Package 'limorhyde2'

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Author Jake Hughey [aut, cre],
      Dora Obodo [aut],
      Elliot Outland [aut]
Maintainer Jake Hughey <jakejhughey@gmail.com>
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Type Package

2 getDiffRhythmStats

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Description

This function computes differences in rhythmicity between fitted curves for a given pair of conditions.

Usage

```
getDiffRhythmStats(fit, rhyStats, conds = fit$conds, dopar = TRUE)
```

Arguments

fit	A limorhyde2 object containing data from multiple conditions.
rhyStats	A data.table of rhythmic statistics, as returned by getRhythmStats(), for fitted models in fit.
conds	A character vector indicating the conditions to compare pairwise, by default all conditions in fit.
dopar	Logical indicating whether to run calculations in parallel if a parallel backend is already set up, e.g., using doParallel::registerDoParallel(). Recommended to minimize runtime.

Value

A data. table containing the following differential rhythm statistics:

- mean_mesor
- mean_peak_trough_amp
- mean_rms_amp (only calculated if rms to getRhythmStats() was TRUE)
- diff_mesor

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- diff_peak_trough_amp
- diff_rms_amp (only calculated if rms to getRhythmStats() was TRUE)
- diff_peak_phase: circular difference between -fit\$period/2 and fit\$period/2
- diff_trough_phase: circular difference between -fit\$period/2 and fit\$period/2
- diff_rhy_dist: Euclidean distance between polar coordinates (peak_trough_amp, peak_phase)
- rms_diff_rhy: root mean square difference in mean-centered fitted curves (only calculated if rms to getRhythmStats() was TRUE)

The stats will be based on the value for cond2 minus the value for cond1. The rows of the data.table depend on the 'fitType' attribute of rhyStats:

- 'fitType' is 'posterior_mean' or 'raw': one row per feature per pair of conditions.
- 'fitType' is 'posterior_samples': one row per feature per posterior sample per pair of conditions.

See Also

```
getRhythmStats(), getStatsIntervals()
```

Examples

```
library('data.table')

# rhythmicity in one condition
y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '13869'))

# rhythmicity and differential rhythmicity in multiple conditions
y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata, nKnots = 3L, condColname = 'cond')
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '12686'))
diffRhyStats = getDiffRhythmStats(fit, rhyStats)
```

getExpectedMeas

Compute expected measurements from fitted models

Description

This function computes expected measurements (corresponding to the fitted curves) for the specified times and features in all combinations of conditions and covariates (if they exist).

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Usage

```
getExpectedMeas(
   fit,
   times,
   fitType = c("posterior_mean", "posterior_samples", "raw"),
   features = NULL,
   dopar = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

fit A 'limorhyde2' object.

times Numeric vector of times, in units of fit\$metadata[[fit\$timeColname]].

fitType String indicating which fitted models to use to compute the expected measure-

ments. A typical analysis using limorhyde2 will be based on 'posterior_mean',

the default.

features Vector of names, row numbers, or logical values for subsetting the features.

NULL indicates all features.

dopar Logical indicating whether to run calculations in parallel if a parallel backend

is already set up, e.g., using doParallel::registerDoParallel(). Recom-

mended to minimize runtime.

Value

A data.table.

See Also

```
getModelFit(), getPosteriorFit(), getPosteriorSamples(), getExpectedMeasIntervals()
```

```
library('data.table')

y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)

measObs = mergeMeasMeta(y, metadata, features = c('13170', '12686'))
measFitMean = getExpectedMeas(
  fit, times = seq(0, 24, 0.5), features = c('13170', '12686'))
```

getExpectedMeasIntervals

Compute credible intervals for expected measurements

Description

This functions uses posterior samples to quantify uncertainty in the expected measurements from fitted models.

Usage

```
getExpectedMeasIntervals(expectedMeas, mass = 0.9, method = c("eti", "hdi"))
```

Arguments

expectedMeas A data.table of expected measurements for posterior samples, as returned by

getExpectedMeas().

mass Number between 0 and 1 indicating the probability mass for which to calculate

the intervals.

method String indicating the type of interval: 'eti' for equal-tailed using stats::quantile(),

or 'hdi' for highest density using HDInterval::hdi().

Value

A data.table containing lower and upper bounds of the expected measurement for each combination of feature, time, and possibly condition and covariate.

See Also

```
getExpectedMeas(), getStatsIntervals()
```

```
library('data.table')

y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
fit = getPosteriorSamples(fit, nPosteriorSamples = 10L)

measFitSamps = getExpectedMeas(
  fit, times = seq(0, 24, 0.5), fitType = 'posterior_samples',
  features = c('13170', '12686'))
measFitInts = getExpectedMeasIntervals(measFitSamps)
```

6 getModelFit

Fit linear models for rhythmicity in one or more conditions

Description

This is the first step in an analysis using limorhyde2, the second is to moderate the fits using getPosteriorFit().

Usage

```
getModelFit(
 metadata,
 period = 24,
  nKnots = 3L,
  degree = if (nKnots > 2) 3L else 2L,
  sinusoid = FALSE,
  timeColname = "time",
  condColname = NULL,
  covarColnames = NULL,
  sampleColname = "sample",
  nShifts = 3L,
 method = c("trend", "voom", "deseq2"),
  lmFitArgs = list(),
  eBayesArgs = if (method == "trend") list(trend = TRUE) else list(),
 DESeqArgs = list(),
  keepLmFits = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

У	Matrix-like object of measurements, with rows corresponding to features and columns to samples.
metadata	data.frame containing experimental design information for each sample. Rows of metadata must correspond to columns of y. Row names are ignored.
period	Number specifying the period for the time variable, in the same units as the values in the $timeColname\ column$.
nKnots	Number of internal knots for the periodic spline for the time variable.
degree	Integer indicating degree of the piecewise polynomial for the spline.
sinusoid	Logical indicating whether to fit a cosinor-based model instead of a spline-based model.
timeColname	String indicating the column in metadata containing the time at which each sample was acquired.

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condColname	String indicating the column in metadata containing the condition in which each sample was acquired. NULL indicates all samples came from the same condition. If not NULL, the model will include main effects and interactions with the terms for time.
covarColnames	Character vector indicating the columns in metadata containing covariates to include in the model. NULL indicates no covariates.
sampleColname	String indicating the column in metadata containing the name of each sample, which must correspond to the column names of y.
nShifts	Number of shifted models to fit. Only used for periodic splines, not for cosinor. Do not change from the default unless you know what you're doing.
method	String indicating method to estimate model coefficients. For microarray data, use 'trend'. For RNA-seq count data, use 'voom' or 'deseq2'.
lmFitArgs	List of arguments passed to limma::lmFit().
eBayesArgs	List of arguments passed to limma::eBayes().
DESeqArgs	List of arguments passed to DESeq2::DESeq().
keepLmFits	Logical indicating whether to keep the complete fit objects from limma or DESeq2. Not needed by any functions in limorhyde2.

Value

A limorhyde2 object with elements:

- metadata: As supplied above, converted to a data.table.
- timeColname: As supplied above.
- condColname: As supplied above.
- covarColnames: As supplied above.
- coefficients: Matrix with rows corresponding to features and columns to model terms, including all shifted models.
- shifts: Numeric vector indicating amount by which timepoints were shifted for each shifted model.
- period: As supplied above.
- conds: If condColname is not NULL, a vector of unique values of the condition variable.
- nKnots: Number of knots.
- degree: As supplied above.
- sinusoid: As supplied above.
- nConds: Number of conditions.
- nCovs: Number of covariates.
- lmFits: If keepLmFits is TRUE, a list of objects from limma or DESeq2, with length equal to length of the shifts element.

See Also

getPosteriorFit()

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Examples

```
library('data.table')

# rhythmicity in one condition
y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '13869'))

# rhythmicity and differential rhythmicity in multiple conditions
y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata, nKnots = 3L, condColname = 'cond')
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '12686'))
diffRhyStats = getDiffRhythmStats(fit, rhyStats)
```

getPosteriorFit

Compute posterior fit for linear models for rhythmicity

Description

This is the second step in an analysis using limorhyde2, the first is to fit linear models using getModelFit(). This function obtains posterior estimates of coefficients using multivariate adaptive shrinkage (mash), which learns patterns in the data and accounts for noise in the original fits. The defaults for arguments should work well in most cases, so only change them if you know what you're doing.

Usage

```
getPosteriorFit(
   fit,
   covMethod = c("data-driven", "canonical", "both"),
   getSigResArgs = list(),
   npc = fit$nKnots,
   covEdArgs = list(),
   overwrite = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

fit A limorhyde2 object.

covMethod String indicating the type(s) of covariance matrices to use for the mash fit.

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getSigResArgs	List of arguments passed to mashr::get_significant_results(). Only used if covMethod is 'data-driven' or 'both'.
npc	Number of principal components passed to mashr::cov_pca(). Only used if covMethod is 'data-driven' or 'both'.
covEdArgs	List of arguments passed to mashr::cov_ed(). Only used if covMethod is 'data-driven' or 'both'.
overwrite	Logical for whether to recompute the mash fit if it already exists.
	Additional arguments passed to mashr::mash().

Value

A limorhyde2 object containing everything in fit with added or updated elements:

- mashData: list of mash data objects
- mashFits: list of mash fit objects
- mashCoefficients: Matrix of posterior mean coefficients, with rows corresponding to features and columns to model terms.
- mashIdx: Vector indicating which model terms were included in the mash fit.

See Also

```
getModelFit(), getRhythmStats(), getExpectedMeas()
```

```
library('data.table')

# rhythmicity in one condition
y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '13869'))

# rhythmicity and differential rhythmicity in multiple conditions
y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata, nKnots = 3L, condColname = 'cond')
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '12686'))
diffRhyStats = getDiffRhythmStats(fit, rhyStats)
```

getPosteriorSamples

getPosteriorSamples

Draw samples from posterior distributions of fitted models

Description

This is an optional step in an analysis using limorhyde2, and is useful for quantifying uncertainty in posterior estimates of fitted curves and rhythmic statistics. The function calls mashr::mash_compute_posterior_matrices

Usage

```
getPosteriorSamples(fit, nPosteriorSamples = 200L, overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
fit A 'limorhyde2' object containing posterior fits.

nPosteriorSamples

Number of samples to draw from each posterior distribution.

overwrite Logical indicating whether to recompute posterior samples if they already exist.
```

Value

A limorhyde2 object containing everything in fit with added or updated element:

• mashPosteriorSamples: a three-dimensional array of coefficients, with dim 1 corresponding to features, dim 2 to model terms, and dim 3 to posterior samples.

See Also

```
getPosteriorFit(), getRhythmStats(), getExpectedMeas(), getStatsIntervals()
```

```
library('data.table')

y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
fit = getPosteriorSamples(fit, nPosteriorSamples = 10L)

rhyStatsSamps = getRhythmStats(
   fit, features = c('13170', '13869'), fitType = 'posterior_samples')
rhyStatsInts = getStatsIntervals(rhyStatsSamps)
```

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Description

This function uses stats::optim() to compute various properties of fitted curves with respect to time, potentially in each condition and for each posterior sample, and adjusting for any covariates.

Usage

```
getRhythmStats(
   fit,
   fitType = c("posterior_mean", "posterior_samples", "raw"),
   features = NULL,
   dopar = TRUE,
   rms = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

fit	A limorhyde2 object.
fitType	String indicating which fitted models to use to compute the rhythmic statistics. A typical analysis using limorhyde2 will be based on 'posterior_mean', the default.
features	Vector of names, row numbers, or logical values for subsetting the features. NULL indicates all features.
dopar	Logical indicating whether to run calculations in parallel if a parallel backend is already set up, e.g., using doParallel::registerDoParallel(). Recommended to minimize runtime.
rms	Logical indicating whether to calculate rms_amp.

Value

A data. table containing the following rhythm statistics:

- peak_phase: time between 0 and fit\$period at which the peak or maximum value occurs
- peak_value
- trough_phase: time between 0 and fit\$period at which the trough or minimum value occurs
- trough_value
- peak_trough_amp: peak_value trough_value
- rms_amp: root mean square difference between fitted curve and mean value between time 0 and fit\$period (only calculated if rms is TRUE)
- mesor: mean value between time 0 and fit\$period

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The rows of the data.table depend on the fit object and fitType:

- fit contains data from one condition and fitType is posterior_mean' or 'raw': one row per feature.
- fit contains data from one condition and fitType is 'posterior_samples': one row per feature per posterior sample.
- fit contains data from multiple conditions and fitType is 'posterior_mean' or 'raw': one row per feature per condition.
- fit contains data from multiple conditions and fitType is 'posterior_samples': one row per feature per condition per posterior sample.

See Also

```
getModelFit(), getPosteriorFit(), getPosteriorSamples(), getDiffRhythmStats(), getStatsIntervals()
```

Examples

```
library('data.table')

# rhythmicity in one condition
y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '13869'))

# rhythmicity and differential rhythmicity in multiple conditions
y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata, nKnots = 3L, condColname = 'cond')
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
rhyStats = getRhythmStats(fit, features = c('13170', '12686'))
diffRhyStats = getDiffRhythmStats(fit, rhyStats)
```

getStatsIntervals

Compute credible intervals for rhythm or differential rhythm statistics

Description

This function uses posterior samples to quantify uncertainty in the properties of fitted curves.

Usage

```
getStatsIntervals(posteriorStats, mass = 0.9, method = c("eti", "hdi"))
```

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Arguments

posteriorStats A data.table of statistics for posterior samples, as returned by getRhythmStats() or getDiffRhythmStats().

mass Number between 0 and 1 indicating the probability mass for which to calculate

the intervals.

method String indicating the type of interval: 'eti' for equal-tailed using stats::quantile(),

or 'hdi' for highest density using HDInterval::hdi().

Value

A data.table containing lower and upper bounds of various statistics for each feature or each feature-condition pair. For peak_trough_amp and rms_amp, a negative lower bound indicates a rhythm of the opposite phase.

See Also

```
getRhythmStats(), getDiffRhythmStats(), getExpectedMeasIntervals()
```

Examples

```
library('data.table')

y = GSE54650$y
metadata = GSE54650$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)
fit = getPosteriorSamples(fit, nPosteriorSamples = 10L)

rhyStatsSamps = getRhythmStats(
  fit, features = c('13170', '13869'), fitType = 'posterior_samples')
rhyStatsInts = getStatsIntervals(rhyStatsSamps)
```

GSE34018

Gene expression data for GSE34018

Description

Data are based on total RNA, measured by microarray, obtained from livers of wild-type and liver-specific Reverb alpha/beta double knockout mice at various times in a 12h:12h light:dark cycle. To save space and time, the data include only a subset of genes, and so are mainly useful for examples of how to use limorhyde2.

Usage

GSE34018

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Format

A list with two elements:

• y: Matrix of normalized, log-transformed expression values. Rows correspond to genes (rownames are Entrez Gene IDs) and columns to samples.

• metadata: data.table with one row per sample. time is in hours.

Source

```
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE34018
```

See Also

GSE54650, getModelFit()

GSE54650

Gene expression data for GSE54650

Description

Data are based on total RNA, measured by microarray, obtained from livers of wild-type mice at various times after transfer to constant darkness. To save space and time, the data include only a subset of genes, and so are mainly useful for examples of how to use limorhyde2.

Usage

GSE54650

Format

A list with two elements:

- y: Matrix of normalized, log-transformed expression values. Rows correspond to genes (rownames are Entrez Gene IDs) and columns to samples.
- metadata: data.table with one row per sample. time is in hours.

Source

```
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE54650
```

See Also

```
GSE34018, getModelFit()
```

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|--|

Description

This function is useful for plotting time-courses for individual features.

Usage

```
mergeMeasMeta(y, metadata, features = NULL, sampleColname = "sample")
```

Arguments

У	Matrix-like object of measurements, with rows corresponding to features and columns to samples.
metadata	data.frame containing experimental design information for each sample. Rows of metadata must correspond to columns of y. Row names are ignored.
features	Vector of names, row numbers, or logical values for subsetting the features. NULL indicates all features.
sampleColname	String indicating the column in metadata containing the name of each sample, which must correspond to the column names of y.

Value

A data. table with one row for each sample-feature pair.

See Also

```
getExpectedMeas()
```

```
library('data.table')

y = GSE34018$y
metadata = GSE34018$metadata

fit = getModelFit(y, metadata)
fit = getPosteriorFit(fit)

measObs = mergeMeasMeta(y, metadata, features = c('13170', '12686'))
measFitMean = getExpectedMeas(
   fit, times = seq(0, 24, 0.5), features = c('13170', '12686'))
```

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