# Package 'rhnerm'

October 14, 2022

Type Package				
Title Random Heteroscedastic Nested Error Regression  Version 1.1				
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<b>Description</b> Performs the random heteroscedastic nested error regression model described in Kubokawa, Sugasawa, Ghosh and Chaudhuri (2016) <doi:10.5705 ss.202014.0070="">.</doi:10.5705>				
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R topics documented:				
cmseRHNERM				
Index				
cmseRHNERM Conditional mean squared error estimation of the empirical Bayes estimators under random heteroscedastic nested error regression models				

# Description

Calculates the conditional mean squared error estimates of the empirical Bayes estimators under random heteroscedastic nested error regression models based on the parametric bootstrap.

## Usage

```
cmseRHNERM(y, X, ni, C, k=1, maxr=100, B=100)
```

2 cmseRHNERM

## Arguments

У	N*1 vector of response values.
X	$N^*p$ matrix containing $N^*1$ vector of 1 in the first column and vectors of covariates in the rest of columns.
ni	m*1 vector of sample sizes in each area.
С	m*p matrix of area-level covariates included in the area-level parameters.
k	area number in which the conditional mean squared error estimator is calculated. \\
maxr	$maximum \ number \ of \ iteration \ for \ computing \ the \ maximum \ likelihood \ estimates.$
В	number of bootstrap replicates.

#### Value

conditional mean squared error estimate in the kth area.

## Author(s)

Shonosuke Sugasawa

## References

Kubokawa, K., Sugasawa, S., Ghosh, M. and Chaudhuri, S. (2016). Prediction in Heteroscedastic nested error regression models with random dispersions. Statistica Sinica, 26, 465-492.

## **Examples**

```
#generate data
set.seed(1234)
beta=c(1,1); la=1; tau=c(8,4)
m=20; ni=rep(3,m); N=sum(ni)
X=cbind(rep(1,N),rnorm(N))
mu=beta[1]+beta[2]*X[,2]
sig=1/rgamma(m,tau[1]/2,tau[2]/2); v=rnorm(m,0,sqrt(la*sig))
y=c()
cum=c(0,cumsum(ni))
for(i in 1:m){
  term=(cum[i]+1):cum[i+1]
  y[term]=mu[term]+v[i]+rnorm(ni[i],0,sqrt(sig[i]))
}
#fit the random heteroscedastic nested error regression
C=cbind(rep(1,m),rnorm(m))
cmse=cmseRHNERM(y,X,ni,C,B=10)
cmse
```

mseRHNERM 3

mseRHNERM	Mean squared error estimation of the empirical Bayes estimators un- der random heteroscedastic nested error regression models

## **Description**

Calculates the mean squared error estimates of the empirical Bayes estimators under random heteroscedastic nested error regression models based on the parametric bootstrap.

# Usage

```
mseRHNERM(y, X, ni, C, maxr=100, B=100)
```

## **Arguments**

у	N*1 vector of response values.
X	N*p matrix containing $N*1$ vector of 1 in the first column and vectors of covariates in the rest of columns.
ni	m*1 vector of sample sizes in each area.
С	m*p matrix of area-level covariates included in the area-level parameters.
maxr	maximum number of iteration for computing the maximum likelihood estimates.
В	number of bootstrap replicates.

## Value

m\*1 vector of mean squared error estimates.

#### Author(s)

Shonosuke Sugasawa

#### References

Kubokawa, K., Sugasawa, S., Ghosh, M. and Chaudhuri, S. (2016). Prediction in Heteroscedastic nested error regression models with random dispersions. Statistica Sinica, 26, 465-492.

# Examples

```
#generate data
set.seed(1234)
beta=c(1,1); la=1; tau=c(8,4)
m=20; ni=rep(3,m); N=sum(ni)
X=cbind(rep(1,N),rnorm(N))

mu=beta[1]+beta[2]*X[,2]
sig=1/rgamma(m,tau[1]/2,tau[2]/2); v=rnorm(m,0,sqrt(la*sig))
y=c()
```

4 RHNERM

```
cum=c(0,cumsum(ni))
for(i in 1:m){
   term=(cum[i]+1):cum[i+1]
   y[term]=mu[term]+v[i]+rnorm(ni[i],0,sqrt(sig[i]))
}
#fit the random heteroscedastic nested error regression
C=cbind(rep(1,m),rnorm(m))
mse=mseRHNERM(y,X,ni,C,B=10)
mse
```

**RHNERM** 

Estimation of random heteroscedastic nested error regression models

#### **Description**

Calculates the maximum likelihood estimates of the model parameters in random heteroscedastic nested error regression models. The empirical Bayes estimates of area-level parameters with random effects are also given.

## Usage

```
RHNERM(y, X, ni, C, maxr=100)
```

## Arguments

У	N*1 vector of response values.
X	N*p matrix containing $N*1$ vector of 1 in the first column and vectors of covariates in the rest of columns.
ni	m*1 vector of sample sizes in each area.
С	m*p matrix of area-level covariates included in the area-level parameters.
maxr	$maximum \ number \ of \ iteration \ for \ computing \ the \ maximum \ likelihood \ estimates.$

#### Value

The function returns a list with the following objects:

MLE	(p+3)*1 vector of maximum likelihood estimates of the model parameters.
EB	m*1 vector of empirical Bayes estimates of the area-level parameters.

#### Author(s)

Shonosuke Sugasawa

## References

Kubokawa, K., Sugasawa, S., Ghosh, M. and Chaudhuri, S. (2016). Prediction in Heteroscedastic nested error regression models with random dispersions. Statistica Sinica, 26, 465-492.

RHNERM 5

## **Examples**

```
#generate data
set.seed(1234)
beta=c(1,1); la=1; tau=c(8,4)
m=20; ni=rep(3,m); N=sum(ni)
X=cbind(rep(1,N),rnorm(N))
mu=beta[1]+beta[2]*X[,2]
sig=1/rgamma(m,tau[1]/2,tau[2]/2); v=rnorm(m,0,sqrt(la*sig))
y=c()
cum=c(0,cumsum(ni))
for(i in 1:m){
  term=(cum[i]+1):cum[i+1]
  y[term]=mu[term]+v[i]+rnorm(ni[i],0,sqrt(sig[i]))
}
#fit the random heteroscedastic nested error regression
C=cbind(rep(1,m),rnorm(m))
fit=RHNERM(y,X,ni,C)
fit
```

# **Index**

cmseRHNERM, 1

mseRHNERM, 3

RHNERM, 4