# Package 'osmdata'

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```
Title Import 'OpenStreetMap' Data as Simple Features or Spatial
     Objects
Version 0.2.5
Maintainer Mark Padgham <mark.padgham@email.com>
Description Download and import of 'OpenStreetMap' ('OSM') data as 'sf'
     or 'sp' objects. 'OSM' data are extracted from the 'Overpass' web
     server (<https://overpass-api.de/>) and processed with very fast 'C++'
     routines for return to 'R'.
License GPL-3
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     https://github.com/ropensci/osmdata/(devel)
BugReports https://github.com/ropensci/osmdata/issues
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## **Description**

Add a feature to an Overpass query

## Usage

```
add_osm_feature(
  opq,
  key,
  value,
  key_exact = TRUE,
  value_exact = TRUE,
  match_case = TRUE,
  bbox = NULL
)
```

## **Arguments**

opq	An overpass_query object
key	feature key; can be negated with an initial exclamation mark, key = "!this", and can also be a vector if value is missing.
value	<pre>value for feature key; can be negated with an initial exclamation mark, value = "!this", and can also be a vector, value = c ("this", "that").</pre>
key_exact	If FALSE, key is not interpreted exactly; see <a href="https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass_API">https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass_API</a>
value_exact	If FALSE, value is not interpreted exactly
match_case	If FALSE, matching for both key and value is not sensitive to case
bbox	optional bounding box for the feature query; must be set if no opq query bbox has been set

#### Value

```
opq object
```

```
\verb"add_osm_feature" vs" \verb"add_osm_features"
```

Features defined within an add\_osm\_features call are combined with a logical OR.

Chained calls to either add\_osm\_feature or add\_osm\_features() combines features from these calls in a logical AND; this is analogous to chaining dplyr::filter() on a data frame.

```
add_osm_features() with only one feature is logically equivalent to add_osm_feature().
```

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#### Note

key\_exact should generally be TRUE, because OSM uses a reasonably well defined set of possible keys, as returned by available\_features. Setting key\_exact = FALSE allows matching of regular expressions on OSM keys, as described in Section 6.1.5 of https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL. The actual query submitted to the overpass API can be obtained from opq\_string.

#### References

```
https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
```

#### See Also

```
add_osm_features
Other queries: add_osm_features(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

```
## Not run:
q <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
   add_osm_feature (
       key = "amenity",
       value = "restaurant"
   ) %>%
   add_osm_feature (key = "amenity", value = "pub")
osmdata_sf (q) # all objects that are restaurants AND pubs (there are none!)
q1 <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
   add_osm_feature (
       key = "amenity",
       value = "restaurant"
q2 <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
   add_osm_feature (key = "amenity", value = "pub")
c (osmdata_sf (q1), osmdata_sf (q2)) # all restaurants OR pubs
# Use of negation to extract all non-primary highways
q <- opq ("portsmouth uk") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "highway", value = "!primary")
# key negation without warnings
q3 <- opq ("Vinçà", osm_type="node") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = c("name", "!name:ca"))
q4 <- opq ("el Carxe", osm_type="node") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "natural", value = "peak") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "!ele")
## End(Not run)
```

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add_osm_features	Add multiple features to an Overpass query	

#### **Description**

Alternative version of add\_osm\_feature for creating single queries with multiple features. Keyvalue matching may be controlled by using the filter symbols described in https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#By\_tag\_.28has-kv.29.

## Usage

```
add_osm_features(
  opq,
  features,
  bbox = NULL,
  key_exact = TRUE,
  value_exact = TRUE
```

#### **Arguments**

opq An overpass\_query object

features A named list or vector with the format list("<key>" = "<value>") or c("<key>"

= "<value>") or a character vector of key-value pairs with keys and values en-

closed in escape-formatted quotations. See examples for details.

bbox optional bounding box for the feature query; must be set if no opq query bbox

has been set.

key\_exact If FALSE, key is not interpreted exactly; see https://wiki.openstreetmap.

org/wiki/Overpass\_API

value\_exact If FALSE, value is not interpreted exactly

#### Value

opq object

 $\verb"add_osm_feature" vs" \verb"add_osm_features"$ 

Features defined within an add\_osm\_features call are combined with a logical OR.

Chained calls to either add\_osm\_feature or add\_osm\_features() combines features from these calls in a logical AND; this is analogous to chaining dplyr::filter() on a data frame.

add\_osm\_features() with only one feature is logically equivalent to add\_osm\_feature().

#### References

https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map\_Features

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#### See Also

```
add_osm_feature
```

```
Other queries: add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
q <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
   add_osm_features (features = list (
        "amenity" = "restaurant",
        "amenity" = "pub"
   ))
q <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
    add_osm_features (features = c (
        "\"amenity\"=\"restaurant\"",
        "\"amenity\"=\"pub\""
   ))
# This extracts in a single query the same result as the following:
q1 <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
   add_osm_feature (
       key = "amenity",
       value = "restaurant"
q2 <- opq ("portsmouth usa") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "amenity", value = "pub")
c (osmdata_sf (q1), osmdata_sf (q2)) # all restaurants OR pubs
## End(Not run)
```

available\_features

List recognized features in OSM

## **Description**

List recognized features in OSM

## Usage

```
available_features()
```

#### Value

character vector of all known features

#### Note

requires internet access

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#### References

```
https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
```

## See Also

```
Other osminfo: available_tags()
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
available_features ()
## End(Not run)
```

available\_tags

List tags associated with a feature

## Description

List tags associated with a feature

## Usage

```
available_tags(feature)
```

## Arguments

feature

feature to retrieve

## Value

character vector of all known tags for a feature

## Note

requires internet access

#### References

```
https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Map_Features
```

#### See Also

```
Other osminfo: available_features()
```

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## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
available_tags ("aerialway")
## End(Not run)
```

bbox\_to\_string

Convert a named matrix or a named or unnamed vector or data.frame to a string

## Description

This function converts a bounding box into a string for use in web apis

#### **Usage**

```
bbox_to_string(bbox)
```

#### **Arguments**

bbox

bounding box as character, matrix, vector or a data.frame with osm\_type and osm\_id columns. If character, the bbox will be found (geocoded) and extracted with getbb. Unnamed vectors will be sorted appropriately and must merely be in the order (x, y, x, y).

## Value

A character string representing min x, min y, max x, and max y bounds. For example: "15.3152361,76.4406446,15.355236 is the bounding box for Hampi, India. For data.frames with OSM objects, a character string representing a set of OSM objects in overpass query language. For example: "relation(id:11747082)" represents the area of the Catalan Countries. A set of objects can also be represented for multirow data.frames (e.g. "relation(id:11747082, 307833); way(id:22422490)").

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

```
## Not run:
bbox_to_string (getbb ("València"))
bbox_to_string (getbb ("València", format_out = "data.frame"))
## End(Not run)
```

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getbb

Get bounding box for a given place name

## **Description**

This function uses the free Nominatim API provided by OpenStreetMap to find the bounding box (bb) associated with place names.

## Usage

```
getbb(
  place_name,
  display_name_contains = NULL,
  viewbox = NULL,
  format_out = "matrix",
  base_url = "https://nominatim.openstreetmap.org",
  featuretype = "settlement",
  limit = 10,
  key = NULL,
  silent = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

place\_name The name of the place you're searching for

display\_name\_contains

Text string to match with display\_name field returned by https://wiki.openstreetmap.

org/wiki/Nominatim

viewbox The bounds in which you're searching

format\_out Character string indicating output format: matrix (default), string (see bbox\_to\_string()),

data.frame (all 'hits' returned by Nominatim), sf\_polygon (for polygons that work with the sf package), polygon (full polygonal bounding boxes for each

match) or osm\_type\_id (string for quering inside deffined OSM areas bbox\_to\_string()).

base\_url Base website from where data is queried

featuretype The type of OSM feature (settlement is default; see Note)

limit How many results should the API return? key The API key to use for services that require it

silent Should the API be printed to screen? TRUE by default

#### **Details**

It was inspired by the functions bbox from the **sp** package, bb from the **tmaptools** package and bb\_lookup from the github package **nominatim** package, which can be found at https://github.com/hrbrmstr/nominatim.

See https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Nominatim for details.

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#### Value

Defaults to a matrix in the form: min max x ... y ... y

If format\_out = "polygon", one or more two-columns matrices of polygonal longitude-latitude points. Where multiple place\_name occurrences are found within nominatim, each item of the list of coordinates may itself contain multiple coordinate matrices where multiple exact matches exist. If one exact match exists with potentially multiple polygonal boundaries (for example, "london uk" is an exact match, but can mean either greater London or the City of London), only the first is returned. See examples below for illustration.

For format\_out = "osm\_type\_id", a character string representing an OSM object in overpass query language. For example: "relation(id:11747082)" represents the area of the Catalan Countries. If one exact match exists with potentially multiple polygonal boundaries, only the first relation or way is returned. A set of objects can also be represented for multiple results (e.g. relation(id:11747082,307833); way(id:22422490)). See examples below for illustration. The OSM objects that can be used as areas in overpass queries must be closed rings (ways or relations).

#### Note

Specific values of featuretype include "street", "city", https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Nominatim for details). The default featuretype = "settlement" combines results from all intermediate levels below "country" and above "streets". If the bounding box or polygon of a city is desired, better results will usually be obtained with featuretype = "city".

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

```
## Not run:
getbb ("Salzburg")
# select based on display_name, print query url
getbb ("Hereford", display_name_contains = "United States", silent = FALSE)
# top 3 matches as data frame
getbb ("Hereford", format_out = "data.frame", limit = 3)
# Examples of polygonal boundaries
bb <- getbb ("london uk", format_out = "polygon") # single match
dim (bb [[1]] [[1]]) # matrix of longitude/latitude pairs
bb_sf <- getbb ("kathmandu", format_out = "sf_polygon")</pre>
# sf:::plot.sf(bb_sf) # can be plotted if sf is installed
getbb ("london", format_out = "sf_polygon")
getbb ("accra", format_out = "sf_polygon") # rectangular bb
area <- getbb ("València", format_out = "osm_type_id")</pre>
# select multiple areas with format_out = "osm_type_id"
areas <- getbb ("València", format_out = "data.frame")</pre>
bbox_to_string (areas [areas$osm_type != "node", ])
```

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get\_overpass\_url

get\_overpass\_url

## Description

Return the URL of the specified overpass API. Default is https://overpass-api.de/api/interpreter/.

## Usage

```
get_overpass_url()
```

## Value

The overpass API URL

## See Also

```
set_overpass_url()
Other overpass: set_overpass_url()
```

opq

Build an Overpass query

## **Description**

Build an Overpass query

#### Usage

```
opq(
  bbox = NULL,
  nodes_only = FALSE,
  osm_types = c("node", "way", "relation"),
  out = c("body", "tags", "meta", "skel", "tags center", "ids"),
  datetime = NULL,
  datetime2 = NULL,
  adiff = FALSE,
  timeout = 25,
  memsize
)
```

## **Arguments**

bbox

Either (i) four numeric values specifying the maximal and minimal longitudes and latitudes, in the form c(xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax) or (ii) a character string in the form xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax. These will be passed to getbb to be converted to a numerical bounding box. Can also be (iii) a matrix representing a bounding polygon as returned from getbb(..., format\_out = "polygon"). To search in an area, (iv) a character string with a relation or a (closed) way id in the format "way(id:1)", "relation(id:1, 2)" or "relation(id:1, 2, 3); way(id:2)" as returned by getbb(..., format\_out = "osm\_type\_id") or bbox\_to\_string with a data.frame from getbb(..., format\_out = "data.frame") to select all areas combined (relations and ways).

nodes\_only

WARNING: this parameter is equivalent to osm\_types = "node" and will be DEPRECATED. If TRUE, query OSM nodes only. Some OSM structures such as place = "city" or highway = "traffic\_signals" are represented by nodes only. Queries are built by default to return all nodes, ways, and relation, but this can be very inefficient for node-only queries. Setting this value to TRUE for such cases makes queries more efficient, with data returned in the osm\_points list item.

osm\_types

A character vector with several OSM types to query: node, way and relation is the default. nwr, nw, wr, nr and rel are also valid types. Ignored if nodes\_only = TRUE. osm\_types = "node" is equivalent to nodes\_only = TRUE.

out

The level of verbosity of the overpass result: body (geometries and tags, the default), tags (tags without geometry), meta (like body + Timestamp, Version, Changeset, User, User ID of the last edition), skel (geometries only), tags center (tags without geometry + the coordinates of the center of the bounding box) and ids (type and id of the objects only).

datetime

If specified, a date and time to extract data from the OSM database as it was up to the specified date and time, as described at <a href="https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#date">https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#date</a>. This *must* be in ISO8601 format ("YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ"), where both the "T" and "Z" characters must be present.

datetime2

If specified, return the *difference* in the OSM database between datetime and datetime2, where datetime2 > datetime. See <a href="https://wiki.openstreetmap">https://wiki.openstreetmap</a>.

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	$org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL\#Difference\_between\_two\_dates\_(diff).$
adiff	If TRUE, query for augmented difference. The result indicates what happened to the modified and deleted OSM objects. Requires datetime(2)*.
timeout	It may be necessary to increase this value for large queries, because the server may time out before all data are delivered.
memsize	The default memory size for the 'overpass' server in <i>bytes</i> ; may need to be increased in order to handle large queries.

#### **Details**

The out statement for tags, tags centerand id, do not return geometries. Neither out = "meta" nor adiff = TRUE options are implemented for all osmdata\_\* functions yet. Use osmdata\_xml or osmdata\_data\_frame to get the result of these queries. See the documentation of the out statement and augmented difference for more details about these options.

#### Value

An overpass\_query object

#### Note

See https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API#Resource\_management\_options\_.28osm-script.29 for explanation of timeout and memsize (or maxsize in overpass terms). Note in particular the comment that queries with arbitrarily large memsize are likely to be rejected.

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), overpass_status()
```

```
## Not run:
q <- getbb ("portsmouth", display_name_contains = "United States") %>%
    opq () %>%
    add_osm_feature ("amenity", "restaurant") %>%
    add_osm_feature ("amenity", "pub")
osmdata_sf (q) # all objects that are restaurants AND pubs (there are none!)
q1 <- getbb ("portsmouth", display_name_contains = "United States") %>%
    opq () %>%
   add_osm_feature ("amenity", "restaurant")
q2 <- getbb ("portsmouth", display_name_contains = "United States") %>%
    opq () %>%
    add_osm_feature ("amenity", "pub")
c (osmdata_sf (q1), osmdata_sf (q2)) # all restaurants OR pubs
# Use nodes_only to retrieve single point data only, such as for central
# locations of cities.
opq <- opq (bbox, nodes_only = TRUE) %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "place", value = "city") %>%
```

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```
osmdata_sf (quiet = FALSE)

# Filter by a search area
qa1 <- getbb ("Catalan Countries", format_out = "osm_type_id") %>%
    opq (nodes_only = TRUE) %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "capital", value = "4")
opqa1 <- osmdata_sf (qa1)
# Filter by a multiple search areas
bb <- getbb ("Vilafranca", format_out = "data.frame")
qa2 <- bbox_to_string (bb [bb$osm_type != "node", ]) %>%
    opq (nodes_only = TRUE) %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "place")
opqa2 <- osmdata_sf (qa2)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

opq\_around

opq\_around

## Description

Find all features around a given point, and optionally match specific 'key'-'value' pairs. This function is *not* intended to be combined with add\_osm\_feature, rather is only to be used in the sequence opq\_around -> osmdata\_xml (or other extraction function). See examples for how to use.

#### Usage

```
opq_around(lon, lat, radius = 15, key = NULL, value = NULL, timeout = 25)
```

#### **Arguments**

lon	Longitude of desired point
lat	Latitude of desired point
radius	Radius in metres around the point for which data should be extracted. Queries with large values for this parameter may fail.
key	(Optional) OSM key of enclosing data
value	(Optional) OSM value matching 'key' of enclosing data
timeout	It may be necessary to increase this value for large queries, because the server

may time out before all data are delivered.

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Get all benches ("amenity=bench") within 100m of a particular point
lat <- 53.94542
lon <- -2.52017
key <- "amenity"
value <- "bench"
radius <- 100
x <- opq_around (lon, lat, radius, key, value) %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
## End(Not run)
```

opq\_csv

Transform an Overpass query to return the result in a csv format

## **Description**

Transform an Overpass query to return the result in a csv format

## Usage

```
opq_csv(q, fields, header = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

q A opq string or an object of class overpass\_query constructed with opq or

alternative opq builders (+ add\_osm\_feature/s).

fields a character vector with the field names. header if FALSE, do not ask for column names.

## Details

The output format csv, ask for results in csv. See CSV output mode for details. To get the data, use osmdata\_data\_frame.

#### Value

The overpass\_query or string with the prefix changed to return a csv.

#### Note

csv queries that reach the timeout will return a 0 row data.frame without any warning. Increase timeout in q if you don't see the expected result.

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

opq\_enclosing

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
q <- getbb ("Catalan Countries", format_out = "osm_type_id") %>%
    opq (out = "tags center", osm_type = "relation", timeout = 100) %>%
    add_osm_feature ("admin_level", "7") %>%
    add_osm_feature ("boundary", "administrative") %>%
    opq_csv (fields = c("name", "::type", "::id", "::lat", "::lon"))
comarques <- osmdata_data_frame (q) # without timeout parameter, 0 rows

qid<- opq_osm_id (
    type = "relation",
    id = c ("341530", "1809102", "1664395", "343124"),
    out = "tags"
) %>%
    opq_csv (fields = c ("name", "name:ca"))
cities <- osmdata_data_frame (qid)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

opq\_enclosing

opq\_enclosing

#### **Description**

Find all features which enclose a given point, and optionally match specific 'key'-'value' pairs. This function is *not* intended to be combined with add\_osm\_feature, rather is only to be used in the sequence opq\_enclosing -> opq\_string -> osmdata\_xml (or other extraction function). See examples for how to use.

#### Usage

```
opq_enclosing(
  lon = NULL,
  lat = NULL,
  key = NULL,
  value = NULL,
  enclosing = "relation",
  timeout = 25
)
```

## Arguments

lon	Longitude of desired point
lat	Latitude of desired point
key	(Optional) OSM key of enclosing data
value	(Optional) OSM value matching 'key' of enclosing data

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enclosing Either 'relation' or 'way' for whether to return enclosing objects of those respec-

tive types (where generally 'relation' will correspond to multipolygon objects,

and 'way' to polygon objects).

timeout It may be necessary to increase this value for large queries, because the server

may time out before all data are delivered.

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

## Examples

opq\_osm\_id

Add a feature specified by OSM ID to an Overpass query

## Description

Add a feature specified by OSM ID to an Overpass query

## Usage

```
opq_osm_id(
  id = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  open_url = FALSE,
  out = "body",
  datetime = NULL,
  datetime2 = NULL,
  adiff = FALSE,
  timeout = 25,
  memsize
)
```

opq\_osm\_id

#### **Arguments**

id One or more official OSM identifiers (long-form integers), which must be entered as either a character or numeric value (because R does not support longform integers). id can also be a character string prefixed with the id type, e.g. "relation/11158003" Type of objects (recycled); must be either node, way, or relation. Optional if type id is prefixed with the type. If TRUE, open the OSM page of the specified object in web browser. Multiple open\_url objects (id values) will be opened in multiple pages. The level of verbosity of the overpass result: body (geometries and tags, the out default), tags (tags without geometry), meta (like body + Timestamp, Version, Changeset, User, User ID of the last edition), skel (geometries only), tags center (tags without geometry + the coordinates of the center of the bounding box) and ids (type and id of the objects only). datetime If specified, a date and time to extract data from the OSM database as it was up to the specified date and time, as described at https://wiki.openstreetmap. org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#date. This must be in ISO8601 format ("YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ"), where both the "T" and "Z" characters must be present. datetime2 If specified, return the difference in the OSM database between datetime and datetime2, where datetime2 > datetime. See <a href="https://wiki.openstreetmap">https://wiki.openstreetmap</a>. org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#Difference\_between\_two\_dates\_(diff). adiff If TRUE, query for augmented difference. The result indicates what happened to the modified and deleted OSM objects. Requires datetime(2)\*. timeout It may be necessary to increase this value for large queries, because the server may time out before all data are delivered. memsize The default memory size for the 'overpass' server in bytes; may need to be

#### Value

opq object

#### Note

Extracting elements by ID requires explicitly specifying the type of element. Only elements of one of the three given types can be extracted in a single query, but the results of multiple types can nevertheless be combined with the c operation of osmdata.

#### References

https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API/Overpass\_QL#By\_element\_id

increased in order to handle large queries.

#### See Also

Other queries: add\_osm\_features(), add\_osm\_feature(), bbox\_to\_string(), getbb(), opq\_around(), opq\_csv(), opq\_enclosing(), opq\_string(), opq(), overpass\_status()

opq\_string 19

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
id <- c (1489221200, 1489221321, 1489221491)
dat1 <- opq_osm_id (type = "node", id = id) %>%
   opq_string () %>%
   osmdata_sf ()
dat1$osm_points # the desired nodes
id <- c (136190595, 136190596)
dat2 <- opq_osm_id (type = "way", id = id) %>%
   opq_string () %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
dat2$osm_lines # the desired ways
dat <- c (dat1, dat2) # The node and way data combined
# All in one (same result as dat)
id <- c (1489221200, 1489221321, 1489221491, 136190595, 136190596)
type <- c ("node", "node", "node", "way", "way")</pre>
datAiO <- opq_osm_id (id = id, type = type) %>%
    opq_string () %>%
   osmdata_sf ()
## End(Not run)
```

opq\_string

Convert an overpass query into a text string

## **Description**

Convert an osmdata query of class opq to a character string query to be submitted to the overpass API.

## Usage

```
opq_string(opq)
```

## **Arguments**

opq

An overpass\_query object

#### Value

Character string to be submitted to the overpass API

## See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq(), overpass_status()
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
q <- opq ("hampi india")
opq_string (q)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osmdata

osmdata class def

## Description

Imports OpenStreetMap (OSM) data into R as 'sf', 'SC', 'sp', 'data.frame' or 'xml\_document' objects. OSM data are extracted from the overpass API and processed with very fast C++ routines for return to R. The package enables simple overpass queries to be constructed without the user necessarily understanding the syntax of the overpass query language, while retaining the ability to handle arbitrarily complex queries. Functions are also provided to enable recursive searching between different kinds of OSM data (for example, to find all lines which intersect a given point).

## Usage

```
osmdata(
  bbox = NULL,
  overpass_call = NULL,
  meta = NULL,
  osm_points = NULL,
  osm_lines = NULL,
  osm_polygons = NULL,
  osm_multilines = NULL,
  osm_multipolygons = NULL)
```

## Arguments

bbox bounding box overpass\_call overpass\_call meta metadata of overpass query, including timestamps and version numbers osm\_points OSM nodes as sf Simple Features Collection of points or sp SpatialPoints-DataFrame OSM ways sf Simple Features Collection of linestrings or sp SpatialLinesosm\_lines DataFrame osm\_polygons OSM ways as sf Simple Features Collection of polygons or sp SpatialPolygons-DataFrame osm\_multilines OSM relations as sf Simple Features Collection of multilinestrings or sp SpatialLinesDataFrame

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#### osm\_multipolygons

OSM relations as  $\mathbf{sf}$  Simple Features Collection of multipolygons or  $\mathbf{sp}$  SpatialPolygonsDataFrame

## **Functions to Prepare Queries**

- getbb: Get bounding box for a given place name
- bbox\_to\_string: Convert a named matrix or a named vector (or an unnamed vector) return a string
- overpass\_status: Retrieve status of the overpass API
- opq: Build an overpass query
- add\_osm\_feature: Add a feature to an overpass query
- opq\_string: Convert an osmdata query to overpass API string

#### **Functions to Get Additional OSM Information**

- available\_features: List recognised features in OSM
- available\_tags: List tags associated with a feature

#### **Functions to Extract OSM Data**

- osmdata\_data\_frame: Return OSM data in data.frame format
- osmdata sc: Return OSM data in silicate format
- osmdata sf: Return OSM data in sf format
- osmdata\_sp: Return OSM data in sp format
- osmdata\_xml: Return OSM data in xml2 format

#### **Functions to Search Data**

- osm\_points: Extract all osm\_points objects
- osm\_lines: Extract all osm\_lines objects
- osm\_polygons: Extract all osm\_polygons objects
- osm\_multilines: Extract all osm\_multilines objects
- osm\_multipolygons: Extract all osm\_multipolygons objects

#### Note

Class constructor should never be used directly, and is only exported to provide access to the print method

## Author(s)

Mark Padgham, Bob Rudis, Robin Lovelace, Maëlle Salmon, Joan Maspons

22 osmdata\_data\_frame

osmdata\_data\_frame

Return an OSM Overpass query as a data.frame object.

#### **Description**

Return an OSM Overpass query as a data.frame object.

#### Usage

```
osmdata_data_frame(q, doc, quiet = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

q An object of class overpass\_query constructed with opq and add\_osm\_feature.

May be be omitted, in which case the attributes of the data.frame will not include

the query.

doc If missing, doc is obtained by issuing the overpass query, q, otherwise either the

name of a file from which to read data, or an object of class xml2 returned from

osmdata xml.

quiet suppress status messages.

stringsAsFactors

Should character strings in the 'data.frame' be coerced to factors?

## **Details**

If you are not interested in the geometries of the results, it's a good option to query for objects that match the features only and forget about members of the ways and relations. You can achieve this by passing the parameter body = "tags" to opq.

## Value

A data. frame with id, type and tags of the the objects from the query.

#### See Also

```
Other extract: osmdata_sc(), osmdata_sf(), osmdata_sp(), osmdata_xml()
```

```
## Not run:
hampi_df <- opq ("hampi india") %>%
        add_osm_feature (key = "historic", value = "ruins") %>%
        osmdata_data_frame ()
attr (hampi_df, "bbox")
attr (hampi_df, "overpass_call")
attr (hampi_df, "meta")
## End(Not run)
```

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osmdata_sc	Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in silicate
	(SC) format.

## **Description**

Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in silicate (SC) format.

## Usage

```
osmdata_sc(q, doc, quiet = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

q	An object of class overpass_query constructed with opq and add_osm_feature. May be be omitted, in which case the osmdata object will not include the query.
doc	If missing, doc is obtained by issuing the overpass query, q, otherwise either the name of a file from which to read data, or an object of class <b>xml2</b> returned from osmdata_xml.
quiet	suppress status messages.

## Value

An object of class osmdata\_sc representing the original OSM hierarchy of nodes, ways, and relations.

## Note

The silicate format is currently highly experimental, and recommended for use only if you really know what you're doing.

#### See Also

```
Other extract: osmdata_data_frame(), osmdata_sf(), osmdata_sp(), osmdata_xml()
```

```
## Not run:
hampi_sf <- opq ("hampi india") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "historic", value = "ruins") %>%
    osmdata_sc ()
## End(Not run)
```

24 osmdata\_sf

 $osmdata\_sf$ 

Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in sf format.

## **Description**

Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in sf format.

#### Usage

```
osmdata_sf(q, doc, quiet = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

q An object of class overpass\_query constructed with opq and add\_osm\_feature.

May be be omitted, in which case the osmdata object will not include the query.

doc If missing, doc is obtained by issuing the overpass query, q, otherwise either the

name of a file from which to read data, or an object of class xml2 returned from

osmdata\_xml.

quiet suppress status messages.

stringsAsFactors

Should character strings in 'sf' 'data.frame' be coerced to factors?

#### Value

An object of class osmdata with the OSM components (points, lines, and polygons) represented in **sf** format.

## See Also

```
Other extract: osmdata_data_frame(), osmdata_sc(), osmdata_sp(), osmdata_xml()
```

```
## Not run:
hampi_sf <- opq ("hampi india") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "historic", value = "ruins") %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
## End(Not run)
```

osmdata\_sp 25

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Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in sp format.

## Description

Return an OSM Overpass query as an osmdata object in sp format.

## Usage

```
osmdata_sp(q, doc, quiet = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

q	An object of class overpass_query constructed with opq and add_osm_feature. May be be omitted, in which case the osmdata object will not include the query.
doc	If missing, doc is obtained by issuing the overpass query, q, otherwise either the name of a file from which to read data, or an object of class <b>xml2</b> returned from osmdata_xml.
quiet	suppress status messages.

## Value

An object of class osmdata with the OSM components (points, lines, and polygons) represented in **sp** format.

## See Also

```
Other extract: osmdata_data_frame(), osmdata_sc(), osmdata_sf(), osmdata_xml()
```

```
## Not run:
hampi_sp <- opq ("hampi india") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "historic", value = "ruins") %>%
    osmdata_sp ()
## End(Not run)
```

26 osmdata\_xml

osmdata xml	Return an OSM Overpass query in XML format Read an (XML format)
	OSM Overpass response from a string, a connection, or a raw vector.

## **Description**

Return an OSM Overpass query in XML format Read an (XML format) OSM Overpass response from a string, a connection, or a raw vector.

## Usage

```
osmdata_xml(q, filename, quiet = TRUE, encoding)
```

#### **Arguments**

q An object of class overpass\_query constructed with opq and add\_osm\_feature.

filename If given, OSM data are saved to the named file

quiet suppress status messages.

encoding Unless otherwise specified XML documents are assumed to be encoded as UTF-

8 or UTF-16. If the document is not UTF-8/16, and lacks an explicit encoding

directive, this allows you to supply a default.

## Value

An object of class xm12::xm1\_document containing the result of the overpass API query.

## Note

Objects of class xml\_document can be saved as .xml or .osm files with xml2::write\_xml.

## See Also

```
Other extract: osmdata_data_frame(), osmdata_sc(), osmdata_sf(), osmdata_sp()
```

```
## Not run:
q <- opq ("hampi india")
q <- add_osm_feature (q, key = "historic", value = "ruins")
osmdata_xml (q, filename = "hampi.osm")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osm\_elevation 27

## **Description**

Add elevation data to a previously-extracted OSM data set, using a pre-downloaded global elevation file from <a href="https://srtm.csi.cgiar.org/srtmdata/">https://srtm.csi.cgiar.org/srtmdata/</a>. Currently only works for SC-class objects returned from <a href="https://srtm.csi.cgiar.org/srtmdata/">osc.</a>

## Usage

```
osm_elevation(dat, elev_file)
```

## **Arguments**

dat An SC object produced by osmdata\_sc.

elev\_file A vector of one or more character strings specifying paths to .tif files contain-

ing global elevation data.

#### Value

A modified version of the input dat with an additional z\_ column appended to the vertices.

## See Also

```
Other transform: osm_poly2line(), trim_osmdata(), unique_osmdata(), unname_osmdata_sf()
```

osm_lines	Extract all osm_lines from an osmdata object	
-----------	--	--

## Description

If id is of a point object, osm\_lines will return all lines containing that point. If id is of a line or polygon object, osm\_lines will return all lines which intersect the given line or polygon.

#### Usage

```
osm_lines(dat, id)
```

#### **Arguments**

1 4	A 1' ( C 1 1 )
dat.	An object of class osmdata

id OSM identification of one or more objects for which lines are to be extracted

28 osm\_multilines

#### Value

An sf Simple Features Collection of linestrings

#### See Also

```
Other search: osm_multilines(), osm_multipolygons(), osm_points(), osm_polygons()
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
dat <- opq ("hengelo nl") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "highway") %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
bus <- dat$osm_points [which (dat$osm_points$highway == "bus_stop"), ] %>%
    rownames () # all OSM IDs of bus stops
osm_lines (dat, bus) # all highways containing bus stops

# All lines which intersect with Piccadilly Circus in London, UK
dat <- opq ("Fitzrovia London") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "highway") %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
i <- which (dat$osm_polygons$name == "Piccadilly Circus")
id <- rownames (dat$osm_polygons [i, ])
osm_lines (dat, id)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osm\_multilines

Extract all osm\_multilines from an osmdata object

## **Description**

id must be of an osm\_points or osm\_lines object (and can not be the id of an osm\_polygons object because multilines by definition contain no polygons. osm\_multilines returns any multiline object(s) which contain the object specified by id.

#### Usage

```
osm_multilines(dat, id)
```

#### **Arguments**

dat An object of class osmdata

id OSM identification of one of more objects for which multilines are to be ex-

tracted

#### Value

An sf Simple Features Collection of multilines

osm\_multipolygons 29

## See Also

```
Other search: osm_lines(), osm_multipolygons(), osm_points(), osm_polygons()
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
dat <- opq ("London UK") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "name", value = "Thames", exact = FALSE) %>%
    osmdata_sf ()
# Get ids of lines called "The Thames":
id <- rownames (dat$osm_lines [which (dat$osm_lines$name == "The Thames"), ])
# and find all multilinestring objects which include those lines:
osm_multilines (dat, id)
# Now note that
nrow (dat$osm_multilines) # = 24 multiline objects
nrow (osm_multilines (dat, id)) # = 1 - the recursive search selects the
# single multiline containing "The Thames"
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osm\_multipolygons

Extract all osm\_multipolygons from an osmdata object

#### Description

id must be of an osm\_points, osm\_lines, or osm\_polygons object. osm\_multipolygons returns any multipolygon object(s) which contain the object specified by id.

#### Usage

```
osm_multipolygons(dat, id)
```

#### **Arguments**

dat An object of class osmdata

id OSM identification of one or more objects for which multipolygons are to be

extracted

#### Value

An sf Simple Features Collection of multipolygons

#### See Also

```
Other search: osm_lines(), osm_multilines(), osm_points(), osm_polygons()
```

30 osm\_points

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# find all multipolygons which contain the single polygon called
# "Chiswick Eyot" (which is an island).
dat <- opq ("London UK") %>%
        add_osm_feature (key = "name", value = "Thames", exact = FALSE) %>%
        osmdata_sf ()
index <- which (dat$osm_multipolygons$name == "Chiswick Eyot")
id <- rownames (dat$osm_polygons [id, ])
osm_multipolygons (dat, id)
# That multipolygon is the Thames itself, but note that
nrow (dat$osm_multipolygons) # = 14 multipolygon objects
nrow (osm_multipolygons (dat, id)) # = 1 - the main Thames multipolygon
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osm\_points

Extract all osm\_points from an osmdata object

#### **Description**

Extract all osm\_points from an osmdata object

#### Usage

```
osm_points(dat, id)
```

#### **Arguments**

dat An object of class osmdata

id OSM identification of one or more objects for which points are to be extracted

#### Value

An sf Simple Features Collection of points

#### See Also

```
Other search: osm_lines(), osm_multilines(), osm_multipolygons(), osm_polygons()
```

```
## Not run:
tr <- opq ("trentham australia") %>% osmdata_sf ()
coliban <- tr$osm_lines [which (tr$osm_lines$name == "Coliban River"), ]
pts <- osm_points (tr, rownames (coliban)) # all points of river
# the waterfall point:
waterfall <- pts [which (pts$waterway == "waterfall"), ]
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

osm\_poly2line 31

osm\_poly2line

Convert osmdata polygons into lines

## Description

Street networks downloaded with add\_osm\_object(key = "highway") will store any circular highways in osm\_polygons. this function combines those with the osm\_lines component to yield a single **sf** data.frame of all highways, whether polygonal or not.

## Usage

```
osm_poly2line(osmdat)
```

#### **Arguments**

osmdat

An osmdata object.

#### Value

Modified version of same object with all osm\_polygons objects merged into osm\_lines.

#### Note

The osm\_polygons field is retained, with those features also repeated as LINESTRING objects in osm\_lines.

#### See Also

Other transform: osm\_elevation(), trim\_osmdata(), unique\_osmdata(), unname\_osmdata\_sf()

```
## Not run:
dat <- opq ("colchester uk") %>%
        add_osm_feature (key = "highway") %>%
        osmdata_sf ()
# colchester has lots of roundabouts, and these are stored in 'osm_polygons'
# rather than 'osm_lines'. The former can be merged with the latter by:
dat2 <- osm_poly2line (dat)
# 'dat2' will have more lines than 'dat', but the same number of polygons
# (they are left unchanged.)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

32 osm\_polygons

osm\_polygons

Extract all osm\_polygons from an osmdata object

## **Description**

If id is of a point object, osm\_polygons will return all polygons containing that point. If id is of a line or polygon object, osm\_polygons will return all polygons which intersect the given line or polygon.

## Usage

```
osm_polygons(dat, id)
```

## **Arguments**

dat An object of class osmdata

id OSM identification of one or more objects for which polygons are to be extracted

#### Value

An sf Simple Features Collection of polygons

## See Also

```
Other search: osm_lines(), osm_multilines(), osm_multipolygons(), osm_points()
```

```
## Not run:
# Extract polygons which intersect Conway Street in London
dat <- opq ("Marylebone London") %>%
        add_osm_feature (key = "highway") %>%
        osmdata_sf ()
conway <- which (dat$osm_lines$name == "Conway Street")
id <- rownames (dat$osm_lines [conway, ])
osm_polygons (dat, id)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

overpass\_status 33

overpass\_status

Retrieve status of the Overpass API

## **Description**

Retrieve status of the Overpass API

## Usage

```
overpass_status(quiet = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

quiet

if FALSE display a status message

#### Value

an invisible list of whether the API is available along with the text of the message from Overpass and the timestamp of the next available slot

#### See Also

```
Other queries: add_osm_features(), add_osm_feature(), bbox_to_string(), getbb(), opq_around(), opq_csv(), opq_enclosing(), opq_osm_id(), opq_string(), opq()
```

set\_overpass\_url

set\_overpass\_url

## **Description**

Set the URL of the specified overpass API. Possible APIs with global coverage are:

- "https://overpass-api.de/api/interpreter" (default)
- "https://overpass.kumi.systems/api/interpreter"
- "https://overpass.osm.rambler.ru/cgi/interpreter"
- "https://api.openstreetmap.fr/oapi/interpreter"
- "https://overpass.osm.vi-di.fr/api/interpreter"

Additional APIs with limited local coverage include:

- "https://overpass.osm.ch/api/interpreter" (Switzerland)
- "https://overpass.openstreetmap.ie/api/interpreter" (Ireland)

## Usage

```
set_overpass_url(overpass_url)
```

34 trim\_osmdata

#### **Arguments**

```
overpass_url The desired overpass API URL
```

#### **Details**

For further details, see https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass\_API

#### Value

The overpass API URL

#### See Also

```
get_overpass_url()
Other overpass: get_overpass_url()
```

trim\_osmdata

trim\_osmdata

#### **Description**

Trim an osmdata object to within a bounding polygon

#### Usage

```
trim_osmdata(dat, bb_poly, exclude = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

dat An osmdata object returned from osmdata\_sf or osmdata\_sp.

bb\_poly A matrix representing a bounding polygon obtained with getbb (..., format\_out

= "polygon") (and possibly selected from resultant list where multiple poly-

gons are returned).

exclude If TRUE, objects are trimmed exclusively, only retaining those strictly within the

bounding polygon; otherwise all objects which partly extend within the bound-

ing polygon are retained.

#### Value

A trimmed version of dat, reduced only to those components lying within the bounding polygon.

#### Note

It will generally be necessary to pre-load the **sf** package for this function to work correctly.

Caution is advised when using polygons obtained from Nominatim via getbb(..., format\_out = "polygon"|"sf\_polygon"). These shapes can be outdated and thus could cause the trimming operation to not give results expected based on the current state of the OSM data.

unique\_osmdata 35

#### See Also

Other transform: osm\_elevation(), osm\_poly2line(), unique\_osmdata(), unname\_osmdata\_sf()

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
dat <- opq ("colchester uk") %>%
    add_osm_feature (key = "highway") %>%
    osmdata_sf (quiet = FALSE)
bb <- getbb ("colchester uk", format_out = "polygon")
library (sf) # required for this function to work
dat_tr <- trim_osmdata (dat, bb)
bb <- getbb ("colchester uk", format_out = "sf_polygon")
class (bb) # sf data.frame
dat_tr <- trim_osmdata (dat, bb)
bb <- as (bb, "Spatial")
class (bb) # SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
dat_tr <- trim_osmdata (dat, bb)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

unique\_osmdata

unique osmdata

## **Description**

Reduce the components of an osmdata object to only unique items of each type. That is, reduce \$osm\_points to only those points not present in other objects (lines, polygons, etc.); reduce \$osm\_lines to only those lines not present in multiline objects; and reduce \$osm\_polygons to only those polygons not present in multipolygon objects. This renders an osmdata object more directly compatible with typical output of sf.

#### Usage

```
unique_osmdata(dat)
```

#### **Arguments**

dat

An osmdata object

#### Value

Equivalent object reduced to only unique objects of each type

#### See Also

```
Other transform: osm_elevation(), osm_poly2line(), trim_osmdata(), unname_osmdata_sf()
```

36 unname\_osmdata\_sf

unname\_osmdata\_sf

unname\_osmdata\_sf

## Description

Remove names from osmdata geometry objects, for cases in which these cause issues, particularly with plotting, such as https://github.com/rstudio/leaflet/issues/631, or https://github.com/r-spatial/sf/issues/1177. Note that removing these names also removes any ability to inter-relate the different components of an osmdata object, so use of this function is only recommended to resolve issues such as those linked to above.

#### Usage

```
unname_osmdata_sf(x)
```

## Arguments

Х

An 'osmdata\_sf' object returned from function of same name

#### Value

Same object, yet with no row names on geometry objects.

## See Also

```
Other transform: osm_elevation(), osm_poly2line(), trim_osmdata(), unique_osmdata()
```

```
## Not run:
hampi_sf <- opq ("hampi india") %>%
        add_osm_feature (key = "historic", value = "ruins") %>%
        osmdata_sf ()
hampi_clean <- unname_osmdata_sf (hampi_sf)

# All coordinate matrices include rownames with OSM ID values:
head (as.matrix (hampi_sf$osm_lines$geometry [[1]]))
# But 'unname_osmdata_sf' removes both row and column names:
head (as.matrix (hampi_clean$osm_lines$geometry [[1]]))

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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