# Package 'SpecDetec'

### October 12, 2022

Title Change Points Detection with Spectral Clustering

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<b>Description</b> Calculate change point based on spectral clustering with the option to automatically calculate the number of clusters if this information is not available.									
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calculateAffinityMatrix

Calculate the affinity matrix based on the similarity matrix

### Description

Calculate the affinity matrix based on the similarity matrix

### Usage

calculateAffinityMatrix(similarityMatrix, neighboorsNumber = 2)

### Arguments

similarityMatrix

Matrix of similarity between all points in the time series

neighboorsNumber

Number of neighbors to consider affinity between nodes

### **Details**

Calculate the affinity matrix based on the similarity matrix If the number of neighbors is equal to or greater than the similarity matrix then the similarity and affinity matrix are equal

### Value

Affinity matrix based on the similarity matrix

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

clusterEstimatetNumber 3

clusterEstimatetNumber

Estimate the number of possible clusters

### **Description**

Adaptation of the bartlett method of the speccalt package to estimate the number of clusters in the context of spectral clustering to detect change points

### Usage

clusterEstimatetNumber(eigenvectorValues, tolerance, maxClusterNumber)

### **Arguments**

eigenvectorValues

Eigenvector matrix based on the affinity matrix

tolerance

approximation to consider valid clusters

maxClusterNumber

maximum number of calculable clusters

#### **Details**

Adaptation of the bartlett method of the speccalt package to estimate the number of clusters in the context of spectral clustering to detect change points

### Value

An estimated number of clusters

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

convertToMatrixTimeSeries

Converts the time series to position and value matrix

### **Description**

Converts the time series to position and value matrix

### Usage

convertToMatrixTimeSeries(data)

4 DEVICE2

### **Arguments**

data

List of values corresponding to the time series

#### **Details**

Gets a list of values of any size and creates a key and value array of all positions

#### Value

The key matrix and value of the time series.

#### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

DEVICE1

DEVICE1

### Description

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

DEVICE1

### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

DEVICE2

DEVICE2

### **Description**

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

DEVICE2

DEVICE3 5

### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

DEVICE3 DEVICE3

### **Description**

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

**DEVICE3** 

### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

DEVICE4 DEVICE4

### Description

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

DEVICE4

### **Format**

6 DEVICE6

DEVICE5

DEVICE5

### **Description**

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

**DEVICE5** 

#### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

DEVICE6

DEVICE6

### **Description**

Derivation of RefrigerationDevices of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository These problems were taken from data recorded as part of government sponsored study called Powering the Nation. The intention was to collect behavioural data about how consumers use electricity within the home to help reduce the UK's carbon footprint.

### Usage

**DEVICE6** 

### **Format**

FTIR1 7

FTIR1 FTIR1

### **Description**

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR1

### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

FTIR2 FTIR2

### Description

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR2

### **Format**

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FTIR3 FTIR3

### Description

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR3

#### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

FTIR4 FTIR4

### **Description**

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR4

### **Format**

FTIR5 9

FTIR5 FTIR5

### **Description**

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR5

### **Format**

The format is: Value Class 1.063400 1 -0.953410 1 ... -0.596090 2 ...

FTIR6 FTIR6

### Description

Derivation of Meat of the UCR Time Series Classification Repository Food spectrographs are used in chemometrics to classify food types, a task that has obvious applications in food safety and quality assurance. The classes are chicken, pork and turkey.

### Usage

FTIR6

### **Format**

gaussianKernel

Calculate Gaussian Kernel

### **Description**

Measure of similarity between two points represented by x1 and x2

### Usage

```
gaussianKernel(x1, x2, alpha = 1)
```

### **Arguments**

x1 first valor to computatex2 second valor to computate

alpha Alpha Measure

### **Details**

Measure of similarity between two points represented by x1 and x2

### Value

Measure of similarity between two points.

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

```
generate Eigenvector Matrix
```

Calculate the eigenvector of the affinity matrix

### Description

Calculate the eigenvector of the affinity matrix

### Usage

```
generateEigenvectorMatrix(affinityMatrix)
```

### **Arguments**

affinityMatrix Affinity matrix based on the similarity matrix based on key and value matrix of the time series

### **Details**

Calculates the laplacian matrix based on the affinity matrix and calculates the auto values of the graph with the eigen function

#### Value

Eigenvector matrix based on the affinity matrix

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

generateSimilarityMatrix

Calculate Similarity Matrix

### **Description**

Use some similarity measure to calculate the similarity matrix

### Usage

```
generateSimilarityMatrix(data, similarityMeasure)
```

### **Arguments**

data Key and value matrix of a time series similarityMeasure

Measure of similarity between two points represented by x1 and x2

### **Details**

Use some similarity measure to calculate the similarity matrix

### Value

Matrix of similarity calculated from the key and value matrix.

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

12 getClusterProd

getClusterFact	Get the Factor of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of eigenvectors

### Description

Get the Factor of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of eigenvectors

### Usage

```
getClusterFact(eigenvectorValues, eigenvectorLengthLessOne, clusterNumber,
  reverseClusterNumber)
```

### **Arguments**

eigenvectorValues

Eigenvector matrix based on the affinity matrix

eigenvectorLengthLessOne

the eigenvector matrix size minus 1

clusterNumber the cluster position number being tested

reverseClusterNumber

the number of the inverse position of the cluster being tested

### **Details**

Gets the factor of the value and its opposite in relation to the matrix of the eigenvectors

### Value

Factor of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of eigenvectors

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

getClusterProd	Get the Product of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of
	eigenvectors

### Description

Get the Product of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of eigenvectors

#### Usage

```
getClusterProd(eigenvectorValues, eigenvectorLengthLessOne, clusterNumber,
  reverseClusterNumber)
```

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### **Arguments**

eigenvectorValues

Eigenvector matrix based on the affinity matrix

eigenvectorLengthLessOne

the eigenvector matrix size minus 1

clusterNumber the cluster position number being tested

reverseClusterNumber

the number of the inverse position of the cluster being tested

#### **Details**

Gets the product of the value and its opposite in relation to the matrix of the eigenvectors

### Value

Product of the cluster position in relation to the matrix of eigenvectors

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

getSpectralClusters

Clustering with the smallest eigenvectors from eigenvector Matrix

### **Description**

Clustering with the smallest eigenvectors from eigenvector Matrix

### Usage

```
getSpectralClusters(eigenvectorMatrix, numberOfClusters = 2)
```

### Arguments

eigenvectorMatrix

Eigenvector matrix based on the affinity matrix

numberOfClusters

maximum number of clusters for prediction

### **Details**

Modified standard function present in kernlab to perform clustering with graph spectrum using standard version of K-Means

### Value

K-Means Cluster Object

Spec Spec

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

Spec

Calculate change points with spectral cluster

### **Description**

Calculate change point based on spectral clustering you have the option to automatically calculate the number of clusters if this information is not available

### Usage

```
Spec(data, neighboorsNumber = 5, tolerance = 0.01,
   maxNumberOfChangePoints = 19, estimationChangePointsNumber = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

data List of values corresponding to the time series

neighboorsNumber

Number of neighbors to consider affinity between nodes

tolerance

approximation to consider valid clusters, used only for calculation of forecast of

change points, default 0.01

 ${\tt maxNumberOfChangePoints}$ 

maximum number of clusters for prediction: default 19

 $estimation {\tt Change Points Number}$ 

predicted number of change points in the series, if null, is automatically calcu-

lated: default null

#### **Details**

Calculate change point based on spectral clustering you have the option to automatically calculate the number of clusters if this information is not available. It uses the Gaussian Kernel for the calculation of affinity matrix and Kmeans for the spectral cluster, however, several other options can be used and the package must be customized to better suit the use.

#### Value

Numerical array with the position of the change points in the time series

### Author(s)

Luis Gustavo Uzai

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### **Examples**

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