# Package 'OmicNavigator'

August 25, 2023

Type Package

Title Open-Source Software for 'Omic' Data Analysis and Visualization

Description A tool for interactive exploration of the results from 'omics' experiments to facilitate novel discoveries from high-throughput biology. The software includes R functions for the 'bioinformatician' to deposit study metadata and the outputs from statistical analyses (e.g. differential expression, enrichment). These results are then exported to an interactive JavaScript dashboard that can be interrogated on the user's local machine or deployed online to be explored by collaborators. The dashboard includes 'sortable' tables, interactive plots including network visualization, and fine-grained filtering based on statistical significance.

```
Version 1.13.13
```

```
URL https://github.com/abbvie-external/OmicNavigator
```

```
BugReports https://github.com/abbvie-external/OmicNavigator/issues
```

License MIT + file LICENSE

License\_restricts\_use no

License\_is\_FOSS yes

**Encoding UTF-8** 

LazyData true

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.0)

**Imports** data.table (>= 1.12.4), graphics, jsonlite, stats, tools,

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RoxygenNote 7.2.3

**NeedsCompilation** no

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Joe Dalen [aut] (Barcode functionality and web application), Akshay Bhamidipati [aut] (Web application), Brett Engelmann [aut], Marco Curado [aut] (Improved plotting capabilities), Joe LoGrasso [aut] (Support for plotly), AbbVie Inc. [cph, fnd]

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OmicNavigator-package OmicNavigator

# Description

Package options to control package-wide behavior are described below.

### **Details**

The default prefix for OmicNavigator study packages is "ONstudy". If you would prefer to use a different prefix, you can change the package option OmicNavigator.prefix. For example, to use the prefix "OmicNavigatorStudy", you could add the following line to your .Rprofile file.

options(OmicNavigator.prefix = "OmicNavigatorStudy")

#### Author(s)

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Authors:

- Terrence Ernst (Web application)
- Paul Nordlund (Web application)
- Justin Moore (UpSet-related functions and web application)
- Joe Dalen (Barcode functionality and web application)
- Akshay Bhamidipati (Web application)
- Brett Engelmann <br/> brett.engelmann@abbvie.com>
- Marco Curado (Improved plotting capabilities)
- Joe LoGrasso (Support for plotly)

# Other contributors:

• AbbVie Inc. [copyright holder, funder]

#### See Also

# Useful links:

- https://github.com/abbvie-external/OmicNavigator
- Report bugs at https://github.com/abbvie-external/OmicNavigator/issues

addAnnotations 5

 ${\it addAnnotations}$ 

Add annotations

## **Description**

Add annotations

## Usage

```
addAnnotations(study, annotations, reset = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

annotations The annotations used for the enrichment analyses. The input is a nested list.

The top-level list contains one entry per annotation database, e.g. reactome. The names correspond to the name of each annotation database. Each of these elements should be a list that contains more information about each annotation database. Specifically the sublist should contain 1) description, a character vector that describes the resource, 2) featureID, the name of the column in the features table that was used for the enrichment analysis, and 3) terms, a list of annotation terms. The names of terms sublist correspond to the name of the annotation terms. Each of the annotation terms should be a character vector of

featureIDs.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

## Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addAssays

Add assays

# **Description**

Add assays

```
addAssays(study, assays, reset = FALSE)
```

6 addBarcodes

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

assays The assays from the study. The input object is a list of data frames (one per

model). The row names should correspond to the featureIDs (addFeatures). The column names should correspond to the sampleIDs (addSamples). The data frame should only contain numeric values. To share a data frame across

multiple models, use the modelID "default".

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addBarcodes

Add barcode plot metadata

### **Description**

The app can display a barcode plot of the enrichment results for a given annotation term. The metadata in 'barcodes' instructs the app how to create and label the barcode plot.

#### **Usage**

addBarcodes(study, barcodes, reset = FALSE)

#### Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

barcodes The metadata variables that describe the barcode plot. The input object is a list of

lists (one per model). Each sublist must contain the element statistic, which is the column name in the results table to use to construct the barcode plot. Each sublist may additionally contain any of the following optional elements:

1) absolute - Should the statistic be converted to its absolute value (default is TRUE).

2) logFoldChange - The column name in the results table that contains the log fold change values.

3) labelStat - The x-axis label to describe the statistic.

4) labelLow - The left-side label to describe low values of the statistic.

5) labelHigh - The right-side label to describe high values of the statistic.

6) featureDisplay - The feature variable to use to label the barcode plot on hover.

To share metadata across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

reset

addEnrichments 7

### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addEnrichments

Add enrichment results

# **Description**

Add enrichment results

# Usage

addEnrichments(study, enrichments, reset = FALSE)

### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

enrichments The enrichment results from each model. The input is a nested named list. The

names of the list correspond to the model names. Each list element should be a list of the annotation databases tested (addAnnotations). The names of the list correspond to the annotation databases. Each list element should be another list of tests (addTests). The names correspond to the tests performed. Each of these elements should be a data frame with enrichment results. Each table must contain the following columns: "termID", "description", "nominal" (the nominal statistics), and "adjusted" (the statistics after adjusting for multiple testing). Any

additional columns are ignored.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

8 addEnrichmentsLinkouts

addEnrichmentsLinkouts

Add linkouts to external resources in the enrichments table

# **Description**

You can provide additional information on the annotation terms in your study by providing linkouts to external resources. These will be embedded directly in the enrichments table.

# Usage

addEnrichmentsLinkouts(study, enrichmentsLinkouts, reset = FALSE)

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy enrichmentsLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a named list. The names of the list correspond to the annotation names. Each element of the list is a character vector of linkouts for that annotationID.

reset

Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

# **Details**

For each linkout, the URL pattern you provide will be concatenated with the value of the termID column. As an example, if you used the annotation database AmiGO 2 for your enrichments analysis, you can provide a linkout for each termID using the following pattern:

```
go = "https://amigo.geneontology.org/amigo/term/"
```

As another example, if you used the annotation database Reactome for your enrichments analysis, you can provide a linkout for each termID using the following pattern:

```
reactome = "https://reactome.org/content/detail/"
```

Note that you can provide more than one linkout per termID.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

## See Also

addAnnotations, addEnrichments

addFeatures 9

# **Examples**

addFeatures

Add feature metadata

# **Description**

Add feature metadata

### Usage

```
addFeatures(study, features, reset = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

features The metadata variables that describe the features in the study. The input object

is a list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is used as the featureID, so it must contain unique values. To share a data frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default". All columns will be coerced

to character strings.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

10 addMapping

addMapping

Add mapping object

# **Description**

Add mapping object

# Usage

addMapping(study, mapping, reset = FALSE)

# **Arguments**

study mapping

An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

Feature IDs from models. The input object is a list of named data frames. For each data frame, column names indicate model names while rows indicate featureIDs per model. Features with same index position across columns are treated as mapped across models. For each model, feature IDs must match feature IDs available in the results object of the respective model. 1:N relationships are allowed.

Mapping list elements are required to be named as 'default' or after a model name as provided in addModels(). If a single data frame is provided, this list element is recommended to be named 'default'. For multiple list elements, each with its own data frame, list elements should be named after model name(s) (a single element may still be named 'default'). In that case, when navigating in ON front-end (FE), mapping element related to the selected model in the FE will be used in multimodel plots. If a selected model in FE does not have a corresponding mapping list element, it may still use the mapping list element called 'default' if this is available.

E.g., if in a study there are models "transcriptomics" and "proteomics" and the user wants to create a plot based on data from both, a mapping list should be provided with addMapping(). In this case, the mapping list element may be named 'default'. This should contain a data frame with column names 'transcriptomics' and 'proteomics', where feature IDs that map across models are found in the same row.

reset

Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

# Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

#### See Also

getPlottingData, plotStudy

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addMetaFeatures 11

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# **Description**

The meta-features table is useful anytime there are metadata variables that cannot be mapped 1:1 to your features. For example, a peptide may be associated with multiple proteins.

#### Usage

```
addMetaFeatures(study, metaFeatures, reset = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

metaFeatures The metadata variables that describe the meta-features in the study. The in-

put object is a list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is used as the featureID, so it must contain the same IDs as the corresponding features data frame (addFeatures). To share a data frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default". All columns will be coerced to

character strings.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addMetaFeaturesLinkouts

Add linkouts to external resources in the metaFeatures table

### **Description**

You can provide additional information on the metaFeatures in your study by providing linkouts to external resources. These will be embedded directly in the metaFeatures table.

```
addMetaFeaturesLinkouts(study, metaFeaturesLinkouts, reset = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy metaFeaturesLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element of the list is a named list of character vectors. The names of this nested list must correspond to the column names of the matching metaFeatures table (addMetaFeatures). To share linkouts across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

reset

Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### **Details**

For each linkout, the URL pattern you provide will be concatenated with the value of that column for each row. As an example, if your metaFeatures table included a column named "ensembl" that contained the Ensembl Gene ID for each feature, you could create a linkout to Ensembl using the following pattern:

```
ensembl = "https://ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens/Gene/Summary?g="
```

As another example, if you had a column named "entrez" that contained the Entrez Gene ID for each feature, you could create a linkout to Entrez using the following pattern:

```
entrez = "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/"
```

Note that you can provide more than one linkout per column.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

## See Also

addMetaFeatures

#### **Examples**

addModels 13

addModels Add models

## **Description**

Add models

## Usage

```
addModels(study, models, reset = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

models The models analyzed in the study. The input is a named list. The names correspond to the names of the models. The elements correspond to the descriptions

of the models. Alternatively, instead of a single character string, you can provide a list of metadata fields about each model. The field "description" will be

used to derive the tooltip displayed in the app.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

# **Examples**

```
study <- createStudy("example")
models <- list(
   model_01 = "Name of first model",
   model_02 = "Name of second model"
)
study <- addModels(study, models)

# Alternative: provide additional metadata about each model
models <- list(
   model_01 = list(
     description = "Name of first model",
     data_type = "transcriptomics"
),
   model_02 = list(
     description = "Name of second model",
     data_type = "proteomics"
)
)</pre>
```

14 addPlots

addOverlaps	Add overlaps between annotation gene sets
-------------	---

### **Description**

The app's network view of the enrichments results requires pairwise overlap metrics between all the terms of each annotation in order to draw the edges between the nodes/terms. These overlaps are calculated automatically when installing or exporting an OmicNavigator study. If you'd like, you can manually calculate these pairwise overlaps by calling addOverlaps prior to installing or exporting your study.

# Usage

```
addOverlaps(study, reset = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addPlots	Add custom plotting functions	

# **Description**

Include custom plots that the app will display when a feature is selected by the user.

```
addPlots(study, plots, reset = FALSE)
```

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# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

plots Custom plotting functions for the study. The input object is a nested list. The

first list corresponds to the modelID(s). The second list corresponds to the name(s) of the function(s) defined in the current R session. The third list provides metadata to describe each plot. The only required metadata element is displayName, which controls how the plot will be named in the app. You are encouraged to also specify the plotType, e.g. "singleFeature", "multiFeature", "multiTest", "multiModel". PlotType accepts vector of entries, whenever applicable, e.g., plotType = c("multiFeature", "multiTest"). If you do not specify the plotType, the plot will be assumed to be "singleFeature" and "singleTest". Optionally, if the plotting function requires external packages, these can be defined in the element packages. To share plots across multiple models, use the modelID "default". To add a plotting function that returns an

interactive plotly plot, add "plotly" to the plotType vector.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE

enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### **Details**

Custom plotting functions are passed a list of data frames: assays with the measurements, features with the feature data, samples with the sample data, and results with test results data. Note that assays, features and results only include data for the specified featureID(s) (and re-ordered so their rows match). Thus your custom plotting function must have at least one argument. It can have additional arguments if you wish, but these must be provided with default values, because plotStudy only passes the plotting data to the first argument.

Note that any ggplot2 plots will require extra care. This is because the plotting code will be inserted into a study package, and thus must follow the best practices for using ggplot2 within packages. Specifically, when you refer to columns of the data frame, e.g. aes(x = group), you need to prefix it with .data\$, so that it becomes aes(x = .data\$group). Fortunately this latter code will also run fine as you interactively develop the function.

# Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

#### See Also

getPlottingData, plotStudy

16 addResults

### **Description**

You can include reports of the analyses you performed to generate the results.

# Usage

```
addReports(study, reports, reset = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

reports The analysis report(s) that explain how the study results were generated. The

input object is a list of character vectors (one per model). Each element should be either a URL or a path to a file on your computer. If it is a path to a file, this file will be included in the exported study package. To share a report across

multiple models, use the modelID "default".

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addResults	Add inference results	
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# **Description**

Add inference results

```
addResults(study, results, reset = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

results The inference results from each model. The input is a nested named list. The

names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element in the list should be a list of data frames with inference results, one for each test. In each data frame, the featureID must be in the first column, and all other columns must be

numeric.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

addResultsLinkouts

Add linkouts to external resources in the results table

## Description

You can provide additional information on the features in your study by providing linkouts to external resources. These will be embedded directly in the results table.

# Usage

```
addResultsLinkouts(study, resultsLinkouts, reset = FALSE)
```

### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy

resultsLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element of the list is a named list of character vectors. The names of this nested list must correspond to the column names of the matching features table. To share linkouts across multiple models, use the modelID

"default".

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE

enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

18 addSamples

### **Details**

For each linkout, the URL pattern you provide will be concatenated with the value of that column for each row. As an example, if your features table included a column named "ensembl" that contained the Ensembl Gene ID for each feature, you could create a linkout to Ensembl using the following pattern:

```
ensembl = "https://ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens/Gene/Summary?g="
```

As another example, if you had a column named "entrez" that contained the Entrez Gene ID for each feature, you could create a linkout to Entrez using the following pattern:

```
entrez = "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/"
```

Note that you can provide more than one linkout per column.

### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

#### See Also

addFeatures

# **Examples**

addSamples

Add sample metadata

### **Description**

Add sample metadata

```
addSamples(study, samples, reset = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy study

samples The metadata variables that describe the samples in the study. The input object

> is a named list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is used as the sampleID, so it must contain unique values. To share a data

frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

> add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

#### Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

Add tests addTests

# **Description**

Add tests

#### **Usage**

addTests(study, tests, reset = FALSE)

# **Arguments**

An OmicNavigator study created with createStudy study

The tests from the study. The input object is a list of lists. Each element of tests

the top-level list is a model. The names should be the modelIDs. For each modelID, each element of the nested list is a test. The names should be the testIDs. The value should be a single character string describing the testID. To share tests across multiple models, use the modelID "default". Instead of a single character string, you can provide a list of metadata fields about each test.

The field "description" will be used to derive the tooltip displayed in the app.

reset Reset the data prior to adding the new data (default: FALSE). The default is to

> add to or modify any previously added data (if it exists). Setting reset = TRUE enables you to remove existing data you no longer want to include in the study.

# Value

Returns the original onStudy object passed to the argument study, but modified to include the newly added data

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# **Examples**

```
study <- createStudy("example")</pre>
tests <- list(</pre>
 default = list(
   test_01 = "Name of first test",
    test_02 = "Name of second test"
 )
)
study <- addTests(study, tests)</pre>
# Alternative: provide additional metadata about each test
tests <- list(</pre>
 default = list(
    test_01 = list(
      description = "Name of first test",
      comparison_type = "treatment vs control",
      effect_size = "beta"
    ),
    test_02 = list(
      description = "Name of second test",
      comparison_type = "treatment vs control",
      effect_size = "logFC"
 )
)
```

basal.vs.lp

basal.vs.lp from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

# **Description**

A subset of the object basal.vs.lp from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

# Usage

```
basal.vs.lp
```

### **Format**

A data frame with 24 rows and 8 columns:

ENTREZID Entrez ID of mouse gene

**SYMBOL** Symbol of mouse gene

**TXCHROM** Chromosome location of mouse gene

logFC Log fold change

AveExpr Average expression level of the gene across all samples

t Moderated t-statistic

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```
P.Value p-valueadj.P.Val Adjusted p-value
```

### **Source**

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

# Examples

```
head(basal.vs.lp)
str(basal.vs.lp)
```

basal.vs.ml

basal.vs.ml from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

# **Description**

A subset of the object basal.vs.ml from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

# Usage

```
basal.vs.ml
```

# **Format**

A data frame with 24 rows and 8 columns:

ENTREZID Entrez ID of mouse gene

SYMBOL Symbol of mouse gene

TXCHROM Chromosome location of mouse gene

logFC Log fold change

**AveExpr** Average expression level of the gene across all samples

t Moderated t-statistic

P.Value p-value

adj.P.Val Adjusted p-value

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### Source

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

# Examples

```
head(basal.vs.ml)
str(basal.vs.ml)
```

cam.BasalvsLP

cam.BasalvsLP from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

## **Description**

A subset of the object cam. BasalvsLP from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

# Usage

cam.BasalvsLP

#### **Format**

A data frame with 4 rows and 4 columns:

NGenes Number of genes in each term

**Direction** Direction of the enrichment

PValue Nominal p-value

FDR Multiple-testing adjusted p-value

# Source

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

cam.BasalvsML 23

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

### **Examples**

head(cam.BasalvsLP)
str(cam.BasalvsLP)

cam.BasalvsML

cam.BasalvsML from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

# Description

A subset of the object cam. BasalvsML from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

#### Usage

cam.BasalvsML

#### **Format**

A data frame with 4 rows and 4 columns:

NGenes Number of genes in each term

**Direction** Direction of the enrichment

PValue Nominal p-value

FDR Multiple-testing adjusted p-value

# Source

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

24 combineStudies

# **Examples**

head(cam.BasalvsML)
str(cam.BasalvsML)

combineStudies

Combine two or more studies

# **Description**

Create a new OmicNavigator study by combining two or more existing study objects.

# Usage

```
combineStudies(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

... Two or more objects of class on Study

#### **Details**

This is a convenience function to quickly and conveniently combine studies. However, it is naive, and you will likely need to edit the new study after combining. When there are conflicting elements (e.g. different study names or different maintainers), then the value for the latter study is kept. As a concrete example, if you combined 5 studies, the name of the combined study would be the name of the 5th study.

The behavior is more complex for study elements that are nested lists of data frames (e.g. results). If the 5 studies included a results table for the same modeIID/testID combination, then only the results from the 5th study would be retained. However, if they each defined a different modeIID, then the results for all 5 modeIIDs would be included in the combined study. Please note that you should be extra cautious in the situation where the studies have the same modeIID/testID combination. Ideally they should all have the same column names. Since a data frame is technically a list, the workhorse function modifyList will retain any uniquely named columns from earlier studies along with the columns from the final study.

Note that as a shortcut you can also combine studies using the S3 method c.

If a study you would like to combine is already installed, you can convert it to a study object by importing it with importStudy.

#### Value

Returns a new combined OmicNavigator study object, which is a named nested list with class onStudy

#### See Also

```
createStudy, importStudy
```

# **Examples**

createStudy

Create a study

# **Description**

Create a new OmicNavigator study.

```
createStudy(
  name,
  description = name,
  samples = list(),
  features = list(),
  models = list(),
  assays = list(),
  tests = list(),
  annotations = list(),
  results = list(),
  enrichments = list(),
  metaFeatures = list(),
  plots = list(),
  mapping = list(),
  barcodes = list(),
  reports = list(),
```

```
resultsLinkouts = list(),
  enrichmentsLinkouts = list(),
 metaFeaturesLinkouts = list(),
 version = NULL,
 maintainer = NULL,
 maintainerEmail = NULL,
  studyMeta = list()
)
```

### **Arguments**

Name of the study name description Description of the study

samples The metadata variables that describe the samples in the study. The input object

> is a named list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is used as the sampleID, so it must contain unique values. To share a data

frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

features The metadata variables that describe the features in the study. The input object is a list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is

used as the featureID, so it must contain unique values. To share a data frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default". All columns will be coerced

to character strings.

models The models analyzed in the study. The input is a named list. The names correspond to the names of the models. The elements correspond to the descriptions of the models. Alternatively, instead of a single character string, you can pro-

vide a list of metadata fields about each model. The field "description" will be

used to derive the tooltip displayed in the app.

The assays from the study. The input object is a list of data frames (one per model). The row names should correspond to the featureIDs (addFeatures). The column names should correspond to the sampleIDs (addSamples). The

data frame should only contain numeric values. To share a data frame across

multiple models, use the modelID "default".

The tests from the study. The input object is a list of lists. Each element of the top-level list is a model. The names should be the modelIDs. For each modelID, each element of the nested list is a test. The names should be the testIDs. The value should be a single character string describing the testID. To share tests across multiple models, use the modelID "default". Instead of a single character string, you can provide a list of metadata fields about each test.

The field "description" will be used to derive the tooltip displayed in the app.

The annotations used for the enrichment analyses. The input is a nested list. The top-level list contains one entry per annotation database, e.g. reactome. The names correspond to the name of each annotation database. Each of these elements should be a list that contains more information about each annotation database. Specifically the sublist should contain 1) description, a character vector that describes the resource, 2) featureID, the name of the column in the

features table that was used for the enrichment analysis, and 3) terms, a list of annotation terms. The names of terms sublist correspond to the name of the

assays

tests

annotations

annotation terms. Each of the annotation terms should be a character vector of featureIDs.

results

The inference results from each model. The input is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element in the list should be a list of data frames with inference results, one for each test. In each data frame, the featureID must be in the first column, and all other columns must be numeric.

enrichments

The enrichment results from each model. The input is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each list element should be a list of the annotation databases tested (addAnnotations). The names of the list correspond to the annotation databases. Each list element should be another list of tests (addTests). The names correspond to the tests performed. Each of these elements should be a data frame with enrichment results. Each table must contain the following columns: "termID", "description", "nominal" (the nominal statistics), and "adjusted" (the statistics after adjusting for multiple testing). Any additional columns are ignored.

metaFeatures

The metadata variables that describe the meta-features in the study. The input object is a list of data frames (one per model). The first column of each data frame is used as the featureID, so it must contain the same IDs as the corresponding features data frame (addFeatures). To share a data frame across multiple models, use the modelID "default". All columns will be coerced to character strings.

plots

Custom plotting functions for the study. The input object is a nested list. The first list corresponds to the modelID(s). The second list corresponds to the name(s) of the function(s) defined in the current R session. The third list provides metadata to describe each plot. The only required metadata element is displayName, which controls how the plot will be named in the app. You are encouraged to also specify the plotType, e.g. "singleFeature", "multiFeature", "multiTest", "multiModel". PlotType accepts vector of entries, whenever applicable, e.g., plotType = c("multiFeature", "multiTest"). If you do not specify the plotType, the plot will be assumed to be "singleFeature" and "singleTest". Optionally, if the plotting function requires external packages, these can be defined in the element packages. To share plots across multiple models, use the modelID "default". To add a plotting function that returns an interactive plotly plot, add "plotly" to the plotType vector.

mapping

Feature IDs from models. The input object is a list of named data frames. For each data frame, column names indicate model names while rows indicate featureIDs per model. Features with same index position across columns are treated as mapped across models. For each model, feature IDs must match feature IDs available in the results object of the respective model. 1:N relationships are allowed

Mapping list elements are required to be named as 'default' or after a model name as provided in addModels(). If a single data frame is provided, this list element is recommended to be named 'default'. For multiple list elements, each with its own data frame, list elements should be named after model name(s) (a single element may still be named 'default'). In that case, when navigating in ON front-end (FE), mapping element related to the selected model in the FE

will be used in multimodel plots. If a selected model in FE does not have a corresponding mapping list element, it may still use the mapping list element called 'default' if this is available.

E.g., if in a study there are models "transcriptomics" and "proteomics" and the user wants to create a plot based on data from both, a mapping list should be provided with addMapping(). In this case, the mapping list element may be named 'default'. This should contain a data frame with column names 'transcriptomics' and 'proteomics', where feature IDs that map across models are found in the same row.

barcodes

The metadata variables that describe the barcode plot. The input object is a list of lists (one per model). Each sublist must contain the element statistic, which is the column name in the results table to use to construct the barcode plot. Each sublist may additionally contain any of the following optional elements: 1) absolute - Should the statistic be converted to its absolute value (default is TRUE). 2) logFoldChange - The column name in the results table that contains the log fold change values. 3) labelStat - The x-axis label to describe the statistic. 4) labelLow - The left-side label to describe low values of the statistic. 5) labelHigh - The right-side label to describe high values of the statistic. 6) featureDisplay - The feature variable to use to label the barcode plot on hover. To share metadata across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

reports

The analysis report(s) that explain how the study results were generated. The input object is a list of character vectors (one per model). Each element should be either a URL or a path to a file on your computer. If it is a path to a file, this file will be included in the exported study package. To share a report across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

#### resultsLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element of the list is a named list of character vectors. The names of this nested list must correspond to the column names of the matching features table. To share linkouts across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

# enrichmentsLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a named list. The names of the list correspond to the annotation names. Each element of the list is a character vector of linkouts for that annotationID.

### metaFeaturesLinkouts

The URL patterns that describe linkouts to external resources (see Details below). The input object is a nested named list. The names of the list correspond to the model names. Each element of the list is a named list of character vectors. The names of this nested list must correspond to the column names of the matching metaFeatures table (addMetaFeatures). To share linkouts across multiple models, use the modelID "default".

version

(Optional) Include a version number to track the updates to your study package. If you export the study to a package, the version is used as the package version.

maintainer

(Optional) Include the name of the study package's maintainer

exportStudy 29

maintainerEmail

(Optional) Include the email of the study package's maintainer

studyMeta

(Optional) Define metadata about your study. The input is a list of key:value pairs. See below for more details.

### **Details**

You can add metadata to describe your study by passing a named list to to the argument studyMeta. The names of the list cannot contain spaces or colons, and they can't start with # or -. The values of each list should be a single value. Also, your metadata fields cannot use any of the reserved fields for R's DESCRIPTION file.

#### Value

Returns a new OmicNavigator study object, which is a named nested list with class onStudy

#### See Also

addSamples, addFeatures, addModels, addAssays, addTests, addAnnotations, addResults, addEnrichments, addMetaFeatures, addPlots, addMapping, addBarcodes, addReports, addResultsLinkouts, addEnrichmentsLinkouts, addMetaFeaturesLinkouts, exportStudy, installStudy

### **Examples**

exportStudy

Export a study

#### **Description**

Export a study

30 getAnnotations

# Usage

```
exportStudy(
  study,
  type = c("tarball", "package"),
  path = NULL,
  requireValid = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study

type Export study as a package tarball ("tarball") or as a package directory ("pack-

age")

path Optional file path to save the object

requireValid Require that study is valid before exporting

### Value

Invisibly returns the name of the tarball file ("tarball") or the path to the package directory ("package")

#### See Also

validateStudy

getAnnotations

Get annotations from a study

# **Description**

Get annotations from a study

# Usage

```
getAnnotations(study, annotationID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

annotationID Filter by annotationID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

getAssays 31

# Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getAssays	Get assays from a study	

# Description

Get assays from a study

# Usage

```
getAssays(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

# Arguments

study	An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an installed study package.
modelID	Filter by modelID
quiet	Suppress messages (default: FALSE)
libraries	The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the default), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

# Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using <code>[[</code>.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

32 getBarcodeData

getBarcodeData	Get data for barcode and violin plots

# **Description**

Get data for barcode and violin plots

# Usage

```
getBarcodeData(study, modelID, testID, annotationID, termID)
```

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID testID Filter by testID

annotationID Filter by annotationID

termID Filter by termID

# Value

A list with the following components:

data Data frame with the differential statistics to plot

highest (numeric) The largest differential statistic, rounded up to the next integer

labelStat (character) The x-axis label to describe the differential statistic

labelLow (character) The vertical axis label on the left to describe smaller values (default

is "Low")

labelHigh (character) The vertical axis label on the right to describe larger values (default

is "High")

### See Also

addBarcodes, getBarcodes

getBarcodes 33

getBarcodes	Get barcodes from a study
-------------	---------------------------

#### **Description**

Get barcodes from a study

# Usage

```
getBarcodes(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getEnrichments Get enrichments from a study

# Description

Get enrichments from a study

```
getEnrichments(
   study,
   modelID = NULL,
   annotationID = NULL,
   testID = NULL,
   quiet = FALSE,
   libraries = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

annotationID Filter by annotationID

testID Filter by testID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

```
getEnrichmentsIntersection
```

 ${\it getEnrichmentsIntersection}$ 

# Description

getEnrichmentsIntersection

```
getEnrichmentsIntersection(
   study,
   modelID,
   annotationID,
   mustTests,
   notTests,
   sigValue,
   operator,
   type
)
```

getEnrichmentsLinkouts 35

# **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

annotationID Filter by annotationID

mustTests The testIDs for which a featureID (or termID for enrichment) must pass the

filters

notTests The testIDs for which a featureID (or termID for enrichment) must **not** pass the

filters. In other words, if a featureID passes the filter for a testID specified in

notTests, that featureID is removed from the output

sigValue The numeric significance value to use as a cutoff for each column

operator The comparison operators for each column, e.g. "<"

### Value

Returns a data frame with the enrichments, similar to getEnrichmentsTable. Only rows that pass all the filters are included.

#### See Also

getEnrichmentsTable

getEnrichmentsLinkouts

Get enrichments table linkouts from a study

# Description

Get enrichments table linkouts from a study

```
getEnrichmentsLinkouts(
  study,
  annotationID = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE,
  libraries = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

annotationID Filter by annotationID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getEnrichmentsNetwork Get enrichments network from a study

# Description

Get enrichments network from a study

# Usage

getEnrichmentsNetwork(study, modelID, annotationID, libraries = NULL)

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID annotationID Filter by annotationID

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns a list with the following components:

tests (character) Vector of testIDs

nodes (data frame) The description of each annotation term (i.e. node). The nominal

and adjusted p-values are in list-columns.

links (list) The statistics for each pairwise overlap between the annotation terms (i.e.

nodes)

getEnrichmentsTable 37

getEnrichmentsTable Get enrichments table from a study

## **Description**

Get enrichments table from a study

## Usage

```
getEnrichmentsTable(
  study,
  modelID,
  annotationID,
  type = "nominal",
  libraries = NULL
)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

annotationID Filter by annotationID

type Type of p-value: ("nominal" or "adjusted")

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

## Value

A data frame of enrichments with the following columns:

termID The unique ID for the annotation term
description The description of the annotation term
... One column for each of the enrichments

38 getFavicons

getEnrichmentsUpset

*getEnrichmentsUpset* 

## Description

getEnrichmentsUpset

## Usage

```
getEnrichmentsUpset(
   study,
   modelID,
   annotationID,
   sigValue,
   operator,
   type,
   tests = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID annotationID Filter by annotationID

sigValue The numeric significance value to use as a cutoff for each column

operator The comparison operators for each column, e.g. "<"

## Value

No return value. This function is called for the side effect of creating an UpSet plot.

getFavicons

Get favicon URLs for table linkouts

## **Description**

To enhance the display of the linkouts in the app's tables, it can fetch the favicon URL for each website.

getFeatures 39

#### Usage

```
getFavicons(linkouts)
```

## **Arguments**

linkouts Character vector or (potentially nested) list of character vectors containing the

URLs for the table linkouts.

#### Value

The URLs to the favicons for each linkout. The output returned will always be the same class and structure as the input.

#### See Also

getResultsLinkouts, getEnrichmentsLinkouts

getFeatures Get features from a study

## Description

Get features from a study

#### Usage

```
getFeatures(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

## Value

A data frame (if modelID is specified) or a list of data frames. All the columns will be character strings, even if the values appear numeric.

40 getLinkFeatures

getInstalledStudies Get installed OmicNavigator studies

## Description

Get installed OmicNavigator studies

## Usage

```
getInstalledStudies(libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

libraries Character vector of library directories to search for study packages. If NULL,

uses .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns a character vector of the installed OmicNavigator study packages

getLinkFeatures Get the shared features in a network link

## Description

Get the shared features in a network link

## Usage

```
getLinkFeatures(study, annotationID, termID1, termID2)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Only accepts name of installed study package.

annotationID Filter by annotationID

termID1, termID2

Linked terms to find overlapping features

## Value

Returns a character vector with the features included in both termIDs (i.e. the intersection)

#### See Also

getNodeFeatures

getMapping 41

## Description

Get mapping object from a study

## Usage

```
getMapping(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

from a study	Get metaFeature	getMetaFeatures
--------------	-----------------	-----------------

## **Description**

Get metaFeatures from a study

#### Usage

```
getMetaFeatures(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getMetaFeaturesLinkouts

Get metaFeatures table linkouts from a study

#### **Description**

Get metaFeatures table linkouts from a study

#### Usage

```
getMetaFeaturesLinkouts(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getMetaFeaturesTable 43

getMetaFeaturesTable Get metaFeatures for a given feature

#### **Description**

Get metaFeatures for a given feature

#### Usage

```
getMetaFeaturesTable(study, modelID, featureID)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID featureID Filter by featureID

#### Value

Returns a data frame with the metaFeatures for the provided featureID. If the featureID is not found in the metaFeatures table, the data frame will have zero rows.

#### See Also

addMetaFeatures, getMetaFeatures

getModels	Get models from a study	
-----------	-------------------------	--

## **Description**

Get models from a study

## Usage

```
getModels(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

44 getNodeFeatures

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getNodeFeatures

Get the features in a network node

## **Description**

Get the features in a network node

#### Usage

```
getNodeFeatures(study, annotationID, termID, libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Only accepts name of installed study package.

annotationID Filter by annotationID

termID Filter by termID

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns a character vector with the features in the termID

#### See Also

getLinkFeatures

getOverlaps 45

#### **Description**

Get overlaps from a study

## Usage

```
getOverlaps(study, annotationID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

annotationID Filter by annotationID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getPackageVersion Get version of OmicNavigator package
--

## Description

This is a convenience function for the app. It is easier to always call the OmicNavigator package functions via OpenCPU than to call the utils package for this one endpoint.

#### Usage

```
getPackageVersion()
```

#### Value

Returns a one-element character vector with the version of the currently installed OmicNavigator R package

46 getPlottingData

get	וח	0+0	
241	ГΙ	00.5	

Get plots from a study

## **Description**

Get plots from a study

## Usage

```
getPlots(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getPlottingData	Get plotting data

## **Description**

This function creates the input data that plotStudy passes to custom plotting functions added with addPlots. You can use it directly when you are interactively creating your custom plotting functions. Note that for multiModel plots testID is required to be a named vector, with each testID named after the related modelID.

## Usage

```
getPlottingData(study, modelID, featureID, testID = NULL, libraries = NULL)
```

getPlottingData 47

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID
featureID Filter by featureID
testID Filter by testID

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns a list of 4 data frames:

assays A data frame that contains the assay measurements, filtered to only include the

row(s) corresponding to the input featureID(s) (see getAssays). If multiple featureIDs are requested, the rows are reordered to match the order of this input.

The column order is unchanged.

samples A data frame that contains the sample metadata for the given modelID (see

getSamples). The rows are reordered to match the columns of the assays data

frame.

features A data frame that contains the feature metadata, filtered to only include the

row(s) corresponding to the input featureID(s) (see getFeatures). If multiple featureIDs are requested, the rows are reordered to match the order of this input

(and thus match the order of the assays data frame).

results A data frame that contains the test results, filtered to only include the row(s)

corresponding to the input featureID(s). If multiple featureIDs are requested, the rows are reordered to match the order of this input. The column order is unchanged. If multiple testIDs are provided, they are stored in a list object.

The data frame results is only returned if you pass a testID. By default the app will always pass the currently selected testID. To make results a list of data frames (one for each testID for the currently selected modelID), set the plotType to be "multiTest" when adding the plot with addPlots. For "multiModel" plots, testID and modelID should be vectors of same length, where the index position indicate which test in testID relate to which model in modelID.

#### See Also

addPlots, plotStudy

48 getReports

getReportLink	Get link to report	

## Description

Get link to report

## Usage

```
getReportLink(study, modelID)
```

## Arguments

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

## Value

Returns a one-element character vector with either a path to a report file or a URL to a report web page. If no report is available for the modelID, an empty character vector is returned.

getReports	Get reports from a study	

#### **Description**

Get reports from a study

## Usage

```
getReports(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## Arguments

studv	An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

getResults 49

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getResults

Get results from a study

#### **Description**

Get results from a study

#### Usage

```
getResults(
   study,
   modelID = NULL,
   testID = NULL,
   quiet = FALSE,
   libraries = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

modelID

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an installed study package.

Filter by modelID

testID Filter by testID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

50 getResultsIntersection

```
getResultsIntersection
```

getResultsIntersection

## **Description**

getResultsIntersection

#### Usage

```
getResultsIntersection(
   study,
   modelID,
   anchor,
   mustTests,
   notTests,
   sigValue,
   operator,
   column
)
```

## Arguments

study	An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an installed study package.
modelID	Filter by modelID
anchor	The primary testID to filter the results
mustTests	The testIDs for which a featureID (or termID for enrichment) must pass the filters
notTests	The testIDs for which a featureID (or termID for enrichment) must ${\bf not}$ pass the filters. In other words, if a featureID passes the filter for a testID specified in notTests, that featureID is removed from the output
sigValue	The numeric significance value to use as a cutoff for each column
operator	The comparison operators for each column, e.g. "<"
column	The columns to apply the filters

## Value

Returns a data frame with the results, similar to getResultsTable. Only rows that pass all the filters are included. The new column Set\_Membership is a comma-separated field that includes the testIDs in which the featureID passed the filters.

## See Also

```
{\tt getResultsTable}
```

getResultsLinkouts 51

	~ , ,,,,
getResultsLinkouts	Get results table linkouts from a study
gethesurtserinouts	Get results tuble tillkouts from a study

#### **Description**

Get results table linkouts from a study

## Usage

```
getResultsLinkouts(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getResultsTable Get results table from a study

#### **Description**

Get results table from a study

## Usage

```
getResultsTable(
   study,
   modelID,
   testID,
   annotationID = NULL,
   termID = NULL,
   libraries = NULL
)
```

52 getResultsUpset

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID testID Filter by testID

annotationID Filter by annotationID termID Filter by termID

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

A data frame which includes the columns from the features table followed by the columns from the results table. All the columns from the features table will be character strings, even if the values appear numeric.

If the optional arguments annotationID and termID are provided, the table will be filtered to only include features in that annotation term.

getResultsUpset getResultsUpset

#### **Description**

getResultsUpset

## Usage

```
getResultsUpset(study, modelID, sigValue, operator, column, legacy = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

sigValue The numeric significance value to use as a cutoff for each column

operator The comparison operators for each column, e.g. "<"

column The columns to apply the filters

legacy Use legacy code (for testing purposes only)

#### Value

Invisibly returns the output from upset

getSamples 53

getSamples	Get samples from a study	

## Description

Get samples from a study

## Usage

```
getSamples(study, modelID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

## Arguments

study	An OmicNovigator study 1	Either an object of class on Study, or the name of an
Study	All Officinavigator study. I	Bittlet all object of class offstudy, of the fiable of all

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getTests	Get t	ests from a study	

## **Description**

Get tests from a study

#### Usage

```
getTests(study, modelID = NULL, testID = NULL, quiet = FALSE, libraries = NULL)
```

54 getUpsetCols

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID testID Filter by testID

quiet Suppress messages (default: FALSE)

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

The object returned depends on the data available and any filters (e.g. the argument modelID):

If no filters are specified, then the object returned is a nested list, similar to the original input object.

If one or more filters are applied, then only a subset of the original nested list is returned. Technically, each filter applied is used to subset the original nested list using [[.

If no data is available, an empty list is returned (list()).

getUpsetCols getUpsetCols

## Description

Determine the common columns across all tests of a model that are available for filtering with UpSet.

#### Usage

```
getUpsetCols(study, modelID)
```

#### **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an

installed study package.

modelID Filter by modelID

## Value

Returns a character vector with the names of the common columns

group 55

group

group from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

## **Description**

A subset of the object group from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

## Usage

group

#### **Format**

A factor with 3 levels:

Basal Basal cells

LP Luminal progenitor cells

ML Mature luminal cells

#### **Source**

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

## **Examples**

```
table(group)
str(group)
```

56 installApp

importStudy	Import a study package
-------------	------------------------

## Description

Create an onStudy object by importing an installed study package

#### Usage

```
importStudy(study, libraries = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

study Named of an installed OmicNavigator study

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns the onStudy object imported from the OmicNavigator study package

installApp
------------

## Description

In order to run the OmicNavigator web app on your local machine, the app must be installed in the www/ subdirectory of the R package. If you installed the release tarball from the GitHub Releases page, then you already have the app installed. If you installed directly from GitHub with install\_github, or if you want to use a different version of the app, you can manually download and install the app.

## Usage

```
installApp(version = NULL, overwrite = FALSE, lib.loc = NULL, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

version	Version of the web app to install, e.g. "1.0.0"
overwrite	Should an existing installation of the app be overwritten?
lib.loc	a character vector with path names of R libraries. See 'Details' for the meaning of the default value of NULL.
•••	Passed to download.file. If the download fails, you may need to adjust the download settings for your operating system. For example, to download with wget, pass the argument method = "wget".

installStudy 57

## Value

A one-element character vector with the absolute path to the directory in which the app files were installed

installStudy

Install a study as an R package

## **Description**

Install a study as an R package

## Usage

```
installStudy(study, library = .libPaths()[1])
```

## **Arguments**

study An OmicNavigator study to install (class onStudy)

library Directory to install package. Defaults to first directory returned by .libPaths.

#### Value

Invisibly returns the original onStudy object that was passed to the argument study

lane

lane from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

## Description

A subset of the object lane from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

## Usage

lane

#### **Format**

A factor with 3 levels:

L004 Sample sequenced on lane 4

L006 Sample sequenced on lane 6

L008 Sample sequenced on lane 8

58 lcpm

#### **Source**

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

## **Examples**

```
table(lane)
str(lane)
```

1cpm

lcpm from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

## **Description**

A subset of the object 1cpm from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

#### Usage

1cpm

#### **Format**

A matrix with 24 rows and 9 columns

#### Source

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

listStudies 59

#### **Examples**

head(lcpm)
str(lcpm)

listStudies

List available studies and their metadata

## Description

List available studies and their metadata

#### Usage

```
listStudies(libraries = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

libraries The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the de-

fault), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

#### Value

Returns a nested list with one element per installed OmicNavigator study package. Each study package entry has the following sublist components:

name (character) Name of the study

package (list) The fields from DESCRIPTION

results (nested list) The testIDs available for each modelID

enrichments (nested list) The annotationIDs available for each modelID

plots (nested list) The plotIDs available for each modeIID

Mm.c2

Mm.c2 from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

## Description

A subset of the object Mm. c2 from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

## Usage

Mm.c2

60 plotStudy

#### **Format**

A list of 4 character vectors

#### **Source**

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

## **Examples**

```
Mm.c2[[1]]
str(Mm.c2)
```

plotStudy

Plot a feature using a custom plotting function

## **Description**

Plot a feature using a custom plotting function

## Usage

```
plotStudy(study, modelID, featureID, plotID, testID = NULL, libraries = NULL)
```

## Arguments

study	An OmicNavigator study. Either an object of class onStudy, or the name of an installed study package.
modelID	Filter by modelID
featureID	Filter by featureID
plotID	Filter by plotID
testID	Filter by testID
libraries	The directories to search for installed study packages. If left as NULL (the default), then installed.packages will use the result of .libPaths.

removeStudy 61

#### **Details**

The arguments study, modelID, featureID, and testID are passed to the function getPlottingData, and the nested list returned by this function is passed as the first argument to your custom plotting function.

#### Value

This function is called for the side effect of creating a plot. It invisibly returns the result from the custom plotting function specified by plotID. Previously it invisibly returned the study object. It's unlikely you relied on this behavior. For a ggplot2 plot, the return value will be the plotting object with class "ggplot".

#### See Also

```
addPlots, getPlottingData
```

removeStud	٠,
T elliove S cuo	v

Remove an installed study R package

## **Description**

Remove an installed study R package

## Usage

```
removeStudy(study, library = .libPaths()[1])
```

## Arguments

study	The name of the stud	y or an onStudy object.	Do <b>not</b> include the	prefix of the

installed package, e.g. ONstudy.

library Directory where the study package is installed. Defaults to first directory re-

turned by .libPaths.

#### Value

Invisibly returns the path of the removed study package

62 startApp

samplenames

samplenames from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123

#### **Description**

A subset of the object samplenames from Bioconductor workflow RNAseq123.

#### Usage

samplenames

#### **Format**

A character vector containing the unique sample identifiers

#### Source

 $\verb|https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows/vignettes/RNAseq123/inst/doc/limmaWorkflow.html|$ 

#### References

Law CW, Alhamdoosh M, Su S, Dong X, Tian L, Smyth GK, Ritchie ME. RNA-seq analysis is easy as 1-2-3 with limma, Glimma and edgeR [version 3; peer review: 3 approved]. F1000Research 2018, 5:1408 doi:10.12688/f1000research.9005.3

Sheridan, J.M., Ritchie, M.E., Best, S.A. et al. A pooled shRNA screen for regulators of primary mammary stem and progenitor cells identifies roles for *Asap1* and *Prox1*. BMC Cancer 2015, 15:221 doi:10.1186/s128850151187z

## **Examples**

head(samplenames)
str(samplenames)

startApp

Start app on local machine

#### Description

After you have installed at least one OmicNavigator study package with installStudy, you can explore the results in the app. The function startApp starts a local instance of the app running on your current machine. It will automatically open the app in your default browser. For the best experience, use Google Chrome. From the dropdown menu, you will be able to select from any of the studies you have installed on your machine. When you are finished, you can stop the web server by returning to the R console and pressing the Esc key (Windows) or Ctrl-C (Linux, macOS).

summary.onStudy 63

#### Usage

```
startApp(...)
```

## **Arguments**

. . . extra parameters passed to ocpu\_start\_server

#### **Details**

Note that the app can't be run from within RStudio Server.

The app requires some additional R packages to run. If you receive an error about a missing package, please install it with install.packages. To ensure you have all the extra packages installed, you can run the command below:

```
install.packages(c("faviconPlease", "opencpu", "UpSetR"))
```

#### Value

No return value. This function is only called for the side effect of running a local instance of the app.

summary.onStudy

Summarize elements of OmicNavigator study

## **Description**

Displays a tree-like summary of the elements that have been added to an OmicNavigator study.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'onStudy'
summary(object, elements = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

object OmicNavigator study object (class onStudy)

elements Subset the output to only include specific elements of the study, e.g. c("results",

"enrichments")

... Currently unused

#### Value

Invisibly returns the original onStudy object

64 validateStudy

validateStudy

Validate a study

## Description

Validate a study

## Usage

validateStudy(study)

## Arguments

study

An OmicNavigator study object

## Value

For a valid study object, the logical value TRUE is invisibly returned. For an invalid study object, there is no return value because an error is thrown.

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