# Package 'safeframe'

June 27, 2025

**Description** Provides tools to help tag and validate data according to user-specified rules. The 'safe-

Title Generic Data Tagging and Validation Tool

Version 1.0.0

```
frame' class adds variable level attributes to 'data.frame' columns. Once tagged, these vari-
     ables can be seamlessly used in downstream analyses, making data pipelines clearer, more ro-
     bust, and more reliable.
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BugReports https://github.com/epiverse-trace/safeframe/issues
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```

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has\_tag

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A selector function to use in tidyverse functions

## **Description**

A selector function to use in tidyverse functions

## Usage

```
has_tag(tags)
```

# Arguments

tags

A character vector of tags you want to operate on

## Value

A numeric vector containing the position of the columns with the requested tags

```
## create safeframe
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
   mph = "speed",
   distance = "dist"
)
head(x)

if (require(dplyr) && require(magrittr)) {
   x %>%
     select(has_tag(c("mph", "distance"))) %>%
     head()
```

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}

lost\_tags\_action

Check and set behaviour for lost tags

## **Description**

This function determines the behaviour to adopt when tagged variables of a safeframe are lost for example through subsetting. This is achieved using options defined for the safeframe package.

# Usage

```
lost_tags_action(action = c("warning", "error", "none"), quiet = FALSE)
get_lost_tags_action()
```

## **Arguments**

action a character indicating the behaviour to adopt when tagged variables have been

lost: "error" (default) will issue an error; "warning" will issue a warning; "none"

will do nothing

quiet a logical indicating if a message should be displayed; only used outside pipelines

#### **Details**

The errors or warnings generated by safeframe in case of tagged variable loss has a custom class of safeframe\_error and safeframe\_warning respectively.

## Value

```
returns NULL; the option itself is set in options("safeframe")
```

```
# reset default - done automatically at package loading
lost_tags_action()
# check current value
get_lost_tags_action()
# change to issue errors when tags are lost
lost_tags_action("error")
get_lost_tags_action()
# change to ignore when tags are lost
lost_tags_action("none")
get_lost_tags_action()
# reset to default: warning
```

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```
lost_tags_action()
```

make\_safeframe

Create a safeframe from a data.frame

## **Description**

This function converts a data.frame or a tibble into a safeframe object, where data are tagged and validated. The output will seem to be the same data.frame, but safeframe-aware packages will then be able to automatically use tagged fields for further data cleaning and analysis.

# Usage

```
make_safeframe(.data, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

## Value

The function returns a safeframe object.

## See Also

- An overview of the safeframe package
- tags(): for a list of tagged variables in a safeframe
- set\_tags(): for modifying tags
- tags\_df(): for selecting variables by tags

```
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
   mph = "speed",
   distance = "dist"
)

## print result - just first few entries
head(x)

## check tags
tags(x)

## tags can also be passed as a list with the splice operator (!!!)
my_tags <- list(
   mph = "speed",</pre>
```

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```
distance = "dist"
)
new_x <- make_safeframe(cars, !!!my_tags)
## The output is strictly equivalent to the previous one identical(x, new_x)</pre>
```

print.safeframe

Printing method for safeframe objects

## **Description**

This function prints safeframe objects.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'safeframe'
print(x, ...)
```

# Arguments

x a safeframe object... further arguments to be passed to 'print'

## Value

Invisibly returns the object.

```
## create safeframe
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
    mph = "speed",
    distance = "dist"
)

## print object - using only the first few entries
head(x)

# version with a tibble
if (require(tibble) && require(magrittr)) {
    cars %>%
        tibble() %>%
        make_safeframe(
        mph = "speed",
        distance = "dist"
    )
}
```

set\_tags

set\_tags

Change tags of a safeframe object

# Description

This function changes the tags of a safeframe object, using the same syntax as the constructor make\_safeframe().

## Usage

```
set_tags(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

```
x a data.frame or a tibble, equivalent to parameter.data in make_safeframe()
... <dynamic-dots> A series of tags provided as tag_name = "column_name"
```

#### Value

The function returns a safeframe object.

#### See Also

```
make_safeframe() to create a safeframe object
```

```
## create a safeframe
x <- make_safeframe(cars, mph = "speed")
tags(x)

## add new tags and fix an existing one
x <- set_tags(x, distance = "dist")
tags(x)

## remove tags by setting them to NULL
old_tags <- tags(x)
x <- set_tags(x, mph = NULL, distance = NULL)
tags(x)

## setting tags providing a list (used to restore old tags here)
x <- set_tags(x, !!!old_tags)
tags(x)</pre>
```

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tags

Get the list of tags in a safeframe

# Description

This function returns the list of tags identifying specific variable types in a safeframe object.

## Usage

```
tags(x, show_null = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

```
x a safeframe object
show_null DEPRECATED
```

## **Details**

tags are stored as the label attribute of the column variable.

## Value

The function returns a named list where names indicate generic types of data, and values indicate which column they correspond to.

# **Examples**

```
## make a safeframe
x <- make_safeframe(cars, mph = "speed")

## check non-null tags
tags(x)

## get a list of all tags, including NULL ones
tags(x, TRUE)</pre>
```

tags\_df

Extract a data.frame of all tagged variables

# Description

This function returns a data.frame, where tagged variables (as stored in the safeframe object) are renamed. Note that the output is no longer a safeframe, but a regular data.frame. untagged variables are unaffected.

8 type

## Usage

```
tags_df(x)
```

# Arguments

Х

a safeframe object

## Value

A data. frame of with variables renamed according to their tags

# **Examples**

```
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
  mph = "speed",
  distance = "dist"
)
## get a data.frame with variables renamed based on tags
tags_df(x)</pre>
```

type

Type Selection Helper

# Description

Function to swiftly provide access to generic categories of types within R. These can be used to provide comprehensive typesetting when creating a safeframe object.

## Usage

type(x)

# **Arguments**

Χ

Character indicating the desired type. Options include date, category, numeric, binary at this time.

## Value

A vector of classes

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## **Examples**

```
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
   mph = "speed",
   distance = "dist"
)

validate_types(
   x,
   mph = type("numeric"),
   distance = "numeric"
)</pre>
```

validate\_safeframe

Checks the content of a safeframe object

## **Description**

This function evaluates the validity of a safeframe object by checking the object class, its tags, and the types of variables. It combines validation checks made by validate\_types() and validate\_tags(). See 'Details' section for more information on the checks performed.

## Usage

```
validate_safeframe(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
    a safeframe object
    <dynamic-dots> A named list with tags in x as list names and the related types as list values.
```

## **Details**

The following checks are performed:

- x is a safeframe object
- variables in x have a well-formed label attribute
- variables correspond to the specified types

## Value

If checks pass, a safeframe object; otherwise issues an error.

# See Also

- validate\_types() to check if variables have the right types
- validate\_tags() to perform a series of checks on the tags

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## **Examples**

```
## create a valid safeframe
x <- cars |>
 make_safeframe(
   mph = "speed",
   distance = "dist"
Х
## validation
validate_safeframe(x,
 mph = c("numeric", "factor"),
  distance = "numeric"
)
## the below issues an error
## note: tryCatch is only used to avoid a genuine error in the example
tryCatch(validate_safeframe(x,
  mph = c("numeric", "factor"),
  distance = "factor"
), error = paste)
```

validate\_tags

Checks the tags of a safeframe object

# Description

This function evaluates the validity of the tags of a safeframe object by checking that: i) tags are present ii) tags is a list of character or NULL values.

#### Usage

```
validate_tags(x)
```

# Arguments

Х

a safeframe object

# Value

If checks pass, a safeframe object; otherwise issues an error.

## See Also

validate\_types() to check if tagged variables have the right classes

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## **Examples**

```
## create a valid safeframe
x <- cars |>
    make_safeframe(
        mph = "speed",
        distance = "dist"
)
x

## the below issues an error as safeframe doesn't know any defaults
## note: tryCatch is only used to avoid a genuine error in the example
tryCatch(validate_safeframe(x), error = paste)

## validation requires you to specify the types directly
validate_safeframe(x,
    mph = c("integer", "numeric"),
    distance = "numeric"
)
```

validate\_types

Type check variables

# Description

This function checks the type of variables in a safeframe against accepted classes. Only checks the type of provided variables and ignores those not provided.

# Usage

```
validate_types(x, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

x a safeframe object

... <dynamic-dots> A named list with tags in x as list names and the related types as list values.

#### Value

A named list.

## See Also

- validate\_tags() to perform a series of checks on variables
- validate\_safeframe() to combine validate\_tags and validate\_types

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## **Examples**

```
x <- make_safeframe(cars,
   mph = "speed",
   distance = "dist"
)
x

## the below would issue an error
## note: tryCatch is only used to avoid a genuine error in the example
tryCatch(validate_types(x), error = paste)

## to allow other types, e.g. gender to be integer, character or factor
validate_types(x, mph = "numeric", distance = c(
   "integer",
   "character", "numeric"
))</pre>
```

vars\_tags

Internal printing function for variables and tags

## **Description**

Internal printing function for variables and tags

## Usage

```
vars_tags(vars, tags)
```

## **Arguments**

vars a character vector of variable names

tags a character vector of tags

[.safeframe

Subsetting of safeframe objects

## **Description**

The [] and [[]] operators for safeframe objects behaves like for regular data.frame or tibble, but check that tagged variables are not lost, and takes the appropriate action if this is the case (warning, error, or ignore, depending on the general option set via lost\_tags\_action()).

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## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'safeframe'
x[i, j, drop = FALSE]

## S3 replacement method for class 'safeframe'
x[i, j] <- value

## S3 replacement method for class 'safeframe'
x[[i, j]] <- value

## S3 replacement method for class 'safeframe'
x$name <- value</pre>
```

## **Arguments**

| x     | a safeframe object  |
|-------|---|
| i     | a vector of integer or logical to subset the rows of the safeframe  |
| j     | a vector of character, integer, or logical to subset the columns of the $safeframe$   |
| drop  | a logical indicating if, when a single column is selected, the data.frame class should be dropped to return a simple vector, in which case the safeframe class is lost as well; defaults to FALSE |
| value | the replacement to be used for the entries identified in x  |
| name  | a literal character string or a name (possibly backtick quoted). For extraction, this is normally (see under 'Environments') partially matched to the names of the object.                        |

## Value

If no drop is happening, a safeframe. Otherwise an atomic vector.

#### See Also

- lost\_tags\_action() to set the behaviour to adopt when tags are lost through subsetting; default is to issue a warning
- get\_lost\_tags\_action() to check the current the behaviour

```
if (require(dplyr) && require(magrittr)) {
    ## create a safeframe
    x <- cars %>%
    make_safeframe(
        mph = "speed",
        distance = "dist"
    ) %>%
    mutate(result = if_else(speed > 50, "fast", "slow")) %>%
    set_tags(ticket = "result")
```

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```
## dangerous removal of a tagged column setting it to NULL issues warning
x[, 1] <- NULL
x

x[[2]] <- NULL
x

x$speed <- NULL
x
}</pre>
```

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