Package 'FLORAL'

August 20, 2024

```
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Title Fit Log-Ratio Lasso Regression for Compositional Data
Version 0.3.0
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Description Log-ratio Lasso regression for continuous, binary, and survival outcomes with composi-
      tional features. See Fei and others (2023) <doi:10.1101/2023.05.02.538599>.
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      doRNG, foreach, msm
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a.FLORAL

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weights for lasso/ridge penalty

Comparing prediction performances under different choices of

Description

a.FLORAL

Summarizing FLORAL outputs from various choices of a

```
a.FLORAL(
  a = c(0.1, 0.5, 1),
 ncore = 1,
  seed = NULL,
 Х,
 у,
 ncov = 0,
  family = "gaussian",
  longitudinal = FALSE,
  id = NULL,
  tobs = NULL,
  failcode = NULL,
  corstr = "exchangeable",
  scalefix = FALSE,
  scalevalue = 1,
  pseudo = 1,
  length.lambda = 100,
  lambda.min.ratio = NULL,
  ncov.lambda.weight = 0,
 mu = 1,
 maxiter = 100,
 ncv = 5,
  intercept = FALSE,
  step2 = FALSE,
  progress = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

a	vector of scalars between 0 and 1 for comparison.
ncore	Number of cores used for parallel computation. Default is to use only 1 core.
seed	A random seed for reproducibility of the results. By default the seed is the numeric form of Sys.Date().
X	Feature matrix, where rows specify subjects and columns specify features. The first ncov columns should be patient characteristics and the rest columns are microbiome absolute counts corresponding to various taxa. If x contains longitudinal data, the rows must be sorted in the same order of the subject IDs used in y.
У	Outcome. For a continuous or binary outcome, y is a vector. For survival outcome, y is a Surv object.
ncov	An integer indicating the number of first ncov columns in x that will not be subject to the zero-sum constraint.
family	Available options are gaussian, binomial, cox, finegray.
longitudinal	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether longitudinal data matrix is specified for input x. (Longitudinal=TRUE and family="cox" or "finegray" will fit a time-dependent covariate model. Longitudinal=TRUE and family="gaussian" or "binomial" will fit a GEE model.)
id	If longitudinal is TRUE, id specifies subject IDs corresponding to the rows of input x.
tobs	If longitudinal is TRUE, tobs specifies time points corresponding to the rows of input x.
failcode	If family = finegray, failcode specifies the failure type of interest. This must be a positive integer.
corstr	If a GEE model is specified, then corstr is the corresponding working correlation structure. Options are independence, exchangeable, AR-1 and unstructured.
scalefix	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether the scale parameter is estimated or fixed if a GEE model is specified.
scalevalue	Specify the scale parameter if scalefix=TRUE.
pseudo	Pseudo count to be added to x before taking log-transformation
length.lambda	Number of penalty parameters used in the path
lambda.min.rat	
naan lambda na	Ratio between the minimum and maximum choice of lambda. Default is NULL, where the ratio is chosen as 1e-2.
ncov.lambda.we	Weight of the penalty lambda applied to the first ncov covariates. Default is 0
	such that the first ncov covariates are not penalized.
mu	Value of penalty for the augmented Lagrangian
maxiter	Number of iterations needed for the outer loop of the augmented Lagrangian

Folds of cross-validation. Use NULL if cross-validation is not wanted.

algorithm.

ncv

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intercept TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether an intercept should be estimated.

step2 TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether a second-stage feature selection for specific

ratios should be performed for the features selected by the main lasso algorithm.

Will only be performed if cross validation is enabled.

progress TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether printing progress bar as the algorithm runs.

Value

A ggplot2 object of cross-validated prediction metric versus lambda, stratified by a. Detailed data can be retrieved from the ggplot2 object itself.

Author(s)

```
Teng Fei. Email: feit1@mskcc.org
```

References

Fei T, Funnell T, Waters N, Raj SS et al. Scalable Log-ratio Lasso Regression Enhances Microbiome Feature Selection for Predictive Models. bioRxiv 2023.05.02.538599.

Examples

```
set.seed(23420)

dat <- simu(n=50,p=30,model="linear")
pmetric <- a.FLORAL(a=c(0.1,1),ncore=1,x=dat$xcount,y=dat$y,family="gaussian",ncv=2,progress=FALSE)</pre>
```

FLORAL

Fit Log-ratio lasso regression for compositional covariates

Description

Conduct log-ratio lasso regression for continuous, binary and survival outcomes.

```
FLORAL(
    X,
    y,
    ncov = 0,
    family = "gaussian",
    longitudinal = FALSE,
    id = NULL,
    tobs = NULL,
    failcode = NULL,
    corstr = "exchangeable",
    scalefix = FALSE,
```

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```
scalevalue = 1,
  pseudo = 1,
  length.lambda = 100,
  lambda.min.ratio = NULL,
 ncov.lambda.weight = 0,
 a = 1,
 mu = 1,
 maxiter = 100,
 ncv = 5,
 ncore = 1,
  intercept = FALSE,
  foldid = NULL,
  step2 = TRUE,
 progress = TRUE,
 plot = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

ncov

Х	Feature matrix, where rows specify subjects and columns specify features. The
	first ncov columns should be patient characteristics and the rest columns are
	microbiome absolute counts corresponding to various taxa. If x contains longi-
	tudinal data, the rows must be sorted in the same order of the subject IDs used
	in v.

y Outcome. For a continuous or binary outcome, y is a vector. For survival outcome, y is a Surv object.

An integer indicating the number of first ncov columns in x that will not be

subject to the zero-sum constraint.

family Available options are gaussian, binomial, cox, finegray.

longitudinal TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether longitudinal data matrix is specified for in-

put x. (Longitudinal=TRUE and family="cox" or "finegray" will fit a time-dependent covariate model. Longitudinal=TRUE and family="gaussian" or

"binomial" will fit a GEE model.)

id If longitudinal is TRUE, id specifies subject IDs corresponding to the rows of

input x.

tobs If longitudinal is TRUE, tobs specifies time points corresponding to the rows

of input x.

failcode If family = finegray, failcode specifies the failure type of interest. This must

be a positive integer.

corstr If a GEE model is specified, then corstr is the corresponding working correla-

tion structure. Options are independence, exchangeable, AR-1 and unstructured.

scalefix TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether the scale parameter is estimated or fixed if a

GEE model is specified.

scalevalue Specify the scale parameter if scalefix=TRUE.

pseudo Pseudo count to be added to x before taking log-transformation. If unspecified,

then the log-transformation will not be performed.

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length.lambda Number of penalty parameters used in the path lambda.min.ratio

Ratio between the minimum and maximum choice of lambda. Default is NULL, where the ratio is chosen as 1e-2.

ncov.lambda.weight

Weight of the penalty lambda applied to the first ncov covariates. Default is 0

such that the first ncov covariates are not penalized.

a A scalar between 0 and 1: a is the weight for lasso penalty while 1-a is the

weight for ridge penalty.

mu Value of penalty for the augmented Lagrangian

maxiter Number of iterations needed for the outer loop of the augmented Lagrangian

algorithm.

ncv Folds of cross-validation. Use NULL if cross-validation is not wanted.

ncore Number of cores for parallel computing for cross-validation. Default is 1.

intercept TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether an intercept should be estimated.

foldid A vector of fold indicator. Default is NULL.

step2 TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether a second-stage feature selection for specific

ratios should be performed for the features selected by the main lasso algorithm.

Will only be performed if cross validation is enabled.

progress TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether printing progress bar as the algorithm runs.

plot TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether returning plots of model fitting.

Value

A list with path-specific estimates (beta), path (lambda), and others. Details can be found in README.md.

Author(s)

Teng Fei. Email: feit1@mskcc.org

References

Fei T, Funnell T, Waters N, Raj SS et al. Enhanced Feature Selection for Microbiome Data using FLORAL: Scalable Log-ratio Lasso Regression bioRxiv 2023.05.02.538599.

Examples

```
set.seed(23420)

# Continuous outcome
dat <- simu(n=50,p=30,model="linear")
fit <- FLORAL(dat$xcount,dat$y,family="gaussian",ncv=2,progress=FALSE,step2=TRUE)

# Binary outcome
# dat <- simu(n=50,p=30,model="binomial")
# fit <- FLORAL(dat$xcount,dat$y,family="binomial",progress=FALSE,step2=TRUE)</pre>
```

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mcv.FLORAL

Summarizing selected compositional features over multiple cross validations

Description

Summarizing FLORAL outputs from multiple random k-fold cross validations

```
mcv.FLORAL(
 mcv = 10,
  ncore = 1,
  seed = NULL,
  Х,
  у,
  ncov = 0,
  family = "gaussian",
  longitudinal = FALSE,
  id = NULL,
  tobs = NULL,
  failcode = NULL,
  corstr = "exchangeable",
  scalefix = FALSE,
  scalevalue = 1,
  pseudo = 1,
  length.lambda = 100,
  lambda.min.ratio = NULL,
  ncov.lambda.weight = 0,
  a = 1,
  mu = 1,
 maxiter = 100,
  ncv = 5,
  intercept = FALSE,
  step2 = TRUE,
  progress = TRUE,
  plot = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

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mcv	Number of random 'ncv'-fold cross-validation to be performed.
ncore	Number of cores used for parallel computation. Default is to use only 1 core.
seed	A random seed for reproducibility of the results. By default the seed is the numeric form of Sys.Date().
Х	Feature matrix, where rows specify subjects and columns specify features. The first ncov columns should be patient characteristics and the rest columns are microbiome absolute counts corresponding to various taxa. If x contains longitudinal data, the rows must be sorted in the same order of the subject IDs used in y.
У	Outcome. For a continuous or binary outcome, y is a vector. For survival outcome, y is a Surv object.
ncov	An integer indicating the number of first ncov columns in x that will not be subject to the zero-sum constraint.
family	Available options are gaussian, binomial, cox, finegray.
longitudinal	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether longitudinal data matrix is specified for input x. (Longitudinal=TRUE and family="cox" or "finegray" will fit a time-dependent covariate model. Longitudinal=TRUE and family="gaussian" or "binomial" will fit a GEE model.)
id	If longitudinal is TRUE, id specifies subject IDs corresponding to the rows of input x.
tobs	If longitudinal is TRUE, tobs specifies time points corresponding to the rows of input x.
failcode	If family = finegray, failcode specifies the failure type of interest. This must be a positive integer.
corstr	If a GEE model is specified, then corstr is the corresponding working correlation structure. Options are independence, exchangeable, AR-1 and unstructured.
scalefix	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether the scale parameter is estimated or fixed if a GEE model is specified.
scalevalue	Specify the scale parameter if scalefix=TRUE.
pseudo	Pseudo count to be added to x before taking log-transformation
length.lambda lambda.min.rat:	Number of penalty parameters used in the path io
ncov.lambda.we	Ratio between the minimum and maximum choice of lambda. Default is NULL, where the ratio is chosen as 1e-2.
	Weight of the penalty lambda applied to the first ncov covariates. Default is 0 such that the first ncov covariates are not penalized.
a	A scalar between 0 and 1: a is the weight for lasso penalty while 1-a is the weight for ridge penalty.
mu	Value of penalty for the augmented Lagrangian
maxiter	Number of iterations needed for the outer loop of the augmented Lagrangian algorithm.

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ncv	Folds of cross-validation. Use NULL if cross-validation is not wanted.
intercept	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether an intercept should be estimated.
step2	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether a second-stage feature selection for specific ratios should be performed for the features selected by the main lasso algorithm. Will only be performed if cross validation is enabled.
progress	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether printing progress bar as the algorithm runs.
plot	TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether returning summary plots of selection probability for taxa features.

Value

A list with relative frequencies of a certain feature being selected over mcv ncv-fold cross-validations.

Author(s)

```
Teng Fei. Email: feit1@mskcc.org
```

References

Fei T, Funnell T, Waters N, Raj SS et al. Scalable Log-ratio Lasso Regression Enhances Microbiome Feature Selection for Predictive Models. bioRxiv 2023.05.02.538599.

Examples

```
set.seed(23420)

dat <- simu(n=50,p=30,model="linear")
fit <- mcv.FLORAL(mcv=2,ncore=1,x=dat$xcount,y=dat$y,ncv=2,progress=FALSE,step2=TRUE,plot=FALSE)</pre>
```

simu

Simulate data following log-ratio model

Description

Simulate a dataset from log-ratio model.

```
simu(
    n = 100,
    p = 200,
    model = "linear",
    weak = 4,
    strong = 6,
    weaksize = 0.125,
    strongsize = 0.25,
```

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```
pct.sparsity = 0.5,
  rho = 0,
  timedep_slope = NULL,
  timedep_cor = NULL,
  longitudinal_stability = TRUE,
  ncov = 0,
  betacov = 0,
  intercept = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

n An integer of sample size

p An integer of number of features (taxa).

model Type of models associated with outcome variable, can be "linear", "binomial",

"cox", "finegray", or "timedep" (survival endpoint with time-dependent fea-

tures).

weak Number of features with weak effect size.
strong Number of features with strong effect size.

weaksize Actual effect size for weak effect size. Must be positive. strongsize Actual effect size for strong effect size. Must be positive.

pct.sparsity Percentage of zero counts for each sample.

rho Parameter controlling the correlated structure between taxa. Ranges between 0

and 1.

timedep_slope If model is "timedep", this parameter specifies the slope for the feature trajecto-

ries. Please refer to the Simulation section of the manuscript for more details.

timedep_cor If model is "timedep", this parameter specifies the sample-wise correlations

between longitudinal features. Please refer to the Simulation section of the

manuscript for more details.

longitudinal_stability

If model is "timedep", this is a binary indicator which determines whether the

trajectories are more stable (TRUE) or more volatile (FALSE).

ncov Number of covariates that are not compositional features.

betacov Coefficients corresponding to the covariates that are not compositional features.

intercept Boolean. If TRUE, then a random intercept will be generated in the model. Only

works for linear or binomial models.

Value

A list with simulated count matrix xcount, log1p-transformed count matrix x, outcome (continuous y, continuous centered y0, binary y, or survival t, d), true coefficient vector beta, list of non-zero features idx, value of intercept intercept (if applicable).

Author(s)

Teng Fei. Email: feit1@mskcc.org

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References

Fei T, Funnell T, Waters N, Raj SS et al. Enhanced Feature Selection for Microbiome Data using FLORAL: Scalable Log-ratio Lasso Regression bioRxiv 2023.05.02.538599.

Examples

```
set.seed(23420)
dat <- simu(n=50,p=30,model="linear")</pre>
```

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