Package 'dmtools'

October 13, 2022

October 13, 2022
Title Tools for Clinical Data Management
Version 0.2.6
Description For checking the dataset from EDC(Electronic Data Capture) in clinical trials. 'dmtools' reshape your dataset in a tidy view and check events. You can reshape the dataset and choose your target to check, for example, the laboratory reference range.
Depends R (>= 3.6)
Imports magrittr (>= 1.5), dplyr (>= 1.0.0), readxl (>= 1.3.1), purrr (>= 0.3.3), lubridate (>= 1.7.4), httr (>= 1.4.1), tidyr (>= 1.1.0), tibble (>= 3.0.1), progress (>= 1.2.2)
License MIT + file LICENSE
<pre>URL https://github.com/KonstantinRyabov/dmtools</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/KonstantinRyabov/dmtools/issues Encoding UTF-8</pre>
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.1.1
Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
Author Konstantin Ryabov [aut, cre]
Maintainer Konstantin Ryabov <chachabooms@gmail.com></chachabooms@gmail.com>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2020-11-08 22:00:02 UTC
R topics documented:
add_cols

2 add_cols

C	heck.default																													4
C	hoose_test																													5
C	hoose_test.date																													6
(hoose_test.lab			 						 																				7
	reate_spec																													8
	late																													8
	lmtools																													9
	ind_colnames																													9
	ind_colnames.date																													10
																														10
	ind_colnames.defaul																													- 0
-	get_result																													11
	ab																												•	12
	ist_parse																													13
1	neddra_auth																													13
1	neddra_post			 																										14
r	ename_dataset			 																										14
S	hort			 																										16
t	o dbl			 																										17
t	o_long			 																										17
	o_long.date																													18
	o_long.lab																													
	o_long.short																													19
١	J_long.short	 •	•	 •	•	•	•	•	•	 •	•	•	•	 •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	19
																														20
																														40

add_cols

Index

Add columns if columns don't exist

Description

Add columns if columns don't exist

Usage

```
add_cols(dset, ds_part, target_cols)
```

Arguments

dset A data frame. The dataset.

ds_part A character scalar. Prefix or postfix.

target_cols A character vector with necessary columns.

Value

A data frame. The dataset.

calc_diff 3

calc_diff

Function for calculating the difference between two dates

Description

Function for calculating the difference between two dates

Usage

```
calc_diff(st_inter, dt_item)
```

Arguments

st_inter An interval. An object of interval. dt_item A date item. An object of date.

Value

An integer scalar. Differences between the two dates.

check

Check the dataset

Description

Check the dataset

Usage

```
check(obj, dataset)
```

Arguments

obj An object for check.

dataset A dataset, a type is a data frame.

Value

An object with a check result.

4 check.default

Examples

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
screen_date_E1 <- c("1991-03-13", "1991-03-07", "1991-03-08")
rand_date_E2 <- c("1991-03-15", "1991-03-11", "1991-03-10")
ph_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-21", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")
bio_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-23", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")

df <- data.frame(id, screen_date_E1, rand_date_E2, ph_date_E3, bio_date_E3, stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

timeline <- system.file("dates.xlsx", package = "dmtools")
obj_date <- date(timeline, id, dplyr::contains)</pre>
```

check.default

Check the dataset

Description

Check the dataset

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
check(obj, dataset)
```

Arguments

obj An object for check.

dataset A dataset, a type is a data frame.

Value

An object with a check result.

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
screen_date_E1 <- c("1991-03-13", "1991-03-07", "1991-03-08")
rand_date_E2 <- c("1991-03-15", "1991-03-11", "1991-03-10")
ph_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-21", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")
bio_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-23", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")

df <- data.frame(id, screen_date_E1, rand_date_E2, ph_date_E3, bio_date_E3, stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)</pre>
```

choose_test 5

```
timeline <- system.file("dates.xlsx", package = "dmtools")
obj_date <- date(timeline, id, dplyr::contains)
obj_date <- check(obj_date, df)</pre>
```

choose_test

Filter the final result

Description

Filter the final result

Usage

```
choose_test(obj, test, group_id)
```

Arguments

obj An object for check.

test Parameters, which use to filter the final dataset.

group_id A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is grouped by id, otherwise, it isn't

grouped.

Value

The filtered dataset.

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
screen_date_E1 <- c("1991-03-13", "1991-03-07", "1991-03-08")
rand_date_E2 <- c("1991-03-15", "1991-03-11", "1991-03-10")
ph_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-21", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")
bio_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-23", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")

df <- data.frame(id, screen_date_E1, rand_date_E2, ph_date_E3, bio_date_E3, stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

timeline <- system.file("dates.xlsx", package = "dmtools")
obj_date <- date(timeline, id, dplyr::contains)

obj_date <- check(obj_date, df)
choose_test(obj_date, "out")</pre>
```

6 choose_test.date

choose_test.date

Filter the final result of the object date

Description

Filter the final result of the object date

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'date'
choose_test(obj, test = "out", group_id = T)
```

Arguments

obj An object for calculation. Class date.

test A character scalar. Parameters, which use to filter the final dataset, default:

"out": "out" - dates, which are out of the protocol's timeline, "uneq" - dates,

which are unequal, "ok" - correct dates, "skip" - empty dates.

group_id A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is grouped by id, otherwise, it isn't

grouped.

Value

The dataset by a value of test.

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
screen_date_E1 <- c("1991-03-13", "1991-03-07", "1991-03-08")
rand_date_E2 <- c("1991-03-15", "1991-03-11", "1991-03-10")
ph_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-21", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")
bio_date_E3 <- c("1991-03-23", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")

df <- data.frame(id, screen_date_E1, rand_date_E2, ph_date_E3, bio_date_E3, stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

timeline <- system.file("dates.xlsx", package = "dmtools")
obj_date <- date(timeline, id, dplyr::contains)

obj_date <- check(obj_date, df)
choose_test(obj_date, "out")</pre>
```

choose_test.lab 7

choose_test.lab

Filter the final result of the object lab

Description

Filter the final result of the object lab

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lab'
choose_test(obj, test = "mis", group_id = T)
```

Arguments

obj An object. Class lab.

test A character scalar. Parameters, which use to filter the final dataset, default:

"mis": "ok" - analysis, which has a correct estimate of the result, "mis" - analysis, which has an incorrect estimate of the result, "skip" - analysis, which has an empty value of the estimate, "null" - analysis, which has an empty result and

value of the estimate.

group_id A logical scalar, default is TRUE.True is grouped by id, otherwise, it isn't

grouped.

Value

The filtered dataset by a value of test.

```
ID <- c("01", "02", "03")
SITE <- c("site 01", "site 02", "site 03")
AGE <- c("19", "20", "22")
SEX <- c("f", "m", "f")
GLUC_V1 <- c(5.5, 4.1, 9.7)
GLUC_IND_V1 <- c("norm", "no", "cl")
AST_V2 <- c("30", "48", "31")
AST_IND_V2 <- c(NA, "norm", "norm")

df <- data.frame(
    ID, SITE, AGE, SEX,
    GLUC_V1, GLUC_IND_V1,
    AST_V2, AST_IND_V2,
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

refs <- system.file("labs_refer.xlsx", package = "dmtools")
obj_lab <- lab(refs, ID, AGE, SEX, "norm", "no")</pre>
```

8 date

```
obj_lab <- check(obj_lab, df)
choose_test(obj_lab, "mis")</pre>
```

create_spec

For creating part of the specification

Description

For creating part of the specification

Usage

```
create_spec(df_spec, all_colname, part_spec, is_pst)
```

Arguments

df_spec A dataset, a type is a data frame.

all_colname A character vector with all names in the dataset.

part_spec A character scalar. Prefixes or postfixes.

is_pst A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is postfix, otherwise, prefix.

Value

A data frame. Part of the specification.

date

Create object date

Description

Create object date

Usage

```
date(file, id, get_visit, get_date = dplyr::contains, str_date = "DAT")
```

Arguments

file	A character scalar. Path to the date's parameters in the excel table.
id	A column name of the subject id in the dataset, without quotes.
get_visit	A function, which select necessary visit or event e.g. dplyr::start_with, dplyr::contains.
get_date	A function, which select dates from necessary visit e.g. dplyr::matches, dplyr::contains, default: dplyr::contains.
str_date	A date's pattern in column names, default: "DAT".

dmtools 9

Value

The object date.

Examples

```
obj_date <- date("dates.xlsx", id, dplyr::contains)
obj_date <- date("dates.xlsx", id, dplyr::contains, "uneq")</pre>
```

 ${\tt dmtools}$

dmtools: package to validate data

Description

for checking the dataset from EDC in clinical trials

find_colnames

Find column names

Description

Find column names

Usage

```
find_colnames(obj, dataset, row_file)
```

Arguments

obj An object for check.

dataset A dataset, a type is a data frame.

row_file A row of the file.

Value

A data frame. Result of run_tests.

find_colnames.default

 $find_colnames.date$

Find column names with dates

Description

Find column names with dates

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'date'
find_colnames(obj, dataset, row_file)
```

Arguments

obj An object for validation. dataset A data frame. Class date.

row_file A data frame. A data frame with analysis parameters.

Value

A data frame. Visit's dates.

```
find_colnames.default Find column names
```

Description

Find column names

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
find_colnames(obj, dataset, row_file)
```

Arguments

obj An object for validation.

dataset A dataset, a type is a data frame.

row_file A row of the file.

Value

A data frame. Result of run_tests.

get_result 11

get_result

Get the final result of the check

Description

Get the final result of the check

Usage

```
get_result(obj, group_id = T)
```

Arguments

obj An object. Can be all classes: short, lab, date.

group_id A logical scalar, default is TRUE.True is grouped by id, otherwise, it isn't

grouped.

Value

A data frame. The final result.

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
site <- c("site 01", "site 02", "site 03")
sex <- c("f", "m", "f")
preg_yn_e2 <- c("y", "y", "y")</pre>
preg_res_e2 <- c("neg", "neg", "neg")</pre>
preg_yn_e3 <- c("y", "y", "n")
preg_res_e3 <- c("neg", "pos", "unnes")
df <- data.frame(</pre>
  id, site, sex,
  preg_yn_e2, preg_res_e2,
  preg_yn_e3, preg_res_e3,
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
preg <- system.file("preg.xlsx", package = "dmtools")</pre>
obj_short <- short(preg, id, "LBORRES", c("site", "sex"))</pre>
obj_short <- check(obj_short, df)</pre>
get_result(obj_short)
```

12 lab

lab

Create object lab

Description

Create object lab

Usage

```
lab(
  file,
  id,
  age,
  sex,
  normal,
  abnormal,
  is_post = T,
  name_to_find = "LBNRIND"
)
```

Arguments

file	A character scalar. Path to the laboratory's reference in the excel table.
id	A column name of the subject id in the dataset, without quotes.
age	A column name of the subject age in the dataset, without quotes.
sex	A column name of the subject sex in the dataset, without quotes.
normal	A normal estimate, for example, "NORMAL".
abnormal	An abnormal estimate, for example, "ABNORMAL".
is_post	A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is postfix, otherwise, prefix.
name to find	A character scalar. For search prefixes or postfixes, default is "LBNRIND".

Value

The object lab.

```
obj_lab <- lab("lab_refer.xlsx", ID, AGE, SEX, 1, 2)
obj_lab <- lab("lab_refer.xlsx", ID, AGE, SEX, "NORMAL", "ABNORMAL")
obj_lab <- lab("lab_refer.xlsx", ID, AGE, SEX, "norm", "no", FALSE)</pre>
```

list_parse 13

list_parse

A list to a tibble.

Description

A list to a tibble.

Usage

```
list_parse(to_tibble)
```

Arguments

to_tibble

A list with nested lists.

Value

A tibble.

Examples

```
temp_list <- list(list(a = 1, b = 3), list(a = 4, b = 5))
list_parse(temp_list)</pre>
```

meddra_auth

Get the token

Description

Get the token

Usage

```
meddra_auth(target_url, meddra_id, api_key)
```

Arguments

target_url The url for authenticate.

meddra_id The user's meddra id.

api_key The user's api key.

Value

A string scalar. The user's token.

rename_dataset

Examples

```
## Not run:
meddra_auth(url, id, key)
## End(Not run)
```

 $meddra_post$

Create the post query

Description

Create the post query

Usage

```
meddra_post(target_url, json, token)
```

Arguments

target_url The url for a post query.

json A string scalar or a list. The json query.

token The user's token.

Value

A list. The result of query.

Examples

```
## Not run:
meddra_post(url, json_body, token)
## End(Not run)
```

rename_dataset

For rename dataset

Description

For rename dataset

15 rename_dataset

Usage

```
rename_dataset(
  dataset,
  path_crfs,
 no_readable_name,
  readable_name,
  num\_sheet = 1,
  extension = "*.xlsx",
  is_post = T
)
```

Arguments

dataset A dataset, a type is a data frame. A character scalar. Path to the specification files the in excel table. path_crfs no_readable_name A character scalar. A column name of no readable values. readable_name A character scalar. A column name of readable values. An integer scalar, default is the first sheet. A position of a sheet in the excel num_sheet

document.

A character scalar. A extension of files, default is *.xlsx. extension

is_post A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is postfix, otherwise, prefix.

Value

The list with two values: data - renamed dataset, spec - common specification. The common specification is data frame of two values: no_readable_var, readable_var.

```
id <- c("01", "02", "03")
age <- c("19", "20", "22")
sex <- c("f", "m", "f")
bio_date_post <- c("1991-03-23", "1991-03-16", "1991-03-16")
gluc_post <- c("5.5", "4.1", "9.7")
gluc_res_post <- c("norm", "no", "norm")</pre>
df <- data.frame(</pre>
  id, age, sex,
  bio_date_post,
  gluc_post, gluc_res_post,
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
crfs <- system.file("forms", package = "dmtools")</pre>
result <- rename_dataset(df, crfs, "old_name", "new_name")</pre>
result[["data"]]
```

16 short

short

Create object short

Description

Create object short

Usage

```
short(
   file,
   id,
   name_to_find,
   common_cols = NULL,
   extra = NULL,
   is_post = T,
   is_add_cols = F
)
```

Arguments

file A character scalar. Path to the excel table.

id A column name of the subject id in the dataset, without quotes.

name_to_find A character scalar. For search prefixes or postfixes.

common_cols A character vector. A column names in the dataset, which common for all

events.

extra A character scalar. For additional information.

is_post A logical scalar, default is TRUE. True is postfix, otherwise, prefix.

is_add_cols A logical scalar, default is FALSE. If necessary add columns.

Value

The object short.

```
obj_short <- short("preg.xlsx", id, "res", c("site", "sex"))
obj_short <- short("labs.xlsx", id, "name_labs", c("site"), "human_name")</pre>
```

to_dbl 17

to_dbl

Cast to double type

Description

Cast to double type

Usage

```
to_dbl(vals)
```

Arguments

vals

A character or double vector.

Value

A double vector.

to_long

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Description

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Usage

```
to_long(obj, dataset, row_file, part)
```

Arguments

obj An object for check.

dataset A data frame.

row_file A data frame. A data frame with parameters.

part A character scalar. Prefixes or postfixes.

Value

A data frame. The part of final result.

to_long.lab

tο	long	· da	te
LU_	TOLIE	, . ua	LC

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Description

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'date'
to_long(obj, dataset, row_file, date)
```

Arguments

obj An object for validation. dataset A data frame. Class date.

row_file A data frame. A data frame with analysis parameters.

date A column name with dates.

Value

A data frame. Result of the date's validation.

to_long.lab

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Description

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lab'
to_long(obj, dataset, row_file, part)
```

Arguments

obj An object. Class lab.

dataset A data frame.

row_file A data frame. A data frame with parameters.

A character scalar. Prefixes or postfixes.

Value

A data frame. The part of the final result.

to_long.short

|--|

Description

Reshape the dataset to a long view

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'short'
to_long(obj, dataset, row_file, part)
```

Arguments

obj An object. Class short.

dataset A data frame.

row_file A data frame. A data frame with parameters.

part A character scalar. Prefixes or postfixes.

Value

A data frame. The part of the final result.

Index

```
add\_cols, 2
calc_diff, 3
check, 3
{\tt check.default,4}
choose_test, 5
choose_test.date, 6
choose_test.lab, 7
create_spec, 8
date, 8
dmtools, 9
find_colnames, 9
\verb|find_colnames.date|, 10
{\tt find\_colnames.default, 10}
get_result, 11
1ab, 12
list_parse, 13
meddra_auth, 13
meddra\_post, 14
rename_dataset, 14
short, 16
to_dbl, 17
to_long, 17
\texttt{to\_long.date}, \, 18
\texttt{to\_long.lab}, \textcolor{red}{18}
to_long.short, 19
```