Package 'grove'

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Type Package

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Author Jacopo Soriano and Li Ma
Maintainer Li Ma <li:ma@duke.edu></li:ma@duke.edu>
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Denoise Denoise

Denoise	Bayesian wavelet denoising

Description

This function carries out Bayesian wavelet denoising using the Normal Inverse Gamma Markov Tree method of Ma and Soriano (2016).

Usage

```
Denoise(W, alpha = 0.5, nu = 5, n.samples = 500,
    transition.mode = "Markov", method = "Nelder-Mead")
```

Arguments

W An object of class DWT.

alpha Hyperparameter controlling the global smoothness.

nu Hyperparameter controlling variance heterogeneity. If Inf, then the variance is

identical for all nodes.

n. samples Number of posterior draws.

transition.mode

Type of transition. The two options are Markov or Independent.

method Method used for find maxmimum of marginal likelihood.

Value

An object of class grove.

References

Ma L. and Soriano J. (2016) Efficient functional ANOVA through wavelet-domain Markov groves. arXiv:1602.03990v2 [stat.ME] (https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.03990v2).

Examples

```
data <- wavethresh::DJ.EX(n = 512, noisy = TRUE, rsnr = 5)doppler W <- DWT(data) ans <- Denoise(W)
```

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DWT

Discrete wavelet transform

Description

This function performs the discrete wavelet transform (DWT) according to Mallat's pyramidal algorithm (Mallat, 1989).

Usage

```
DWT(data, filter.number = 10, family = "DaubLeAsymm")
```

Arguments

family

data A matrix of data, where each row is an observation. The number of columns

must be a power of two.

filter.number The smoothness of the wavelet to use in the decomposition.

The family of wavelets. The two most common options are DaubExPhase and

DaubLeAsymm.

Details

See function wd from package wavethresh for more details.

Value

A DWT object. This object is a list with the following components:

Examples

```
data <- GenerateSyntheticAnova(st.dev = 5, n.replicates = 10)
W <- DWT(data$noisy.Y)</pre>
```

FAnova

Bayesian functional ANOVA

Description

This function carries out Bayesian functional ANOVA using the Normal Inverse Gamma Markov Grove method of Ma and Soriano (2016).

Usage

```
FAnova(W, X, formula, nu = 5, is.kappa.fixed = FALSE, gamma.kappa = 0.3,
  eta.kappa = 0.1, n.samples = 500, transition.mode = "Markov",
  method = "Nelder-Mead")
```

Arguments

W An object of class DWT.

X Design matrix.

formula An object of class formula.

nu Hyperparameter controlling the heterogeneity in the noise variance.

is.kappa.fixed If TRUE, gamma.kappa and eta.kappa are fixed. If FALSE gamma_kappa and

eta_kappa are determined using Empirical Bayes.

gamma.kappa Hyperparameter for the MT transition matrix. eta.kappa Hyperparameter for the MT transition matrix.

n. samples Number of posterior draws.

transition.mode

Type of transition. The two options are Markov or Independent.

method Method used for find maxmimum of marginal likelihood.

Value

An object of class grove.

References

Ma L. and Soriano J. (2016) Efficient functional ANOVA through wavelet-domain Markov groves. arXiv:1602.03990v2 [stat.ME] (https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.03990v2).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data <- GenerateSyntheticAnova(st.dev = 5, n.replicates = 5)
W <- DWT(data$noisy.Y)
X <- data$X
ans <- FAnova(W, X, ~ 1 + factorA + factorB)
denoised.data <- InvDWT(ans, x = c(0, 0, 1, 0))
PlotFun(denoised.data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

GenerateSyntheticAnova

Generate synthetic functional ANOVA dataset

Description

This function generates a synthetic 3-factor functional ANOVA dataset.

Usage

```
GenerateSyntheticAnova(st.dev = 10, n.replicates = 5)
```

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Arguments

st.dev The standard deviation of the error.

n.replicates The number of replicates for each factor combination.

Value

A list containing the data without noise, the data with noise, and the design matrix.

Examples

```
data <- GenerateSyntheticAnova(st.dev = 5, n.replicates = 10)
ix <- 1
plot(data$clean.Y[ix, ], type = "1", col = "red", ylab = "")
lines(data$noisy.Y[ix, ], col = "blue")</pre>
```

grove

grove: A package for functional denoising and functional ANOVA

Description

The grove package implements a wavelet-domain Bayesian hierarchical model for functional analysis of variance.

InvDWT

Inverse discrete wavelet transform

Description

This function performs the inverse discrete wavelet transform.

Usage

```
InvDWT(grove.obj, x = NULL, include.C = TRUE, sample.C = FALSE)
```

Arguments

grove.obj	An object of class grove.
x	A vector of the values of a predictor.
include.C	If TRUE, C is used for reconstructing the function.
sample.C	If TRUE, draws from C are used for recontructing the function.

Value

A matrix with each row representing a draw from the reconstructed signal.

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Examples

```
data <- wavethresh::DJ.EX(n = 512, noisy = TRUE, rsnr = 5)$doppler
W <- DWT(data)
ans <- Denoise(W)
denoised.data <- InvDWT(ans)
plot(data, type = "1")
lines(denoised.data[1, ], col = "red")</pre>
```

PlotFun

Function to plot the denoised signal

Description

This function plots the credible bounds of the denoised signal.

Usage

```
PlotFun(data, p = c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975), band.type = "pointwise", main = "", col = "blue", type = "l", ylab = "", xlab = "", ylim = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Matrix of posterior samples.
р	Vector with the lower, center and upper quantile.
band.type	Type of credible intervals. The options are: pointwise, gloabl or global.
main	The main title of the plot.
col	The color of the point estimate.
type	The type of line of the point estimate.
ylab	The label of the y-axis.
xlab	The label of the x-axis.
ylim	The range of the y-axis.

Value

A plot.

Examples

```
data <- wavethresh::DJ.EX(n = 512, noisy = TRUE, rsnr = 5)$doppler
W <- DWT(data)
ans <- Denoise(W)
denoised.data <- InvDWT(ans)
PlotFun(denoised.data)
PlotFun(denoised.data, band.type = "both")</pre>
```

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PlotStates	Function to plot the hidden states	

Description

This function plots on a tree the state of each latent variables.

Usage

```
PlotStates(grove.obj, block = "Intercept", legend = FALSE, main = NULL,
    prior = FALSE)
```

Arguments

grove.obj Output from function FAnova.

block Which block to plot.
legend If TRUE, show legend.

main Main title.

prior If TRUE, plot prior state probabilities. If FALE, plot posterior state probabilities.

Value

A plot.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data <- GenerateSyntheticAnova(st.dev = 5, n.replicates = 5)
W <- DWT(data$noisy.Y)
X <- data$X
ans <- FAnova(W, X, ~ 1 + factorA + factorB)
PlotStates(ans)
PlotStates(ans, block = "factorA")
PlotStates(ans, block = "factorB")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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