Package 'moonBook'

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acs

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acs 3

acs

Demographic data of 857 patients with ACS

Description

A dataset containing demographic data and laboratory data of 857 patients with acute coronary syndrome(ACS).

Format

A data frame with 857 rows and 17 variables:

age patient age in years

sex "Male" or "Female"

cardiogenicShock "No" or "Yes"

entry vascular access route, either "Femoral" or "Radial"

Dx Final diagnosis, One of the followings: STEMI, NSTEMI or Unstable Angina

EF ejection fraction, percentage by echocardiography

height height in centimeter

weight weight in kilogram

BMI body mass index in kg/m2

obesity obesity, "No" or "Yes"

TC total cholesterol level in mg/dL

LDLC low density lipoprotein cholesterol level in mg/dL

HDLC high density lipoprotein cholesterol level in mg/dL

TG triglyceride level in mg/dL

DM history of diabetes mellitus,"No" or "Yes"

HBP history of hypertension,"No" or "Yes"

smoking history of smoking, One of the followings: "Never", "Ex-smoker", "Smoker"

addComma

Change numbers into formatted numbers

Description

Change numbers into formatted numbers

4 addComma

Usage

```
addComma(x)
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
addComma(x)
## S3 method for class 'mytable.df'
addComma(x)
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
addComma(x)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
addComma(x)
## S3 method for class 'character'
addComma(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

An object

Methods (by class)

- mytable: S3 method for class mytable
- mytable.df: S3 method for class mytable.df
- cbind.mytable: S3 method for class cbind.mytable
- data.frame: S3 method for class data.frame
- character: S3 method for class character

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(stringr)
require(magrittr)
require(ggplot2)
mytable(cut~.,data=diamonds) %>% addComma
x=mytable(Dx~sex,data=acs)
addComma(x)
## End(Not run)
```

addLabelDf 5

addl	ahe	I D f

Add value labels to the data.frame

Description

Add value labels to the data.frame

Usage

```
addLabelDf(data, mapping = NULL)
```

Arguments

data A data.frame

mapping Set of aesthetic mappings created by aes or aes_.

cat.test

Perform chisq.test or fisher test

Description

Perform chisq.test or fisher test

Usage

```
cat.test(x, mode = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector or matrix. x and y can also both be factors.

mode An integer. If 1(default), perform chisq.test first, If 2, perform fisher.test first

... Further arguments to be passed to chisq.test or fisher.test

6 centerprint

cbind.mytable

cbind function for class "mytable"

Description

cbind function for class "mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
cbind(..., caption, y = NULL)
```

Arguments

... Objects of class "mytable", a result of a call to mytable

caption Unique values of grouping variables used for column name of table

y Names of grouping variables used for caption of table

centerprint

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
centerprint(x, ..., width = 10)
```

Arguments

x a character vector

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

width an integer

changeColnameLabel 7

changeColnameLabel

Change column names with labels

Description

Change column names with labels

Usage

```
changeColnameLabel(data)
```

Arguments

data

A data.frame

comma

Convert number to formatted number

Description

Convert number to formatted number

Usage

```
comma(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x A numeric vector

... Further arguments to be passed to function format

8 compress

compress

Compress an object of class mytable or cbind.mytable

Description

Compress an object of class mytable or cbind.mytable

Usage

```
compress(x, no = 2, add.label = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
compress(x, no = 2, add.label = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
compress(x, no = 2, add.label = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
compress(x, no = 2, add.label = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x An object of class mytable or cbind.mytable
 no Representative group of two groups
 add.label Logical. Whether or not add representative group name

Methods (by class)

- mytable: S3 method for class mytable
- cbind.mytable: S3 method for class cbind.mytable
- data.frame: S3 method for class data.frame

Examples

```
require(stringr)
require(magrittr)
mytable(acs) %>% compress
mytable(Dx~.,data=acs) %>% compress
## Not run:
require(ztable)
mytable(Dx~.,data=acs) %>% compress %>% ztable
mytable(Dx+sex~.,data=acs) %>% compress
## End(Not run)
```

deleteRows 9

deleteRows	Delete rows of class mytable object	
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Description

Delete rows of class mytable object

Usage

```
deleteRows(x, rows)
```

Arguments

Χ	An object of class mytable or cbind.mytable
rows	rows to delete

densityplot

Make Kernel density plot

Description

Make Kernel density plot

Usage

```
densityplot(formula, data, main = "", xlab = "", ylab = "", ...)
```

Arguments

formula	an R model formula, of the form ~ variable to estimate the unconditional density of variable, or variable ~ factor to estimate the density of variable within each
	level of factor.
data	an optional data frame containing the data.
main	main title of plot
xlab	label for the horizontal-axis; defaults to the name of the variable x.
ylab	label for the vertical axis; defaults to "Density".
	arguments to be passed to plot

Value

This function return NULL invisibly and draw graphs.

Examples

```
require(moonBook)
data(acs)
densityplot(age~Dx,data=acs)
```

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extractHR

Extract hazard ratio from a data.frame

Description

Extract hazard ratio from a data.frame

Usage

```
extractHR(x, digits = 2)
```

Arguments

x an object of class coxph

digits An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits

to be used. Default value is 2.

Value

a data.frame consist of hazard ratio and 95 the p values.

Examples

```
require(survival)
data(cancer)
fit=coxph(Surv(time,status)~age+sex+obstruct+perfor,data=colon)
extractHR(fit)
```

extractKind

Extract kind of an object of class mytable

Description

Extract kind of an object of class mytable

Usage

```
extractKind(df)
```

Arguments

df

An object of class mytable or cbind.mytable

extractOR 11

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ext	ra	∩ t	٠/١	u

Extract the odds ratios from a S3 object of glm

Description

Extract the odds ratios from a S3 object of glm

Usage

```
extractOR(x, digits = 2, method = "default")
```

Arguments

x A S3 object of glm

digits An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits

to be used. Default value is 2.

method Method to compute confidence interval. Choices are one of c("default","LRT").

Value

A data.frame consist of odds ratios and 95 p values

Examples

```
data(cancer,package="survival")
x=glm(status~rx+sex+age+obstruct+nodes,data=colon,family="binomial")
extractOR(x)
```

getLabel

Add column labels to the data.frame

Description

Add column labels to the data.frame

Usage

```
getLabel(data, colname, use.column.label = TRUE)
```

Arguments

data A data.frame

colname character. column name

use.column.label

Logical. Whether or not use column labels.

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getMapping

extract variable name from mapping, aes

Description

extract variable name from mapping, aes

Usage

```
getMapping(mapping, varname)
```

Arguments

mapping aesthetic mapping varname variable name to extract

Value

variable name in character

Examples

```
require(ggplot2)
mapping=aes(colour=sex)
getMapping(mapping,"colour")
getMapping(mapping,"x")
```

HRplot

Draw a hazard ratio plot

Description

Draw a hazard ratio plot

Usage

```
HRplot(
  out,
  type = 1,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  show.OR = TRUE,
  show.CI = FALSE,
  sig.level = 1,
  cex = 1.2,
  lwd = 2,
```

HRplot 13

```
pch = 18,
  col = NULL,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

out	an object of class coxph or a resultant data.frame of mycph function
type	an integer indicating the type of plot. Default value is 1
xlab	a title for the x axis
ylab	a title for the y axis
show.OR	a logical vector indicating whether or not show the text indicating the p value
show.CI	a logical vector indicating whether or not show the text indicating the confidence interval
sig.level	a numeric value of upper limit of p value of showing variables
cex	A numerical value giving the amount by which plotting OR/HR symbols should be magnified relative to the default, defaulting 1.2.
lwd	The line width, a positive number, defaulting to 2.
pch	Either an integer specifying a symbol or a single character to be used as the default in plotting OR/HR points.
col	A specification for the default plotting color.
	arguments to be passed to plot

Value

This function return NULL invisibly and draw graphs

Examples

```
require(survival)
attach(colon)
colon$TS=Surv(time, status==1)
out=mycph(TS~.,data=colon)
out
HRplot(out)
## Not run:
HRplot(out,type=1,pch=2,col=c("blue","red"))
HRplot(out,type=2,show.CI=TRUE,pch=2,cex=2,main="Hazard ratios of all individual variables")
## End(Not run)
```

my.t.test

my.chisq.test

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
my.chisq.test(x, y, mydata, catMethod = 2)
```

Arguments

x a vectory a vectormydata A data.frame

catMethod An integer indicating methods for categorical variables. Possible values in meth-

ods are

0 Perform chisq.test first. If warning present, perform fisher test

1 Perform chisq.test without continuity correction

2 Perform chisq.test with continuity correction

3 perform fisher.test

4 perform prop.trend test

Default value is 2.

my.t.test

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
my.t.test(y, x)
```

Arguments

y a vector

x a numeric vector

mycph 15

Perform coxph of individual expecting variables

Description

Perform coxph of individual expecting variables

Usage

```
mycph(formula, data, digits = 2)
```

Arguments

formula An object of class "formula". Left side of ~ must be a variable of class Surv and

the right side of ~ must have variables in an additive way.

data A data.frame contains data for analysis.

digits An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits

to be used. Default value is 2.

Value

a data.frame consist of hazard ratio and 95% confidence intervals and the p values.

Examples

```
require(survival)
data(cancer)
attach(colon)
colon$TS=Surv(time,status==1)
out=mycph(TS~.,data=colon)
out
HRplot(out,type=2,show.CI=TRUE,main="Hazard ratios of all individual variables")
```

mycsv

Export to csv file for class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable"

Description

Export to csv file for class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable"

Usage

```
mycsv(x, row.names = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable"

row.names either a logical value indicating whether the row names of x are to be written

along with x, or a character vector of row names to be written.

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(moonBook)
res=mytable(sex~age+DM,data=acs)
mycsv(res,file="test.csv")
mycsv(summary(res),file="testsummary.csv")
## End(Not run)
```

mycsv.cbind.mytable

Export to csv file for class "cbind.mytable"

Description

Export to csv file for class "cbind.mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
mycsv(x, row.names = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class "cbind.mytable" a result of a call to mytable

row.names either a logical value indicating whether the row names of x are to be written

along with x, or a character vector of row names to be written.

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(moonBook)
res1=mytable(sex+Dx~age+DM,data=acs)
mycsv(res1,file="test1.csv")
mycsv(summary(res1),file="testsummary1.csv")
## End(Not run)
```

mycsv.mytable 17

mycsv.mytable

Export to csv file for class "mytable"

Description

Export to csv file for class "mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
mycsv(x, row.names = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class "mytable" a result of a call to mytable

row.names either a logical value indicating whether the row names of x are to be written

along with x, or a character vector of row names to be written.

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(moonBook)
res=mytable(sex~age+DM,data=acs)
mycsv(res,file="test.csv")
mycsv(summary(res),file="testsummary.csv")
mycsv=function(x,row.names=FALSE) UseMethod("mycsv")
## End(Not run)
```

myhtml

Export to html file for class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable" of "data.frame"

Description

Export to html file for class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable" of "data.frame"

Usage

```
myhtml(x, caption = NULL, rownames = TRUE)
## Default S3 method:
myhtml(x, caption = NULL, rownames = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
```

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```
myhtml(x, caption = NULL, rownames = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
myhtml(x, caption = NULL, rownames = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x An object of class "mytable" or "cbind.mytable"

caption A character

rownames A logical value whether or not include rownames in table

Methods (by class)

- default:
- mytable:
- cbind.mytable:

Examples

```
require(moonBook)
res=mytable(sex~age+Dx,data=acs)
myhtml(res)
res1=mytable(sex+Dx~.,data=acs)
myhtml(res1)
x=head(iris)
myhtml(x)
myhtml(x,caption="Table 1. myhtml Test")
myhtml(x,caption="Table 1. myhtml Test",rownames=FALSE)
```

myhtmlHead

Print my html style

Description

Print my html style

Usage

myhtmlHead()

mylatex 19

mylatex

Exporting "cbind.mytable", "mytable" to LaTeX format

Description

Exporting "cbind.mytable", "mytable" to LaTeX format

Usage

```
mylatex(
 myobj,
  size = 5,
 caption = NULL,
  caption.placement = "top",
  caption.position = "c"
)
## Default S3 method:
mylatex(
 myobj,
  size = 5,
  caption = NULL,
  caption.placement = "top",
  caption.position = "c"
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
mylatex(
 myobj,
 size = 5,
 caption = NULL,
 caption.placement = "top",
  caption.position = "c"
)
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
mylatex(
 myobj,
  size = 5,
  caption = NULL,
  caption.placement = "top",
  caption.position = "c"
)
```

Arguments

myobj

An object of class 'mytable'

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```
size An integer indicating font size, defaulting is 5.
```

caption A character

caption.placement

The caption will be have placed at the top of the table if caption.placement is "top" and at the bottom of the table if it equals "bottom". Default value is "top".

caption.position

The caption will be have placed at the center of the table if caption.position is "center" or "c", and at the left side of the table if it equals "left" or "l", and at the right side of the table if it equals "right" or "r". Default value is "center".

Methods (by class)

- default: Exporting "cbind.mytable", "mytable" to LaTeX format
- mytable: Exporting "cbind.mytable", "mytable" to LaTeX format
- cbind.mytable: Exporting "cbind.mytable", "mytable" to LaTeX format

Examples

```
require(moonBook)
out=mytable(sex~.,data=acs)
mylatex(out)
out1=mytable(sex+Dx~.,data=acs)
mylatex(out1,size=6)
```

mytable

Produce table for descriptive statistics

Description

Produce table for descriptive statistics by groups for several variables easily. Depending on the nature of these variables, different descriptive statistical methods were used(t-test, ANOVA,Kruskal-Wallis, chisq, Fisher,...)

Usage

```
mytable(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'formula'
mytable(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
mytable(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x An R object, formula or data.frame
... arguments to be passed to mytable_sub
```

mytable2 21

Methods (by class)

- formula: S3 method for formula
- data.frame: S3 method for data.frame

Examples

```
mytable(acs)
mytable(~age+sex,data=acs)
mytable(Dx~age+sex+height+weight+TC+TG+HDLC,data=acs,method=3,digits=2)
mytable(am+cy1~.,data=mtcars)
out=mytable(sex~.,data=acs)
out
summary(out)
## Not run:
require(ztable)
ztable(out)
## End(Not run)
mytable(acs)
```

mytable2

Produce combined table for descriptive statistics

Description

Produce table for descriptive statistics by two grouping variables for several variables easily. Depending on the nature of these variables, different descriptive statistical methods were used(t-test, ANOVA,Kruskal-Wallis, chisq, Fisher,...)

Usage

```
mytable2(
  formula,
  data,
  use.labels = TRUE,
  use.column.label = TRUE,
  max.ylev = 5,
  maxCatLevel = 20,
  digits = 2,
  method = 1,
  catMethod = 2,
  show.all = FALSE,
  exact = FALSE,
  show.total = FALSE,
  origData = NULL
)
```

22 mytable2

Arguments

formula An object of class "formula". Left side of ~ must contain two grouping variables

in an additive way(e.g. sex+group~), and the right side of ~ must have variables

in an additive way.

data A data.frame contains data for analysis

use.labels Logical. Whether or not use labels.

use.column.label

Logical. Whether or not use column labels.

max.ylev An integer indicating the maximum number of levels of grouping variable ('y').

If a column have unique values less than max.ylev it is treated as a categorical

variable. Default value is 5.

maxCatLevel An integer indicating the maximum number of unique levels of categorical vari-

able. If a column have unique values more than maxCatLevel, categorical sum-

marization will not be performed.

digits An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits

to be used. Default value is 1.

method An integer indicating methods for continuous variables. Possible values in meth-

ods are

1 forces analysis as normal-distributed

2 forces analysis as continuous non-normal

3 performs a Shapiro-Wilk test to decide between normal or non-normal

Default value is 1.

catMethod An integer indicating methods for categorical variables. Possible values in meth-

ods are

0 Perform chisq.test first. If warning present, perform fisher test

1 Perform chisq.test without continuity correction

2 Perform chisq.test with continuity correction

3 perform fisher.test

4 perform prop.trend test

Default value is 2.

show. all A logical value indicating whether or not all statistical values have to be shown

in table. Default value is FALSE.

exact A logical value indicating whether or not permit call with approximate parame-

ter. If true, only exact column name permitted. Default value is FALSE.

show. total A logical value indicating whether or not show total group value. Default value

is FALSE.

origData A data.frame contains data for analysis

Value

An object of class "cbind.mytable"

mytable2df 23

mytable2df

Convert mytable object to data.frame

Description

Add N number into data.frame

Usage

```
mytable2df(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

An object of class "mytable" a result of a call to mytable

Value

a data.frame with N number

mytable2html

Prepare mytable object to data.frame ready to html

Description

Add N number into data.frame

Usage

```
mytable2html(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

An object of class "mytable" a result of a call to mytable

Value

a data.frame with N number

24 mytable_df

 $mytable_df$

make mytable from data.frame

Description

make mytable from data.frame

Usage

```
mytable_df(
    x,
    use.labels = TRUE,
    use.column.label = TRUE,
    max.ylev = 5,
    maxCatLevel = 20,
    digits = 1,
    method = 1,
    show.all = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
use.labels use.column.labe	Logical. Whether or not use labels.
	Logical. Whether or not use column labels.
max.ylev	An integer indicating the maximum number of levels of grouping variable. If a column have unique values less than max.ylev it is treated as a categorical variable. Default value is 5.
maxCatLevel	An integer indicating the maximum number of unique levels of categorical variable. If a column have unique values more than maxCatLevel, categorical summarization will not be performed.
digits	An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits to be used. Default value is 1.
method	An integer indicating methods for continuous variables. Possible values in methods are
	1 forces analysis as normal-distributed
	2 forces analysis as continuous non-normal
	3 performs a Shapiro-Wilk test to decide between normal or non-normal
	Default value is 1.
show.all	A logical value indicating whether or not all statistical values have to be shown in table. Default value is FALSE.

Value

An object of class "mytable.df". 'print' returns a table for descriptive statistics.

mytable_sub 25

mytable_sub

Produce table for descriptive statistics

Description

Produce table for descriptive statistics by groups for several variables easily. Depending on the nature of these variables, different descriptive statistical methods were used(t-test, ANOVA,Kruskal-Wallis, chisq, Fisher,...)

Usage

```
mytable_sub(
    x,
    data,
    use.labels = TRUE,
    use.column.label = TRUE,
    max.ylev = 5,
    maxCatLevel = 20,
    digits = 1,
    method = 1,
    catMethod = 2,
    show.all = FALSE,
    exact = FALSE,
    show.total = FALSE,
    missing = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

X	An object of class "formula". Left side of ~ must contain the name of one group-
	ing variable or two grouping variables in an additive way(e.g. sex+group~), and
	.1

the right side of ~ must have variables in an additive way.

data A data.frame contains data for analysis use.labels Logical. Whether or not use labels.

use.column.label

Logical. Whether or not use column labels.

max.ylev An integer indicating the maximum number of levels of grouping variable ('y').

If a column have unique values less than max.ylev it is treated as a categorical

variable. Default value is 5.

maxCatLevel An integer indicating the maximum number of unique levels of categorical vari-

able. If a column have unique values more than maxCatLevel, categorical sum-

marization will not be performed.

digits An integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits

to be used. Default value is 1.

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method	An integer indicating methods for continuous variables. Possible values in methods are
	1 forces analysis as normal-distributed
	2 forces analysis as continuous non-normal
	3 performs a Shapiro-Wilk test to decide between normal or non-normal
	Default value is 1.
catMethod	An integer indicating methods for categorical variables. Possible values in methods are
	0 Perform chisq.test first. If warning present, perform fisher test
	1 Perform chisq.test without continuity correction
	2 Perform chisq.test with continuity correction
	3 perform fisher.test
	4 perform prop.trend test
	Default value is 2.
show.all	A logical value indicating whether or not all statistical values have to be shown in table. Default value is FALSE.
exact	A logical value indicating whether or not permit call with approximate parameter. If true, only exact column name permitted.Default value is FALSE.
show.total	A logical value indicating whether or not show total group value. Default value is FALSE.
missing	A logical value indicating whether or not perform missing data analysis. Default value is FALSE.

Value

An object of class "mytable". 'print' returns a table for descriptive statistics. 'summary' returns a table with all statistical values.

mytable_sub2

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
mytable_sub2(
   y,
   x,
   data,
   max.ylev = 5,
   maxCatLevel = 20,
```

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```
method = 1,
  catMethod = 2,
  show.total = FALSE,
  origData
)
```

Arguments

a vector У Х a vector data a data.frame max.ylev an integer maxCatLevel an integer method an integer catMethod an integer show.total a logical value origData a data.frame

num_summary

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
num_summary(x)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector

obj2linecount

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
obj2linecount(myobj)
```

Arguments

myobj

an R object

ORplot ORplot

 ${\tt ORplot}$

Plot for odds ratios for a S3 object of glm

Description

Plot for odds ratios for a S3 object of glm

Usage

```
ORplot(
    x,
    type = 1,
    xlab = "",
    ylab = "",
    show.OR = TRUE,
    show.CI = FALSE,
    sig.level = 1,
    cex = 1.2,
    lwd = 2,
    pch = 18,
    col = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

X	A S3 object of glm
type	an integer defining the shape of plots; default value is 1
xlab	label for the horizontal-axis; defaults to "Odds Ratios"
ylab	label for the vertical axis; defaults to "".
show.OR	A logical value; Whether or not show p values on plot
show.CI	A logical value; Whether or not show 95% CI values on plot
sig.level	A numeric value of upper limit of p value of showing variables
cex	A numerical value giving the amount by which plotting OR/HR symbols should be magnified relative to the default, defaulting 1.2.
lwd	The line width, a positive number, defaulting to 2.
pch	Either an integer specifying a symbol or a single character to be used as the default in plotting OR/HR points.
col	A specification for the default plotting color.
	arguments to be passed to plot
	arguments to be passed to plot

Value

This function return NULL invisibly and draw graphs

ORplot.sub 29

Examples

ORplot.sub

A sub function for ORplot and HRplot

Description

Plot for odds ratios for a S3 object of glm

Usage

```
ORplot.sub(
    result,
    type = 1,
    xlab = "",
    ylab = "",
    show.OR = TRUE,
    show.CI = FALSE,
    sig.level = 1,
    cex = 1.2,
    lwd = 2,
    pch = 18,
    col = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

result	A resultant data.frame of function extractOR
type	an integer defining the shape of plots; default value is 1
xlab	label for the horizontal-axis; defaults to "Odds Ratios"
ylab	label for the vertical axis; defaults to "".
show.OR	A logical value; Whether or not show p values on plot
show.CI	A logical value; Whether or not show 95% CI values on plot
sig.level	A numeric value of upper limit of p value of showing variables

30 print.cbind.mytable

cex	A numerical value giving the amount by which plotting OR/HR symbols should be magnified relative to the default, defaulting 1.2.
lwd	The line width, a positive number, defaulting to 2.
pch	Either an integer specifying a symbol or a single character to be used as the default in plotting OR/HR points.
col	A specification for the default plotting color.
	Further arguments to be passed to plot

Value

This function return NULL invisibly and draw graphs

p2sig	Internal mytable functions	

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
p2sig(value)
```

Arguments

value a numeric vector

```
print.cbind.mytable Print function for class "cbind.mytable"
```

Description

Print function for class "cbind.mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable' print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x an object of class "cbind.mytable", a result of a call to cbind.mytable... further arguments passed to or from other methods.
```

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print.mytable

Print function for class "mytable"

Description

Print function for class "mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mytable' print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class "mytable", a result of a call to mytable

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

print.mytable.df

Print an object of mytable.df

Description

Print an object of mytable.df

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mytable.df' print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class mytable.df

... Further arguments

32 radial

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Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
printmytable2(obj, digits = 1)
```

Arguments

obj an object digits an integer

r

Subfunction used in mylatex

Description

Subfunction used in mylatex

Usage

```
r(string)
```

Arguments

string

a character vector

radial

Demographic data of 115 patients performing IVUS(intravascular ultrasound) examination of a radial artery.

Description

A dataset containing demographic data and laboratory data of 115 patients performing IVUS(intravascular ultrasound) examination of a radial artery after tansradial coronary angiography.

rank2group 33

Format

A data frame with 115 rows and 15 variables:

male if Male, 1; if Female 0age patient age in yearsheight height in centimeter

weight weight in kilogram

HBP history of hypertension, 1 for yes or 0 for no

DM history of diabetes mellitus, 1 for yes or 0 for no

smoking history of smoking, One of the followings: "non-smoker", "ex-smoker", "smoker"

TC total cholesterol level in mg/dL

TG triglyceride level in mg/dL

HDL high density lipoprotein cholesterol level in mg/dL

LDL low density lipoprotein cholesterol level in mg/dL

hsCRP high-sensitive C reactive protein

NTAV normalized total atheroma volume measured by IVUS in cubic mm

PAV percent atheroma volume in percentage

sex Factor with two levels; "Male" or "Female"

rank2group

rank a numeric vector and returns a new ordinal vector

Description

rank a numeric vector and returns a new ordinal vector

Usage

```
rank2group(y, k = 4)
```

Arguments

y a numeric vector

k a integer specifies how many groups you want to classify. default value is 4

Value

a ordinal vector(numeric) with the same length of y

34 space

Examples

```
require(ggplot2)
data(diamonds)
diamonds$PriceGroup=rank2group(diamonds$price,4)
table(diamonds$PriceGroup)
aggregate(price~PriceGroup,data=diamonds,range)
diamonds$PriceGroup3=rank2group(diamonds$price,3)
table(diamonds$PriceGroup3)
aggregate(price~PriceGroup3,data=diamonds,range)
diamonds$PriceGroup5=rank2group(diamonds$price,5)
table(diamonds$PriceGroup5)
aggregate(price~PriceGroup5,data=diamonds,range)
```

reprint

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
reprint(x, times)
```

Arguments

x a character vector times an integer

space

Internal mytable functions

Description

Internal mytable functions These are not to be called by the user

Usage

```
space(num)
```

Arguments

num

an integer

summary.cbind.mytable

summary.cbind.mytable Summarizing function for class "cbind.mytable"

Description

Summarizing function for class "cbind.mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cbind.mytable'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object An object of class "cbind.mytable", a result of a call mytable
... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
out=mytable(am+cyl~.,data=mtcars)
summary(out)
```

summary.mytable

Summarizing function for class "mytable"

Description

Summarizing function for class "mytable"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mytable'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object An object of class "mytable", a result of a call mytable ... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
out=mytable(am~.,data=mtcars)
summary(out)
```

36 validColname

validColname

Find valid string among character vector from approximate string

Description

Find valid string among character vector from approximate string

Usage

```
validColname(pattern, x)
```

Arguments

pattern character string to be matched in the given character x a character vector where matches are sought

Value

returns NA in case of no matched string found or a character string in string vector x

Examples

```
a="dx"
b=c("Age","Sex","Dx")
validColname(a,b)
```

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