Package 'daiquiri'

July 18, 2023

Type Package
Title Data Quality Reporting for Temporal Datasets
Version 1.1.1

Description Generate reports that enable quick visual review of temporal shifts in record-level data. Time series plots showing aggregated values are automatically created for each data field (column) depending on its contents (e.g. min/max/mean values for numeric data, no. of distinct values for categorical data), as well as overviews for missing values, non-conformant values, and duplicated rows. The resulting reports are shareable and can contribute to forming a transparent record of the entire analysis process. It is designed with Electronic Health Records in mind, but can be used for any type of record-level temporal data (i.e. tabular data where each row represents a single ``event", one column contains the ``event date", and other columns contain any associated values for the event).

```
URL https://github.com/ropensci/daiquiri,
      https://ropensci.github.io/daiquiri/
BugReports https://github.com/ropensci/daiquiri/issues
License GPL (>= 3)
Encoding UTF-8
Imports data.table (>= 1.12.8), readr (>= 2.0.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.1.0),
      scales (\geq 1.1.0), cowplot (\geq 0.9.3), rmarkdown, reactable (\geq
      0.2.3), utils, stats, xfun (>= 0.15)
RoxygenNote 7.2.0
Suggests covr, knitr, testthat (>= 3.0.0), codemetar
VignetteBuilder knitr
Config/testthat/edition 3
NeedsCompilation no
Author T. Phuong Quan [aut, cre] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8566-1817">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8566-1817</a>),
      Jack Cregan [ctb],
      University of Oxford [cph],
      National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) [fnd],
      Brad Cannell [rev]
```

2 aggregate_data

Maintainer T. Phuong Quan <phuong.quan@ndm.ox.ac.uk>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2023-07-18 16:50:09 UTC

R topics documented:

	aggregate_data	2
	close_log	3
	daiquiri_report	4
	export_aggregated_data	6
	field_types	7
	field_types_available	8
	initialise_log	10
	prepare_data	11
	read_data	12
	report_data	14
	template_field_types	15
Index		17

aggregate_data

Aggregate source data

Description

Aggregates a daiquiri_source_data object based on the field_types() specified at load time. Default time period for aggregation is a calendar day

Usage

```
aggregate_data(source_data, aggregation_timeunit = "day", show_progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Value

A daiquiri_aggregated_data object

See Also

```
prepare_data(), report_data()
```

close_log 3

Examples

```
# load example data into a data.frame
raw_data <- read_data(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
 delim = ",",
 col_names = TRUE
)
# validate and prepare the data for aggregation
source_data <- prepare_data(</pre>
 raw_data,
 field_types = field_types(
   PrescriptionID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
   PrescriptionDate = ft_timepoint(),
   AdmissionDate = ft_datetime(includes_time = FALSE),
   Drug = ft_freetext(),
   Dose = ft_numeric(),
   DoseUnit = ft_categorical(),
   PatientID = ft_ignore(),
   Location = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = TRUE)
 ),
 override_column_names = FALSE,
 na = c("", "NULL")
)
# aggregate the data
aggregated_data <- aggregate_data(</pre>
 source_data,
 aggregation_timeunit = "day"
aggregated_data
```

close_log

Close any active log file

Description

Close any active log file

```
close_log()
```

4 daiquiri_report

Value

If a log file was found, the path to the log file that was closed, otherwise an empty string

Examples

```
close_log()
```

daiquiri_report

Create a data quality report from a data frame

Description

Accepts record-level data from a data frame, validates it against the expected type of content of each column, generates a collection of time series plots for visual inspection, and saves a report to disk.

Usage

```
daiquiri_report(
   df,
   field_types,
   override_column_names = FALSE,
   na = c("", "NA", "NULL"),
   dataset_description = NULL,
   aggregation_timeunit = "day",
   report_title = "daiquiri data quality report",
   save_directory = ".",
   save_filename = NULL,
   show_progress = TRUE,
   log_directory = NULL
)
```

Arguments

A data frame. Rectangular data can be read from file using read_data(). See

Details.

field_types () object specifying names and types of fields (columns) in the

supplied df. See also field_types_available.

override_column_names

If FALSE, column names in the supplied df must match the names specified in field_types exactly. If TRUE, column names in the supplied df will be replaced with the names specified in field_types. The specification must therefore contribute the property of the property o

tain the columns in the correct order. Default = FALSE

vector containing strings that should be interpreted as missing values, Default = c("", "NA", "NULL").

na

daiquiri_report 5

```
dataset_description
                  Short description of the dataset being checked. This will appear on the report.
                  If blank, the name of the data frame object will be used
aggregation_timeunit
                  Unit of time to aggregate over. Specify one of "day", "week", "month", "quarter",
                   "year". The "week" option is Monday-based. Default = "day"
                  Title to appear on the report
report_title
                  String specifying directory in which to save the report. Default is current direc-
save_directory
                  tory.
                  String specifying filename for the report, excluding any file extension. If no file-
save_filename
                  name is supplied, one will be automatically generated with the format daiquiri_report_YYMMDD_HHMMSS
                  Print progress to console. Default = TRUE
show_progress
log_directory
                  String specifying directory in which to save log file. If no directory is supplied,
                  progress is not logged.
```

Value

A list containing information relating to the supplied parameters as well as the resulting daiquiri_source_data and daiquiri_aggregated_data objects.

Details

In order for the package to detect any non-conformant values in numeric or datetime fields, these should be present in the data frame in their raw character format. Rectangular data from a text file will automatically be read in as character type if you use the read_data() function. Data frame columns that are not of class character will still be processed according to the field_types specified.

See Also

```
read_data(), field_types(), field_types_available()
```

```
# load example data into a data.frame
raw_data <- read_data(
    system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
    delim = ",",
    col_names = TRUE
)

# create a report in the current directory
daiq_obj <- daiquiri_report(
    raw_data,
    field_types = field_types(
        PrescriptionID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
        PrescriptionDate = ft_timepoint(),
        AdmissionDate = ft_datetime(includes_time = FALSE, na = "1800-01-01"),</pre>
```

```
Drug = ft_freetext(),
   Dose = ft_numeric(),
   DoseUnit = ft_categorical(),
   PatientID = ft_ignore(),
   Location = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = TRUE)
 ),
 override_column_names = FALSE,
 na = c("", "NULL"),
 dataset_description = "Example data provided with package",
 aggregation_timeunit = "day",
 report_title = "daiquiri data quality report",
 save_directory = ".",
 save_filename = "example_data_report",
 show_progress = TRUE,
 log_directory = NULL
)
```

export_aggregated_data

Export aggregated data

Description

Export aggregated data to disk. Creates a separate file for each aggregated field in dataset.

Usage

```
export_aggregated_data(
  aggregated_data,
  save_directory,
  save_file_prefix = "",
  save_file_type = "csv"
)
```

Arguments

```
aggregated_data
A daiquiri_aggregated_data object
save_directory String. Full or relative path for save folder
save_file_prefix
String. Optional prefix for the exported filenames
save_file_type String. Filetype extension supported by readr, currently only csv allowed
```

Value

(invisibly) The daiquiri_aggregated_data object that was passed in

field_types 7

Examples

```
raw_data <- read_data(</pre>
  system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
  delim = ",",
  col_names = TRUE
)
source_data <- prepare_data(</pre>
  raw_data,
  field_types = field_types(
    PrescriptionID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
    PrescriptionDate = ft_timepoint(),
    AdmissionDate = ft_datetime(includes_time = FALSE),
    Drug = ft_freetext(),
    Dose = ft_numeric(),
    DoseUnit = ft_categorical(),
    PatientID = ft_ignore(),
    Location = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = TRUE)
  ),
  override_column_names = FALSE,
  na = c("", "NULL")
aggregated_data <- aggregate_data(</pre>
  source_data,
  aggregation_timeunit = "day"
)
export_aggregated_data(
  aggregated_data,
  save_directory = ".",
  save_file_prefix = "ex_"
)
```

field_types

Create field_types specification

Description

Specify the names and types of fields in the source data frame. This is important because the data in each field will be aggregated in different ways, depending on its field_type. See field_types_available

```
field_types(...)
```

field_types_available

Arguments

... names and types of fields (columns) in source data.

Value

```
A field_types object
```

See Also

```
field_types_available(), template_field_types()
```

Examples

```
fts <- field_types(
  PatientID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
  TestID = ft_ignore(),
  TestDate = ft_timepoint(),
  TestName = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = FALSE),
  TestResult = ft_numeric(),
  ResultDate = ft_datetime(),
  ResultComment = ft_freetext(),
  Location = ft_categorical()
)</pre>
```

field_types_available Types of data fields available for specification

Description

Each column in the source dataset must be assigned to a particular ft_xx depending on the type of data that it contains. This is done through a field_types() specification.

```
ft_timepoint(includes_time = TRUE, format = "", na = NULL)
ft_uniqueidentifier(na = NULL)
ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = FALSE, na = NULL)
ft_numeric(na = NULL)
ft_datetime(includes_time = TRUE, format = "", na = NULL)
ft_freetext(na = NULL)
```

field_types_available 9

```
ft_simple(na = NULL)
ft_strata(na = NULL)
ft_ignore()
```

Arguments

includes_time If TRUE, additional aggregated values will be generated using the time portion

(and if no time portion is present then midnight will be assumed). If FALSE,

aggregated values will ignore any time portion. Default = TRUE

format Where datetime values are not in the format YYYY-MM-DD or YYYY-MM-DD HH: MM: SS,

an alternative format can be specified at the per field level, using $\texttt{readr}::\texttt{col_datetime}()$

format specifications, e.g. format = "%d/%m/%Y". When a format is supplied, it

must match the complete string.

na Column-specific vector of strings that should be interpreted as missing values

(in addition to those specified at dataset level)

aggregate_by_each_category

If TRUE, aggregated values will be generated for each distinct subcategory as well as for the field overall. If FALSE, aggregated values will only be generated

for the field overall. Default = FALSE

Value

A field_type object denoting the type of data in the column

Details

ft_timepoint() - identifies the data field which should be used as the independent time variable. There should be one and only one of these specified.

ft_uniqueidentifier() - identifies data fields which contain a (usually computer-generated) identifier for an entity, e.g. a patient. It does not need to be unique within the dataset.

ft_categorical() - identifies data fields which should be treated as categorical.

ft_numeric() - identifies data fields which contain numeric values that should be treated as continuous. Any values which contain non-numeric characters (including grouping marks) will be classed as non-conformant

ft_datetime() - identifies data fields which contain date values that should be treated as continuous.

ft_freetext() - identifies data fields which contain free text values. Only presence/missingness will be evaluated.

ft_simple() - identifies data fields where you only want presence/missingness to be evaluated (but which are not necessarily free text).

ft_strata() - identifies a categorical data field which should be used to stratify the rest of the data.

ft_ignore() - identifies data fields which should be ignored. These will not be loaded.

10 initialise_log

See Also

```
field_types(), template_field_types()
```

Examples

```
fts <- field_types(
  PatientID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
  TestID = ft_ignore(),
  TestDate = ft_timepoint(),
  TestName = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = FALSE),
  TestResult = ft_numeric(),
  ResultDate = ft_datetime(),
  ResultComment = ft_freetext(),
  Location = ft_categorical()
)

ft_simple()</pre>
```

initialise_log

Initialise a log file

Description

Choose a directory in which to save the log file. If this is not called, no log file is created.

Usage

```
initialise_log(log_directory)
```

Arguments

log_directory String containing directory to save log file

Value

Character string containing the full path to the newly-created log file

```
log_name <- initialise_log(".")
log_name</pre>
```

prepare_data 11

prepare_data

Prepare source data

Description

Validate a data frame against a field_types() specification, and prepare for aggregation.

Usage

```
prepare_data(
   df,
   field_types,
   override_column_names = FALSE,
   na = c("", "NA", "NULL"),
   dataset_description = NULL,
   show_progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

df A data frame

field_types

field_types() object specifying names and types of fields (columns) in the

supplied df. See also field_types_available.

override_column_names

If FALSE, column names in the supplied df must match the names specified in field_types exactly. If TRUE, column names in the supplied df will be replaced with the names specified in field_types. The specification must therefore contain the columns in the correct order. Default = FALSE

tain the columns in the correct order. Default = FALSE

na

vector containing strings that should be interpreted as missing values. Default = c("", "NA", "NULL"). Additional column-specific values can be specified in the field_types() object

dataset_description

Short description of the dataset being checked. This will appear on the report. If blank, the name of the data frame object will be used

show_progress Print progress to console. Default = TRUE

Value

A daiquiri_source_data object

See Also

```
field_types(), field_types_available(), aggregate_data(), report_data(), daiquiri_report()
```

12 read_data

Examples

```
# load example data into a data.frame
raw_data <- read_data(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
 delim = ",",
 col_names = TRUE
)
# validate and prepare the data for aggregation
source_data <- prepare_data(</pre>
 raw_data,
 field_types = field_types(
   PrescriptionID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
   PrescriptionDate = ft_timepoint(),
   AdmissionDate = ft_datetime(includes_time = FALSE),
   Drug = ft_freetext(),
   Dose = ft_numeric(),
   DoseUnit = ft_categorical(),
   PatientID = ft_ignore(),
   Location = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = TRUE)
 ),
 override_column_names = FALSE,
 na = c("", "NULL"),
 dataset_description = "Example data provided with package"
source_data
```

read_data

Read delimited data for optimal use with daiquiri

Description

Popular file readers such as readr::read_delim() perform datatype conversion by default, which can interfere with daiquiri's ability to detect non-conformant values. Use this function instead to ensure optimal compatibility with daiquiri's features.

```
read_data(
   file,
   delim = NULL,
   col_names = TRUE,
   quote = "\"",
   trim_ws = TRUE,
   comment = "",
   skip = 0,
   n_max = Inf,
   show_progress = TRUE)
```

read_data 13

Arguments

file	A string containing path of file containing data to load, or a URL starting http://, file://, etc. Compressed files with extension .gz, .bz2, .xz and .zip are supported.
delim	Single character used to separate fields within a record. E.g. "," or "\t"
col_names	Either TRUE, FALSE or a character vector of column names. If TRUE, the first row of the input will be used as the column names, and will not be included in the data frame. If FALSE, column names will be generated automatically. Default = TRUE
quote	Single character used to quote strings.
trim_ws	Should leading and trailing whitespace be trimmed from each field?
comment	A string used to identify comments. Any text after the comment characters will be silently ignored
skip	Number of lines to skip before reading data. If comment is supplied any commented lines are ignored after skipping
n_max	Maximum number of lines to read.

Details

This function is aimed at non-expert users of R, and operates as a restricted implementation of readr::read_delim(). If you prefer to use read_delim() directly, ensure you set the following parameters: col_types = readr::cols(.default = "c") and na = character()

Display a progress bar? Default = TRUE

Value

A data frame

show_progress

See Also

```
field_types(), field_types_available(), aggregate_data(), report_data(), daiquiri_report()
```

```
raw_data <- read_data(
   system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
   delim = ",",
   col_names = TRUE
)
head(raw_data)</pre>
```

14 report_data

report_data Generate report from existing objects

Description

Generate report from previously-created daiquiri_source_data and daiquiri_aggregated_data objects

Usage

```
report_data(
   source_data,
   aggregated_data,
   report_title = "daiquiri data quality report",
   save_directory = ".",
   save_filename = NULL,
   format = "html",
   show_progress = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

source_data

A daiquiri_aggregated_data object returned from aggregate_data() function

report_title Title to appear on the report

save_directory String specifying directory in which to save the report. Default is current directory.

Save_filename String specifying filename for the report, excluding any file extension. If no filename is supplied, one will be automatically generated with the format daiquiri_report_YYMMDD_HHMMSS

format File format of the report. Currently only "html" is supported

show_progress Print progress to console. Default = TRUE

Further parameters to be passed to rmarkdown::render(). Cannot include any

of input, output_dir, output_file, params, quiet.

A daiquiri_source_data object returned from prepare_data() function

Value

A string containing the name and path of the saved report

See Also

```
prepare_data(), aggregate_data(), daiquiri_report()
```

template_field_types 15

```
# load example data into a data.frame
raw_data <- read_data(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "example_prescriptions.csv", package = "daiquiri"),
 delim = ",",
 col_names = TRUE
# validate and prepare the data for aggregation
source_data <- prepare_data(</pre>
 raw_data,
 field_types = field_types(
   PrescriptionID = ft_uniqueidentifier(),
   PrescriptionDate = ft_timepoint(),
   AdmissionDate = ft_datetime(includes_time = FALSE),
   Drug = ft_freetext(),
   Dose = ft_numeric(),
   DoseUnit = ft_categorical(),
   PatientID = ft_ignore(),
   Location = ft_categorical(aggregate_by_each_category = TRUE)
 ),
 override_column_names = FALSE,
 na = c("", "NULL"),
 dataset_description = "Example data provided with package",
 show_progress = TRUE
)
# aggregate the data
aggregated_data <- aggregate_data(</pre>
 source_data,
 aggregation_timeunit = "day",
 show_progress = TRUE
)
# save a report in the current directory using the previously-created objects
report_data(
 source_data,
 aggregated_data,
 report_title = "daiquiri data quality report",
 save_directory = ".",
 save_filename = "example_data_report",
 show_progress = TRUE
)
```

Description

Helper function to generate template code for a field_types() specification, based on the supplied data frame. All fields (columns) in the specification will be defined using the default_field_type, and the console output can be copied and edited before being used as input to daiquiri_report() or prepare_data().

Usage

```
template_field_types(df, default_field_type = ft_ignore())
```

Arguments

```
df data frame including the column names for the template specification

default_field_type

field_type to be used for each column. Default = ft_ignore(). See field_types_available()
```

Value

(invisibly) Character string containing the template code

See Also

```
field_types()
```

```
df <- data.frame(
   col1 = rep("2022-01-01", 5),
   col2 = rep(1, 5),
   col3 = 1:5,
   col4 = rnorm(5)
)

template_field_types(df, default_field_type = ft_numeric())</pre>
```

Index

```
aggregate_data, 2
aggregate_data(), 11, 13, 14
close_log, 3
daiquiri_report, 4
daiquiri_report(), 11, 13, 14, 16
export_aggregated_data, 6
field_types, 7
field_types(), 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16
field_types_available, 4, 7, 8, 11
field_types_available(), 5, 8, 11, 13, 16
ft_categorical (field_types_available),
ft_datetime(field_types_available), 8
ft_freetext (field_types_available), 8
ft_ignore (field_types_available), 8
ft_ignore(), 16
ft_numeric(field_types_available), 8
ft_simple(field_types_available), 8
ft_strata(field_types_available), 8
ft_timepoint(field_types_available), 8
ft_uniqueidentifier
        (field_types_available), 8
initialise\_log, \textcolor{red}{10}
prepare_data, 11
prepare_data(), 2, 14, 16
read_data, 12
read_data(), 4, 5
readr::col_datetime(),9
readr::read_delim(), 13
report_data, 14
report_data(), 2, 11, 13
template_field_types, 15
template_field_types(), 8, 10
```