Package 'boilerplate'

June 24, 2025
Title Managing and Compiling Manuscript Templates
Version 1.3.0
Author Joseph Bulbulia [aut, cre] (ORCID: https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5861-2056)
Maintainer Joseph Bulbulia <joseph.bulbulia@gmail.com></joseph.bulbulia@gmail.com>
Description Managing and generating standardised text for methods and results sections of scientific reports. It handles template variable substitution and supports hierarchical organisation of text through dot-separated paths. The package supports both RDS and JSON database for mats, enabling version control and cross-language compatibility.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
Depends R (>= 4.1)
Imports cli, digest, jsonlite, jsonvalidate, tools, utils
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)
VignetteBuilder knitr
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
<pre>URL https://go-bayes.github.io/boilerplate/, https://github.com/go-bayes/boilerplate</pre>
BugReports https://github.com/go-bayes/boilerplate/issues
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2025-06-24 09:10:06 UTC
Contents
boilerplate_add_bibliography

 • • •	 	 49
		 49
		 47
		 47
		 46
		 44
		 44
		 40
		 39 40
		31 39
		 37
		36
		35
		 33
		32
		31
		 24
		 22
		16 18
		 15

 ${\tt boilerplate_add_bibliography}$

Add Bibliography to Database

Description

Adds or updates bibliography information in a boilerplate database.

Usage

boilerplate_add_bibliography(db, url, local_path = NULL, validate = TRUE)

boilerplate_appendix 3

Arguments

db Database object

url URL to the bibliography file

local_path Local filename to use when copying (default: basename of URL)

validate Whether to validate citations on updates

Value

Updated database object

Examples

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Initialise and import
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Add bibliography
# Using the example bibliography included with the package
example_bib <- system.file("extdata", "example_references.bib", package = "boilerplate")
db <- boilerplate_add_bibliography(</pre>
  url = paste0("file://", example_bib),
  local_path = "references.bib"
)
# Save the updated database
boilerplate_save(db, data_path = temp_dir, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

Description

This function extracts and returns the appendix portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific appendix section by name using dot notation.

Usage

```
boilerplate_appendix(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database containing appendix content

Character. Optional specific appendix section to retrieve using dot notation (e.g.,

"supplementary.tables" for nested content)

Details

Access Appendix from Unified Database

Value

List or character. The requested appendix database or specific section. If name is NULL, returns the entire appendix database. If name is specified, returns the content at that path.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_appendix_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise with default appendix content
boilerplate_init(
  categories = "appendix",
  data_path = data_path,
  create_dirs = TRUE,
  create_empty = FALSE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all appendix sections
appendix_db <- boilerplate_appendix(unified_db)</pre>
names(appendix_db)
# Get a specific appendix section (if it exists)
if ("appendix" %in% names(unified_db) && length(unified_db$appendix) > 0) {
  section_names <- names(unified_db$appendix)</pre>
  if (length(section_names) > 0) {
    first_section <- boilerplate_appendix(unified_db, section_names[1])</pre>
  }
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_appendix_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

```
boilerplate_batch_clean
```

Batch Clean Fields in boilerplate Database

Description

This function allows batch cleaning of text fields by removing or replacing specific characters or patterns across multiple entries in a boilerplate database.

Usage

```
boilerplate_batch_clean(
   db,
   field,
   remove_chars = NULL,
   replace_pairs = NULL,
   trim_whitespace = TRUE,
   collapse_spaces = FALSE,
   target_entries = NULL,
   exclude_entries = NULL,
   category = NULL,
   recursive = TRUE,
   preview = FALSE,
   confirm = TRUE,
   quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
db
                  List. The database to clean (can be a single category or unified database).
                   Character. The field to clean (e.g., "reference", "description").
field
                   Character vector. Characters to remove from text fields.
remove_chars
                  List. Named list for replacements (e.g., list(" " = "_")).
replace_pairs
trim_whitespace
                  Logical. Whether to trim leading/trailing whitespace.
collapse_spaces
                   Logical. Whether to collapse multiple spaces to single space.
target_entries Character vector. Entries to clean. Can be:
                     • Specific entry names (e.g., c("ban_hate_speech", "born_nz"))
                     • Patterns with wildcards (e.g., "anxiety*")
                     • "all" to clean all entries
                     • NULL to clean all entries with the specified field
```

exclude_entries

Character vector. Entries to exclude from cleaning. Can use specific names or wildcard patterns like target_entries

category Character. If db is unified, specifies which category to clean.

recursive Logical. Whether to search recursively through nested structures.

preview Logical. If TRUE, shows what would be changed without making changes.

confirm Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation before making changes.

quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses non-essential messages.

Value

The modified database.

```
# First create a sample database
unified_db <- list(</pre>
 measures = list(
    test1 = list(reference = "@Smith2023[p.45]"),
    test2 = list(reference = "Jones[2022]")
  )
)
# Remove @, [, and ] from all references
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_clean(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  category = "measures"
# Clean all entries EXCEPT specific ones
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_clean(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  exclude_entries = c("forgiveness", "special_measure"),
  category = "measures"
)
# Clean specific entries only
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_clean(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  target_entries = c("ban_hate_speech", "born_nz"),
  category = "measures"
)
# Clean all entries starting with "emp_" except "emp_special"
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_clean(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference"
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
```

boilerplate_batch_edit

```
target_entries = "emp_*",
  exclude_entries = "emp_special",
  category = "measures"
)
# Replace characters and clean
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_clean(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  replace_pairs = list(" " = "_", "." = ""),
  trim_whitespace = TRUE,
  category = "measures"
# Preview changes first
boilerplate_batch_clean(
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  remove_chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  exclude_entries = "forgiveness",
  category = "measures",
  preview = TRUE
)
```

boilerplate_batch_edit

Batch Edit Fields in boilerplate Database

Description

This function allows batch editing of specific fields across multiple entries in a boilerplate database. It supports pattern matching, explicit lists, and various editing operations.

Usage

```
boilerplate_batch_edit(
   db,
   field,
   new_value,
   target_entries = NULL,
   match_pattern = NULL,
   match_values = NULL,
   category = NULL,
   recursive = TRUE,
   case_sensitive = FALSE,
   preview = FALSE,
```

```
confirm = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

db List or character. The database to edit (can be a single category or unified

database), or a file path to a JSON/RDS database file which will be loaded auto-

matically.

field Character. The field to edit (e.g., "reference", "description").

new_value Character. The new value to set for the field. target_entries Character vector. Entries to edit. Can be:

• Specific entry names (e.g., c("ban_hate_speech", "born_nz"))

• Patterns with wildcards (e.g., "anxiety*" matches all entries starting with

"anxiety")

• "all" to edit all entries

• NULL to use pattern/value matching

match_pattern Character. Pattern to match in the current field values. Only entries with match-

ing values will be updated. Ignored if target_entries is specified.

match_values Character vector. Specific values to match. Only entries with these exact values

will be updated. Ignored if target_entries is specified.

category Character. If db is unified, specifies which category to edit (e.g., "measures",

"methods"). If NULL, attempts to detect.

recursive Logical. Whether to search recursively through nested structures.

case_sensitive Logical. Whether pattern matching is case sensitive.

preview Logical. If TRUE, shows what would be changed without making changes.

confirm Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation before making changes.

quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses non-essential messages.

Value

The modified database (invisibly if preview=TRUE).

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_batch_edit_example", "data")
# Initialise database with default content
boilerplate_init(
   categories = "measures",
   data_path = data_path,
   create_dirs = TRUE,
   create_empty = FALSE,
   confirm = FALSE,</pre>
```

boilerplate_batch_edit

```
quiet = TRUE
# Load database
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Example 1: Change specific references
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_edit(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  new_value = "example2024",
  target_entries = c("anxiety", "depression"),
  category = "measures",
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
# Check the changes
unified_db$measures$anxiety$reference
# Example 2: Preview changes before applying
boilerplate_batch_edit(
  db = unified_db,
  field = "waves",
  new_value = "1-5",
  target_entries = "anxiety*", # All entries starting with "anxiety"
  category = "measures",
  preview = TRUE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Example 3: Load database directly from file
# First save the database to a JSON file
json_file <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_unified.json")</pre>
boilerplate_save(unified_db, format = "json", data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)
# Now edit directly from the file
db <- boilerplate_batch_edit(</pre>
  db = json_file, # File path instead of database object
  field = "description",
  new_value = "Updated description",
  target_entries = "anxiety",
  category = "measures",
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_batch_edit_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

```
boilerplate\_batch\_edit\_multi\\ Batch\ Edit\ Multiple\ Fields\ at\ Once
```

Description

This function allows editing multiple fields across multiple entries in a single operation.

Usage

```
boilerplate_batch_edit_multi(
  db,
  edits,
  category = NULL,
  preview = FALSE,
  confirm = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

db	List. The database to edit.
edits	List of lists. Each sub-list should contain:
	• field: The field to edit
	 new_value: The new value
	• target_entries: Which entries to edit (optional)
	• match_pattern: Pattern to match (optional)
	• match_values: Values to match (optional)
category	Character. Category to edit if db is unified.
preview	Logical. If TRUE, shows what would be changed.
confirm	Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation.
quiet	Logical. If TRUE, suppresses messages.

Value

List. The modified database with the batch edits applied.

```
# First create a sample database
unified_db <- list(
  measures = list(
    ban_hate_speech = list(reference = "old_ref", waves = "1-10"),
  born_nz = list(reference = "old_ref", waves = "1-10")
)</pre>
```

```
)
# Update multiple fields for specific entries
unified_db <- boilerplate_batch_edit_multi(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  edits = list(
    list(
      field = "reference",
      new_value = "sibley2021",
      target_entries = c("ban_hate_speech", "born_nz")
    ),
    list(
      field = "waves",
      new_value = "1-15",
      target_entries = c("ban_hate_speech", "born_nz")
    )
  ),
  category = "measures"
```

boilerplate_check_health

Check Database Health

Description

Performs comprehensive health checks on a boilerplate database to identify potential issues such as orphaned variables, empty entries, and structural problems. Can optionally generate a detailed report.

Usage

```
boilerplate_check_health(db, fix = FALSE, report = NULL, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

db	List. The database to check (can be unified or single category).
fix	Logical. If TRUE, attempts to fix issues where possible. Default FALSE.
report	Character or NULL. If a file path is provided, saves a detailed report. If "text", returns the report as a character string. If NULL (default), returns the health check object.
quiet	Logical. If TRUE, suppresses non-critical messages. Default FALSE.

Value

Depends on the report parameter:

- If report = NULL: A list with class "boilerplate_health" containing summary, issues, stats, and fixed items
- If report = "text": A character string containing the detailed report
- If report is a file path: Invisibly returns the file path after saving report

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Initialise and import database
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, create_dirs = TRUE,
                  confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Check database health
health <- boilerplate_check_health(db)</pre>
print(health)
# Generate text report
report_text <- boilerplate_check_health(db, report = "text")</pre>
cat(report_text)
# Save report to file
report_file <- file.path(temp_dir, "health_report.txt")</pre>
boilerplate_check_health(db, report = report_file)
# Check and fix issues
health <- boilerplate_check_health(db, fix = TRUE)
# Get the fixed database
if (health$summary$issues_fixed > 0) {
  db <- attr(health, "fixed_db")</pre>
}
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

Description

Copies the bibliography file from cache to a specified directory, typically for use with Quarto documents.

Usage

```
boilerplate_copy_bibliography(
  db,
  target_dir = ".",
  overwrite = TRUE,
  update_first = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

db	Database object containing bibliography information
target_dir	Directory to copy the bibliography file to. Default is current directory.
overwrite	Logical. Whether to overwrite existing file
update_first	Logical. Whether to update from remote before copying
quiet	Logical. Suppress messages

Value

Path to the copied bibliography file, or NULL if operation failed

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(temp_dir)

# Initialise and import
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)

# Copy bibliography
boilerplate_copy_bibliography(db, temp_dir)

# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
boilerplate_copy_from_project

Copy Elements from One Project to Another
```

Description

This function allows selective copying of boilerplate elements from one project to another, enabling controlled sharing of content between projects.

Usage

```
boilerplate_copy_from_project(
  from_project,
  to_project,
  paths = NULL,
  prefix = NULL,
  data_path = NULL,
  merge_strategy = c("skip", "overwrite", "rename"),
  confirm = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
from_project
                  Character. Name of the source project.
                  Character. Name of the destination project.
to_project
paths
                  Character vector. Paths to copy (e.g., c("measures.anxiety", "methods.sampling")).
                  If NULL, copies everything (requires confirmation).
prefix
                  Character. Optional prefix to add to copied entries to avoid conflicts. For exam-
                  ple, prefix = "colleague_" would rename "anxiety" to "colleague_anxiety".
                  Character. Base path for boilerplate data. If NULL, uses default location.
data_path
merge_strategy Character. How to handle conflicts: "skip", "overwrite", or "rename".
confirm
                  Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation. Default is TRUE.
                  Logical. If TRUE, suppresses messages. Default is FALSE.
quiet
```

Value

Invisibly returns the updated database from the destination project.

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(temp_dir)</pre>
```

boilerplate_discussion 15

```
# Initialise two projects
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, project = "colleague_measures",
                 create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, project = "my_research",
                 create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
# Add some content to source project
source_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir,</pre>
                                 project = "colleague_measures", quiet = TRUE)
source_db$measures$anxiety <- list(name = "Anxiety Scale", items = 10)</pre>
source_db$measures$depression <- list(name = "Depression Scale", items = 20)</pre>
boilerplate_save(source_db, data_path = temp_dir,
                 project = "colleague_measures", confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
# Copy specific measures from colleague's project
boilerplate_copy_from_project(
 from_project = "colleague_measures",
 to_project = "my_research",
 paths = c("measures.anxiety", "measures.depression"),
 prefix = "smith_",
 data_path = temp_dir,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_discussion

Access Discussion Content

Description

This function extracts and returns the discussion portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific discussion section by name using dot notation.

Usage

```
boilerplate_discussion(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database containing discussion content

name Character. Optional specific discussion section to retrieve using dot notation

(e.g., "limitations.statistical" for nested content)

16 boilerplate_export

Details

Access Discussion from Unified Database

Value

List or character. The requested discussion database or specific section. If name is NULL, returns the entire discussion database. If name is specified, returns the content at that path.

Examples

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_discussion_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise with default discussion content
boilerplate_init(
 categories = "discussion",
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all discussion sections
discussion_db <- boilerplate_discussion(unified_db)</pre>
names(discussion_db)
# Get a specific discussion section (if it exists)
if ("discussion" %in% names(unified_db) && length(unified_db$discussion) > 0) {
 section_names <- names(unified_db$discussion)</pre>
 if (length(section_names) > 0) {
    first_section <- boilerplate_discussion(unified_db, section_names[1])</pre>
 }
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_discussion_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_export

Export boilerplate Database

Description

This function exports a boilerplate database or selected elements to disk. It supports exporting entire databases, specific categories, or selected elements using dot notation paths. Can export in RDS, JSON, or both formats.

boilerplate_export 17

Usage

```
boilerplate_export(
   db,
   output_file = NULL,
   select_elements = NULL,
   data_path = NULL,
   format = "rds",
   confirm = TRUE,
   create_dirs = FALSE,
   quiet = FALSE,
   pretty = TRUE,
   save_by_category = TRUE,
   project = "default"
)
```

Arguments

db List. The database to export (unified or single category).

output_file Character. Optional output filename. If NULL, uses default naming.

select_elements

Character vector. Optional paths to export (supports wildcards).

data_path Character. Base path for data directory. If NULL (default), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate",

"data").

format Character. Format to save: "rds" (default), "json", or "both".

confirm Logical. If TRUE (default), asks for confirmation before overwriting.

create_dirs Logical. If TRUE, creates directories if they don't exist.

quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE.

pretty Logical. If TRUE (default), pretty-print JSON for readability.

save_by_category

Logical. If TRUE (default), saves unified databases by category.

project Character. Project name for organizing databases. Default is "default". Projects

are stored in separate subdirectories to allow multiple independent boilerplate

collections.

Value

Invisible TRUE if successful.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise databases
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_export_example", "data")
# Initialise and import databases
boilerplate_init(</pre>
```

```
categories = c("methods", "measures"),
  data_path = data_path,
  create_dirs = TRUE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Export entire database
export_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "export")</pre>
boilerplate_export(
  db = unified_db,
  data_path = export_path,
  create_dirs = TRUE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Export selected elements
boilerplate_export(
  db = unified_db,
  select_elements = "methods.*",
  output_file = "methods_only.rds",
  data_path = export_path,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_export_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_find_chars

Find Entries with Specific Characters in Fields

Description

This helper function finds all entries containing specific characters in a field. Useful for identifying which entries need cleaning.

Usage

```
boilerplate_find_chars(
   db,
   field,
   chars,
   exclude_entries = NULL,
   category = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
db List. The database to search.

field Character. The field to check.

chars Character vector. Characters to search for.

exclude_entries
Character vector. Entries to exclude from results.

category Character. Category if db is unified.
```

Value

A named list of entries containing the specified characters.

```
# First create a sample database
unified_db <- list(</pre>
 measures = list(
    test1 = list(reference = "@Smith2023[p.45]"),
    test2 = list(reference = "Jones (2022)"),
    test3 = list(reference = "Brown[2021]")
  )
)
# Find all entries with @, [, or ] in references
entries_to_clean <- boilerplate_find_chars(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  category = "measures"
)
# Find entries but exclude specific ones
entries_to_clean <- boilerplate_find_chars(</pre>
  db = unified_db,
  field = "reference",
  chars = c("@", "[", "]"),
  exclude_entries = c("forgiveness", "special_*"),
  category = "measures"
)
```

Description

This function generates formatted markdown text describing measures in a study. It creates a simple output with customisable heading levels, focusing on presenting measure information in a clean, consistent format.

Usage

```
boilerplate_generate_measures(
  variable_heading,
  variables,
  db,
  heading_level = 3,
  subheading_level = 4,
  print_waves = FALSE,
  print_keywords = FALSE,
  appendices_measures = NULL,
  label_mappings = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE,
  sample_items = FALSE,
  table_format = FALSE,
  check_completeness = FALSE,
  extract_scale_info = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

variable_heading

Character. Heading for the variable section (e.g., "Exposure Variable", "Out-

come Variables").

variables Character vector. Names of the variables to include.

db List. Measures database. Can be either a measures database or a unified database.

If a unified database is provided, the measures category will be extracted.

heading_level Integer. Heading level for the section header (e.g., 2 for ##, 3 for ###). Default

is 3.

subheading_level

Integer. Heading level for individual variables (e.g., 3 for ###, 4 for ####).

Default is 4.

print_waves Logical. Whether to include wave information in the output. Default is FALSE.

print_keywords Logical. Whether to include keyword information in the output. Default is

FALSE.

appendices_measures

Character. Optional reference to appendices containing measure details.

label_mappings Named character vector. Mappings to transform variable names in the output.

quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE.

sample_items Integer or FALSE. If numeric (1-3), shows only that many sample items. Default

is FALSE (show all).

Value

Character string with formatted text describing the measures.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise databases
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_measures_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise measures database with default content
boilerplate_init(
 categories = "measures",
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Import the unified database
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
measures_db <- unified_db$measures</pre>
# Generate with sample items only
exposure_text <- boilerplate_generate_measures(</pre>
 variable_heading = "Exposure Variable",
 variables = "anxiety",
 db = measures_db,
 sample_items = 2, # Show only first 2 items
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Check the output
cat(substr(exposure_text, 1, 150), "...\n")
# Generate with table format for multiple variables
outcome_text <- boilerplate_generate_measures(</pre>
 variable_heading = "Outcome Variables",
 variables = c("anxiety", "depression"),
 db = measures_db,
 table_format = TRUE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
```

```
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_measures_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

```
boilerplate_generate_text
```

Generate Text from boilerplate

Description

This function generates text by retrieving and combining text from a boilerplate database. It allows for template variable substitution and customisation through overrides. Supports arbitrarily nested section paths using dot notation.

Usage

```
boilerplate_generate_text(
 category = c("measures", "methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "template"),
  sections,
  global_vars = list(),
  section_vars = list(),
  text_overrides = list(),
  db = NULL,
  data_path = NULL,
  warn_missing = TRUE,
  add_headings = FALSE,
  heading_level = "###",
  custom_headings = list(),
  quiet = FALSE,
  create_dirs = FALSE,
  confirm = TRUE,
  copy_bibliography = FALSE,
 bibliography_path = "."
)
```

Arguments

category	Character. Category of text to generate.
sections	Character vector. The sections to include (can use dot notation for nesting).
global_vars	List. Variables available to all sections.
section_vars	List. Section-specific variables.
text_overrides	List. Direct text overrides for specific sections.
db	List. Optional database to use. Can be either a category-specific database or a unified database. If a unified database is provided, the appropriate category will be extracted.

Character. Path to the directory where database files are stored. If NULL (dedata_path fault), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", "data"). Logical. Whether to warn about missing template variables. warn_missing add_headings Logical. Whether to add markdown headings to sections. Default is FALSE. heading_level Character. The heading level to use (e.g., "###"). Default is "###". custom_headings List. Custom headings for specific sections. Names should match section names. quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE. Logical. If TRUE, creates directories that don't exist. Default is FALSE. create_dirs confirm Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation before creating directories. Default is TRUE. copy_bibliography Logical. If TRUE, copies bibliography file to the project. Default is FALSE. bibliography_path Character. Directory to copy bibliography file to. Default is "." (current directory).

Value

Character. The combined text with optional headings.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise databases
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_text_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise with default content
boilerplate_init(
 categories = c("methods", "results"),
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Import the databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Basic usage with methods sections
methods_text <- boilerplate_generate_text(</pre>
 category = "methods",
 sections = c("sample"),
 global_vars = list(
    exposure_var = "political_conservative",
   population = "university students",
    timeframe = "2023-2024"
 ),
```

24 boilerplate_import

```
db = unified_db,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Check the output
cat(substr(methods_text, 1, 100), "...\n")
# Using with headings
methods_text <- boilerplate_generate_text(</pre>
 category = "methods",
 sections = c("sample"),
 global_vars = list(
    exposure_var = "treatment",
    timeframe = "2023-2024"
 ),
 db = unified_db,
 add_headings = TRUE,
 heading_level = "##",
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_text_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_import

Import boilerplate Database(s)

Description

This function imports one or more boilerplate databases from disk. It automatically detects the file format (RDS or JSON) based on file extension. The function can import from a directory (original behaviour) or from a specific file path (new).

Usage

```
boilerplate_import(
  category = NULL,
  data_path = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE,
  project = "default"
)
```

Arguments

category

Character or character vector. Category of database to import. Options include "measures", "methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "template". If NULL (default), imports all available categories as a unified database. Ignored if data_path points to a specific file.

boilerplate_import 25

data_path Character. Can be either:

• A directory path containing database files (original behaviour)

• A specific file path to import (e.g., "data/methods_db_20240115_143022.rds") If NULL (default), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", "data").

quiet Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE.

project Character. Project name for organizing databases. Default is "default". Projects

are stored in separate subdirectories to allow multiple independent boilerplate

collections.

Value

List. The imported database(s). If a single category was requested, returns that database. If multiple categories were requested, returns a unified database with each category as a named element.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise databases
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_import_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise some databases first
boilerplate_init(
 categories = c("methods", "measures"),
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases as unified (new default)
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)
names(unified_db)
# Access specific category
methods_db <- unified_db$methods</pre>
names(methods_db)
# Import from a specific file (e.g., timestamped or backup)
# First, save with timestamp to create a timestamped file
boilerplate_save(
 methods_db,
 category = "methods",
 data_path = data_path,
 timestamp = TRUE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# List files to see what's available
list.files(data_path, pattern = "methods.*\\.rds")
```

26 boilerplate_init

```
# Import the timestamped file directly
timestamped_file <- list.files(
   data_path,
   pattern = "methods.*_\\d{8}_\\d{6}\\.rds",
   full.names = TRUE
)[1]
if (length(timestamped_file) > 0 && file.exists(timestamped_file)) {
   methods_timestamped <- boilerplate_import(
        data_path = timestamped_file,
        quiet = TRUE
   )
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_import_example"), recursive = TRUE)</pre>
```

boilerplate_init

Initialise boilerplate Database

Description

This function initialises a boilerplate database. By default, it creates a single unified JSON database containing all categories. Legacy support for separate RDS files is maintained through the unified parameter.

Usage

```
boilerplate_init(
  categories = c("measures", "methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "template"),
  merge_strategy = c("keep_existing", "merge_recursive", "overwrite_all"),
  data_path = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE,
  dry_run = FALSE,
  create_dirs = FALSE,
  confirm = TRUE,
  create_empty = TRUE,
  format = "json",
  project = "default"
)
```

Arguments

```
categories Character vector. Categories to include in the database. Default is all categories:
"measures", "methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "template".

merge_strategy Character. How to merge with existing databases: "keep_existing", "merge_recursive", or "overwrite_all".
```

boilerplate_init 27

Character. Base path for data directory. If NULL (default), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", data_path "data"). Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE. quiet Logical. If TRUE, simulates the operation without writing files. Default is dry_run FALSE. create_dirs Logical. If TRUE, creates directories that don't exist. Default is FALSE. confirm Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation before making changes. Default is TRUE. Logical. If TRUE, creates empty database structures with just the template headcreate_empty ings. Default is TRUE. Set to FALSE to use default content. format Character. Format to save: "json" (default), "rds", or "both". project Character. Project name for organizing databases. Default is "default". Projects are stored in separate subdirectories to allow multiple independent boilerplate

Value

Invisibly returns TRUE if successful.

collections.

```
# Create a temporary directory for examples
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise unified JSON database (new default)
boilerplate_init(
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = TRUE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Check that unified JSON file was created
list.files(data_path)
# Initialise with default content in both formats
boilerplate_init(
 data_path = data_path,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 format = "both",
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

28 boilerplate_list_files

```
boilerplate_list_files
```

List Available boilerplate Database Files

Description

Lists all boilerplate database files in a directory, organised by type (standard, timestamped, or backup).

Usage

```
boilerplate_list_files(data_path = NULL, pattern = NULL, category = NULL)
```

Arguments

data_path Character. Path to the directory containing database files. If NULL (default),

uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", "data").

pattern Character. Optional regex pattern to filter files.

category Character. Optional category to filter results. Options include "measures",

"methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "template", or "unified".

Value

A list with class "boilerplate_files" containing:

standard Data frame of standard database files timestamped Data frame of timestamped versions

backups Data frame of backup files

other Data frame of other files that match the pattern

Each data frame contains columns: file, path, size, modified, format, base_name, timestamp, type, and category.

See Also

boilerplate_import for importing the listed files, boilerplate_restore_backup for restoring from backups.

boilerplate_list_projects

List Available Projects

Description

Lists all available boilerplate projects in the specified data path.

Usage

```
boilerplate_list_projects(data_path = NULL, details = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data_path Character. Base path for boilerplate data. If NULL, uses default location. details Logical. If TRUE, shows additional information about each project.

Value

Character vector of project names.

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Initialise some projects</pre>
```

30 boilerplate_measures

Description

This function extracts and returns the measures portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific measure by name.

Usage

```
boilerplate_measures(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database

name Character. Optional specific measure to retrieve

Value

List. The requested measures database or specific measure

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_measures_example", "data")
# Initialise with default measures
boilerplate_init(
   categories = "measures",
   data_path = data_path,
   create_dirs = TRUE,</pre>
```

```
create_empty = FALSE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all measures
measures_db <- boilerplate_measures(unified_db)</pre>
names(measures_db)
# Get a specific measure
if ("anxiety" %in% names(measures_db)) {
  anxiety_measure <- boilerplate_measures(unified_db, "anxiety")</pre>
  anxiety_measure$description
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_measures_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_measures_report

Report on Measure Database Quality

Description

Analyses a measures database and reports on completeness and consistency.

Usage

```
boilerplate_measures_report(db, measure_names = NULL, return_report = FALSE)
```

Arguments

db List. Measures database to analyse.

return_report Logical. If TRUE, returns a data frame report. Default is FALSE.

Value

If return_report is TRUE, returns a data frame with quality metrics.

32 boilerplate_methods

Examples

boilerplate_methods

Access Methods from Unified Database

Description

This function extracts and returns the methods portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific method by name.

Usage

```
boilerplate_methods(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database

name Character. Optional specific method to retrieve using dot notation

Value

List or character. The requested methods database or specific method

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_methods_example", "data")
# Initialise with default methods content</pre>
```

```
boilerplate_init(
 categories = "methods",
 data_path = data_path,
 create_dirs = TRUE,
 create_empty = FALSE,
 confirm = FALSE,
 quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all methods
methods_db <- boilerplate_methods(unified_db)</pre>
names(methods_db)
# Get a specific method using dot notation (if it exists)
if ("statistical" %in% names(methods_db) &&
    "longitudinal" %in% names(methods_db$statistical) &&
    "lmtp" %in% names(methods_db$statistical$longitudinal)) {
 lmtp_method <- boilerplate_methods(unified_db, "statistical.longitudinal.lmtp")</pre>
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_methods_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_migrate_to_json

Migration Utilities for RDS to JSON Conversion

Description

Functions to help migrate from individual RDS files to unified JSON structure Migrate boilerplate Database from RDS to JSON

Usage

```
boilerplate_migrate_to_json(
   source_path,
   output_path,
   format = c("unified", "separate"),
   validate = TRUE,
   backup = TRUE,
   quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

source_path Path to directory containing RDS files or single RDS file

output_path Path where JSON files should be saved

format Output format: "unified" (single JSON) or "separate" (one per category)
validate Logical. Validate against JSON schema after conversion? Default is TRUE.

backup Logical. Create backup of original files? Default is TRUE. quiet Logical. Suppress progress messages? Default is FALSE.

Details

Comprehensive migration tool that converts existing RDS-based boilerplate databases to JSON format. Supports both unified (single file) and separate (multiple files) output formats with optional schema validation.

The migration process:

- 1. Scans source directory for RDS files
- 2. Creates timestamped backup if requested
- 3. Converts RDS to JSON format
- 4. Validates against schema if requested
- 5. Reports results and any issues

The "unified" format creates a single JSON file containing all categories, which is recommended for version control and collaborative workflows.

Value

List with migration results containing:

- migrated: Character vector of successfully migrated files
- errors: List of any errors encountered during migration
- validation: Validation results if validate=TRUE

See Also

```
boilerplate_rds_to_json, validate_json_database
```

```
# Create temporary directories for example
source_dir <- tempfile()
output_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(source_dir)
dir.create(output_dir)

# Create sample RDS file
sample_db <- list(
   name = "Example Measure",</pre>
```

boilerplate_path_ops 35

```
description = "An example for migration",
  items = c("item1", "item2")
)
saveRDS(sample_db, file.path(source_dir, "measures_db.rds"))
# Migrate from RDS to JSON
results <- boilerplate_migrate_to_json(</pre>
  source_path = source_dir,
  output_path = output_dir,
  format = "unified",
  validate = FALSE
)
# Check results
if (length(results$errors) == 0) {
  message("Migration successful!")
} else {
  print(results$errors)
}
# Clean up
unlink(source_dir, recursive = TRUE)
unlink(output_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

Description

These functions manipulate databases using dot-separated paths, preserving nesting.

Usage

```
boilerplate_add_entry(db, path, value, auto_sort = TRUE)
boilerplate_update_entry(db, path, value, auto_sort = TRUE)
boilerplate_remove_entry(db, path, auto_sort = TRUE)
boilerplate_get_entry(db, path)
boilerplate_sort_db(db)
boilerplate_path_exists(db, path)
boilerplate_list_paths(db, prefix = "")
```

Arguments

db List. The database to examine.
path Character. Dot-separated path.

value Any. The value to set.

auto_sort Logical. Whether to auto-sort at each level. Default TRUE.

prefix Character. Optional prefix for path construction.

Value

Modified database (list).

Modified database (list).

Modified database (list).

The value at the specified path.

The sorted database.

Logical. TRUE if the path exists, FALSE otherwise.

Character vector of all available paths.

boilerplate_rds_to_json

Convert RDS Database to JSON

Description

Utility function to convert existing RDS databases to JSON format. Can convert a single file or batch convert all RDS files in a directory.

Usage

```
boilerplate_rds_to_json(
  input_path,
  output_path = NULL,
  pretty = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input_path Path to RDS file or directory containing RDS files

output_path Path to save JSON files. If NULL, saves in same location as input with .json

extension.

pretty Pretty print JSON for readability? Default is TRUE.

quiet Suppress messages? Default is FALSE.

Details

This function is useful for migrating existing RDS-based databases to the more portable JSON format. JSON files are human-readable, work well with version control, and can be used across different programming languages.

Value

Invisible TRUE on success

See Also

boilerplate_migrate_to_json for full migration workflow

Examples

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Create sample RDS file
sample_db <- list(methods = list(sampling = "Random sampling"))</pre>
saveRDS(sample_db, file.path(temp_dir, "methods_db.rds"))
# Convert single file
boilerplate_rds_to_json(file.path(temp_dir, "methods_db.rds"))
# Convert all RDS files in directory
boilerplate_rds_to_json(temp_dir)
# Convert to different location
output_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(output_dir)
boilerplate_rds_to_json(temp_dir, output_path = output_dir)
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
unlink(output_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_restore_backup

Restore Database from Backup

Description

Convenience function to restore a database from backup files. Can either import the backup for inspection or restore it as the current database.

Usage

```
boilerplate_restore_backup(
  category = NULL,
  backup_version = NULL,
  data_path = NULL,
  restore = FALSE,
  confirm = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

category	Character. Category to restore, or NULL for unified database.
backup_version	Character. Specific backup timestamp (format: "YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS"), or NULL to use the latest backup.
data_path	Character. Path to directory containing backup files. If NULL (default), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", "data").
restore	Logical. If TRUE, saves the backup as the current standard file (overwrites existing). If FALSE (default), just returns the backup content.
confirm	Logical. If TRUE (default), asks for confirmation before overwriting. Ignored if restore = FALSE.
quiet	Logical. If TRUE, suppresses messages. Default is FALSE.

Value

The restored database (invisibly if restore = TRUE).

See Also

boilerplate_list_files to see available backups, boilerplate_import for general import functionality.

boilerplate_results 39

boilerplate_results

Access Results from Unified Database

Description

This function extracts and returns the results portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific result section by name using dot notation.

Usage

```
boilerplate_results(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database

name Character. Optional specific result section to retrieve (supports dot notation)

Value

List or character. The requested results database or specific section

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_results_example", "data")
# Initialise with default results
boilerplate_init(
   categories = "results",
   data_path = data_path,</pre>
```

40 boilerplate_save

```
create_dirs = TRUE,
  create_empty = FALSE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)

# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)

# Get all results sections
results_db <- boilerplate_results(unified_db)
names(results_db)

# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_results_example"), recursive = TRUE)</pre>
```

boilerplate_save

Save boilerplate Database

Description

This function saves a boilerplate database to disk in RDS, JSON, or both formats.

Usage

```
boilerplate_save(
  db,
  category = NULL,
  data_path = NULL,
  format = "json",
  confirm = TRUE,
  create_dirs = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE,
  pretty = TRUE,
  timestamp = FALSE,
  entry_level_confirm = TRUE,
  create_backup = NULL,
  select_elements = NULL,
 output_file = NULL,
  project = "default"
)
```

Arguments

ab

List. The database to save. Can be a single category database or unified database.

category

Character. The category name if saving a single category. If NULL and db contains multiple categories, saves as unified database.

boilerplate_save 41

data_path	Character. Base path for data directory. If NULL (default), uses tools::R_user_dir("boilerplate", "data").	
format	Character. Format to save: "json" (default), "rds", or "both".	
confirm	Logical. If TRUE, asks for confirmation. Default is TRUE.	
create_dirs	Logical. If TRUE, creates directories if they don't exist. Default is FALSE.	
quiet	Logical. If TRUE, suppresses all CLI alerts. Default is FALSE.	
pretty	Logical. If TRUE (default), pretty-print JSON for readability.	
timestamp	Logical. If TRUE, add timestamp to filename. Default is FALSE.	
entry_level_confirm		
	Logical. Not used, kept for backward compatibility.	
create_backup	Logical. If TRUE, creates a backup before saving. Default is TRUE unless running examples or in a temporary directory.	
select_elements		
	Character vector. Not used, kept for backward compatibility.	
output_file	Character. Not used, kept for backward compatibility.	
project	Character. Project name for organizing databases. Default is "default". Projects are stored in separate subdirectories to allow multiple independent boilerplate collections.	

Value

Invisible TRUE if successful, with saved file paths as an attribute.

```
# Create a temporary directory
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_save_example", "data")</pre>
# Create a test database
test_db <- list(</pre>
  methods = list(
    sample = list(default = "Sample text")
 ),
  measures = list(
    test_measure = list(name = "Test", description = "A test measure")
  )
)
# Save as unified database
boilerplate_save(
 db = test_db,
  data_path = data_path,
  create_dirs = TRUE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
```

```
# Check that file was created
file.exists(file.path(data_path, "boilerplate_unified.rds"))

# Save a single category
boilerplate_save(
    db = test_db$methods,
    category = "methods",
    data_path = data_path,
    confirm = FALSE,
    quiet = TRUE
)

# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_save_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_standardise_measures

Standardise Measure Entries in Database

Description

This function standardises measure entries by extracting scale information, identifying reversed items, cleaning descriptions, and ensuring consistent structure.

Usage

```
boilerplate_standardise_measures(
   db,
   measure_names = NULL,
   extract_scale = TRUE,
   identify_reversed = TRUE,
   clean_descriptions = TRUE,
   ensure_structure = TRUE,
   standardise_references = TRUE,
   json_compatible = FALSE,
   verbose = FALSE,
   quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
db List. Either a single measure or a measures database to standardise.

measure_names Character vector. Specific measures to standardise. If NULL, processes all.

extract_scale Logical. Extract scale information from descriptions. Default is TRUE.

identify_reversed
```

Logical. Identify reversed items. Default is TRUE.

Value

List. The standardised measure(s) or database.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_standardise_example", "data")</pre>
# Initialise database
boilerplate_init(
  categories = "measures",
  data_path = data_path,
  create_dirs = TRUE,
  create_empty = FALSE,
  confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Import database
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Standardise all measures in database
unified_db$measures <- boilerplate_standardise_measures(</pre>
  unified_db$measures,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Standardise with JSON compatibility
unified_db$measures <- boilerplate_standardise_measures(</pre>
  unified_db$measures,
  json_compatible = TRUE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Check that standardisation worked
names(unified_db$measures$anxiety)
```

44 boilerplate_template

```
# Standardise specific measures only
unified_db$measures <- boilerplate_standardise_measures(
   unified_db$measures,
   measure_names = c("anxiety", "depression"),
   quiet = TRUE
)
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_standardise_example"), recursive = TRUE)</pre>
```

Description

This function extracts and returns the template portion of a unified database, optionally retrieving a specific template by name.

Usage

```
boilerplate_template(unified_db, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

unified_db List. The unified boilerplate database containing template content name Character. Optional specific template to retrieve by name

Details

Access Templates from Unified Database

Value

List or character. The requested template database or specific template. If name is NULL, returns the entire template database. If name is specified, returns the template with that name.

```
# Create a temporary directory and initialise database
temp_dir <- tempdir()
data_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_template_example", "data")
# Initialise with default template content
boilerplate_init(
   categories = "template",
   data_path = data_path,
   create_dirs = TRUE,
   create_empty = FALSE,</pre>
```

```
confirm = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
# Import all databases
unified_db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = data_path, quiet = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all templates
template_db <- boilerplate_template(unified_db)</pre>
names(template_db)
# Get a specific template (if it exists)
if ("template" %in% names(unified_db) && length(unified_db$template) > 0) {
  template_names <- names(unified_db$template)</pre>
  if (length(template_names) > 0) {
    first_template <- boilerplate_template(unified_db, template_names[1])</pre>
}
# Clean up
unlink(file.path(temp_dir, "boilerplate_template_example"), recursive = TRUE)
```

boilerplate_update_bibliography

Update Bibliography from Remote Source

Description

Downloads and caches a bibliography file from a remote URL specified in the database.

Usage

```
boilerplate_update_bibliography(
  db,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  force = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

db	Database object containing bibliography information
cache_dir	Directory to cache the bibliography file. Default uses tools:: $R_user_dir("boilerplate", "cache")$
force	Logical. Force re-download even if cached file exists
quiet	Logical. Suppress messages

Value

Path to the local bibliography file, or NULL if no bibliography specified

Examples

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(temp_dir)

# Initialise and import
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)

# Update bibliography
bib_file <- boilerplate_update_bibliography(db)

# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)</pre>
```

boilerplate_validate_references

Validate References in boilerplate Database

Description

Checks that all citations in the boilerplate text exist in the bibliography file.

Usage

```
boilerplate_validate_references(
  db,
  bib_file = NULL,
  categories = c("methods", "results", "discussion", "appendix"),
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

db Database object to validate

bib_file Path to bibliography file. If NULL, will try to download from database categories Character vector of categories to check. Default is all text categories.

quiet Logical. Suppress detailed messages

Value

List with validation results including used keys, available keys, and missing keys

compare_rds_json 47

Examples

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()
dir.create(temp_dir)

# Initialise and import
boilerplate_init(data_path = temp_dir, create_dirs = TRUE, confirm = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
db <- boilerplate_import(data_path = temp_dir, quiet = TRUE)

# Validate references
validation <- boilerplate_validate_references(db)
if (length(validation$missing) > 0) {
   warning("Missing references: ", paste(validation$missing, collapse = ", "))
}

# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

compare_rds_json

Compare RDS and JSON Databases

Description

Compares RDS and JSON database files to verify migration accuracy and identify any differences in structure or content.

Usage

```
compare_rds_json(rds_path, json_path, ignore_meta = TRUE)
```

Arguments

rds_path Path to RDS file json_path Path to JSON file

ignore_meta Logical. Ignore metadata fields (those starting with underscore)? Default is

TRUE.

Details

This function performs a deep comparison of database structures, checking:

- Data types match between formats
- All keys/fields are present in both versions
- Values are equivalent (accounting for format differences)

Useful for verifying that migration from RDS to JSON preserves all data and structure correctly.

48 compare_rds_json

Value

List of differences, each containing:

- path: Location of difference in database structure
- type: Type of difference (type_mismatch, missing_in_json, missing_in_rds, value_mismatch)
- Additional fields depending on difference type

See Also

```
boilerplate_migrate_to_json, boilerplate_rds_to_json
```

```
# Create temporary directories for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Create sample RDS database
sample_db <- list(</pre>
 methods = list(
    sampling = "Random sampling",
    analysis = "Regression analysis"
 )
)
rds_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "methods_db.rds")</pre>
saveRDS(sample_db, rds_path)
# Convert to JSON
json_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "methods_db.json")</pre>
boilerplate_rds_to_json(rds_path, quiet = TRUE)
# Compare original and migrated databases
differences <- compare_rds_json(rds_path, json_path)</pre>
if (length(differences) == 0) {
 message("Migration successful - databases are equivalent!")
 # Review differences
 for (diff in differences) {
    cat(sprintf("Difference at %s: %s\n", diff$path, diff$type))
}
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

print.boilerplate_files 49

```
print.boilerplate_files
```

Print Method for boilerplate_files

Description

Print Method for boilerplate_files

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'boilerplate_files'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x A boilerplate_files object from boilerplate_list_files

... Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

Invisible NULL. Information is printed to the console.

```
validate_json_database
```

Validate JSON Database Against Schema

Description

Validates a JSON database file against the appropriate JSON schema to ensure data integrity and structure compliance.

Usage

```
validate_json_database(json_file, type = "unified")
```

Arguments

json_file Path to JSON file to validate

type Database type ("methods", "measures", "results", "discussion", "appendix", "tem-

plate", "unified"). Default is "unified".

Details

Uses JSON Schema Draft 7 for validation via the jsonvalidate package. Schemas define required fields, data types, and structure for each database type. This ensures consistency across different database files and helps catch errors early.

If jsonvalidate is not installed, validation is skipped with a message.

Value

Character vector of validation errors (empty if valid)

See Also

```
boilerplate_migrate_to_json
```

```
# Create temporary directory for example
temp_dir <- tempfile()</pre>
dir.create(temp_dir)
# Create sample JSON database
sample_db <- list(</pre>
  measures = list(
    anxiety = list(name = "Anxiety Scale", items = 10)
)
json_path <- file.path(temp_dir, "measures_db.json")</pre>
if (requireNamespace("jsonlite", quietly = TRUE)) {
  jsonlite::write_json(sample_db, json_path)
  # Validate a measures database
  errors <- validate_json_database(json_path, "measures")</pre>
  if (length(errors) == 0) {
    message("Database is valid!")
  } else {
    cat("Validation errors:\n", paste(errors, collapse = "\n"))
  }
}
# Clean up
unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE)
```

Index

<pre>boilerplate_add_bibliography, 2</pre>	boilerplate_standardise_measures,42		
boilerplate_add_entry	<pre>boilerplate_template, 44</pre>		
<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>	boilerplate_update_bibliography,45		
boilerplate_appendix, 3	<pre>boilerplate_update_entry</pre>		
<pre>boilerplate_batch_clean, 5</pre>	<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>		
<pre>boilerplate_batch_edit, 7</pre>	<pre>boilerplate_validate_references, 46</pre>		
<pre>boilerplate_batch_edit_multi, 10</pre>			
boilerplate_check_health, 11	compare_rds_json,47		
<pre>boilerplate_copy_bibliography, 12</pre>	nnint hailannlata filas 40		
<pre>boilerplate_copy_from_project, 14</pre>	print.boilerplate_files,49		
boilerplate_discussion, 15	validate_json_database, 34, 49		
boilerplate_export, 16	variate_joon_aatabase, 57, 15		
boilerplate_find_chars, 18			
boilerplate_generate_measures, 19			
boilerplate_generate_text, 22			
boilerplate_get_entry			
(boilerplate_path_ops), 35			
boilerplate_import, 24, 28, 38			
boilerplate_init, 26			
boilerplate_list_files, 28, 38, 49			
boilerplate_list_paths			
<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>			
boilerplate_list_projects, 29			
boilerplate_measures, 30			
<pre>boilerplate_measures_report, 31</pre>			
boilerplate_methods, 32			
boilerplate_migrate_to_json, 33, 37, 48,			
50			
boilerplate_path_exists			
<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>			
boilerplate_path_ops, 35			
boilerplate_rds_to_json, 34, 36, 48			
boilerplate_remove_entry			
<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>			
boilerplate_restore_backup, 28, 37			
boilerplate_results, 39			
boilerplate_save, 40			
boilerplate_sort_db			
<pre>(boilerplate_path_ops), 35</pre>			