Package 'FisPro'

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Type Package

Title Fuzzy Inference System Design and Optimization

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URL https://www.fispro.org

Description Fuzzy inference systems are based on fuzzy rules, which have a good capability for managing progressive phenomenons.

This package is a basic implementation of the main functions to use a Fuzzy Inference System (FIS) provided by the open source software 'FisPro' https://www.fispro.org>.

'FisPro' allows to create fuzzy inference systems and to use them for reasoning purposes, especially for simulating a physical or biological system.

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Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

Imports methods, utils, Rdpack, Rcpp (>= 1.0.0)

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LinkingTo Rcpp, BH

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Description

Class to manage a Fis "Fuzzy Inference System"

Fields

```
name character vector, The name of the Fis
conjunction character vector, The conjunction operator of rules in the Fis
Allowed values are: "min" (the default), "prod" or "luka"
```

Constructors

Fis() The default constructor to build an empty Fis

The Fis is initialized with "min" conjunction and empty name

The design must be completed using the available functions to add inputs, outputs and rules before it can be used for inference

return: Fis object

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```
Fis(fis_file) The constructor to build a Fis from a configuration file
         The configuration file can be designed using the FisPro open source software
         argument: fis_file character vector, The filename of the Fis configuration file
         return: Fis object
Methods
    input_size()
         return: integer value, The number of inputs in the Fis
    add_input(input)
         argument: input FisIn object, The input to add in the Fis
    get_input(input_index)
         argument: input_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the input in the Fis
         return: FisIn object
    get_inputs() Get all inputs in the Fis
         return: list of FisIn objects
    output_size()
         return: integer value, The number of outputs in the Fis
    add_output(output)
         argument: output FisOut object, The output to add in the Fis
    get_output(output_index)
         argument: output_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the output in the Fis
         return: FisOut object
    get_outputs() Get all outputs in the Fis
         return: list of FisOut objects
    rule_size()
         return: integer value, The number of rules in the Fis
    add_rule(rule)
         argument: rule Rule object, The rule to add in the Fis
    get_rule(rule_index)
         argument: rule_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the rule in the Fis
         return: Rule object
    get_rules() Get all rules in the Fis
         return: list of Rule objects
    infer(data) Infers all outputs
         argument: data numeric vector, matrix or data frame, The input data or dataset to infer (the
              vector length or the number of columns must be equal to the number of inputs)
         return: numeric vector or matrix (in case of 2D input data)
    infer_output(data, output_index) Infers a single output
         argument: data numeric vector, matrix or data.frame, The input data or dataset to infer (the
              vector length or the number of columns must be equal to the number of inputs)
         argument: output_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the output to infer
         return: numeric value or vector (in case of 2D input data)
```

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See Also

NewFis

Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

```
# build a Fis from a configuration file
fis_file <- system.file("extdata", "test.fis", package = "FisPro")</pre>
fis <- NewFis(fis_file)</pre>
# infers all outputs
inferred <- fissinfer(c(0.25, 0.75))
# infers first output
inferred_output1 <- fis$infer_output(c(0.25, 0.75), 1)</pre>
# infers second output
inferred_output2 <- fis$infer_output(c(0.25, 0.75), 2)</pre>
# infers test_data dataset
test_file <- system.file("extdata", "test_data.csv", package = "FisPro")</pre>
dataset <- read.csv(test_file)</pre>
inferred_dataset <- fis$infer(dataset)</pre>
# or build a Fis from scratch
fis <- NewFis()</pre>
fis$name <- "foo"
# build the first input
fisin1 <- NewFisIn(0, 1)</pre>
fisin1$name <- "input1"</pre>
fisin1$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalInf(0, 1))
fisin1$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalSup(0, 1))
fis$add_input(fisin1)
# build the second input
fisin2 <- NewFisIn(0, 1)</pre>
fisin2$name <- "input2"</pre>
fisin2$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalInf(0, 0.5))
fisin2$add_mf(NewMfTriangular(0, 0.5, 1))
fisin2$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalSup(0.5, 1))
fis$add_input(fisin2)
# build an output
fisout <- NewFisOutCrisp(0, 1)</pre>
fisout$name <- "output"
fis$add_output(fisout)
# add rules to the Fis
fis$add_rule(NewRule(c(1, 2), 0))
```

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```
fis$add_rule(NewRule(c(2, 0), 1))
```

FisIn

Class "Fisin"

Description

Class to manage a Fis input

Fields

name character vector, The name of the input

Constructors

```
FisIn() The default constructor to build an empty input with the default range [0, 1]
```

return: FisIn object

FisIn(minimum, maximum) The constructor to build an empty input

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the input **argument:** maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the input

return: FisIn object

FisIn(number_of_mfs, minimum, maximum) The constructor to build an input with a regular stan-

dardized fuzzy partition

argument: number_of_mfs integer value, The number of Mfs in the fuzzy partition

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the input **argument:** maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the input

return: FisIn object

FisIn(breakpoints, minimum, maximum) The constructor to build an input with an irregular standardized fuzzy partition

argument: breakpoints numeric vector, The breakpoint values (sorted in ascending order) of the Mfs in the fuzzy partition

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the input argument: maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the input

return: FisIn object

Methods

```
range()
```

return: numeric vector, The range of the input (min max values)

mf_size()

return: integer value, The number of Mfs in the input partition

add_mf(mf) Add an Mf in the input partition

argument: mf Mf object, The Mf to add

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```
get_mf(mf_index)
    argument: mf_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the mf to return
    return: Mf object
get_mfs() Get all mfs in the input
    return: list of Mf objects
is_standardized()
    return: logical value, TRUE if the input is a standardized fuzzy partition, FALSE otherwise
```

See Also

NewFisIn

Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

Examples

```
input <- NewFisIn(0, 2)
input$name <- "foo"
input$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalInf(0, 1))
input$add_mf(NewMfTriangular(0, 1, 2))
input$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalSup(1, 2))</pre>
```

FisOut

Class "FisOut"

Description

```
The base class of Fis output (cannot be instantiate) Use derived classes FisOutCrisp or FisOutFuzzy
```

Fields

```
name character vector, The name of the output
```

Methods

```
range()
```

return: numeric vector, The range of the output (min max values)

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FisOutCrisp

Class "FisOutCrisp"

Description

Class to manage a Fis crisp output

Fields

```
defuzzification character vector, The defuzzification operator of the crisp output Allowed values are: "sugeno" (the default) or "MaxCrisp"
```

```
disjunction character vector, The disjunction operator of the crisp output Allowed values are: "max" (the default) or "sum"
```

Inherits

FisOutCrisp class inherits all fields and methods of FisOut class

Constructors

```
FisOutCrisp() The default constructor to build a crisp output with the default range [0, 1]

return: FisOutCrisp object

FisOutCrisp(minimum, maximum) The constructor to build a crisp output

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the output

argument: maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the output

return: FisOutCrisp object
```

See Also

```
NewFisOutCrisp
```

Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

```
output <- NewFisOutCrisp(0, 1)
output$name <- "foo"
output$defuzzification <- "sugeno"
output$disjunction <- "max"</pre>
```

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FisOutFuzzy

Class "FisOutFuzzy"

Description

Class to manage a Fis fuzzy output

Fields

```
defuzzification character vector, The defuzzification operator of the fuzzy output Allowed values are: "sugeno" (the default) "MeanMax", or "area"
```

disjunction character vector, The disjunction operator of the fuzzy output Allowed values are: "max" (the default) or "sum"

Inherits

FisOutFuzzy class inherits all fields and methods of FisOut class

Constructors

```
FisOutFuzzy() The default constructor to build a fuzzy output with the default range [0, 1]
```

return: FisOutFuzzy object

FisOutFuzzy(minimum, maximum) The constructor to build a fuzzy output

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the output **argument:** maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the output

return: FisOutFuzzy object

FisOutFuzzy(number_of_mfs, minimum, maximum) The constructor to build a fuzzy with a regular standardized fuzzy partition

argument: number_of_mfs integer value, The number of Mfs in the fuzzy partition

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the output **argument:** maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the output

return: FisOutFuzzy object

FisOutFuzzy(breakpoints, minimum, maximum) The constructor to build a fuzzy with an irregular standardized fuzzy partition

argument: breakpoints numeric vector, The breakpoint values (sorted in ascending order) of the Mfs in the fuzzy partition

argument: minimum numeric value, The minimum range value of the output **argument:** maximum numeric value, The maximum range value of the output

return: FisOutFuzzy object

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Methods

```
return: integer value, The number of Mfs in the output partition
add_mf(mf) Add an Mf in the output partition
    argument: mf Mf object, The Mf to add
get_mf(mf_index)
    argument: mf_index integer value, The index (1-based index) of the mf to return
    return: Mf object
get_mfs() Get all mfs in the output
    return: list of Mf objects
is_standardized()
    return: logical value, TRUE if the output is a standardized fuzzy partition, FALSE otherwise
```

See Also

NewFisOutFuzzy
Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

Examples

```
output <- NewFisOutFuzzy(0, 2)
output$name <- "foo"
output$defuzzification <- "sugeno"
output$disjunction <- "max"
output$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalInf(0, 1))
output$add_mf(NewMfTriangular(0, 1, 2))
output$add_mf(NewMfTrapezoidalSup(1, 2))</pre>
```

FisPro

FisPro package

Description

This package is a basic implementation of the main functions to use a "Fuzzy Inference System" that can be used for reasoning purposes, especially for simulating a physical or biological system. It is derived from the FisPro open source software. Fuzzy inference systems are briefly described in the Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary. They are based on fuzzy rules, which have a good capability for managing progressive phenomenons. Fuzzy logic, since the pioneer work by Zadeh, has proven to be a powerful interface between symbolic and numerical spaces. One of the reasons for this success is the ability of fuzzy systems to incorporate human expert knowledge with its nuances, as well as to express the behaviour of the system in an interpretable way for humans. Another reason is the possibility of designing data-driven FIS to make the most of available data.

To design a fuzzy system that can be handled by this package the user can use the FisPro software. If needed, the package can be extended to other functions.

All the mentioned publications are available from the FisPro web site.

Enjoy FisPro!

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Author(s)

FisPro Team <contact@fispro.org>

References

Guillaume S, Charnomordic B (2011). "Learning interpretable Fuzzy Inference Systems with Fis-Pro." *International Journal of Information Sciences*, **181**(20), 4409-4427. doi:10.1016/j.ins.2011.03.025, Special Issue on Interpretable Fuzzy Systems.

Guillaume S, Charnomordic B (2012). "Fuzzy Inference Systems: an integrated modelling environment for collaboration between expert knowledge and data using FisPro." *Expert Systems with Applications*, **39**(10), 8744-8755. doi:10.1016/j.eswa.2012.01.206.

See Also

https://www.fispro.org

Mf

Class "Mf"

Description

The base class of all "membership function" classes (cannot be instantiate)
Use derived classes MfTriangular, MfTrapezoidal, MfTrapezoidalInf or MfTrapezoidalSup

Fields

label character vector, The label of the membership function

Methods

degree(value) Get the membership degree

argument: value numeric value to compute the membership degree

return: numeric value

See Also

Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

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MfTrapezoidal

Class "MfTrapezoidal"

Description

Class to manage a trapezoidal membership function

Inherits

MfTrapezoidal class inherits all fields and methods of Mf class

Constructors

```
MfTrapezoidal(lower_support, lower_kernel, upper_kernel, upper_support)

argument: lower_support numeric lower value of support

argument: lower_kernel numeric lower value of kernel

argument: upper_kernel numeric upper value of kernel

argument: upper_support numeric upper value of support

return: MfTrapezoidal object
```

See Also

NewMfTrapezoidal

Examples

```
mf <- NewMfTrapezoidal(0, 1, 2, 3)
mf$degree(0.5)</pre>
```

MfTrapezoidalInf

Class "MfTrapezoidalInf"

Description

Class to manage a trapezoidal inf membership function

Inherits

MfTrapezoidalInf class inherits all fields and methods of Mf class

Constructors

```
MfTrapezoidalInf(upper_kernel, upper_support)

argument: upper_kernel numeric upper value of kernel
argument: upper_support numeric upper value of support
return: MfTrapezoidalInf object
```

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See Also

New Mf Trapezoidal Inf

Examples

```
mf <- NewMfTrapezoidalInf(0, 1)
mf$degree(0.5)</pre>
```

MfTrapezoidalSup

Class "MfTrapezoidalSup"

Description

Class to manage a trapezoidal sup membership function

Inherits

MfTrapezoidalSup class inherits all fields and methods of Mf class

Constructors

```
MfTrapezoidalSup(lower_support, lower_kernel)

argument: lower_support numeric lower value of support argument: lower_kernel numeric lower value of kernel return: MfTrapezoidalSup object
```

See Also

NewMfTrapezoidalSup

```
mf <- NewMfTrapezoidalSup(0, 1)
mf$degree(0.5)</pre>
```

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MfTriangular

Class "MfTriangular"

Description

Class to manage a triangular membership function

Inherits

MfTriangular class inherits all fields and methods of Mf class

Constructors

```
MfTriangular(lower_support, kernel, upper_support)

argument: lower_support numeric lower value of support
argument: kernel numeric value of kernel
argument: upper_support numeric upper value of support
return: MfTriangular object
```

See Also

NewMfTriangular

Examples

```
mf <- NewMfTriangular(0, 1, 2)
mf$degree(0.5)</pre>
```

NewFis

Create object of class "Fis"

Description

Function to create object of class Fis

Usage

```
NewFis(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of Fis constructor

Value

Fis object

NewFisOutCrisp

NewFisIn

Create object of class "FisIn"

Description

Function to create object of class FisIn

Usage

```
NewFisIn(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of FisIn constructor

Value

FisIn object

 ${\tt NewFisOutCrisp}$

Create object of class "FisOutCrisp"

Description

Function to create object of class FisOutCrisp

Usage

```
NewFisOutCrisp(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of FisOutCrisp constructor

Value

FisOutCrisp object

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NewFisOutFuzzy

Create object of class "FisOutFuzzy"

Description

Function to create object of class FisOutFuzzy

Usage

```
NewFisOutFuzzy(...)
```

Arguments

arguments of FisOutFuzzy constructor

Value

FisOutFuzzy object

 ${\tt NewMfTrapezoidal}$

Create object of class "MfTrapezoidal"

Description

Function to create object of class MfTrapezoidal

Usage

```
NewMfTrapezoidal(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of MfTrapezoidal constructor

Value

MfTrapezoidal object

NewMfTrapezoidalInf

Create object of class "MfTrapezoidalInf"

Description

Function to create object of class MfTrapezoidalInf

Usage

```
NewMfTrapezoidalInf(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of MfTrapezoidalInf constructor

Value

MfTrapezoidalInf object

NewMfTrapezoidalSup

Create object of class "MfTrapezoidalSup"

Description

Function to create object of class MfTrapezoidalSup

Usage

```
NewMfTrapezoidalSup(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of MfTrapezoidalSup constructor

Value

MfTrapezoidalSup object

NewMfTriangular 17

NewMfTriangular

Create object of class "MfTriangular"

Description

Function to create object of class MfTriangular

Usage

```
NewMfTriangular(...)
```

Arguments

.. arguments of MfTriangular constructor

Value

MfTriangular object

NewRule

Create object of class "Rule"

Description

Function to create object of class Rule

Usage

```
NewRule(...)
```

Arguments

... arguments of Rule constructor

Value

Rule object

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Rule

Class "Rule"

Description

Class to manage a Fis rule

Fields

```
premises integer vector, The premises of the rule
```

A premise is the 1-based index of MF in the FisIn

0 means the input is not taken into account for this rule, i.e. the rule is incomplete

The vector length must be equal to the number of inputs in the Fis

conclusions numeric vector, The conclusions of the rule

A conclusion is a numeric value for crisp output FisOutCrisp, or the 1-based index of MF in the fuzzy output FisOutFuzzy

The vector length must be equal to the number of outputs in the Fis

Constructors

Rule() The default constructor to build an empty rule

The rule is initialized with empty premises and conclusions

return: Rule object

Rule(premises, conclusions) The constructor to build a rule

argument: premises integer vector, The premises of the rule (the vector length must be equal to the number of inputs in the Fis)

argument: conclusions numeric vector, The conclusions of the rule (the vector length must be equal to the number of outputs in the Fis)

return: Rule object

See Also

NewRule

Fuzzy Logic Elementary Glossary

```
rule1 <- NewRule()
rule1$premises <- c(1, 2, 0)
rule1$conclusions <- c(1, 2)
rule2 <- NewRule(c(2, 1, 1), c(2, 1))</pre>
```

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