Package 'BiostatsUHNplus'

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```
Title Nested Data Summary, Adverse Events and REDCap
Version 0.0.10
Description Tools and code snippets for summarizing nested data, adverse events
      and REDCap study information.
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```

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Description

Simulated adverse events for patients receiving two study agents.

Usage

ae

Format

A data frame with 394 rows and 9 variables:

Subject Patient ID

ae_detail Adverse event detail, also known as lowest level term

ae_category Adverse event category, also known as system organ class

CTCAE5_LLT_NM Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) version 5

AE_VERBATIM_TRM_TXT Adverse event verbatim text entered by clinical registered nurse, for "Other, specify"

AE_SEV_GD Adverse event severity grade, scale from 1 to 5

AE_ONSET_DT_INT Adverse event onset date

CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE Attribution scale of adverse event to first study agent

CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE_1 Attribution scale of adverse event to second study agent

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ae_timeline_plot

Outputs related adverse event timeline plots including just system organ class (AE category), or system organ class and lowest level term (AE detail). This function can fit up to 5 different attributions. Modify width, height and scale parameters in ggsave() to customize fit for large plot.

Description

Outputs related adverse event timeline plots including just system organ class (AE category), or system organ class and lowest level term (AE detail). This function can fit up to 5 different attributions. Modify width, height and scale parameters in ggsave() to customize fit for large plot.

Usage

```
ae_timeline_plot(
  subjID,
  subjID_ineligText = NULL,
  baseline_datasets,
  ae_dataset,
  ae_attribVars,
  ae_attribVarsName = NULL,
  ae_attribVarText = NULL,
  startDtVars,
  ae_detailVar,
  ae_categoryVar,
  ae_severityVar,
  ae_onsetDtVar,
  time_unit = c("day", "week", "month", "year"),
  include_ae_detail = TRUE,
  legendPerSpace = NULL,
  fonts = NULL,
  fontColours = NULL,
  panelColours = NULL,
  attribColours = NULL,
  attribSymbols = NULL,
  columnWidths = NULL
)
```

Arguments

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baseline_datasets

list of data frames that contain baseline participant characteristics, for example,

list(enrollment_DF,demography_DF,ineligibility_DF)

ae_dataset data frame that contains subject AEs

ae_attribVars field(s) that denotes attribution to intervention under study, for example, c("CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE", "C

(if provided)

ae_attribVarsName

character text that denotes name of interventions under study, for example, c("Drug

1", "Drug 2") (if provided)

ae_attribVarText

character text that denotes related attribution, for example c("Definite", "Proba-

ble", "Possible") (if provided)

startDtVars field(s) that denotes participant start date (i.e. 10MAY2021). For example, it

could be enrollment date or screening date. If more than one field given (unique names are required), each field is assumed to be specific start date for attribution

in corresponding field order

ae_detailVar field that denotes participant AE detail (lowest level term)

ae_categoryVar field that denotes participant AE category (system organ class)

ae_severityVar field that denotes participant AE severity grade (numeric)

ae_onsetDtVar field that denotes participant AE onset date

time_unit character text that denotes time unit for desired timeline, for example, could be

one of c("day", "week", "month", "year") (if provided)

include_ae_detail

boolean that denotes if AE detail should be included in timeline plot. Default is

True

legendPerSpace parameter at denotes proportion of vertical image space dedicated to legend at

bottom. Default is 0.05 for AE detail and 0.1 for AE Category

fonts character text that denotes font for AE category, AE detail, axis, legend and plot

labels (if provided)

fontColours character text that denotes system font colours for AE category and AE detail (if

provided)

panelColours character text that denotes panel background colours for AE category, AE detail

and plot area (if provided)

attribColours character text that denotes colours for attributions, supports up to 10 distinct

colours (if provided)

attribSymbols text that denotes median plot symbols for attributions, supports up to 10 distinct

symbols (if provided)

columnWidths text that denotes character columns widths for AE category and AE detail columns

(if provided)

Value

ggplot object of AE timeline plot

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Examples

```
data("drug1_admin", "drug2_admin", "ae");
p <- ae_timeline_plot(subjID="Subject", subjID_ineligText=c("01","11"),</pre>
                      baseline_datasets=list(drug1_admin, drug2_admin),
                      ae_dataset=ae,
                      ae_attribVars=c("CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE","CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE_1"),
                      ae_attribVarsName=c("Drug 1","Drug 2"),
                      ae_attribVarText=c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible"),
                      startDtVars=c("TX1_DATE_INT","TX2_DATE_INT"),
                      ae_detailVar="ae_detail",
                      ae_categoryVar="ae_category",ae_severityVar="AE_SEV_GD",
                      ae_onsetDtVar="AE_ONSET_DT_INT",time_unit="month",
                      include_ae_detail=FALSE,
                    fonts=c("Calibri", "Albany AMT", "Gadugi", "French Script MT", "Forte"),
                      fontColours=c("#FFE135"),
                      panelColours=c("#E52B50",NA,"#FFE4C4"),
                      attribColours=c("#9AB973","#01796F","#FFA343","#CC7722"),
                      attribSymbols=c(7,8,5,6),
                      columnWidths=c(23))
```

as_numeric_parse

Modification of the as.numeric function that prints entries that fail to parse as a message

Description

Modification of the as.numeric function that prints entries that fail to parse as a message

Usage

```
as_numeric_parse(x)
```

Arguments

Х

string or vector to coerce to numeric

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
z <- as_numeric_parse(c(1:5, "String1",6:10,"String2"))
z</pre>
```

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caterpillar_plot	Caterpillar plot. Useful for plotting random effects from hierarchical models, such as MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm() object, that have binary
	outcome.

Description

Caterpillar plot. Useful for plotting random effects from hierarchical models, such as MCM-Cglmm::MCMCglmm() object, that have binary outcome.

Usage

```
caterpillar_plot(
  subjID,
  subjLabel = NULL,
  remove.text.subjID = FALSE,
 mcmcglmm_object,
  orig_dataset,
 binaryOutcomeVar,
  prob = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  no.title = FALSE,
  subtitle = NULL,
  ncol = NULL,
  fonts = NULL,
  columnTextWidth = NULL,
  break.label.summary = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

subjID key identifier field for participant ID in data sets

subjLabel text label field in dataset to replace key identifier field for participant ID with in

plot (if provided)

remove.text.subjID

boolean indicating if non-numeric text should be removed from subjID in plot label. Note that this can only be used if there are non-duplicate participant IDs

when non-numeric text is removed. Default is FALSE (if provided)

mcmcglmm_object

MCMCglmm model output

orig_dataset data frame supplied to MCMCglmm function

binaryOutcomeVar

name of binary variable (0,1) that denotes outcome in MCMCglmm model

prob probability for highest posterior density interval, similar to a confidence interval.

Default is 0.95 (if provided)

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title of the plot. Overrides default title (if provided) title boolean that denotes if title should be outputted in plot. Default is TRUE (if no.title provided) subtitle subtitle of the plot. Overrides default subtitle (if provided) ncol number of columns in plot. Default is 2 (if provided) character text that denotes font for title, subtitle, category labels, x-axis plot fonts labels (if provided) columnTextWidth numeric that denotes character width for label text before breaking to start new line. Default is 20 characters (if provided) break.label.summary boolean to indicate if new line should start in label before (n, event) summary. Default is FALSE

Value

ggplot object of caterpillar plot

Examples

```
data("ae");
ae$G3Plus <- 0;
ae$G3Plus[ae$AE_SEV_GD %in% c("3", "4", "5")] <- 1;</pre>
ae$Drug_1_Attribution <- 0;</pre>
ae$Drug_1_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- 1;</pre>
ae$Drug_2_Attribution <- 0;</pre>
ae$Drug_2_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE_1 %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- 1;
prior2RE <- list(R = list(V = diag(1), fix = 1),</pre>
  G=list(G1=list(V=1, nu=0.02), G2=list(V=1, nu=0.02)));
model1 <- MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm(G3Plus ~ Drug_1_Attribution + Drug_2_Attribution,</pre>
  random=~Subject + ae_category, family="categorical", data=ae, saveX=TRUE,
  verbose=FALSE, burnin=2000, nitt=10000, thin=10, pr=TRUE, prior=prior2RE);
p <- caterpillar_plot(subjID = "Subject",</pre>
  mcmcglmm_object = model1,
  prob = 0.99,
  orig_dataset = ae,
  binaryOutcomeVar = "G3Plus")
p <- caterpillar_plot(subjID = "ae_category",</pre>
  mcmcglmm_object = model1,
  prob = 0.95,
  orig_dataset = ae,
  remove.text.subjID = FALSE,
  ncol = 4,
  binaryOutcomeVar = "G3Plus",
  subtitle = "System organ class (n, event)",
```

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```
title = "Odds Ratio for G3+ Severity with 95% Highest Posterior Density Interval",
fonts = c("Arial", "Arial", "Arial"),
break.label.summary = TRUE)
```

covsum_nested

Nested version of reportRmd covsum()

Description

Nested version of reportRmd covsum()

Usage

```
covsum_nested(
  data,
  covs,
 maincov = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  digits = 1,
  numobs = NULL,
  markup = TRUE,
  sanitize = TRUE,
  nicenames = TRUE,
  IQR = FALSE,
  all.stats = FALSE,
  pvalue = TRUE,
  effSize = TRUE,
  show.tests = TRUE,
  nCores = NULL,
  nested.test = NULL,
  nsim = NULL,
  excludeLevels = NULL,
  dropLevels = TRUE,
  full = TRUE,
  digits.cat = 0,
  testcont = c("rank-sum test", "ANOVA"),
  testcat = c("Chi-squared", "Fisher"),
  include_missing = FALSE,
  percentage = c("column", "row")
)
```

Arguments

data dataframe containing data

covs character vector with the names of columns to include in table

maincov covariate to stratify table by

id covariates to nest summary by

covsum_nested 9

digits	number of digits for summarizing mean data, does not affect p-values				
numobs	named list overriding the number of people you expect to have the covariate				
markup	boolean indicating if you want latex markup				
sanitize	boolean indicating if you want to sanitize all strings to not break LaTeX				
nicenames	boolean indicating if you want to replace . and _ in strings with a space				
IQR	boolean indicating if you want to display the inter quantile range (Q1,Q3) as opposed to (min,max) in the summary for continuous variables				
all.stats	boolean indicating if all summary statistics (Q1,Q3 + min,max on a separate line) should be displayed. Overrides IQR.				
pvalue	boolean indicating if you want p-values included in the table				
effSize	boolean indicating if you want effect sizes included in the table. Can only be obtained if pvalue is also requested.				
show.tests	boolean indicating if the type of statistical used should be shown in a column beside the p-values. Ignored if pvalue=FALSE.				
nCores	if > 1, specifies number of cores to use for parallel processing for calculating the nested p-value (default: 1).				
nested.test	specifies test used for calculating nested p-value from afex::mixed function. Either <i>parametric bootstrap</i> method or <i>likelihood ratio test</i> method (default: "LRT"). Parametric bootstrap takes longer.				
nsim	specifies number of simulations to use for calculating nested p-value with <i>parametric bootstrap</i> method used for nested.test (default: 1000).				
excludeLevels	a named list of covariate levels to exclude from statistical tests in the form list(varname =c('level1','level2')). These levels will be excluded from association tests, but not the table. This can be useful for levels where there is a logical skip (i.e. not missing, but not presented). Ignored if pvalue=FALSE.				
dropLevels	logical, indicating if empty factor levels be dropped from the output, default is TRUE.				
full	boolean indicating if you want the full sample included in the table, ignored if maincov is NULL				
digits.cat	number of digits for the proportions when summarizing categorical data (default: 0)				
testcont	test of choice for continuous variables, one of rank-sum (default) or ANOVA				
testcat	test of choice for categorical variables, one of Chi-squared (default) or Fisher				
include_missing					
	Option to include NA values of maincov. NAs will not be included in statistical tests				
percentage	choice of how percentages are presented, one of column (default) or row				

See Also

fisher.test,chisq.test, wilcox.test,kruskal.test, anova and mixed

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demography

Simulated demography for patients.

Description

Simulated demography for patients.

Usage

demography

Format

A data frame with 12 rows and 2 variables:

Subject Patient ID

GENDER_CODE Patient gender

drug1_admin

Simulated study agent 1 for patients.

Description

Simulated study agent 1 for patients.

Usage

drug1_admin

Format

A data frame with 12 rows and 2 variables:

Subject Patient ID

TX1_DATE_INT Study agent 1 start date of patient on study

drug2_admin 11

drug2_admin

Simulated study agent 2 for patients.

Description

Simulated study agent 2 for patients.

Usage

```
drug2_admin
```

Format

A data frame with 12 rows and 2 variables:

Subject Patient ID

TX2_DATE_INT Study agent 2 start date of patient on study

dsmb_ccru

Outputs the three DSMB-CCRU AE summary tables in Excel format per UHN template

Description

Outputs the three DSMB-CCRU AE summary tables in Excel format per UHN template

Usage

```
dsmb_ccru(
 protocol,
  setwd,
  title,
  comp = NULL,
  рi,
  presDate,
  cutDate,
  boundDate = NULL,
  subjID,
  subjID_ineligText = NULL,
  baseline_datasets,
  ae_dataset,
  ineligVar = NULL,
  ineligVarText = NULL,
  genderVar,
  enrolDtVar,
```

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```
ae_detailVar,
ae_categoryVar,
ae_severityVar,
ae_onsetDtVar,
ae_detailOtherText = NULL,
ae_detailOtherVar = NULL,
numSubj = NULL,
fileNameUnderscore = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

protocol study protocol name (uppercase, no spaces permitted)

setwd directory to write Excel summary files to title full character vector with name of study

comp baseline comparison group, for example, cohort (if provided)

pi character vector name of study principal investigator
presDate presentation date (i.e. 17NOV2023) for DSMB

cutDate recent cutoff date for AEs (i.e. 31AUG2023)

boundDate lower bound cutoff date for AEs (if provided)

subjID key identifier field for participant ID in data sets

subjID_ineligText

character text that denotes participant IDs to exclude, for example, c("New Sub-

ject") (if provided)

baseline_datasets

list of data frames that contain baseline participant characteristics, for example,

list(enrollment_DF,demography_DF,ineligibility_DF)

ae_dataset data frame that contains subject AEs

ineligVar field that denotes participant ineligibility (if provided)

ineligVarText character text that denotes participant ineligibility, for example, c("Yes", "Y")

(if provided)

genderVar field that denotes participant gender

enrolDtVar field that denotes participant enrollment date (i.e. 10MAY2021)

ae_detailVar field that denotes participant AE detail (lowest level term)

ae_categoryVar field that denotes participant AE category (system organ class)

ae_severityVar field that denotes participant AE severity grade (numeric)

ae_onsetDtVar field that denotes participant AE onset date

ae_detailOtherText

character text that denotes referencing verbatim AE field, for example, c("Other,

specify", "OTHER") (if provided)

ae_detailOtherVar

field that denotes participant AE detail other (if provided)

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```
ae_verbatimVar field that denotes participant AE detail verbatim (if provided)

numSubj vector to override value for number of participants in summary (if provided)

fileNameUnderscore
```

boolean that denotes if spaces should be underscore in filename

Value

three Excel files containing DSMB-CCRU AE summary tables

Examples

```
data("enrollment", "demography", "ineligibility", "ae");
dsmb_ccru(protocol="EXAMPLE_STUDY", setwd="./man/tables/",
    title="Phase X Study to Evaluate Treatments A-D",
    comp="COHORT",pi="Dr. Principal Investigator",
    presDate="300CT2020",cutDate="31AUG2020",
    boundDate=NULL,subjID="Subject",subjID_ineligText=c("New Subject","Test"),
    baseline_datasets=list(enrollment,demography,ineligibility),
    ae_dataset=ae,ineligVar="INELIGIBILITY_STATUS",ineligVarText=c("Yes","Y"),
    genderVar="GENDER_CODE",enrolDtVar="ENROL_DATE_INT",ae_detailVar="ae_detail",
    ae_categoryVar="ae_category",ae_severityVar="AE_SEV_GD",
    ae_onsetDtVar="AE_ONSET_DT_INT",ae_detailOtherText="Other, specify",
    ae_detailOtherVar="CTCAE5_LLT_NM",ae_verbatimVar="AE_VERBATIM_TRM_TXT",
    numSubj=c(2,4,5,6))
```

enrollment

Enrollment data Simulated enrollment for patients.

Description

Enrollment data

Simulated enrollment for patients.

Usage

enrollment

Format

A data frame with 12 rows and 3 variables:

Subject Patient ID

COHORT Study cohort for patient

ENROL_DATE_INT Enrollment date of patient to study

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ineligibility

Simulated ineligibility for patients.

Description

Simulated ineligibility for patients.

Usage

```
ineligibility
```

Format

A data frame with 11 rows and 2 variables:

Subject Patient ID

INELIGIBILITY_STATUS Recorded ineligibility status of patient to study

nice_mcmcglmm

Nice table of model output from MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm()

Description

Nice table of model output from MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm()

Usage

```
nice_mcmcglmm(mcmcglmm_object, dataset)
```

Arguments

mcmcglmm_object

returned output from MCMCglmm()

dataset dataframe containing data

Value

grouped_df

nice_mcmcglmm_icc 15

Examples

```
## Not run:
 data(ae)
 ae$AE_SEV_GD <- as.numeric(ae$AE_SEV_GD);</pre>
 ae$Drug_1_Attribution <- "No";</pre>
 ae$Drug_1_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- "Yes";</pre>
 ae$Drug_1_Attribution <- as.factor(ae$Drug_1_Attribution);</pre>
 ae$Drug_2_Attribution <- "No";</pre>
 ae$Drug_2_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE_1 %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- "Yes";
 ae$Drug_2_Attribution <- as.factor(ae$Drug_2_Attribution);</pre>
 prior2RE \leftarrow list(R = list(V = diag(1), fix = 1), G=list(G1=list(V=1, nu=0.02),
            G2=list(V=1, nu=0.02)));
 model1 <- MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm(Drug_1_Attribution ~ AE_SEV_GD + Drug_2_Attribution,</pre>
            random=~ae_detail + Subject, family="categorical", data=ae, saveX=TRUE,
            verbose=FALSE, burnin=2000, nitt=10000, thin=10, pr=TRUE, prior=prior2RE);
 mcmcglmm_mva <- nice_mcmcglmm(model1, ae);</pre>
 ## End(Not run)
nice_mcmcglmm_icc
                          Nice table of intraclass correlation coefficients from MCM-
                          Cglmm::MCMCglmm() model output
```

Description

Nice table of intraclass correlation coefficients from MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm() model output

Usage

```
nice_mcmcglmm_icc(mcmcglmm_object, prob = NULL, decimals = NULL)
```

Arguments

mcmcglmm_object

returned output from MCMCglmm()

prob probability for highest posterior density interval, similar to a confidence interval.

Default is 0.95 (if provided)

decimals number of decimal places to use in estimates

Value

grouped_df

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Examples

```
## Not run:
data(ae)
ae$AE_SEV_GD <- as.numeric(ae$AE_SEV_GD);</pre>
ae$Drug_1_Attribution <- 0;</pre>
ae$Drug_1_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- 1;</pre>
ae$Drug_2_Attribution <- 0;</pre>
ae$Drug_2_Attribution[ae$CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE_1 %in% c("Definite", "Probable", "Possible")] <- 1;</pre>
prior2RE \leftarrow list(R = list(V = diag(1), fix = 1), G=list(G1=list(V=1, nu=0.02),
   G2=list(V=1, nu=0.02)));
model1 <- MCMCglmm::MCMCglmm(Drug_1_Attribution ~ AE_SEV_GD + Drug_2_Attribution,</pre>
   random=~ae_detail + Subject, family="categorical", data=ae, saveX=TRUE,
   verbose=FALSE, burnin=2000, nitt=10000, thin=10, pr=TRUE, prior=prior2RE);
mcmcglmm_icc <- nice_mcmcglmm_icc(model1);</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

redcap_data_out

Combines exported REDCap raw and label .csv files together with data dictionary. Tranforms the exported data into Excel sheets by survey instrument with one row per participant

Description

Combines exported REDCap raw and label .csv files together with data dictionary. Tranforms the exported data into Excel sheets by survey instrument with one row per participant

Usage

```
redcap_data_out(
  protocol,
  pullDate = NULL,
  subjID,
  subjID_ineligText = NULL,
  subjID_eligPattern = NULL,
  varFilter = NULL,
  varFilter_eligPattern = NULL,
  setWD_files,
  setWD_dataDict = NULL,
  outDir
)
```

Arguments

```
protocol
                   study protocol name (i.e. Example_Study)
pullDate
                   date of data pull, for example, 2024_01_02 (if provided)
                   key identifier field(s) for participant ID in data sets
subjID
```

subjID_ineligText

character text that denotes participant IDs to exclude using first key identifier field. For example, c("New Subject") (if provided)

subjID_eligPattern

character text that denotes pattern for participant IDs to include using first key identifier field. For example, c("^Site_A") (if provided)

varFilter field to use for filtering data (if provided)

varFilter_eligPattern

character text that denotes pattern for filter variable to include, for example,

c("^Arm_A") (if provided)

setWD_files directory where the both raw and label REDCap export .csv files are stored,

following the convention for file names of 1_DATA.csv, 1_DATA_LABELs.csv,

2_DATA.csv, 2_DATA_LABELs.csv, etc

setWD_dataDict directory where the REDCap .csv data dictionary is stored. Make sure that file is

saved as basic .csv file in Excel, and not UTF-8. Must contain "DataDictionary"

in file name (if provided)

outDir output directory where the Excel files are saved

Value

two Excel files, one containing variable names and labels and the other containing REDCap survey instrument data by sheet

Examples

```
## Not run:
redcap_data_out(protocol="Example_Study",pullDate="2024_01_03",
## End(Not run)
```

rm_covsum_nested

Outputs a nested version of reportRmd::rm_covsum()

Description

Outputs a nested version of reportRmd::rm_covsum()

Usage

```
rm_covsum_nested(
  data,
  covs,
  maincov = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  caption = NULL,
```

```
tableOnly = FALSE,
  covTitle = "",
  digits = 1,
  digits.cat = 0,
  nicenames = TRUE,
  IQR = FALSE,
  all.stats = FALSE,
 pvalue = TRUE,
 effSize = TRUE,
 p.adjust = "none",
  unformattedp = FALSE,
  show.tests = TRUE,
  just.nested.pvalue = FALSE,
  nCores = NULL,
  nested.test = NULL,
  nsim = NULL,
  testcont = c("rank-sum test", "ANOVA"),
  testcat = c("Chi-squared", "Fisher"),
  full = TRUE,
  include_missing = FALSE,
  percentage = c("column", "row"),
  dropLevels = TRUE,
  excludeLevels = NULL,
  numobs = NULL,
 markup = TRUE,
 sanitize = TRUE,
  chunk_label
)
```

dataframe containing data

Arguments

data

covs	character vector with the names of columns to include in table
maincov	covariate to stratify table by
id	covariates to nest summary by
caption	character containing table caption (default is no caption)
tableOnly	Logical, if TRUE then a dataframe is returned, otherwise a formatted printed object is returned (default).
covTitle	character with the names of the covariate (predictor) column. The default is to leave this empty for output or, for table only output to use the column name 'Covariate'.
digits	number of digits for summarizing mean data
digits.cat	number of digits for the proportions when summarizing categorical data (default: 0)
nicenames	boolean indicating if you want to replace . and _ in strings with a space

IQR boolean indicating if you want to display the inter quantile range (Q1,Q3) as opposed to (min,max) in the summary for continuous variables boolean indicating if all summary statistics (Q1,Q3 + min,max on a separate all.stats line) should be displayed. Overrides IQR. pvalue boolean indicating if you want p-values included in the table boolean indicating if you want effect sizes included in the table. Can only be effSize obtained if pvalue is also requested. p.adjust p-adjustments to be performed unformattedp boolean indicating if you would like the p-value to be returned unformatted (ie not rounded or prefixed with '<'). Best used with tableOnly = T and outTable show.tests boolean indicating if the type of statistical used should be shown in a column beside the p-values. Ignored if pvalue=FALSE. just.nested.pvalue boolean indicating if the just the nested p-value should be shown in a column, and not unnested p-value, unnested statistical tests and effect size. Overrides effSize and show.tests arguments. nCores number of cores to use for parallel processing if calculating the nested p-value (if provided). specifies test used for calculating nested p-value from afex::mixed function. nested.test Either parametric bootstrap method or likelihood ratio test method (default: "LRT"). Parametric bootstrap takes longer. specifies number of simulations to use for calculating nested p-value with paransim metric bootstrap method used for nested.test (default: 1000). testcont test of choice for continuous variables, one of rank-sum (default) or ANOVA testcat test of choice for categorical variables, one of *Chi-squared* (default) or *Fisher* full boolean indicating if you want the full sample included in the table, ignored if maincov is NULL include_missing Option to include NA values of maincov. NAs will not be included in statistical choice of how percentages are presented, one of column (default) or row percentage dropLevels logical, indicating if empty factor levels be dropped from the output, default is TRUE. excludeLevels a named list of covariate levels to exclude from statistical tests in the form list(varname =c('level1','level2')). These levels will be excluded from association tests, but not the table. This can be useful for levels where there is a logical skip (ie not missing, but not presented). Ignored if pvalue=FALSE. numobs named list overriding the number of people you expect to have the covariate markup boolean indicating if you want latex markup sanitize boolean indicating if you want to sanitize all strings to not break LaTeX chunk_label only used if output is to Word to allow cross-referencing

Value

A character vector of the table source code, unless tableOnly=TRUE in which case a data frame is returned

See Also

```
covsum,fisher.test, chisq.test, wilcox.test, kruskal.test, anova, mixed and outTable
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Example 1
data(ae)
rm_covsum_nested(data = ae, id = c("ae_detail", "Subject"), covs = c("AE_SEV_GD",
"AE_ONSET_DT_INT"), maincov = "CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE")
# Example 2: set variable labels and other options, save output with markup
data("ae")
lbls <- data.frame(c1=c('AE_SEV_GD','AE_ONSET_DT_INT'),</pre>
    c2=c('Adverse event severity grade', 'Adverse event onset date'))
ae$AE_SEV_GD <- as.numeric(ae$AE_SEV_GD)</pre>
ae <- reportRmd::set_labels(ae, lbls)</pre>
output_tab <- rm_covsum_nested(data = ae, id = c("ae_detail", "Subject"),</pre>
    covs = c("AE_SEV_GD", "AE_ONSET_DT_INT"), maincov = "CTC_AE_ATTR_SCALE",
    \texttt{testcat} = \texttt{"Fisher"}, \; \texttt{percentage} = \texttt{c("col")}, \; \texttt{show.tests} = \texttt{FALSE}, \; \texttt{pvalue} = \texttt{TRUE},
    effSize = FALSE, full = TRUE, IQR = FALSE, nicenames = TRUE, sanitize = TRUE,
    markup = TRUE, include_missing = TRUE, just.nested.pvalue = TRUE,
    tableOnly = TRUE)
cat(reportRmd::outTable(tab=output_tab))
cat(reportRmd::outTable(output_tab, format="html"), file = paste("./man/tables/",
    "output_tab.html", sep=""))
cat(reportRmd::outTable(output_tab, format="latex"), file = paste("./man/tables/",
    "output_tab.tex", sep=""))
## End(Not run)
```

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