions into interesting summary statistics, such as mean, median, confidence interval, and highest density region (HDR),

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ZIPBayes'
## S3 method for class 'ZIPBayes'
summary(object, burnin = 1, thinperiod = 1, confidence.level = 0.95, ...)
```

Arguments

object the "ZIPBayes" object gotten from the main function.

burnin the number of records to be discarded as the early period of MCMC algorithm.

Default is 1, meaning the first data point will be discarded when calculating the

summary statistics.

thinperiod the number of period in the thining periord. The results will be picked every this

number. Default is 1, meaning no thining will be done. See details.

confidence.level

the confidence level for the constructed confidence interval. Default is 0.95.

. . . other arguments passed to the function.

Details

This function summarizes the tracing results produced by ZIP, ZIPMErr, ZIPExt, and ZIPInt. To diminish the influence of the starting values, we generally discard the first portion of each sequence and focus attention on the remaining. The argument burnin is set to control the number of steps to be discarded.

Another issue that sometimes arises, once approximate convergence has been reached, is whether to thin the sequences by keeping every k-th simulation draw from each sequence and discarding the rest. The argument thinperiod is used to set k here.

Value

ZIPBayes a list of summary for each data set. "HDR_LB" and "HDR_UB" respectively

respresents the lower and upper bound of the high density region.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi.

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See Also

```
ZIP, ZIPMErr, ZIPExt, ZIPInt
```

Examples

```
## Please see the example in ZIP() function
```

ZIP zero-inflated Poisson model

Description

The function implements the MCMC algorithm with data augmentation to estimate the parameters in the zero-inflated Poisson model. The function returns the trace of the sampled parameters in each interaction. To obtain the summary estimation, use summary().

Usage

Arguments

Υ	a count vector of length n specifying response in the zero-inflated Poisson model.
Covarmainphi	a $n \times p_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of data with respect to the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model.
Covarmainmu	a $n \times p_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of data with respect to the mean component of the zero-inflated Poisson model.
betaphi	a vector of length p_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
betamu	a vector of length p_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
priorgamma	a vector of length 2 specifying the two parameters of gamma prior
propsigmaphi	a vector of length p_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the probability component.
propsigmamu	a vector of length p_2 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the mean component.
seed	a numeric value specifying the seed for random generator
nmcmc	a integer specify the number of the generation of MCMC algorithm

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Details

The zero-inflated Poisson model involves two components, the probability components and the mean components (Zhang, 2020). Argument Covarmainphi, betaphi, propsigmaphi correspond to the probability component; Covarmainmu, betamu, propsigmamu correspond to the mean component.

Value

BayesResults

the list of trace of generated parameters for each component of the models. Data.frame "betaphi_trace" corresponds to the probability component of ZIP response model; "betamu_trace" refers to the mean component of the ZIP response model.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi

References

Zhang, Qihuang. "Inference Methods for Noisy Correlated Responses with Measurement Error." (2020).

See Also

glm

Examples

ZIPExt

Zero-inflated Poisson model under measurement error and external validation data are available

Description

The function implements the MCMC algorithm with data augmentation to estimate the parameters in the zero-inflated Poisson model while correcting for the measurement error arising from the responses. The function returns the trace of the sampled parameters in each interaction. To obtain the summary estimation, use summary().

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Usage

Arguments

Ystar a count vector of length n specifying the error-prone response in the zeroinflated Poisson model. Covarmainphi a $n \times p_1$ dimensional data frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model a $n \times p_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to Covarmainmu the mean component of the zero-inflated Poisson model Covarplus a $n \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the add-in error process Covarminus a $n \times q_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process Ystarval a count vector of length m specifying the error-prone response in the validation data. Yval a count vector of length m specifying the precisely measured response in the validation data. Covarvalplus a $m \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data of the add-in error process Covarvalminus a $m \times q_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data of the leave-out error process betaphi a vector of length p_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model betamu a vector of length p_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model a vector of length q_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters for the meaalphaplus surement error model of the add-in error process alphaminus a vector of length q_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the leave-out error process Uibound a vector of length 2 specifying the maximum number of the count in the inverse sampling method priorgamma a vector of length 2 specifying the two parameters of gamma prior priormu a vector of length q_2 specifying the mean vector of the normal prior for the

measurement error model of the leave-out error process

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priorSigma a vector of length q_2 specifying the standard error of the normal prior for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process a vector of length p_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmaphi distribution for the parameters corresponds to the probability component. a vector of length p_2 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmamu distribution for the parameters corresponds to the mean component. a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmaplus distribution for the parameters corresponds to the add-in error process. a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmaminus distribution for the parameters corresponds to the leave-out error process. seed a numeric value specifying the seed for random generator nmcmc a integer specify the number of the generation of MCMC algorithm

Details

Comparing to the ZIPMErr function, this function has an addition component – validation data. Here, the argument "Ystarval", "Yval", "Covarvalplus", "Covarvalminus", are new for the sceanrio with external validation.

Value

BayesResults

the list of trace of generated parameters for each component of the models. Data frame "betaphi_trace" corresponds to the probability component of ZIP response model; "betamu_trace" refers to the mean component of the ZIP response model. Data frames "alphaplus_trace" and "alphaminus_trace", respectively, correspond to the add-in error and leave-out error process in the measruement error model.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi

References

Zhang, Qihuang. "Inference Methods for Noisy Correlated Responses with Measurement Error." (2020).

See Also

glm

Examples

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```
Covarmainmu = datasimExt$main[,c("intercept","X2")],
Covarplus = datasimExt$main[,c("intercept","Zplus")],
Covarminus = datasimExt$main[,c("intercept","Zminus")],
Ystarval = datasimExt$validation$Ystar,
Yval = datasimExt$validation$Y,
Covarvalplus = datasimExt$validation[,3:4],
Covarvalminus = datasimExt$validation[,3:4],
betaphi = c(0.7,-0.7), betamu = c(1,-1.5),
alphaplus = c(0,0), alphaminus=c(0,0),
priorgamma = c(0.001,0.001), priormu = c(0,0),
priorSigma = c(1,1), propsigmaphi = c(0.05,0.05),
nmcmc = 10)
```

summary(example_ZIP_Ext)

ZIPInt

Zero-inflated Poisson model under measurement error and internal validation data are available

Description

The function implements the MCMC algorithm with data augmentation to estimate the parameters in the zero-inflated Poisson model while correcting for the measurement error arising from the responses. The function returns the trace of the sampled parameters in each interaction. To obtain the summary estimation, use summary().

Usage

Arguments

Ystar	a count vector of length n specifying the error-prone response in the zero-inflated Poisson model.
Covarmainphi	a $n \times p_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
Covarmainmu	a $n \times p_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to the mean component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
Covarplus	a $n \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the add-in error process

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Covarminus a $n \times q_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process Ystarval a count vector of length m specifying the error-prone response in the validation Yval a count vector of length m specifying the precisely measured response in the validation data. Covarvalmainphi a $m \times p_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data with respect to the probability component of ZIP model Covarvalmainmu a $m \times p_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data with respect to the mean component of ZIP model Covarvalplus a $m \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data of the add-in error process Covarvalminus a $m \times q_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate for validation data of the leave-out error process betaphi a vector of length p_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model betamu a vector of length p_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model alphaplus a vector of length q_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters for the measurement error model of the add-in error process a vector of length q_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probalphaminus ability component of the leave-out error process Uibound a vector of length 2 specifying the maximum number of the count in the inverse sampling method a vector of length 2 specifying the two parameters of gamma prior priorgamma a vector of length q_2 specifying the mean vector of the normal prior for the priormu measurement error model of the leave-out error process priorSigma a vector of length q_2 specifying the standard error of the normal prior for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process propsigmaphi a vector of length p_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the probability component. propsigmamu a vector of length p_2 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the mean component. a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmaplus distribution for the parameters corresponds to the add-in error process. propsigmaminus a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the leave-out error process. a numeric value specifying the seed for random generator seed

a integer specify the number of the generation of MCMC algorithm

nmcmc

ZIPInt 11

Details

Comparing to the ZIPExt function for the external validation study, this function has an addition component – covariates of response model in the validation data. Here, the argument "Covarvalmainphi" and "Covarvalmainmu" are new for the sceanrio with external validation.

Value

BayesResults

the list of trace of generated parameters for each component of the models. Data frame "betaphi_trace" corresponds to the probability component of ZIP response model; "betamu_trace" refers to the mean component of the ZIP response model. Data frames "alphaplus_trace" and "alphaminus_trace", respectively, correspond to the add-in error and leave-out error process in the measruement error model.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi

References

Zhang, Qihuang. "Inference Methods for Noisy Correlated Responses with Measurement Error." (2020).

See Also

glm

Examples

```
data(datasimInt)
set.seed(0)
result <- ZIPInt(Ystar = datasimInt$main$Ystar,</pre>
                  Covarmainphi = datasimInt$main[,c("intercept","X1")],
                  Covarmainmu = datasimInt$main[,c("intercept","X2")],
                  Covarplus = datasimInt$main[,c("intercept", "Zplus")],
                  Covarminus = datasimInt$main[,c("intercept", "Zminus")],
                  Ystarval = datasimInt$val$Ystar,
                  Yval = datasimInt$val$Y.
                  Covarvalmainphi = datasimInt$val[,c("intercept","X1")],
                  Covarvalmainmu = datasimInt$val[,c("intercept","X2")],
                  Covarvalplus = datasimInt$val[,c("intercept", "Zplus")],
                  Covarvalminus = datasimInt$val[,c("intercept", "Zminus")],
                  betamu = c(-0.5, 0.5), betaphi = c(0.5, 0),
                  alphaplus = c(0,0), alphaminus= c(0,0),
                  priorgamma = c(1,1), priormu = c(0,0), priorSigma = c(1,1),
                     propsigmaphi = c(0.05, 0.05), nmcmc = 10)
```

summary(result)

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7 T	D	м	F	r	r

Zero-inflated Poisson model with measurement error

Description

The function implements the MCMC algorithm with data augmentation to estimate the parameters in the zero-inflated Poisson model while correcting for the measurement error arising from the responses. The function returns the trace of the sampled parameters in each iteraction. To obtain the summary estimation, use summary().

Usage

Arguments

Ystar	a count vector of length \boldsymbol{n} specifying the error-prone response in the zero-inflated Poisson model.
Covarmainphi	a $n \times p_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
Covarmainmu	a $n \times p_2$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data with respect to the mean component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
Covarplus	a $n \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the add-in error process
Covarminus	a $n \times q_1$ dimensional data.frame or matrix of the covariate data for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process
betaphi	a vector of length p_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
betamu	a vector of length p_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the zero-inflated Poisson model
alphaplus	a vector of length q_1 specifying the initial values of the parameters for the measurement error model of the add-in error process
alphaminus	a vector of length q_2 specifying the initial values of the parameters in the probability component of the leave-out error process
Uibound	a vector of length 2 specifying the maximum number of the count in the inverse sampling method
priorgamma	a vector of length 2 specifying the two parameters of gamma prior
priormu	a vector of length q_2 specifying the mean vector of the normal prior for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process

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priorSigma a vector of length q_2 specifying the standard error of the normal prior for the measurement error model of the leave-out error process a vector of length p_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmaphi distribution for the parameters corresponds to the probability component. a vector of length p_2 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal propsigmamu distribution for the parameters corresponds to the mean component. propsigmaplus a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the add-in error process. propsigmaminus a vector of length q_1 specifying the standard error of the Gaussian proposal distribution for the parameters corresponds to the leave-out error process. a numeric value specifying the seed for random generator seed a integer specify the number of the generation of MCMC algorithm

Details

nmcmc

The zero-inflated Poisson model involves two components, the probability components and the mean components (Zhang, 2020). Although there are might arugments involved in the functions, they can be summarized to four sources in the model. The response model (zero-inflated Poisson model) involves two components: the probability component and the mean count component. The measurement error models contains two process: the add-in process and leave-out process. The arguements end with "-phi" corresponds to the probability component of the response model. The arguements end with "-mu" corresponds to the mean component of the response model. The arguements end with "-plus" corresponds to the add-in error process in the measurment error model. The arguements end with "-minus" corresponds to the leave-out process of the measurement error model.

Value

BayesResults

the list of trace of generated parameters for each component of the models. Data frame "betaphi_trace" corresponds to the probability component of ZIP response model; "betamu_trace" refers to the mean component of the ZIP response model. Data frames "alphaplus_trace" and "alphaminus_trace", respectively, correspond to the add-in error and leave-out error process in the measruement error model.

Author(s)

Qihuang Zhang and Grace Y. Yi

References

Zhang, Qihuang. "Inference Methods for Noisy Correlated Responses with Measurement Error." (2020).

See Also

glm

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Examples

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