Package 'loggit2'

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Title	Easy-to-Use, Dependencyless Logger
	iption An easy-to-use 'ndjson' (newline-delimited 'JSON') logger. It provides a set of wrappers for base R's message(), warning(), and stop() functions that maintain identical functionality, but also log the handler message to an 'ndjson' log file. No change in existing code is necessary to use this package, and only a few additional adjustments are needed to fully utilize its potential.
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```

convert_to_csv

Write log to csv file

Description

Creates a csv file from the ndjson log file.

Usage

Index

```
convert_to_csv(
   file,
   logfile = get_logfile(),
   unsanitize = FALSE,
   last_first = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

```
file Path to write csv file to.

logfile Path to log file to read from.

unsanitize Should escaped special characters be unescaped?

last_first Should the last log entry be the first row of the data frame?

... Additional arguments to pass to utils::write.csv().
```

Details

Unescaping of special characters can lead to unexpected results. Use unsanitize = TRUE with caution.

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Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    convert_to_csv("my_log.csv")

convert_to_csv("my_log.csv", logfile = "my_log.log", last_first = TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

get_echo

Get echo

Description

Get echo

Usage

get_echo()

Value

Logical. Are log messages echoed to stdout?

get_logfile

Get Log File

Description

Return the log file that loggit() will write to by default.

Usage

```
get_logfile()
```

Value

The log file path.

```
get_logfile()
```

get_log_level

Get Log Level

Description

Get Log Level

Usage

```
get_log_level()
```

Value

The log level.

get_timestamp_format Get Timestamp Format

Description

Get timestamp format for use in output logs.

Usage

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

Value

The timestamp format.

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

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loggit

Log messages and R objects

Description

Log messages and R objects to a ndjson log file.

Usage

```
loggit(
  log_lvl,
  log_msg,
  ...,
  echo = get_echo(),
  custom_log_lvl = FALSE,
  logfile = get_logfile(),
  ignore_log_level = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

log_lvl	Log level. A atomic vector of length one (usually character). Will be coerced to character.
log_msg	Log message. A atomic vector of length one (usually character). Will be coerced to character.
	Named arguments, each a atomic vector of length one, you wish to log. Will be coerced to character. The names of the arguments are treated as column names in the log.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?
custom_log_lvl	Allow log levels other than "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARN", and "ERROR"?
logfile	Path of log file to write to.
ignore_log_leve	
	Ignore the log level set by set_log_level()?

Value

Invisible NULL.

```
## Not run:
   loggit("DEBUG", "This is a message")
   loggit("INFO", "This is a message", echo = FALSE)
   loggit("CUSTOM", "This is a message of a custom log_lvl", custom_log_lvl = TRUE)
```

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```
loggit(
  "INFO", "This is a message", but_maybe = "you want more fields?",
  sure = "why not?", like = 2, or = 10, what = "ever"
)
## End(Not run)
```

message

Message Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's message, but it includes logging of the exception message via loggit().

Usage

```
message(..., domain = NULL, appendLF = TRUE, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or (for message only) a single condition object.

domain see gettext. If NA, messages will not be translated, see also the note in stop.

logical: should messages given as a character string have a newline appended?

Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by set_log_level() is used to determine if the condition should be logged.

Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

```
Other handlers: stop(), stopifnot(), warning()
```

```
## Not run:
    message("Don't say such silly things!")

message("Don't say such silly things!", appendLF = FALSE, echo = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

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read_logs	Get log as data.frame
-----------	-----------------------

Description

Returns a data. frame containing all the logs in the provided ndjson log file.

Usage

```
read_logs(logfile = get_logfile(), unsanitize = TRUE, last_first = FALSE)
```

Arguments

logfile Path to log file to read from.

unsanitize Should escaped special characters be unescaped?

last_first Should the last log entry be the first row of the data frame?

Details

read_logs() returns a data.frame with the empty character columns "timestamp", "log_lvl" and "log_msg" if the log file has no entries.

Value

A data. frame, with the columns as the fields in the log file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    read_logs()
    read_logs(last_first = TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

rotate_logs

Rotate log file

Description

Truncates the log file to the line count provided as rotate_lines.

Usage

```
rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 100000L, logfile = get_logfile())
```

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Arguments

 ${\tt rotate_lines}$ The number of log entries to keep in the logfile.

logfile Log file to truncate.

Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    rotate_logs()

    rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 0L)

    rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 1000L, logfile = "my_log.log")

## End(Not run)
```

set_echo

Set echo

Description

Set echo

Usage

```
set_echo(echo = TRUE, confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

echo Should log messages be echoed to stdout?

confirm Print confirmation message of echo setting?

Value

Invisible the previous echo setting.

```
## Not run:
    set_echo(TRUE)
    set_echo(FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

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set_logfile	Set Log File
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Description

Set the log file that loggit will write to by default.

Usage

```
set_logfile(logfile = NULL, confirm = TRUE, create = TRUE)
```

Arguments

logfile Absolut or relative path to log file. An attempt is made to convert the path into a canonical absolute form using normalizePath(). If NULL will set to <tmpdir>/loggit.log.

confirm Print confirmation of log file setting?

create Print confirmation of log file setting?

Create the log file if it does not exist?

Details

No logs outside of a temporary directory will be written until this is set explicitly, as per CRAN policy. Therefore, the default behavior is to create a file named loggit.log in your system's temporary directory.

Value

Invisible the previous log file path.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    set_logfile("path/to/logfile.log")
## End(Not run)
```

set_log_level

Set Log Level

Description

```
Set Log Level
```

Usage

```
set_log_level(level = "DEBUG", confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

level Log level to set, as a string or integer.

confirm Print confirmation message of log level?

Details

Log levels are as follows: DEBUG: 4 INFO: 3 WARNING: 2 ERROR: 1 NONE: 0

Value

Invisible the previous log level.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    set_log_level("DEBUG")
    set_log_level("INFO")

set_log_level(4)
    set_log_level(3)
## End(Not run)
```

set_timestamp_format
Set Timestamp Format

Description

Set timestamp format for use in output logs.

Usage

```
set_timestamp_format(ts_format = "%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%z", confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ts_format ISO date format.

confirm Print confirmation message of timestamp format?

Details

This function performs no time format validations, but will echo out the current time in the provided format for manual validation.

This function provides no means of setting a timezone, and instead relies on the host system's time configuration to provide this. This is to enforce consistency across software running on the host.

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Value

Invisible the previous timestamp format.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    set_timestamp_format("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
## End(Not run)
```

stop

Stop Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's stop, but it includes logging of the exception message via loggit().

Usage

```
stop(..., call. = TRUE, domain = NULL, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

•••	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or a single condition object.
call.	logical, indicating if the call should become part of the error message.
domain	see gettext. If NA, messages will not be translated.
.loggit	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by set_log_level() is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

No return value.

See Also

```
Other handlers: message(), stopifnot(), warning()
```

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Examples

```
## Not run:
    stop("This is a completely false condition")
    stop("This is a completely false condition", echo = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

stopifnot

Conditional Stop Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's stopifnot, but it includes logging of the exception message via loggit().

Usage

```
stopifnot(..., exprs, exprObject, local, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

any number of R expressions, which should each evaluate to (a logical vector of all) TRUE. Use *either* . . . *or* exprs, the latter typically an unevaluated expression of the form

{
 expr1

expr1 expr2}

Note that e.g., positive numbers are not TRUE, even when they are coerced to TRUE, e.g., inside if(.) or in arithmetic computations in R. If names are provided to . . . , they will be used in lieu of the default error message.

expr0bject alternative to exprs or . . . : an 'expression-like' object, typically an expression,

but also a call, a name, or atomic constant such as TRUE.

(only when exprs is used:) indicates the environment in which the expressions should be evaluated; by default the one from where stopifnot() has

been called.

.loggit Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by

set_log_level() is used to determine if the condition should be logged.

echo Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

See Also

local

Other handlers: message(), stop(), warning()

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Examples

```
## Not run:
    stopifnot("This is a completely false condition" = FALSE)
    stopifnot(5L == 5L, "This is a completely false condition" = FALSE, echo = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

warning

Warning Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's warning, but it includes logging of the exception message via loggit().

Usage

```
warning(
...,
  call. = TRUE,
  immediate. = FALSE,
  noBreaks. = FALSE,
  domain = NULL,
  .loggit = NA,
  echo = get_echo()
)
```

Arguments

call. logical, indicating if the call should become part of the warning message.
immediate. logical, indicating if the call should be output immediately, even if $getOption("warn")$ <= 0.
noBreaks. logical, indicating as far as possible the message should be output as a single line when options(warn = 1).
domain see gettext. If NA, messages will not be translated, see also the note in stop.
.loggit Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by set_log_level() is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
echo Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

The warning message as character string, invisibly.

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See Also

```
Other handlers: message(), stop(), stopifnot()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
   warning("You may want to review that math")
   warning("You may want to review that math", immediate = FALSE, echo = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

with_loggit

Log any expressions

Description

Log code without having to explicitly use the loggit2 handlers. This is particularly useful for code that cannot be customized, e.g. from third-party packages.

Usage

```
with_loggit(
   exp,
   logfile = get_logfile(),
   echo = get_echo(),
   log_level = get_log_level()
)
```

Arguments

exp An expression to evaluate.

logfile Path of log file to write to.

echo Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

log_level The log level to use.

Details

If loggit2 handlers are already used in the expression, this can lead to conditions being logged twice (in the same or different files).

Value

The result of the expression.

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```
## Not run:
    x <- with_loggit(5L + 5L)

with_loggit(base::message("Test log message"))

with_loggit(base::warning("Test log message"), echo = FALSE, logfile = "my_log.log")

x <- with_loggit({
    y <- 5L
    base::message("Test log message")
    base::warning("Test log message")
    1L + y
})

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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