Package 'gdalUtilities'

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Type Package

Title Wrappers for 'GDAL' Utilities Executables

Version 1.2.5

Date 2023-08-09

Author Joshua O'Brien

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Description R's 'sf' package ships with self-contained 'GDAL' executables, including a bare bones interface to several 'GDAL'-related utility programs collectively known as the 'GDAL utilities'. For each of those utilities, this package provides an R wrapper whose formal arguments closely mirror those of the 'GDAL' command line interface. The utilities operate on data stored in files and typically write their output to other files. Therefore, to process data stored in any of R's more common spatial formats (i.e. those supported by the 'sf' and 'terra' packages), first write them to disk, then process them with the package's wrapper functions before reading the outputted results back into R. GDAL function arguments introduced in GDAL version 3.5.2 or earlier are supported.

License GPL (>= 2)

URL https://github.com/JoshOBrien/gdalUtilities/

BugReports https://github.com/JoshOBrien/gdalUtilities/issues/

Imports sf (>= 1.0-11)

Suggests terra, stars, RColorBrewer, testthat

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R topics documented:

gdalUtilities-package	2
gdalbuildvrt	3
gdaldem	5
gdalinfo	7
gdalmdiminfo	8
gdalmdimtranslate	10
gdalUtilities-defunct	11
gdalwarp	12
gdal_grid	14
gdal_rasterize	17
gdal_translate	19
nearblack	21
ogr2ogr	23

Index 27

gdalUtilities-package Wrappers for 'GDAL' Utilities Executables

Description

R's 'sf' package ships with self-contained 'GDAL' executables, including a bare bones interface to several 'GDAL'-related utility programs collectively known as the 'GDAL utilities'. For each of those utilities, this package provides an R wrapper whose formal arguments closely mirror those of the 'GDAL' command line interface. The utilities operate on data stored in files and typically write their output to other files. Therefore, to process data stored in any of R's more common spatial formats (i.e. those supported by the 'sf' and 'terra' packages), first write them to disk, then process them with the package's wrapper functions before reading the outputted results back into R. GDAL function arguments introduced in GDAL version 3.5.2 or earlier are supported.

Details

The DESCRIPTION file:

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gdalbuildvrt 3

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Index of help topics:

```
gdalUtilities-defunct
                        Defunct function(s) in the gdalUtilities
                        package
gdalUtilities-package
                        Wrappers for 'GDAL' Utilities Executables
                        Interface to GDAL's gdal_grid utility
gdal_grid
gdal_rasterize
                        Interface to GDAL's gdal_rasterize utility
                        Interface to GDAL's gdal_translate utility
gdal_translate
                        Interface to GDAL's gdalbuildvrt utility
gdalbuildvrt
gdaldem
                        Interface to GDAL's gdaldem utility
                        Interface to GDAL's gdalinfo utility
gdalinfo
gdalmdiminfo
                        Interface to GDAL's gdalmdiminfo utility
                        Interface to GDAL's gdalmdimtranslate utility
gdalmdimtranslate
gdalwarp
                        Interface to GDAL's gdalwarp utility
nearblack
                        Interface to GDAL's nearblack utility
ogr2ogr
                        Interface to GDAL's ogr2ogr utility
```

Wrappers for 'GDAL' Utilities Executables.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

Maintainer: Joshua O'Brien <joshmobrien@gmail.com>

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdalbuildvrt. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdalbuildvrt.html.

```
gdalbuildvrt(
   gdalfile,
   output.vrt,
   ...,
   tileindex,
   resolution,
```

4 gdalbuildvrt

```
te,
  tr,
  tap,
  separate,
  b,
  sd,
  allow_projection_difference,
  optim,
  q,
  addalpha,
  hidenodata,
  srcnodata,
  vrtnodata,
  ignore_srcmaskband,
  a_srs,
  r,
  00,
  input_file_list,
  strict,
  non_strict,
 overwrite,
  config_options = character(0),
  dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
gdalfile
                  Character vector supplying file paths to one or more input datasets.
output.vrt
                  Character. Path to output VRT file. Typically, output file will have suffix
                  ".vrt".
                 Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all
. . .
                  subsequent formal arguments.
tileindex, resolution, te, tr, tap, separate, b, sd
                  See the GDAL project's gdalbuildvrt documentation for details.
allow_projection_difference, q, optim, addalpha, hidenodata
                  See the GDAL project's gdalbuildvrt documentation for details.
srcnodata, vrtnodata, ignore_srcmaskband, a_srs, r, oo
                  See the GDAL project's gdalbuildvrt documentation for details.
input_file_list, strict, non_strict, overwrite
                  See the GDAL project's gdalbuildvrt documentation for details.
config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1,
                  option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)
dryrun
                 Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL,
                  the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent
                  output.
```

gdaldem 5

Value

Silently returns path to output.vrt.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

Examples

gdaldem

Interface to GDAL's gdaldem utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdaldem. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdaldem.html.

```
gdaldem(
   mode,
   input_dem,
   output_map,
   ...,
   of,
   compute_edges,
   alg,
   b,
   co,
   q,
   z,
   s,
   az,
```

6 gdaldem

```
alt,
  combined,
  multidirectional,
  igor,
  p,
  trigonometric,
  zero_for_flat,
  color_text_file = character(0),
  alpha,
  exact_color_entry,
  nearest_color_entry,
  config_options = character(0),
  dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

mode Character, one of "hillshade", "slope", "color-relief", "TRI", "TPI",

"roughness", indicating which of the available processing modes is to be used.

input_dem Path to a GDAL-supported readable DEM datasource.

output_map Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.

... Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all

subsequent formal arguments.

of, compute_edges, alg, b, co, q, z, s, az, alt, combined

See the GDAL project's gdaldem documentation for details.

multidirectional, igor, p, trigonometric, zero_for_flat

See the GDAL project's gdaldem documentation for details.

color_text_file, alpha, exact_color_entry, nearest_color_entry

See the GDAL project's gdaldem documentation for details.

config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1,

option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)

dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL,

the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent

output.

Value

Silently returns path to output_map.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
## Prepare file paths
```

gdalinfo 7

```
td <- tempdir()</pre>
in_dem <- system.file("extdata/maunga.tif", package = "gdalUtilities")</pre>
out_slope <- file.path(td, "slope.tif")</pre>
out_shade <- file.path(td, "shade.tif")</pre>
out_aspect <- file.path(td, "aspect.tif")</pre>
## Apply DEM processing
gdaldem("slope", in_dem, out_slope)
gdaldem("shade", in_dem, out_shade)
gdaldem("aspect", in_dem, out_aspect)
## View results
if(require(terra)) {
    op <- par(mfcol = c(1, 2))
                         main = "elevation")
    plot(rast(in_dem),
   plot(rast(out_slope), main = "slope")
   plot(rast(out_shade), main = "hillshade")
   plot(rast(out_aspect), main = "aspect")
   par(op) ## Reset parameters to preexisting values
}
```

gdalinfo

Interface to GDAL's gdalinfo utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdalinfo. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdalinfo.html.

```
gdalinfo(
  datasetname,
  . . . ,
  json,
  mm,
  stats,
  approx_stats,
  hist,
  nogcp,
  nomd,
  norat,
  noct,
  nof1,
  checksum,
  proj4,
  listmdd,
```

8 gdalmdiminfo

```
mdd,
wkt_format,
sd,
oo,
IF,
dryrun = FALSE,
config_options = character(0),
quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

datasetname Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource. Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all subsequent formal arguments. json, mm, stats, approx_stats, hist, nogcp, nomd, norat, noct See the GDAL project's gdalinfo documentation for details. nof1, checksum, proj4, listmdd, mdd, wkt_format, sd, oo, IF See the GDAL project's gdalinfo documentation for details. Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, dryrun the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output. config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.) quiet Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, suppress printing of output to the console.

Value

Silently returns a character vector containing the information returned by the gdalinfo utility.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

Examples

```
ff <- system.file("extdata/maunga.tif", package = "gdalUtilities")
gdalinfo(ff)</pre>
```

gdalmdiminfo

Interface to GDAL's gdalmdiminfo utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdalmdiminfo. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdalmdiminfo.html.

gdalmdiminfo 9

Usage

```
gdalmdiminfo(
  datasetname,
    ...,
    oo,
    arrayoption,
  detailed,
  nopretty,
    array,
  limit,
    stats,
  IF,
    dryrun = FALSE,
    config_options = character(0),
    quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

datasetname Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource.

... Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all subsequent formal arguments.

oo, arrayoption, detailed, nopretty, array, limit, stats, IF the GDAL project's gdalmdiminfo documentation for details.

dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output.

config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)

quiet Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, suppress printing of output to the console.

Value

Silently returns a character vector containing the information in JSON format returned by the gdalmdiminfo utility.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
ff <- system.file("nc/cropped.nc", package = "sf")
gdalmdiminfo(ff)</pre>
```

10 gdalmdimtranslate

gdalmdimtranslate

Interface to GDAL's gdalmdimtranslate utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdalmdimtranslate. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdalmdimtranslate.html.

Usage

```
gdalmdimtranslate(
    src_filename,
    dst_filename,
    ...,
    co,
    IF,
    of,
    array,
    group,
    subset,
    scaleaxes,
    oo,
    config_options = character(0),
    dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
src_filename Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource.

Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.

Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all subsequent formal arguments.

co, IF, of, array, group, subset, scaleaxes, oo See the GDAL project's gdalmdimtranslate documentation for details.

config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)

dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output.
```

Value

Silently returns path to dst_filename.

gdalUtilities-defunct 11

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

Examples

```
## A simple dataset bundled with the sf package
FF <- system.file("nc/cropped.nc", package = "sf")</pre>
td <- tempdir()</pre>
out_tiff <- file.path(td, "out.tiff")</pre>
gdalinfo(FF)
gdalmdimtranslate(FF, out_tiff, array = "sst")
gdalinfo(out_tiff)
## A more interesting dataset bundled with the stars package
if(require(terra)) {
    FF <- system.file("nc/reduced.nc", package = "stars")</pre>
    gdalinfo(FF)
    td <- tempdir()</pre>
    out_1_tiff <- file.path(td, "out_1.tiff")</pre>
    gdalmdimtranslate(FF, out_1_tiff, array = "sst")
    plot(rast(out_1_tiff),
         main = "Sea Surface Temperature\n(2x2 degree cells)")
    ## Translate to a tiff, coarsen by a factor of 5
    out_2_tiff <- file.path(td, "out_2.tiff")</pre>
    gdalmdimtranslate(FF, out_2_tiff, array = "sst",
                       scaleaxes = "lon(5),lat(5)")
    plot(rast(out_2_tiff),
         main = "Sea Surface Temperature\n(10x10 degree cells)")
}
```

gdalUtilities-defunct Defunct function(s) in the gdalUtilities package

Description

These functions have been removed from this package.

Usage

```
gRasterize(...)
```

Arguments

... Function arguments

12 gdalwarp

Details

gRasterize was removed due to its dependency on the **raster** package, on which **gdalUtilities** no longer Depends. The source for gRasterize may still be found (and sourced, using devtools::source_gist()) at https://gist.github.com/JoshOBrien/7cf19b8b686e6d6230a78a1a9799883b.

gdalwarp

Interface to GDAL's gdalwarp utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdalwarp. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdalwarp.html.

```
gdalwarp(
  srcfile,
  dstfile,
  s_srs,
  t_srs,
  ct,
  to,
  vshift,
  novshift,
  s_coord_epoch,
  t_coord_epoch,
  order,
  tps,
  rpc,
  geoloc,
  et,
  refine_gcps,
  te,
  te_srs,
  tr,
  tap,
  ts,
  ovr,
  wo,
  ot,
  wt,
  srcnodata,
  dstnodata,
```

gdalwarp 13

```
srcalpha,
  nosrcalpha,
  dstalpha,
  wm,
 multi,
  q,
  IF,
  of,
  co,
  cutline,
  cl,
  cwhere,
  csql,
  cblend,
  crop_to_cutline,
  overwrite,
  nomd,
  cvmd,
  setci,
  00,
  doo,
  config_options = character(0),
  dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
srcfile
                  Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource.
dstfile
                  Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.
                 Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all
                 subsequent formal arguments.
s_srs, t_srs, ct, to, vshift, novshift
                  See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
s_coord_epoch, t_coord_epoch, order, tps, rpc, geoloc, et
                 See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
refine_gcps, te, te_srs, tr, tap, ts, ovr, wo, ot, wt, r, srcnodata
                  See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
dstnodata, srcalpha, nosrcalpha, dstalpha, wm, multi, q, IF, of, co
                  See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
cutline, cl, cwhere, csql, cblend, crop_to_cutline, overwrite
                 See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
nomd, cvmd, setci, oo, doo
                 See the GDAL project's gdalwarp documentation for details.
config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1,option2=value2)
                  (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)
dryrun
                 Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL,
                  the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent
                  output.
```

14 gdal_grid

Value

Silently returns path to dstfile.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

Examples

```
## Prepare file paths
td <- tempdir()</pre>
in_tif <- file.path(td, "tahoe.tif")</pre>
gcp_tif <- file.path(td, "tahoe_gcp.tif")</pre>
out_tif <- file.path(td, "tahoe_warped.tif")</pre>
## Set up some ground control points, then warp
file.copy(system.file("extdata/tahoe.tif", package = "gdalUtilities"),
          in_tif)
## Four numbers: column, row, x-coord, y-coord
gcp <- matrix(c(100, 300, -119.93226, 39.28977,
                0, 300, -119.93281, 39.28977, ## B
                100, 400, -119.93226, 39.28922, ## C
                0, 400, -119.93281, 39.28922, ## lower-left
                400, 0, -119.93067, 39.29136, ## upper-right
                400, 400, -119.93062, 39.28922, ## lower-right
                       0, -119.93281, 39.29141), ## upper-left
              ncol = 4, byrow = TRUE)
## Add ground control points. (For some reason, this drops CRS, so
## it needs to be explicitly given via `a_srs` argument.)
gdal_translate(in_tif, gcp_tif, gcp = gcp, a_srs = "EPSG:4326")
gdalwarp(gcp_tif, out_tif, r = "bilinear")
## Check that it worked
if(require(terra)) {
    op \leftarrow par(mfcol = c(1, 2))
    r1 <- plot(rast(in_tif), main = "Original raster")</pre>
    r2 <- plot(rast(out_tif), main = "Warped raster")</pre>
    par(op) ## Reset preexisting parameters
}
```

gdal_grid

Interface to GDAL's gdal_grid utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdal_grid. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdal_grid.html.

gdal_grid 15

Usage

```
gdal_grid(
  src_datasource,
  dst_filename,
  . . . ,
  ot,
  of,
  txe,
  tye,
  tr,
  outsize,
  a_srs,
  zfield,
  z_increase,
  z_multiply,
  a,
  spat,
  clipsrc,
  clipsrcsql,
  clipsrclayer,
  clipsrcwhere,
  1,
  where,
  sql,
  co,
  config_options = character(0),
  dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
src_datasource Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource.
dst_filename
                  Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.
                  Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all
                  subsequent formal arguments.
ot, of, txe, tye, tr, outsize, a_srs, zfield, z_increase, z_multiply
                  See the GDAL project's gdal_grid documentation for details.
a, spat, clipsrc, clipsrcsql, clipsrclayer, clipsrcwhere
                  See the GDAL project's gdal_grid documentation for details.
1, where, sql, co, q
                  See the GDAL project's gdal_grid documentation for details.
config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1,
                  option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)
dryrun
                 Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL,
                  the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent
                  output.
```

16 gdal_grid

Value

Silently returns path to dst_filename.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
## Set up file paths
td <- tempdir()</pre>
dem_file <- file.path(td, "dem.csv")</pre>
vrt_header_file <- file.path(td, "tmp.vrt")</pre>
out_raster <- file.path(td, "tmp.tiff")</pre>
## Create file of points with x-, y-, and z-coordinates
pts <-
    data.frame(Easting = c(86943.4, 87124.3, 86962.4, 87077.6),
               Northing = c(891957, 892075, 892321, 891995),
               Elevation = c(139.13, 135.01, 182.04, 135.01))
write.csv(pts, file = dem_file, row.names = FALSE)
## Prepare a matching VRT file
vrt_header <- c(</pre>
'<OGRVRTDataSource>',
' <OGRVRTLayer name="dem">',
paste0(' <SrcDataSource>',dem_file,'</SrcDataSource>'),
     <GeometryType>wkbPoint</GeometryType>',
    <GeometryField encoding="PointFromColumns" x="Easting" y="Northing" z="Elevation"/>',
' </OGRVRTLayer>',
'</OGRVRTDataSource>'
cat(vrt_header, file = vrt_header_file, sep = "\n")
## Test it out
gdal_grid(src_datasource = vrt_header_file,
          dst_filename = out_raster,
          a = "invdist:power=2.0:smoothing=1.0",
          txe = c(85000, 89000), tye = c(894000, 890000),
          outsize = c(400, 400),
          of = "GTiff", ot = "Float64", l = "dem")
## Check that it works
if(requireNamespace("terra", quietly = TRUE)) {
    library(terra)
    plot(rast(out_raster))
    text(Northing ~ Easting, data = pts,
         labels = seq_len(nrow(pts)), cex = 0.7)
}
```

gdal_rasterize 17

gdal_rasterize

Interface to GDAL's gdal_rasterize utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdal_rasterize. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdal_rasterize.html.

Usage

```
gdal_rasterize(
  src_datasource,
  dst_filename,
  b,
  i,
  at,
  burn,
  a,
  threeD,
  add,
  1,
  where,
  sql,
  dialect,
  of,
  a_srs,
  to,
  co,
  a_nodata,
  init,
  te,
  tr,
  tap,
  ts,
  ot,
  optim,
  config_options = character(0),
  dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
src_datasource Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource. dst_filename Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.
```

18 gdal_rasterize

```
Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all subsequent formal arguments.

b, i, at, burn, a, threeD, add, l, where, sql, dialect, of See the GDAL project's gdal_rasterize documentation for details.

a_srs, to, co, a_nodata, init, te, tr, tap, ts, ot, optim, q
See the GDAL project's gdal_rasterize documentation for details.

config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)

dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output.
```

Value

Silently returns path to dst_filename.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
if(require(terra)) {
    ## Prepare file paths of example shapefile and template raster file
    vect_file <- system.file("ex/lux.shp", package = "terra")</pre>
    td <- tempdir()</pre>
    rast_file <- file.path(td, "lux_rast.tif")</pre>
    ## Construct and save an appropriately sized 'empty' raster
   LUX <- vect(vect_file)
    lonlatratio <- 1 / cospi(mean(geom(LUX)[, "y"]) / 180)</pre>
    rr <- rast(ext(LUX),</pre>
               resolution = c(lonlatratio * 0.01, 0.01),
               crs = crs(LUX), vals = NA)
    ## Note: this next line warns that raster is empty
   writeRaster(rr, filename = rast_file, overwrite = TRUE)
    ## Rasterize polygon using empty raster and check that it worked
    gdal_rasterize(vect_file, rast_file, a = "ID_2")
    plot(rast(rast_file))
}
```

gdal_translate 19

gdal_translate

Interface to GDAL's gdal_translate utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app gdal_translate. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/gdal_translate.html.

```
gdal_translate(
  src_dataset,
  dst_dataset,
  . . . ,
  ot,
  strict,
  IF,
  of,
  b,
  mask,
  expand,
  outsize,
  tr,
  r,
  scale,
  exponent,
  unscale,
  srcwin,
  projwin,
  projwin_srs,
  srs,
  epo,
  eco,
  a_srs,
  a_coord_epoch,
  a_ullr,
  a_nodata,
  a_scale,
  a_offset,
  colorinterp,
  mo,
  co,
  nogcp,
  gcp,
  q,
  sds,
```

20 gdal_translate

```
stats,
noxmp,
norat,
oo,
sd_index,
config_options = character(0),
dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

src_dataset Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource. dst_dataset Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file. Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all subsequent formal arguments. ot, strict, IF, of, b, mask, expand, outsize, tr, r, scale, exponent See the GDAL project's gdal_translate documentation for details. unscale, srcwin, projwin, projwin_srs, srs, epo, eco See the GDAL project's gdal_translate documentation for details. a_srs, a_coord_epoch, a_ullr, a_nodata, a_scale, a_offset See the GDAL project's gdal_translate documentation for details. colorinterp Along with colorinterp, arguments named colorinterp_bn, where bn refers the number of a band are also allowed. See the GDAL project's gdal_translate documentation for details. mo, co, nogcp, gcp, q, sds, stats, norat, noxmp, oo, sd_index See the GDAL project's gdal_translate documentation for details. config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.) dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output.

Value

Silently returns path to dst_dataset.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
## Prepare file paths
td <- tempdir()
in_raster <- file.path(td, "europe.tif")
out_raster <- file.path(td, "europe_small.tif")
file.copy(system.file("extdata/europe.tif", package = "gdalUtilities"),</pre>
```

nearblack 21

```
to = td)
## Shrink a tiff by 50% in both x and y dimensions
gdal_translate(in_raster, out_raster, outsize = c("50%","50%"))
## Check that it worked
if(require(terra)) {
 r1 <- rast(in_raster)</pre>
 r1[is.na(r1)] <- 0
 r1 <- as.factor(r1)
 rat <- levels(r1)[[1]]
 rat[["landcover"]] <- c("water", "land")</pre>
 levels(r1) <- rat</pre>
 r2 <- rast(out_raster)</pre>
 r2[is.na(r2)] <- 0
 r2 <- as.factor(r2)
 rat <- levels(r2)[[1]]
 rat[["landcover"]] <- c("water", "land")</pre>
 levels(r2) <- rat</pre>
 op <- par(mfcol = c(1, 2))
 plot(r1, col = c("lightblue", "brown"), legend = FALSE)
 plot(r2, col = c("lightblue", "brown"), legend = FALSE)
 par(op) ## Reset pre-existing parameters
```

nearblack

Interface to GDAL's nearblack utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app nearblack. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/nearblack.html.

```
nearblack(
  infile,
  o = infile,
  ...,
  of,
  white,
  color,
  near,
  nb,
```

22 nearblack

```
setalpha,
setmask,
q,
co,
config_options = character(0),
dryrun = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

infile Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource. Optionally, a character string giving the path to a GDAL-supported output file. O If not supplied, defaults to codeinfile=, indicating that the input file should be modified in place. Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all . . . subsequent formal arguments. of, white, color, near, nb, setalpha, setmask, q, co See the GDAL project's nearblack documentation for details. config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1, option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.) dryrun Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL, the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent output.

Value

Silently returns path to o.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
par(op) ## Reset preexisting parameters
}
```

ogr2ogr

Interface to GDAL's ogr2ogr utility

Description

This function provides an interface mirroring that of the GDAL command-line app ogr2ogr. For a description of the utility and the arguments that it takes, see the documentation at https://gdal.org/programs/ogr2ogr.html.

```
ogr2ogr(
  src_datasource_name,
  dst_datasource_name,
  . . . ,
  layer,
  f,
  append,
  overwrite,
  update,
  select,
  progress,
  sql,
  dialect,
  where,
  skipfailures,
  spat,
  spat_srs,
  geomfield,
  dsco,
  lco,
  nln,
  nlt,
  dim,
  a_srs,
  t_srs,
  s_srs,
  ct,
  preserve_fid,
  fid,
  limit,
  00,
  doo,
```

```
gt,
      ds_transaction,
      clipsrc,
      clipsrcsql,
      clipsrclayer,
      clipsrcwhere,
      clipdst,
      clipdstsql,
      clipdstlayer,
      clipdstwhere,
     wrapdateline,
      datelineoffset,
      simplify,
      segmentize,
     makevalid,
      fieldTypeToString,
      unsetFieldWidth,
     mapFieldType,
      fieldmap,
      splitlistfields,
     maxsubfields,
      resolveDomains,
      explodecollections,
      zfield,
      gcp,
     order,
      tps,
      s_coord_epoch,
      t_coord_epoch,
      a_coord_epoch,
      addfields,
      unsetFid,
      emptyStrAsNull,
      relaxedFieldNameMatch,
      forceNullable,
      unsetDefault,
      nomd,
     mо,
      noNativeData,
      config_options = character(0),
      dryrun = FALSE
    )
Arguments
    src_datasource_name
                    Character. Path to a GDAL-supported readable datasource.
    dst_datasource_name
                    Character. Path to a GDAL-supported output file.
```

```
Here, a placeholder argument that forces users to supply exact names of all
. . .
                 subsequent formal arguments.
layer, f, append, overwrite, update, select, progress, sql, dialect
                 See the GDAL project's ogr2ogr documentation for details.
where, skipfailures, spat, spat_srs, geomfield, dsco, lco, nln, nlt
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
dim, a_srs, t_srs, s_srs, ct, preserve_fid, fid, limit, oo, doo, gt
                 See the See ogr2ogr documentation.
ds_transaction, clipsrc, clipsrcsql, clipsrclayer, clipsrcwhere
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
clipdst, clipdstsql, clipdstlayer, clipdstwhere, wrapdateline
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
datelineoffset, simplify, segmentize, makevalid, addfields
                 See See ogr2ogr documentation.
fieldmap, splitlistfields, maxsubfields
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
resolveDomains, explodecollections, zfield, gcp, order, tps
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
s_coord_epoch, t_coord_epoch, a_coord_epoch
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
unsetFid, emptyStrAsNull, relaxedFieldNameMatch, forceNullable
                 See See ogr2ogr documentation.
unsetDefault, fieldTypeToString, unsetFieldWidth, mapFieldType
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
nomd, mo, noNativeData
                 See ogr2ogr documentation.
config_options A named character vector with GDAL config options, of the form c(option1=value1,
                 option2=value2). (See here for a complete list of supported config options.)
dryrun
                 Logical (default FALSE). If TRUE, instead of executing the requested call to GDAL,
                 the function will print the command-line call that would produce the equivalent
                 output.
```

Value

Silently returns path to dst_datasource_name.

Author(s)

Joshua O'Brien

```
## Prepare file paths
td <- tempdir()
lux <- system.file("ex/lux.shp", package = "terra")</pre>
```

```
lux_merc <- file.path(td, "mercator.shp")</pre>
lux_lcc <- file.path(td, "lcc.shp")</pre>
## Reproject to 'WGS 84/World Mercator'
## https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mercator_projection
ogr2ogr(lux, lux_merc, t_srs = "EPSG:3395", overwrite = TRUE)
## Reproject to a Canadian 'Lambert conformal conic projection'
## https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lambert_conformal_conic_projection
ogr2ogr(lux, lux_lcc, t_srs = "EPSG:3347", overwrite = TRUE)
if(require(terra)) {
   op <- par(mfcol = c(1,2))
   plot(vect(lux_merc), main = "WGS 84",
         border = "darkgrey", col = gray.colors(12))
   plot(vect(lux_lcc), main = "LCC",
         border = "darkgrey", col = gray.colors(12))
   par(op)
}
```

Index

```
* package
     {\tt gdalUtilities-package}, {\tt 2}
{\tt gdal\_grid}, {\tt 14}
gdal_rasterize, 17
gdal_translate, 19
gdalbuildvrt, 3
gdaldem, 5
gdalinfo, 7
{\tt gdalmdiminfo, 8}
{\tt gdalmdimtranslate}, {\color{red}10}
gdalUtilities (gdalUtilities-package), 2
gdalUtilities-defunct, 11
{\tt gdalUtilities-package, 2}
gdalwarp, 12
{\tt gRasterize}\,({\tt gdalUtilities-defunct}),\, {\tt 11}
nearblack, 21
ogr2ogr, 23
```