Package 'UncDecomp'

October 12, 2022

Title U	Uncertainty Decomposition
Version	n 1.0.1
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1 u 1 t	ption If a procedure consists of several stages and there are several models that can be sected for each stage, incertainty of the procedure can be decomposed by stages or models. This package includes the ANOVA-based method, the cumulative uncertainty-based method, and the balanced decomposition method. Yongdai Kim et al. (2019) <doi:10.1016 j.hydroa.2019.100024=""> is a related paper which is accessible via the URL below.</doi:10.1016>
Depen	ds R (>= $3.4.4$)
Licens	e GPL-2
URL	https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2589915519300082
	ing UTF-8
	vata true
Roxyg	enNote 6.1.0
Needs	Compilation no
Impor	ts ggplot2, dplyr
Reposi	itory CRAN
Date/P	Publication 2019-11-07 11:00:05 UTC
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apply_sweep

Slight modifications of apply() and sweep()

Description

Slightly modified version of apply() and sweep(). apply0() and sweep0() are modification of apply() and sweep() so that they can be used when the length(MARGIN) is zero. msweep() is a modification of sweep() so that it can be used when function receives multiple summary statistic.

Usage

```
apply0(X, MARGIN, FUN, ...)
sweep0(X, MARGIN, STATS, FUN, ...)
msweep(X, MARGIN, STATS, FUN, ...)
```

Arguments

Χ	an array.
MARGIN	apply $0()$: a vector giving the subscripts which the function will be applied over. sweep $0()$, msweep $()$: a vector of indices giving the extent(s) of x which correspond to STATS.
FUN	the function to be applied. For $msweep()$, a function that receives the elements of X and list in order
	further arguments passed to or from other methods.
STATS	the summary statistic array which is to be swept out. For msweep(), list of summary statistic array.

cum_uncertainty 3

Value

If each call to FUN returns a vector of length n, then apply() returns an array of dimension $c(n, \dim(X)[MARGIN])$ if n > 1. If n equals 1, apply() returns a scalar if MARGIN has length 0, a vector if MARGIN has length 1 and an array of dimension $\dim(X)[MARGIN]$ otherwise. sweep0() and msweep() return an array with the same shape as x, but with the summary statistics sweep out.

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
A <- array(rnorm(24), dim = 4:2)
meanA0 <- apply0(A, numeric(0), mean)
meanA12 <- apply0(A, 1:2, mean)
sdA12 <- apply0(A, 1:2, sd)
ctrArray <- function(a,mu) return(a-mu)
sweep0(A, numeric(0), meanA0, ctrArray)
sweep0(A, 1:2, meanA12, ctrArray)
statsA12 <- list(meanA12, sdA12)
stdArray <- function(a,mu,sigma) return((a-mu)/sigma)
msweep(A, 1:2, statsA12, stdArray)</pre>
```

cum_uncertainty

Cumulative uncertainty(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition based on the cumulative uncertainty.

Usage

```
cum_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name),
   U = var0)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages in the modeling chain. should be ordered by the order of the modeling chain
U	a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions var0() and drange(). Default is var0().

Value

summary of uncertainties

4 drange

Examples

drange

Range(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function returns the difference of maximum and minimum of a given vector.

Usage

```
drange(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

a numeric vector.

Value

the difference of maximum and minimum of a given vector

```
(x <- rnorm(5))
# drange() is deprecated. Use U_range()
# drange(x)</pre>
```

plotUDlist 5

plotUDlist Plot UD_list

Description

This function plots how ppud's result changes as lambda increases.

Arguments

```
    x output of ppud(UD_list class)
    lwd line width in plot
    further arguments passed to or from other methods.
```

Value

ggplot showing how the result of ppud changes as lambda increases

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]</pre>
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]</pre>
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]</pre>
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,</pre>
                      stage2=stage2,
                      stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)</pre>
data <- cbind(data, y)</pre>
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)</pre>
UD_bal_model_range
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)</pre>
UD_bal_stage_range
UD_model_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_model_list)
UD_stage_list = ppud(UD_bal_stage_range)
plot(UD_stage_list)
```

6 printUD

printUD

Print UD

Description

This function creates a table summarizing the uncertainty.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'UD_model'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'UD_stage'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x model wise uncertainty(UD_model class) or stage wise uncertainty(UD_stage class)
- ... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

scenario_uncertainty 7

```
scenario_uncertainty Scenario uncertainty(DEPRECATED)
```

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by scenario based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two scenarios is divided equally and assigned to each scenario.

Usage

```
scenario_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data),
   var_name))
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the

variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios.

var_name the name of the variable of interest stages names of the stages of interest.

Value

List of 4 elements

summary summary of uncertainties

main_uncer list of which element is a vector of uncertainties from the main effects of sce-

narios in the corresponding stage

int_uncer list of which element is a vector of uncertainties from the interaction effects of

scenarios in the corresponding stage

scenario_uncer list of which element is a vector of uncertainties of scenarios in the correspond-

ing stage

8 stage_uncertainty

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by stage based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two stages is divided equally and assigned to each stage.

Usage

```
stage_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data),
    var_name))
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the

variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios.

columns scenarios

var_name the name of the variable of interest stages names of the stages in the model.

Value

List of 4 elements

summary summary of uncertainties

main_uncer a vector of uncertainties from the main effects of the stages

int_uncer a vector of uncertainties from the interaction effects of the stages

scenario_uncer a vector of uncertainties of the stages

UDtable 9

UDtable

Make uncertainty table

Description

This function summarizes the uncertainty into a table.

Usage

```
UD_table(UD, ...)
## S3 method for class 'UD_model'
UD_table(UD, include.nat = TRUE, include.tot = TRUE,
...)
## S3 method for class 'UD_stage'
UD_table(UD, include.nat = TRUE, include.tot = TRUE,
...)
```

Arguments

UD model-wise uncertainty or stage-wise uncertainty
... further arguments passed to or from other methods. include.nat or include.tot
include.nat
if include.nat is TRUE and UD has nat_unc, create a table containing it.
include.tot
if include.tot is TRUE, create a table containing it.

Value

uncertainty table

UD_ANOVA_model

```
UD_table(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_table(UD_bal_stage_range)
```

UD_ANOVA_model

Model-wise uncertainty based on the second order interaction ANOVA

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by model based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two models is divided equally and assigned to each model.

Usage

```
UD_ANOVA_model(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name))
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the vari-

able of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.

var_name the name of the variable of interest stages names of the stages of interest.

Value

List(UD_model class) including uncertainties of models, uncertainties from main effects, uncertainties from interaction, total uncertainty, names of stages and models

UD_ANOVA_stage

LID	ANOVA	
UU	ANUVA	Stage

Stage-wise uncertainty based on the second order interaction ANOVA

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by stage based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two stages is divided equally and assigned to each stage.

Usage

```
UD_ANOVA_stage(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name))
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the vari-

able of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.

var_name the name of the variable of interest stages names of the stages in the model.

Value

List(UD_stage class) including uncertainties of stages, uncertainties from main effects, uncertainties from interaction, total uncertainty, names of stages.

12 UD_bal_model

UD_bal_model	Model-wise balanced uncertainty
--------------	---------------------------------

Description

This function performs the balanced uncertainty decomposition. In balanced uncertainty decomposition, we assume that the total uncertainty decomposes into the uncertainty of all main effects and all orders of interaction between models. This method distributes the uncertainties of each element evenly among the associated models.

Usage

```
UD_bal_model(data, var_name, stages, u = u_var, flist = flist_var)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages of interest.
u	a function that returns uncertainty of each element of the vector like difference or square of difference between each element and summary statistics. This package have built-in uncertainty functions u_var(), u_mad() and u_range(). Default is u_var().
flist	list of functions that summarize vector like mean or median. This package have built-in uncertainty functions flist_var(), flist_mad() and flist_range(). Default is flist_var().

Value

model-wise uncertainties(UD_model class)

UD_bal_stage

```
UD_bal_model_mad <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_mad, flist_mad)
UD_bal_model_mad
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

UD_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_list)

lambda = min_lambda_calc(UD_bal_model_range, 0.01)
UD_1percent = ppud(UD_bal_model_range, lambda)
UD_1percent$UD[[1]]</pre>
```

UD_bal_stage

Stage-wise balanced uncertainty

Description

This function performs the balanced uncertainty decomposition. In balanced uncertainty decomposition, we assume that the total uncertainty decomposes into the uncertainty of all main effects and all orders of interaction between stages. This method distributes the uncertainties of each element evenly among the associated stages.

Usage

```
UD_bal_stage(data, var_name, stages, U = U_var)
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the vari-

able of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.

var_name the name of the variable of interest stages names of the stages of interest.

U a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric

vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions U_var(), U_mad() and

U_range(). Default is U_var().

Value

stage-wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

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Examples

UD_cum_stage

Stage-wise uncertainty based on cumulative uncertainty

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition based on the cumulative uncertainty.

Usage

```
UD_cum_stage(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name),
    U = U_var)
```

Arguments

data a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.

var_name the name of the variable of interest

stages names of the stages in the modeling chain. should be ordered by the order of the

modeling chain

U a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric

vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions U_var(), U_mad() and

U_range(). Default is U_var().

Value

stage-wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

UD_model2stage 15

Examples

UD_model2stage

Convert model uncertainty to stage uncertainty

Description

This function converts model uncertainty to stage uncertainty by summing by stage.

Usage

```
UD_model2stage(UD)
```

Arguments

UD

model wise uncertainty(UD_model class), output of function that returns model wise uncertainty such as UD_bal_model and UD_ANOVA_model

Value

stage wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

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```
UD_bal_model_var <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_var, flist_var)
UD_bal_model_var
UD_bal_model_mad <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_mad, flist_mad)
UD_bal_model_mad
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_var
UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range</pre>
```

unc_measures

uncertainty measures

Description

Functions beginning with U are uncertainty measure that return a scalar given a vector, such as mean absolute deviation or variance. Functions beginning with flist are lists of functions that summarize vector like mean or median. Functions beginning with u are the uncertainty of each element of the vector, which is calculated from the elements of the vector and summary statistics of the vector, like difference or square of difference between two values.

Usage

```
U_range(x)
u_range(x, a, b, n)
flist_range
U_mad(x)
u_mad(x, m)
flist_mad
U_var(x)
u_var(x, m)
flist_var
```

Arguments

x a vector.

unc_postprocess 17

a, b, n	summary statistics for u_range(), a and b are minimum and maximum of x. n is length of x
m	summary statistics. median for u_mad() and mean for u_var()

Format

An object of class list of length 3.

Description

ppud() adjusts uncertainty so that it is not less than a certain value. In particular, it is often used for UD_bal_model, where the uncertainty may be negative. min_lambda_calc() finds lambda such that the proportion of the minimum uncertainty is the specified value.

Usage

```
ppud(UD, lambda_list)
min_lambda_calc(UD, prop)
```

Arguments

UD model-wise uncertainty or stage-wise uncertainty

lambda_list a numeric vector that adjust the degree to which uncertainties and average un-

certainty are close.

prop target proportion of least uncertainty

18 var0

```
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_var

UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad

UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

UD_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_list)

lambda = min_lambda_calc(UD_bal_model_range, 0.01)
UD_1percent = ppud(UD_bal_model_range, lambda)
UD_1percent$UD[[1]]</pre>
```

var0

Variance(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function returns the population variance of a given vector.

Usage

var0(x)

Arguments

Х

a numeric vector.

Value

the population variance of a given vector

```
(x <- rnorm(5))
# var0() is deprecated. Use U_var()
# var0(x)</pre>
```

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