# Package 'minimaxALT'

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```
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License GPL (>= 3)
Description A computationally efficient solution for generating optimal experimental designs in Ac-
      celerated Life Testing (ALT). Leveraging a Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO)-based hybrid al-
      gorithm, the package identifies optimal test plans that minimize estimation variance under speci-
      fied failure models and stress profiles. For more detailed, see Lee et al. (2025), Optimal Ro-
      bust Strategies for Accelerated Life Tests and Fatigue Testing of Polymer Composite Materi-
      als, submitted to Annals of Applied Statistics, <a href="https:">https:</a>
      //imstat.org/journals-and-publications/annals-of-applied-statistics/
      annals-of-applied-statistics-next-issues/>, and Hoang (2025), Model-Robust Mini-
      max Design of Accelerated Life Tests via PSO-based Hybrid Algorithm, Master' Thesis, Unpub-
      lished.
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      graphics
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BugReports https://github.com/hoanglinh171/minimaxALT/issues
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Title Generate Optimal Designs of Accelerated Life Test using

Type Package

**PSO-Based Algorithm** 

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 ${\tt check\_equivalence\_theorem}$ 

Check Equivalence Theorem for Optimal Design

#### Description

Evaluates whether a design satisfies the equivalence theorem.

#### Usage

```
check_equivalence_theorem(best_particle, model_set, design_info, seed)
```

#### **Arguments**

best_particle	A vector containing the best particle's position (i.e., stress levels and transformed allocated proportion).
model_set	A matrix of models, including parameters and distribution, that maximize the optimality criteria with the given best particle's position.
design_info	A list containing design parameters such as factor levels, number of units, and other settings.
seed	Seed for reproducibility

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#### Value

max\_directional\_derivative Maximum directional derivative within design space.

**model\_set** The model set that is input.

model\_weight The weight assigned to each model in the model set.

**equivalence\_data** Generated designs and their corresponding directional derivative given the optimal design best\_particle. Each design is a combination of factors with value in [0, 1]. These designs are data for plotting equivalence theorem plot.

#### References

- 1. Müller, C. H., & Pázman, A. (1998). Applications of necessary and sufficient conditions for maximin efficient designs. Metrika, 48, 1–19.
- 2. Huang, M.-N. L., & Lin, C.-S. (2006). Minimax and maximin efficient designs for estimating the location-shift parameter of parallel models with dual responses. Journal of Multivariate Analysis, 97(1), 198–210.

#### **Examples**

find\_optimal\_alt

Find Optimal ALT Design Using Hybrid Algorithm

#### **Description**

Runs hybrid algorithm combining PSO and Nelder-Mead to find the optimal design of accelerated life test (ALT).

find\_optimal\_alt

#### Usage

```
find_optimal_alt(
  design_type,
  distribution,
  design_info,
  pso_info,
  coef = NULL,
  coef_lower = NULL,
  init_values = NULL,
  highest_level = TRUE,
  n_threads = 1,
  verbose = TRUE,
  seed
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design_type	Integer. 1: Locally optimal design, 2: Minimax design.
distribution	Integer. The assumed failure time distribution, 1: Weibull, 2: Log-normal, 3: Model robust (both distribution Weibull and Log-normal).
design_info	A list from 'set_design_info()' containing design specifications.
pso_info	A list from 'pso_setting()' defining PSO hyperparameters.
coef	Optional. Fixed model coefficients. Required if design_type = 1.
coef_lower	Optional. Lower bounds for model parameters. Required if design_type = 2.
coef_upper	Optional. Upper bounds for model parameters. Required if design_type = 2.
init_values	Optional. A list of initial values from 'initialize_values()'.
highest_level	Logical. Whether the highest stress level of the generated design is the upper bound of stress range $x_h$ . Default value is TRUE.
n_threads	Integer. Number of threads for parallel processing.
verbose	Logical. If TRUE, print optimization progress.
seed	Integer. Seed for reproducibility

### Value

**g\_best** The global best design found by the hybrid algorithm.

coef\_best The parameters corresponding to the global best design.

distribution\_best The distribution corresponding to the global best design.

**max\_directional\_derivative** Maximum directional derivative within design space, evaluated using equivalence theorem.

fg\_best The objective function value corresponding to the global best design.

fg\_best\_hist A vector tracking the best objective function value of each iteration.

**p\_best** A matrix containing each particle's personal best design found during the optimization.

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**fp\_best** A vector containing the objective function values corresponding to each particle's personal best.

**g\_hist** All particle positions of each iteration.

coef\_best\_hist The parameters corresponding to the global best designs of each iteration.

distribution\_best\_hist The distribution corresponding to the global best designs of each iteration.

**model\_set** A matrix containing distribution and model parameters of global best particles of each iteration, duplicated models are removed.

model\_weight The weight assigned to each model in the model set.

**equivalence\_data** Generated designs and their corresponding directional derivative given the optimal design g\_best. Each design is a combination of factors with value in [0, 1]. These designs are data for plotting equivalence theorem plot.

#### References

- 1. Chen P (2024). \_globpso: Particle Swarm Optimization Algorithms and Differential Evolution for Minimization Problems\_. R package version 1.2.1, <a href="https://github.com/PingYangChen/globpso">https://github.com/PingYangChen/globpso</a>.
- 2. Kennedy, J., & Eberhart, R. (1995). Particle swarm optimization. In Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Neural Networks (ICNN) (Vol. 4, pp. 1942–1948).
- 3. Lee, I. C., Chen, R. B., Wong, W. K., (in press). Optimal Robust Strategies for Accelerated Life Tests and Fatigue Testing of Polymer Composite Materials. Annals of Applied Statistics. <a href="https://imstat.org/journals-and-publications/annals-of-applied-statistics/annals-of-applied-statistics-next-issues/">https://imstat.org/journals-and-publications/annals-of-applied-statistics/annals-of-applied-statistics-next-issues/</a>
- 4. Meeker, W. Q., & Escobar, L. A. (1998). Statistical methods for reliability data. New York: Wiley-Interscience.
- 5. Nelder, J. A. and Mead, R. (1965). A simplex algorithm for function minimization. Computer Journal, 7, 308–313. 10.1093/comjnl/7.4.308.

#### **Examples**

6 initialize\_values

initialize_values	Initialize Particle Swarm Optimization and Nelder-Mead Algorithm Values
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#### Description

Sets initial particles for PSO, initial locally optimal design, and initial parameters for Nelder-Mead algorithm.

#### Usage

```
initialize_values(init_swarm = NULL, init_local = NULL, init_coef_mat = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

init_swarm	Optional matrix of initial particle positions. If not defined, particle positions are randomly generated using runif with pre-determined number of particles n_swarm and particle size.
init_local	Optional vector of initial locally optimal design. If not defined, the initial vector representing locally optimal design is $c(1, 0.6, 0.3)$ .
init_coef_mat	Optional matrix of initial parameters to implement multi-start Nelder-Mead algorithm. The number of rows is the number of starts, and each row is the corresponding initial parameters. If not defined, the initial matrix of parameters is generated by sigmoid transformation of 10 * as.matrix(expand.grid(rep(list(c(1, -1)), j_factor + 1))).

#### Value

A list of initialized values.

#### Examples

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#### Description

Define hyperparameters for particle swarm optimization (PSO).

#### Usage

```
pso_setting(
  n_swarm = 32,
  max_iter = 128,
  early_stopping = 10,
  tol = 0.01,
  c1 = 2.05,
  c2 = 2.05,
  w0 = 1.2,
  w1 = 0.2,
  w_var = 0.8,
  vk = 4
)
```

# Arguments

n_swarm	Integer. Number of particles in the swarm.
max_iter	Integer. Maximum number of iterations.
early_stopping	Integer. The frequency, i.e. number of iterations, of validating the design optimality using equivalence theorem. The optimization process stops once maximum directional derivative is approximately 1.
tol	Numeric. Convergence tolerance. The algorithm stops if $abs(max\_directional\_derivative - 1) < tol.$
c1	Numeric. Cognitive acceleration coefficient. Default value is 2.05.
c2	Numeric. Social acceleration coefficient. Default value is 2.05.
w0	Numeric. Starting inertia weight. Default value is 1.2.
w1	Numeric. Ending inertia weight. Default value is 0.2.
w_var	Numeric. A number between $[0,1]$ that controls the percentage of iterations during which PSO linearly decrease inertia weight from w0 to w1. Default value is 0.8.
vk	Numeric. Velocity clamping factor. Default value is 4.

#### Value

A list of PSO hyperparameters.

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#### **Examples**

```
pso_info <- pso_setting(n_swarm=32, max_iter=128, early_stopping=10, tol=0.01)</pre>
```

set\_design\_info

Set ALT Design Information

# Description

Configures the settings for an accelerated life test.

#### Usage

```
set_design_info(
   k_levels,
   j_factor,
   n_unit,
   censor_time,
   p,
   use_cond,
   sigma,
   x_l = 0,
   x_h = 1,
   opt_type = "C",
   reparam = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

k_levels	Integer. Number of stress levels.
j_factor	Integer. Number of stress factors.
n_unit	Integer. Total number of test units.
censor_time	Numeric. Test duration or censoring time.
p	Numeric. $0 . Lifetime percentile to be estimated at the use condition, i.e. stress levels are 0.$
use_cond	Vector. Stress levels at the use condition.
sigma	Numeric. Scale parameter of the lifetime distribution.
x_1	Numeric. Lower bound of stress range. Default is 0.
x_h	Numeric. Upper bound of stress range. Default is 1.
opt_type	Character. Optimality criterion, currently only C-optimality is supported. Default is "C".
reparam	Logical. Whether reparameterization is applied to model parameters. Reparameterization is supported for all design types, while non-reparameterization is only available for locally optimal design design_type = 1. Default is TRUE.

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#### Value

A list of design specifications

# Examples

```
\label{lem:condition} $$ \design_info <- set_design_info(k_levels=3, j_factor=1, n_unit=300, censor_time=183, p=0.1, use_cond=c(0), sigma=0.6) $$
```

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