# Package 'inet'

October 13, 2022

Type Package
Title Performing Inference on Networks with Regularization
Version 0.1.0
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.5.0)
Author Lourens Waldorp <waldorp@uva.nl>, Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com></jonashaslbeck@gmail.com></waldorp@uva.nl>
Maintainer Jonas Haslbeck < jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>
<b>Description</b> Performs inference with the lasso in Gaussian Graphical Models. The package consists of wrappers for functions from the 'hdi' package.
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
License GPL (>= 2)
Imports hdi, glmnet, MASS
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2022-03-14 09:00:02 UTC
R topics documented:
inet-datasets       2         inet-internal       3         lasso       3         lasso_dsp       4         lasso_dsp_boot       6         lasso_ms       3         OLS       9         plot.inet       1
Index 13

2 inet-internal

inet-datasets

Datasets included in inet package

## **Description**

The package includes a dataset with measurements of 17 PTSD symptoms taken from 344 individuals. See McNally et al. (2015) for more details.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck

#### References

McNally, R. J., Robinaugh, D. J., Wu, G. W., Wang, L., Deserno, M. K., & Borsboom, D. (2015). Mental disorders as causal systems: A network approach to posttraumatic stress disorder. Clinical Psychological Science, 3(6), 836-849.

inet-internal

Internal inet functions

## **Description**

Internal inet functions.

#### **Details**

These are internal functions.

#### Value

The only internal function is one that performs input checks for the estimation functions. They return informative errors, if the inputs are not specified properly.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck

lasso 3

lasso	Estimate GGM with nodewise regression and the lasso.	

## Description

Estimate a Gaussian Graphical Model with lasso-regularized nodewise regression, where the regularization parameter is selected with cross-validation. This is a wrapper around the function cv.glmnet() from the glmnet package.

## Usage

```
lasso(data, pbar = TRUE, nfolds = 10, rulereg = "and")
```

## **Arguments**

data	An n x p matrix containing the data, where n are cases and p are variables
pbar	If pbar = TRUE, a progress bar will be displayed.
nfolds	Specifies the number of folds used to select the regularization parameter in each of the p nodewise regressions.
rulereg	Specifies how parameter estimates should be combined across nodewise regressions. The options are the AND-rule (requiring both estimates to be significant) or the OR-rule (only requiring one estimate to be significant). Defaults to rulereg = "and".

## Value

The function returns a list with the following entries:

est	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations
select	A p x p indicator matrix indicating which edges have been selected to be present.
ints	A p-vector of estimated intercepts.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>

## References

Friedman, J., Hastie, T., & Tibshirani, R. (2010). Regularization paths for generalized linear models via coordinate descent. Journal of statistical software, 33(1), 1.

4 lasso\_dsp

## **Examples**

```
# Toy example that runs relatively quickly
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso(data = data)
## Not run:
# Fit GGM to PTSD data
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso(data = ptsd_data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lasso\_dsp

Estimate GGMs with the desparsified lasso.

## Description

Estimate Gaussian Graphical Models using the desparsified lasso. This is a wrapper around the function lasso.proj of the hdi package.

## Usage

## Arguments

data	An n x p matrix containing the data, where n are cases and p are variables
betainit	Specifying how to estimate lasso solution in initial estimation. Either betainit = "cv lasso" (default) or betainit = "cv lasso". See the manual of the function lasso.proj of the hdi package for more info.
ci.level	Specifies the width of the confidence interval used for testing the null hypothesis that a parameter is different to zero. Defaults to ci.level = $0.95$ , which corresponds to a critical threshold of $0.05$ .
correction	If correction = TRUE, the Bonferroni-Holm correction will be applied to p-values on the level of nodewise regressions (see e.g., Hochberg, 1987).
pbar	If pbar = TRUE, a progress bar will be displayed.
rulereg	Specifies how parameter estimates should be combined across nodewise regressions. The options are the AND-rule (requiring both estimates to be significant) or the OR-rule (only requiring one estimate to be significant). Defaults to rulereg = "and".

lasso\_dsp 5

## Value

The function returns a list with the following entries:

est	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations
est.signf	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations with non-significant partial correlations being thresholded to zero.
signf	A p x p matrix indicating for each partial correlation whether it is significantly different to zero.
ci.lower	A p x p matrix indicating the lower confidence interval for each partial correlation.
ci.upper	A p x p matrix indicating the upper confidence interval for each partial correlation.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>; Lourens Waldorp <waldorp@uva.nl>

#### References

Hochberg, Y., & Tamhane, A. C. (1987). Multiple comparison procedures. John Wiley & Sons, Inc..

Buehlmann, P., Kalisch, M., & Meier, L. (2014). High-dimensional statistics with a view toward applications in biology. Annual Review of Statistics and Its Application, 1, 255-278.

## **Examples**

```
# Toy example that runs relatively quickly
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_dsp(data = data)

## Not run:

# Fit GGM to PTSD data
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_dsp(data = ptsd_data)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

6 lasso\_dsp\_boot

lasso_dsp_boot Estimate GGMs with the desparsified lasso using the bootstrap.
---

## Description

Estimate Gaussian Graphical Models using the desparsified lasso using the bootstrap. This is a wrapper around the function lasso.proj of the hdi package.

## Usage

## Arguments

data	An n x p matrix containing the data, where n are cases and p are variables
betainit	Specifying how to estimate lasso solution in initial estimation. Either betainit = "cv lasso" (default) or betainit = "cv lasso". See the manual of the function lasso.proj of the hdi package for more info.
ci.level	Specifies the width of the confidence interval used for testing the null hypothesis that a parameter is different to zero. Defaults to ci.level = $0.95$ , which corresponds to a critical threshold of $0.05$ .
correction	If correction = TRUE, the Bonferroni-Holm correction will be applied to p-values on the level of nodewise regressions (see e.g., Hochberg, 1987).
В	The number of bootstrap samples used for estimation. Defaults to B=1000.
pbar	If pbar = TRUE, a progress bar will be displayed.
rulereg	Specifies how parameter estimates should be combined across nodewise regressions. The options are the AND-rule (requiring both estimates to be significant) or the OR-rule (only requiring one estimate to be significant). Defaults to rulereg = "and".

## Value

The function returns a list with the following entries:

est	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations
est.signf	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations with non-significant partial correlations being thresholded to zero.
signf	A p x p matrix indicating for each partial correlation whether it is significantly different to zero.
ci.lower	A p x p matrix indicating the lower confidence interval for each partial correlation.
ci.upper	A p x p matrix indicating the upper confidence interval for each partial correlation.

lasso\_ms 7

#### Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>; Lourens Waldorp <waldorp@uva.nl>

#### References

Hochberg, Y., & Tamhane, A. C. (1987). Multiple comparison procedures. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Bühlmann, P., Kalisch, M., & Meier, L. (2014). High-dimensional statistics with a view toward applications in biology. Annual Review of Statistics and Its Application, 1, 255-278.

Davison, A. C., & Hinkley, D. V. (1997). Bootstrap methods and their application (No. 1). Cambridge university press.

## **Examples**

```
# Toy example that runs relatively quickly
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_dsp_boot(data = data, B=2)
# !!! NOTE: this is just for testing purposes; B should be a lot higher (default = 1000)
## Not run:
# Fit GGM to PTSD data
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_dsp_boot(data = ptsd_data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lasso\_ms

Estimate GMM with inference via the multi-split method.

## **Description**

Estimate Gaussian Graphical Models with inference base don the multi-split method. This is a wrapper of the function multi.split of the hdi package.

## Usage

8 lasso\_ms

## Arguments

data	An n x p matrix containing the data, where n are cases and p are variables
В	The number of sample-splits. Defaults to B=50.
fraction	a number in (0,1), the fraction of data used at each sample split for the model selection process. The remaining data is used for calculating the p-values.
ci.level	Specifies the width of the confidence interval used for testing the null hypothesis that a parameter is different to zero. Defaults to ci.level = $0.95$ , which corresponds to a critical threshold of 0.05.
correction	If correction = TRUE, the Bonferroni-Holm correction will be applied to p-values on the level of nodewise regressions (see e.g., Hochberg, 1987).
pbar	If pbar = TRUE, a progress bar will be displayed.
rulereg	Specifies how parameter estimates should be combined across nodewise regressions. The options are the AND-rule (requiring both estimates to be significant) or the OR-rule (only requiring one estimate to be significant). Defaults to rulereg = "and".

#### Value

The function returns a list with the following entries:

est	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations
est.signf	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations with non-significant partial correlations being thresholded to zero.
signf	A p x p matrix indicating for each partial correlation whether it is significantly different to zero.
ci.lower	A p x p matrix indicating the lower confidence interval for each partial correlation.
ci.upper	A p x p matrix indicating the upper confidence interval for each partial correlation.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>; Lourens Waldorp <waldorp@uva.nl>

## References

Hochberg, Y., & Tamhane, A. C. (1987). Multiple comparison procedures. John Wiley & Sons, Inc..

Wasserman, L., & Roeder, K. (2009). High dimensional variable selection. Annals of statistics, 37(5A), 2178.

Meinshausen, N., Meier, L., & Bühlmann, P. (2009). P-values for high-dimensional regression. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 104(488), 1671-1681.

OLS 9

#### **Examples**

```
# Toy example that runs relatively quickly
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_ms(data = data, B=2)
# !!! NOTE: this is just for testing purposes; B should a lot higher (default = 50)
## Not run:
# Fit GGM to empirical PTSD data
set.seed(1)
out <- lasso_ms(data = ptsd_data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

0LS

Estimate GMM via nodewise regression and hypothesis tests.

## Description

Estimate Gaussian Graphical Model with nodewise regression, selecting edges with standard hypothesis tests and the Bonferroni-Holm Correction.

## Usage

```
OLS(data, pbar = TRUE, correction = TRUE,
    ci.level = 0.95, rulereg = "and")
```

### **Arguments**

data	An n x p matrix containing the data, where n are cases and p are variables
pbar	If pbar = TRUE, a progress bar will be displayed.
correction	If correction = TRUE, the Bonferroni-Holm correction will be applied to p-values on the level of nodewise regressions (see e.g., Hochberg, 1987).
ci.level	Specifies the width of the confidence interval used for testing the null hypothesis that a parameter is different to zero. Defaults to ci.level = 0.95, which corresponds to a critical threshold of 0.05.
rulereg	Specifies how parameter estimates should be combined across nodewise regressions. The options are the AND-rule (requiring both estimates to be significant) or the OR-rule (only requiring one estimate to be significant). Defaults to rulereg = "and".

OLS

## Value

The function returns a list with the following entries:

est	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations
est.signf	A p x p matrix with point estimates for all partial correlations with non-significant partial correlations being thresholded to zero.
signf	A p x p matrix indicating for each partial correlation whether it is significantly different to zero.
ci.lower	A p x p matrix indicating the lower confidence interval for each partial correlation.
ci.upper	A p x p matrix indicating the upper confidence interval for each partial correlation.
ints	A p-vector of estimated intercepts.

## Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>

## References

Hochberg, Y., & Tamhane, A. C. (1987). Multiple comparison procedures. John Wiley & Sons, Inc..

## Examples

```
# Toy example that runs relatively quickly
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
out <- OLS(data = data)

## Not run:
# Fit GGM to PTSD data
out <- OLS(data = ptsd_data)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

plot.inet 11

plot.inet	Plot point estimates and confidence intervals	

## Description

Plot point estimates and confidence intervals for models estimated with the lasso\_ms, lasso\_dsp, lasso\_dsp\_boot and OLS functions.

## Usage

## **Arguments**

X	The output object from either lasso_ms, lasso_dsp, lasso_dsp_boot or OLS.
labels	A p-vector of characters specifying the labels for variables.
order	If order = TRUE, the edges are listed in decreasing order based on the point estimate.
subset	Allows to only display a subset of the edges. For example, if subset=1:20 the first 20 edges are displayed. This is especially useful for larger networks, in which all edges are unlikely to fit into a single figure.
cex.labels	The font size of the edge labels.
cex.axis	The font size of the axes.
	Additional arguments.

#### Value

Plots a figure showing point estimates and confidence intervals for all interaction parameters.

#### Author(s)

Jonas Haslbeck <jonashaslbeck@gmail.com>

## **Examples**

```
# Quick toy example
library(MASS)
p <- 5 # number of variables
data <- mvrnorm(n=100, mu=rep(0, p), Sigma = diag(p))
out <- OLS(data = data)
# point estimates + CIs; show 3 largest effects only
plot(out, labels = colnames(ptsd_data),</pre>
```

plot.inet

## **Index**

```
inet-datasets, 2
inet-internal, 2
input_checks (inet-internal), 2

lasso, 3
lasso_dsp, 4
lasso_dsp_boot, 6
lasso_ms, 7

OLS, 9

plot.inet, 11
ptsd_data (inet-datasets), 2
```