Package 'GRAPE'

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Imports stats
Description Gene-Ranking Analysis of Pathway Expression (GRAPE) is a tool for summarizing the consensus behavior of biological pathways in the form of a template, and for quantifying the extent to which individual samples deviate from the template. GRAPE templates are based only on the relative rankings of the genes within the pathway and can be used for classification of tissue types or disease subtypes. GRAPE can be used to represent gene-expression samples as vectors of pathway scores, where each pathway score indicates the departure from a given collection of reference samples. The resulting pathway-space representation can be used as the feature set for various applications, including survival analysis and drug-response prediction. Users of GRAPE should use the following citation: Klein MI, Stern DF, and Zhao H. GRAPE: A pathway template method to characterize tissue-specific functionality from gene expression profiles. BMC Bioinformatics, 18:317 (June 2017).
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getPathwayScores

Calculate Pathway Scores

Description

Calculate pathway scores of a single pathway of a set of samples relative to a reference set of samples

Usage

```
getPathwayScores(refmat, newmat, w = w_quad)
```

Arguments

refmat Pathway expression matrix of reference samples. Rows are genes, columns are

samples.

newmat Pathway expression matrix of new samples. Rows are genes, columns are sam-

ples.

w Weight function. Default is quadratic weight function.

Value

Vector of pathway scores of each sample in newmat.

Examples

```
## Toy example: 50 reference samples
set.seed(10);
refmat <- matrix(rnorm(5*50),nrow=5,ncol=50); rownames(refmat) <- paste0("g",1:5)
### make g2 and g5 larger in refmat
refmat[2,] <- rnorm(50,3,2); refmat[5,] <- rnorm(50,4,4)
### 15 new samples
newmat <- matrix(rnorm(5*15),nrow=5,ncol=15); rownames(newmat) <- paste0("g",1:5)
### make g2 and g3 larger in newmat
newmat[2,] <- rnorm(15,2,3); newmat[3,] <- rnorm(15,4,3)
ps_new <- getPathwayScores(refmat,newmat) ### get pathway scores of new samples
ps_ref <- getPathwayScores(refmat,refmat) ### get pathway scores of reference samples
ps_both <- getPathwayScores(refmat,cbind(refmat,newmat)) ### get pathway scores of both
# > ps_new
# [1] 6.2720 8.5696 9.9904 6.9056 3.7824 8.9344 13.0880 10.2912 3.7824
# 0.0384 13.1136 6.8032 4.8512 12.8512 10.2912
```

 ${\tt makeBinaryTemplateAndProbabilityTemplate}$

Make binary template and probability template

Description

Takes in matrix, where columns are samples and rows are pathway genes, outputs the binary and probability templates

Usage

```
makeBinaryTemplateAndProbabilityTemplate(submat)
```

Arguments

submat

A matrix where columns are samples and rows are pathway genes

Value

List containing binary template vector and probability template vector

Examples

```
 \begin{array}{lll} submat <- cbind(c(1,3,2,1.5),c(2,3,1.5,1.2),c(1.4,4.2,3.5,3.8)) \\ rownames(submat) <- c("gene_A","gene_B","gene_C","gene_D") \\ temp <- makeBinaryTemplateAndProbabilityTemplate(submat) \\ bt <- temp$binary_template; pt <- temp$probability_template \\ cbind(bt,pt) \\ \end{array}
```

makeGRAPE_psMat

Calculate Pathway Space Matrix

Description

Represents new samples as vectors of pathway scores relative to reference samples

Usage

```
makeGRAPE_psMat(refge, newge, pathway_list, w = w_quad)
```

Arguments

refge	Gene expression matrix of reference samples. Rows are genes, columns are samples.
newge	Gene expression matrix of new samples. Rows are genes, columns are samples.
pathway_list	List of pathways. Each pathway is a character vector consisting of gene names.
W	Weight function. Default is quadratic weight function.

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Value

Vector of pathway scores of each sample in newmat.

Examples

```
#' ### Make pathway scores mat
set.seed(10)
### 50 reference samples
refge <- matrix(rnorm(10\star50),nrow=10,ncol=50); rownames(refge) <- paste0("g",1:10)
refge[c(2,5,8),] <- matrix(rnorm(3*50,mean=2,sd=2))
refge[c(3,4,7),] \leftarrow matrix(rnorm(3*50,mean=4,sd=4))
### 6 new samples
newge <- matrix(rnorm(10*6),nrow=10,ncol=6); rownames(newge) <- paste0("g",1:10)</pre>
newge[c(2:7),] \leftarrow matrix(rnorm(6*6,mean=3,sd=1))
newge[c(1,9),] \leftarrow matrix(rnorm(2*6,mean=5,sd=3))
pathway\_list \leftarrow list(set1=paste0("g",1:4),set2=paste0("g",5:10),set3=paste0("g",c(1,4,8:10)))
psmat <- makeGRAPE_psMat(refge,newge,pathway_list)</pre>
# > psmat
           [,2]
# [,1]
                    [,3]
                              [,4]
                                        [,5]
                                                  [,6]
# set1 2.397426 1.406275 2.516492 2.358809 2.555109 2.358809
# set2 0.670354 3.245575 3.962389 2.670354 1.741150 1.579646
# set3 1.536017 2.167373 2.167373 2.167373 2.148305 1.809322
```

makePairwiseOrder

Make pairwise order representation of a sample

Description

Takes in a vector of gene expression values and returns a binary vector consisting of the pairwise rankings for the sample

Usage

```
makePairwiseOrder(samp)
```

Arguments

samp

A vector of gene expression values

Value

Binary vector of the pairwise ranking representation of the samples

Examples

```
samp <- c(1,3,2,1.5)
makePairwiseOrder(samp)</pre>
```

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makePairwiseOrderNames

Make template names from gene names

Description

Takes in vector of pathway gene names, returns names corresponding to the pairwise binary representation

Usage

```
makePairwiseOrderNames(path_genes)
```

Arguments

path_genes

A vector of pathway gene names

Value

Names for the pairwise representation, of the form "gA<gB"

Examples

```
path_genes <- c("gene_A","gene_B","gene_C","gene_D")
makePairwiseOrderNames(path_genes)</pre>
```

predictClassDIRAC

DIRAC Classification

Description

Classification of a samples according to dirac distances from templates. Usually applied to the gene expression values for a single pathway.

Usage

```
predictClassDIRAC(trainmat, testmat, train_labels)
```

Arguments

trainmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross training set samples. Each

column is a sample.

testmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross test set samples. Each column

is a sample.

train_labels Vector of class labels for each sample in the training set.

predictClassGRAPE

Value

Predicted class labels for test set

Examples

```
# Toy example of two classes
set.seed(10); path_genes <- c("gA", "gB", "gC", "gD"); nsamps <- 50 # Four genes, 50 samples per class
class_one_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 1</pre>
rownames(class_one_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_one_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),4,2)</pre>
class_one_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),5,4)</pre>
class_one_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_one_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),2,1)</pre>
class_two_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 2</pre>
rownames(class_two_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_two_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),2,3)</pre>
class_two_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),5,2)</pre>
class_two_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_two_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),0,1)</pre>
all_samps <- cbind(class_one_samps,class_two_samps)</pre>
labels <- c(rep(1,nsamps),rep(2,nsamps))</pre>
testid <- sample.int(100,20)
trainmat <- all_samps[,-testid]</pre>
train_labels <- labels[-testid]</pre>
testmat <- all_samps[,testid]</pre>
test_labels <- labels[testid]</pre>
yhat <- predictClassDIRAC(trainmat,testmat,train_labels)</pre>
sum(diag(table(test_labels,yhat)))/length(test_labels) # accuracy
# [1] 0.7
```

predictClassGRAPE

GRAPE Classification

Description

Classification of a samples according to grape distances from templates. Usually applied to the gene expression values for a single pathway.

Usage

```
predictClassGRAPE(trainmat, testmat, train_labels, w = w_quad)
```

Arguments

trainmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross training set samples. Each column is a sample.

testmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross test set samples. Each column is a sample.

train_labels Vector of class labels for each sample in the training set.

Weight function. Default is quadratic weight function.

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Value

Predicted class labels for test set

Examples

```
# Toy example of two classes
set.seed(10); path_genes <- c("gA","gB","gC","gD"); nsamps <- 50 # Four genes, 50 samples per class
class_one_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 1</pre>
rownames(class_one_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_one_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),4,2)</pre>
class_one_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),5,4)</pre>
class_one_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_one_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),2,1)</pre>
class_two_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 2</pre>
rownames(class_two_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_two_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),2,3)</pre>
class_two_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),5,2)</pre>
class_two_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_two_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),0,1)</pre>
all_samps <- cbind(class_one_samps,class_two_samps)</pre>
labels <- c(rep(1,nsamps),rep(2,nsamps))</pre>
testid <- sample.int(100,20)</pre>
trainmat <- all_samps[,-testid]</pre>
train_labels <- labels[-testid]</pre>
testmat <- all_samps[,testid]</pre>
test_labels <- labels[testid]</pre>
yhat <- predictClassGRAPE(trainmat,testmat,train_labels,w_quad)</pre>
sum(diag(table(test_labels,yhat)))/length(test_labels) # accuracy
# F17 0.8
```

predictClassPC

PC Classification

Description

Classification of a samples according to euclidean distances from PC templates. Usually applied to the gene expression values for a single pathway.

Usage

```
predictClassPC(trainmat, testmat, train_labels)
```

Arguments

trainmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross training set samples. Each

column is a sample.

testmat Matrix of gene expression for set of genes accross test set samples. Each column

is a sample.

train_labels Vector of class labels for each sample in the training set.

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Value

Predicted class labels for test set

Examples

```
# Toy example of two classes
set.seed(10); path_genes <- c("gA", "gB", "gC", "gD"); nsamps <- 50 # Four genes, 50 samples per class
class_one_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 1</pre>
rownames(class_one_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_one_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),4,2)</pre>
class_one_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),5,4)</pre>
class_one_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_one_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_one_samps),2,1)</pre>
class_two_samps <- matrix(NA,nrow=length(path_genes),ncol=nsamps) # Class 2</pre>
rownames(class_two_samps) <- path_genes</pre>
class_two_samps[1,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),2,3)</pre>
class_two_samps[2,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),5,2)</pre>
class_two_samps[3,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),1,1)</pre>
class_two_samps[4,] <- rnorm(ncol(class_two_samps),0,1)</pre>
all_samps <- cbind(class_one_samps,class_two_samps)</pre>
labels <- c(rep(1,nsamps),rep(2,nsamps))</pre>
testid <- sample.int(100,20)</pre>
trainmat <- all_samps[,-testid]</pre>
train_labels <- labels[-testid]</pre>
testmat <- all_samps[,testid]</pre>
test_labels <- labels[testid]</pre>
yhat <- predictClassPC(trainmat,testmat,train_labels)</pre>
sum(diag(table(test_labels,yhat)))/length(test_labels) # accuracy
# [1] 0.55
```

w_quad

Quadratic weight function

Description

Calculates the weights of all input entries. All entries should take values in [0,1].

Usage

```
w_quad(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

Any number, vector of matrix.

Value

Weight of each element

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Examples

```
w_quad(0.95)
w_quad(cbind(c(.7,.8),c(.9,.1)))
```

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