Package 'rextendr'

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Title Call Rust Code from R using the 'extendr' Crate

Version 0.3.1

Description Provides functions to compile and load Rust code from R, similar to how 'Rcpp' or 'cpp11' allow easy interfacing with C++ code. Also provides helper functions to create R packages that use Rust code. Under the hood, the Rust crate 'extendr' is used to do all the heavy lifting.

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URL https://extendr.github.io/rextendr/

BugReports https://github.com/extendr/rextendr/issues

Depends R (>= 4.0)

Imports brio, callr, cli, desc, dplyr, glue, jsonlite, pkgbuild (>= 1.4.0), processx, purrr, rlang (>= 1.0.5), rprojroot, stringi, tibble, vctrs, withr

Suggests devtools, knitr, lintr, mockr, rmarkdown, rstudioapi, testthat (>= 3.0.2), usethis

VignetteBuilder knitr

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/testthat/parallel true

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

SystemRequirements Rust 'cargo'; the crate 'libR-sys' must compile without error

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

	clean
	document
	eng_extendr
	register_extendr
	rust_eval
	rust_sitrep
	rust_source
	to_toml
	use_extendr
	write_license_note
Index	11
HIUCA	1.

clean

Clean Rust binaries and package cache.

Description

Removes Rust binaries (such as .dll/.so libraries), C wrapper object files, invokes cargo clean to reset cargo target directory (found by default at pkg_root/src/rust/target/). Useful when Rust code should be recompiled from scratch.

Usage

```
clean(path = ".")
```

Arguments

path [string] Path to the package root.

document 3

document	Compile Rust code and generate package documentation.

Description

The function rextendr::document() updates the package documentation for an R package that uses extendr code, taking into account any changes that were made in the Rust code. It is a wrapper for devtools::document(), and it executes extendr-specific routines before calling devtools::document(). Specifically, it ensures that Rust code is recompiled (when necessary) and that up-to-date R wrappers are generated before regenerating the package documentation.

Usage

```
document(pkg = ".", quiet = FALSE, roclets = NULL)
```

Arguments

pkg The package to use, can be a file path to the package or a package object. See

as.package() for more information.

quiet if TRUE suppresses output from this function.

roclets Character vector of roclet names to use with package. The default, NULL, uses

the roxygen roclets option, which defaults to c("collate", "namespace",

"rd").

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

eng_extendr	Knitr engines		
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Description

Two knitr engines that enable code chunks of type extendr (individual Rust statements to be evaluated via rust_eval()) and extendrsrc (Rust functions or classes that will be exported to R via rust_source()).

Usage

```
eng_extendr(options)
eng_extendrsrc(options)
```

Arguments

options A list of chunk options.

4 register_extendr

Value

A character string representing the engine output.

register_extendr Register the extendr module of a package with R
--

Description

This function generates wrapper code corresponding to the extendr module for an R package. This is useful in package development, where we generally want appropriate R code wrapping the Rust functions implemented via extendr. In most development settings, you will not want to call this function directly, but instead call rextendr::document().

Usage

```
register_extendr(path = ".", quiet = FALSE, force = FALSE, compile = NA)
```

Arguments

path	Path from which package root is looked up.
quiet	Logical indicating whether any progress messages should be generated or not.
force	Logical indicating whether to force regenerating R/extendr-wrappers.R even when it doesn't seem to need updated. (By default, generation is skipped when it's newer than the DLL).
compile	Logical indicating whether to recompile DLLs:
	TRUE always recompiles NA recompiles if needed (i.e., any source files or manifest file are newer than the DLL)
	FALSE never recompiles

Details

The function register_extendr() compiles the package Rust code if required, and then the wrapper code is retrieved from the compiled Rust code and saved into R/extendr-wrappers.R. Afterwards, you will have to re-document and then re-install the package for the wrapper functions to take effect.

Value

(Invisibly) Path to the file containing generated wrappers.

See Also

document()

rust_eval 5

rust_eval

Evaluate Rust code

Description

Compile and evaluate one or more Rust expressions. If the last expression in the Rust code returns a value (i.e., does not end with ;), then this value is returned to R. The value returned does not need to be of type Robj, as long as it can be cast into this type with .into(). This conversion is done automatically, so you don't have to worry about it in your code.

Usage

```
rust_eval(code, env = parent.frame(), ...)
```

Arguments

code Input rust code.

env The R environment in which the Rust code will be evaluated.

Other parameters handed off to rust_function().

Value

The return value generated by the Rust code.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Rust code without return value, called only for its side effects
rust_eval(
   code = 'rprintln!("hello from Rust!");'
)

# Rust code with return value
rust_eval(
   code = "
    let x = 5;
    let y = 7;
    let z = x * y;
    z // return to R; rust_eval() takes care of type conversion code
"
)

## End(Not run)
```

rust_source

rust_sitrep

Report on Rust infrastructure

Description

Prints out a detailed report on the state of Rust infrastructure on the host machine.

Usage

```
rust_sitrep()
```

Value

Nothing

rust_source

Compile Rust code and call from R

Description

rust_source() compiles and loads a single Rust file for use in R. rust_function() compiles and loads a single Rust function for use in R.

Usage

```
rust_source(
  file,
  code = NULL,
 module_name = "rextendr",
 dependencies = NULL,
 patch.crates_io = getOption("rextendr.patch.crates_io"),
 profile = c("dev", "release", "perf"),
  toolchain = getOption("rextendr.toolchain"),
  extendr_deps = NULL,
  features = NULL,
  env = parent.frame(),
  use_extendr_api = TRUE,
  generate_module_macro = TRUE,
  cache_build = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE,
  use_rtools = TRUE,
  use_dev_extendr = FALSE
)
rust_function(
```

rust_source 7

```
code,
  extendr_fn_options = NULL,
  env = parent.frame(),
  quiet = FALSE,
  use_dev_extendr = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file Input rust file to source.

code Input rust code, to be used instead of file.

module_name Name of the module defined in the Rust source via extendr_module!. Default

is "rextendr". If generate_module_macro is FALSE or if file is specified,

should match exactly the name of the module defined in the source.

dependencies Character vector of dependencies lines to be added to the Cargo. toml file.

patch.crates_io

Character vector of patch statements for crates.io to be added to the Cargo.toml

file.

profile Rust profile. Can be either "dev", "release" or "perf". The default, "dev",

compiles faster but produces slower code.

toolchain Rust toolchain. The default, NULL, compiles with the system default toolchain.

Accepts valid Rust toolchain qualifiers, such as "nightly", or (on Windows)

"stable-msvc".

extendr_deps Versions of extendr-* crates. Defaults to rextendr.extendr_deps option

(list(`extendr-api` = "*")) if use_dev_extendr is not TRUE, otherwise, uses

rextendr.extendr_dev_deps option (list(`extendr-api` = list(git = "https://github.com/ex

features A vector of extendr-api features that should be enabled. Supported values are

"ndarray", "num-complex", "serde", and "graphics". Unknown features

will produce a warning if quiet is not TRUE.

env The R environment in which the wrapping functions will be defined.

use_extendr_api

Logical indicating whether use extendr_api::prelude::*; should be added at the top of the Rust source provided via code. Default is TRUE. Ignored for

Rust source provided via file.

generate_module_macro

Logical indicating whether the Rust module macro should be automatically generated from the code. Default is TRUE. Ignored for Rust source provided via file. The macro generation is done with make_module_macro() and it may fail in complex cases. If something doesn't work, try calling make_module_macro()

on your code to see whether the generated macro code has issues.

cache_build Logical indicating whether builds should be cached between calls to rust_source().

quiet Logical indicating whether compile output should be generated or not.

8 rust_source

use_rtools

Logical indicating whether to append the path to Rtools to the PATH variable on Windows using the RTOOLS40_HOME environment variable (if it is set). The appended path depends on the process architecture. Does nothing on other platforms.

use_dev_extendr

Logical indicating whether to use development version of extendr. Has no effect if extendr_deps are set.

extendr_fn_options

A list of extendr function options that are inserted into #[extendr(...)] attribute

... Other parameters handed off to rust_source().

Value

The result from dyn.load(), which is an object of class DLLInfo. See getLoadedDLLs() for more details.

Examples

```
# creating a single rust function
rust_function("fn add(a:f64, b:f64) -> f64 { a + b }")
add(2.5, 4.7)
# creating multiple rust functions at once
code <- r"(
#[extendr]
fn hello() -> &'static str {
    "Hello, world!"
}
#[extendr]
fn test( a: &str, b: i64) {
    rprintln!("Data sent to Rust: {}, {}", a, b);
" (
rust_source(code = code)
hello()
test("a string", 42)
# use case with an external dependency: a function that converts
# markdown text to html, using the `pulldown_cmark` crate.
code <- r"(
  use pulldown_cmark::{Parser, Options, html};
  #[extendr]
  fn md_to_html(input: &str) -> String {
   let mut options = Options::empty();
    options.insert(Options::ENABLE_TABLES);
```

to_toml 9

```
let parser = Parser::new_ext(input, options);
let mut output = String::new();
html::push_html(&mut output, parser);
output
}
)"
rust_source(
code = code,
dependencies = list(`pulldown-cmark` = "0.8")
)

md_text <- "# The story of the fox
The quick brown fox **jumps over** the lazy dog.
The quick *brown fox* jumps over the lazy dog."

md_to_html(md_text)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

to_toml

Convert R list() *into toml-compatible format.*

Description

 $to_toml()$ can be used to build Cargo. toml. The cargo manifest can be represented in terms of R objects, allowing limited validation and syntax verification. This function converts manifests written using R objects into toml representation, applying basic formatting, which is ideal for generating cargo manifests at runtime.

Usage

```
to_toml(..., .str_as_literal = TRUE, .format_int = "%d", .format_dbl = "%g")
```

Arguments

... A list from which toml is constructed. Supports nesting and tidy evaluation.

.str_as_literal

Logical indicating whether to treat strings as literal (single quotes no escapes) or basic (escaping some sequences) ones. Default is TRUE.

.format_int, .format_dbl

Character scalar describing number formatting. Compatible with sprintf.

Value

A character vector, each element corresponds to one line of the resulting output.

10 use_extendr

Examples

```
# Produces [workspace] with no children
to_toml(workspace = NULL)

to_toml(patch.crates_io = list(`extendr-api` = list(git = "git-ref")))
# Single-element arrays are distinguished from scalars
# using explicitly set `dim`
to_toml(lib = list(`crate-type` = array("cdylib", 1)))
```

use_extendr

Set up a package for use with Rust extendr code

Description

Create the scaffolding needed to add Rust extendr code to an R package. use_extendr() adds a small Rust library with a single Rust function that returns the string "Hello world!". It also adds wrapper code so this Rust function can be called from R with hello_world().

Usage

```
use_extendr(
  path = ".",
  crate_name = NULL,
  lib_name = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE,
  edition = c("2021", "2018")
)
```

Arguments

path File path to the package for which to generate wrapper code.

crate_name String that is used as the name of the Rust crate. If NULL, sanitized R package

name is used instead.

lib_name String that is used as the name of the Rust library. If NULL, sanitized R package

name is used instead.

quiet Logical indicating whether any progress messages should be generated or not.

edition String indicating which Rust edition is used; Default "2021".

Details

To avoid possibly messing up your R package, use_extendr() will not do anything if either a directory src or a file R/extendr-wrappers.R is already present in your package source.

Value

A logical value (invisible) indicating whether any package files were generated or not.

write_license_note

|--|

Description

LICENSE.note generated by this function contains information about Rust crate dependencies. To use this function, the cargo-lincense command must be installed.

Usage

```
write_license_note(path = ".", quiet = FALSE, force = TRUE)
```

Arguments

path	Path from which package root is looked up.
------	--

quiet Logical indicating whether any progress messages should be generated or not.

force Logical indicating whether to regenerate LICENSE.note if LICENSE.note al-

ready exists.

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

Index

```
as.package(), 3
clean, 2
devtools::document(), 3
document, 3
document(), 4
dyn.load(), 8
eng_extendr, 3
eng_extendrsrc (eng_extendr), 3
getLoadedDLLs(), 8
make_module_macro(), 7
register_extendr, 4
rust_eval, 5
rust_eval(), 3
rust_function(rust_source), 6
rust_function(), 5, 6
rust_sitrep, 6
rust_source, 6
rust_source(), 3, 6-8
to_toml, 9
to_toml(), 9
use\_extendr, \\ 10
write_license_note, 11
```