# Package 'GAGBLUP'

September 5, 2023

Type Package
<b>Title</b> Genetic Algorithm Assisted Genomic Best Liner Unbiased Prediction
Version 1.0
Description Performs genetic algorithm (Scrucca, L (2013) <doi:10.18637 jss.v053.i04="">) assisted genomic best liner unbiased prediction for genomic selection.  It also provides a binning method in natural population for genomic selection under the principle of linkage disequilibrium for dimensional reduction.</doi:10.18637>
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $4.1.0$ )
Imports GA, foreach, doParallel
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2023-09-05 16:50:08 UTC
Maintainer Yuxiang Zhang <yuxiangzhang_99@foxmail.com></yuxiangzhang_99@foxmail.com>
Author Yuxiang Zhang [aut, cre], Yang Xu [aut], Yanru Cui [ctb], Chenwu Xu [ctb], Shizhong Xu [ctb]
R topics documented:
bin
Index

2 bins

bin

Binning Genotypes for Dimensional Reduction

## **Description**

Binning the original genotypes into bins for dimensional reduction under the principle of linkage disequilibrium.

## Usage

```
bin(genotype = genotype, binvar = 0.15)
```

## Arguments

genotype a matrix for genotypes in numeric format, coded as 1, 0 and -1, with individuals

in rows and markers in cols.

binvar a hyper-parameter between 0 and 1, the closer to 0, the fewer bins yields. Users

can choose binvar based on the required number of bins, default is 0.15.

## Value

A list with following information is returned: \$bins\_genotypes binned genotypes \$bins\_range start and stop of each bin

#### **Examples**

```
## load example data from GAGBLUP package
data(genotype)
## binning genotypes
bins <- bin(genotype,0.2)</pre>
```

bins

binned genotypes

## Description

Binned genotypes of 410 maize hybrids.

#### Usage

bins

#### **Format**

A data frame with 410 rows and 810 variables.

gagblup 3

gagblup	Genetic algorithm assisted genomic best liner unbiased prediction for genomic selection

## Description

Performs genomic selection with genetic algorithm assisted genomic best liner unbiased prediction

## Usage

```
gagblup(
  genotype,
  phenotype,
  fit_fun = "HAT",
  maxiter = 2000,
  nfold = 10,
  nTimes = 1,
  seed = 123,
  n_core = 1
)
```

## **Arguments**

genotype	a matrix for genotypes in numeric format, with individuals in rows and markers in cols.
phenotype	a vector of phenotype, missing (NA) values are not allowed.
fit_fun	the fitness function. There are four options: fitness = "AIC"/"BIC"/"FIT"/"HAT", default is "HAT"
maxiter	max number of iterations for GAGBLUP, default is 2000
nfold	the number of folds. Default is 10.
nTimes	the number of independent replicates for the cross-validation. Default is 1.
seed	the random number. Default is 123.
n_core	the number of CPU to be used, default is 1.

#### Value

A list with following information is returned: \$R2 the squared pearson correlation coefficient between the true value and the predicted value, \$predicted\_value the predicted value and the true value of the phenotype, \$marker\_selection a vector of the selected markers, with 1 indicates selected, 0 indicates not selected.

4 phenotype

#### **Examples**

```
## load example data from GAGBLUP package
data(phenotype)
data(bins)
phenotype <- phenotype[1:200,3]
result <- gagblup(bins[1:200,],phenotype,fit_fun='HAT',maxiter=1,nfold=2,nTimes=1,seed=123,n_core=1)</pre>
```

genotype

Genotype in Numeric Format

## **Description**

Genotypic data of 410 maize hybrids with 4906 SNPs.

#### Usage

genotype

#### **Format**

A data frame with 410 rows and 4906 variables.

phenotype

Phenotypic data of 410 hybrids

## **Description**

This dataset contains phenotypic data of 410 hybrids for grain yield in maize.

#### Usage

phenotype

#### **Format**

A data frame with 410 rows and 3 variables:

- M The names of male parents.
- F The names of female parents.
- GY The grain yield of hybrids.

## **Index**

```
* datasets
bins, 2
genotype, 4
phenotype, 4
bin, 2
bins, 2
gagblup, 3
genotype, 4
phenotype, 4
```