Package 'Ryacas0'

January 12, 2023

```
Version 0.4.4
Title Legacy 'Ryacas' (Interface to 'Yacas' Computer Algebra System)
Maintainer Mikkel Meyer Andersen <mikl@math.aau.dk>
Encoding UTF-8
Description A legacy version of 'Ryacas', an interface to the 'yacas' computer algebra system (<a href="http://example.com/http://example.com/http:">http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example.com/http://example
                  //www.yacas.org/>).
Depends R (>= 3.3.0)
Imports methods, Rcpp (>= 0.12.0), stats, settings, xml2
LinkingTo Rcpp
Suggests devtools, exams, knitr, Matrix, pkgload, rmarkdown, igraph,
                  testthat
License GPL-2
URL https://github.com/r-cas/ryacas0, http://www.yacas.org
BugReports https://github.com/r-cas/ryacas0/issues
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation yes
Author Mikkel Meyer Andersen [aut, cre, cph],
                  Rob Goedman [aut, cph],
                  Gabor Grothendieck [aut, cph],
                  Søren Højsgaard [aut, cph],
                  Grzegorz Mazur [aut, cph],
                  Ayal Pinkus [aut, cph],
                  Nemanja Trifunovic [cph] (UTF-8 part of yacas
                     (src/yacas/include/yacas/utf8*))
Repository CRAN
```

Date/Publication 2023-01-12 09:50:05 UTC

2 Ryacas0-package

R topics documented:

Ryac	as0-package	R in	iterj	fac	e te	оу	ас	as o	coi	тр	out	er (alg	зel	ora	po	ack	xag	зe								
Index																											18
	y_ls				•		٠		٠	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	 •	٠	•	 •	•	•	П
	yacmode																										
	yacas_evaluate																										
	yacasTranslations .																										
	yacas																										
	Sym																										
	surpvar																										
	set_output_width . stripvar																										
	Ryacas_options																										
	root																										
	get_output_width .																										6
	getSyms																										6
	Eval																										
	bodyAsExpression																										4
	as.Sym.matrix																										4
	as.Sym.character .																										
	Ryacas0-package .																				 			 			- 2

Description

Ryacas0 allows one to use the yacas computer algebra package entirely from within R. It takes an R expression, an R one line function or a yacas string and returns an R expression or a variety of other formats. It can be used for symbolic mathematics, exact arithmetic, ASCII pretty printing and R to TeX conversions. The main command is yacas and ?yacas provides some information on installation and startup.

Details

The following are sources of information on "Ryacaso":

DESCRIPTION file	library(help = Ryacas0)
List of demo files	demo(package = "Ryacas0")
Demo file	demo("Ryacas0")
Demo	demo("Ryacas0-PrettyPrinter")
Demo	demo("Ryacas0-Function")
Demo	demo("Ryacas0-Sym")
Demo	demo("Ryacas0-Expr")
List Vignettes	<pre>vignette(package = "Ryacas0")</pre>
Vignette	vignette("Ryacas0")
This File	package?Ryacas0

as.Sym.character 3

> Help files ?yacas, ?yacasTranslations, ?yacmode, ?Sym

Help files - Windows ?yacasInstall

RShowDoc("NEWS", package = "Ryacas0") News RShowDoc("THANKS", package = "Ryacas0") Acknowledgements RShowDoc("WISHLIST", package = "Ryacas0") Wish List

Home page https://github.com/r-cas/ryacas0/

Note

There is a note in the help file of the yacas command that discusses a number of installation and startup issues.

Examples

```
print(yacas(expression(integrate(1/x, x))))
print(yacas("Integrate(x)1/x"))
x \leftarrow Sym("x"); Integrate(1/x, x)
acos(Sym("1/2"))
```

as.Sym.character

Convert character vector to yacas object

Description

Simple and raw conversion to yacas

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'character'
as.Sym(x, ...)
```

Arguments

. . .

```
An R character vector.
Х
                  Not used
```

Examples

```
x <- c("a", "2", "4", "c", "d", "6")
y \leftarrow as.Sym(x)
Eval(y, list(a = 3, c = 3, d = 3))
```

4 bodyAsExpression

as.Sym.matrix

Convert character matrix to yacas object

Description

Simple and raw conversion to yacas

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'matrix' as.Sym(x, \ldots)
```

Arguments

x An R character matrix.

... Not used

Examples

```
x <- matrix(c("a", "2", "4", "c", "d", "6"), 3, 2)
x
y <- as.Sym(x)
y
Eval(y, list(a = 3, c = 3, d = 3))</pre>
```

bodyAsExpression

Get body of function as an expression.

Description

Get body of function as an expression.

Usage

```
bodyAsExpression(x)
```

Arguments

Х

An R function.

Details

This function is similar to the R body function except that function returns a call object whereas this one returns an expression usable in Ryacas calculations.

Eval 5

Value

An expression.

See Also

body

Examples

```
# construct an R function for the Burr probability density
# function (PDF) given the Burr cumulative distribution function (CDF)
BurrCDF <- function(x, c = 1, k = 1) 1-(1+x^c)^-k

# transfer CDF to yacas
yacas(BurrCDF)

# create a template for the PDF from the CDF
BurrPDF <- BurrCDF

# differentiate CDF and place resulting expression in body
body(BurrPDF) <- yacas(expression(deriv(BurrCDF(x,c,k))))[[1]]

# test out PDF
BurrPDF(1)</pre>
```

Eval

Evaluate a yacas expression.

Description

Evaluate a yacas expression.

Usage

```
Eval(x, env = parent.frame(), ...)
```

Arguments

```
x Object to be evaluated.
```

env Environment or list in which to perform evaluation.

... Not currently used.

get_output_width

Examples

```
Eval(yacas(expression(x*x)), list(x=2))
# same
x <- 2
Eval(yacas(expression(x*x)))</pre>
```

getSyms

List Sym() objects

Description

Lists all Sym() objects in the global environment (.GlobalEnv)

Usage

```
getSyms(all.names = FALSE)
```

Arguments

all.names

a logical value. If TRUE, all object names are returned. If FALSE, names which begin with a . are omitted.

Examples

```
getSyms()
xs <- Sym("x")
getSyms()</pre>
```

get_output_width

Get width of yacas output

Description

Get width of yacas output

Usage

```
get_output_width()
```

root 7

root

Root function

Description

The y'th root of x, i.e. $x^(1/y)$.

Usage

```
root(x, y)
```

Arguments

x Number to take \$y\$'th root of

y Root

Value

The root y'th root of x

Ryacas_options

Set or get options for the Ryacas package

Description

Set or get options for the Ryacas package

Usage

```
Ryacas_options(...)
```

Arguments

Option names to retrieve option values or [key] = [value] pairs to set options.

Supported options

The following options are supported

- module_matvec_enabled (default TRUE): Print yacas List()'s as vectors and List(List(), ...)'s as matrices.
- prettyform_default (default FALSE): Print yacas as PrettyForm() as default.

8 stripvar

 set_output_width

Set width of yacas output

Description

Set width of yacas output

Usage

```
set_output_width(w)
```

Arguments

W

Width in number of characters

stripvar

Removes part of expression containing variable

Description

Yacas' Solve(eq, x) can return e.g. x == expr and $\{x == expr1, x == expr2, ...\}$. Some usages are easier if the initial x == part is removed. This is the purpose of this function.

Usage

```
stripvar(expr, var)
```

Arguments

expr E

Expression where $x == \exp r$ should be replaced to $\exp r$

var

Name of variable, e.g. x

Value

Expression with left-hand side removed

syacas

yacas interface – silent version

Description

Similar to yacas() but silent. This can be useful when working with yacas directly.

Usage

```
syacas(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x A yacas character string or an R expression without terminating semicolon to be processed by yacas.

... Additional arguments ultimately passed down to yacas.character.

See Also

yacas

 ${\rm Sym}$

Sym

Description

The Symbol interface to yacas.

Usage

```
Sym(...)
Expr(x)
```

Arguments

... An R character string or object that can be coerced to a character string.

x An R expression.

Details

An object of class "Sym" is internally a yacas character string. An object of class "Expr" is internally an R expression. One can combine such objects using the Math and Ops R operators (see help(Math) and help(Ops) for a list). Also there are methods for a number of R generics: as.character.Sym, as.expression.Sym, determinant.Sym, deriv.Sym and print.Sym and yacas-oriented functions: Clear, Conjugate, Expand, Factor, Factorial, I, Identity, Infinity, Integrate, Inverse, InverseTaylor, Limit, List, N, Newton, Pi, Precision, PrettyForm, PrettyPrinter, Set, Simplify, Solve, Subst, Taylor, TeXForm, Transpose, Ver and "%Where%" all of which have the same meaning as the corresponding yacas commands. Try vignette("Rycas-Sym") for many examples.

Get Sym objects with getSyms().

Value

Sym returns a "Sym" object and Expr returns an "Expr" object.

Note

Currently the only Expr methods implemented are as.character.Expr, deriv.Expr, Math.Expr, Ops.Expr and print.Expr.

See Also

```
as.Sym.matrix()
```

Examples

```
x <- Sym("x")
x*x
Integrate(x*x, x)
Sym("%") %Where% list(x = 10)
acos(Sym("1/2"))
y <- Exprq(x)
y*y
deriv(y*y, y)
Exprq(acos(1/2))</pre>
```

yacas

yacas interface

Description

Interface to the yacas computer algebra system.

Usage

```
yacas(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'character'
yacas(x, verbose = FALSE, method,
    retclass = c("expression", "character", "unquote"),
    addSemi = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x A yacas character string or an R expression without terminating semicolon to be

processed by yacas.

. . . Additional arguments ultimately passed down to yacas. character.

verbose A logical value indicating verbosity of output or "input" to only show input to

yacas but not output from yacas or "output" to only show output from yacas

but not input to yacas.

method method used to communicate with yacas. If "socket" is specified then the

same yacas session is used on a sequence of calls. If "system" is specified then a new instance of yacas is used just for the period of that call. "system" does not require that the system be configured to support telnet/sockets and so may be useful in some instances. If no value is specified the default is taken from getOption("yacas.method") and if that is not specified "socket" is used.

"socket" and "system" may be abbreviated.

addSemi If TRUE a semicolon is added to the character string sent to yacas. This can be set

to FALSE if its known that the character string already has a trailing semicolon.

It is ignored if retclass="expression".

retclass The class of the first component of the yacas structure. It defaults to "expression"

but may be specified as "character" or "unquote". "unquote" is the same as "character" except that if the character string returned would have otherwise

had quotes in the first and and last positions then they are stripped.

Details

The user supplies an R expression, an R function name corresponding to a function with a single line body, a formula or a yacas input string. In the case of a formula it is regarded as an expression represented by the right hand side of the formula while the left hand side, if any, is ignored.

Note the silent version syacas().

Value

An R object of class "yacas" is returned. If PrettyPrinter("OMForm") is in effect, which it is by default, then the first component is an R expression and the OMForm component contains Open-Math XML code. In other cases the first component is NULL and the YacasForm or PrettyForm components have display information.

Generally an expression. Refer to details.

Note

Windows Installation. On Windows one can install Ryacas by issuing the commands:

```
install.packages("Ryacas", dep = TRUE)
library(Ryacas)
yacasInstall()
```

or by using the Packages | Install package(s) menu in place of the first command. The second command downloads scripts.dat and yacas.exe from the internet and installs them into R_HOME/library/Ryacas/yacdir where R_HOME is the location of your R installation.

Normally the default locations of yacas, its initialization file and the scripts file are sufficient but, if necessary, they can be overridden via the environment variables: YACAS_HOME, YACAS_INIT and YACAS_SCRIPTS. The YACAS_INVOKE_STRING environment variable discussed in the next section overrides all three of these.

All OS Installation. The YACAS_INVOKE_STRING environment variable can be used to override the invocation string for yacas. Normally it is not used. If it does need to be used then a typical use might be:

```
library(Ryacas)
# only need to do the file.copy command once
file.copy(system.file("yacdir/R.ys", package = "Ryacas"), "~/.yacsrc")
# this needs to be done once per session
Sys.setenv(YACAS_INVOKE_STRING = "yacas -pc --server 9734")
demo(Ryacas) # test it out
```

yacmode. There is also a utility yacmode which is called without arguments and just turns R into a terminal into yacas until one quits out of it (and back to R) by entering stop, end, quit, exit or e.

Startup. yacas starts up when yacasStart() is called or the first time yacas is called. yacas is shut down when yacasStop() is called or when the package is detached using the detach() R command. On Windows, when yacas is shut down, the yacas process is terminated on Windows XP Pro but not on other versions of Windows. In those cases there will be a dangling process that the user must terminate manually.

Translation. The translation process occurs in several steps. If the input to the yacas function is an expression then it is translated to a valid yacas character string (otherwise, it is sent to yacas unprocessed). Yacas then processes the string and if retclass="expression" it is translated back to an R expression (otherwise it is sent back unprocessed). Examples of translations are:

```
\begin{array}{ll} R & yacas \\ \sin(x) & \sin(x) \\ \text{deriv}(\sin, x) & \text{Deriv}(x)\text{Sin}(x) \\ \log(x) & Ln(x) \end{array}
```

References

14 yacasTranslations

Examples

```
yacas(expression(Factor(x^2-1)))
exp1 <- expression(x^2 + 2 * x^2)
exp2 <- expression(2 * exp0)
exp3 <- expression(6 * pi * x)
exp4 <- expression((exp1 * (1 - sin(exp3))) / exp2)
print(yacas(exp4))

print(yacas("Version()")) # yacas version

# see demo("Ryacas-Function")</pre>
```

yacasTranslations

Yacas translations

Description

Translations from R to the yacas computer algebra system.

Note

The translation process occurs in several steps. If the input to the yacas function is an expression then it is translated to a valid yacas character string (otherwise, it is sent to yacas unprocessed). Yacas then processes the string and if retclass="expression" it is translated back to an R expression (otherwise it is sent back unprocessed). Currently supported translations are:

CONSTANTS	
R	yacas
=	=====
pi	Pi

OPERATORS	
R	yacas
=	=====
7 \%\% 3	Mod(7,3)
7 \%\\% 3	Div(7,3)

Cos(x)

FUNCTIONS	
R	yacas
=	=====
sin(x)	Sin(x)

cos(x)

yacas_evaluate 15

tan(x) Tan(x) asin(x) ArcSin(x) acos(x) ArcCos(x)ArcTan(x) atan(x) exp(x) Exp(x)sqrt(x) Sqrt(x) log(x)Ln(x) Bin(n, k) choose(n, k) gamma(x) Gamma(x) deriv(sin, x) Deriv(x)Sin(x)integrate(f, a, b) Integrate(x, a, b)f(x)list() List() factorial(n) n!

Note the Limit example in demo(Ryacas0) for adding translations on the fly. The complete table under development.

Author(s)

Rob J Goedman

References

http://www.yacas.org/

yacas_evaluate

Evaluate yacas expression

Description

This is a low-level function for evaluating yacas expression represented as string.

Usage

```
yacas_evaluate(expr)
```

Arguments

expr

Yacas expression

Value

Result of evaluating expr by yacas in OpenMath format and side-effects of the evaluation

Examples

```
yacas_evaluate("D(x)Sin(x^2)")
```

16 yacmode

yacmode

yacmode interface

Description

Interactive interface to the yacas

Usage

```
yacmode(enable_history = TRUE)
```

Arguments

enable_history Use R history such that previous yacas commands can be used. Default is TRUE.

Details

The user types valid yacas input and presses return. Type 'quit' to return to R prompt.

Value

```
Output of yacas is returned. invisible NULL
```

Note

Note that command will use R history() and modify it by default. Yacas is given a limited amount of time to complete, otherwise [1] CommandLine(1): User interrupted calculation is returned. E.g. Taylor(x,0,5) 1/(1+x) will work, but Taylor(x,0,12) 1/(1+x) is likely to take too long.

References

```
http://www.yacas.org/
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
yacmode()
   (x+y)^3-(x-y)^3
   Simplify(%)
   q
## End(Not run)
```

y_ls 17

y_ls Get Yacas variables

Description

Get Yacas variables

Usage

y_ls()

Value

Vector of variables defined in yacas

Index

* programming	Exprq (Sym), 9
Ryacas0-package, 2	
* symbolmath	Factor (Sym), 9
bodyAsExpression, 4	Factorial (Sym), 9
Eval, 5	FindRoots(Sym), 9
stripvar, 8	
Sym, 9	get_output_width, 6
yacas, 10	getSyms, 6
yacasTranslations, 14	T (0) 0
yacmode, 16	I (Sym), 9
%Where% (Sym), 9	Identity (Sym), 9
	Infinity (Sym), 9
addSemi (yacas), 10	Integrate (Sym), 9
as.character.Expr(Sym),9	Inverse (Sym), 9
as.character.Sym(Sym),9	InverseTaylor(Sym), 9
as.character.yacas(yacas), 10	Limit (Com) O
as.Expr.formula(Sym),9	Limit (Sym), 9
as.expression.Sym(Sym),9	List(Sym), 9
as.expression.yacas(yacas), 10	Math.Expr(Sym), 9
as.language(bodyAsExpression),4	Math.Sym(Sym), 9
as.Sym(Sym),9	riacii. Syiii (Syiii), 9
as.Sym.character, 3	N(Sym), 9
as.Sym.matrix,4	Newton (Sym), 9
as.Sym.matrix(), 10	nemeon (Sym), >
hada 5	OpenMath2R (Sym), 9
body, 5	Ops.Expr(Sym), 9
bodyAsExpression, 4	Ops.Sym(Sym), 9
CharacteristicEquation (Sym), 9	Ops.yacas.symbol (Sym), 9
Clear (Sym), 9	
Conjugate (Sym), 9	Pi (Sym), 9
conjugace (sym), >	Precision (Sym), 9
deriv.Expr(Sym), 9	PrettyForm (Sym), 9
deriv.Sym(Sym),9	PrettyPrinter (Sym), 9
determinant.Expr (Sym), 9	print.Expr(Sym), 9
determinant.Sym(Sym), 9	print.Sym(Sym),9
	print.yacas(Sym),9
EigenValues (Sym), 9	
Eval, 5	root, 7
Expand (Sym), 9	Ryacas0-package, 2
Expr (Sym), 9	Ryacas_options, 7

INDEX 19

```
Set (Sym), 9
set_output_width, 8
Simplify (Sym), 9
Solve (Sym), 9
stripvar, 8
Subst (Sym), 9
syacas, 9
syacas(), 11
Sym, 9
SymExpr (Sym), 9
Taylor (Sym), 9
TeXForm (Sym), 9
trans (Sym), 9
Transpose (Sym), 9
transtab (Sym), 9
Ver (Sym), 9
y_ls, 17
yacas, 3, 10
yacas(), 9
yacas.symbol.value(Sym), 9
yacas_evaluate, 15
yacasTranslations, 14
yacmode, 16
yAssignFunction (yacas), 10
yDeriv (Sym), 9
yFactorial (Sym), 9
yIntegrate (Sym), 9
yLimit (Sym), 9
ynext (yacas), 10
yparse (yacas), 10
yrewrite (Sym), 9
ySequence (yacas), 10
ysub (yacas), 10
yUnlist (Sym), 9
```