Package 'rdwd'

June 17, 2023

```
Title Select and Download Climate Data from 'DWD' (German Weather
               Service)
Version 1.8.0
Date 2023-06-17
Depends R(>= 2.10)
Imports berryFunctions (>= 1.21.11), pbapply
Suggests RCurl, leaflet, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, roxygen2,
               devtools, remotes, bit64, data.table, OSMscale, R.utils, ncdf4,
               readr, dwdradar, XML, terra, stars, shiny, gsheet
Author Berry Boessenkool
Maintainer Berry Boessenkool <br/> berry-b@gmx.de>
Description Handle climate data from the 'DWD' ('Deutscher Wetterdienst', see
               <https:
               //www.dwd.de/EN/climate_environment/cdc/cdc_node_en.html> for more information).
               Choose observational time series from meteorological stations with 'selectDWD()'.
               Find raster data from radar and interpolation according to <a href="https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.com/https://example.co
               //bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/raster-data.html>.
               Download (multiple) data sets with progress bars and no re-downloads through 'dataDWD()'.
               Read both tabular observational data and binary gridded datasets with 'readDWD()'.
License GPL (>= 2)
Encoding UTF-8
URL https://github.com/brry/rdwd
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
BugReports https://github.com/brry/rdwd/issues
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2023-06-17 09:20:02 UTC
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addBorders

add country and Bundesland borders to a map

Description

add country and Bundesland borders to a map

Usage

```
addBorders(de = "grey80", eu = "black", add = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

de	Color for Bundeslaender lines. NA to suppress. DEFAULT: "grey80"
eu	Color for countries lines. NA to suppress. DEFAULT: "black"
add	Logical: add to existing plot? DEFAULT: TRUE
	Further arguments passed to terra::plot()

terra::writeVector(EUR, "inst/extdata/EUR.gpkg", overwrite=TRUE)

Details

```
# Use the SpatVectors directly with:
DEU <- terra::vect(system.file("extdata/DEU.gpkg", package="rdwd"))</pre>
EUR <- terra::vect(system.file("extdata/EUR.gpkg", package="rdwd"))</pre>
# Obtained with the code:
url <- "https://gisco-services.ec.europa.eu/distribution/v2/nuts/shp/NUTS_RG_03M_2021_4326_LEVL_1.sh
tf <- tempfile(fileext=".zip")</pre>
download.file(url, tf) # 0.9 MB # in 2023-06 error 'Transferred a partial file'
unzip(tf, exdir="misc/vign") ; rm(url, tf)
DEU <- terra::vect("misc/vign/NUTS_RG_03M_2021_4326_LEVL_1.shp")
library(terra) # for bracket method
DEU <- DEU[DEU$CNTR_CODE=="DE", "NUTS_NAME"]</pre>
terra::writeVector(DEU, "inst/extdata/DEU.gpkg", overwrite=TRUE)
url <- "https://gisco-services.ec.europa.eu/distribution/v2/nuts/shp/NUTS_RG_03M_2021_4326_LEVL_0.sh
tf <- tempfile(fileext=".zip")</pre>
download.file(url, tf) # 0.7 MB # in 2023-06 error 'Transferred a partial file'
unzip(tf, exdir="misc/vign") ; rm(url, tf)
EUR <- terra::vect("misc/vign/NUTS_RG_03M_2021_4326_LEVL_0.shp")</pre>
EUR <- terra::crop(EUR, c(-11,25, 40,60))
EUR <- EUR[,"NUTS_NAME"]</pre>
```

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Value

invisible list with DEU and EUR

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Aug 2019, June 2023

See Also

plotRadar, website raster chapter

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("terra", quietly=TRUE)){
plot(1, xlim=c(2,16), ylim=c(47,55))
addBorders()
addBorders(add=FALSE)
plot(1, xlim=c(2,16), ylim=c(47,55))
addBorders(de="orange", eu=NA)
}
```

арр

Launch interactive weather analysis app

Description

Launch interactive analysis of weather period comparison for different RDWD stations. The R session is blocked during usage, close the app to re-enable console usage.

Usage

```
app(...)
```

Arguments

... Arguments passed to shiny::runApp()

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, July 2018 + April 2023

See Also

```
shiny::runApp(), rdwd
```

```
# app()
```

checkIndex 5

checkIndex check indexes

Description

check indexes. Mainly for internal usage in createIndex(). Not exported, so call it as rdwd:::checkIndex() if you want to run tests yourself. Further test suggestions are welcome!

Usage

```
checkIndex(
  findex = NULL,
  mindex = NULL,
  gindex = NULL,
  excludefp = TRUE,
  fast = FALSE,
  warn = !quiet,
  logfile = berryFunctions::packagePath(file = "misc/ExampleTests/warnings.txt"),
  quiet = rdwdquiet()
)
```

Arguments

findex	fileIndex. DEFAULT: NULL
mindex	metaIndex. DEFAULT: NULL
gindex	geoIndex. DEFAULT: NULL
excludefp	Exclude false positives from geoIndex coordinate check results? DEFAULT: TRUE
fast	Exclude the 3-minute location per ID check? DEFAULT: FALSE
warn	Warn about issues? DEFAULT: !quiet (TRUE)
logfile	File to copy log to, appended to existing content. NULL to suppress. DEFAULT: "misc/ExampleTests/warnings.txt"
quiet	Logical: Suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Value

Charstring with issues (if any) to be printed with cat().

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> Serry-b@gmx.de>, May 2019
```

See Also

```
createIndex
```

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Examples

```
data(fileIndex) ; data(metaIndex) ; data(geoIndex)
# ci <- rdwd:::checkIndex(findex=fileIndex, mindex=metaIndex, gindex=geoIndex)
# cat(ci)</pre>
```

checkSuggestedPackage check suggested package for availability

Description

check suggested package for availability, yielding an instructive error message if not

Usage

```
checkSuggestedPackage(package, functionname)
```

Arguments

package Charstring: package to be checked for loadability functionname Charstring: function name to be used in the message

Value

invisible success logical value from requireNamespace()

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Aug 2019

See Also

requireNamespace()

createIndex

Create file and meta index of the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

This is mainly an internal function. Create data.frames out of the vector index returned by indexFTP(). For fileIndex (the first output element) createIndex tries to obtain res, var, per, file, id, start and end from the paths. If meta=TRUE, metaIndex and geoIndex are also created. They combine all Beschreibung files into a single data.frame.

If you create your own index as suggested in selectDWD (argument findex), you can read the produced file as shown in the example section.

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Usage

```
createIndex(
  paths,
  base = dwdbase,
  dir = "DWDdata",
  fname = "fileIndex.txt",
  meta = FALSE,
  metadir = "meta",
  mname = "metaIndex.txt",
  gname = "geoIndex.txt",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  checkwarn = TRUE,
  checklog = tempfile(),
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

paths

patilis	value as this function
base	Main directory of DWD ftp server, defaulting to observed climatic records. DEFAULT: $\frac{1}{2}$
dir	Char: writeable directory name where to save the main output(s). Created if not existent. DEFAULT: "DWDdata" at current getwd()
fname	Char: Name of file in dir in which to write fileIndex. Use fname="" to suppress writing. DEFAULT: "fileIndex.txt"
meta	$Logical: should metaIndex \ also \ be \ created \ from \ fileIndex? \ Uses \ {\tt dataDWD()} \ to \ download \ files \ if \ not \ present. \ DEFAULT: FALSE$
metadir	Char: Directory (subfolder of dir) where original description files are downloaded to if meta=TRUE. Passed to $dataDWD()$. "" to write in dir . DEFAULT: "meta"
mname	Char: Name of file in dir (not metadir) in which to write metaIndex. Use mname="" to suppress writing. DEFAULT: "metaIndex.txt"
gname	Filename for geoIndex. DEFAULT: "geoIndex.txt"
overwrite	$Logical:\ Overwrite\ existing\ fname\ /\ mname\ /\ gname\ files?\ If\ not,\ "_n"\ is\ added\ to\ the\ filenames,\ see\ berryFunctions::newFilename().\ DEFAULT:\ FALSE$
checkwarn	Logical: warn about checkIndex() issues? DEFAULT: TRUE
checklog	<pre>Logfile for checkIndex(). DEFAULT: tempfile()</pre>
quiet	$Logical: Suppress\ messages\ about\ progress\ and\ filenames?\ DEFAULT:\ FALSE\ through\ rdwdquiet()$
	Further arguments passed to dataDWD() for the meta part.

Char: vector of DWD paths returned by indexFTP() called with the same base

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Value

invisible data.frame (or if meta=TRUE, list with two data.frames) with a number of columns inferred from the paths. Each is also written to disc.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Oct-Nov 2016, June 2017

See Also

```
indexFTP(), updateIndexes(), index, selectDWD(), website index chapter
```

Examples

```
## Not run: # Not tested with R CMD check because of file writing
link <- "daily/kl/historical/tageswerte_KL_00699_19490101_19580630_hist.zip"</pre>
ind <- createIndex(link, dir=tempdir())</pre>
ind
                   per id
# res var
                               start
                                               end ismeta
# daily kl historical 699 1949-01-01 1958-06-30 FALSE
link2 <- "daily/kl/historical/KL_Tageswerte_Beschreibung_Stationen.txt"</pre>
link3 <- "daily/kl/recent/KL_Tageswerte_Beschreibung_Stationen.txt"</pre>
ind2 <- createIndex(c(link,link2,link3), dir=tempdir(), meta=TRUE, checkwarn=FALSE)</pre>
lapply(ind2, head)
link4 <- "1_minute/precipitation/meta_data/Meta_Daten_ein_min_rr_00755.zip"</pre>
ind <- createIndex(link4, dir=tempdir())</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

dataDWD

Download data from the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

Get climate data from the German Weather Service (DWD) FTP-server. The desired dataset is downloaded into dir. If read=TRUE, it is also read and processed.

dataDWD handles vectors of URLs, displays progress bars (if the package pbapply is available) and by default does not re-download data already in dir (but see argument force to update files).

To solve "errors in download.file: cannot open URL", see https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/fileindex.html.

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Usage

```
dataDWD(
  url,
 base = dwdbase,
 joinbf = FALSE,
 dir = locdir(),
 force = FALSE,
 overwrite = !isFALSE(force),
 read = TRUE,
 dbin = TRUE,
 method = getOption("download.file.method"),
 dfargs = NULL,
 sleep = 0,
 progbar = !quiet,
  browse = FALSE,
 ntrunc = 2,
 file = NULL,
 quiet = rdwdquiet(),
)
```

Arguments

url	Char (vector): complete file URL(s) (including base and filename.zip) as returned by selectDWD(). Can be a vector with several FTP URLs.
base	Single char: base URL that will be removed from output file names. DEFAULT: dwdbase
joinbf	Logical: paste base and file url together? Needed mostly for data at gridbase. DEFAULT: FALSE (selectDWD returns complete URLs already)
dir	Char: Writeable directory name where to save the downloaded file. Created if not existent. DEFAULT: locdir()
force	Logical (vector): always download, even if the file already exists in dir? Use NA to force re-downloading files older than 24 hours. Use a numerical value to force after that amount of hours. Use something like c(Inf, 24) or force=c(24*365, 6), for per="hr". Note: if force is not FALSE, the overwrite default is TRUE. DEFAULT: FALSE
overwrite	Logical (vector): if force=TRUE, overwrite the existing file rather than append "_1"/"_2" etc to the filename? DEFAULT: !isFALSE(force), i.e. true when force is specified.
read	Logical: read the file(s) with readDWD()? If FALSE, only download is performed and the filename(s) returned. DEFAULT: TRUE
dbin	Logical: Download binary file, i.e. add mode="wb" to the download.file() call? See Website for details. DEFAULT: TRUE
method	<pre>download.file method. Introduced in version 1.5.25 (2022-05-12) as triggered by https://github.com/brry/rdwd/issues/34. DEFAULT: getOption("download.file.method")</pre>

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dfargs	Named list of additional arguments passed to $download.file()$ Note that $mode="wb"$ is already passed if $dbin=TRUE$
sleep	Number. If not 0, a random number of seconds between 0 and sleep is passed to Sys.sleep() after each download to avoid getting kicked off the FTP-Server, see note in indexFTP(). DEFAULT: 0
progbar	Logical: present a progress bar with estimated remaining time? If missing and length(file)==1, progbar is internally set to FALSE. Only works if the R package pbapply is available. DEFAULT: TRUE (!quiet)
browse	Logical: open repository via browseURL() and return URL folder path? If TRUE, no data is downloaded. If file has several values, only unique folders will be opened. DEFAULT: FALSE
ntrunc	Single integer: number of filenames printed in messages before they get truncated with message "(and xx more)". DEFAULT: 2
file	Deprecated since rdwd version 1.3.34, 2020-07-28.
quiet	Logical: suppress message about directory / filenames? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
	Further arguments passed to readDWD(), like fread, varnames, hr, etc.

Value

Presuming downloading and processing were successful: if read=TRUE, the desired dataset (as returned by readDWD()), otherwise the filename as saved on disc (may have "_n" appended in name, see newFilename()).

If length(file)>1, the output is a list of outputs / vector of filenames.

The output is always invisible.

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> <br/> de>, Jun-Oct 2016
```

See Also

```
selectDWD(). readDWD(), download.file().
https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd
Helpful for plotting: berryFunctions::monthAxis(), see also berryFunctions::climateGraph()
```

```
## Not run: ## requires internet connection
# find FTP files for a given station name and file path:
link <- selectDWD("Fuerstenzell", res="hourly", var="wind", per="recent")
# download file:
fname <- dataDWD(link, dir=locdir(), read=FALSE); fname
# dir="DWDdata" is the default directory to store files
# unless force=TRUE, already obtained files will not be downloaded again
# read and plot file:
wind <- readDWD(fname, varnames=TRUE); head(wind)</pre>
```

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```
metafiles <- readMeta(fname)</pre>
                                       ; str(metafiles, max.level=1)
column_names <- readVars(fname)</pre>
                                       ; head(column_names)
plot(wind$MESS_DATUM, wind$F, main="DWD hourly wind Fuerstenzell", col="blue",
     xaxt="n", las=1, type="l", xlab="Date", ylab="Hourly Wind speed [m/s]")
berryFunctions::monthAxis(1)
# current and historical files, keep historical in the overlap time period:
link <- selectDWD("Potsdam", res="daily", var="kl", per="hr"); link</pre>
potsdam <- dataDWD(link, dir=locdir(), hr=4)</pre>
plot(TMK~MESS_DATUM, data=tail(potsdam,1500), type="1")
# With many files (>>50), use sleep to avoid getting kicked off the FTP server
#links <- selectDWD(res="daily", var="solar")</pre>
#sol <- dataDWD(links, sleep=20) # random waiting time after download (0 to 20 secs)
# Real life examples can be found in the use cases section of the vignette:
# browseURL("https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd")
## End(Not run)
```

dirDWD

directory management for rdwd

Description

Manage directories with useful messages in the rdwd package.

Usage

```
dirDWD(dir = "DWDdata", quiet = rdwdquiet())
```

Arguments

dir Char for dirDWD: writeable directory name. Created if not existent. DEFAULT:

"DWDdata" at current getwd()

quiet Logical: Suppress messages about creating dir? DEFAULT: FALSE through

rdwdquiet()

Value

dirDWD invisibly returns the prior working directory as per setwd().

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Oct 2016

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See Also

dataDWD()

Examples

see source code of dataDWD and metaDWD

dwdbase

DWD FTP Server base URL

Description

base URLs to the DWD FTP Server

dwdbase: observed climatic records at ftp:// variant of

https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/observations_germany/climate/ See overview of available datasets and usage suggestions.

gridbase: spatially interpolated gridded data at ftp:// variant of
https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/grids_germany/
See usage suggestions

Usage

dwdbase

Format

An object of class character of length 1.

dwdparams

DWD parameter explanations

Description

Short German parameter explanations for the DWD abbreviations on the CDC FTP server.

These are manually created by me and might need to be expanded if the DWD adds more abbreviations.

readVars() maps them to the variable abbreviations in the "Metadaten_Parameter.*txt" file in any given zip folder and will warn about missing entries.

Usage

dwdparams

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Format

An object of class data. frame with 176 rows and 2 columns.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>, Jun 2018

See Also

```
readVars(), readDWD()
```

Examples

head(dwdparams)

fileType determine DWD file type	fileType	determine DWD file type	
----------------------------------	----------	-------------------------	--

Description

determine which subfunction to call in readDWD() from the file extension (ext).

The first block is for **observational data** (overview), the second for **gridded data** (overview). Click on the type for the subfunction documentation, e.g. data for readDWD.data().

type	ext	notes
data	.zip	For regular data at dwdbase.
meta	.txt	For Beschreibung.txt files. For zip files containing station meta information, see readMeta().
multia	[SO]	[SO]: file ends with "Standort.txt" or contains multi_annual. Overrides meta.
stand	[SF]	[SF]: file contains "standard_format". For subdaily/standard_format files.
data	.txt.gz	For data at /CDC/derived_germany/.
pdf	.pdf	only opens file in default viewer.
radar	.gz	For when the file contains a single binary file.
binary	.tar.gz	The common radolan format, as far as I can tell.
raster	.asc.gz	E.g. for seasonal data at gridbase.

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```
nc .nc.gz For netcdf files.

asc .tar For a file containing asc files.

rklim YW*.tar For a file containing bin files.

grib2 .grib2.bz2 For an nwp forecast file.
```

Usage

```
fileType(file)
```

Arguments

file Filename(s) with extension.

Value

Character (vector)

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>, Jul 2020

See Also

readDWD()

```
ft <- read.table(header=TRUE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE, text="
        filename
type
data
        daily_kl_recent_tageswerte_KL_03987_akt.zip
meta
        daily_kl_recent_KL_Tageswerte_Beschreibung_Stationen.txt
multia multi_annual_mean_81-10_Temperatur_1981-2010_aktStandort.txt
multia multi_annual_mean_81-10_Temperatur_1981-2010.txt
       subdaily_standard_format_kl_10381_00_akt.txt
deriv
        derived_germany_soil_daily_historical_3987.txt.gz
        {\tt DESCRIPTION\_obsgermany\_climate\_monthly\_kl\_historical\_en.pdf}
pdf
       radolan_recent_bin_raa01-rw_10000-1802020250-dwd---bin.gz
radar
binary daily_radolan_historical_bin_2017_SF201712.tar.gz
       16_DJF_grids_germany_seasonal_air_temp_mean_188216.asc.gz
        daily_Project_TRY_humidity_RH_199509_daymean.nc.gz
        radolan_historical_asc_2018_RW-201809.tar
asc
rklim
        5_minutes_radolan_reproc_2017_002_bin_2020_YW2017.002_202006.tar
grib2
        ftp_weather_nwp_cosmo-d2_005_T_2M.grib2.bz2
")
fileType(ft$filename)
```

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```
stopifnot(fileType(ft$filename)==ft$type)
berryFunctions::is.error(fileType("random_stuff.odt"), force=TRUE)
stopifnot(validFileTypes %in% ft$type)
stopifnot(ft$type %in% validFileTypes)
```

findID

find DWD weather station ID from name

Description

Identify DWD weather station ID from station name

Usage

```
findID(
  name = "",
  exactmatch = TRUE,
  mindex = metaIndex,
  failempty = FALSE,
  quiet = rdwdquiet()
)
```

Arguments

name	Char: station name(s) that will be matched in mindex to obtain id . DEFAULT: ""
exactmatch	Logical: Should name match an entry in mindex exactly (be ==)? If FALSE, name may be a part of mindex\$Stationsname, as checked with grep1(). This is useful e.g. to get all stations starting with a name (e.g. 42 IDs for Berlin). DEFAULT: TRUE
mindex	Single object: Index used to select id if name is given. DEFAULT: metaIndex
failempty	Logical: fail if no matching names are found (instead of returning NA with a warning)? With the latter, selectDWD() returns all files at a res/var/per folder. This may be especially unwanted with per="hr". DEFAULT: FALSE
quiet	Logical: suppress length warnings? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Value

Character string (vector) with ID(s)

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Oct-Nov 2016

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See Also

```
used in selectDWD(), metaInfo()
```

Examples

```
# Give weather station name (must be existing in metaIndex):
findID("Potsdam")
findID("potsDam") # capitalization is ignored
# all names containing "Hamburg":
findID("Hamburg", exactmatch=FALSE)
findID("Potsdam", exactmatch=FALSE)

# vectorized:
findID(c("Potsdam", "Berlin-Buch"))

# German Umlauts are changed to ue, ae, oe, ss
findID("Muenchen", FALSE)
berryFunctions::convertUmlaut("M?nchen") # use this to convert umlauts in lists
```

index

Indexes of files and metadata on the DWD CDC FTP server

Description

Created with indexFTP() and createIndex() used in updateIndexes().

In functions, you can access them with rdwd:::fileIndex etc.

fileIndex: A data.frame with the filenames (and derived information) at the default base value dwdbase.

metaIndex: A data.frame with the contents of all the station description files (..._Beschreibung_Stationen.txt) under dwdbase.

geoIndex: metaIndex distilled to geographic locations.

gridIndex: Vector of file paths at gridbase.

formatIndex: (modified) table from https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/

observations_germany/climate/subdaily/standard_format/formate_kl.html

Format

fileIndex: data.frame with character strings. ca 260k rows x 8 columns:

res, var, per (see selectDWD()), station id, time series start and end, and ismeta information, all according to path.

metaIndex: data.frame with ca 97k rows for 12 columns:

Stations_id, von_datum, bis_datum, Stationshoehe, geoBreite, geoLaenge, Stationsname, Bundesland, res, **geoIndex**: data.frame with ca 6k rows for 11 columns:

id, name, state, lat, lon, ele, nfiles, nonpublic, recentfile, display, col

gridIndex: Vector with ca 50k file paths at gridbase **formatIndex**: data frame with 140 rows for 12 columns:

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Ke_Ind, Kennung, Label, Beschreibung, Einheit, Code-Tabellen, Zusatzinfo, Typ, Pos, Erlaubt, Fehlk, div

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, June-Nov 2016, June 2017, Oct 2019

Source

Deutscher WetterDienst / Climate Data Center FTP Server

See Also

```
createIndex(), indexFTP(), selectDWD(), findID(), metaInfo(), website index chapter
```

Examples

```
data(fileIndex)
data(metaIndex)
data(geoIndex)
head(fileIndex)
head(metaIndex)
head(metaIndex)
head(geoIndex)

# in functions, you can use head(rdwd:::fileIndex) etc, but I don't export them
# because Hadley says 'Never @export a data set' in
# browseURL("http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/data.html#data-data")

# To use a custom index, see
# browseURL("https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/fileindex.html")
```

indexFTP

Create a recursive index of an FTP Server

Description

Create a list of all the files (in all subfolders) of an FTP server. Defaults to the German Weather Service (DWD, Deutscher WetterDienst) OpenData server at https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/observations_germany/climate/.

The R package RCurl must be available to do this.

It's not suggested to run this for all folders, as it can take quite some time and you may get kicked off the FTP-Server. This package contains an index of the climatic observations at weather stations (fileIndex) and gridded datasets (gridIndex). If they are out of date, please let me know!

Getting banned from the FTP Server

Normally, this shouldn't happen anymore: since Version 0.10.10 (2018-11-26), a single RCurl handle is used for all FTP requests and since version 1.0.17 (2019-05-14), the file tree provided by the

18 indexFTP

DWD is used to obtain all folders first, eliminating the recursive calls.

There's a provision if the FTP server detects bot requests and denies access. If RCurl::getURL() fails, there will still be an output which you can pass in a second run via folder to extract the remaining dirs. You might need to wait a bit and set sleep to a higher value in that case. Here's an example:

```
gridindex <- indexFTP("", gridbase)
gridindex <- indexFTP(gridindex, gridbase, sleep=15)</pre>
```

Of course, with a higher sleep value, the execution will take longer!

Usage

```
indexFTP(
  folder = "currentfindex",
  base = dwdbase,
  is.file.if.has.dot = TRUE,
  exclude.latest.bin = TRUE,
  fast = TRUE,
  sleep = 0,
  dir = "DWDdata",
  filename = folder[1],
  overwrite = FALSE,
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  progbar = !quiet,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

folder

Folder(s) to be indexed recursively, e.g. "/hourly/wind/". Leading slashes will be removed. Use folder="" to search at the location of base itself. If folder is "currentfindex" (the default) and base is the default, folder is changed to all observational folders listed in the current tree file at https://opendata.dwd.de/weather/tree.html. With "currentgindex" and gridbase, the grid folders in the tree are used. DEFAULT: "currentfindex"

base

Main directory of FTP server. Trailing slashes will be removed. DEFAULT: dwdbase

is.file.if.has.dot

Logical: if some of the input paths contain a dot, treat those as files, i.e. do not try to read those as if they were a folder. Only set this to FALSE if you know what you're doing. DEFAULT: TRUE

exclude.latest.bin

Exclude latest file at opendata.dwd.de/weather/radar/radolan? RCurl::getURL indicates this is a pointer to the last regularly named file. DEFAULT: TRUE

fast

Read tree file with data.table::fread() (1 sec) instead of readLines() (10 secs)? DEFAULT: TRUE

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sleep	If not 0, a random number of seconds between 0 and sleep is passed to Sys. sleep() after each read folder to avoid getting kicked off the FTP-Server, see note above. DEFAULT: 0
dir	Writeable directory name where to save the downloaded file. Created if not existent. DEFAULT: "DWDdata" at current getwd()
filename	Character: Part of output filename. "INDEX_of_DWD_" is prepended, "/" replaced with "_", ".txt" appended. DEFAULT: folder[1]
overwrite	Logical: Overwrite existing file? If not, "_n" is added to the filename, see berryFunctions::newFilename(). DEFAULT: FALSE
quiet	Suppress progbars and message about directory/files? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
progbar	Logical: present a progress bar in each level? DEFAULT: TRUE
verbose	Logical: write a lot of messages from RCur1::getURL()? DEFAULT: FALSE

(usually, you dont need all the curl information)

Value

a vector with file paths

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>, Oct 2016

See Also

```
createIndex(), updateIndexes(), website index chapter
```

Examples

```
## Not run: ## Needs internet connection
sol <- indexFTP(folder="/daily/solar", dir=tempdir())
head(sol)

# mon <- indexFTP(folder="/monthly/kl", dir=tempdir(), verbose=TRUE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lldist

distance between lat-long coordinates

Description

Great-circle distance between points at lat-long coordinates. Mostly a copy of OSMscale::earthDist Version 0.5.3 (2017-04-19). https://github.com/brry/OSMscale/blob/master/R/earthDist. R#L57-L102. Copied manually to avoid dependency hell. Does not check coordinates. Not exported.

20 locdir

Usage

```
lldist(lat, long, data, r = 6371, i = 1L)

maxlldist(lat, long, data, r = 6371, fun = max, each = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

Optional: data.frame with the columns lat and long radius of the earth. Could be given in miles. DEFAULT: 6371 (km) Integer: Index element against which all coordinate pairs are computed. DEFAULT: 1 fun Function to be applied. DEFAULT: max() each Logical: give max dist to all other points for each point separately? If FALSE, will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if max(maxlldist(y,x)). For examples, see OSMscale::maxEarthDist DEFAULT: TRUE Further arguments passed to fun, like na.rm=TRUE	lat, long	Latitude (North/South) and longitude (East/West) coordinates in decimal degrees
i Integer: Index element against which all coordinate pairs are computed. DE-FAULT: 1 fun Function to be applied. DEFAULT: max() each Logical: give max dist to all other points for each point separately? If FALSE, will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if max(maxlldist(y,x)). For examples, see OSMscale::maxEarthDist DEFAULT: TRUE	data	Optional: data.frame with the columns lat and long
FAULT: 1 fun Function to be applied. DEFAULT: max() each Logical: give max dist to all other points for each point separately? If FALSE, will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if max(maxlldist(y,x)). For examples, see OSMscale::maxEarthDist DEFAULT: TRUE	r	radius of the earth. Could be given in miles. DEFAULT: 6371 (km)
each Logical: give max dist to all other points for each point separately? If FALSE, will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if max(maxlldist(y,x)). For examples, see OSMscale::maxEarthDist DEFAULT: TRUE	i	
will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if max(maxlldist(y,x)). For examples, see OSMscale::maxEarthDist DEFAULT: TRUE	fun	Function to be applied. DEFAULT: max()
Further arguments passed to fun, like na.rm=TRUE	each	will return the maximum of the complete distance matrix, as if $max(maxlldist(y,x))$.
		Further arguments passed to fun, like na.rm=TRUE

Value

Vector with distance(s) in km (or units of r, if r is changed)

Author(s)

locdir	local data directory	

Description

This can be used to set a directory for DWD data across projects, thus avoiding multiple downloads of the same file.

Set the default for all subsequent calls with options(rdwdlocdir="YOUR/PATH").

Currently, the dataDWD() dir defaults to a project specific folder at getwd. In the future, this may change to locdir().

locdir() is used especially for the website, local tests and examples.

Usage

```
locdir(dir = getOption("rdwdlocdir"), file = NULL, quiet = rdwdquiet())
```

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Arguments

dir Path to data directory. If dir does not exist, tempdir() is used instead (with a

warning, unless quiet=TRUE). If dir is NULL, locdir tries "C:/DWDdata", then

"~/DWDdata".

dir can also be set with options(rdwdlocdir="YOUR/PATH") thanks to the

DEFAULT: getOption("rdwdlocdir")

file Optional: path(s) at dir. DEFAULT: NULL

quiet Logical: suppress tempdir warning? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Value

```
charstring (directory)
```

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> <br/> derry-b@gmx.de>, Apr 2019, Jun 2021
```

See Also

```
runLocalTests()
```

Examples

```
locdir()
oldopt <- options(rdwdlocdir="~")
locdir()
stopifnot(locdir() == path.expand("~"))
options(oldopt) ; rm(oldopt)</pre>
```

metaInfo

Information for a station ID on the DWD CDC FTP server

Description

Information for a station ID on the DWD CDC FTP server

Usage

```
metaInfo(id, mindex = metaIndex, hasfileonly = TRUE)
```

Arguments

id Station ID (integer number or convertible to one)

mindex Index dataframe with metadata. DEFAULT: metaIndex

hasfileonly Logical: Only show entries that have files? DEFAULT: TRUE

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Value

invisible data.frame. Also prints the output nicely formatted.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Nov 2016

See Also

metaIndex

Examples

```
metaInfo(2849)
```

nearbyStations

Find DWD stations close to given coordinates

Description

Select DWD stations within a given radius around a set of coordinates

Usage

```
nearbyStations(
  lat,
  lon,
  radius,
  res = NA,
  var = NA,
  per = NA,
  mindate = NA,
  hasfileonly = TRUE,
  statname = "nearbyStations target location",
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

lat Coordinates y component [degrees N/S, range 47:55]
lon Coordinates x component [degrees E/W, range 6:15]
radius Maximum distance [km] within which stations will be selected

res, var, per Restrictions for dataset type as documented in selectDWD(). Each can be a

vector of entries. DEFAULTS: NA (ignored)

newColumnNames 23

mindate	Minimum dataset ending date (as per metadata). DEFAULT: NA
hasfileonly	Logical: only return entries for which there is an open-access file available? DEFAULT: TRUE
statname	Character: name for target location. DEFAULT: "nearbyStations target location"
quiet	$Logical: suppress\ progress\ messages?\ DEFAULT: FALSE\ through\ \verb"rdwdquiet"()$
	Further arguments passed to selectDWD()

Value

metaIndex subset with additional columns "dist" and "url"

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> Serry-b@gmx.de>, Mar 2017
```

See Also

```
selectDWD(), metaIndex, website use case with nearbyStations
```

Examples

```
m <- nearbyStations(49.211784, 9.812475, radius=30,
    res=c("daily","hourly"), var= c("precipitation","more_precip","kl") ,
    mindate=as.Date("2016-05-30"), statname="Braunsbach catchment center")
# View(m)

# for a continued example of this, see the vignette in chapter
# use case: plot all rainfall values around a given point
# browseURL("https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd")</pre>
```

newColumnNames

Enhance readDWD column names

Description

Add short German parameter descriptions to the DWD abbreviations. This uses dwdparams() to create column names like "TT_TU.Lufttemperatur" and "RSK.Niederschlagshoehe." Column names not in the abbreviation list will be left untouched.

Usage

```
newColumnNames(dataframe, variables = dwdparams, separator = ".")
```

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Arguments

dataframe Dataframe as returned by readDWD.data()

Dataframe as returned by readVars() for a single file. Rownames must be variable abbreviations. There must be a "Kurz" column. DEFAULT: dwdparams separator

Separator between abbreviation and long name. DEFAULT: "."

Value

The dataframe with new column names

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> Serry-b@gmx.de>, Apr 2019
```

See Also

```
dwdparams, readVars(), readDWD() argument varnames, newColumnNames()
```

Examples

```
# mainly for internal usage
```

plotDWD

Quickly plot time series

Description

plot rdwd time series from data.frames

Usage

```
plotDWD(
  х,
  cn,
 monthaxis = TRUE,
 line0 = FALSE,
 xlab = "",
 ylab = cn,
 main = "",
  type = "1",
  1wd = 3,
  col = "blue",
  las = 1,
 mar = c(2.6, 3.1, 2.5, 0.5),
 mgp = c(1.9, 0.7, 0),
 keeppar = TRUE,
)
```

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Arguments

x Data.frame, e.g. from readDWD.data

cn Column name (charstring)

monthaxis Draw nice axis? DEFAULT: TRUE

line0 Draw horizontal line at 0? DEFAULT: FALSE

xlab X axis label. DEFAULT: ""
ylab Y axis label. DEFAULT: cn
main Plot title. DEFAULT: ""

type graphics::plot type. DEFAULT: "l"

1wd Line width. DEFAULT: 3

col Line color. DEFAULT: "blue"

las Label axis style. DEFAULT: 1 (all upright)
mar Plot margins. DEFAULT: c(2.6, 3.1, 2.5, 0.5)
mgp Margin placement. DEFAULT: c(1.9, 0.7, 0)

keeppar Keep las, mar and mgp as set with par, so later points are added in the right

location? DEFAULT: TRUE

... Further arguments passed to graphics::plot

Value

Nothing

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Sepry-b@gmx.de>, Sep 2021

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

```
link <- selectDWD("Potsdam", res="daily", var="kl", per="r")
clim <- dataDWD(link, dir=locdir(), varnames=TRUE)
plotDWD(clim, "TMK.Lufttemperatur", line0=TRUE, main="Potsdam")</pre>
```

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plotRadar

plot radar products on a pretty map

Description

Convenience function to plot radar products on a pretty map. Creates a separate plot for each layer, a selection is possible.

Usage

```
plotRadar(
  х,
  layer = NULL,
 main = names(x),
 land = "gray80",
  sea = "cadetblue1",
  de = "grey80",
  eu = "black",
  col = berryFunctions::seqPal(),
 xlim = NULL,
 ylim = NULL,
 zlim = NULL,
  axes = TRUE,
  las = 1,
 mar = c(2.5, 3.5, 2.5, 5),
 keeppar = TRUE,
  project = TRUE,
  proj = "radolan",
  extent = "radolan",
  adjust05 = FALSE,
  targetproj = "ll"
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
)
```

Arguments

```
x terra raster oject, e.g. 'dat' element of object returned by readDWD().

layer Optional: selected layer(s) to be plotted. DEFAULT: NULL

main Graph title(s). Use "" to suppress. DEFAULT: names(x)

land Color of land areas in the map. DEFAULT: "gray80"

sea Color of sea areas in the map. DEFAULT: "cadetblue1"

de Color of Deutschland Bundesland borders. DEFAULT: "grey80"

eu Color of Europe country borders . DEFAULT: "black"

col Color palette for the data itself. DEFAULT: berryFunctions::seqPal()
```

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xlim	xlim. DEFAULT: NULL, i.e. taken from x extent (after reprojection if project=TRUE)
ylim	ylim. DEFAULT: NULL, i.e. taken from y extent (after reprojection if project=TRUE)
zlim	zlim. 3 Options: two-number vector, zlim="ind" for individual zlim per layer, or NULL for range of selected layer(s). DEFAULT: NULL
axes	Draw axes? DEFAULT: TRUE
las	LabelAxisStyle for axes. DEFAULT: 1 (all upright)
mar	Vector with plot margins. DEFAULT: c(2.5, 3.5, 2.5, 5)
keeppar	Logical: keep the margins set with par, so later points etc are added in the right location? DEFAULT: TRUE, opposite to sf::plot with reset=TRUE, see https://github.com/cran/sf/blob/master/R/plot.R
project	Project the data before plotting? Not needed if projectRasterDWD() has already been called. DEFAULT: TRUE
proj	current projection, see <pre>projectRasterDWD()</pre> , used only if project=TRUE. DE- FAULT: "radolan"
extent	current extent, see <pre>projectRasterDWD()</pre> , used only if <pre>project=TRUE</pre> . DEFAULT: "radolan"
adjust05	Logical: Adjust extent by 0.5m to match edges? DEFAULT: FALSE
targetproj	target projection, see <pre>projectRasterDWD()</pre> , used only if project=TRUE. DE- FAULT: "II"
quiet	<pre>suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()</pre>
• • •	Further arguments passed to terra::plot()

Value

terra object, (re)projected (if project=TRUE). If length(layer)==1, only that selected layer is returned.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Feb 2020, June 2023

See Also

```
projectRasterDWD(), addBorders(), readDWD(), website raster chapter
```

```
# See https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/raster-data.html
## Not run: ## Excluded from CRAN checks: requires internet connection
link <- "seasonal/air_temperature_mean/16_DJF/grids_germany_seasonal_air_temp_mean_188216.asc.gz"
rad <- dataDWD(link, base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE)
radp <- plotRadar(rad, proj="seasonal", extent=NULL, main="plotRadar ex")
plotRadar(radp, ylim=c(52,54), project=FALSE)

# plotRadar equivalent, map only country borders:
radpm <- projectRasterDWD(rad[[1]], proj="seasonal", extent=NULL)</pre>
```

28 projectRasterDWD

projectRasterDWD

project DWD raster data

Description

Set projection and extent for DWD raster data. Optionally (and per default) also reprojects to latlon data.

WARNING: reprojection to latlon changes values slightly. For the tested RX product, this change is significant, see: https://github.com/brry/rdwd/blob/master/misc/ExampleTests/Radartests.pdf

In terra::plot, use range=zlim with the original range if needed.

Usage

```
projectRasterDWD(
    r,
    proj = "radolan",
    extent = "radolan",
    adjust05 = FALSE,
    targetproj = "11",
    threads = TRUE,
    quiet = rdwdquiet()
)
```

Arguments

r

terra raster object

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proj Current projection to be given to r. Can be - a terra::crs() input, - NULL to not set proj+extent (but still consider targetproj), - or a special charstring for internal defaults, namely: "radolan" (readDWD.binary + .asc + .radar), "seasonal" (.raster) or "nc" (.nc). DEFAULT: "radolan" extent Current terra::ext() extent to be given to r. Ignored if proj=NULL. Can be NULL to be ignored, an extent object, a vector with 4 numbers, or "radolan" / "rw" / "seasonal" / "nc" with internal defaults. DEFAULT: "radolan" adjust05 Logical: Adjust extent by 0.5m to match edges? DEFAULT: FALSE targetproj r is reprojected to this terra::crs(). Use NULL to not reproject (i.e. only set proj and extent). DEFAULT: "ll" with internal default for lat-lon. threads Use multiple CPU threads for terra::project()? DEFAULT: TRUE (opposite from terra::project)

Details

quiet

The internal defaults are extracted from the Kompositformatbeschreibung at https://www.dwd.de/DE/leistungen/radolan/radolan.html, as provided 2019-04 by Antonia Hengst. The nc extent was obtained by projecting Germanys bbox to EPSG 3034 (specified in the DWD documentation). Using that as a starting point, I then refined the extent to a visual match, see developmentNotes.R

Logical: suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Value

terra raster object with projection and extent, invisible

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,

Serry-b@gmx.de>, May 2019, June 2023

See Also

```
plotRadar()
terra::crs/ext/project
readDWD.binary/raster/asc/radar/nc
website raster chapter
```

```
# To be used after readDWD.binary etc
```

30 rdwdquiet

rdwd

Handle Climate Data from DWD (German Weather Service)

Description

- find, select, download + read data from the German weather service DWD
- vectorized, progress bars, no re-downloads
- index of files + meta data
- observational time series from 6k meteorological recording stations (2.5k active) -> rain, temperature, wind, sunshine, pressure, cloudiness, humidity, snow, ...
- gridded raster data from radar + interpolation
- european data stock slowly growing
 For an introduction to the package, see https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd.

Searchability Terms

Weather Data Germany download with R, Climate Data Germany Deutscher Wetterdienst R Daten download Klimastationen DWD Daten mit R runterladen, Wetter und Klimadaten in R

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>

See Also

related weather data processing references at https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/see-also.html

rdwdquiet

global quiet option for rdwd

Description

```
global quiet option. The default rdwdquiet() is FALSE.

Just write the following in your code and all subsequent calls will be quiet: options(rdwdquiet=TRUE)
```

Usage

rdwdquiet()

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readDWD

Process data from the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

Read climate data that was downloaded with dataDWD(). The data is unzipped and subsequently, the file(s) are read, processed and returned as a data.frame / terra raster object.

For observational data, new users are advised to set varnames=TRUE to obtain more informative column names.

readDWD will call internal (but documented) subfunctions depending on the argument type, see the overview in fileType().

Not all arguments to readDWD are used for all subfunctions, e.g. fread is used only by readDWD.data, while dividebyten is used in readDWD.raster and readDWD.asc.

file can be a vector with several filenames. Most other arguments can also be a vector and will be recycled to the length of file.

Usage

```
readDWD(
   file,
   type = fileType(file),
   varnames = FALSE,
   fread = NA,
   format = NA,
   tz = "GMT",
   hr = 0,
   dividebyten = TRUE,
   var = "",
   progbar = !quiet,
   quiet = rdwdquiet(),
   quietread = quiet,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

file	Char (vector): name(s) of the file(s) downloaded with dataDWD(), e.g. "~/DWD-data/tageswerte_KL_02575_akt.zip" or "~/DWDdata/RR_Stundenwerte_Beschreibung_Stationen.txt"
type	Character (vector) determining which subfunction to call. DEFAULT: fileType(file).
varnames	Logical (vector): Expand column names? Only used in readDWD.data(). DE-

FAULT: FALSE (for backward compatibility)

fread Logical (vector): read fast? Used in readDWD.data(). DEFAULT: NA

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format, tz Format and time zone of time stamps, see readDWD.data() Integer code to merge historical and recent file. Used here, but documented in detail in readDWD.data(). DEFAULT: 0 (ignore argument) dividebyten Logical (vector): Divide the values in raster files by ten? That way, [1/10 mm] gets transformed to [mm] units. Used in readDWD.radar(), readDWD.raster() and readDWD.asc(). DEFAULT: TRUE var for readDWD.nc(). DEFAULT: "" var progbar Logical: present a progress bar with estimated remaining time? If missing and length(file)==1, progbar is internally set to FALSE, unless binary files are to be read. DEFAULT: !quiet quiet Logical: suppress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet() quietread Logical: suppress message like "Reading 1 file with readDWD.data() and fread=TRUE

...". DEFAULT: quiet

Further arguments passed to the internal readDWD. * subfunctions (see fileType)

and from those to the underlying actual reading functions

Value

For observational data, an invisible data frame of the desired dataset, or a named list of data frames if length(file) > 1.

For gridded data, terra raster objects.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool, <berry-b@gmx.de>, Jul-Oct 2016, Winter 2018/19

See Also

```
dataDWD(), readVars(), readMeta(), selectDWD(), fileType()
https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd
```

Examples

see dataDWD and readDWD.* subfunctions

readDWD.asc read dwd gridded radolan asc data

Description

read grid-interpolated radolan asc data. Intended to be called via readDWD(). All layers (following selection if given) in all .tar.gz files are combined into a terra raster with terra::rast().

To project the data, use projectRasterDWD()

readDWD.asc 33

Usage

```
readDWD.asc(
   file,
   exdir = NULL,
   dividebyten = TRUE,
   selection = NULL,
   quiet = rdwdquiet(),
   progbar = !quiet,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

file Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/grids_germany/hourly/radolan/historical/asc/

2018_RW-201809.tar. Must have been downloaded with mode="wb"!

exdir Directory to unzip into. Unpacked files existing therein will not be untarred

again, saving up to 15 secs per file. DEFAULT: NULL (subfolder of tempdir())

dividebyten Divide numerical values by 10? See readDWD. If dividebyten=FALSE and

exdir left at NULL (tempdir), save the result on disc with terra::writeRaster(). Accessing out-of-memory raster objects won't work if exdir is removed! -> Er-

ror in .local(.Object, ...) DEFAULT: TRUE

selection Optionally read only a subset of the ~24*31=744 files. Called as f[selection].

DEFAULT: NULL (ignored)

quiet Suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

progbar Show progress bars? readDWD() will keep progbar=TRUE for asc files, even if

length(file)==1. DEFAULT: !quiet, i.e. TRUE

... Further arguments passed to terra::rast()

Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, April 2019

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
# File selection and download:
radbase <- paste0(gridbase,"/hourly/radolan/historical/asc/")
radfile <- "2018/RW-201809.tar" # 25 MB to download
file <- dataDWD(radfile, base=radbase, joinbf=TRUE, read=FALSE)
#asc <- readDWD(file) # 4 GB in mem. ~ 20 secs unzip, 10 secs read, 2 min divide</pre>
```

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```
asc <- readDWD(file, selection=1:5, dividebyten=TRUE)
plotRadar(asc[[1]], main=names(asc)[1])

viddir <- paste0(tempdir(), "/RadolanVideo")
dir.create(viddir)
png(paste0(viddir, "/Radolan_%03d.png"), width=7, height=5, units="in", res=300)
plotRadar(asc, layer=1:3, main=names(asc)) # 3 secs per layer
dev.off()
berryFunctions::openFile(paste0(viddir, "/Radolan_001.png"))

# Time series of a given point in space:
plot(unlist(asc[800,800,]), type="l", xlab="Time [hours]")

# if dividebyten=FALSE, terra stores things out of memory in the exdir.
# by default, this is in tempdir, hence you would need to save asc manually:
# terra::writeRaster(asc, tempfile(fileext="/RW2018-09.gpkg"), overwrite=TRUE)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

readDWD.binary

read dwd gridded radolan binary data

Description

read gridded radolan binary data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Usage

```
readDWD.binary(
  file,
  exdir = sub(".tar.gz$", "", file),
  toraster = TRUE,
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  progbar = !quiet,
  selection = NULL,
  ...
)
```

DEFAULT: TRUE

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/daily_radolan_historical_bin_2017_SF201712.tar.gz
exdir	Directory to unzip into. If existing, only the needed files will be unpacked with untar(). Note that exdir size will be around 1.1 GB. exdir can contain other files, these will be ignored for the actual reading with dwdradar::readRadarFile(). DEFAULT exdir: sub(".tar.gz\$", "", file)
toraster	Logical: convert output (list of matrixes + meta informations) to a list with dat (terra::rast) + meta (list from the first subfile, but with vector of dates)?

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quiet	Suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
progbar	Show progress bars? readDWD() will keep progbar=TRUE for binary files, even if length(file)==1. DEFAULT: !quiet, i.e. TRUE
selection	Optionally read only a subset of the ~24*31=744 files. Called as f[selection]. DEFAULT: NULL (ignored)
	Further arguments passed to dwdradar::readRadarFile(), i.e. na and clutter

Value

list depending on argument toraster, see there for details

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool, <berry-b@gmx.de>, Dec 2018. Significant input for the underlying dwdradar::readRadarFile() came from Henning Rust & Christoph Ritschel at FU Berlin.

See Also

```
readDWD(), especially readDWD.radar()
https://wradlib.org for much more extensive radar analysis in Python
Kompositformatbeschreibung at https://www.dwd.de/DE/leistungen/radolan/radolan.html
for format description
```

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
# SF file as example: ----
SF_link <- "/daily/radolan/historical/bin/2017/SF201712.tar.gz"</pre>
SF_file <- dataDWD(url=SF_link, base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE, # 204 MB</pre>
                     dir=locdir(), read=FALSE)
# exdir radardir set to speed up my tests:
SF_exdir <- "C:/Users/berry/Desktop/DWDbinarySF"</pre>
if(!file.exists(SF_exdir)) SF_exdir <- tempdir()</pre>
# no need to read all 24*31=744 files, so setting selection:
SF_rad <- readDWD(SF_file, selection=1:10, exdir=SF_exdir) #with toraster=TRUE
if(length(SF_rad)!=2) stop("length(SF_rad) should be 2, but is ", length(SF_rad))
SF_radp <- plotRadar(SF_rad$dat, layer=1:3, main=SF_rad$meta$date)</pre>
plotRadar(SF_radp, layer=1, project=FALSE)
# RW file as example: ----
RW_link <- "hourly/radolan/reproc/2017_002/bin/2017/RW2017.002_201712.tar.gz"
RW_file <- dataDWD(url=RW_link, base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE, # 25 MB
                  dir=locdir(), read=FALSE)
RW_exdir <- "C:/Users/berry/Desktop/DWDbinaryRW"
if(!file.exists(RW_exdir)) RW_exdir <- tempdir()</pre>
RW_rad <- readDWD(RW_file, selection=1:10, exdir=RW_exdir)</pre>
RW_radp <- plotRadar(RW_rad$dat[[1]], main=RW_rad$meta$date[1], extent="rw")</pre>
```

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```
# ToDo: why are values + patterns not the same?
# list of all Files: ----
data(gridIndex)
head(grep("historical", gridIndex, value=TRUE))
## End(Not run)
```

 ${\tt readDWD.data}$

read regular dwd data

Description

Read regular dwd data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Usage

```
readDWD.data(
  file,
  fread = FALSE,
  varnames = FALSE,
  format = NA,
  tz = "GMT",
  hr = 0,
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/daily_kl_recent_tageswerte_KL_03987_akt.zip
fread	Logical: read faster with data.table::fread? When reading many large historical files, speedup is significant. When called from readDWD(), fread=NA can also be used, which means TRUE if R package data.table and system command unzip are available. Hint for Windows users: unzip comes with Rtools. See https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/fread.html DEFAULT: FALSE
varnames	Logical (vector): add a short description to the DWD variable abbreviations in the column names? E.g. change FX, TNK to FX.Windspitze, TNK.Lufttemperatur_Min, see newColumnNames(). DEFAULT: FALSE (for backwards compatibility)
format	Char (vector): Format passed to as.POSIXct() (see strptime()) to convert the date/time column to POSIX time format. If NULL, no conversion is performed (date stays a factor). If NA, readDWD tries to find a suitable format based on the number of characters. DEFAULT: NA
tz	Char (vector): time zone for as.POSIXct(). "" is the current time zone, and "GMT" is UTC (Universal Time, Coordinated). DEFAULT: "GMT"

readDWD.deriv 37

Integer code to automatically merge historical and recent datasets. If set, readDWD returns a data.frame instead of a list. If multiple historical files are present, the longest date range (per file name) is used. This is not actually used in readDWD.data, but in readDWD().

0 (default): ignore this argument

1: sort by hr (if given) + merge

2: also remove duplicated dates from recent

3: also remove columns QN3,QN4,eor

4: also remove column STATIONS_ID

DEFAULT: 0

quiet Suppress empty file warnings? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Further arguments passed to read.table() or data.table::fread()

Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>

See Also

```
readDWD(), Examples in dataDWD()
```

readDWD.deriv

read derived dwd data

Description

Read dwd data from /CDC/derived_germany/. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Usage

```
readDWD.deriv(file, gargs = NULL, todate = TRUE, quiet = rdwdquiet(), ...)
```

Arguments

rguments			
	file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/soil_daily_historical_derived_germany_soil_daily_historic	
	gargs	If fread=FALSE: Named list of arguments passed to R.utils::gunzip(), see readDWD.raster(). DEFAULT: NULL	
	todate	Logical: Convert char column 'Datum' or 'Monat' with as .Date()? The format is currently hard-coded. Monthly data gets mapped to yyyy-mm-15 DEFAULT: TRUE	
	quiet	Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()	
		Further arguments passed to read.table() or data.table::fread()	

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Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>

See Also

readDWD(), https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/use-case-derived-data.html

readDWD.grib2

read nwp forecast data

Description

read gridded numerical weather prediction data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Usage

```
readDWD.grib2(file, pack = "terra", bargs = NULL, quiet = rdwdquiet(), ...)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. cosmo-d2_germany_regular-lat-lon_single-level_2021010100_005_T_2M.grib2.bz2
pack	Char: package used for reading. One of "terra" or "stars". "rgdal" (for the deprecated cosmo-d2 data) is no longer available, see issue. DEFAULT: "terra"
bargs	Named list of arguments passed to R.utils::bunzip2(), see gargs in readDWD.raster(). DEFAULT: NULL
quiet	Silence readGDAL completely, including warnings on discarded ellps / datum. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
	Further arguments passed to terra::rast() or stars::read_stars().

Value

terra or stars object, depending on pack

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Jan 2021.

readDWD.meta 39

See Also

```
readDWD()
https://www.dwd.de/EN/ourservices/nwp_forecast_data/nwp_forecast_data.html
https://www.dwd.de/EN/aboutus/it/functions/Teasergroup/grib.html
```

Examples

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
nwp_t2m_base <- "ftp://opendata.dwd.de/weather/nwp/icon-d2/grib/15/soiltyp"</pre>
nwp_urls <- indexFTP("", base=nwp_t2m_base, dir=tempdir())</pre>
# for p instead of soiltyp, icosahedral_model-level files fail with GDAL errors,
# see https://github.com/brry/rdwd/issues/28
# regular-lat-lon_pressure-level files work with pack="terra" or "stars"
nwp_file <- dataDWD(tail(nwp_urls,1), base=nwp_t2m_base, dir=tempdir(),</pre>
                     joinbf=TRUE, dbin=TRUE, read=FALSE)
nwp_data <- readDWD(nwp_file)</pre>
terra::plot(nwp_data)
addBorders() # the projection seems to be perfectly good :)
# index of GRIB files
if(FALSE){ # indexing takes about 6 minutes!
grib_base <- "ftp://opendata.dwd.de/weather/nwp/icon-d2/grib"</pre>
grib_files <- indexFTP("", base=grib_base, dir=tempdir())</pre>
for(f in unique(substr(grib_files, 1,3))) print(grib_files[which(substr(grib_files, 1,3)==f)[1]])
View(data.frame(grep("regular",grib_files, value=TRUE)))
## End(Not run)
```

readDWD.meta

read dwd metadata (Beschreibung*.txt files)

Description

```
read dwd metadata (Beschreibung*.txt files). Intended to be called via readDWD(). Column widths for read.fwf() are computed internally. if(any(meta)), readDWD() tries to set the locale to German (to handle Umlaute correctly). It is hence not recommended to call rdwd:::readDWD.meta directly on a file!

Names can later be changed to ascii with berryFunctions::convertUmlaut().
```

Usage

```
readDWD.meta(file, quiet = rdwdquiet(), ...)
```

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Arguments

Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/daily_kl_recent_KL_Tageswerte_Beschreibung_Stationen.

quiet Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

... Further arguments passed to read.fwf()

Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

Examples

readDWD.multia

read multi_annual dwd data

Description

read multi_annual dwd data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

All other observational data at dwdbase can be read with readDWD.data(), except for the multi_annual and subdaily/standard_format data.

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Usage

```
readDWD.multia(
   file,
   fileEncoding = "latin1",
   comment.char = "\032",
   quiet = rdwdquiet(),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/multi_annual_mean_81-10_Temperatur_19812010_aktStandort.txt or DWDdata/multi_annual_mean_81-10_Temperatur_19812010_Stationsliste_aktStandort.txt

fileEncoding read.table() file encoding. DEFAULT: "latin1"

comment.char read.table() comment character. DEFAULT: "\032" (needed 2019-04 to ignore the binary control character at the end of multi_annual files)

quiet Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Further arguments passed to read.table()

Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Feb 2019

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests

# Temperature aggregates (2019-04 the 9th file, 2022-05 the 8th):
durl <- selectDWD(res="multi_annual", per="mean_81-10")[8]
murl <- selectDWD(res="multi_annual", per="mean_81-10", meta=TRUE)[8]
ma_temp <- dataDWD(durl, fileEncoding="")
ma_meta <- dataDWD(murl, fileEncoding="")
head(ma_temp)
head(ma_meta)

ma <- merge(ma_meta, ma_temp, all=TRUE)
berryFunctions::linReg(ma$Stationshoehe, ma$Jahr, main="annual average ~ elevation")
op <- par(mfrow=c(3,4), mar=c(0.1,2,2,0), mgp=c(3,0.6,0))
for(m in colnames(ma)[8:19])</pre>
```

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```
berryFunctions::linReg(ma$Stationshoehe, ma[,m], xaxt="n", xlab="", ylab="", main=m)
  abline(h=0)
par(op)
par(bg=8)
berryFunctions::colPoints(ma$geogr..Laenge, ma$geogr..Breite, ma$Jahr, add=F, asp=1.4)
DEU <- terra::vect(system.file("extdata/DEU.gpkg", package="rdwd"))</pre>
pdf("MultiAnn.pdf", width=8, height=10)
par(bg="grey90")
for(m in colnames(ma)[8:19])
  terra::plot(DEU, border="grey40")
 berryFunctions::colPoints(ma[-262,]$geogr..Laenge, ma[-262,]$geogr..Breite, ma[-262,m],
                            asp=1.4, # Range=range(ma[-262,8:19]),
                            col=berryFunctions::divPal(200, rev=TRUE), zlab=m, add=T)
  }
dev.off()
berryFunctions::openFile("MultiAnn.pdf")
## End(Not run)
```

readDWD.nc

read dwd netcdf data

Description

Read netcdf data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Note that R.utils and ncdf4 must be installed to unzip and read the .nc.gz files.

Usage

```
readDWD.nc(
   file,
   gargs = NULL,
   var = "",
   toraster = TRUE,
   quiet = rdwdquiet(),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

file Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/grids_germany/daily/Project_TRY/humidity/RH_199509_c Ramed list of arguments passed to R.utils::gunzip(), see readDWD.raster().

DEFAULT: NULL

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if toraster=FALSE: Charstring with name of variable to be read with ncdf4::ncvar_get().

If not available, an interactive selection is presented. DEFAULT: "" (last variable)

toraster Read file with terra::rast()? All further arguments will be ignored. Specify e.g. var through ... as varname. DEFAULT: TRUE

quiet Logical: Suppress time conversion failure warning? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

... Further arguments passed to terra::rast() or ncdf4::nc_open()

Value

terra::rast() object. Alternatively, if toraster=FALSE, a list with time, lat, lon, var, varname, file and cdf. cdf is the output of ncdf4::nc_open().

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Aug 2019

See Also

readDWD()

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
library(berryFunctions) # for seqPal and colPointsLegend
url <- "daily/Project_TRY/pressure/PRED_199606_daymean.nc.gz" # 5 MB</pre>
url <- "daily/Project_TRY/humidity/RH_199509_daymean.nc.gz"</pre>
file <- dataDWD(url, base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE, dir=locdir(), read=FALSE)</pre>
nc <- readDWD(file)</pre>
ncp <- plotRadar(nc, main=paste(terra::longnames(nc), terra::time(nc)), layer=1:3,</pre>
                 col=seqPal(), proj="nc", extent="nc")
str(terra::values(nc[[1]])) # obtain actual values into memory
terra::plot(nc[[1]]) # axes 0:938 / 0:720, the number of grid cells
terra::plot(ncp[[1]])# properly projected, per default onto latlon
rng <- range(terra::global(nc[[1:6]], "range", na.rm=TRUE))</pre>
terra::plot(nc, col=seqPal(), zlim=rng, maxnl=6)
# Array instead of terra rast:
nc <- readDWD(file, toraster=FALSE)</pre>
image(nc$var[,,1], col=seqPal(), asp=1.1)
colPointsLegend(nc$var[,,1], title=paste(nc$varname, nc$time[1]))
# interactive selection of variable:
# nc <- readDWD(file, toraster=FALSE, var="-") # commented out to not block automated tests
str(nc$var)
```

readDWD.pdf

```
## End(Not run)
```

readDWD.pdf

open pdf data

Description

```
open pdf file. This leads to less failures in the new meta=TRUE
```

Usage

```
readDWD.pdf(file, quiet = rdwdquiet(), ...)
```

Arguments

Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. monthly_kl_historical_DESCRIPTION_obsgermany_climate_monthlequiet

Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Further arguments passed to berryFunctions::openFile() and from there to system2()

Value

```
berryFunctions::openFile() output
system in selectDWD().

Intended to be called via readDWD().
```

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> berry-b@gmx.de>, May 2022.
```

See Also

readDWD()

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
link <- selectDWD(res="hourly", var="sun", per="r", meta=TRUE)[2]
file <- dataDWD(link, dir=locdir(), read=FALSE)
readDWD(file)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

readDWD.radar 45

a	
---	--

Description

read gridded radolan radar data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

Usage

```
readDWD.radar(
   file,
   gargs = NULL,
   toraster = TRUE,
   dividebyten = TRUE,
   quiet = rdwdquiet(),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/hourly/radolan/recent/bin/ raa01-rw_10000-1802020250-dwd—bin.gz
gargs	Named list of arguments passed to R.utils::gunzip(), see readDWD.raster(). DEFAULT: NULL
toraster	Logical: convert output (list of matrixes + meta informations) to a list with data (terra::rast) + meta (list from the first subfile, but with vector of dates)? DEFAULT: TRUE
dividebyten	Logical: Divide the numerical values by 10? See readDWD. toraster??? DE-FAULT: TRUE
quiet	<pre>Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()</pre>
	$Further \ arguments \ passed \ to \ dwdradar:: readRadarFile(), i.e. \ na \ and \ clutter$

Value

Invisible list with dat (matrix or raster, depending on toraster) and meta (list with elements from header)

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool, <berry-b@gmx.de>, Aug 2019. Significant input for the underlying dwdradar::readRadarFile() came from Henning Rust & Christoph Ritschel at FU Berlin.

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See Also

```
readDWD(), especially readDWD.binary()
https://wradlib.org for much more extensive radar analysis in Python
Kompositformatbeschreibung at https://www.dwd.de/DE/leistungen/radolan/radolan.html
for format description
```

Examples

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
# recent radar files
rrf <- indexFTP("hourly/radolan/recent/bin", base=gridbase, dir=tempdir())
lrf <- dataDWD(rrf[773], base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE, dir=tempdir(), read=FALSE)
r <- readDWD(lrf)
plotRadar(r$dat, main=paste("mm in 24 hours preceding", r$meta$date))
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

readDWD.raster

read dwd gridded raster data

Description

Read gridded raster data. Intended to be called via readDWD(). Note that R.utils must be installed to unzip the .asc.gz files.

Usage

```
readDWD.raster(file, gargs = NULL, dividebyten, quiet = rdwdquiet(), ...)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/grids_germany/seasonal/air_temperature_mean/16_DJF_grids_germany_seasonal_air_temp_mean_188216.asc.gz
gargs	Named list of arguments passed to R.utils::gunzip(). The internal defaults are: remove=FALSE (recommended to keep this so file does not get deleted) and skip=TRUE (which reads previously unzipped files as is). If file has changed, use gargs=list(temporary=TRUE). The gunzip default destname means that the unzipped file is stored at the same path as file. DEFAULT gargs: NULL
dividebyten	Logical: Divide the numerical values by 10? See readDWD. DEFAULT: TRUE
quiet	Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
	Further arguments passed to terra::rast()

Value

```
terra::rast object
```

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Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 berry-b@gmx.de>, Dec 2018

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

Examples

readDWD.rklim

read dwd gridded radklim binary data

Description

```
read gridded radklim binary data. Intended to be called via readDWD(). Note: needs dwdradar >= 0.2.6 (2021-08-08)
```

Usage

```
readDWD.rklim(
  file,
  exdir = NULL,
  unpacked = NULL,
  selection = NULL,
  toraster = TRUE,
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  progbar = !quiet,
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/5_minutes_radolan_reproc_2017_002_bin_2020_YW2017
exdir	Directory to unzip into. If existing, only the needed files will be unpacked with untar(). Note that exdir size will be around 17 GB for 5-minute files. If unpacked=FALSE, exdir can contain other files that will be ignored for the actual reading. DEFAULT: basename(file) at tempdir
unpacked	Manually indicate whether .tar.gz files within .tar file have already been unpacked before. DEFAULT: NULL: checks if 'yw.*-bin' file(s) are present
selection	Optionally read only a subset of the $\sim 12 \times 24 \times 30/31 = 8640$ files. Called as f[selection]. DEFAULT: NULL (ignored)
toraster	Logical: convert to terra::rast? see readDWD.binary DEFAULT: TRUE
quiet	Suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
progbar	Show progress bars? DEFAULT: !quiet, i.e. TRUE
• • •	Further arguments passed to dwdradar::readRadarFile(), i.e. na and clutter

Value

list depending on argument toraster, see there for details

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Aug 2021.

See Also

```
readDWD.binary(), radar locations from https://www.dwd.de/DE/leistungen/radarklimatologie/
radklim_kompositformat_1_0.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=1
```

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
yw_link <- "/5_minutes/radolan/reproc/2017_002/bin/2022/YW2017.002_202203.tar"</pre>
# 202006 has untar error on Mac, 2023-04, maybe due to incomplete download
yw_file <- dataDWD(url=yw_link, base=gridbase, joinbf=TRUE, read=FALSE) # 207 MB</pre>
x <- readDWD(yw_file, selection=3641:3644)</pre>
# 00:30 for tar files, 01:40 for unpacking.
# If you need a preselection argument, let me know.
terra::plot(x$dat)
plotRadar(x$dat[[1]], extent="rw") # better extent below
f <- \ system.file("tests//raa01-yw2017.002_10000-2006131525-dwd---bin", \ package="dwdradar") \\
# https://stackoverflow.com/a/72207233/1587132 on how to install with tests folder
if(!file.exists(f)){
# Clone from https://github.com/brry/dwdradar:
f <- locdir(file="binary_testfile")</pre>
download.file(paste0("https://github.com/brry/dwdradar/raw/master/tests/",
                     "raa01-yw2017.002_10000-2006131525-dwd---bin"), f, mode="wb")
}
```

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```
x <- dwdradar::readRadarFile(f)</pre>
x$dat <- terra::rast(x$dat)
terra::plot(x$dat)
plotRadar(x$dat, extent=c(-360, 380, -4730 ,-3690))
radloc <- read.table(header=T, sep=",", text="</pre>
ND, NM, NS ,
                ED, EM, ES
53, 33, 50.4,
                06, 44, 53.9
51, 07, 26.5,
                13, 45, 48.5
51, 24, 18.5,
                06, 57, 49.8
47, 52, 21.3,
                08, 00, 24.6
54, 10, 23.2,
                12, 06, 25.3
52, 28, 40.3,
                13, 23, 13.0
54, 00, 15.8,
                10, 02, 48.7
51, 07, 28.7,
                13, 46, 07.1
49, 32, 26.4,
                12, 24, 10.0
53, 20, 19.4,
                07, 01, 25.5
51, 24, 20.2,
                06, 58, 01.6
47, 52, 25.0,
                08, 00, 13.0
51, 20, 06.0,
                08, 51, 09.0
51, 18, 40.3,
                08, 48, 07.2
50, 03, 06.0,
                08, 34, 05.0
50, 01, 20.8,
                08, 33, 30.7
53, 37, 16.5,
                09, 59, 47.6
52, 27, 47.0,
                09, 41, 53.9
52, 27, 36.2,
                09, 41, 40.2
48, 10, 28.9,
                12, 06, 06.3
48, 02, 31.7,
                10, 13, 09.2
48, 20, 10.9,
                11, 36, 42.1
50, 30, 00.4,
                11, 08, 06.2
50, 06, 34.7,
                06, 32, 53.9
49, 59, 05.1,
                08, 42, 46.6
52, 38, 55.2,
                13, 51, 29.6
54, 10, 32.4,
                12, 03, 29.1
48, 35, 07.0,
                09, 46, 58.0
52, 09, 36.3,
                11, 10, 33.9")
radloc$x <- radloc$ED + radloc$EM/60 + radloc$ES/3600</pre>
radloc$y <- radloc$ND + radloc$NM/60 + radloc$NS/3600</pre>
for(i in 1:29) berryFunctions::circle(radloc$x[i], radloc$y[i], 0.9)
## End(Not run)
```

readDWD.stand

read subdaily/standard_format dwd data

Description

read subdaily/standard_format dwd data. Intended to be called via readDWD().

All other observational data at dwdbase can be read with readDWD.data(), except for the multi_annual and subdaily/standard_format data.

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Usage

```
readDWD.stand(
  file,
  fast = TRUE,
  fileEncoding = "latin1",
  formIndex = formatIndex,
 quiet = rdwdquiet(),
)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file on harddrive, like e.g. DWDdata/subdaily_standard_format_kl_10381_00_akt.txt or DWDdata/subdaily_standard_format_kl_10381_bis_1999.txt.gz
fast	Logical: use readr::read_fwf() instead of read.fwf()? Takes 0.1 instead of 20 seconds but requires package to be installed. if fast=TRUE, fileEncoding is ignored. DEFAULT: TRUE
fileEncoding	read.table() file encoding. DEFAULT: "latin1" (potentially needed on Linux, optional but not hurting on windows)
formIndex	Single object: Index used to select column widts and NA values. To use a current / custom index, see the source code of updateIndexes() at https://github.com/brry/rdwd/blob/master/R/updateIndexes.R. DEFAULT: formatIndex
quiet	Ignored. DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
	Further arguments passed to read.fwf() or readr::read_fwf()

Value

data.frame with column names as per formatIndex. "Q"-columns have "_parameter" appended to their name. A "Date" column has been added. NA-indicators have been processed into NAs.

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> berry-b@gmx.de>, Oct 2019
```

See Also

```
readDWD()
```

```
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks, but run in localtests
link <- selectDWD(res="subdaily", var="standard_format", per="r")</pre>
link <- link[grepl("10381", link, fixed=TRUE)]</pre>
# Not ID, according to meta data, hence no longer in column id (2023-04).
file <- dataDWD(link, dir=locdir(), read=FALSE)</pre>
sf <- readDWD(file)</pre>
```

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```
sf2 <- readDWD(file, fast=FALSE) # 20 secs!
stopifnot(all.equal(sf, sf2))
plot(sf$Date, sf$SHK, type="1")
# Plot all columns:
if(FALSE){ # not run in any automated testing
tmp <- tempfile(fileext=".pdf")</pre>
char2fact <- function(x)</pre>
if(all(is.na(x))) return(rep(-9, len=length(x)))
if(!is.numeric(x)) as.factor(x) else x
}
pdf(tmp, width=9)
par(mfrow=c(2,1), mar=c(2,3,2,0.1), mgp=c(3,0.7,0), las=1)
for(i in 3:ncol(sf)-1) plot(sf$Date, char2fact(sf[,i]), type="1", main=colnames(sf)[i], ylab="")
dev.off()
berryFunctions::openFile(tmp)
}
## End(Not run)
```

readMeta

Process data from the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

Read climate meta info textfiles in zip folders downloaded with dataDWD().

Usage

```
readMeta(file, progbar = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file Char (vector): name(s) of the zip file(s) downloaded with dataDWD(), e.g. "~/DWD-

data/tageswerte_KL_02575_akt.zip"

progbar Logical: present a progress bar with estimated remaining time? If missing and

length(file)==1, progbar is internally set to FALSE. DEFAULT: TRUE

... Further arguments passed to read.table()

Value

Invisible named list of data.frames; or a list of lists, if length(file)>1.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,

 derry-b@gmx.de>, 2016 + March 2019

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See Also

```
dataDWD(), readVars(), readDWD()
```

Examples

see dataDWD

readVars

Process data from the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

Read climate variables (column meta data) from zip folders downloaded with dataDWD(). The metadata file "Metadaten_Parameter.*txt" in the zip folder file is read, processed and returned as a data.frame.

file can be a vector with several filenames.

Usage

```
readVars(file, params = dwdparams, quiet = rdwdquiet(), progbar = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	Char (vector): name(s) of the file(s) downloaded with dataDWD(), e.g. "~/DWD-data/tageswerte_KL_02575_akt.zip"
params	data.frame: Parameter explanations. DEFAULT: dwdparams
quiet	Suppress message about non-abbreviated parameters? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
progbar	Logical: present a progress bar with estimated remaining time? If missing and length(file)==1, progbar is internally set to FALSE. DEFAULT: TRUE

Value

data.frame of the desired dataset, or a named list of data.frames if length(file) > 1.

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> Serry-b@gmx.de>, Jun 2018
```

See Also

```
dataDWD(), readDWD(), dwdparams, newColumnNames()
readMeta() for complete Metadaten_Parameter file.
website use case
```

rowDisplay 53

Examples

see dataDWD

rowDisplay

Create leaflet map popup from data.frame rows

Description

Create display character string for leaflet map popup from data.frame rows. This function is not exported, as it is only internally useful. A generic version is available in berryFunctions::popleaf().

Usage

```
rowDisplay(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

data.frame with colnames

Value

Vector of character strings, one for each row in x.

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,
 Serry-b@gmx.de>, Feb 2017

See Also

geoIndex

runLocalTests

run local tests of rdwd

Description

Run rdwd tests on local machine. Due to time-intensive data downloads, these tests are not run automatically on CRAN.

Usage

```
runLocalTests(
  dir_data = locdir(),
  dir_exmpl = berryFunctions::packagePath(file = "misc/ExampleTests"),
  start = 1,
  quiet = rdwdquiet()
)
```

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Arguments

dir_data	Reusable data location. Preferably not under version control. DEFAULT: locdir()
dir_exmpl	Reusable example location. DEFAULT: local directory
start	Number to start tests at, helpful for partially successful runs. DEFAULT: 1
quiet	Suppress progress messages? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()

Value

Time taken to run tests in minutes

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> <br/> berry-b@gmx.de>, Apr-Oct 2019
```

See Also

```
locdir()
```

selectDWD

Select data from the DWD CDC FTP Server

Description

```
Select data files for downloading with dataDWD(). The available res/var/per folders with datasets are listed online. Set res="", var="", per="" to avoid the default interactive selection. The arguments name/id and res/var/per can be vectors.
```

Usage

```
selectDWD(
 name = "",
 res = NA,
 var = NA,
 per = NA,
 expand = TRUE,
 id = findID(name, exactmatch = exactmatch, mindex = mindex, quiet = quiet, failempty =
    failempty),
  exactmatch = TRUE,
 mindex = metaIndex,
  failempty = TRUE,
  findex = fileIndex,
  current = FALSE,
 base = dwdbase,
 meta = FALSE,
 quiet = rdwdquiet(),
)
```

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Arguments

8	
name	Char: station name(s) passed to findID(), along with exactmatch, mindex and failempty. All 3 arguments are ignored if id is given. DEFAULT: "" (all stations at res/var/per)
res	Char: temporal res olution at base, e.g. "hourly", "daily", "monthly". See section 'Description' above and fileIndex. Use res="" for matching options from all resolutions. DEFAULT: NA for interactive selection
var	Char: weather var iable of interest, e.g. "air_temperature", "cloudiness", "precipitation", "so See section 'Description' above and fileIndex . DEFAULT: NA for interactive selection
per	Char: desired time per iod, e.g. "recent" (up to date records from the last 1.5 years) or "historical" (long time series). Can be abbreviated. To get both datasets, use per="hr". DEFAULT: NA for interactive selection
expand	Logical: get all possible res/var/per combinations? Set to FALSE if you want only the given combinations. If FALSE, they cannot be NA or "". DEFAULT: TRUE
id	Char/Number: station ID with or without leading zeros, e.g. "00614" or 614. Is internally converted to an integer. Use NA (the default from findID) to get all data at res/var/per. DEFAULT: findID(name, exaxtmatch, mindex, failempty)
exactmatch	Logical passed to findID(): match name with ==)? Else with grep1(). DE-FAULT: TRUE
mindex	Single object: Index with metadata passed to findID(). DEFAULT: metaIndex
failempty	Fail if no matching station is found in findID()? Avoid downloading all files. DEFAULT: TRUE
findex	Single object: Index used to select filename, as returned by createIndex().To use a current / custom index, see current and https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/fileindex.html. DEFAULT: fileIndex
current	Single logical when res/var/per is given: instead of findex, use a list of the currently available files at base/res/var/per? This will call indexFTP(), thus requires availability of the RCurl package. See https://bookdown.org/brry/rdwd/fileindex.html. DEFAULT: FALSE
base	Single char: main directory of DWD ftp server. Must be the same base used to create findex. DEFAULT: dwdbase
meta	Logical: select Beschreibung file from ismeta entries in findex? See metaIndex for a compilation of all Beschreibung files. See the 'Examples' section for handling pdf and txt files. DEFAULT: FALSE
quiet	Suppress id length warnings? DEFAULT: FALSE through rdwdquiet()
• • •	Further arguments passed to indexFTP() if current=TRUE, except folder and base.

Value

Character string with file path and name(s) in the format "base/res/var/per/filename.zip"

56 selectDWD

Author(s)

Berry Boessenkool,

 derry-b@gmx.de>, Oct 2016, rewritten May 2022

See Also

dataDWD(), metaIndex, website station selection chapter

```
# Give weather station name (must exist in metaIndex):
selectDWD("Potsdam", res="daily", var="kl", per="historical")
# all files for all stations matching "Koeln":
tail(selectDWD("Koeln", res="", var="", per="", exactmatch=FALSE)) # 686 files
findID("Koeln", FALSE)
## Not run: # Excluded from CRAN checks to save time
# selectDWD("Potsdam") # interactive selection of res/var/per
# directly give station ID:
selectDWD(id="00386", res="daily", var="kl", per="historical")
selectDWD(id=537, "", "", "", "") # 8 files
# period can be abbreviated:
selectDWD(id="5419", res="daily", var="kl", per="h")
# selectDWD is vectorizable!
# since version 1.5.28 (2022-05-12) outer product, not elementwise comparison:
selectDWD("Freiburg", res="daily", var="kl", per="rh")
selectDWD("Freiburg", res=c("daily","monthly"), var="kl", per="r")
selectDWD("Freiburg", res=c("daily","monthly"), var="kl", per="hr")
# get old behaviour (needed e.g. in nearbyStations):
ids <- c(3761,3761, 3603)
# all combinations:
selectDWD(id=ids, res="daily", var="kl", per=c("h","r","r")) # 4
# only given combinations:
selectDWD(id=ids, res="daily", var="kl", per=c("h","r","r"), expand=FALSE) # 3
# all files in all paths matching id:
head( selectDWD(id=c(1050, 386), res="",var="",per="") ) # 277 files
# all files in a given path (if ID is empty):
head( selectDWD(id="", res="daily", var="kl", per="recent") ) # 585 files
selectDWD(id=386, res="monthly", var="kl", per="h")
# Meta data - Description and Beschreibung txt/pdf files.:
# manually select .txt (not pdf) files for automated opening with readDWD.
link <- selectDWD(res="monthly", var="kl", per="h", meta=TRUE) # omit ID/Name!
link
link2 <- grep("\\.txt$", link, value=TRUE) ; link2</pre>
m <- dataDWD(link2, dir=locdir())</pre>
```

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```
head(m)
#
# Open PDF files with your system's default Viewer:
dataDWD(link[1], dir=locdir())
## End(Not run)
```

updateRdwd

Update rdwd development version

Description

Update rdwd to the latest development version on github, if necessary. If the version number or date is larger on github, remotes::install_github() will be called.

Usage

```
updateRdwd(
  pack = "rdwd",
  user = "brry",
  vignette = NA,
  quiet = rdwdquiet(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

pack		Name of (already installed) package. DEFAULT: "rdwd"
user		Github username. repo will then be user/pack. DEFAULT: "brry"
vign	ette	build_vignettes in remotes::install_github()? DEFAULT: NA (changed to TRUE if rmarkdown and knitr are available)
quie	t	$Suppress\ version\ messages\ and\ remotes:: install\ output?\ DEFAULT:\ FALSE\ through\ rdwdquiet()$
		Further arguments passed to remotes::install_github()

Value

data.frame with version information

Author(s)

```
Berry Boessenkool, <br/> berry-b@gmx.de>, Nov 2019
```

See Also

```
remotes::install_github()
```

58 validFileTypes

Examples

updateRdwd()

 ${\tt validFileTypes}$

 $valid\ file Type\ values$

Description

fileType values that have a reading subfunction readDWD.ftype().

Usage

validFileTypes

Format

An object of class character of length 13.

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