Package 'birdnetR'

April 30, 2025

```
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Title Deep Learning for Automated (Bird) Sound Identification
Version 0.3.2
Description
     Use 'BirdNET', a state-of-the-art deep learning classifier, to automatically identify (bird) sounds.
     Analyze bioacoustic datasets without any computer science background using a pre-
     trained model or a custom trained classifier.
     Predict bird species occurrence based on location and week of the year.
     Kahl, S., Wood, C. M., Eibl, M., & Klinck, H. (2021) <doi:10.1016/j.ecoinf.2021.101236>.
License MIT + file LICENSE
URL https://birdnet-team.github.io/birdnetR/,
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```

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 $available_languages \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Get Available Languages for BirdNET Model}$

Description

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Retrieve the available languages supported by a specific version of BirdNET.

Usage

```
available_languages(version)
```

Arguments

version

character. The version of BirdNET to use (default is "v2.4", no other versions are currently supported).

Value

A sorted character vector containing the available language codes.

```
## Not run: available_languages("v2.4")
```

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birdnet_model_load

Initialize a BirdNET Model

Description

The various function of the birdnet_model_* family are used to create and initialize diffent Bird-NET models. Models will be downloaded if necessary.

- birdnet_model_tflite(): creates a tflite-model used for species prediction from audio.
- birdnet_model_custom(): loads a custom model for species prediction from audio.
- birdnet_model_protobuf(): creates a protobuf model for species prediction from audio that can be run on the GPU (GPU support so far only implemented on Apple Silicon).
- birdnet_model_meta(): creates a meta model for species prediction from location and time.

Usage

```
birdnet_model_tflite(
  version = "v2.4",
  language = "en_us",
  tflite_num_threads = NULL
)
birdnet_model_custom(
  version = "v2.4",
  classifier_folder,
  classifier_name,
  tflite_num_threads = NULL
)
birdnet_model_meta(
  version = "v2.4",
  language = "en_us",
  tflite_num_threads = NULL
)
birdnet_model_protobuf(
  version = "v2.4",
  language = "en_us",
  custom_device = NULL
)
```

Arguments

version

character. The version of BirdNET to use (default is "v2.4", no other versions are currently supported).

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language

character. Specifies the language code to use for the model's text processing. The language must be one of the available languages supported by the BirdNET model.

tflite_num_threads

integer. The number of threads to use for TensorFlow Lite operations. If NULL (default), the default threading behavior will be used. Will be coerced to an integer if possible.

classifier_folder

character. Path to the folder containing the custom classifier.

classifier name

character. Name of the custom classifier.

custom_device

character. This parameter allows specifying a custom device on which computations should be performed. If custom_device is not specified (i.e., it has the default value None), the program will attempt to use a GPU (e.g., "/device:GPU:0") by default. If no GPU is available, it will fall back to using the CPU. By specifying a device string such as "/device:GPU:0" or "/device:CPU:0", the user can explicitly choose the device on which operations should be executed.

Details

Species Prediction from audio

Models created from birdnet_model_tflite(), birdnet_model_custom(), and birdnet_model_protobuf() can be used to predict species within an audio file using predict_species_from_audio_file().

Species prediction from location and time

The birdnet_model_meta() model can be used to predict species occurrence at a specific location and time of the year using predict_species_at_location_and_time().

Value

A BirdNET model object, which is an S3 object of class birdnet_model and specific subclasses (e.g., birdnet_model_tflite, birdnet_model_v2_4). This object is a list containing:

py_model The underlying Python BirdNET model object. model_version The version string of the model (e.g., "v2.4").

... Additional elements specific to the model type:

- For birdnet_model_tflite and birdnet_model_meta:
 - language: The language code used (e.g., "en_us").
 - tflite_num_threads: The number of TFLite threads used (or NULL).
- For birdnet_model_custom:
 - classifier_folder: Path to the custom classifier folder.
 - classifier_name: Name of the custom classifier.
 - tflite_num_threads: The number of TFLite threads used (or NULL).
- For birdnet_model_protobuf:
 - language: The language code used (e.g., "en_us").
 - custom_device: The custom device specified (or NULL).

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Note

Currently, all models can only be executed on the CPU. GPU support is only available on Apple Silicon.

See Also

```
available_languages() predict_species_from_audio_file() predict_species_at_location_and_time()
```

Examples

```
# Create a TFLite BirdNET model with 2 threads and English (US) language
## Not run:
birdnet_model <- birdnet_model_tflite(version = "v2.4", language = "en_us", tflite_num_threads = 2)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_top_prediction

Get the top prediction by confidence within time intervals

Description

This convenience function retrieves the row(s) with the highest confidence value within each time interval. It can also limit the results to a specific time interval if specified.

Usage

```
get_top_prediction(data, filter = NULL)
```

Arguments

data A data frame with columns 'start', 'end', 'scientific_name', 'common_name', and 'confidence'. This data frame is typically the output from predictions_to_df.

filter A list containing 'start' and 'end' values to filter the data before calculation. If

NULL, the function processes all time intervals.

Value

A data frame containing the rows with the highest confidence per group or for the specified interval.

```
# Example data
data <- data.frame(
    start = c(0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2),
    end = c(1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3),
    scientific_name = c(
        "Species A",
        "Species B",</pre>
```

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```
"Species A",
    "Species B",
    "Species A",
    "Species B"
 ),
 common_name = c(
    "Common A",
    "Common B",
    "Common A",
    "Common B",
    "Common A",
    "Common B"
 ),
 confidence = c(0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8)
)
data
# Get top prediction for each time interval
get_top_prediction(data)
# Get top prediction for a specific time interval
get_top_prediction(data, filter = list(start = 1, end = 2))
# The same thing can be done using dplyr
## Not run:
data |>
   dplyr::group_by(start, end) |>
   dplyr::slice_max(order_by = confidence)
## End(Not run)
```

install_arrow

Install Apache Arrow

Description

This helper function installs Apache Arrow for both R and Python.

Usage

```
install_arrow()
```

Value

Invisible TRUE if successful, stops with error message if installation fails

```
## Not run: install_arrow()
```

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Description

This function retrieves the file path to the BirdNET labels file on your system corresponding to a specified language. This file contains all class labels supported by the BirdNET model.

For a custom model, the path of the custom labels file is returned.

Usage

```
labels_path(model, ...)
## S3 method for class 'birdnet_model_custom'
labels_path(model, ...)
## S3 method for class 'birdnet_model_tflite'
labels_path(model, language, ...)
## S3 method for class 'birdnet_model_protobuf'
labels_path(model, language, ...)
```

Arguments

model	A BirdNET model object.
	Additional arguments passed to the method dispatch function.
language	character. Specifies the language code for which the labels path is returned. The language must be one of the available languages supported by the BirdNET model.

Value

A character string representing the file path to the labels file for the specified language.

Note

The language parameter must be one of the available languages returned by available_languages().

See Also

```
available_languages() read_labels()
```

Examples

Description

Uses the BirdNET Species Range Model to estimate the presence of bird species at a specified location and time of year.

Usage

```
predict_species_at_location_and_time(
   model,
   latitude,
   longitude,
   week = NULL,
   min_confidence = 0.03
)

## S3 method for class 'birdnet_model_meta'
predict_species_at_location_and_time(
   model,
   latitude,
   longitude,
   week = NULL,
   min_confidence = 0.03
)
```

Arguments

model	birdnet_model_meta. An instance of the BirdNET model returned by birdnet_model_meta().
latitude	numeric. The latitude of the location for species prediction. Must be in the interval [-90.0, 90.0].
longitude	numeric. The longitude of the location for species prediction. Must be in the interval [-180.0, 180.0].
week	integer. The week of the year for which to predict species. Must be in the interval [1, 48] if specified. If NULL, predictions are not limited to a specific week.
min_confidence	numeric. Minimum confidence threshold for predictions to be considered valid. Must be in the interval [0, 1.0).

Details

The BirdNET Species Range Model leverages eBird checklist frequency data to estimate the probability of bird species occurrences based on latitude, longitude, and time of year. It integrates actual observations and expert-curated data, making it adaptable to regions with varying levels of data availability. The model employs circular embeddings and a classifier to predict species presence and migration patterns, achieving higher accuracy in data-rich regions and lower accuracy in underrepresented areas like parts of Africa and Asia. For more details, you can view the full discussion here: https://github.com/kahst/BirdNET-Analyzer/discussions/234

Value

A data frame with columns: label, confidence. Each row represents a predicted species, with the confidence indicating the likelihood of the species being present at the specified location and time

Examples

```
# Predict species in Chemnitz, Germany, that are present all year round
## Not run:
model <- birdnet_model_meta(language = "de")
predict_species_at_location_and_time(model, latitude = 50.8334, longitude = 12.9231)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
predict_species_from_audio_file
```

Predict species within an audio file using a BirdNET model

Description

Use a BirdNET model to predict species within an audio file. The model can be a TFLite model, a custom model, or a Protobuf model.

Usage

```
predict_species_from_audio_file(
  model,
  audio_file,
  min_confidence = 0.1,
  batch_size = 1L,
  chunk_overlap_s = 0,
  use_bandpass = TRUE,
  bandpass_fmin = 0L,
  bandpass_fmax = 15000L,
  apply_sigmoid = TRUE,
  sigmoid_sensitivity = 1,
  filter_species = NULL,
```

```
keep\_empty = TRUE,
  use_arrow = FALSE
)
## S3 method for class 'birdnet_model'
predict_species_from_audio_file(
 model,
  audio_file,
 min_confidence = 0.1,
 batch_size = 1L,
  chunk_overlap_s = 0,
  use_bandpass = TRUE,
  bandpass_fmin = 0L,
  bandpass_fmax = 15000L,
  apply_sigmoid = TRUE,
  sigmoid_sensitivity = 1,
  filter_species = NULL,
  keep\_empty = TRUE,
  use_arrow = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

use_arrow

mode1 A BirdNET model object. An instance of the BirdNET model (e.g., birdnet_model_tflite()). audio_file character. The path to the audio file. min_confidence numeric. Minimum confidence threshold for predictions (default is 0.1). batch_size integer. Number of audio samples to process in a batch (default is 1L). chunk_overlap_s numeric. The overlap between audio chunks in seconds (default is 0). Must be in the interval [0.0, 3.0]. logical. Whether to apply a bandpass filter (default is TRUE). use_bandpass bandpass_fmin, bandpass_fmax integer. Minimum and maximum frequencies for the bandpass filter (in Hz). Ignored if use_bandpass is FALSE (default is 0L to 15000L). logical. Whether to apply a sigmoid function to the model output (default is apply_sigmoid TRUE). sigmoid_sensitivity numeric. Sensitivity parameter for the sigmoid function (default is 1). Must be in the interval [0.5, 1.5]. Ignored if apply_sigmoid is FALSE. filter_species NULL, a character vector of length greater than 0, or a list where each element is a single non-empty character string. Used to filter the predictions. If NULL (default), no filtering is applied. keep_empty logical. Whether to include empty intervals in the output (default is TRUE). logical. Whether to use Arrow for processing predictions (default is FALSE).

Details

Sigmoid Activation:

When apply_sigmoid = TRUE, the raw logit scores from the linear classifier are passed through a sigmoid function, scaling them into the range [0, 1]. This unitless confidence score reflects BirdNET's certainty in its prediction (it is not a direct probability of species presence). Adjusting the sigmoid_sensitivity parameter modifies the score distribution:

- Values < 1 tend to produce more extreme scores (closer to 0 or 1).
- Values > 1 result in scores that are more moderate (centered around intermediate values). For additional details on BirdNET confidence scores and guidelines for converting them to probabilities, see Wood & Kahl (2024).

Apache Arrow optimization:

By default, predictions from Python are converted to R using basic data structures. For large datasets using Apache Arrow (use_arrow=TRUE) can significantly improve performance by reducing memory usage during data conversion and minimizing data copying between R and Python.

When to use Apache Arrow:

- Large audio files (>20 minutes)
- Low confidence thresholds (min_confidence < 0.1)
- Memory-constrained environments
- Whenever you encounter an unusual long pause after inference. This is a sign that the data conversion is taking a long time.

Note that using Apache Arrow requires additional dependencies (arrow R package and pyarrow Python package). You can install them manually using install_arrow().

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

start Start time of the prediction interval.

end End time of the prediction interval.

scientific_name Scientific name of the predicted species.

common_name Common name of the predicted species.

confidence BirdNET's confidence score for the prediction.

References

Wood, C. M., & Kahl, S. (2024). Guidelines for appropriate use of BirdNET scores and other detector outputs. Journal of Ornithology. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10336-024-02144-5

See Also

```
read_labels() for more details on species filtering.
birdnet_model_tflite(), birdnet_model_protobuf(), birdnet_model_custom()
```

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Examples

```
## Not run:
model <- birdnet_model_tflite(version = "v2.4", language = "en_us")
audio_file <- system.file("extdata", "soundscape.mp3", package = "birdnetR")
predictions <- predict_species_from_audio_file(model, audio_file, min_confidence = 0.1)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

read_labels

Read species labels from a file

Description

This is a convenience function to read species labels from a file.

Usage

```
read_labels(species_file)
```

Arguments

species_file Path to species file.

Value

A vector with class labels e.g. c("Cyanocitta cristata_Blue Jay", "Zenaida macroura_Mourning Dove")

See Also

```
available_languages() labels_path()
```

```
# Read a custom species file
read_labels(system.file("extdata", "species_list.txt", package = "birdnetR"))
# To access all class labels that are supported in your language,
# you can read in the respective label file
## Not run:
model <- birdnet_model_tflite(version = "v2.4", language = "en_us")
labels_path <- labels_path(model, "fr")
species_list <- read_labels(labels_path)
head(species_list)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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