# Package 'tidyrhrv'

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Title Read, Iteratively Filter, and Analyze Multiple ECG Datasets

Version 1.1.0
Description Allows users to quickly load multiple patients' electrocardiographic (ECG) data at once and conduct relevant time analysis of heart rate variability (HRV) without manual edits from a physician or data cleaning specialist. The package provides the unique ability to iteratively filter, plot, and store time analysis results in a data frame while writing plots to a predefined folder. This streamlines the workflow for HRV analysis across multiple datasets. Methods are based on Rodríguez-Liñares et al. (2011) <doi:10.1016 j.cmpb.2010.05.012="">. Examples of applications using this package include Kwon et al. (2022) <doi:10.1007 s10286-022-00865-2=""> and Lawrence et al. (2023) <doi:10.1016 j.autneu.2022.103056="">.</doi:10.1016></doi:10.1007></doi:10.1016>
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filter\_tilt

Filter Data from prep\_data Function Iteratively

## **Description**

Uses window functions native to the RHRV package and hampel window filter to iteratively clean heart rate variability data.

## Usage

```
filter_tilt(.data, g, l)
```

## **Arguments**

.data	A tilt data frame produced by prep_data function
g	Numeric value representing the upper bound multiplier for filtering (greater than median of spline)
1	Numeric value representing the lower bound multiplier for filtering (less than median of spline)

#### Value

A data frame with filtered contents

```
# This example requires RHRV and pracma packages which may not be available
# Create minimal toy data for demonstration
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
# Generate realistic HRV data with some outliers
set.seed(123)
hrv_data <- data.frame(</pre>
  Time = seq(0, 20, by = 0.8),
  niHR = c(70 + rnorm(20, 0, 3), 120, 72 + rnorm(5, 0, 3)), # Include outlier
  RR = c(60/70 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.05), 0.5, 60/72 + rnorm(5, 0, 0.05))
)
write.csv(hrv_data, file.path(temp_dir, "hrv_test.csv"), row.names = FALSE)
# Read and prepare data
raw_data <- read_tilt(temp_dir, read.csv)</pre>
prepped_data <- prep_data(raw_data, "Time", "niHR", "RR")</pre>
# Apply filtering (requires RHRV package)
if (requireNamespace("RHRV", quietly = TRUE) &&
    requireNamespace("pracma", quietly = TRUE)) {
  filtered_data <- filter_tilt(prepped_data, g = 1.2, l = 0.8)</pre>
```

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```
print("Filtering completed")
} else {
  message("RHRV and pracma packages required for filtering")
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "hrv_test.csv"))
```

plot\_tilt

Store Plots of RR Series in Folders and Produce RMSSD and pNN50 Output

## **Description**

Creates plots of heart rate variability data and saves them to specified folders while calculating time domain metrics (RMSSD and pNN50).

#### Usage

```
plot_tilt(.data, folder, type)
```

# **Arguments**

.data A data frame containing HRV data from previous tidyrhrv functions
 folder A character string specifying the folder name for saved plots

type A character string indicating whether data are "filtered" or "original"

#### Value

A list of data frames containing RMSSD and pNN50 values for each dataset

```
# This example requires RHRV package for HRV analysis
if (requireNamespace("RHRV", quietly = TRUE)) {
   temp_dir <- tempdir()

# Generate synthetic HRV data
   hrv_data <- data.frame(
    Time = seq(0, 25, by = 0.8),
        niHR = 75 + rnorm(32, 0, 4),
        RR = 60/75 + rnorm(32, 0, 0.08)
)

write.csv(hrv_data, file.path(temp_dir, "plot_test.csv"), row.names = FALSE)

# Read and prepare data
   raw_data <- read_tilt(temp_dir, read.csv)</pre>
```

prep\_data

```
prepped_data <- prep_data(raw_data, "Time", "niHR", "RR")

# Create plots and calculate metrics
plot_folder <- "test_hrv_plots"
results <- plot_tilt(prepped_data, plot_folder, "original")

print("Plots created and metrics calculated")

# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "plot_test.csv"))
unlink(plot_folder, recursive = TRUE)
} else {
   message("RHRV package required for this function")
}</pre>
```

prep\_data

Prepare Data for tidyrhrv Functions

# Description

This function helps to manipulate the data into a dataset readable by other tidyrhrv functions by standardizing column names.

# Usage

```
prep_data(.data, time, HR, RR)
```

## Arguments

.data	A nested data frame from read_tilt function
time	A character string specifying the name of the time column
HR	A character string specifying the name of the heart rate column
RR	A character string specifying the name of the RR interval column

## Value

A nested data frame with standardized column names (Time, niHR, RR)

```
# Create toy HRV data
temp_dir <- tempdir()

# Generate synthetic data with different column names to demonstrate prep_data
time_seq <- seq(0, 30, by = 0.8)
hrv_data <- data.frame(
   time_col = time_seq,</pre>
```

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```
heart_rate = 75 + rnorm(length(time_seq), 0, 5),
    rr_interval = 60/75 + rnorm(length(time_seq), 0, 0.1)
)

# Write toy data file
write.csv(hrv_data, file.path(temp_dir, "test_subject.csv"), row.names = FALSE)

# Read the data using read_tilt
    raw_data <- read_tilt(temp_dir, read.csv)

# Prepare data with standardized column names
prepped_data <- prep_data(raw_data, "time_col", "heart_rate", "rr_interval")

# Check the standardized column names
print(names(prepped_data$contents[[1]]))

# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "test_subject.csv"))</pre>
```

read\_tilt

Read Multiple Tilt Data Files

#### **Description**

Read in all tilt data files in a folder at once to create a nested data frame that can be processed by other tidyrhrv functions.

### Usage

```
read_tilt(path, file_type)
```

#### **Arguments**

path A character string specifying the path to the folder containing data files file\_type A function to read the files (e.g., readr::read\_csv, read.table, etc.)

## Value

A nested data frame with 'names' and 'contents' columns

```
# Create toy HRV data files in temporary directory
temp_dir <- tempdir()

# Generate synthetic HRV data for two subjects
hrv_data1 <- data.frame(
   Time = seq(0, 60, by = 0.8), # 60 seconds of data
   HR = 70 + rnorm(76, 0, 5), # Heart rate around 70 bpm</pre>
```

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```
RR = 60/70 + rnorm(76, 0, 0.1) \# RR intervals
hrv_data2 <- data.frame(</pre>
 Time = seq(0, 45, by = 0.7), # 45 seconds of data
 HR = 80 + rnorm(65, 0, 4), # Heart rate around 80 bpm
 RR = 60/80 + rnorm(65, 0, 0.08)
# Write toy data files
write.csv(hrv_data1, file.path(temp_dir, "subject1.csv"), row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(hrv_data2, file.path(temp_dir, "subject2.csv"), row.names = FALSE)
# Read the data using read_tilt
tilt_data <- read_tilt(temp_dir, read.csv)</pre>
print(tilt_data)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, c("subject1.csv", "subject2.csv")))
# Example with readr package (if available)
if (requireNamespace("readr", quietly = TRUE)) {
  # Create another toy data file
  write.csv(hrv_data1, file.path(temp_dir, "subject3.csv"), row.names = FALSE)
  # Read using readr::read_csv
  data_readr <- read_tilt(temp_dir, readr::read_csv)</pre>
  print(head(data_readr))
  # Clean up
  unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "subject3.csv"))
}
```

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