# Package 'SurvMI'

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Type Package

Title Multiple Imputation Method in Survival Analysis

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<b>Description</b> In clinical trials, endpoints are sometimes evaluated with uncertainty. Adjudication is commonly adopted to ensure the study integrity. We propose to use multiple imputation (MI) introduced by Robin (1987) <doi:10.1002 9780470316696=""> to incorporate these uncertainties if reasonable event probabilities were provided. The method has been applied to Cox Proportional Hazard (PH) model, Kaplan-Meier (KM) estimation and Logrank test in this package. Moreover, weighted estimations discussed in Cook (2004) <doi:10.1016 s0197-2456(00)00053-2=""> were also implemented with weights calculated from event probabilities. In conclusion, this package can handle time-to-event analysis if events presented with uncertainty by different methods.</doi:10.1016></doi:10.1002>
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R topics documented:
CoxMI       2         CoxMI.summ       3         Coxwt       4         Coxwt.summ       6

2 CoxMI

	data_sim	6
	KMMI	7
	LRMI	9
	LRMI.summ	11
	uc_data_transform	11
Index	1	13

CoxMI Cox PH model with MI method

# Description

CoxMI function estimated Cox model with uncertain endpoints by using MI method. Users have to provide survival data in a long format with rows for all potential events, together with corresponding event probabilities. The long format data should be transformed by the uc\_data\_transform function into a data list before feed into the function.

#### Usage

```
CoxMI(data_list,nMI=1000,covariates=NULL,id=NULL,...)
```

# **Arguments**

data_list	The data list which has been transformed from the long format by the uc_data_transform function.
nMI	Number of imputations (>1).
covariates	Vector of covariates on the RHS of Cox model. Categorical variables need to be encoded as factor variables before entering the model. This encoding has to be done before the data transform step.
id	Vector of id variable if Andersen-Gill model is required.
• • •	Other arguments passed on to coxph().

# **Details**

Calculates the estimated parameters as in the usual Cox proportional hazards model when event uncertainties present. The data are assumed to consist of potential event times with probabilities or weights between 0 and 1 corresponding to the probability that an event occurred at each time.

#### Value

est	Estimated vector of coefficients in the model
var	Estimated variance of the coefficients
betamat	Matrix containing estimate of coefficient from each imputed dataset
Var_mat	Array containing variances for each imputed dataset
Between Var	Between imputation variance

CoxMI.summ 3

Within Var Mean within imputed dataset variance

nMI Number of imputed datasets pvalue Estimated two-sided p-value

en Expected events count - mean event count of imputed datasets

#### Author(s)

Yiming Chen, John Lawrence

# References

[1] Rubin DB. Multiple Imputation for Nonresponse in Surveys. New York: Wiley; 1987

#### See Also

```
Coxwt, CoxMI.summ.
```

# **Examples**

CoxMI.summ

Summary function for the Cox MI model

#### **Description**

Prints the fitting results from the CoxMI function.

```
CoxMI.summ(x,digits=3)
```

4 Coxwt

# **Arguments**

x An object returned by the CoxMI function.

digits Digits of output

# **Details**

Print a summary table of Cox regression result with MI implemented.

# Value

A summary table of Cox regression result with MI implemented.

# Author(s)

Yiming Chen

# See Also

CoxMI.

Coxwt Weighted Cox PH model estimation	
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# Description

Estimate the Cox PH model by weighted partial likelihood. Event weights are calcualted with respect to event probabilities.

# Usage

```
Coxwt(data_list,covariates,init=NULL,BS=FALSE,nBS=1000)
```

# Arguments

data_list	The data list which has been transformed from the long format by the uc_data_transform function.
covariates	The vector of varaible on the RHS of the Cox model.
init	The initial value of covariates vector in the likelihood, length matches the length of covariates.
BS	T/F, whether conduct estimation via the Bootstrap method.
nBS	Number of BS, only effective if BS=TRUE.

Coxwt 5

#### Value

var Estimated variance of the coefficients
hr Estimated hazard ratios in the model

z Wald test statistics

pvalue Estimated two-sided p-value

coefficients\_bs

Bootstrapped coefficient estimation

var\_bs Bootstrapped variance estimation

column\_name Column name

# Author(s)

Yiming Chen, John Lawrence

#### References

[1]Cook TD. Adjusting survival analysis for the presence of unadjudicated study events. Controlled clinical trials. 2000;21(3):208-222.

[2] Cook TD, Kosorok MR. Analysis of time-to-event data with incomplete event adjudication. Journal of the american statistical association. 2004;99(468):1140-1152.

[3] Snapinn SM. Survival analysis with uncertain endpoints. Biometrics. 1998;54(1):209-218.

#### See Also

```
CoxMI, Coxwt.summ.
```

#### **Examples**

6 data\_sim

Coxwt.summ

Summary function for the weighted Cox model

# Description

Print the fitting results from the weighted Cox regression.

# Usage

```
Coxwt.summ(x,digits=3)
```

# **Arguments**

x An object returned by the Coxwt function

digits Digits of output

# Value

A summary table of weighted Cox regression result.

#### Author(s)

Yiming Chen

#### See Also

Coxwt, CoxMI.

data\_sim

Simulated survival data with uncertain endpoints from exponential distribution.

# **Description**

data\_sim function simulates data from a hypothetic 1:1 two-arms clinical trial, with one year uniform accrual period and three years follow-up.

data\_sim2 function simplifies data list generated from above function to a more events only case. Note this function is only used for demonstration purpose.

```
data_sim(n=200,true_hr=0.8,haz_c=1/365)
data_sim2(data_list,covariates,percentage)
```

KMMI 7

#### **Arguments**

n Total number of subject.

true\_hr True hazard ratio between trt and control.

haz\_c True event rate in the control arm.

data\_list The data list which has been transformed from the long format by uc\_data\_transform

function.

covariates The covariate we pose the true HR.

percentage The percentage of censored subjects with potential events we would like to ul-

tilize in the analysis. Ideally, with more potential events added, more power gain

of imputation.

#### Value

Dataframe. Simulated datasets with event probabilities and potential event date.

#### Author(s)

Yiming Chen, John Lawrence

# **Examples**

KMMI

Kaplan-Meier estimation with event uncertainty

# **Description**

KM estimation for survival data when event uncertainty presents. KM plot will be output if plot=TRUE specfied.

```
KMMI(data_list,nMI,covariates,data_orig = NULL,plot = TRUE,
time_var=NULL,event_var=NULL)
```

8 KMMI

# **Arguments**

The data list which has been transformed from the long format by uc\_data\_transform data\_list function. Number of imputations (>1). If missing, weighted statistics would be output nMI instead. The grouping varaible, no need to be factorized. If missing then the overall KM covariates is returned. plot T/F, whether output a KM plot, the plot potentially contains KM curves from original dataset and imputed/weighted dataset. data\_orig The original data without any uncertain events. If supplies then user can compare results from certain events only and all possible events. time\_var Time variable in data\_orig. If user provides the orig dataset then user need to specify the time and event indicator variable in the original dataset. Event indicator variable in the original data set. event\_var

#### Value

KM\_mi A dataset contains MI estimation and variance at all potential event time

KM\_cook A dataset contains weighted KM estimation and variance at all potential event

time

ngroup Number of groups

cate\_level Values of the categorical variable

Number of imputed datasets

# Author(s)

Yiming Chen

#### References

[1]Cook TD. Adjusting survival analysis for the presence of unadjudicated study events. Controlled clinical trials. 2000;21(3):208-222.

[2]Cook TD, Kosorok MR. Analysis of time-to-event data with incomplete event adjudication. Journal of the american statistical association. 2004;99(468):1140-1152.

[3]Klein JP, Moeschberger ML. Survival Analysis: Techniques for Censored and Truncated Data. New York: Springer; 1997.

[4] Rubin DB. Multiple Imputation for Nonresponse in Surveys. New York: Wiley; 1987

#### See Also

uc\_data\_transform

LRMI 9

#### **Examples**

```
##an example with more potential event case
##data_orig was created as keeping the event with largest weights for individuals
df_x<-data_sim(n=500,0.8,haz_c=0.5/365)
data_intrim<-uc_data_transform(data=df_x,</pre>
                                var_list=c("id_long","trt_long"),
                                var_list_new=c("id","trt"),
                                time="time_long",
                                prob="prob_long")
df_y<-data_sim2(data_list=data_intrim,covariates=c("trt"),percentage=1)
data_orig<-df_y[df_y$prob==0|df_y$prob==1,]</pre>
data_orig<-data_orig[!duplicated(data_orig$id),]</pre>
data_orig$cens<-data_orig$prob</pre>
##weighted estimation
KM_res<-KMMI(data_list=data_intrim,nMI=NULL,covariates=c("trt"),plot=TRUE,data_orig=NULL)
##MI estimation
KMMI(data_list=data_intrim,nMI=1000,covariates=c("trt"),plot=TRUE,data_orig=NULL)
data_intrim2<-uc_data_transform(data=df_y, var_list=c("id","trt"),</pre>
                                var_list_new=NULL,time="time", prob="prob")
KMMI(data_list=data_intrim2,nMI=1000,covariates=c("trt"),plot=TRUE,data_orig=data_orig,
time_var=c("time"),event_var=c("cens"))
```

LRMI

Log-rank test with events uncertainty

# **Description**

This function conducts the Log-rank test with respect to uncertain endpoints, by MI or weighted method.

#### Usage

```
LRMI(data_list, nMI, covariates, strata = NULL,...)
```

#### **Arguments**

data_list	The data list which has been transformed from the long format by uc_data_transform function.
nMI	Number of imputation (>1). If missing, weighted statistics would be output instead.
covariates	The categorical variable used in the Log-rank test. No need to factorlize numeric variables.

10 LRMI

strata	Strata variable may required by the Log-rank test
	Other arguments passed on to survdiff().

#### Value

Estimated LR statistics, either from the MI method or weighted method est

Estimated variance matrix var

est\_mat Matrix containing estimate of statistics from each imputed dataset

Array containing variances for each imputed dataset Var\_mat

Between Var Between imputation variance

Within Var Mean within imputed dataset variance

nMT Number of imputed datasets

Estimated two-sided Chi-square test p-value pvalue

df Degree of freedom

covariates covariates

Number of groups ngroup

obsmean Mean of observed events count across imputations Mean of expected events count across imputations expmean

#### Author(s)

Yiming Chen

#### References

[1]Cook TD. Adjusting survival analysis for the presence of unadjudicated study events. Controlled clinical trials. 2000;21(3):208-222.

[2] Cook TD, Kosorok MR. Analysis of time-to-event data with incomplete event adjudication. Journal of the american statistical association. 2004;99(468):1140-1152.

[3]Klein JP, Moeschberger ML. Survival Analysis: Techniques for Censored and Truncated Data. New York: Springer; 1997.

[4] Rubin DB. Multiple Imputation for Nonresponse in Surveys. New York: Wiley; 1987

# See Also

```
uc_data_transform, LRMI.summ
```

# **Examples**

```
df_x<-data_sim(n=500,0.8,haz_c=0.5/365)
data_intrim<-uc_data_transform(data=df_x,</pre>
                                var_list=c("id_long","trt_long"),
                                var_list_new=c("id","trt"),
                                 time="time_long",
                                prob="prob_long")
```

LRMI.summ 11

```
#nMI=10 used in the example below to reduce the time needed
#but a large number as nMI=1000 is recommended in practice
fit<-LRMI(data_list=data_intrim,nMI=10,covariates=c("trt"),strata=NULL)
LRMI.summ(fit)</pre>
```

LRMI.summ

Prints the test results output by the LRMI function

# **Description**

Summary function for the Log-rank test either by the MI method or the weighted method.

#### Usage

```
LRMI.summ(x,digits=3)
```

# Arguments

x An object returned by the LRMI function.

digits Digits of output

# Value

A summary table of LR test result with MI implemented.

# Author(s)

Yiming Chen

#### See Also

LRMI

uc\_data\_transform

Transform long formatted time-to-event data into a data list

# **Description**

This function transforms data from long format (one record per event) to a datalist with length as unique subject number. The transformation is required before fitting other models from the package.

```
uc_data_transform(data,var_list,var_list_new,time,prob)
```

12 uc\_data\_transform

# **Arguments**

data The dataset in long format with a row for each potential event. For ceonsoring

record, the event prob should be 0. It should include id, time and prob variables at a minimum. If any covariates are included in the call to the function, then these variables should also be included. A censoring record is required for each subject. Categorical variables need to be encoded as factor variable before

transformationif they are expected to be in the Cox model.

var\_list The list of identification variables, such as: c("id\_long","trt\_long").

time The time variable need to be transofirmed, e.g. time\_long.

prob The prob variable need to be transformed, e.g. prob\_long.

var\_list\_new The character vector contains the new names for the id variables defined in the

var\_list, if missing, previous variable names would be used.

#### Value

time The list of all potential event time

prob The list of all potential event probabilities
weights The list of all potential event weights
e The list of individual potential event count

s The list of all survival probabilities

data\_uc The dataset contains unique information of each subject data\_long The dataset contains the original data in long format

#### Author(s)

Yiming Chen

# **Examples**

# **Index**

```
\ast datagen
     data_sim, 6
* list
     uc\_data\_transform, 11
* manip
     {\sf data\_sim}, {\color{red} 6}
     uc\_data\_transform, 11
*\ nonparametric
     KMMI, 7
* survival
     CoxMI, 2
     CoxMI.summ, 3
     Coxwt, 4
     {\tt Coxwt.summ, 6}
     KMMI, 7
     LRMI, 9
     LRMI.summ, 11
CoxMI, 2, 4-6
CoxMI.summ, 3, 3
Coxwt, 3, 4, 6
Coxwt.summ, 5, 6
data_sim, 6
data_sim2 (data_sim), 6
KMMI, 7
LRMI, 9, 11
LRMI.summ, 10, 11
uc_data_transform, 8, 10, 11
```