# Package 'kernelFactory'

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Type Package		
Title Kernel Factory: An Ensemble of Kernel Machines		
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Imports randomForest, AUC, genalg, kernlab, stats		
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<b>Description</b> Binary classification based on an ensemble of kernel machines (``Ballings, M. and Van den Poel, D. (2013), Kernel Factory: An Ensemble of Kernel Machines. Expert Systems With Applications, 40(8), 2904-2913"). Kernel factory is an ensemble method where each base classifier (random forest) is fit on the kernel matrix of a subset of the training data.		
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Credit

Credit approval (Frank and Asuncion, 2010)

#### **Description**

Credit contains credit card applications. The dataset has a good mix of continuous and categorical features.

#### Usage

```
data(Credit)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 653 observations, 15 predictors and a binary criterion variable called Response

#### **Details**

All observations with missing values are deleted.

#### **Source**

Frank, A. and Asuncion, A. (2010). UCI Machine Learning Repository [http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml]. Irvine, CA: University of California, School of Information and Computer Science.

## References

The original dataset can be downloaded at http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Credit+Approval

## **Examples**

```
data(Credit)
str(Credit)
table(Credit$Response)
```

kernelFactory

Binary classification with Kernel Factory

## Description

kernelFactory implements an ensemble method for kernel machines (Ballings and Van den Poel, 2013).

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#### Usage

```
kernelFactory(x = NULL, y = NULL, cp = 1, rp = round(log(nrow(x), 10)),
method = "burn", ntree = 500, filter = 0.01, popSize = rp * cp * 7,
iters = 80, mutationChance = 1/(rp * cp), elitism = max(1, round((rp * cp) * 0.05)), oversample = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

x A data frame of predictors (numeric, integer or factor). Categorical variables need to be factors. Indicator values should not be too imbalanced because this might produce constants in the subsetting process.

y A factor containing the response vector. Only  $\{0,1\}$  is allowed.

cp The number of column partitions.

The number of row partitions.

method Can be one of the following: POLynomial kernel function (pol), LINear kernel

function (lin), Radial Basis kernel Function rbf), random choice (random=pol, lin, rbf) (random), burn- in choice of best function (burn=pol, lin, rbf) (burn). Use random or burn if you don't know in advance which kernel function is best.

ntree Number of trees in the Random Forest base classifiers.

filter either NULL (deactivate) or a percentage denoting the minimum class size of

dummy predictors. This parameter is used to remove near constants. For example if nrow(xTRAIN)=100, and filter=0.01 then all dummy predictors with any class size equal to 1 will be removed. Set this higher (e.g., 0.05 or 0.10) in case

of errors.

popSize Population size of the genetic algorithm.

iters Number of generations of the genetic algorithm.

mutationChance Mutationchance of the genetic algorithm.

elitism Elitism parameter of the genetic algorithm.

oversample Oversample the smallest class. This helps avoid problems related to the subset-

ting procedure (e.g., if rp is too high).

#### Value

An object of class kernelFactory, which is a list with the following elements:

trn Training data set.

trn1st List of training partitions.

rbfstre List of used kernel functions.

rbfmtrX List of augmented kernel matrices.

Elst of augmented kerner matri

rsltsKF List of models.

cpr Number of column partitions.
rpr Number of row partitions.
cntr Number of partitions.

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wghts Weights of the ensemble members.

nmDtrn Vector indicating the numeric (and integer) features.

rngs Ranges of numeric predictors.
constants To exclude from newdata.

#### Author(s)

Authors: Michel Ballings and Dirk Van den Poel, Maintainer: <Michel.Ballings@GMail.com>

#### References

Ballings, M. and Van den Poel, D. (2013), Kernel Factory: An Ensemble of Kernel Machines. Expert Systems With Applications, 40(8), 2904-2913.

## See Also

```
predict.kernelFactory
```

#### **Examples**

kFNews

Display the NEWS file

## Description

kFNews shows the NEWS file of the kernelFactory package.

## Usage

kFNews()

#### Value

None.

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## Author(s)

Authors: Michel Ballings and Dirk Van den Poel, Maintainer: <Michel.Ballings@GMail.com>

#### References

Ballings, M. and Van den Poel, D. (2013), Kernel Factory: An Ensemble of Kernel Machines. Expert Systems With Applications, 40(8), 2904-2913.

#### See Also

```
kernelFactory, predict.kernelFactory
```

## **Examples**

```
kFNews()
```

```
predict.kernelFactory Predict method for kernelFactory objects
```

## **Description**

Prediction of new data using kernelFactory.

## Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'kernelFactory'
predict(object, newdata = NULL, predict.all = FALSE,
    ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object of class kernel factory, as created by the function kernel factory
newdata	A data frame with the same predictors as in the training data.
predict.all	TRUE or FALSE. If TRUE and rp and cp are 1 then the individual predictions of the random forest are returned. If TRUE and any of rp and cp or bigger than 1 then the predictions of all the members are returned.
	Not used currently.

#### Value

A vector containing the response probabilities.

## Author(s)

Authors: Michel Ballings and Dirk Van den Poel, Maintainer: <Michel.Ballings@GMail.com>

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#### References

Ballings, M. and Van den Poel, D. (2013), Kernel Factory: An Ensemble of Kernel Machines. Expert Systems With Applications, 40(8), 2904-2913.

## See Also

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