Package 'ConjointChecks'

December 12, 2024

	December 12, 202 :
Туре	Package
Title	Implementation of a Method to Check the Cancellation Axioms of Additive Conjoint Measurement
Versi	on 0.2.0
Date	2024-12-02
Main	tainer Ben Domingue <ben.domingue@gmail.com></ben.domingue@gmail.com>
Depe	nds R ($>= 4.3$), parallel, methods,
Desci	ription Implementation of a procedureDomingue (2012) https://eric.ed.gov/?id=ED548657 , Domingue (2014) doi:10.1007/s11336-013-9342-4 ; see also Karabat-sos (2001) https://psycnet.apa.org/record/2002-01665-005 > and Kyngdon (2011) doi:10.1348/2044-8317.002004 >to test the single and double cancellation axioms of conjoint measure in data that is dichotomously coded and measured with error.
URL	https://github.com/ben-domingue/ConjointChecks
Lazy	Data Yes
Impo	rts Rcpp
Linki	ingTo Rcpp
Licen	se GPL (>= 2)
Need	sCompilation yes
Autho	or Ben Domingue [aut, cre], Liam Fox [ctb], Vithor Franco [ctb]
Repo	sitory CRAN
Date/	Publication 2024-12-12 15:20:06 UTC
Cor	ntents
	ConjointChecks-package

15

												•			•	4
																6
																7
																8
																9
																10
																10
																11
																12
																13
																13
																14

ConjointChecks-package

ConjointChecks: A package to check the cancellation axioms of conjoint measurement.

Description

Index

Implementation of a procedure (Domingue, 2012; see also Karabatsos, 2001 and Kyngdon, 2011) to test the single and double cancellation axioms of conjoint measure in data that is dichotomously coded and measured with error.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Domingue, B. (2012). Evaluating the Equal-Interval Hypothesis with Test Score Scales. Doctoral Dissertation, University of Colorado Boulder, May 2012.

Karabatsos, G. (2001). The rasch model, additive conjoint measurement, and new models of probabilistic measurement theory. Journal of Applied Measurement, 2(4), 389-423.

Kyngdon, A. (2011). Plausible measurement analogies to some psychometric models of test performance. British Journal of Mathematical and Statistical Psychology, 64(3), 478-497.

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

CCIterate 3

CCIterate

Internal Function of Iterations of ConjointChecks

Description

Internal function; should not be used directly.

Usage

```
CCIterate(nIter, old, old_ll, single, burn, N, n)
```

Arguments

nIter	Number of iterations.
old	Numeric matrix.
old_ll	Numeric matrix.
single	Should do single cancellation.
burn	Number of initial values to remove.
N	Integer matrix.
n	Numeric matrix.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue <ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

4 ConjointChecks

checks-class Class "checks"

Description

The formal S4 class for checks. This class contains transformed version of the raw response data as well as summaries of the checks.

Details

Objects of class checks contains all information returned by ConjointChecks.

Objects from the Class

Object created by a call to function ConjointChecks.

Slots

N: matrix containing the number of respondents at each item/ability intersection

n: matrix containing the number of correct responses at each item/ability intersection

Checks: List containing information about each checked 3-matrix

tab: matrix containing information about the detected violations at each item/ability intersection

means: vector containing weighted and unweighted means for the detected violations (where weights are the number of individuals at each ability level)

check.counts: matrix giving the number of times a item/ability cell was sampled

Author(s)

Ben Domingue <ben.domingue@gmail.com>

See Also

ConjointChecks, summary.checks, plot.checks

ConjointChecks

Check Single and Double Cancellation in a sample of 3-matrices

Description

Given two matrices, n and N (which contain the number of correct responses and the number of total responses for each cell), a check of single and double cancellation is performed in n. 3mat matrices. To check large numbers of 3-matrices (to see why, see Domingue (2012)), parallel options help.

ConjointChecks 5

Usage

```
ConjointChecks(N,n,n.3mat=1,CR=c(.025,.975),single=FALSE,mc.cores=1)
```

Arguments

N	Matrix containing the total number of responses.
n	Matrix containing the number of correct responses.
n.3mat	Number of 3-matrices to sample or the string "adjacent" if all adjacently formed 3-matrices are to be checked.
CR	Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible region (c(.025,.975)).
single	Also test single cancellation.
mc.cores	The number of cores to parallelize over.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

```
#parole data
#page 244 (table 2) of Perline, Wright, and Wainer
#about 9% were bad in perline
matrix(c(15,47,61,84,82,86,60,47,8),9,9,byrow=FALSE)->N
per <-structure(c(0, 0.06, 0.07, 0.18, 0.13, 0.13, 0.17, 0.17,
1, 0, 0.04, 0.15, 0.24, 0.33, 0.28, 0.47, 0.85, 1, 0, 0.04, 0.08,
0.12, 0.3, 0.64, 0.85, 1, 1, 0, 0.19, 0.39, 0.4, 0.51, 0.58,
0.82, 0.98, 1, 0, 0.06, 0.18, 0.52, 0.73, 0.95, 1, 1, 1, 0,
0.23, 0.33, 0.51, 0.68, 0.91, 0.93, 1, 1, 0.27, 0.51, 0.61,
0.64, 0.68, 0.77, 0.9, 1, 1, 0, 0.21, 0.52, 0.68, 0.84, 0.97,
0.97, 1, 1, 0.73, 0.64, 0.67, 0.7, 0.78, 0.78, 0.9, 1, 1),
.Dim = c(9L, 9L))
round(per*N)->n
ConjointChecks(N,n,n.3mat=1)->out
#Data from Rasch (1960) data
#page 250 (table 5) of Perline, Wright, and Wainer
#about 4% showed violations
matrix(c(49,112,32,76,82,102,119,133,123,94,61,17,10),13,7,byrow=FALSE)->N
per <-structure(c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0.02, 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.06, 0.09,
0.23,\ 0.35,\ 0.7,\ 0.01,\ 0,\ 0.04,\ 0.05,\ 0.09,\ 0.09,\ 0.16,\ 0.28,\ 0.39,
 0.66, \ 0.8, \ 0.91, \ 0.85, \ 0, \ 0.02, \ 0.07, \ 0.07, \ 0.24, \ 0.28, \ 0.45, \ 0.59,
```

6 DoubleCancel

```
0.76, 0.87, 0.9, 1, 0.85, 0.01, 0.04, 0.12, 0.21, 0.42, 0.62, 0.73,
 0.83, 0.9, 0.93, 0.98, 1, 1, 0.06, 0.11, 0.4, 0.7, 0.7, 0.79, 0.84,
 0.88, 0.94, 0.95, 0.98, 1, 1, 0.48, 0.84, 0.84, 0.86, 0.86, 0.9,
 0.95, 0.96, 0.98, 0.99, 0.99, 1, 1, 0.92, 0.98, 0.98, 0.99, 0.98,
 0.99, 0.99, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1), .Dim = c(13L, 7L)
round(per*N)->n
ConjointChecks(N,n,n.3mat=1)->out
###########
#simulated rasch example
n.3mat<-1000
n.items < -20
n.respondents<-2000
#simulate data
rnorm(n.items)->diff
rnorm(n.respondents)->abil
matrix(abil,n.respondents,n.items,byrow=FALSE)->m1
matrix(diff, n.respondents, n.items, byrow=TRUE)->m2
m1-m2 \rightarrow kern
exp(kern)/(1+exp(kern))->pv
runif(n.items*n.respondents)->test
ifelse(pv>test,1,0)->resp
##now check
PrepareChecks(resp)->tmp
\label{lem:conjointChecks(tmp$N,tmp$n,n.3mat=n.3mat,mc.cores=1)-} rasch1000
```

DoubleCancel

Check Double Cancellation in a sample of 3-matrices

Description

Internal function. Wrapper of the code that checks ONLY the double cancellation bits.

Usage

```
DoubleCancel(N,n,n.3mat=1,CR=c(.025,.975),mc.cores=1)
```

Arguments

N	Matrix containing the total number of responses.
n	Matrix containing the number of correct responses.
n.3mat	Number of 3-matrices to sample or the string "adjacent" if all adjacently formed 3-matrices are to be checked.
CR	Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible region (c(.025, .975)).
mc.cores	The number of cores to parallelize over.

list.null-class 7

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

Examples

INTERNAL FUNCTION

list.null-class

Class "list.null"

Description

The formal S4 class for list.null. This class contains a null list.

Details

Objects of class are used internally.

Objects from the Class

Object used internally.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 ben.domingue@gmail.com>

See Also

 ${\tt ConjointChecks, summary.checks, plot.checks}$

8 ManyBands

rianybands Check what Ordering to Use	ManyBands	Check What Ordering to Use	
---------------------------------------	-----------	----------------------------	--

Description

Internal funcion. This checks to see whether the p-value (rasch difficulty) ordering should be used or if ordering should be 'as is'.

Usage

Arguments

th Threshold. se Standard error.

cc. type Type of cancellation check.

resp resp.

bands Values of the bands.

uniform.bands Is the distribution of the bands uniform?

trim.window trim.window.

pv.order Use the p-value ordering.

mc.cores The number of cores to parallelize over.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

omni.check 9

omni.check Check Single and Double Cancellation in a sample of 3-matrices

Description

Internal function. This checks both single and double cancellation.

Usage

```
omni.check(N,n,n.iter,burn=1000,thin=4,CR,single)
```

Arguments

N	Matrix containing the total number of responses.
n	Matrix containing the number of correct responses.
n.iter	Total number of samples.
burn	Number of initial samples that should be discarded.
thin	Amount of thinning.
CR	Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible region (c(.025,.975)).
single	Also test single cancellation.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue <ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

10 omni.check_single

omni.check_double	Check Double Cancellation in a sample of 3-matrices
-------------------	---

Description

Internal function. Checks ONLY the double cancellation bits.

Usage

```
omni.check_double(N,n,n.iter,burn=1000,thin=4,CR)
```

Arguments

N Matrix containing the total number of responses.n Matrix containing the number of correct responses.

n.iter Total number of samples.

burn Number of initial samples that should be discarded.

thin Amount of thinning.

CR Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible

region (c(.025,.975)).

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

Examples

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

Description

Internal function. Code that checks ONLY the single cancellation bits.

Usage

```
omni.check_single(N,n,n.iter,burn=1000,thin=4,CR,single)
```

plot.checks 11

Arguments

N	Matrix containing the total number of responses.
n	Matrix containing the number of correct responses.

n.iter Total number of samples.

burn Number of initial samples that should be discarded.

thin Amount of thinning.

CR Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible

region (c(.025,.975)).

single Also test single cancellation.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue
 domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

Examples

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

plot.checks

Plot checks produced by ConjointChecks.

Description

Takes output from ConjointChecks and produces a matplot showing the percentage of reported violations at each cell.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'checks'
plot(x,items=NULL,item.labels=TRUE,...)
```

Arguments

X	Object returned by	ConjointCheck	s of class checks.
---	--------------------	---------------	--------------------

items Vector of item numbers to include in a single plot. Defaults to all, but this is less

helpful for diagnostic purposes.

item.labels Should item numbers be included? Defaults to TRUE. If length of items is unity

(perhaps if the small multiple format of Tufte, 2001 is going to be used), then the item number gets printed below the x-axis. If the length of items is more than unity, the item number gets plotted in the figure above the largest proportion of

violations for each item.

... further arguments passed to or from other methods

12 PrepareChecks

Value

No return value, called for side effects

References

Tufte, E. R. (2001). The visual display of quantitative information (2nd ed.). Chesire, CT: Graphics Press.

Examples

```
opar <- par()
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(rasch1000)
plot(rasch1000,items=c(5,10,15))
for (i in c(3,9,13,18)) plot(rasch1000,items=i)
par(opar)</pre>
```

PrepareChecks

Prepare raw response data for ConjointChecks.

Description

Takes output from ConjointChecks and produces a matrix showing the percentage of reported violations at each cell.

Usage

```
PrepareChecks(resp,ss.lower=10, collapse.columns = FALSE)
```

Arguments

resp Raw dichotomously coded response data. Columns represent items and rows

represent individuals.

ss.lower Only sum scores that have at least this many distinct individuals with that sum

score will be used.

collapse.columns

Sum over columns.

Value

Returns n and N, respectively, containing the number of correct responses and the number of total responses for each cell.

rasch1000

Examples

```
#simulated Rasch example
n.items<-20
n.respondents<-2000
#simulate data
rnorm(n.items)->diff
rnorm(n.respondents)->abil
matrix(abil,n.respondents,n.items,byrow=FALSE)->m1
matrix(diff,n.respondents,n.items,byrow=TRUE)->m2
m1-m2 -> kern
exp(kern)/(1+exp(kern))->pv
runif(n.items*n.respondents)->test
ifelse(pv>test,1,0)->resp
#now check
PrepareChecks(resp)->obj
```

rasch1000

1000 sampled 3-matrices from simulated Rasch data.

Description

Object created by first generating Rasch data and then running ConjointChecks on 1000 sampled 3 matrices

Usage

rasch1000

Format

An object of class checks.

Source

Simulated via Rasch model.

SingleCancel

Check Single Cancellation in a sample

Description

Internal function. Wrapper of the code that checks ONLY the single cancellation bits.

Usage

```
SingleCancel(N,n,CR=c(.025,.975),single,mc.cores=1)
```

14 summary.checks

Arguments

N	Matrix containing the total number of responses.
n	Matrix containing the number of correct responses.

CR Width of the credible region taken from the posterior. Defaults to a 95% credible

region (c(.025,.975)).

single Also test single cancellation.

mc.cores The number of cores to parallelize over.

Author(s)

Ben Domingue <ben.domingue@gmail.com>

References

Perline, R., Wright, B. D., & Wainer, H. (1979). The Rasch model as additive conjoint measurement. Applied Psychological Measurement, 3(2), 237-255.

Examples

```
### INTERNAL FUNCTION ###
```

summary.checks

Summarize checks produced by ConjointChecks.

Description

Takes output from ConjointChecks and produces a matrix showing the percentage of reported violations at each cell.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'checks'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Object returned by ConjointChecks of class checks.
... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

No return value, called for side effects

```
summary(rasch1000)
```

Index

```
* classes
    checks-class, 4
    list.null-class, 7
* datasets
    rasch1000, 13
* package
    ConjointChecks-package, 2
CCIterate, 3
checks, 4, 11, 13, 14
checks-class, 4
ConjointChecks, 4, 4, 7, 11, 12, 14
ConjointChecks-package, 2
DoubleCancel, 6
list.null-class, 7
ManyBands, 8
omni.check, 9
omni.check\_double, 10
\verb|omni.check_single|, 10
plot.checks, 4, 7, 11
PrepareChecks, 12
rasch1000, 13
SingleCancel, 13
summary.checks, 4, 7, 14
```