Package 'g6R'

July 10, 2025

 $\textbf{Title} \ \ Graph \ Visualisation \ Engine \ Widget \ for \ R \ and \ 'shiny' \ Apps$

Version 0.1.0

Description Create stunning network experiences powered by the 'G6' graph visualisation engine 'JavaScript' library ">https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en>. In 'shiny' mode, modify your graph directly from the server function to dynamically interact with nodes and edges. Select your favorite layout among 20 choices. 15 behaviors are available such as interactive edge creation, collapse-expand and brush select.

17 plugins designed to improve the user experience such as a mini-map, toolbars and grid lines. Customise the look and feel of your graph with comprehensive options for nodes, edges and more.

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Encoding UTF-8 **RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

URL https://github.com/cynkra/g6R, https://cynkra.github.io/g6R/

BugReports https://github.com/cynkra/g6R/issues

Imports htmlwidgets, shiny

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, quarto, igraph, roxy.shinylive, testthat (>= 3.0.0), stringr, htmltools, bslib

VignetteBuilder quarto, knitr

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

LazyData true

Config/testthat/edition 3

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-07-10 15:10:02 UTC

2 Contents

Contents

animation_config
antv_dagre_layout
auto_adapt_label
auto_fit_config
background
brush_select
bubble_sets
canvas_config
circular_layout
click_select
collapse_expand
combo_combined_layout
combo_options
compact_box_layout
concentric_layout
context_menu
create_edge
d3_force_layout
dag
dagre_layout
dendrogram_layout
drag_canvas
drag_element
drag_element_force
edge_bundling
edge_filter_lens
edge_options
edge_style_options
fish_eye
fix_element_size
focus_element
force_atlas2_layout
fruchterman_layout
fullscreen
g6
g6-shiny
g6_add_nodes
g6_add_plugin
g6_behaviors
g6_canvas_resize
g6_collapse_combo
g6_fit_center
g6_focus_elements
g6_get_nodes
g6_hide_elements
g6_igraph

animation_config 3

_layout	64
options	65
_plugins	68
_proxy	7 0
_remove_nodes	71
_set_nodes	72
_set_options	73
_set_theme	73
_update_behavior	74
	75
_update_plugin	76
id_line	76
	78
ver_activate	7 9
11	80
	82
sso_select	83
gend	84
smis	86
inimap	87
de_options	89
de_style_options	90
	92
ke	93
dial	94
dial_layout	95
roll_canvas	96
apline	98
nebar	99
olbar	02
oltips	03
ee	05
atermark	06
om_canvas	08
1	10
•	10
g6g6g6gg6gg6gg6gggfhisionoonoonoonoonoonoonoonoonoonoonoonoono	go_options

Description

Configures animation settings for G6 graph elements. These settings control how graph elements animate when changes occur.

4 animation_config

Usage

```
animation_config(
  delay = NULL,
  direction = c("forward", "alternate", "alternate-reverse", "normal", "reverse"),
  duration = NULL,
  easing = NULL,
  fill = c("none", "auto", "backwards", "both", "forwards"),
  iterations = NULL
)
```

Arguments

delay

Animation delay time in milliseconds. The time to wait before the animation begins. Must be a non-negative numeric value.

direction

Animation playback direction. Options:

- "forward": Plays normally (default)
- "alternate": Plays forward, then in reverse
- "alternate-reverse": Plays in reverse, then forward
- "normal": Same as forward
- "reverse": Plays in reverse direction

duration

Animation duration in milliseconds. The length of time the animation will take to complete one cycle. Must be a non-negative numeric value.

easing

Animation easing function. Controls the rate of change during the animation. Common values include "linear", "ease", "ease-in", "ease-out", "ease-in-out", or cubic-bezier values.

fill

Fill mode after animation ends. Options:

- "none": Element returns to its initial state when animation ends (default)
- "auto": Follows the rules of the animation effect
- "backwards": Element retains first keyframe values during delay period
- "both": Combines forwards and backwards behavior
- "forwards": Element retains final keyframe values after animation ends

iterations

Number of times the animation should repeat. A value of Inf will cause the animation to repeat indefinitely. Must be a non-negative numeric value.

Details

Animation configuration allows fine-tuning the timing and behavior of animations in G6 graphs. This includes controlling the duration, delay, easing function, direction, and other aspects of how graph elements animate.

Value

A list containing animation configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

antv_dagre_layout 5

Examples

```
# Basic animation with duration
config <- animation_config(</pre>
  duration = 500
)
# Complex animation configuration
config <- animation_config(</pre>
  delay = 100,
  duration = 800,
  easing = "ease-in-out",
  direction = "alternate",
  fill = "forwards",
  iterations = 2
)
# Infinite animation
config <- animation_config(</pre>
  duration = 1000,
  easing = "linear",
  iterations = Inf
)
```

antv_dagre_layout

Generate G6 AntV Dagre layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 AntV Dagre layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
antv_dagre_layout(
  rankdir = c("TB", "BT", "LR", "RL"),
  align = c("UL", "UR", "DL", "DR"),
  nodesep = 50,
  nodesepFunc = NULL,
  ranksep = 100,
  ranksepFunc = NULL,
  ranker = c("network-simplex", "tight-tree", "longest-path"),
  nodeSize = NULL,
  controlPoints = FALSE,
  begin = NULL,
  sortByCombo = FALSE,
  edgeLabelSpace = TRUE,
  nodeOrder = NULL,
  radial = FALSE,
```

6 antv_dagre_layout

```
focusNode = NULL,
preset = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

rankdir Layout direction: "TB" (top to bottom), "BT" (bottom to top), "LR" (left to

right), or "RL" (right to left).

align Node alignment: "UL" (upper left), "UR" (upper right), "DL" (down left), or

"DR" (down right).

nodesep Node spacing (px). When rankdir is "TB" or "BT", it's the horizontal. spacing

of nodes; when rankdir is "LR" or "RL", it's the vertical spacing of nodes.

nodesepFunc Function to customize node spacing for different nodes, in the form of func-

tion(node) that returns a number. Has higher priority than nodesep.

ranksep Layer spacing (px). When rankdir is "TB" or "BT", it's the vertical spacing be-

tween adjacent layers; when rankdir is "LR" or "RL", it's the horizontal spacing.

ranksepFunc Function to customize layer spacing, in the form of function(node) that returns

a number. Has higher priority than ranksep.

ranker Algorithm for assigning ranks to nodes: "network-simplex", "tight-tree", or

"longest-path".

nodeSize Node size for collision detection. Can be a single number (same width/height),

an array [width, height], or a function that returns either.

controlPoints Whether to retain edge control points.

begin Alignment position of the upper left corner of the layout. Can be [x, y] or [x,

y,z∫

sortByCombo Whether to sort nodes on the same layer by parentId to prevent combo overlap.

edgeLabelSpace Whether to leave space for edge labels.

nodeOrder Reference array of node order on the same layer, containing node id values.

radial Whether to perform a radial layout based on dagre.

focusNode Focused node (only used when radial=TRUE). Can be a node ID or node object.

preset Node positions to reference during layout calculation.

... Additional parameters to pass to the layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV Dagre layout.

```
# Basic dagre layout
dagre_config <- antv_dagre_layout()
# Horizontal layout with custom spacing
dagre_config <- antv_dagre_layout(</pre>
```

auto_adapt_label 7

```
rankdir = "LR",
  align = "UL",
  nodesep = 80,
  ranksep = 150
)

# Radial layout with focus node
dagre_config <- antv_dagre_layout(
  radial = TRUE,
  focusNode = "node1",
  ranker = "tight-tree"
)</pre>
```

auto_adapt_label

Configure Auto Adapt Label Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the auto-adapt-label behavior in G6. This behavior automatically adjusts label positions to reduce overlapping and improve readability in the graph visualization.

Usage

```
auto_adapt_label(
  key = "auto-adapt-label",
  enable = TRUE,
  throttle = 100,
  padding = 0,
  sort = NULL,
  sortNode = list(type = "degree"),
  sortEdge = NULL,
  sortCombo = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "auto-adapt-label").
enable	Whether to enable this behavior (JS function, default: returns TRUE for all events).
throttle	Throttle time in milliseconds to optimize performance (numeric, default: 100).
padding	Padding space around labels in pixels (numeric, default: 0).
sort	Global sorting rule for all element types (list or JS function, default: NULL).
sortNode	Sorting rule specifically for node labels (list, default: list(type = "degree")).
sortEdge	Sorting rule specifically for edge labels (list, default: NULL).
sortCombo	Sorting rule specifically for combo labels (list, default: NULL).

8 auto_fit_config

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/auto-adapt-label.

Sorting parameters determine which labels take priority when space is limited:

- When sort is provided, it applies to all element types and overrides typespecific settings
- Type-specific sorting (sortNode, sortEdge, sortCombo) only applies when sort is NULL
- The default sorting for nodes is by degree (higher degree nodes' labels are shown first)

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the auto-adapt-label behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration with defaults
config <- auto_adapt_label()

# Custom configuration with more padding and custom throttle
config <- auto_adapt_label(
    key = "my-label-adapter",
    throttle = 200,
    padding = 5
)

# Using a custom enable function
config <- auto_adapt_label(
    enable = JS("(e) => e.targetType === 'node'")
)
```

auto_fit_config

Create Auto-Fit Configuration for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the auto-fit behavior for a G6 graph. Auto-fit automatically adjusts the view to fit all elements or centers them within the canvas.

Usage

auto_fit_config 9

Arguments

type The auto-fit mode to use. Options:

• "view": Scale and translate the graph to fit all elements within the view (default)

• "center": Only translate the graph to center elements without scaling

when When the auto-fit should be triggered. Options:

• "overflow": Trigger auto-fit only when elements overflow the canvas (default)

• "always": Always perform auto-fit when the graph data changes

direction The direction for auto-fit adjustment. Options:

• "x": Adjust only along the x-axis

• "y": Adjust only along the y-axis

• "both": Adjust in both x and y directions (default)

duration The duration of the auto-fit animation in milliseconds (default: 1000)

easing The animation easing function to use. Options:

• "ease-in-out": Slow at the beginning and end of the animation (default)

• "ease": Standard easing

• "ease-in": Slow at the beginning

• "ease-out": Slow at the end

• "linear": Constant speed throughout

• "cubic-bezier": Custom cubic-bezier curve

• "step-start": Jump immediately to the end state

• "step-end": Jump at the end to the end state

Details

The auto-fit feature helps ensure that graph elements remain visible within the canvas. It can be configured to either fit all elements to view or center them, and can be triggered under different conditions.

Value

A list containing the auto-fit configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

```
# Basic auto-fit configuration with default settings
config <- auto_fit_config()

# Auto-fit with only centering (no scaling)
config <- auto_fit_config(type = "center")

# Auto-fit that always triggers when graph data changes
config <- auto_fit_config(when = "always")</pre>
```

10 background

```
# Auto-fit only in the x direction
config <- auto_fit_config(direction = "x")

# Auto-fit with a fast animation
config <- auto_fit_config(duration = 300, easing = "ease-out")</pre>
```

background

Configure Background Plugin for G6

Description

Creates a configuration object for the background plugin in G6. This plugin adds a customizable background to the graph canvas.

Usage

```
background(
  key = NULL,
  width = "100%",
  height = "100%",
  backgroundColor = NULL,
  backgroundImage = NULL,
  backgroundSize = "cover",
  backgroundPosition = NULL,
  backgroundRepeat = NULL,
  opacity = NULL,
  transition = "background 0.5s",
  zIndex = "-1",
   ...
)
```

Arguments

```
key Unique identifier for updates (string, default: NULL).

width Background width (string, default: "100%").

height Background height (string, default: "100%").

backgroundColor
Background color (string, default: NULL).

backgroundImage
Background image URL (string, default: NULL).

backgroundSize Background size (string, default: "cover").

backgroundPosition
Background position (string, default: NULL).

backgroundRepeat
Background repeat (string, default: NULL).
```

brush_select 11

```
opacity Background opacity (string, default: NULL).

transition Transition animation (string, default: "background 0.5s").

zIndex Stacking order (string, default: "-1").

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/background.
```

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the background plugin.

Examples

```
# Basic background color
bg <- background(backgroundColor = "#f0f0f0")

# Background with image
bg <- background[
   backgroundImage = "https://example.com/background.jpg",
   backgroundSize = "contain",
   backgroundRepeat = "no-repeat",
   backgroundPosition = "center"
)

# Semi-transparent background with transition
bg <- background(
   backgroundColor = "#000000",
   opacity = "0.3",
   transition = "all 1s ease-in-out"
)</pre>
```

brush_select

Configure Brush Selection Interaction

Description

Creates a configuration object for brush selection interaction in graph visualizations. This function configures how elements are selected when using a brush selection tool.

Usage

```
brush_select(
   key = "brush-select",
   animation = FALSE,
   enable = JS("(e) => {\n return true\n }"),
   enableElements = "node",
   immediately = FALSE,
   mode = c("default", "union", "intersect", "diff"),
   onSelect = NULL,
```

12 brush_select

```
state = c("selected", "active", "inactive", "disabled", "highlight"),
style = NULL,
trigger = "shift",
...
)
```

Arguments

Rehavior unique identifier. Useful to modify this behavior from JS side.

Whether to enable primetion (beclean default: EALSE)

 $an imation \qquad \qquad Whether to enable an imation (boolean, default: FALSE).$

enable Whether to enable brush select functionality (boolean or function, default: TRUE).
enableElements Types of elements that can be selected (character vector, default: "node"). Can

be c("node", "edge", "combo").

immediately Whether to select immediately in default mode (boolean, default: FALSE).

mode Selection mode: "union", "intersect", "diff", or "default" (string, default: "de-

fault").

onSelect Callback for selected element state (JS function).

state State to switch to when selected (string, default: "selected").

style Style specification for the selection box (list). See https://g6.antv.antgroup.

com/en/manual/behavior/brush-select#style.

trigger Shortcut keys for selection (character vector).

... Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/

brush-select.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the brush select behavior.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- brush_select()

# Custom configuration
config <- brush_select(
    animation = TRUE,
    enableElements = c("node", "edge"),
    mode = "union",
    state = "highlight",
    style = list(
        fill = "rgba(0, 0, 255, 0.1)",
        stroke = "blue",
        lineWidth = 2
    ),
    trigger = c("Shift")
)</pre>
```

bubble_sets 13

bubble_sets

Configure Bubble Sets Plugin for G6

Description

Creates a configuration object for the bubble-sets plugin in G6. This plugin creates bubble-like contours around groups of specified elements.

Usage

```
bubble_sets(
 members,
 key = "bubble-sets",
  avoidMembers = NULL,
  label = TRUE,
  labelPlacement = c("bottom", "left", "right", "top", "center"),
  labelBackground = FALSE,
  labelPadding = 0,
  labelCloseToPath = TRUE,
  labelAutoRotate = TRUE,
  labelOffsetX = 0,
  labelOffsetY = 0,
  labelMaxWidth = NULL,
 maxRoutingIterations = 100,
 maxMarchingIterations = 20,
 pixelGroup = 4,
  edgeR0 = NULL,
  edgeR1 = NULL,
  nodeR0 = NULL,
  nodeR1 = NULL,
 morphBuffer = NULL,
  threshold = NULL,
 memberInfluenceFactor = NULL,
  edgeInfluenceFactor = NULL,
  nonMemberInfluenceFactor = NULL,
  virtualEdges = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

members Member elements, including nodes and edges (character vector, required).

key Unique identifier for updates (string, default: NULL).

avoidMembers Elements to avoid when drawing contours (character vector, default: NULL).

Whether to display labels (boolean, default: TRUE).

labelPlacement Label position (string, default: "bottom").

14 bubble_sets

```
labelBackground
                  Whether to display background (boolean, default: FALSE).
labelPadding
                 Label padding (numeric or numeric vector, default: 0).
labelCloseToPath
                  Whether the label is close to the contour (boolean, default: TRUE).
labelAutoRotate
                  Whether the label rotates with the contour (boolean, default: TRUE).
labelOffsetX
                 Label x-axis offset (numeric, default: 0).
labelOffsetY
                 Label y-axis offset (numeric, default: 0).
labelMaxWidth
                 Maximum width of the text (numeric, default: NULL).
maxRoutingIterations
                  Maximum iterations for path calculation (numeric, default: 100).
maxMarchingIterations
                 Maximum iterations for contour calculation (numeric, default: 20).
pixelGroup
                 Number of pixels per potential area group (numeric, default: 4).
edgeR0
                 Edge radius parameter R0 (numeric, default: NULL).
edgeR1
                 Edge radius parameter R1 (numeric, default: NULL).
nodeR0
                 Node radius parameter R0 (numeric, default: NULL).
nodeR1
                 Node radius parameter R1 (numeric, default: NULL).
morphBuffer
                 Morph buffer size (numeric, default: NULL).
threshold
                 Threshold (numeric, default: NULL).
memberInfluenceFactor
                 Member influence factor (numeric, default: NULL).
edgeInfluenceFactor
                 Edge influence factor (numeric, default: NULL).
nonMemberInfluenceFactor
                 Non-member influence factor (numeric, default: NULL).
                 Whether to use virtual edges (boolean, default: NULL).
virtualEdges
                 Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/
                 bubble-sets.
```

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the bubble-sets plugin.

```
# Basic bubble set around specific nodes
bubble <- bubble_sets(
  members = c("node1", "node2", "node3"),
  label = TRUE
)
# More customized bubble set</pre>
```

canvas_config 15

```
bubble <- bubble_sets(</pre>
 key = "team-a",
 members = c("node1", "node2", "node3", "edge1", "edge2"),
 avoidMembers = c("node4", "node5"),
 labelPlacement = "top",
 labelBackground = TRUE,
 labelPadding = c(4, 2),
 maxRoutingIterations = 150
)
# Bubble set with advanced parameters
bubble <- bubble_sets(</pre>
 members = c("node1", "node2", "node3"),
 pixelGroup = 6,
 edgeR0 = 10,
 nodeR0 = 5,
 memberInfluenceFactor = 0.8,
 edgeInfluenceFactor = 0.5,
 nonMemberInfluenceFactor = 0.3,
 virtualEdges = TRUE
)
```

canvas_config

Create Canvas Configuration for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the canvas settings for a G6 graph. The canvas is the rendering surface where the graph is drawn.

Usage

```
canvas_config(
  container = NULL,
  devicePixelRatio = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  cursor = NULL,
  background = NULL,
  renderer = NULL,
  enableMultiLayer = NULL)
```

Arguments

container

The container element for the canvas. Can be a CSS selector string or an HTML element reference.

16 canvas_config

devicePixelRatio

The device pixel ratio to use for rendering. Higher values provide sharper rendering on high-DPI displays but may impact performance. If not specified, the

device's pixel ratio will be used.

width The width of the canvas in pixels.
height The height of the canvas in pixels.

cursor The CSS cursor style to use when hovering over the canvas. Common values

include "default", "pointer", "move", etc.

background The background color of the canvas. Can be any valid CSS color value (hex,

rgb, rgba, named colors).

renderer A function that returns a renderer for different layers. The function takes a layer

parameter which can be 'background', 'main', 'label', or 'transient'.

enableMultiLayer

Whether to enable multi-layer rendering. This is a non-dynamic parameter and is only effective during initialization. Multi-layer rendering can improve performance for complex graphs by separating elements into different rendering

layers.

Details

Canvas configuration controls how the graph is rendered, including its size, scaling, background, and rendering layer settings. This function provides a structured way to configure all canvas-related options.

Note that many of these settings (container, width, height, devicePixelRatio, background, cursor) can also be set directly in the main graph configuration, which will be automatically converted to canvas configuration items.

Value

A list containing the canvas configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

```
# Basic canvas configuration
config <- canvas_config(
  container = "#graph-container",
  width = 800,
  height = 600
)

# Canvas with multi-layer rendering enabled
config <- canvas_config(
  container = "#graph-container",
  width = 1000,
  height = 700,
  enableMultiLayer = TRUE,
  cursor = "grab"
)</pre>
```

circular_layout 17

circular_layout

Generate G6 AntV circular layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 AntV circular layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
circular_layout(
  angleRatio = 1,
  center = NULL,
  clockwise = TRUE,
  divisions = 1,
  nodeSize = 10,
  nodeSpacing = 10,
  ordering = NULL,
  radius = NULL,
  startAngle = 0,
  endAngle = 2 * pi,
  startRadius = NULL,
  endRadius = NULL,
 width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

angleRatio	How many 2*PI are there between the first node and the last node.
center	Center of layout as vector $c(x, y)$ or $c(x, y, z)$.
clockwise	Is it arranged clockwise?
divisions	Number of segments that nodes are placed on the ring.
nodeSize	Node size (diameter) for collision detection.
nodeSpacing	Minimum distance between rings.
ordering	Basis for sorting nodes ("topology", "topology-directed", or "degree").
radius	Radius of the circle (overrides startRadius and endRadius).
startAngle	Starting angle of the layout.
endAngle	End angle of the layout.
startRadius	Starting radius of the spiral layout.
endRadius	End radius of the spiral layout.
width	Width of layout.

18 click_select

```
height Height of layout.

Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.

com/en/manual/layout/circular-layout.
```

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV circular layout.

Examples

```
circular_config <- circular_layout(
  radius = 200,
   startAngle = 0,
  endAngle = pi,
  clockwise = FALSE
)</pre>
```

click_select

Configure Click Select Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the click-select behavior in G6. This allows users to select graph elements by clicking.

Usage

```
click_select(
  key = "click-select",
  animation = TRUE,
  degree = 0,
  enable = TRUE,
  multiple = FALSE,
  state = c("selected", "active", "inactive", "disabled", "highlight"),
  neighborState = c("selected", "active", "inactive", "disabled", "highlight"),
  unselectedState = NULL,
  onClick = NULL,
  trigger = "shift",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Behavior unique identifier. Useful to modify this behavior from JS side.

animation Whether to enable animation effects when switching element states (boolean, default: TRUE).

degree Controls the highlight spread range (number or function, default: 0).

collapse_expand 19

enable	Whether to enable the click element function (boolean or function, default: TRUE).
multiple	Whether to allow multiple selections (boolean, default: FALSE).
state	The state applied when an element is selected (string, default: "selected").
neighborState	The state applied to elements with n-degree relationships (string, default: "selected").
unselectedState	e
	The state applied to all other elements (string, default: NULL).
onClick	Callback when an element is clicked (function, default: NULL).
trigger	Keys for multi-selection (character vector, default: c("shift")).
• • •	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/click-select.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the click select behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- click_select()

# Custom configuration
config <- click_select(
   animation = FALSE,
   degree = 1,
   multiple = TRUE,
   state = "active",
   neighborState = "highlight",
   unselectedState = "inactive",
   trigger = c("Control")
)</pre>
```

collapse_expand

Configure Collapse Expand Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the collapse-expand behavior in G6. This allows users to collapse or expand nodes/combos with child elements.

Usage

```
collapse_expand(
  key = "collapse-expand",
  animation = TRUE,
  enable = TRUE,
  trigger = "dblclick",
  onCollapse = NULL,
  onExpand = NULL,
  align = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Behavior unique identifier. Useful to modify this behavior from JS side.
animation	Enable expand/collapse animation effects (boolean, default: TRUE).
enable	Enable expand/collapse functionality (boolean or function, default: TRUE).
trigger	Trigger method: "click" or "dblclick" (string, default: "dblclick").
onCollapse	Callback function when collapse is completed (function, default: NULL).
onExpand	Callback function when expand is completed (function, default: NULL).
align	Align with the target element to avoid view offset (boolean, default: TRUE).
	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/collapse-expand.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the collapse-expand behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- collapse_expand()</pre>
```

combo_combined_layout Create an AntV Combo Combined Layout

Description

Creates a combo combined layout configuration for G6 graphs. This layout algorithm combines different layout strategies for elements inside combos and the outermost layer, providing hierarchical organization of graph elements.

Usage

```
combo_combined_layout(
  center = NULL,
  comboPadding = 10,
  innerLayout = NULL,
  nodeSize = 10,
  outerLayout = NULL,
  spacing = NULL,
  treeKey = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

center	Layout center coordinates. A numeric vector of length 2 $[x, y]$. If NULL, uses the graph center. Default is NULL.
comboPadding	Padding value inside the combo, used only for force calculation, not for rendering. It is recommended to set the same value as the visual padding. Can be a number, numeric vector, function, or JS function. Default is 10.
innerLayout	Layout algorithm for elements inside the combo. Should be a Layout object or function. If NULL, uses ConcentricLayout as default.
nodeSize	Node size (diameter), used for collision detection. If not specified, it is calculated from the node's size property. Can be a number, numeric vector, function, or JS function. Default is 10.
outerLayout	Layout algorithm for the outermost layer. Should be a Layout object or function. If NULL, uses ForceLayout as default.
spacing	Minimum spacing between node/combo edges when preventNodeOverlap or preventOverlap is true. Can be a number, function, or JS function for different nodes. Default is NULL.
treeKey	Tree key identifier as a character string. Default is NULL.
•••	Additional parameters passed to the layout configuration. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/combo-combined-layout.

Details

The combo combined layout is particularly useful for graphs with hierarchical structures where you want different layout algorithms for different levels of the hierarchy. The inner layout handles elements within combos, while the outer layout manages the overall arrangement.

Value

A layout configuration object for use with G6 graphs.

See Also

```
antv_dagre_layout for dagre layout configuration
```

combo_options

Examples

```
# Basic combo combined layout
layout <- combo_combined_layout()

# Custom configuration with specific center and padding
layout <- combo_combined_layout(
  comboPadding = 20,
  nodeSize = 15,
  spacing = 10
)</pre>
```

 $combo_options$

Create Combo Options Configuration for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the general options for combos in a G6 graph. These settings control the type, style, state, palette, and animation of combos.

Usage

```
combo_options(
  type = "circle",
  style = NULL,
  state = NULL,
  palette = NULL,
  animation = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Combo type. Can be a built-in combo type name or a custom combo name. Built-in types include "circle", "rect", "polygon", etc. Default: "circle".
style	Combo style configuration. Controls the appearance of combos including color, size, border, etc. Default: NULL.
state	Defines the style of the combo in different states, such as hover, selected, disabled, etc. Should be a list mapping state names to style configurations. Default: NULL.
palette	Defines the color palette of the combo, used to map colors based on different data. Default: NULL.
animation	Defines the animation effect of the combo. Can be created with animation_config(). Default: NULL.

compact_box_layout 23

Details

Combo options allow defining how combos (node groupings) appear and behave in a G6 graph. This includes selecting combo types, setting styles, configuring state-based appearances, defining color palettes, and specifying animation effects.

Value

A list containing combo options configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

Examples

```
# Basic combo options with default circle type
options <- combo_options()

# Rectangle combo with custom style
options <- combo_options(
  type = "rect",
   style = list(
    fill = "#F6F6F6",
    stroke = "#CCCCCC",
    lineWidth = 1
  )
)</pre>
```

compact_box_layout

Generate G6 AntV Compact Box layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 AntV Compact Box layout with all available options as parameters. The Compact Box layout is designed for efficiently laying out trees and hierarchical structures.

Usage

```
compact_box_layout(
  direction = c("LR", "RL", "TB", "BT", "H", "V"),
  getSide = NULL,
  getId = NULL,
  getWidth = NULL,
  getHeight = NULL,
  getHGap = NULL,
  getVGap = NULL,
  radial = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

direction	Layout direction: "LR" (left to right), "RL" (right to left), "TB" (top to bottom), "BT" (bottom to top), "H" (horizontal), or "V" (vertical)
getSide	Function to set the nodes to be arranged on the left/right side of the root node. If not set, the algorithm automatically assigns the nodes to the left/right side. Note: This parameter is only effective when the layout direction is "H". Function format: function(node) { return "left" or "right" }
getId	Callback function for generating node IDs. Function format: function(node) { return string }
getWidth	Function to calculate the width of each node. Function format: function(node) { return number }
getHeight	Function to calculate the height of each node. Function format: function(node) { return number }
getHGap	Function to calculate the horizontal gap for each node. Function format: function(node) { return number }
getVGap	Function to calculate the vertical gap for each node. Function format: function(node) { return number }
radial	Whether to enable radial layout
	Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/compact-box-layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV Compact Box layout.

```
# Basic compact box layout
box_config <- compact_box_layout()

# Vertical compact box layout
box_config <- compact_box_layout(
    direction = "TB"
)

# Radial layout
box_config <- compact_box_layout(
    radial = TRUE
)</pre>
```

concentric_layout 25

concentric_layout

Generate G6 AntV Concentric layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 AntV Concentric layout with all available options as parameters. The Concentric layout places nodes in concentric circles based on a centrality measure.

Usage

```
concentric_layout(
  center = NULL,
  clockwise = FALSE,
  equidistant = FALSE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  sortBy = "degree",
  maxLevelDiff = NULL,
  nodeSize = 30,
  nodeSpacing = 10,
  preventOverlap = FALSE,
  startAngle = 3/2 * pi,
  sweep = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

center

	the center position of the current container.
clockwise	Whether nodes are arranged in clockwise order.
equidistant	Whether the distances between rings are equal.
width	The width of the layout. By default, the container width is used.
height	The height of the layout. By default, the container height is used.

Specify the sorting basis (node attribute name). The higher the value, the more central the node will be placed. If it is "degree", the degree of the node will be

calculated. The higher the degree, the more central the node will be placed.

The center position of the circular layout [x, y] or [x, y, z]. By default, it's

maxLevelDiff If the maximum attribute difference of nodes in the same layer is undefined, it

will be set to maxValue / 4, where maxValue is the maximum attribute value of the sorting basis. For example, if sortBy is 'degree', then maxValue is the degree

of the node with the largest degree among all nodes.

nodeSize Node size (diameter). Used to prevent collision detection when nodes overlap.

Can be a number, a 2-element vector [width, height], or a function that re-

turns a number.

26 context_menu

nodeSpacing Minimum distance between rings, used to adjust the radius. Can be a number, a

vector of numbers, or a function that returns a number.

preventOverlap Whether to prevent node overlap. Must be coordinated with the nodeSize at-

tribute or the data.size attribute in the node data. Only when data.size is set in the data or the nodeSize value that is the same as the current graph node size is configured in the layout, can node overlap collision detection be performed.

startAngle The arc at which to start layout of nodes (in radians)

sweep If the radian difference between the first and last nodes in the same layer is unde-

fined, it will be set to 2 * Math.PI * (1 - 1 / |level.nodes|), where level.nodes is the number of nodes in each layer calculated by the algorithm, and llevel.nodes|

is the number of nodes in the layer.

.. Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.

com/en/manual/layout/concentric-layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV Concentric layout

Examples

```
# Basic concentric layout
concentric_config <- concentric_layout()</pre>
# Custom concentric layout with degree-based sorting and overlap prevention
concentric_config <- concentric_layout(</pre>
 clockwise = TRUE,
 sortBy = "degree",
 preventOverlap = TRUE,
 nodeSize = 30,
 nodeSpacing = 20
)
# Custom concentric layout with specific center and dimensions
concentric_config <- concentric_layout(</pre>
 center = c(300, 300),
 width = 600,
 height = 600,
 equidistant = TRUE,
 startAngle = pi
)
```

context_menu

Configure Context Menu Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the context-menu behavior in G6. This allows users to display a context menu when right-clicking or clicking on graph elements.

context_menu 27

Usage

```
context_menu(
   key = "contextmenu",
   className = "g6-contextmenu",
   trigger = "contextmenu",
   offset = c(4, 4),
   onClick = NULL,
   getItems = NULL,
   getContent = NULL,
   loadingContent = NULL,
   enable = JS("(e) => e.targetType === 'node'"),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior, used for subsequent operations (string, default: "context-menu").
className	Additional class name for the menu DOM (string, default: "g6-contextmenu").
trigger	How to trigger the menu: "contextmenu" for right-click, "click" for click (string, default: "contextmenu").
offset	Offset of the menu display in X and Y directions (numeric vector, default: c(4, 4)).
onClick	Callback method triggered after menu item is clicked (JS function). Our default allows to create edge or either remove the current node.
getItems	Returns the list of menu items, supports Promise (JS function, default: NULL).
getContent	Returns the content of the menu, supports Promise (JS function, default: NULL).
loadingContent	Menu content used when getContent returns a Promise (string or HTML element, default: NULL).
enable	Whether the context menu is available (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
•••	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/contextmenu.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the context menu plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- context_menu()

# Custom configuration with JavaScript functions
config <- context_menu(
   key = "my-context-menu",
   className = "my-context-menu",</pre>
```

28 create_edge

```
trigger = "click",
 offset = c(10, 10),
 getItems = JS("(event) => {
   const type = event.itemType;
   const isNode = type === 'node';
   return [
     { key: 'delete', text: 'Delete' },
     { key: 'edit', text: 'Edit' },
     { key: 'details', text: 'View Details', disabled: !isNode }
   ];
 }"),
 onClick = JS("(value, target, current) => {
   if (value === 'delete') {
      // do stuff
 }")
)
```

create_edge

Configure Create Edge Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the create-edge behavior in G6. This allows users to create edges between nodes by clicking or dragging.

Usage

```
create_edge(
  key = "create-edge",
  trigger = "drag",
  enable = FALSE,
  onCreate = NULL,
  onFinish = NULL,
  style = NULL,
  notify = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Behavior unique identifier. Useful to modify this behavior from JS side.

trigger The way to trigger edge creation: "click" or "drag" (string, default: "drag").

Whether to enable this behavior (boolean or function, default: FALSE). Our default implementation works in parallel with the context_menu plugin which is responsible for activating the edge behavior when edge creation is selected.

onCreate Callback function for creating an edge, returns edge data (function, default:

NULL).

d3_force_layout 29

onFinish	Callback function for successfully creating an edge (function). By default, we provide an internal implementation that disables the edge mode when the edge creation is successful so that it does not conflict with other drag behaviors.
style	Style of the newly created edge (list, default: NULL).
notify	Whether to show a feedback message in the ui.
	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/create-edge.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the create-edge behavior.

Note

create_edge, drag_element and drag_element_force are incompatible by default, as there triggers are the same. You can change the trigger to workaround this.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- create_edge()</pre>
```

d3_force_layout

Generate G6 D3 Force layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 D3 Force layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
d3_force_layout(
   link = list(distance = 100, strength = 2),
   collide = list(radius = 40),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

link

A list specifying force parameters for links (edges), with components:

id Edge id generation function, format: function(edge, index, edges) { return string }. Default is function(e) e.id

distance Ideal edge length that edges will tend toward. Can be a number or a function function(edge, index, edges) { return number }. Default is 30

30 dag

strength The strength of the force. Higher values make edge lengths closer to
 the ideal length. Can be a number or a function function(edge, index,
 edges) { return number }. Default is 1

iterations Number of iterations of link force. Default is 1

collide

A list specifying collision force parameters for nodes, with components:

radius Collision radius. Nodes closer than this distance will experience a repulsive force. Can be a number or a function function (node, index, nodes) { return number }. Default is 10

strength The strength of the repulsive force. Higher values produce more obvious repulsion. Default is 1

iterations The number of iterations for collision detection. Default is 1

Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/d3-force.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV D3 Force layout.

Examples

```
# Basic D3 force layout
d3_force_config <- d3_force_layout()

# Custom link distance and collision radius
d3_force_config <- d3_force_layout(
  link = list(
    distance = 150,
    strength = 0.5,
    iterations = 3
),
  collide = list(
    radius = 30,
    strength = 0.8
)</pre>
```

dag

Example DAG graph

Description

The graph is a directed acyclic graph

Usage

data(dag)

dagre_layout 31

Format

```
A list with 2 data frames:
```

nodes data frame with 12 rows for the nodes. **edges** data frame with 12 rows for the edges.

combo data frame with 3 rows for the combos.

Source

https://gw.alipayobjects.com/os/antvdemo/assets/data/algorithm-category.json

dagre_layout

Generate G6 AntV Dagre layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 AntV Dagre layout with all available options as parameters. The Dagre layout is designed for directed graphs, creating hierarchical layouts with nodes arranged in layers.

Usage

```
dagre_layout(
  rankdir = c("TB", "BT", "LR", "RL"),
  align = c("UL", "UR", "DL", "DR"),
  nodesep = 50,
  ranksep = 100,
  ranker = c("network-simplex", "tight-tree", "longest-path"),
  nodeSize = NULL,
  controlPoints = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

rankdir	Layout direction: "TB" (top to bottom), "BT" (bottom to top), "LR" (left to right), or "RL" (right to left).
align	Node alignment: "UL" (upper left), "UR" (upper right), "DL" (down left), or "DR" (down right).
nodesep	Node spacing (px). When rankdir is "TB" or "BT", it's the horizontal spacing of nodes; when rankdir is "LR" or "RL", it's the vertical spacing of nodes.
ranksep	Interlayer spacing (px). When rankdir is "TB" or "BT", it's the spacing between adjacent layers in the vertical direction; when rankdir is "LR" or "RL", it represents the spacing between adjacent layers in the horizontal direction.

32 dendrogram_layout

ranker The algorithm for assigning a level to each node: "network-simplex" (the network simplex algorithm), "tight-tree" (the compact tree algorithm), or "longest-path" (the longest path algorithm).

nodeSize G6 custom attribute to specify the node size uniformly or for each node. Can be a single number (same width/height), an array [width, height], or a function that returns either.

controlPoints Whether to keep the control points of the edge.

... Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/dagre-layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 AntV Dagre layout.

Examples

```
# Basic dagre layout
dagre_config <- dagre_layout()

# Custom dagre layout with horizontal flow
dagre_config <- dagre_layout(
    rankdir = "LR",
    nodesep = 80,
    ranksep = 150,
    ranker = "tight-tree"
)

# Custom dagre layout with specific node size
dagre_config <- dagre_layout(
    nodeSize = 40,
    controlPoints = TRUE
)</pre>
```

dendrogram_layout

Generate G6 Dendrogram layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 Dendrogram layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
dendrogram_layout(
  direction = c("LR", "RL", "TB", "BT", "H", "V"),
  nodeSep = 20,
  rankSep = 200,
  radial = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

drag_canvas 33

Arguments

direction	Character. Layout direction. Options: "LR", "RL", "TB", "BT", "H", "V". Defaults to "LR".
nodeSep	Numeric. Node spacing, distance between nodes on the same level. Defaults to 20.
rankSep	Numeric. Rank spacing, distance between different levels. Defaults to 200.
radial	Logical. Whether to enable radial layout. Defaults to FALSE.
• • •	Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/dendrogram-layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 dendrogram layout.

drag_canvas	Configure Drag Canvas Behavior	

Description

Creates a configuration object for the drag-canvas behavior in G6. This allows users to drag the canvas to pan the view.

Usage

```
drag_canvas(
   key = "drag-canvas",
   enable = NULL,
   animation = NULL,
   direction = c("both", "x", "y"),
   range = NULL,
   sensitivity = 10,
   trigger = NULL,
   onFinish = NULL,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Behavior unique identifier. Useful to modify this behavior from JS side.
enable	Whether to enable this behavior (boolean or function, default: function that enables dragging only on canvas).
animation	Drag animation configuration for keyboard movement (list, default: NULL).
direction	Allowed drag direction: "x", "y", or "both" (string, default: "both").
range	Draggable viewport range in viewport size units (number or numeric vector, default: Inf).

34 drag_element

```
sensitivity Distance to trigger a single keyboard movement (number, default: 10).

trigger Keyboard keys to trigger dragging (list, default: NULL).

Callback function when dragging is completed (function, default: NULL).

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/drag-canvas.
```

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the drag-canvas behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- drag_canvas()

# Custom configuration
config <- drag_canvas(
  enable = TRUE,
  direction = "x",
  range = c(-100, 100),
  sensitivity = 5,
  trigger = list(
   up = "ArrowUp",
   down = "ArrowDown",
   left = "ArrowLeft",
   right = "ArrowRight"
  )
)</pre>
```

drag_element

Configure Drag Element Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the drag-element behavior in G6. This allows users to drag nodes and combos in the graph.

Usage

```
drag_element(
   key = "drag-element",
   enable = TRUE,
   animation = TRUE,
   state = "selected",
   dropEffect = c("move", "link", "none"),
   hideEdge = c("none", "out", "in", "both", "all"),
   shadow = FALSE,
   cursor = NULL,
   ...
)
```

drag_element 35

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior, used for subsequent operations (string, default: NULL)
enable	Whether to enable the drag function (boolean or function, default: function that enables dragging for nodes and combos).
animation	Whether to enable drag animation (boolean, default: TRUE).
state	Identifier for the selected state of nodes (string, default: "selected").
dropEffect	Defines the operation effect after dragging ends: "link", "move", or "none" (string, default: "move").
hideEdge	Controls the display state of edges during dragging: "none", "out", "in", "both", or "all" (string, default: "none").
shadow	Whether to enable ghost nodes (boolean, default: FALSE).
cursor	Customize the mouse style during dragging (list, default: NULL).
	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/drag-element.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the drag-element behavior.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- drag_element()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- drag_element(</pre>
  key = "my-drag-behavior",
  animation = FALSE,
  dropEffect = "link",
  hideEdge = "both",
  shadow = TRUE,
  cursor = list(
   default = "default",
    grab = "grab",
   grabbing = "grabbing"
  ),
  enable = JS(
  "(e) => {
    return e.targetType === 'node' || e.targetType === 'combo';
)
```

36 drag_element_force

drag_element_force

Configure Drag Element Force Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the drag-element-force behavior in G6. This allows users to drag nodes and combos with force-directed layout interactions.

Usage

```
drag_element_force(
  key = "drag-element-force",
  fixed = FALSE,
  enable = NULL,
  state = "selected",
  hideEdge = c("none", "out", "in", "both", "all"),
  cursor = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior, used for subsequent operations (string, default: "drag-element-force").
fixed	Whether to keep the node position fixed after dragging ends (boolean, default: FALSE).
enable	Whether to enable the drag function (boolean or JS function, default: JS function that enables dragging for nodes and combos).
state	Identifier for the selected state of nodes (string, default: "selected").
hideEdge	Controls the display state of edges during dragging: "none", "out", "in", "both", or "all" (string, default: "none").
cursor	Customize the mouse style during dragging (list, default: NULL).
• • •	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/drag-element-force.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the drag-element-force behavior.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- drag_element_force()
# Custom configuration with JavaScript arrow function and custom key
config <- drag_element_force(</pre>
```

edge_bundling 37

```
key = "my-custom-drag-force",
fixed = TRUE,
enable = JS("(event) => { return event.targetType === 'node'; }"),
hideEdge = "both",
cursor = list(
  default = "default",
  grab = "grab",
  grabbing = "grabbing"
)
```

edge_bundling

Configure Edge Bundling Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the edge-bundling plugin in G6. This plugin automatically bundles similar edges together to reduce visual clutter.

Usage

```
edge_bundling(
  key = "edge-bundling",
  bundleThreshold = 0.6,
  cycles = 6,
  divisions = 1,
  divRate = 2,
  iterations = 90,
  iterRate = 2/3,
  K = 0.1,
  lambda = 0.1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

bundleThreshold

Edge compatibility threshold, determines which edges should be bundled to-

gether (number, default: 0.6).

cycles Number of simulation cycles (number, default: 6).

divisions Initial number of cut points (number, default: 1).

divRate Growth rate of cut points (number, default: 2).

iterations Number of iterations executed in the first cycle (number, default: 90).

iterRate Iteration decrement rate (number, default: 2/3).

38 edge_filter_lens

K	Edge strength, affects attraction and repulsion between edges (number, default: 0.1).
lambda	Initial step size (number, default: 0.1).
•••	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/edge-bundling.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the edge-bundling plugin.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- edge_bundling()

# Custom configuration
config <- edge_bundling(
  key = "my-edge-bundling",
  bundleThreshold = 0.8,
  cycles = 8,
  K = 0.2
)</pre>
```

edge_filter_lens

Configure Edge Filter Lens Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the edge-filter-lens plugin in G6. This plugin creates a lens that filters and displays edges within a specific area.

Usage

```
edge_filter_lens(
   key = "edge-filter-lens",
   trigger = c("pointermove", "click", "drag"),
   r = 60,
   maxR = NULL,
   minR = 0,
   scaleRBy = "wheel",
   nodeType = c("both", "source", "target", "either"),
   filter = NULL,
   style = NULL,
   nodeStyle = list(label = FALSE),
   edgeStyle = list(label = TRUE),
   preventDefault = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

edge_filter_lens 39

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).
trigger	Method to move the lens: "pointermove", "click", or "drag" (string, default: "pointermove").
r	Radius of the lens (number, default: 60).
maxR	Maximum radius of the lens (number, default: NULL - half of the smaller canvas dimension).
minR	Minimum radius of the lens (number, default: 0).
scaleRBy	Method to scale the lens radius (string, default: "wheel").
nodeType	Edge display condition: "both", "source", "target", or "either" (string, default: "both").
filter	Filter out elements that are never displayed in the lens (JS function, default: NULL).
style	Style of the lens (list, default: NULL).
nodeStyle	Style of nodes in the lens (list or JS function, default: list(label = FALSE)).
edgeStyle	Style of edges in the lens (list or JS function, default: list(label = TRUE)).
${\tt preventDefault}$	Whether to prevent default events (boolean, default: TRUE).
• • •	$Extra\ parameters.\ See \ https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/edge-filter-lens.$

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the edge-filter-lens plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- edge_filter_lens()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- edge_filter_lens(</pre>
  key = "my-edge-lens",
  trigger = "drag",
  r = 100,
  nodeType = "either",
  style = list(
   fill = "rgba(200, 200, 200, 0.3)",
   stroke = "#999",
   lineWidth = 2
  filter = JS("(id, type) => {
   // Only display edges connected to specific nodes
   if (type === 'edge') {
     const edge = graph.getEdgeData(id);
      return edge.source === 'node1' || edge.target === 'node1';
    }
```

40 edge_options

```
return true;
}")
)
```

edge_options

Create Edge Options Configuration for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the general options for edges in a G6 graph. These settings control the type, style, state, palette, and animation of edges.

Usage

```
edge_options(
  type = c("line", "polyline", "arc", "quadratic", "cubic", "cubic-vertical",
    "cubic-horizontal", "loop"),
  style = edge_style_options(),
  state = NULL,
  palette = NULL,
  animation = NULL
)
```

Arguments

type	Edge type. Can be a built-in edge type name or a custom edge name. Built-in types include "line", "polyline", "arc", "quadratic", "cubic", "cubic-vertical", "cubic-horizontal", "loop", etc. Default: "line".
style	Edge style configuration. Controls the appearance of edges including color, width, dash patterns, etc. Can be created with edge_style_options(). Default: NULL.
state	Defines the style of the edge in different states, such as hover, selected, disabled, etc. Should be a list mapping state names to style configurations. Default: NULL.
palette	Defines the color palette of the edge, used to map colors based on different data. Default: NULL.
animation	Defines the animation effect of the edge. Can be created with animation_config(). Default: NULL.

Details

Edge options allow defining how edges appear and behave in a G6 graph. This includes selecting edge types, setting styles, configuring state-based appearances, defining color palettes, and specifying animation effects.

edge_style_options 41

Value

A list containing edge options configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

Examples

```
# Basic edge options with default line type
options <- edge_options()

# Curved edge with custom style
options <- edge_options(
  type = "cubic",
  style = edge_style_options(
   stroke = "#1783FF",
   lineWidth = 2,
   endArrow = TRUE
  )
)</pre>
```

edge_style_options

Create Edge Style Options for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the styling options for edges in a G6 graph. These settings control the appearance and interaction behavior of edges.

Usage

```
edge_style_options(
  class = NULL,
  cursor = valid_cursors,
  fill = NULL,
  fillRule = c("nonzero", "evenodd"),
  filter = NULL,
  increasedLineWidthForHitTesting = NULL,
  isBillboard = TRUE,
  lineDash = 0,
  lineDashOffset = 0,
  lineWidth = 1,
  opacity = 1,
  pointerEvents = NULL,
  shadowBlur = NULL,
  shadowColor = NULL,
  shadowOffsetX = NULL,
  shadowOffsetY = NULL,
  shadowType = NULL,
  sourcePort = NULL,
  stroke = "#000",
```

42 edge_style_options

```
strokeOpacity = 1,
targetPort = NULL,
transform = NULL,
transformOrigin = NULL,
visibility = c("visible", "hidden"),
zIndex = -10000,
...
)
```

Arguments

class Edge class name for custom styling with CSS. Default: NULL.

cursor Edge mouse hover cursor style. Common values include "default", "pointer",

"move", etc. Default: "default".

fill Edge area fill color (for edges with area, like loops). Default: NULL. fillRule Edge internal fill rule. Options: "nonzero", "evenodd". Default: NULL.

filter Edge shadow filter effect. Default: NULL.

increasedLineWidthForHitTesting

When the edge width is too small, this value increases the interaction area to

make edges easier to interact with. Default: NULL.

isBillboard Effective in 3D scenes, always facing the screen so the line width is not affected

by perspective projection. Default: TRUE.

lineDash Edge dashed line style. Numeric vector specifying dash pattern. Default: 0.

lineDashOffset Edge dashed line offset. Default: 0. lineWidth Edge width in pixels. Default: 1.

opacity Overall opacity of the edge. Value between 0 and 1. Default: 1.

pointerEvents Whether the edge responds to pointer events. Default: NULL. shadowBlur Edge shadow blur effect amount. Default: NULL.

shadowColor Edge shadow color. Default: NULL.

shadowOffsetX Edge shadow X-axis offset. Default: NULL. shadowOffsetY Edge shadow Y-axis offset. Default: NULL.

shadowType Edge shadow type. Options: "inner", "outer", "both". Default: NULL.

sourcePort Source port of the edge connection. Default: NULL.

stroke Edge color. Default: "#000".

strokeOpacity Edge color opacity. Value between 0 and 1. Default: 1. targetPort Target port of the edge connection. Default: NULL.

transform CSS transform attribute to rotate, scale, skew, or translate the edge. Default:

NULL.

transformOrigin

Rotation and scaling center point. Default: NULL.

visibility Whether the edge is visible. Options: "visible", "hidden". Default: "visible".

zIndex Edge rendering level (for layering). Default: 1.

... Extra parameters.

fish_eye 43

Details

Edge style options allow fine-grained control over how edges are rendered and behave in a G6 graph. This includes colors, widths, line styles, shadows, visibility, and interaction properties.

Value

A list containing edge style options that can be passed to edge_options().

fish_eye

Configure Fish Eye Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the fisheye plugin in G6. This plugin creates a fisheye lens effect that magnifies elements within a specific area.

Usage

```
fish_eye(
  key = "fish-eye",
  trigger = c("pointermove", "click", "drag"),
 r = 120,
 maxR = NULL,
 minR = 0,
 d = 1.5,
 maxD = 5,
 minD = 0,
  scaleRBy = NULL,
  scaleDBy = NULL,
  showDPercent = TRUE,
  style = NULL,
  nodeStyle = list(label = TRUE),
 preventDefault = TRUE,
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).
trigger	Method to move the fisheye: "pointermove", "click", or "drag" (string, default: "pointermove").
r	Radius of the fisheye (number, default: 120).
maxR	Maximum adjustable radius of the fisheye (number, default: NULL - half of the smaller canvas dimension).
minR	Minimum adjustable radius of the fisheye (number, default: 0).

fish_eye

d	Distortion factor (number, default: 1.5).
maxD	Maximum adjustable distortion factor (number, default: 5).
minD	Minimum adjustable distortion factor (number, default: 0).
scaleRBy	Method to adjust the fisheye radius: "wheel" or "drag" (string, default: NULL).
scaleDBy	Method to adjust the fisheye distortion factor: "wheel" or "drag" (string, default: NULL).
showDPercent	Whether to show the distortion factor value in the fisheye (boolean, default: TRUE).
style	Style of the fisheye (list, default: NULL).
nodeStyle	Style of nodes in the fisheye (list or JS function, default: list(label = TRUE)).
preventDefault	Whether to prevent default events (boolean, default: TRUE).
	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/fisheye.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the fisheye plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- fish_eye()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- fish_eye(</pre>
  key = "my-fisheye",
  trigger = "drag",
 r = 200,
  d = 2.5,
  scaleRBy = "wheel",
  scaleDBy = "drag",
  style = list(
    stroke = "#1890ff",
    fill = "rgba(24, 144, 255, 0.1)",
    lineWidth = 2
  ),
  nodeStyle = JS("(datum) => {
    return {
      label: true,
      labelCfg: {
        style: {
          fill: '#003a8c',
          fontSize: 14
        }
     }
 };
}")
```

fix_element_size 45

fix_element_size

Configure Fix Element Size Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the fix-element-size behavior in G6. This allows maintaining fixed visual sizes for elements during zoom operations.

Usage

```
fix_element_size(
  key = "fix-element-size",
  enable = TRUE,
  reset = FALSE,
  state = "",
  node = NULL,
  nodeFilter = JS("() => true"),
  edge = list(list(shape = "key", fields = c("lineWidth")), list(shape = "halo", fields =
        c("lineWidth")), list(shape = "label", fields = c("fontSize"))),
  edgeFilter = JS("() => true"),
  combo = NULL,
  comboFilter = JS("() => true"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior, used for subsequent operations (string, default: "fix-element-size").
enable	Whether to enable this interaction (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
reset	Whether to restore style when elements are redrawn (boolean, default: FALSE).
state	Specify the state of elements to fix size (string, default: "")
node	Node configuration item(s) to define which attributes maintain fixed size (list or array of lists, default: NULL).
nodeFilter	Node filter to determine which nodes maintain fixed size (JS function, default: returns TRUE for all nodes).
edge	Edge configuration item(s) to define which attributes maintain fixed size (list or array of lists, default: predefined list).
edgeFilter	Edge filter to determine which edges maintain fixed size (JS function, default: returns TRUE for all edges).
combo	Combo configuration item(s) to define which attributes maintain fixed size (list or array of lists, default: NULL).
comboFilter	Combo filter to determine which combos maintain fixed size (JS function, default: returns TRUE for all combos).
	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/fix-element-size.

46 focus_element

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the fix-element-size behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- fix_element_size()

# Custom configuration with filters and specific shape configurations
config <- fix_element_size(
    key = "my-fix-size-behavior",
    reset = TRUE,
    state = "active",
    node = list(
        list(shape = "circle", fields = c("r", "lineWidth")),
        list(shape = "label", fields = c("fontSize"))
    ),
    nodeFilter = JS("(node) => node.type === 'important'"),
    edge = list(shape = "line", fields = c("lineWidth", "lineDash")),
    edgeFilter = JS("(edge) => edge.weight > 5")
)
```

focus_element

Configure Focus Element Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the focus-element behavior in G6. This behavior allows focusing on specific elements by automatically adjusting the viewport.

Usage

```
focus_element(
  key = "focus-element",
  animation = list(duration = 500, easing = "ease-in"),
  enable = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior, used for subsequent operations (string, default: "focus-element").
animation	Focus animation settings (list, default: list with duration 500ms and easing "ease-in").
enable	Whether to enable the focus feature (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
• • •	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/focus-element.

force_atlas2_layout 47

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the focus-element behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- focus_element()

# Custom configuration
config <- focus_element(
   key = "my-focus-behavior",
   animation = list(duration = 1000, easing = "ease-out"),
   enable = JS("(event) => event.targetType === 'node'")
)
```

force_atlas2_layout

Generate G6 Force Atlas2 layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 Force Atlas2 layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
force_atlas2_layout(
 barnesHut = NULL,
  dissuadeHubs = FALSE,
 height = NULL,
  kg = 1,
  kr = 5,
  ks = 0.1,
  ksmax = 10,
 mode = "normal",
 nodeSize = NULL,
 preventOverlap = FALSE,
  prune = NULL,
  tao = 0.1,
 width = NULL,
  center = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

barnesHut

Logical. Whether to enable quadtree acceleration. When enabled, improves performance for large graphs but may affect layout quality. By default, enabled if node count > 250.

48 force_atlas2_layout

dissuadeHubs	Logical. Whether to enable hub mode. If TRUE, nodes with higher in-degree are more likely to be placed at the center than those with high out-degree. Defaults to FALSE.
height	Numeric. Layout height. Defaults to container height.
kg	Numeric. Gravity coefficient. The larger the value, the more concentrated the layout is at the center. Defaults to 1 .
kr	Numeric. Repulsion coefficient. Adjusts the compactness of the layout. The larger the value, the looser the layout. Defaults to 5 .
ks	Numeric. Controls the speed of node movement during iteration. Defaults to $0.1.$
ksmax	Numeric. Maximum node movement speed during iteration. Defaults to 10.
mode	Character. Clustering mode. Options are "normal" or "linlog". In "linlog" mode, clusters are more compact. Defaults to "normal".
nodeSize	Numeric or function. Node size (diameter). Used for repulsion calculation when preventOverlap is enabled.
	If not set, uses data.size in node data.
preventOverlap	Logical. Whether to prevent node overlap. When enabled, layout considers node size to avoid overlap. Node size is specified by nodeSize or data.size in node data. Defaults to FALSE.
prune	Logical. Whether to enable auto-pruning. By default, enabled if node count > 100. Pruning speeds up convergence but may reduce layout quality. Set to FALSE to disable auto-activation.
tao	Numeric. Tolerance for stopping oscillation when layout is near convergence. Defaults to 0.1 .
width	Numeric. Layout width. Defaults to container width.
center	Numeric vector of length 2. Layout center in the form $[x, y]$. Each node is attracted to this point, with gravity controlled by kg. If not set, uses canvas center.
• • •	$Additional\ parameters\ to\ pass\ to\ the\ layout.\ See\ \verb https://g6.antv.antgroup. com/en/manual/layout/force-atlas2-layout.$

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 force atlas2 layout.

```
if (interactive()) {
    g6(lesmis$nodes, lesmis$edges) |>
    g6_layout(force_atlas2_layout(
        kr = 20,
        preventOverlap = TRUE,
        center = c(250, 250))) |>
    g6_options(autoResize = TRUE) |>
    g6_behaviors(
```

fruchterman_layout 49

```
"zoom-canvas",
    drag_element()
)
}
```

fruchterman_layout

Generate G6 Fruchterman layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 Fruchterman layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
fruchterman_layout(height = NULL, width = NULL, gravity = 10, speed = 5, ...)
```

Arguments

height	Numeric. Layout height. Defaults to container height.
width	Numeric. Layout width. Defaults to container width.
gravity	Numeric. Central force attracting nodes to the center. Larger values make the layout more compact. Defaults to 10.
speed	Numeric. Node movement speed per iteration. Higher values may cause oscillation. Defaults to 5.
	Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/fruchterman-layout.

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 fruchterman layout.

```
if (interactive()) {
   g6(lesmis$nodes, lesmis$edges) |>
   g6_layout(fruchterman_layout(
      gravity = 5,
      speed = 5
   )) |>
   g6_behaviors(
      "zoom-canvas",
      drag_element()
   )
}
```

50 fullscreen

fullscreen

Configure Fullscreen Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the fullscreen plugin in G6. This plugin enables fullscreen mode for the graph.

Usage

```
fullscreen(
  key = "fullscreen",
  autoFit = TRUE,
  trigger = NULL,
  onEnter = NULL,
  onExit = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).
autoFit	Whether to auto-fit the canvas size to the screen when in fullscreen mode (boolean, default: TRUE).
trigger	Methods to trigger fullscreen, e.g., list(request = "button", exit = "escape") (list, default: NULL).
onEnter	Callback function after entering fullscreen mode (JS function, default: NULL).
onExit	Callback function after exiting fullscreen mode (JS function, default: NULL).
•••	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/fullscreen.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the fullscreen plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- fullscreen()

# Custom configuration
config <- fullscreen(
  key = "my-fullscreen",
  autoFit = TRUE,
  trigger = list(
   request = "F",
   exit = "Esc"</pre>
```

g6 51

```
),
onEnter = JS("() => {
  console.log('Entered fullscreen mode');
}"),
onExit = JS("() => {
  console.log('Exited fullscreen mode');
}")
)
```

g6

Create a G6 Graph Visualization

Description

Creates an interactive graph visualization using the G6 graph visualization library. This function is the main entry point for creating G6 graph visualizations in R.

Usage

```
g6(
  nodes = NULL,
  edges = NULL,
  combos = NULL,
  jsonUrl = NULL,
  iconsUrl = "//at.alicdn.com/t/font_2678727_za4qjydwkkh.js",
  width = "100%",
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL
)
```

Arguments

nodes	A data frame or list of nodes in the graph. Each node should have at least an "id" field. See 'Data Structure' section for more details. Default: NULL.
edges	A data frame or list of edges in the graph. Each edge should have "source" and "target" fields identifying the connected nodes. See 'Data Structure' section for more details. Default: NULL.
combos	A data frame or list of combo groups in the graph. Each combo should have at least an "id" field. Nodes can be assigned to combos using their "combo" field. See 'Data Structure' section for more details. Default: NULL.
jsonUrl	An url pointing to a valid JSON containing the graph data in G6 format. See https://assets.antv.antgroup.com/g6/20000.json for an example. Can't be used at the same time as nodes, edges, and combos.
iconsUrl	A URL pointing to a JavaScript file containing custom icons. Default provides reasonable set of icons from https://at.alicdn.com/t/project/2678727/caef142c-804a-4a2f-a914-ae82666a31ee.html?spm=a313x.7781069.1998910419.

52 g6

width Width of the graph container in pixels or as a valid CSS unit. Default: NULL

(automatic sizing).

height Height of the graph container in pixels or as a valid CSS unit. Default: NULL

(automatic sizing).

elementId A unique ID for the graph HTML element. Default: NULL (automatically gen-

erated).

Details

The g6 function creates a G6 graph as an htmlwidget that can be used in R Markdown, Shiny applications, or rendered to HTML. It takes graph data in the form of nodes, edges, and optional combo groupings, along with various configuration options for customizing the appearance and behavior of the graph.

Nodes: The nodes parameter should be a data frame or list of nodes with at least an id field for each node. Additional fields can include:

- id (required): Unique identifier for the node. Must be a character.
- type: Node type (e.g., "circle", "rect", "diamond").
- data: Custom data associated with the node.
- style: List of style attributes (color, size, etc.).
- states: String. Initial states for the node, such as selected, active, hover, etc.
- combo: ID of the combo this node belongs to.

Edges: The edges parameter should be a data frame or list of edges with at least source and target fields identifying the connected nodes. Additional fields can include:

- source (required): ID of the source node. Must be a character.
- target (required): ID of the target node. Must be a character.
- id: Unique identifier for the edge.
- type: Edge type (e.g., "line", "cubic", "arc").
- data: Custom data associated with the edge.
- style: List of style attributes (color, width, etc.).
- states: String. Initial states for the edge.

Combos: The combos parameter is used for grouping nodes and can be a data frame or list with combo definitions. Fields include:

- id (required): Unique identifier for the combo. Must be a character.
- type: String: Combo type. It can be the type of built-in Combo, or the custom Combo.
- data: Custom data associated with the combo.
- style: List of style attributes.
- states: String. Initial states for the combo.
- combo: String. Parent combo ID. If there is no parent combo, it is null.

Nodes are assigned to combos by setting their combo field to the ID of the combo.

g6-shiny 53

Value

An htmlwidget object that can be printed, included in R Markdown documents, or used in Shiny applications. This widget contains the graph data and configuration necessary to render the G6 graph visualization.

Examples

```
# Create a simple graph with two nodes and one edge
nodes <- data.frame(
  id = c("node1", "node2")
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = "node1",
  target = "node2"
)

g6(nodes = nodes, edges = edges)</pre>
```

g6-shiny

Shiny bindings for g6

Description

Output and render functions for using g6 within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

Usage

```
g6Output(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")
g6_output(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")
renderG6(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
render_g6(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

Arguments

outputId	output variable to read from
width, height	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
expr	An expression that generates a g6
env	The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted	Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

54 g6_add_nodes

Value

g60utput and g6_output return a Shiny output function that can be used in the UI part of a Shiny app. renderG6 and render_g6 return a Shiny render function that can be used in the server part of a Shiny app to render a g6 element.

g6_add_nodes

Add nodes/edges/combos to a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function adds one or more nodes/edges/combos to an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. This allows updating the graph without completely re-rendering it.

Usage

```
g6_add_nodes(graph, nodes)
g6_add_edges(graph, edges)
g6_add_combos(graph, combos)
g6_add_data(graph, data)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

nodes, edges, combos

A data frame or list specifying the elements to be added. Elements structure must be compliant with specifications listed at https://g6.antv.antgroup.

com/manual/element/overview

data

A nested list possibly containing nodes, edges and combo data.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

If a node with the same ID already exists, it will not be added again. See https://g6.antv. antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphaddnodedata, https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphaddedgedata and https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphaddcombodata for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy, g6_remove_nodes
```

g6_add_plugin 55

6_add_plugin Add a plugin to a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function adds one or more plugins to an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object within a Shiny application.

Usage

```
g6_add_plugin(graph, ...)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

... Named arguments where each name is a plugin type and each value is a list of

configuration options for that plugin.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

G6 plugins extend the functionality of the graph visualization with features like minimaps, toolbar controls, contextual menus, and more. This function allows adding these plugins dynamically after the graph has been initialized.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy, g6_update_plugin
```

g6_behaviors

Create G6 Graph Behaviors Configuration

Description

Configures interaction behaviors for a G6 graph visualization. This function collects and combines multiple behavior configurations into a list that can be passed to graph initialization functions.

Usage

```
g6_behaviors(graph, ...)
```

56 g6_behaviors

Arguments

graph

A g6 graph instance.

. . .

Behavior configuration objects created by behavior-specific functions. These can include any of the following behaviors:

Navigation behaviors:

- drag_canvas() Drag the entire canvas view
- zoom_canvas() Zoom the canvas view
- scroll_canvas() Scroll the canvas using the wheel
- optimize_viewport_transform() Optimize view transform performance

Selection behaviors:

- click_select() Click to select graph elements
- brush_select() Select elements by dragging a rectangular area
- lasso_select() Freely draw an area to select elements

Editing behaviors:

- create_edge() Interactively create new edges
- drag_element() Drag nodes or combos
- drag_element_force() Drag nodes in force-directed layout

Data Exploration behaviors:

- collapse_expand() Expand or collapse subtree nodes
- focus_element() Focus on specific elements and automatically adjust the view
- hover_activate() Highlight elements when hovering

Visual Optimization behaviors:

- fix_element_size() Fix the element size to a specified value
- auto_adapt_label() Automatically adjust label position

Value

A list of behavior configuration objects that can be passed to G6 graph initialization

Note

You can create custom behaviors from JavaScript and use them on the R side. See more at https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/custom-behavior.

```
# Create a basic set of behaviors
behaviors <- g6_behaviors(
    g6(),
    drag_canvas(),
    zoom_canvas(),
    click_select()
)</pre>
```

g6_canvas_resize 57

```
# Create a more customized set of behaviors
behaviors <- g6_behaviors(
    g6(),
    drag_canvas(),
    zoom_canvas(sensitivity = 1.5),
    hover_activate(state = "highlight"),
    fix_element_size(
        node = list(
            list(shape = "circle", fields = c("r", "lineWidth"))
        )
    )
)</pre>
```

g6_canvas_resize

Resize the canvas of a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function changes the size of the canvas of an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. This allows updating the graph dimensions without completely re-rendering it.

Usage

```
g6_canvas_resize(graph, width, height)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

width Numeric value specifying the new width of the canvas in pixels.

height Numeric value specifying the new height of the canvas in pixels.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/canvas#graphsetsizewidth-height for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

58 g6_collapse_combo

go_corrapse_combo Conapse or expand a combo element in a go graph	g6_collapse_combo	Collapse or expand a combo element in a g6 graph
---	-------------------	--

Description

This function collapses/expands a specified combo (a group of nodes) in a g6 graph, hiding its member nodes and edges while maintaining the combo itself visible. This is useful for simplifying complex graphs with multiple hierarchical groups.

Usage

```
g6_collapse_combo(graph, id, options = NULL)
g6_expand_combo(graph, id, options = NULL)
```

Arguments

graph A g6 graph object or a g6_proxy object for Shiny applications.

id Character string specifying the ID of the combo to collapse/expand.

options List containing optional configuration parameters for the collapse/expand ac-

tion:

- animate: Logical value indicating whether to animate the collapsing process. Default is TRUE.
- align: Logical value to ensure the position of expanded/collapsed nodes remains unchanged.

Details

When a combo is collapsed, its member nodes and edges are hidden from view while the combo itself remains visible, typically shown as a single node. This helps to reduce visual complexity in large graphs with hierarchical groupings.

Value

The modified g6 graph or g6_proxy object, allowing for method chaining.

References

```
https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/element#graphcollapseelementid-options, https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/element#graphexpandelementid-options
```

g6_fit_center 59

σ6	fi+	center
20	116	center

Center graph

Description

This function pans the graph to the center of the viewport

Usage

```
g6_fit_center(graph, animation = NULL)
```

Arguments

graph

A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

animation

Optional list containing animation configuration parameters for the focus action. Common parameters include:

- duration: Duration of the animation in milliseconds.
- easing: Animation easing function name (e.g., "ease-in", "ease-out").

If NULL, no animation will be applied.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/viewport#graphfitcenteranimation for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

60 g6_focus_elements

g6_focus_elements

Focus on specific elements in a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function focuses on one or more elements (nodes/edges) in an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. It highlights the specified elements and can optionally animate the view to focus on them.

Usage

```
g6_focus_elements(graph, ids, animation = NULL)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

ids Character vector containing the IDs of the elements (nodes/edges) to focus on.

animation Optional list containing animation configuration parameters for the focus action.

Common parameters include:

• duration: Duration of the animation in milliseconds.

• easing: Animation easing function name (e.g., "ease-in", "ease-out").

If NULL, no animation will be applied.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/element#graphfocuselementid-animation for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

g6_proxy

g6_get_nodes 61

g6_get_nodes

Get the state of nodes/edges/combos in a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function gets the state of one or more nodes/edges/combos to an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object.

Usage

```
g6_get_nodes(graph, nodes)
g6_get_edges(graph, edges)
g6_get_combos(graph, combos)
```

Arguments

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{graph} & \text{A g6\_proxy object created with g6\_proxy.} \\ \text{nodes, edges, combos} \end{array}
```

A string or character vector.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

If a node with the same ID already exists, it will not be added again. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphgetnodedata for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

```
if (interactive()) {
   library(shiny)
   library(bslib)

   ui <- page_fluid(
     verbatimTextOutput("res"),
     g6Output("graph")
   )</pre>
```

62 g6_hide_elements

```
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
     output$graph <- renderG6({</pre>
       g6(
         nodes = data.frame(id = c("node1", "node2"))
       ) |>
         g6_options(animation = FALSE) |>
         g6_layout() |>
         g6_behaviors(click_select())
     })
     # Send query to JS
     observeEvent(req(input[["graph-initialized"]]), {
       g6_proxy("graph") |> g6_get_nodes(c("node1", "node2"))
     # Recover query result inside input[["<GRAPH_ID>-<ELEMENT_ID>-state"]]
     output$res <- renderPrint({</pre>
         node1_state = input[["graph-node1-state"]],
         node2_state = input[["graph-node2-state"]]
     })
   }
   shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

g6_hide_elements

Hide/show elements in a g6 graph

Description

This function hides/shows specified elements (nodes, edges, or combos) in a g6 graph. Hidden elements are removed from view but remain in the graph data structure.

Usage

```
g6_hide_elements(graph, ids, animation = NULL)
g6_show_elements(graph, ids, animation = NULL)
```

Arguments

graph	A g6 graph object or a g6_proxy object for Shiny applications.
ids	Character vector specifying the IDs of elements to hide/show. Can include node
	IDs, edge IDs, or combo IDs.

animation Boolean to toggle animation.

g6_igraph 63

Details

When elements are hidden, they are removed from the visual display but still exist in the underlying data structure. This means they can be shown again later using g6_show_elements without having to recreate them.

Hidden elements will not participate in layout calculations, which may cause other elements to reposition. When elements are shown again, the graph may recalculate layout positions, which can cause other elements to reposition.

Value

The modified g6 graph or g6_proxy object, allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_show_elements
```

g6_igraph

Create a G6 Graph from an igraph Object

Description

Converts an igraph graph object into the format required by the g6() function and creates an interactive G6 graph visualization. This is a convenience wrapper around g6() that allows you to work directly with igraph objects.

Usage

```
g6_igraph(
  graph,
  combos = NULL,
  width = "100%",
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL)
```

Arguments

graph	An object of class igraph::igraph containing the graph to visualize.
combos	A data frame or list of combo groups in the graph. Each combo should have at least an "id" field. Nodes can be assigned to combos using their "combo" field. See 'Data Structure' section for more details. Default: NULL.
width	Width of the graph container in pixels or as a valid CSS unit. Default: NULL (automatic sizing).
height	Height of the graph container in pixels or as a valid CSS unit. Default: NULL (automatic sizing).
elementId	A unique ID for the graph HTML element. Default: NULL (automatically generated).

g6_layout

Details

This function extracts the node and edge data from an igraph object, converts them into the appropriate format for G6, and passes them to g6(). Node styling is derived from vertex attributes, and edge styling from edge attributes.

If the graph is directed, edges will automatically be rendered with arrows.

Value

An htmlwidget object that can be rendered in R Markdown, Shiny apps, or the R console.

See Also

g6() for more information about node, edge, and combo structure.

Examples

```
if (require(igraph)) {
   g <- igraph::make_ring(5)
   g6_igraph(g)
}</pre>
```

g6_layout

Set the layout algorithm for a g6 graph

Description

This function configures the layout algorithm used to position nodes in a g6 graph.

Usage

```
g6_layout(graph, layout = d3_force_layout())
```

Arguments

graph

A g6 graph object created with g6().

layout

An existing layout function like circular_layout or a string like circular-layout. At minimum, this can be a list that should contain a type element specifying the layout algorithm. Additional parameters depend on the layout type chosen, for instance list(type = "force").

g6_options 65

Details

G6 provides several layout algorithms, each suitable for different graph structures:

- force: Force-directed layout using physical simulation of forces.
- random: Random layout placing nodes randomly.
- circular: Arranges nodes on a circle.
- radial: Radial layout with nodes arranged outward from a central node.
- grid: Arranges nodes in a grid pattern.
- concentric: Concentric circles with important nodes in the center.
- dagre: Hierarchical layout for directed acyclic graphs.
- fruchterman: Force-directed layout based on the Fruchterman-Reingold algorithm.
- mds: Multidimensional scaling layout.
- comboForce: Force-directed layout specially designed for combo graphs.

Each layout algorithm has specific configuration options. See the G6 documentation for detailed information on each layout and its parameters: https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/overview.

Value

The modified g6 graph object with the specified layout, allowing for method chaining.

See Also

g6()

g6_options

Configure Global Options for G6 Graph

Description

Sets up the global configuration options for a G6 graph including node, edge and combo styles, layout, canvas, animation, and interactive behavior settings.

Usage

```
g6_options(
  graph,
  node = NULL,
  edge = NULL,
  combo = NULL,
  autoFit = NULL,
  canvas = NULL,
  animation = TRUE,
```

66 g6_options

```
autoResize = FALSE,
background = NULL,
cursor = valid_cursors,
devicePixelRatio = NULL,
renderer = NULL,
padding = NULL,
rotation = 0,
x = NULL,
y = NULL,
zoom = 1,
zoomRange = c(0.01, 10),
theme = "light",
...
)
```

Arguments

graph g6 graph instance.

node Node configuration. Controls the default appearance and behavior of nodes.

Created with node_options(). Default: NULL.

edge Edge configuration. Controls the default appearance and behavior of edges.

Created with edge_options(). Default: NULL.

combo Combo configuration. Controls the default appearance and behavior of combo

nodes. Created with combo_options(). Default: NULL.

autoFit Automatically fit the graph content to the canvas. Created with auto_fit_config().

Default: NULL.

canvas Canvas configuration for the graph rendering surface. Created with canvas_config().

Default: NULL.

animation Global animation configuration for graph transitions. Created with animation_config().

Default: TRUE.

autoResize Whether the graph should automatically resize when the window size changes.

Default: FALSE.

background Background color of the graph. If not specified, the background will be trans-

parent. Default: NULL.

cursor Default mouse cursor style when hovering over the graph. Options include:

"default", "pointer", "move", etc. Default: "default".

devicePixelRatio

Device pixel ratio for rendering on high-DPI displays. If NULL, the browser's

default device pixel ratio will be used. Default: NULL.

renderer Rendering engine to use. Options: "canvas", "svg", "webgl", or "webgpu". De-

fault: NULL (G6 will choose the appropriate renderer).

padding Padding around the graph content in pixels. Can be a single number for equal

padding on all sides or a vector of four numbers [top, right, bottom, left].

Default: NULL.

rotation Rotation angle of the entire graph in degrees. Default: 0.

g6_options 67

X	X-coordinate of the graph's center relative to the container. Default: NULL (will use container center).
у	Y-coordinate of the graph's center relative to the container. Default: NULL (will use container center).
zoom	Initial zoom level of the graph. 1 represents 100% (original size). Default: 1.
zoomRange	Minimum and maximum allowed zoom levels, specified as a vector with two elements: c(min_zoom, max_zoom). Default: c(0.01, 10).
theme	Color theme for the graph. Either light or dark or a list representing a custom theme: see https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/theme/custom-theme.
	Other configuration parameters.

Details

The g6_options function provides a comprehensive configuration interface for G6 graphs. It allows you to control all aspects of graph rendering and behavior, from styling of individual elements to global visualization settings.

Value

A list containing all specified G6 graph configuration options.

```
# Basic usage with defaults
opts <- g6_options(g6())</pre>
# Customize node and edge styles
opts <- g6_options(</pre>
  g6(),
  node = node_options(
    type = "circle",
    style = node_style_options(
      fill = "#1783FF",
      stroke = "#0066CC"
    )
  ),
  edge = edge_options(
    type = "cubic",
    style = edge_style_options(
      stroke = "#999999",
      lineWidth = 1.5
 )
# Configure graph with dark theme, auto-resize, and custom background
opts <- g6_options(</pre>
  g6(),
  theme = "dark",
  autoResize = TRUE,
```

68 g6_plugins

```
background = "#222222",
padding = 20,
zoom = 0.8,
zoomRange = c(0.5, 2)
)

# Configure with custom animations
opts <- g6_options(
    g6(),
    animation = animation_config(
    duration = 500,
    easing = "easeCubic"
    ),
    autoFit = auto_fit_config(duration = 300, easing = "ease-out")
)</pre>
```

g6_plugins

Create a List of G6 Plugins

Description

Combines multiple G6 plugins into a list that can be passed to a G6 graph configuration. G6 plugins extend the functionality of the base graph visualization with additional features.

Usage

```
g6_plugins(graph, ...)
```

Arguments

graph G6 graph instance.

G6 plugin configuration objects created with plugin-specific functions

Details

G6 plugins provide extended functionality beyond the core graph visualization capabilities. Plugins are divided into several categories:

Visual Style Enhancement:

- Grid Line (grid-line): Displays grid reference lines on the canvas
- Background (background): Adds background images or colors to the canvas
- Watermark (watermark): Adds a watermark to the canvas to protect copyright
- Hull (hull): Creates an outline for a specified set of nodes
- Bubble Sets (bubble-sets): Creates smooth bubble-like element outlines
- Snapline (snapline): Displays alignment reference lines when dragging elements

Navigation and Overview:

g6_plugins 69

- Minimap (minimap): Displays a thumbnail preview of the graph, supporting navigation
- Fullscreen (fullscreen): Supports full-screen display and exit for charts
- Timebar (timebar): Provides filtering and playback control for temporal data

Interactive Controls:

- Toolbar (toolbar): Provides a collection of common operation buttons
- Context Menu (contextmenu): Displays a menu of selectable operations on right-click
- Tooltip (tooltip): Displays detailed information about elements on hover
- Legend (legend): Displays categories and corresponding style descriptions of chart data

Data Exploration:

- Fisheye (fisheye): Provides a focus + context exploration experience
- Edge Filter Lens (edge-filter-lens): Filters and displays edges within a specified area
- Edge Bundling (edge-bundling): Bundles edges with similar paths together to reduce visual clutter

Advanced Features:

- History (history): Supports undo/redo operations
- Camera Setting (camera-setting): Configures camera parameters in a 3D scene

Value

A list of G6 plugin configurations that can be passed to a G6 graph.

Note

You can also build your own plugins as described at https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/custom-plugin.

```
# Create a configuration with multiple plugins
plugins <- g6_plugins(
    g6(),
    minimap(),
    grid_line(),
    tooltips(
        getContent = JS("(e, items) => {
            return `<div>${items[0].id}</div>`;
        }")
    )

# Add a context menu and toolbar
plugins <- g6_plugins(
    g6(),
    context_menu(
        key = "my-context-menu",
        className = "my-context-menu",</pre>
```

70 *g6_proxy*

```
trigger = "click",
   offset = c(10, 10),
   getItems = JS("(event) => {
     const type = event.itemType;
     const isNode = type === 'node';
     return [
       { key: 'delete', text: 'Delete' },
       { key: 'edit', text: 'Edit' },
       { key: 'details', text: 'View Details', disabled: !isNode }
     ];
    }"),
   onClick = JS("(value, target, current) => {
     if (value === 'delete') {
        // do stuff
   }")
 ),
 toolbar(
   position = "top-right",
   getItems = JS("() => [
     { id: 'zoom-in', value: 'zoom-in' },
     { id: 'zoom-out', value: 'zoom-out' },
     { id: 'fit', value: 'fit' }
   ]"),
   onClick = JS("(value) => {
     if (value === 'zoom-in') graph.zoomTo(1.1);
     else if (value === 'zoom-out') graph.zoomTo(0.9);
      else if (value === 'fit') graph.fitView();
   }")
 )
)
```

g6_proxy

Create a proxy object to modify an existing g6 graph instance

Description

This function creates a proxy object that can be used to update an existing g6 graph instance after it has been rendered in the UI. The proxy allows for server-side modifications of the graph without completely re-rendering it.

Usage

```
g6_proxy(id, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
```

Arguments

id

Character string matching the ID of the g6 graph instance to be modified.

session

The Shiny session object within which the graph exists. By default, this uses the current reactive domain.

g6_remove_nodes 71

Value

A proxy object of class "g6_proxy" that can be used with g6 proxy methods such as g6_add_nodes(), g6_remove_nodes(), etc.

g6_remove_nodes

Remove nodes/edge/combos from a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function removes one or more nodes/edges/combos from an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. This allows updating the graph without completely re-rendering it.

Usage

```
g6_remove_nodes(graph, ids)
g6_remove_edges(graph, ids)
g6_remove_combos(graph, ids)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

ids Character vector or list containing the IDs of the nodes/edges/combos to be re-

moved. If a single ID is provided, it will be converted to a list internally. You can't mix nodes, edges and combos ids, elements have to be of the same type.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphremovenodedata, https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphremoveedgedata and https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphremovecombodata for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

Note

When a node is removed, its connected edges are also removed.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

72 g6_set_nodes

g6_set_nodes Set the state of nodes/edges/combos in a g6 graph via proxy	via proxy
--	-----------

Description

This function sets the state of one or more nodes/edges/combos to an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. This allows updating the graph without completely re-rendering it. Valid states are "selected", "active", "inactive", "disabled", or "highlight".

Usage

```
g6_set_nodes(graph, nodes)
g6_set_edges(graph, edges)
g6_set_combos(graph, combos)
g6_set_data(graph, data)
```

Arguments

graph	A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.
nodes	A key value pair list with the node id and its state.
edges	A key value pair list with the edge id and its state.
combos	A key value pair list with the combo id and its state.
data	A nested list containing all nodes, edges and combo data.

Details

g6_set_data allows to set all graph data at once (nodes, edges and combos).

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

If a node with the same ID already exists, it will not be added again. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/element#graphsetelementstateid-state-options for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

g6_set_options 73

g6_set_options	Set options for a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function allows updating various configuration options of an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object within a Shiny application.

Usage

```
g6_set_options(graph, ...)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

Named arguments representing the options to update and their new values. These can include any valid g6 graph options such as fitView, animate, modes, etc.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

The function allows updating various graph options dynamically without having to re-render the entire graph. This is useful for changing behavior, appearance, or interaction modes in response to user input.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

Description

This function sets the theme for an existing g6 graph instance

```
g6_set_theme(graph, theme)
```

74 g6_update_behavior

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

theme A character string representing the theme to apply to the graph. There are 2 in-

ternal predefined themes: light and dark. Alternatively, you can pass a custom theme object that conforms to the G6 theme specifications, according to the documentation at https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/theme/custom-theme.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy()
```

g6_update_behavior

Update a behavior in a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function allows updating the configuration of an existing behavior in a g6 graph instance using a proxy object within a Shiny application.

Usage

```
g6_update_behavior(graph, key, ...)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

key Character string identifying the behavior to update.

Named arguments representing the behavior configuration options to update and

their new values.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

Behaviors in G6 define how the graph responds to user interactions like dragging, zooming, clicking, etc. This function allows dynamically updating the configuration of these behaviors without having to reinitialize the graph.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

g6_update_nodes 75

See Also

```
g6_proxy
```

g6_update_nodes

Update nodes/edges/combos to a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function updates one or more nodes/edges/combos to an existing g6 graph instance using a proxy object. This allows updating the graph without completely re-rendering it.

Usage

```
g6_update_nodes(graph, nodes)
g6_update_edges(graph, edges)
g6_update_combos(graph, combos)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy. nodes, edges, combos

A data frame or list specifying the nodes/edges/combos to be updated. All elements have to be of the same type, you can't mix nodes with edges.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphupdatenodedata, https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphupdateedgedata and https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/api/data#graphupdatecombodata for more details.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy, g6_remove_nodes
```

76 grid_line

g6_update_plugin	Update a plugin in a g6 graph via proxy

Description

This function allows updating the configuration of an existing plugin in a g6 graph instance using a proxy object within a Shiny application.

Usage

```
g6_update_plugin(graph, key, ...)
```

Arguments

graph A g6_proxy object created with g6_proxy.

key Character string identifying the plugin to update.

... Named arguments representing the plugin configuration options to update and

their new values.

Details

This function can only be used with a g6_proxy object within a Shiny application. It will not work with regular g6 objects outside of Shiny.

The function allows dynamically updating the configuration of an existing plugin without having to reinitialize it. This is useful for changing plugin behavior or appearance in response to user interactions.

Value

The g6_proxy object (invisibly), allowing for method chaining.

See Also

```
g6_proxy, g6_add_plugin
```

grid_line

Configure Grid Line Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the grid-line plugin in G6. This plugin adds a background grid to the graph canvas.

grid_line 77

Usage

```
grid_line(
   key = "grid-line",
   border = TRUE,
   borderLineWidth = 1,
   borderStroke = "#eee",
   borderStyle = "solid",
   follow = FALSE,
   lineWidth = 1,
   size = 20,
   stroke = "#eee",
   ...
)
```

Arguments

Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL). key Whether to display the border (boolean, default: TRUE). border borderLineWidth Border line width (number, default: 1). Border color (string, default: "#eee"). borderStroke borderStyle Border style (string, default: "solid"). follow Whether the grid follows canvas movements (boolean or list, default: FALSE). lineWidth Grid line width (number or string, default: 1). Grid unit size in pixels (number, default: 20). size stroke Grid line color (string, default: "#eee").

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/grid-line.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the grid-line plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- grid_line()

# Custom configuration
config <- grid_line(
    key = "my-grid",
    border = TRUE,
    borderLineWidth = 2,
    borderStroke = "#ccc",
    borderStyle = "dashed",
    follow = list(
        translate = TRUE,</pre>
```

78 history

```
zoom = FALSE
),
lineWidth = 0.5,
size = 30,
stroke = "#e0e0e0"
)
```

history

Configure History Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the history plugin in G6. This plugin enables undo/redo functionality for graph operations.

Usage

```
history(
  key = "history",
  afterAddCommand = NULL,
  beforeAddCommand = NULL,
  executeCommand = NULL,
  stackSize = 0,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

afterAddCommand

Callback function called after a command is added to the undo/redo queue (JS function, default: NULL).

beforeAddCommand

Callback function called before a command is added to the undo/redo queue (JS function, default: NULL).

executeCommand Callback function called when executing a command (JS function, default: NULL).

stackSize Maximum

Maximum length of history records to be recorded, 0 means unlimited (number, default: 0).

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/history.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the history plugin.

hover_activate 79

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- history()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- history(</pre>
 key = "my-history",
 stackSize = 50,
 beforeAddCommand = JS("function(cmd, revert) {
    console.log('Before adding command:', cmd);
    // Only allow certain operations to be recorded
    return cmd.method !== 'update';
 }"),
 afterAddCommand = JS("function(cmd, revert) {
   console.log('Command added to ' + (revert ? 'undo' : 'redo') + ' stack');
 }"),
 executeCommand = JS("function(cmd) {
    console.log('Executing command:', cmd);
 }")
)
```

hover_activate

Configure Hover Activate Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the hover-activate behavior in G6. This behavior activates elements when the mouse hovers over them.

Usage

```
hover_activate(
  key = "hover-activate",
  animation = TRUE,
  enable = TRUE,
  degree = 0,
  direction = c("both", "in", "out"),
  state = "active",
  inactiveState = NULL,
  onHover = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "hover-activate").
animation Whether to enable animation (boolean, default: TRUE).

80 hull

Whether to enable hover feature (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE). enable Degree of relationship to activate elements (number or JS function, default: 0). degree Specify edge direction: "both", "in", or "out" (string, default: "both"). direction state State of activated elements (string, default: "active"). inactiveState State of inactive elements (string, default: NULL). Callback when element is hovered (JS function, default: NULL). onHover Callback when hover ends (JS function, default: NULL). onHoverEnd Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/ hover-activate.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the hover-activate behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- hover_activate()

# Custom configuration
config <- hover_activate(
    key = "my-hover-behavior",
    animation = FALSE,
    degree = 1,
    direction = "out",
    state = "highlight",
    inactiveState = "inactive",
    onHover = JS("(event) => { console.log('Hover on:', event.target.id); }")
)
```

hull

Configure Hull Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the hull plugin in G6. This plugin creates a hull (convex or concave) that surrounds specified graph elements.

```
hull(
  members,
  key = "hull",
  concavity = Inf,
  corner = c("rounded", "smooth", "sharp"),
  padding = 10,
```

hull 81

```
label = TRUE,
labelText = NULL,
labelPlacement = c("bottom", "left", "right", "top", "center"),
labelBackground = FALSE,
labelPadding = 0,
labelCloseToPath = TRUE,
labelAutoRotate = TRUE,
labelOffsetX = 0,
labelOffsetY = 0,
labelMaxWidth = 0,
...
)
```

Arguments

Elements within the hull, including nodes and edges (character vector, required). members key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL). Concavity parameter, larger values create less concave hulls (number, default: concavity Infinity). Corner type: "rounded", "smooth", or "sharp" (string, default: "rounded"). corner padding Padding around the elements (number, default: 10). Whether to display the label (boolean, default: TRUE). label labelText Label text content. Default to NULL. labelPlacement Label position: "left", "right", "top", "bottom", or "center" (string, default: "bottom"). labelBackground Whether to display the background (boolean, default: FALSE). Label padding (number or numeric vector, default: 0). labelPadding labelCloseToPath Whether the label is close to the hull (boolean, default: TRUE). labelAutoRotate Whether the label rotates with the hull, effective only when closeToPath is true (boolean, default: TRUE). labelOffsetX X-axis offset (number, default: 0). labelOffsetY Y-axis offset (number, default: 0). labelMaxWidth Maximum width of the text, exceeding will be ellipsized (number, default: 0).

Other options. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/hull.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the hull plugin.

82 JS

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- hull(members = c("node1", "node2", "node3"))
# Custom configuration for a cluster
config <- hull(
    key = "cluster-hull",
    members = c("node1", "node2", "node3", "node4"),
    concavity = 0.8,
    corner = "smooth",
    padding = 15,
    label = TRUE,
    labelPlacement = "top",
    labelBackground = TRUE,
    labelPadding = c(4, 8),
    labelMaxWidth = 100
)</pre>
```

Marks as string to be processed as a JS function

JS

Description

Useful for htmlwidgets

Usage

JS(...)

Arguments

.. Any valid JS element.

Value

A character vector with class "JS_EVAL" that can be used in htmlwidgets to mark is as a JavaScript function.

lasso_select 83

|--|

Description

Creates a configuration object for the lasso-select behavior in G6. This behavior allows selecting elements by drawing a lasso around them.

Usage

```
lasso_select(
   key = "lasso-select",
   animation = FALSE,
   enable = TRUE,
   enableElements = "node",
   immediately = FALSE,
   mode = c("default", "union", "intersect", "diff"),
   onSelect = NULL,
   state = "selected",
   style = NULL,
   trigger = c("shift"),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "lasso-select").
animation	Whether to enable animation (boolean, default: FALSE).
enable	Whether to enable lasso selection (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
enableElements	Types of elements that can be selected (character vector, default: $c("node", "combo", "edge")$).
immediately	Whether to select immediately, only effective when selection mode is default (boolean, default: FALSE).
mode	Selection mode: "union", "intersect", "diff", or "default" (string, default: "default").
onSelect	Callback for selected element state (JS function, default: NULL).
state	State to switch to when selected (string, default: "selected").
style	Style of the lasso during selection (list, default: NULL).
trigger	Press this shortcut key along with mouse click to select (character vector, default: c("shift")).
• • •	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/lasso-select.

84 legend

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the lasso-select behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- lasso_select()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- lasso_select(</pre>
  key = "my-lasso-select",
  animation = TRUE,
  enableElements = c("node", "combo"),
  mode = "union",
  state = "highlight",
  trigger = c("control"),
  style = list(
    stroke = "#1890FF",
    lineWidth = 2,
    fillOpacity = 0.1
  )
)
```

legend

Configure Legend Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the legend plugin in G6. This plugin adds a legend to the graph, allowing users to identify and interact with different categories of elements.

```
legend(
    key = "legend",
    trigger = c("hover", "click"),
    position = c("bottom", "top", "left", "right", "top-left", "top-right", "bottom-left",
        "bottom-right"),
    container = NULL,
    className = NULL,
    containerStyle = NULL,
    nodeField = NULL,
    edgeField = NULL,
    comboField = NULL,
    comboField = NULL,
    sorientation = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
    layout = c("flex", "grid"),
    showTitle = FALSE,
    titleText = "",
```

legend 85

```
x = NULL,
y = NULL,
width = 240,
height = 160,
itemSpacing = 4,
rowPadding = 10,
colPadding = 10,
itemMarkerSize = 16,
itemLabelFontSize = 16,
gridCol = NULL,
gridRow = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments key

How legend items trigger highlighting: "hover" or "click" (string, default: "hover"). trigger Relative position of the legend on the canvas (string, default: "bottom"). position container Container to which the legend is mounted (HTML element or string, default: NULL). className Legend canvas class name (string, default: NULL). containerStyle Style of the legend container (list or JS object, default: NULL). Node classification identifier (string or JS function, default: NULL). nodeField edgeField Edge classification identifier (string or JS function, default: NULL). comboField Combo classification identifier (string or JS function, default: NULL). Layout direction: "horizontal" or "vertical" (string, default: "horizontal"). orientation layout Layout method: "flex" or "grid" (string, default: "flex"). showTitle Whether to display the title (boolean, default: FALSE). titleText Title content (string, default: ""). Relative horizontal position (number, default: NULL). У Relative vertical position (number, default: NULL). width Width of the legend (number, default: 240). height Height of the legend (number, default: 160). itemSpacing Spacing between text and marker (number, default: 4). Spacing between rows (number, default: 10). rowPadding colPadding Spacing between columns (number, default: 10). itemMarkerSize Size of the legend item marker (number, default: 16). itemLabelFontSize Font size of the legend item text (number, default: 16).

Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

gridCol Maximum number of columns for grid layout (number, default: NULL).

gridRow Maximum number of rows for grid layout (number, default: NULL).

... Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/

legend.

86 lesmis

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the legend plugin.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration for node categories
config <- legend(</pre>
  nodeField = "category"
# Advanced configuration
config <- legend(</pre>
  key = "my-legend"
  position = "top-right",
  nodeField = "type",
  edgeField = "relation"
  orientation = "vertical",
  layout = "grid",
  showTitle = TRUE,
  titleText = "Graph Elements",
  width = 300,
  height = 200,
  gridCol = 2,
  containerStyle = list(
    background = "#f9f9f9",
    border = "1px solid #ddd",
    borderRadius = "4px",
    padding = "8px"
  )
)
# Using a function for classification
config <- legend(</pre>
  nodeField = JS("(item) => {
    return item.data.importance > 0.5 ? 'Important' : 'Regular';
  }")
)
```

lesmis

Character network from "Les miserables" novel

Description

A dataset containing Les Misérables characters network, encoding interactions between characters of Victor Hugo's novel. Two characters are connected whenever they appear in the same chapter. This dataset was first created by Donald Knuth as part of the Stanford Graph Base. (https://people.sc.fsu.edu/~jburkardt/datasets/sgb/sgb.html). It contains 77 nodes corresponding to characters of the novel, and 254 edges.

minimap 87

Usage

```
data(lesmis)
```

Format

A list with 2 data frames:

nodes data frame with 77 rows for the nodes. Contains node labels and x/y coordinates.

edges data frame with 254 rows for the edges. Contains souyrce/target and the number of times the interaction happened.

Source

https://networks.skewed.de/net/lesmis

minimap

Configure Minimap Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the minimap plugin in G6. This plugin adds a minimap/thumbnail view of the entire graph.

Usage

```
minimap(
   key = "minimap",
   className = NULL,
   container = NULL,
   containerStyle = NULL,
   delay = 128,
   filter = NULL,
   maskStyle = NULL,
   padding = 10,
   position = "right-bottom",
   renderer = NULL,
   shape = "key",
   size = c(240, 160),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

container

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

class Name Class name of the thumbnail canvas (string, default: NULL).

Container to which the thumbnail is mounted (HTML element or string, default:

NULL).

88 minimap

containerStyle	Style of the thumbnail container (list or JS object, default: NULL).
delay	Delay update time in milliseconds for performance optimization (number, default: 128).
filter	Function to filter elements to display in minimap (JS function, default: NULL).
maskStyle	Style of the mask (list or JS object, default: NULL).
padding	Padding around the minimap (number or numeric vector, default: 10).
position	Position of the thumbnail relative to the canvas (string or numeric vector, default: "right-bottom").
renderer	Custom renderer (JS object, default: NULL).
shape	Method for generating element thumbnails (string or JS function, default: "key").
size	Width and height of the minimap [width, height] (numeric vector, default: $c(240,160)$).
•••	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/minimap.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the minimap plugin.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- minimap()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- minimap(</pre>
  key = "my-minimap",
  position = "left-top",
  size = c(200, 150),
  padding = 15,
  containerStyle = list(
    border = "1px solid #ddd",
    borderRadius = "4px",
    boxShadow = "0 0 8px rgba(0,0,0,0.1)"
  ),
  maskStyle = list(
    stroke = "#1890ff",
    strokeWidth = 2,
    fill = "rgba(24, 144, 255, 0.1)"
  )
)
# With custom filtering function
config <- minimap(</pre>
  filter = JS("(id, elementType) => {
    // Only show nodes and important edges in the \ensuremath{\mathsf{minimap}}
    if (elementType === 'node') return true;
    if (elementType === 'edge') {
      // Assuming edges have an 'important' attribute
```

node_options 89

```
const edge = graph.findById(id);
    return edge.getModel().important === true;
}
    return false;
}")
)
```

 $node_options$

Create Node Options Configuration for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the general options for nodes in a G6 graph. These settings control the type, style, state, palette, and animation of nodes.

Usage

```
node_options(
  type = c("circle", "rect", "ellipse", "diamond", "triangle", "star", "image",
    "modelRect"),
  style = node_style_options(),
  state = NULL,
  palette = NULL,
  animation = NULL
)
```

Arguments

type	Node type. Can be a built-in node type name or a custom node name. Built-in types include "circle", "rect", "ellipse", "diamond", "triangle", etc. Default: "circle".
style	Node style configuration. Controls the appearance of nodes including color, size, border, etc. Can be created with node_style_options(). Default: NULL.
state	Defines the style of the node in different states, such as hover, selected, disabled, etc. Should be a list mapping state names to style configurations. Default: NULL.
palette	Defines the color palette of the node, used to map colors based on different data. Default: NULL.
animation	Defines the animation effect of the node. Can be created with animation_config(). Default: NULL.

Details

Node options allow defining how nodes appear and behave in a G6 graph. This includes selecting node types, setting styles, configuring state-based appearances, defining color palettes, and specifying animation effects.

90 node_style_options

Value

A list containing node options configuration that can be passed to g6_options().

Examples

```
# Basic node options with default circle type
options <- node_options()

# Rectangle node with custom style
options <- node_options(
  type = "rect",
  style = node_style_options(
  fill = "#E8F7FF",
   stroke = "#1783FF",
  lineWidth = 2
)
)</pre>
```

node_style_options

Create Node Style Options for G6 Graphs

Description

Configures the styling options for nodes in a G6 graph. These settings control the appearance and interaction behavior of nodes. Used in node_options.

```
node_style_options(
  collapsed = FALSE,
  cursor = "default",
  fill = "#1783FF",
  fillOpacity = 1,
  increasedLineWidthForHitTesting = 0,
  lineCap = c("butt", "round", "square"),
  lineDash = NULL,
  lineDashOffset = NULL,
  lineJoin = c("miter", "round", "bevel"),
  lineWidth = 1,
  opacity = 1,
  shadowBlur = NULL,
  shadowColor = NULL,
  shadowOffsetX = NULL,
  shadowOffsetY = NULL,
  shadowType = c("outer", "inner"),
  size = 32,
  stroke = "#000",
  strokeOpacity = 1,
```

node_style_options 91

```
transform = NULL,
transformOrigin = NULL,
visibility = c("visible", "hidden"),
x = NULL,
y = NULL,
z = NULL,
zIndex = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

collapsed Whether the current node/group is collapsed. Default: FALSE.

cursor Node mouse hover cursor style. Common values include "default", "pointer",

"move", etc. Default: "default".

fill Node fill color. Can be any valid CSS color value. Default: "#1783FF".

fillOpacity Node fill color opacity. Value between 0 and 1. Default: 1.

increasedLineWidthForHitTesting

When lineWidth is small, this value increases the interactive area to make "thin

lines" easier to interact with. Default: 0.

lineCap Node stroke end style. Options: "round", "square", "butt". Default: "butt".

lineDash Node stroke dash style. Vector of numbers specifying dash pattern.

lineDashOffset Node stroke dash offset. Default: NULL.

lineJoin Node stroke join style. Options: "round", "bevel", "miter". Default: "miter".

lineWidth Node stroke width. Default: 1.

opacity Node overall opacity. Value between 0 and 1. Default: 1.

shadowBlur Node shadow blur amount. Default: NULL.

shadowColor Node shadow color. Default: NULL.

shadowOffsetX Node shadow offset in the x-axis direction. Default: NULL.
shadowOffsetY Node shadow offset in the y-axis direction. Default: NULL.
Node shadow type. Options: "inner", "outer". Default: "outer".

size Node size. Can be a single number for equal width/height or a vector of two

numbers [width, height]. Default: 32.

stroke Node stroke (border) color. Default: "#000".

strokeOpacity Node stroke color opacity. Value between 0 and 1. Default: 1.

transform CSS transform attribute to rotate, scale, skew, or translate the node. Default:

NULL.

transformOrigin

Rotation and scaling center point. Default: NULL.

visibility Whether the node is visible. Options: "visible", "hidden". Default: "visible".

x Node x coordinate. Default: 0. y Node y coordinate. Default: 0.

Node z coordinate (for 3D). Default: 0.

zIndex Node rendering level (for layering). Default: 0.

.. Other parameters.

Details

Node style options allow fine-grained control over how nodes are rendered and behave in a G6 graph. This includes colors, sizes, borders, shadows, visibility, positioning, and interaction states.

Value

A list containing node style options that can be passed to node_options().

Examples

```
# Basic node style with blue fill and red border
styles <- node_style_options(</pre>
 fill = "#1783FF",
 stroke = "#FF0000",
 lineWidth = 2
)
# Create a node with shadow effects
styles <- node_style_options(</pre>
 fill = "#FFFFFF",
 stroke = "#333333",
 lineWidth = 1,
 shadowBlur = 10,
 shadowColor = "rgba(0,0,0,0.3)",
 shadowOffsetX = 5,
 shadowOffsetY = 5
)
# Custom sized node with dashed border
styles <- node_style_options(</pre>
 size = c(100, 50),
 fill = "#E8F7FF",
 stroke = "#1783FF",
 lineDash = c(5, 5),
 opacity = 0.8
```

optimize_viewport_transform

Configure Optimize Viewport Transform Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the optimize-viewport-transform behavior in G6. This behavior improves performance during viewport transformations by temporarily hiding certain elements.

poke 93

Usage

```
optimize_viewport_transform(
  key = "optimize-viewport-transform",
  enable = TRUE,
  debounce = 200,
  shapes = JS("(type) => type === 'node'"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "optimize-viewport-transform").
 whether to enable this behavior (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
 How long after the operation ends to restore the visibility of all elements in milliseconds (number, default: 200).
 shapes Function to specify which graphical elements should remain visible during canvas operations (JS function, default: returns TRUE for nodes).
 Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/optimize-viewport-transform.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the optimize-viewport-transform behavior.

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- optimize_viewport_transform()

# Custom configuration
config <- optimize_viewport_transform(
    key = "my-optimize-transform",
    debounce = 500,
    shapes = JS("(type) => type === 'node' || type === 'edge'")
)

# With conditional enabling
config <- optimize_viewport_transform(
    enable = JS("(event) => event.getCurrentTransform().zoom < 0.5")
)</pre>
```

poke

Example pokemon data

Description

Pokemon evolution network to showcase combo features.

94 radial

Usage

```
data(poke)
```

Format

A list with 3 nested lists:

nodes list with 120 pokemon.

edges list with 69 connections.

combo list with 51 pokemon families. A family contains all evolutions of a pokemon.

Source

```
https://pokeapi.co/docs/v2
```

radial

Example Network for radial layouts

Description

Example Network for radial layouts

Usage

```
data(radial)
```

Format

A list with 2 data frames:

nodes data frame with 34 rows for the nodes.

edges data frame with 58 rows for the edges.

Source

```
https://assets.antv.antgroup.com/g6/radial.json
```

radial_layout 95

radial_layout Generate G6 Radial layout configuration

Description

This function creates a configuration list for G6 Radial layout with all available options as parameters.

Usage

```
radial_layout(
  center = NULL,
  focusNode = NULL,
  height = NULL,
 width = NULL,
  nodeSize = NULL,
 nodeSpacing = 10,
 linkDistance = 50,
  unitRadius = 100,
 maxIteration = 1000,
 maxPreventOverlapIteration = 200,
 preventOverlap = FALSE,
  sortBy = NULL,
  sortStrength = 10,
  strictRadial = TRUE,
)
```

Arguments

center	Numeric v	vector of	length 2.	Center coordinates.

focusNode Character, list (Node), or NULL. Radiating center node. Defaults to NULL.

height Numeric. Canvas height. width Numeric. Canvas width.

nodeSize Numeric. Node size (diameter).

nodeSpacing Numeric or function. Minimum node spacing (effective when preventing over-

lap). Defaults to 10.

linkDistance Numeric. Edge length. Defaults to 50.

unitRadius Numeric or NULL. Radius per circle. Defaults to 100.

maxIteration Numeric. Maximum number of iterations. Defaults to 1000.

 ${\tt maxPreventOverlapIteration}$

Numeric. Max iterations for overlap prevention. Defaults to 200.

preventOverlap Logical. Whether to prevent node overlap. Defaults to FALSE.

sortBy Character. Field for sorting nodes in the same layer.

96 scroll_canvas

```
sortStrength Numeric. Sorting strength for nodes in the same layer. Defaults to 10.

strictRadial Logical. Strictly place nodes in the same layer on the same ring. Defaults to TRUE.

Additional parameters to pass to the layout. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/layout/radial-layout.
```

Value

A list containing the configuration for G6 radial layout.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
    g6(jsonUrl = "https://assets.antv.antgroup.com/g6/radial.json") |>
    g6_layout(
        radial_layout(
            unitRadius = 100,
            linkDistance = 200
        )
        ) |>
        g6_behaviors(
        "zoom-canvas",
        drag_element()
        )
}
```

scroll_canvas

Configure Scroll Canvas Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the scroll-canvas behavior in G6. This behavior allows scrolling the canvas with mouse wheel or keyboard.

```
scroll_canvas(
   key = "scroll-canvas",
   enable = TRUE,
   direction = NULL,
   range = 1,
   sensitivity = 1,
   trigger = NULL,
   onFinish = NULL,
   preventDefault = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

scroll_canvas 97

Arguments

Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "scroll-canvas").
Whether to enable this behavior (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
Allowed scrolling direction: "x", "y", or NULL for no limit (string or NULL, default: NULL).
Scrollable viewport range in viewport size units (numeric or numeric vector, default: 1).
Scrolling sensitivity, the larger the value, the faster the scrolling (numeric, default: 1).
Keyboard shortcuts to trigger scrolling (list, default: NULL).
Callback function when scrolling is finished (JS function, default: NULL).
Whether to prevent the browser's default event (boolean, default: TRUE).
$Extra\ parameters.\ See \ https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/scroll-canvas.$

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the scroll-canvas behavior.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- scroll_canvas()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- scroll_canvas(</pre>
  key = "my-scroll-behavior",
  direction = "x",
  range = c(-2, 2),
  sensitivity = 1.5,
  preventDefault = FALSE
)
# With keyboard triggers and callback
config <- scroll_canvas(</pre>
  enable = JS("(event) => !event.altKey"),
  trigger = list(
    up = "w",
    down = "s"
    left = "a",
    right = "d"
 onFinish = JS("() => { console.log('Scrolling finished'); }")
)
```

98 snapline

snapline

Configure Snapline Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the snapline plugin in G6. This plugin provides alignment guidelines when moving nodes.

Usage

```
snapline(
  key = "snapline",
  tolerance = 5,
  offset = 20,
  autoSnap = TRUE,
  shape = "key",
  verticalLineStyle = list(stroke = "#1783FF"),
  horizontalLineStyle = list(stroke = "#1783FF"),
  filter = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).		
tolerance	The alignment accuracy in pixels (number, default: 5).		
offset	The extension distance of the snapline (number, default: 20).		
autoSnap	Whether to enable automatic snapping (boolean, default: TRUE).		
shape	Specifies which shape to use as reference: "key" or a function (string or JS function, default: "key").		
verticalLineStyle			
	Vertical snapline style (list or JS object, default: list(stroke = "#1783FF")).		
horizontalLineStyle			
	Horizontal snapline style (list or JS object, default: list(stroke = "#1783FF")).		
filter	Function to filter nodes that don't participate in alignment (JS function, default: NULL).		
• • •	Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/snapline.		

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the snapline plugin.

timebar 99

Examples

```
# Basic configuration
config <- snapline()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- snapline(</pre>
  key = "my-snapline",
  tolerance = 8,
  offset = 30,
  verticalLineStyle = list(
    stroke = "#f00",
    strokeWidth = 1.5,
    lineDash = c(5, 2)
 ),
  horizontalLineStyle = list(
    stroke = "#00f",
    strokeWidth = 1.5,
    lineDash = c(5, 2)
 )
)
# With custom filter function
config <- snapline(</pre>
  filter = JS("(node) => {
    // Only allow regular nodes to participate in alignment
    // Exclude special nodes like 'start' or 'end'
    const model = node.getModel();
    return model.type !== 'start' && model.type !== 'end';
  }")
)
```

timebar

Configure Timebar Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the timebar plugin in G6. This plugin adds a timeline or chart-based control for time-related data visualization.

```
timebar(
  data,
  key = "timebar",
  className = "g6-timebar",
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  width = 450,
  height = 60,
```

100 timebar

```
position = c("bottom", "top"),
  padding = 10,
  timebarType = c("time", "chart"),
  elementTypes = c("node", "edge", "combo"),
  mode = c("modify", "visibility"),
  values = NULL,
  loop = FALSE,
  getTime = NULL,
  labelFormatter = NULL,
  onChange = NULL,
  onReset = NULL,
  onSpeedChange = NULL,
  onPlay = NULL,
  onPause = NULL,
  onBackward = NULL,
  onForward = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

data Time data, either a vector of timestamps or a list of objects with time and value

(required).

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

className Additional class name for the timebar DOM (string, default: "g6-timebar").

X position, will be ignored if position is set (number, default: NULL).Y position, will be ignored if position is set (number, default: NULL).

width Timebar width (number, default: 450). height Timebar height (number, default: 60).

position Timebar position: "bottom" or "top" (string, default: "bottom").

Padding around the timebar (number or numeric vector, default: 10).

timebarType Display type: "time" or "chart" (string, default: "time").

elementTypes Filter element types: vector of "node", "edge", and/or "combo" (character vec-

tor, default: c("node")).

mode Control element filtering method: "modify" or "visibility" (string, default: "mod-

ify").

values Current time value (number, vector of two numbers, Date, or vector of two

Dates, default: NULL).

loop Whether to loop playback (boolean, default: FALSE).

getTime Method to get element time (JS function, default: NULL).

labelFormatter Custom time formatting in chart mode (JS function, default: NULL).

onChange Callback when time interval changes (JS function, default: NULL).

onReset Callback when reset (JS function, default: NULL).

timebar 101

```
onSpeedChange Callback when playback speed changes (JS function, default: NULL).

onPlay Callback when playback starts (JS function, default: NULL).

onPause Callback when paused (JS function, default: NULL).

Callback when moving backward (JS function, default: NULL).

Callback when moving forward (JS function, default: NULL).

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/timebar.
```

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the timebar plugin.

```
# Basic timebar with array of timestamps
config <- timebar(</pre>
  data = c(1609459200000, 1609545600000, 1609632000000) # Jan 1-3, 2021 in milliseconds
# Chart-type timebar with time-value pairs
config <- timebar(</pre>
  data = list(
    list(time = 1609459200000, value = 10),
    list(time = 1609545600000, value = 25),
    list(time = 1609632000000, value = 15)
  ),
  timebarType = "chart",
  width = 600,
  height = 100,
  position = "top"
# With custom callbacks
config <- timebar(</pre>
  data = c(1609459200000, 1609545600000, 1609632000000),
  onChange = JS("(values) => {
    console.log('Time changed:', values);
  }"),
  onPlay = JS("() \Rightarrow {
    console.log('Playback started');
  }")
)
# With custom time getter function for elements
config <- timebar(</pre>
  data = c(1609459200000, 1609545600000, 1609632000000),
  getTime = JS("(datum) => {
    return datum.created_at; // Get time from created_at property
  }")
)
```

102 toolbar

toolbar

Configure Toolbar Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the toolbar plugin in G6. This plugin adds a customizable toolbar with items for graph operations.

Usage

```
toolbar(
  getItems = NULL,
  key = "toolbar",
  className = NULL,
  position = c("top-left", "top", "top-right", "right", "bottom-right", "bottom",
        "bottom-left", "left"),
  style = NULL,
  onClick = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
Function that returns the list of toolbar items (JS function, required).

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).

className Additional CSS class name for the toolbar DOM element (string, default: NULL).

Toolbar position relative to the canvas (string, default: "top-left").

style Custom style for the toolbar DOM element (list or JS object, default: NULL).

onClick Callback function after a toolbar item is clicked (JS function, default: NULL).

Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/toolbar.
```

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the toolbar plugin.

tooltips 103

```
{ id: 'auto-fit', value: 'fit' }
]"),
onClick = JS("(value) => {
  // redo, undo need to be used with the history plugin
  const history = graph.getPluginInstance('history');
  switch (value) {
    case 'zoom-in':
      graph.zoomTo(1.1);
      break;
    case 'zoom-out':
      graph.zoomTo(0.9);
      break;
    case 'undo':
      history?.undo();
      break;
    case 'redo':
      history?.redo();
      break;
    case 'fit':
      graph.fitView();
      break;
    default:
      break;
}")
```

tooltips

Configure Tooltip Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the tooltip plugin in G6. This plugin displays tooltips when interacting with graph elements.

104 tooltips

```
style = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

key Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL). Tooltip position relative to the element (string, default: "top-right"). position enable Whether the plugin is enabled (boolean or function, default: TRUE). getContent Function to generate custom tooltip content (JS function, default: NULL). Callback for tooltip show/hide events (JS function, default: NULL). onOpenChange Trigger behavior: "hover" or "click" (string, default: "hover"). trigger container Custom rendering container for tooltip (string or HTML element, default: NULL). offset Offset distance as a vector of two numbers [x, y] (numeric vector, default: c(10, 10)). Whether the pointer can enter the tooltip (boolean, default: FALSE). enterable Title for the tooltip (string, default: NULL). title Custom style for the tooltip (list or JS object, default: list(".tooltip" = list(visibility style = "hidden"))). Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/ tooltip.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the tooltip plugin.

```
# Basic tooltip
config <- tooltips()</pre>
# Tooltip with custom position and content
config <- tooltips(</pre>
 position = "bottom",
 getContent = JS("(event, items) => {
    let result = `<h4>Custom Content</h4>`;
    items.forEach((item) => {
      result += `Type: ${item.data.description}`;
    });
    return result;
 }")
)
# Click-triggered tooltip with custom style
config <- tooltips(</pre>
 trigger = "click",
 position = "bottom-left",
```

tree 105

```
offset = c(15, 20),
  style = list(
    ".tooltip" = list(
      backgroundColor = "#fff",
      border = "1px solid #ccc",
      borderRadius = "4px",
      boxShadow = "0 2px 6px rgba(0,0,0,0.1)",
      padding = "10px",
      maxWidth = "300px"
   )
 )
)
# Conditional tooltip based on node type
config <- tooltips(</pre>
  enable = JS("(event, items) => {
    // Only show tooltip for nodes with type 'important'
   const item = items[0];
    return item.type === 'important';
  }"),
  enterable = TRUE,
  onOpenChange = JS("(open) => {
   console.log('Tooltip visibility changed:', open);
  }")
)
```

tree

Example tree graph

Description

The graph contains a classification of algorithm categories

Usage

```
data(tree)
```

Format

A list with 2 data frames:

nodes data frame with 31 rows for the nodes. **edges** data frame with 30 rows for the edges.

Source

https://gw.alipayobjects.com/os/antvdemo/assets/data/algorithm-category.json

106 watermark

watermark

Configure Watermark Plugin

Description

Creates a configuration object for the watermark plugin in G6. This plugin adds a watermark to the graph canvas.

Usage

```
watermark(
  key = "watermark",
 width = 200,
 height = 100,
 opacity = 0.2,
  rotate = pi/12,
  imageURL = NULL,
  text = NULL,
  textFill = "#000",
  textFontSize = 16,
  textFontFamily = NULL,
  textFontWeight = NULL,
  textFontVariant = NULL,
  textAlign = c("center", "end", "left", "right", "start"),
 textBaseline = c("alphabetic", "bottom", "hanging", "ideographic", "middle", "top"),
  backgroundRepeat = "repeat",
  backgroundAttachment = NULL,
  backgroundBlendMode = NULL,
  backgroundClip = NULL,
  backgroundColor = NULL,
  backgroundImage = NULL,
  backgroundOrigin = NULL,
  backgroundPosition = NULL,
  backgroundPositionX = NULL,
  backgroundPositionY = NULL,
  backgroundSize = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

кеу	Unique identifier for the plugin (string, default: NULL).
width	Width of a single watermark (number, default: 200).
height	Height of a single watermark (number, default: 100).
opacity	Opacity of the watermark (number, default: 0.2).
rotate	Rotation angle of the watermark in radians (number, default: pi/12).

watermark 107

Image watermark URL, higher priority than text watermark (string, default: imageURL NULL). Watermark text content (string, default: NULL). text textFill Color of the text watermark (string, default: "#000"). textFontSize Font size of the text watermark (number, default: 16). textFontFamily Font of the text watermark (string, default: NULL). textFontWeight Font weight of the text watermark (string, default: NULL). textFontVariant Font variant of the text watermark (string, default: NULL). textAlign Text alignment of the watermark (string, default: "center"). textBaseline Baseline alignment of the text watermark (string, default: "middle"). backgroundRepeat Repeat mode of the watermark (string, default: "repeat"). backgroundAttachment Background attachment behavior of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundBlendMode Background blend mode of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundClip Background clip of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundColor Background color of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundImage Background image of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundOrigin Background origin of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundPosition Background position of the watermark (string, default: NULL). backgroundPositionX Horizontal position of the watermark background (string, default: NULL). backgroundPositionY Vertical position of the watermark background (string, default: NULL). backgroundSize Background size of the watermark (string, default: NULL). Extra parameters. See https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/plugin/ watermark.

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the watermark plugin.

```
# Basic text watermark
config <- watermark(
  text = "G6 Graph",
  opacity = 0.1</pre>
```

108 zoom_canvas

```
)
# Image watermark
config <- watermark(</pre>
 imageURL = "https://gw.alipayobjects.com/os/s/prod/antv/assets/image/logo-with-text-73b8a.svg",
  width = 150,
  height = 75,
  opacity = 0.15,
  rotate = 0
)
# Customized text watermark
config <- watermark(</pre>
  text = "CONFIDENTIAL",
  textFill = "#ff0000",
  textFontSize = 24,
  textFontWeight = "bold",
  opacity = 0.08,
  rotate = pi/6,
  backgroundRepeat = "repeat-x"
)
# Watermark with background styling
config <- watermark(</pre>
  text = "Draft Document",
  textFill = "#333",
  backgroundColor = "#f9f9f9",
  backgroundClip = "content-box",
  backgroundSize = "cover"
)
```

zoom_canvas

Configure Zoom Canvas Behavior

Description

Creates a configuration object for the zoom-canvas behavior in G6. This behavior allows zooming the canvas with mouse wheel or keyboard shortcuts.

```
zoom_canvas(
  key = "zoom-canvas",
  animation = list(duration = 200),
  enable = TRUE,
  origin = NULL,
  onFinish = NULL,
  preventDefault = TRUE,
  sensitivity = 1,
```

zoom_canvas 109

```
trigger = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

key	Unique identifier for the behavior (string, default: "zoom-canvas").
animation	Zoom animation effect settings (list, default: list with duration 200ms).
enable	Whether to enable this behavior (boolean or JS function, default: TRUE).
origin	Zoom center point in viewport coordinates (list with x, y values, default: NULL).
onFinish	Callback function when zooming is finished (JS function, default: NULL).
${\tt preventDefault}$	Whether to prevent the browser's default event (boolean, default: TRUE).
sensitivity	Zoom sensitivity, the larger the value, the faster the zoom (numeric, default: 1).
trigger	How to trigger zooming, supports mouse wheel and keyboard shortcuts (list, default: NULL).
• • •	$Extra\ parameters.\ See \ https://g6.antv.antgroup.com/en/manual/behavior/zoom-canvas.$

Value

A list with the configuration settings for the zoom-canvas behavior.

```
# Basic configuration
config <- zoom_canvas()</pre>
# Custom configuration
config <- zoom_canvas(</pre>
  key = "my-zoom-behavior",
  animation = list(duration = 300, easing = "ease-in-out"),
  origin = list(x = 0, y = 0),
  sensitivity = 1.5,
  preventDefault = FALSE
)
# With keyboard triggers and callback
config <- zoom_canvas(</pre>
  enable = JS("(event) => !event.altKey"),
  trigger = list(
    zoomIn = "+",
    zoomOut = "-",
    reset = "0"
 onFinish = JS("() => { console.log('Zooming finished'); }")
)
```

Index

* datasets dag, 30 lesmis, 86 poke, 93 radial, 94 tree, 105	fish_eye, 43 fix_element_size, 45 focus_element, 46 force_atlas2_layout, 47 fruchterman_layout, 49 fullscreen, 50
animation_config, 3	g6, 51
antv_dagre_layout, 5, 21	g6(), 63–65
<pre>auto_adapt_label, 7</pre>	g6-shiny, 53
<pre>auto_fit_config, 8</pre>	g6_add_combos (g6_add_nodes), 54 g6_add_data (g6_add_nodes), 54
background, 10	g6_add_edges (g6_add_nodes), 54
brush_select, 11	g6_add_nodes, 54
bubble_sets, 13	g6_add_plugin, 55, 76
- ,	g6_behaviors, 55
canvas_config, 15	g6_canvas_resize,57
circular_layout, 17, 64	g6_collapse_combo, 58
click_select, 18	g6_expand_combo(g6_collapse_combo), 58
collapse_expand, 19	g6_fit_center, 59
<pre>combo_combined_layout, 20</pre>	g6_focus_elements, 60
combo_options, 22	g6_get_combos (g6_get_nodes), 61
compact_box_layout, 23	g6_get_edges (g6_get_nodes), 61
concentric_layout, 25	g6_get_nodes, 61
context_menu, 26, 28	g6_hide_elements, 62
create_edge, 28, 29	g6_igraph, 63
da farra lavant 20	g6_layout, 64
d3_force_layout, 29	g6_options, 65 g6_options(), 4, 9, 16, 23, 41, 90
dag, 30 dagre_layout, 31	g6_output (g6-shiny), 53
dendrogram_layout, 32	g6_plugins, 68
drag_canvas, 33	g6_proxy, 54, 55, 57, 59–61, 70, 71–76
drag_element, 29, 34	g6_proxy(), 74
drag_element_force, 29, 36	g6_remove_combos (g6_remove_nodes), 71
d. 48_51561.65, 2 5, 56	g6_remove_edges (g6_remove_nodes), 71
edge_bundling, 37	g6_remove_nodes, <i>54</i> , <i>71</i> , <i>75</i>
edge_filter_lens, 38	g6_set_combos (g6_set_nodes), 72
edge_options, 40	g6_set_data, 72
edge_options(),43	g6_set_data (g6_set_nodes), 72
edge_style_options,41	g6_set_edges (g6_set_nodes), 72

INDEX 111

```
g6_set_nodes, 72
g6_set_options, 73
g6_set_theme, 73
g6_show_elements, 63
g6_show_elements (g6_hide_elements), 62
g6_update_behavior, 74
g6_update_combos (g6_update_nodes), 75
g6_update_edges (g6_update_nodes), 75
g6_update_nodes, 75
g6_update_plugin, 55, 76
g6Output (g6-shiny), 53
grid_line, 76
history, 78
hover_activate, 79
hull, 80
igraph::igraph, 63
JS, 82
lasso_select, 83
legend, 84
lesmis, 86
minimap, 87
node_options, 89, 90
node_options(), 92
{\tt node\_style\_options}, 90
{\tt optimize\_viewport\_transform,}\, 92
poke, 93
radial, 94
radial_layout, 95
render_g6 (g6-shiny), 53
renderG6 (g6-shiny), 53
scroll_canvas, 96
snapline, 98
timebar, 99
toolbar, 102
tooltips, 103
tree, 105
watermark, 106
zoom_canvas, 108
```