# Package 'gridsampler'

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**Title** A Simulation Tool to Determine the Required Sample Size for Repertory Grid Studies

Type Package

LazyLoad yes

**Description** Simulation tool to facilitate determination of required sample size to achieve category saturation for studies using multiple repertory grids in conjunction with content analysis.

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Suggests knitr, testthat, rmarkdown

**Encoding** UTF-8

URL https://github.com/markheckmann/gridsampler

BugReports https://github.com/markheckmann/gridsampler/issues

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## **Description**

gridsampler - A sample size simulation software for repertory grid studies

studies

#### References

- Green, B. (2004). Personal construct psychology and content analysis. Personal Construct Theory & Practice, 1(3), 82-91.
- $\bullet$  Jankowicz, D. (2004). The easy guide to repertory grids. Chichester, England: John Wiley & Sons.

calc\_probabilities

Probability for certain degree of saturation

## **Description**

Calculate probability for getting certain proportion of categories with at least m constructs

## Usage

```
calc\_probabilities(r, n, ms, min.props = c(0.9, 0.95, 0.99))
```

## **Arguments**

r	A dataframe. The result returned from sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n.
n	Vector of n for which to calculate probabilities.
ms	minimal number of constructs in each category
min.props	Proportion of categores to contain at least m constructs.

#### See Also

Other Utilities: expected\_frequencies, prob\_categories

## **Examples**

```
prob <- dexp(1:30, .05) 

n \leftarrow seq(10, 80, by = 20) 

r \leftarrow sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n(prob, n, a = 7, times = 100) 

dd \leftarrow calc_probabilities(r, n, ms=1:5, min.props = c(0.9, .95, 1)) 

head(dd)
```

```
draw_multiple_n_persons_x_times
```

Draw and redraw results of simulation

## **Description**

Draw and redraw results of simulation

## Usage

```
draw_multiple_n_persons_x_times(d)
```

#### **Arguments**

d

A dataframe as returned by calc\_probabilities.

#### See Also

Other Plotting: draw\_n\_person\_sample

## **Examples**

```
## simulate
prob <- dexp(1:30, .05)  # probabilities for categories
N <- seq(10, 80, by = 10)  # smaple sizes to simulate
r <- sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n(prob, n = N, a = 7, times = 100, progress = "none")
# calculate and draw
M <- 1:5  # minimal number of categories to evaluate
p <- c(0.9, .95, 1)  # proportion of categories for which minimal m holds
d <- calc_probabilities(r, n = N, ms = M, min.props = p)
draw_multiple_n_persons_x_times(d)</pre>
```

## Description

Produce graphic for a single sample of n persons

#### Usage

```
draw_n_person_sample(prob, n, a = 10, ap = rep(1/length(a), length(a)))
```

## **Arguments**

prob Probability to draw a construct from a certain category.

Number of persons, i.e. grids to be sampled.a Possible number of attributes sampled from.

ap Attribute probabilities, i.e. for each number of attributes given in a.

## See Also

Other Plotting: draw\_multiple\_n\_persons\_x\_times

## **Examples**

```
draw_n_person_sample(dexp(1:30, rate = .05), n = 100, a = 10)
draw_n_person_sample(dexp(1:30, rate = .05), n = 100, a = 1:5, ap = 5:1)
```

## **Description**

Produce ggplot of percentiles for simulated frequencies

#### Usage

```
expected_frequencies(r)
```

#### **Arguments**

r A dataframe. The result returned from sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times.

## Value

Draws a ggplot

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#### See Also

Other Utilities: calc\_probabilities, prob\_categories

#### **Examples**

```
r <- sim_n_persons_x_times(dexp(1:30, rate = .05), n = 50, a = 5:7, ap = 1:3, 100) expected_frequencies(r)
```

gridsampler

Run gridsampler app

## Description

This function starts the gridsampler shiny app.

#### Usage

```
gridsampler(display.mode = "auto",
  launch.browser = getOption("shiny.launch.browser", interactive()))
```

#### Arguments

```
display.mode auto by default, can also be showcase. See runApp.

launch.browser Boolean, set TRUE to open the app in the browser. See runApp.
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
gridsampler()
## End(Not run)
```

prob\_categories

Probability for certain degree of saturation

## Description

Calculate probability for getting certain proportion of categories with at least m constructs

## Usage

```
prob_categories(r, m, min.prop = 1)
```

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## **Arguments**

r A dataframe. The result returned from sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times.

m minimal number of constructs in each category

min.prop Proportion of categores to contain at least m constructs.

#### See Also

Other Utilities: calc\_probabilities, expected\_frequencies

## **Examples**

```
r <- sim_n_persons_x_times(dexp(1:30, rate = .05), n = 50, a = 5:7, times = 100, progress = "none") prob_categories(r, 4, min.prop = .9)
```

sim\_n\_persons

Simulate n persons

#### **Description**

Function is a simple replicate wrapper around  $sim\_one\_person$ 

## Usage

```
sim_n_persons(prob, n, a = 10, ap = rep(1/length(a), length(a)))
```

## Arguments

prob	Probability to draw a construct from a certain category.
n	Number of persons, i.e. grids to be sampled.
a	Possible number of attributes sampled from.
ар	Attribute probabilities, i.e. for each number of attributes given in a.

#### See Also

Other Simulations: sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times\_many\_n, sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times, sim\_one\_person

## **Examples**

sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times

```
sim_n_persons_x_times Complete simulation
```

#### **Description**

Complete simulation

#### Usage

```
sim_n_persons_x_times(prob, n, a, ap = rep(1/length(a), length(a)),
times = 100, progress = "text")
```

## **Arguments**

prob	Probability to draw a construct from a certain category. Length of vector determines number of categories.
n	Number of persons, i.e. grids to sample.
а	Number of constructs to be sampled.
ар	Probabilities for each number of attributes to be sampled.
times	Number of times to repeat each simulation.
progress	Type of progress bar shown during simulation.

## See Also

 $Other\ Simulations: \ \verb|sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n|, \ \verb|sim_n_persons|, \ \verb|sim_one_person|$ 

## Examples

```
## Not run:
sim_n_persons_x_times(dexp(1:30, .05), n = 2, a = c(1,30), ap = 1:2, times = 100)
sim_n_persons_x_times(dexp(1:30, .05), n = 2, a = c(1,30), times = 200, progress = "tk")
## End(Not run)
sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n
```

#### Description

Creates simulation results for different n. Runs  $sim_n_persons_x_times$  for different n.

Simulate for different n

#### Usage

```
sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n(prob, n = seq(10, 80, by = 10), a = 7,
ap = rep(1/length(a), length(a)), times = 100, progress = "text")
```

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## **Arguments**

prob	Probability to draw a construct from a certain category. Length of vector determines number of categories.
n	Number of persons, i.e. grids to sample.
a	Number of constructs to be sampled.
ар	Probabilities for each number of attributes to be sampled.
times	Number of times to repeat each simulation.
progress	Type of progress bar shown during simulation.

#### Value

A result dataframe.

#### See Also

Other Simulations: sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times, sim\_n\_persons, sim\_one\_person

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
r <- sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n(dexp(1:30, .05), a = 7, times = 100)
r <- sim_n_persons_x_times_many_n(dexp(1:30, .05), a = 5:7, ap = 1:3, times = 100)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

sim\_one\_person

Simulate a single grid

## Description

Simulate a single grid

## Usage

```
sim\_one\_person(prob, a = 10)
```

## **Arguments**

prob Probability to draw a construct from a certain category.

a Number of constructs to be sampled.

#### See Also

Other Simulations: sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times\_many\_n, sim\_n\_persons\_x\_times, sim\_n\_persons

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# Examples

```
# draw from exponential distribution
p <- dexp(1:20, rate = .1)
sim_one_person(p, a = 10)</pre>
```

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