# Package 'JFM'

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build\_3d\_mesh

JFM-package		JFM:	A p	aci	kag	ge fo	or s	stri	ист	tur	al a	an	aly	si	s.								
Index																							16
	Rcpp_wildfire_sear	ch		•	•			•			•				•			•	•		•	 •	15
	rcpp_crossProd .																						
	rcpparma_dotprodu																						
	plot_maxima2mesh																						13
	plot_joint_poles .																			 			12
	plot_joint_great_cii	cles .																					11
	plotrand_col_plane	s																		 			11
	least_square_plane_	_rcpp																		 			10
	find_triangles_rcpp																			 			9

#### **Description**

Provides functions to extract joint planes from 3D triangular mesh and makes data available for structural analysis. Below compute\_plane\_normal function description an example test over all function is done. In your package directory you will find in extdata dir an example of point\_cloud.txt file and in test folder two R scripts a test.R file to process point\_cloud.txt file and a JFM\_workflow.R generic workflow script.

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build\_3d\_mesh build\_3d\_mesh

# Description

This function reads a XYZRGB text file, requires a search radius in meters and an output file name to save the resulting mesh. for data format see file in package extdata folder

#### Usage

```
build_3d_mesh(path2myXYZRGBtxt, search_radius, file_name)
```

#### **Arguments**

path2myXYZRGBtxt

Path to the XYZRGB.txt input file search\_radius Path to the XYZRGB.txt input file file\_name name of the output .ply mesh file

calculate\_joints 3

#### Value

A 3D triangular mesh

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: path2myXYZRGBtxt<-system.file("extdata", "test.txt", package = "JFM")
file_name<- "test"

mesh3d<-build_3d_mesh(path2myXYZRGBtxt,0.5,file_name)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

calculate\_joints

calculate\_joints

#### **Description**

This function calculates joint orientation with the least square method selecting vertexes of each facet plane

#### Usage

```
calculate_joints(vertici_tr, indici_tri, normal_from_wild)
```

#### **Arguments**

#### Value

a matrix of least square plane for each joint

```
## Not run:
mesh3d<-build_3d_mesh(path2myXYZRGBtxt,0.5,file_name)
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(7,normals[,1:3],neighbours)
joint_list_Cpp<-calculate_joints(mesh3d,normali_recalc)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
calculate_joints_area calculate_joints_area
```

#### **Description**

This function calculates the area of each cluster of facets belonging to the same plane

# Usage

```
calculate_joints_area(normal_from_wild)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
normal_from_wild matrix of data resulting from wildfire search
```

#### Value

a list of the area of each plane

# Examples

```
## Not run:
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(7,normals[,1:3],neighbours)
calculate_joints(mesh3d,normali_recalc)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\tt compute\_facets\_normal} \quad {\tt compute\_facets\_normal}
```

#### **Description**

This function returns a matrix of the three component vector of the normal of each facet.

# Usage

```
compute_facets_normal(vertici_tr, indici_tri)
```

# **Arguments**

```
vertici_tr list of facets vertexes coordinates ("vb property of mesh3d object")
```

#### Value

matrix of the three component of the normal vector and area of each face

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: indici_tri<-t(mesh3d[['it']])
vertici_tr<-t(mesh3d[["vb"]])
normals<-compute_facets_normal(vertici_tr,indici_tri)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
compute_plane_area_rcpp
```

returns the sum of the area of facets belonging to the same plane

# Description

returns the sum of the area of facets belonging to the same plane

# Arguments

```
tr_area a matrix with the first column facet area and second column the ID of plane it belows id_fam_no_zero the list of planes ID
```

#### Value

the sum of the area of facets belonging to the same plane given tr\_area and id\_fam\_no\_zero

compute\_plane\_normal returns the least square plane from the vertexes of facets of the same plane (nested in calculate\_joints function)

#### **Description**

returns the least square plane from the vertexes of facets of the same plane (nested in calculate\_joints function)

#### Usage

```
compute_plane_normal(it_id_plane_points, vb_facets, id_fam_no_zero)
```

#### **Arguments**

#### Value

returns the least square plane from the vertexes of facets of the same plane given it\_id\_plane\_points the list of planes ID id\_fam\_no\_zero, the matrix of vertexes coordinates vb\_facets

```
#This is an example of workflow script in test folder
path2myXYZRGBtxt<-system.file("test", "test.txt", package = "JFM")
file_name<- "test"
mesh3d<-build_3d_mesh(path2myXYZRGBtxt,0.5,paste0(tempdir(),"/",file_name))
vertici_tr<-t(mesh3d[["vb"]])
indici_tri<-t(mesh3d[['it']])
neighbours<-find_neighbours_rcpp(indici_tri)
### find neighbours of each triangle facet using a Rcpp function
neighbours<-find_neighbours_rcpp(indici_tri)
### or a hybrid R-Rcpp function</pre>
```

```
compute_triangle_area_rcpp
```

```
#### core number to dedicate to computational processes; check with
#### detectCores() function how many cores your pc owns
require("parallel")
detectCores()
### use only 2 cores
no_cores <- 2
neighbours<-findNeighbourFacets(no_cores,indici_tri)</pre>
### compute normal of each triangle facet
normals<-compute_facets_normal(vertici_tr,indici_tri)</pre>
### apply wildfire search
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(7,normals[,1:3],neighbours)</pre>
### plot search result and if not satisfied repeat search increasing/decreasing tolerance angle
plotrand_col_planes(mesh3d,normali_recalc)
### calculate least square plane for each group of facets
joint_list_Cpp<-calculate_joints(vertici_tr,indici_tri,normali_recalc)</pre>
### calculate area for each group of facets
val_area<-calculate_joints_area(normali_recalc)</pre>
### extract pole maxima setting your minimum contour density
### and area to filter data, plot and save them
poles_maxima<-plot_joint_poles(normali_recalc,joint_list_Cpp,</pre>
                  val_area,paste0(tempdir(),"/",file_name),0.3,1)
##### plot and save great circle of pole maxima
azi_dip_maxima<-plot_joint_great_circles(poles_maxima, paste0(tempdir(),"/",file_name))</pre>
### plot colors of pole maxima onto mesh facets
plot_maxima2mesh(mesh3d,azi_dip_maxima,normali_recalc,10)
remove()
```

8 findNeighbourFacets

### **Description**

returns the area of a mesh facet

#### **Arguments**

```
tr_vertex_coords
```

A 3x3 matrix of the coordinates of facet vertexes

 ${\tt findNeighbourFacets} \qquad \textit{findNeighbourFacets}$ 

#### **Description**

This function finds the IDs of each mesh facet It requires number of cores of your pc to use and list of facets indexes corresponding to the "it" property of mesh3d object.

#### Usage

```
findNeighbourFacets(no_cores, indici_tri)
```

### **Arguments**

no\_cores number of core to use in search computation
indici\_tri list of facets indexes ("it property of mesh3d object")

#### Value

a matrix of indexes of facets neighbours of target face saved on working dir

```
## Not run: indici_tri<-t(mesh3d[['it']])
require("parallel")
detectCores()
no_cores <- detectCores() - 4 ### keep free some cores
neighbours<-findNeighbourFacets(no_cores,indici_tri)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

find\_neighbours\_rcpp 9

find\_neighbours\_rcpp This function finds the rows IDs of neighbours of each mesh facet. It requires a list of facets indexes corresponding to the "it" property of mesh3d object

#### **Description**

This function finds the rows IDs of neighbours of each mesh facet. It requires a list of facets indexes corresponding to the "it" property of mesh3d object

#### Usage

```
find_neighbours_rcpp(indici_tr)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
indici_tr matrix of facets ID the "it" property of a mesh3D
```

#### Value

this function returns the rows IDs of neighbours of each mesh facet given a list of facets indexes indici tri

#### **Examples**

```
indici_tri<-matrix(data = c(1, 2, 3 ,5, 6,
3, 2, 3, 5,7, 8 ,1),
nrow = 4,ncol = 3, byrow = TRUE)
find_neighbours_rcpp(indici_tri)</pre>
```

 $find\_triangles\_rcpp$ 

returns the row indexes of the neighbour facets of a target facet (nested in findNeighbourFacets R function)

#### **Description**

returns the row indexes of the neighbour facets of a target facet (nested in findNeighbourFacets R function)

#### Usage

```
find_triangles_rcpp(indici_tr, r)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
indici_tr matrix of facets ID the "it" property of a mesh3D r index of the row of the target facet
```

#### Value

returns the row indexes of the neighbour facets of the facet at r row of indici\_tr facet indexes matrix

# **Examples**

```
indici_tri<-matrix(data = c(1, 2, 3, 5, 6,
3, 2, 3, 5,7, 8,1),
nrow = 4,ncol = 3, byrow = TRUE)
row_index<-1
find_triangles_rcpp (indici_tri,row_index)</pre>
```

least\_square\_plane\_rcpp

returns the coefficients of the least square plane and the relative mean square error

#### **Description**

returns the coefficients of the least square plane and the relative mean square error

# Usage

```
least_square_plane_rcpp(PointsXYZ)
```

# Arguments

PointsXYZ

matrix of coordinates of point

#### Value

returns the coefficients of the least square plane and the relative mean square error of a set of 3d points PointsXYZ

```
list_xyz<-matrix(data = c(-10.0, -10.0, -15.0, 10.0, -10.0, -5.0, -10.0, 10.0, 5.0, 10.0, 10.0, 15.0), nrow = 4,ncol = 3, byrow = TRUE) least_square_plane_rcpp(list_xyz)
```

plotrand\_col\_planes 11

```
plotrand_col_planes plotrand_col_planes
```

#### **Description**

This function returns a 3d plot of mesh where facets of the same plane are of same color.

# Usage

```
plotrand_col_planes(mesh_tr, normal_from_wild)
```

# **Arguments**

```
mesh_tr an object of type mesh3d
normal_from_wild
the output matrix resulting from wildfire search
```

#### Value

a 3d plot of mesh with facets of the same plane

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
mesh3d<-build_3d_mesh(path2myXYZRGBtxt,0.5,file_name)
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(7,normals[,1:3],neighbours)
plotrand_col_planes(mesh3d,normali_recalc)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

# Description

This function loads joint maxima poles, convert them to great circles and plot them on Schmidt stereogram. Data are also saved in working folder.

# Usage

```
plot_joint_great_circles(giac_max, file_name)
```

plot\_joint\_poles

# Arguments

giac\_max Joint maxima poles returned from plot\_joint\_poles function file\_name Name of the output data file

#### Value

A plot with great circles of joint maxima saved in working dir

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:

poles_maxima<-plot_joint_poles(normali_recalc,joint_list_Cpp,val_area,file_name,max_pole,min_area)

azi_dip_maxima<-plot_joint_great_circles(poles_maxima, file_name)

## End(Not run)

plot_joint_poles

plot_joint_poles</pre>
```

# Description

This function plots on schmidt stereogram selected joints poles, draws density contour lines and retrieves poles maxima. Selected joints and poles maxima are saved in working folder.

#### Usage

```
plot_joint_poles(
  normal_from_wild,
  planes_mtx,
  area_ls,
  file_name,
  min_dens,
  plane_area
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
normal_from_wild
the output matrix resulting from wildfire search
planes_mtx the list of joints output from calculate_plane function
area_ls the list of joints area output from calculate_planes_area function
file_name Name of the output data file containing joint poles
min_dens the minimum density pole value to be plotted
plane_area minimum value of joint area to be considered in plot
```

plot\_maxima2mesh 13

#### Value

A Schmidt density plot with maxima values of joints

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(7,normals[,1:3],neighbours)

joint_list_Cpp<-calculate_joints(mesh3d,normali_recalc)

val_area<-calculate_joints_area(normali_recalc)

file_name<-"my_out_file"

max_pole<-0.3

min_area<-1

poles_maxima<-plot_joint_poles(normali_recalc,joint_list_Cpp,val_area,file_name,max_pole,min_area)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

plot\_maxima2mesh

plot\_maxima2mesh

#### **Description**

This funtion plots a coloured mesh facets as great circles plot colours

#### Usage

```
plot_maxima2mesh(mesh_tr, planes_max, normal_from_wild, tol_ang_fam)
```

#### Arguments

```
mesh_tr an object of type mesh3d

planes_max the output of plot_joint_great_circles function

normal_from_wild the output matrix iresulting from wildfire search

tol_ang_fam a tolerance angle to include joints in the same joint set color
```

#### Value

A plot with great circles of joint maxima

14 rcpp\_crossProd

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
azi_dip_maxima<-plot_joint_great_circles(poles_maxima, file_name)
plot_maxima2mesh(mesh3d,azi_dip_maxima,normali_recalc,10)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

rcpparma\_dotproduct

returns the inner product of ab and ac

# Description

returns the inner product of ab and ac

# Arguments

ab a 3D numeric vector ac a 3D numeric vector

#### Value

the dot product of ab and ac

# **Examples**

```
a1<-c(1,2,3)
a2<-c(3,4,5)
rcpparma_dotproduct(a1,a2)
```

rcpp\_crossProd

returns the outer product of ab and ac

# Description

returns the outer product of ab and ac

# Usage

```
rcpp_crossProd(ab, ac)
```

Rcpp\_wildfire\_search 15

#### **Arguments**

```
ab a 3D numeric vector ac a 3D numeric vector
```

#### Value

the outer product of ab and ac

#### **Examples**

```
a1<-c(1,2,3)
a2<-c(3,4,5)
rcpp_crossProd(a1,a2)
```

Rcpp\_wildfire\_search

returns a matrix with the 3 components of each face normal vector; the 4th column is the ID of the plane each facet belongs to the 5th colum the area of each facet

#### **Description**

returns a matrix with the 3 components of each face normal vector; the 4th column is the ID of the plane each facet belongs to the 5th column the area of each facet

# Usage

```
Rcpp_wildfire_search(tol_ang, list_of_normals, list_neighbours)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
tol_ang the maximum angle between facets normal belonging to the same plane list_of_normals the matrix of the components of each facet normal vector list_neighbours the matrix of facets ID neighbours of each target facet
```

#### Value

the IDs of same joint facets given a tol\_angle between facets normal and 3Dmesh list\_of\_normals and list\_neighbours

```
## Not run: neighbours<-find_neighbours_rcpp(indici_tri)
normals<-compute_facets_normal(vertici_tr,indici_tri)
tol_ang<-7
normali_recalc<-Rcpp_wildfire_search(tol_ang,normals[,1:3],neighbours)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

# **Index**

```
build_3d_mesh, 2
calculate_joints, 3
calculate_joints_area, 4
compute_facets_normal, 4
compute_plane_area_rcpp, 5
compute_plane_normal, 6
compute_triangle_area_rcpp, 7
find_neighbours_rcpp, 9
find_triangles_rcpp, 9
{\tt findNeighbourFacets, 8}
JFM (JFM-package), 2
JFM-package, 2
{\tt least\_square\_plane\_rcpp, 10}
plot_joint_great_circles, 11
plot_joint_poles, 12
plot_maxima2mesh, 13
plotrand_col_planes, 11
rcpp_crossProd, 14
Rcpp_wildfire_search, 15
rcpparma_dotproduct, 14
```