Package 'shiny.telemetry'

October 15, 2024

```
Type Package
Title 'Shiny' App Usage Telemetry
Version 0.3.1
Description Enables instrumentation of 'Shiny' apps for tracking user
     session events such as input changes, browser type, and session
     duration. These events can be sent to any of the available storage
     backends and analyzed using the included 'Shiny' app to gain insights
     about app usage and adoption.
License LGPL-3
URL https://appsilon.github.io/shiny.telemetry/,
     https://github.com/Appsilon/shiny.telemetry
BugReports https://github.com/Appsilon/shiny.telemetry/issues
Imports checkmate, digest, dplyr (>= 1.1.0), glue, htmltools, httr2,
     isonlite, lifecycle, logger, lubridate, odbc, purrr, R6, rlang,
     RSQLite, shiny, stringr, tidyr
Suggests box, config, DT, knitr, mongolite, plotly, plumber,
     RColorBrewer, RMariaDB, rmarkdown, RPostgres, RPostgreSQL,
     scales, semantic.dashboard (>= 0.1.1), shiny.semantic (>=
     0.2.0), shinyjs, testthat (>= 3.1.7), timevis, withr
VignetteBuilder knitr
Config/testthat/edition 3
Encoding UTF-8
Language en-US
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
NeedsCompilation no
Author André Veríssimo [aut, cre],
     Kamil Żyła [aut],
     Krystian Igras [aut],
     Recle Vibal [aut],
     Arun Kodati [aut],
     Wahaduzzaman Khan [aut],
     Appsilon Sp. z o.o. [cph]
```

2 analytics_app

Maintainer André Veríssimo < opensource + andre@appsilon.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-10-15 08:00:02 UTC

Contents

	1
	12
	14
	14
	15
	10
	10
	23
	25
alytics dashboard	
alytics dashboard	

Description

Run example telemetry analytics dashboard

Usage

```
analytics_app(data_storage)
```

Arguments

data_storage data_storage instance that will handle all backend read and writes.

Value

An object that represents the analytics app. Printing the object or passing it to shiny::runApp() will run it.

build_id_from_secret 3

build_id_from_secret

Builds id from a secret that can be used in open communication

Description

This is used in shiny.telemetry, but also externally with the Plumber endpoint.

Usage

```
build_id_from_secret(secret)
```

Arguments

secret

string that contains information that should not be publicly available

Value

A string with an hash of the secret.

Examples

```
build_id_from_secret("some_random_secret_generated_with_uuid::UUIDgenerate")
```

build_token

Builds hash for a call

Description

Function that takes creates a signature for the values using a secret.

Usage

```
build_token(values, secret = NULL)
```

Arguments

values

R object that is going to be signed

secret

string that contains the shared secret to sign the communication. It can be NULL

on both telemetry and in plumber API to disable this communication feature

Details

This is used in shiny.telemetry, but also externally with the Plumber endpoint.

Value

A string that contains an hash to uniquely identify the parameters.

4 DataStorage

Examples

```
build_token(values = list(list(1, 2, 3), 2, 2, 3, "bb"))
build_token(values = list(list(1, 2, 3), 1, 2, 3, "bb"))
build_token(values = list(list(1, 2, 3), 1, 2, 3, "bb"), secret = "abc")
build_token(values = list(list(1, 2, 3), 1, 2, 3, "bb"), secret = "abd")
```

DataStorage

Data Storage abstract class to handle all the read/write operations

Description

Abstract R6 Class that encapsulates all the operations needed by Shiny.telemetry to read and write. This removes the complexity from the functions and uses a unified API.

Active bindings

event_bucket string that identifies the bucket to store user related and action data

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStorage\$new()
- DataStorage\$insert()
- DataStorage\$read_event_data()
- DataStorage\$close()
- DataStorage\$clone()

Method new(): initialize data storage object common with all providers

Usage:

DataStorage\$new()

Method insert(): Insert new data

Usage:

DataStorage\$insert(app_name, type, session = NULL, details = NULL, time = NULL)

Arouments

app_name string with name of dashboard (the version can be also included in this string)

type string that identifies the event type to store

session (optional) string that identifies a session where the event was logged

details atomic element of list with data to save in storage

time date time value indicates the moment the record was generated in UTC. By default it should be NULL and determined automatically, but in cases where it should be defined, use Sys.time() or lubridate::now(tzone = "UTC") to generate it.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

DataStorageLogFile 5

```
Method read_event_data(): read all user data from SQLite.

Usage:
DataStorage$read_event_data(date_from = NULL, date_to = NULL, app_name = NULL)

Arguments:
date_from (optional) date representing the starting day of results.
date_to (optional) date representing the last day of results.
app_name (optional) string identifying the Dashboard-specific event data

Method close(): Close the connection if necessary

Usage:
DataStorage$close()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
DataStorage$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

DataStorageLogFile

Data storage class for JSON Log File

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to a JSON log file backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super class

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage -> DataStorageLogFile
```

Active bindings

event_bucket string that identifies the file path to store user related and action data

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStorageLogFile\$new()
- DataStorageLogFile\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize the data storage class

Usage.

DataStorageLogFile\$new(log_file_path)

Arguments:

6 DataStorageMariaDB

log_file_path string with path to JSON log file user actions

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
DataStorageLogFile$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
log_file_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")
data_storage <- DataStorageLogFile$new(log_file_path = log_file_path)

data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))

data_storage$insert(
    "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
    time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)

data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)

file.remove(log_file_path)</pre>
```

DataStorageMariaDB

Data storage class with MariaDB / MySQL provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to MariaDB backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super classes

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage-> shiny.telemetry::DataStorageSQLFamily-> DataStorageMariaDB
```

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStorageMariaDB\$new()
- DataStorageMariaDB\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize the data storage class

Usage:

DataStorageMongoDB

```
DataStorageMariaDB$new(
    username = NULL,
    password = NULL,
    hostname = "127.0.0.1",
    port = 3306,
    dbname = "shiny_telemetry"
)

Arguments:

username string with a MariaDB username.

password string with the password for the username.
hostname string with hostname of MariaDB instance.
port numeric value with the port number of MariaDB instance.
dbname string with the name of the database in the MariaDB instance.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
```

DataStorageMariaDB\$clone(deep = FALSE)

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

Arguments:

```
## Not run:
data_storage <- DataStorageMariaDB$new(user = "mariadb", password = "mysecretpassword")

data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id1"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))

data_storage$insert(
    "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
    time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)

data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data(Sys.Date() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)
data_storage$close()

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

DataStorageMongoDB

Data storage class with MongoDB provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to MongoDB backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super class

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage -> DataStorageMongoDB
```

Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• DataStorageMongoDB$new()
```

```
• DataStorageMongoDB$clone()
```

```
Method new(): Initialize the data storage class
 Usage:
 DataStorageMongoDB$new(
   hostname = "localhost",
    port = 27017,
    username = NULL,
    password = NULL,
    authdb = NULL,
    dbname = "shiny_telemetry",
   options = NULL,
    ssl_options = mongolite::ssl_options()
 )
 Arguments:
 hostname the hostname or IP address of the MongoDB server.
 port the port number of the MongoDB server (default is 27017).
 username the username for authentication (optional).
 password the password for authentication (optional).
 authdb the default authentication database (optional).
 dbname name of database (default is "shiny_telemetry").
 options Additional connection options in a named list format (e.g., list(ssl = "true", replicaSet
     = "myreplicaset")) (optional).
 ssl_options additional connection options such as SSL keys/certs (default is mongolite::ssl_options()).
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
```

```
DataStorageMongoDB$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
data_storage <- DataStorageMongoDB$new(</pre>
 host = "localhost",
 db = "test",
 ssl_options = mongolite::ssl_options()
)
```

```
data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id1"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))

data_storage$insert(
    "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
    time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)

data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data(Sys.Date() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)
data_storage$close()

## End(Not run)
```

DataStorageMSSQLServer

Data storage class with MS SQL Server provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to MS SQL Server backend using a unified API for read/write operations. This provider requires a configured and named ODBC driver to be set up on your system, for example, "ODBC Driver 17 for SQL Server" or "ODBC Driver 18 for SQL Server".

Note that MS SQL Server support requires a subtly different database schema: the time field is stored as a DATETIME rather than a TIMESTAMP.

Super classes

shiny.telemetry::DataStorage->shiny.telemetry::DataStorageSQLFamily->DataStorageMSSQLServer

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStorageMSSQLServer\$new()
- DataStorageMSSQLServer\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize the data storage class

Usage:

```
DataStorageMSSQLServer$new(
  username = NULL,
  password = NULL,
  hostname = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 1433,
  dbname = "shiny_telemetry",
  driver = "ODBC Driver 17 for SQL Server",
  trust_server_certificate = "NO"
)
```

```
Arguments:
```

username string with a MS SQL Server username.

password string with the password for the username.

hostname string with hostname of the MS SQL Server instance.

port numeric value with the port number of MS SQL Server instance.

dbname string with the name of the database in the MS SQL Server instance.

driver string with the name of the ODBC driver class for MS SQL, for example "ODBC Driver 17 for SQL Server".

trust_server_certificate string with "NO" or "YES", setting whether or not to trust the server's certificate implicitly.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

DataStorageMSSQLServer\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data_storage <- DataStorageMSSQLServer$new(</pre>
 user = "sa"
 password = "my-Secr3t_Password",
 hostname = "localhost",
 port = 1433,
 dbname = "shiny_telemetry",
 driver = "ODBC Driver 18 for SQL Server",
 trust_server_certificate = "YES"
)
data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id1"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))
data_storage$insert(
  "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
 time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)
data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data(Sys.Date() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)
data_storage$close()
## End(Not run)
```

DataStoragePlumber 11

DataStoragePlumber

Data storage class with SQLite provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to SQLite backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super class

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage -> DataStoragePlumber
```

Active bindings

```
event_read_endpoint string field that returns read action endpoint
event_insert_endpoint string field that returns insert action endpoint
```

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStoragePlumber\$new()
- DataStoragePlumber\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize the data storage class

```
Usage:
```

```
DataStoragePlumber$new(
  hostname = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 80,
  protocol = "http",
  path = NULL,
  secret = NULL,
  authorization = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

hostname string with hostname of plumber instance,

port numeric value with port number of plumber instance.

protocol string with protocol of the connection of the plumber instance.

path string with sub-path of plumber deployment.

secret string with secret to sign communication with plumber (can be NULL for disabling communication signing).

authorization string to use in HTTP headers for authorization (for example: to authenticate to a plumber deployment behind a connect server).

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
DataStoragePlumber$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Make sure the PLUMBER_SECRET environment variable is valid before
# running these examples (NULL or a valid secret)
data_storage <- DataStoragePlumber$new(</pre>
  hostname = "connect.appsilon.com",
  path = "shiny_telemetry_plumber",
  port = 443,
  protocol = "https",
  authorization = Sys.getenv("CONNECT_AUTHORIZATION_KEY"),
  secret = Sys.getenv("PLUMBER_SECRET")
)
data_storage <- DataStoragePlumber$new(</pre>
  hostname = "127.0.0.1",
  path = NULL,
  port = 8087,
  protocol = "http",
  secret = Sys.getenv("PLUMBER_SECRET")
)
data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))
data_storage$insert(
  "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
  time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)
data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data(Sys.Date() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)
## End(Not run)
```

DataStoragePostgreSQL Data storage class with PostgreSQL provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to PostgreSQL backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super classes

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage->shiny.telemetry::DataStorageSQLFamily->DataStoragePostgreSQL
```

Methods

Public methods:

- DataStoragePostgreSQL\$new()
- DataStoragePostgreSQL\$clone()

```
Method new(): Initialize the data storage class
```

```
Usage:
 DataStoragePostgreSQL$new(
   username = NULL,
   password = NULL,
   hostname = "127.0.0.1",
   port = 5432,
   dbname = "shiny_telemetry",
   driver = "RPostgreSQL"
 )
 Arguments:
 username string with a PostgreSQL username.
 password string with the password for the username.
 hostname string with hostname of PostgreSQL instance.
 port numeric value with the port number of PostgreSQL instance.
 dbname string with the name of the database in the PostgreSQL instance.
 driver string, to select PostgreSQL driver among c("RPostgreSQL", "RPostgres").
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
 DataStoragePostgreSQL$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Examples

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

```
## Not run:
data_storage <- DataStoragePostgreSQL$new(user = "postgres", password = "mysecretpassword")

data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id1"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))

data_storage$insert(
    "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
    time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)</pre>
```

14 DataStorageSQLite

```
data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data(Sys.Date() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)
data_storage$close()
## End(Not run)
```

DataStorageSQLFamily Data storage abstract class for SQL providers

Description

Abstract subclass of the DataStorage R6 class for the SQL family of providers

Super class

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage -> DataStorageSQLFamily
```

Methods

Public methods:

• DataStorageSQLFamily\$clone()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

DataStorageSQLFamily\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

DataStorageSQLite

Data storage class with SQLite provider

Description

Implementation of the DataStorage R6 class to SQLite backend using a unified API for read/write operations

Super classes

```
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage->shiny.telemetry::DataStorageSQLFamily->DataStorageSQLite
```

date_from_null 15

Methods

Public methods:

```
• DataStorageSQLite$new()
```

```
• DataStorageSQLite$clone()
```

```
Method new(): Initialize the data storage class
```

```
Usage:
```

```
DataStorageSQLite$new(db_path = "user_stats.sqlite")
```

Arguments:

db_path string with path to SQLite file.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
DataStorageSQLite$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
db_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".sqlite")
data_storage <- DataStorageSQLite$new(db_path = db_path)

data_storage$insert("example", "test_event", "session1")
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id1"))
data_storage$insert("example", "input", "s1", list(id = "id2", value = 32))

data_storage$insert(
    "example", "test_event_3_days_ago", "session1",
    time = lubridate::as_datetime(lubridate::today() - 3)
)

data_storage$read_event_data()
data_storage$read_event_data() - 1, Sys.Date() + 1)

file.remove(db_path)</pre>
```

date_from_null

Common date_from to recognize as NULL

Description

Common date_from to recognize as NULL

Usage

```
date_from_null
```

16 Telemetry

Format

An object of class character of length 1.

date_to_null

Common date_to to recognize as NULL

Description

Common date_to to recognize as NULL

Usage

date_to_null

Format

An object of class character of length 1.

Telemetry

Telemetry class to manage analytics gathering at a global level

Description

An instance of this class will define metadata and data storage provider for gathering telemetry analytics of a Shiny dashboard.

The name and version parameters will describe the dashboard name and version to track using analytics, allowing to store the analytics data from multiple dashboards in the same data storage provider. As well as discriminate different versions of the dashboard.

The default data storage provider uses a local SQLite database, but this can be customizable when instantiating the class, by using another one of the supported providers (see DataStorage).

Debugging

Events are logged at the DEBUG level using the logger package. To see the logs, you can set:

```
logger::log_threshold("DEBUG", namespace = "shiny.telemetry")
```

Active bindings

data_storage instance of a class that inherits from DataStorage. See the documentation on that class for more information.

app_name string with name of dashboard

Telemetry 17

Methods

Public methods:

```
• Telemetry$new()
• Telemetry$start_session()
• Telemetry$log_navigation()
• Telemetry$log_navigation_manual()
• Telemetry$log_login()
• Telemetry$log_logout()
• Telemetry$log_click()
• Telemetry$log_browser_version()
• Telemetry$log_button()
• Telemetry$log_all_inputs()
• Telemetry$log_input()
• Telemetry$log_input_manual()
• Telemetry$log_custom_event()
• Telemetry$log_error()
• Telemetry$log_errors()
• Telemetry$clone()
```

Method new(): Constructor that initializes Telemetry instance with parameters.

```
Usage:
Telemetry$new(
   app_name = "(dashboard)",
   data_storage = DataStorageSQLite$new(db_path = file.path("telemetry.sqlite"))
)
```

Arguments:

app_name (optional) string that identifies the name of the dashboard. By default it will store data with (dashboard).

data_storage (optional) DataStorage instance where telemetry data is being stored. It can take any of data storage providers by this package, By default it will store in a SQLite local database in the current working directory with filename telemetry.sqlite

version (optional) string that identifies the version of the dashboard. By default it will use v0.0.0.

Method start_session(): Setup basic telemetry

```
Usage:
Telemetry$start_session(
   track_inputs = TRUE,
   track_values = FALSE,
   login = TRUE,
   logout = TRUE,
   browser_version = TRUE,
   navigation_input_id = NULL,
   session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain(),
```

Telemetry Telemetry

```
username = NULL,
  track_anonymous_user = TRUE,
  track_errors = TRUE
)
```

Arguments:

track_inputs flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the inputs that change value. TRUE by default

track_values flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the values of the inputs that are changing. FALSE by default. This parameter is ignored if track_inputs is FALSE

login flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track when a session starts. TRUE by default.

logout flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track when the session ends. TRUE by default.

browser_version flag that indicates that the browser version should be tracked.TRUE by default.

navigation_input_id string or vector of strings that represent input ids and which value should be tracked as navigation events. i.e. a change in the value represent a navigation to a page or tab. By default, no navigation is tracked.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

username Character with username. If set, it will overwrite username from session object.

track_anonymous_user flag that indicates to track anonymous user. A cookie is used to track same user without login over multiple sessions, This is only activated if none of the automatic methods produce a username and when a username is not explicitly defined.TRUE by default.

track_errors flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the errors. TRUE by default. if using shiny version < 1.8.1, it can auto log errors only in UI output functions. By using latest versions of shiny, it can auto log all types of errors.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Method log_navigation(): Log an input change as a navigation event

Usage:

```
Telemetry$log_navigation(input_id, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
Arguments:
```

input_id string that identifies the generic input in the Shiny application so that the function can track and log changes to it.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Method log_navigation_manual(): Log a navigation event manually by indicating the id (as input id)

```
Usage:
```

```
Telemetry$log_navigation_manual(
  navigation_id,
  value,
  session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

```
Arguments:
 navigation_id string that identifies navigation event.
 value string that indicates a value for the navigation
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method log_login(): Log when session starts
 Usage:
 Telemetry$log_login(
   username = NULL,
    session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
 )
 Arguments:
 username string with username from current session
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method log_logout(): Log when session ends
 Usage:
 Telemetry$log_logout(
   username = NULL,
    session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
 )
 Arguments:
 username string with username from current session
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method log_click(): Log an action click
 Telemetry$log_click(id, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
 Arguments:
 id string that identifies a manual click to the dashboard.
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method log_browser_version(): Log the browser version
 Usage:
 Telemetry$log_browser_version(session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
 Arguments:
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
```

20 Telemetry

```
Method log_button(): Track a button and track changes to this input (without storing the values)
```

```
Usage:
Telemetry$log_button(
  input_id,
  track_value = FALSE,
  session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

input_id string that identifies the button in the Shiny application so that the function can track and log changes to it.

track_value flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the value of the input that are changing. FALSE by default.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Method log_all_inputs(): Automatic tracking of all input changes in the App. Depending on the parameters, it may only track a subset of inputs by excluding patterns or by including specific vector of input_ids.

Usage:

Arguments:

```
Telemetry$log_all_inputs(
   track_values = FALSE,
   excluded_inputs = c("browser_version"),
   excluded_inputs_regex = NULL,
   include_input_ids = NULL,
   session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

Arguments:

track_values flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the values of the inputs that are changing. FALSE by default. This parameter is ignored if track_inputs is FALSE.

excluded_inputs vector of input_ids that should not be tracked. By default it doesn't track browser version, which is added by this package.

excluded_inputs_regex vector of input_ids that should not be tracked. All Special characters will be escaped.

include_input_ids vector of input_ids that will be tracked. This input_ids should be an exact match and will be given priority over exclude list.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Method log_input(): Track changes of a specific input id.

Usage:

```
Telemetry$log_input(
  input_id,
  track_value = FALSE,
  matching_values = NULL,
```

Telemetry 21

```
input_type = "text",
session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

input_id string (or vector of strings) that identifies the generic input in the Shiny application so that the function can track and log changes to it.

When the input_id is a vector of strings, the function will behave just as calling log_input one by one with the same arguments.

track_value flag that indicates if the basic telemetry should track the value of the input that are changing. FALSE by default.

matching_values An object specified possible values to register.

input_type "text" to registered bare input value, "json" to parse value from JSON format. session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for its side effects.

Method log_input_manual(): Log a manual input value.

This can be called in telemetry and is also used as a layer between log_input family of functions and actual log event. It creates the correct payload to log the event internally.

Usage:

Arguments:

```
Telemetry$log_input_manual(
  input_id,
  value = NULL,
  session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

Arguments:

input_id string that identifies the generic input in the Shiny application so that the function can track and log changes to it.

value (optional) scalar value or list with the value to register.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Method log_custom_event(): Log a manual event

```
Usage:
```

```
Telemetry$log_custom_event(
   event_type,
   details = NULL,
   session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
Arguments:
```

event_type string that identifies the event type

details (optional) scalar value or list with the value to register.

session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.

Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.

Telemetry Telemetry

```
Method log_error(): Log a manual error event
 Usage:
 Telemetry$log_error(
   output_id,
   message,
   session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
 )
 Arguments:
 output_id string that refers to the output element where the error occurred.
 message string that describes the error.
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method log_errors(): Track errors as they occur in observe and reactive
 Telemetry$log_errors(session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
 Arguments:
 session ShinySession object or NULL to identify the current Shiny session.
 Returns: Nothing. This method is called for side effects.
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
 Telemetry$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

See Also

DataStorage which this function wraps.

Examples

```
log_file_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")
telemetry <- Telemetry$new(
   data_storage = DataStorageLogFile$new(log_file_path = log_file_path)) # 1. Initialize telemetry with default options

#
# Use in a shiny application

if (interactive()) {
   library(shiny)

   shinyApp(
     ui = fluidPage(
        use_telemetry(), # 2. Add necessary javascript to Shiny</pre>
```

use_telemetry 23

```
numericInput("n", "n", 1),
      plotOutput('plot')
   ),
    server = function(input, output) {
      telemetry$start_session() # 3. Minimal setup to track events
      output$plot <- renderPlot({ hist(runif(input$n)) })</pre>
 )
}
# Manual logging of Telemetry that can be used inside Shiny Application
# to further customize the events to be tracked.
session <- shiny::MockShinySession$new() # Create dummy session (only for example purposes)</pre>
class(session) <- c(class(session), "ShinySession")</pre>
telemetry$log_click("a_button", session = session)
telemetry$log_error("global", message = "An error has occured")
telemetry$log_custom_event("a_button", list(value = 2023), session = session)
telemetry$log_custom_event("a_button", list(custom_field = 23), session = session)
# Manual call login with custom username
telemetry$log_login("ben", session = session)
# Read all data
telemetry$data_storage$read_event_data()
file.remove(log_file_path)
# Using SQLite
db_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".sqlite")</pre>
telemetry_sqlite <- Telemetry$new(</pre>
 data_storage = DataStorageSQLite$new(db_path = db_path)
telemetry_sqlite$log_custom_event("a_button", list(value = 2023), session = session)
telemetry_sqlite$log_custom_event("a_button", list(custom_field = 23), session = session)
# Read all data from time range
telemetry_sqlite$data_storage$read_event_data("2020-01-01", "2055-01-01")
file.remove(db_path)
```

24 use_telemetry

Description

Function that adds telemetry HTML elements to UI

Usage

```
use_telemetry(id = "")
```

Arguments

id

(optional) string with id representing the namespace

Value

A shiny tag object to be included in the UI of a Shiny app.

Index

```
* datasets
    date_from_null, 15
    {\tt date\_to\_null}, \textcolor{red}{16}
analytics_app, 2
\verb|build_id_from_secret|, 3
build_token, 3
DataStorage, 4, 5–7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 16, 22
DataStorageLogFile, 5
DataStorageMariaDB, 6
DataStorageMongoDB, 7
DataStorageMSSQLServer, 9
DataStoragePlumber, 11
DataStoragePostgreSQL, 12
DataStorageSQLFamily, 14
DataStorageSQLite, 14
date_from_null, 15
date_to_null, 16
mongolite::ssl\_options(), 8
shiny.telemetry::DataStorage, 5, 6, 8, 9,
         11, 13, 14
shiny.telemetry::DataStorageSQLFamily,
         6, 9, 13, 14
Telemetry, 16
use_telemetry, 23
```