Package 'tramvs'

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Optimal subset selection for multivariate transformation models

Description

 ${\tt abess_mmlt}$

Optimal subset selection for multivariate transformation models

```
abess_mmlt(
  mltargs,
  supp,
  k_max = supp,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  m0 = NULL,
```

abess_tram 3

```
)
```

Arguments

mltargs Arguments passed to mmlt supp support size of the coefficient vector maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max thresh threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, . ~1)). maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max Transformation model for initialization mØ

Value

. . .

List containing the fitted model via mmlt, active set A and inactive set I.

Currently ignored

abess_tram Optimal subset selection for transformation models

Description

Optimal subset selection for transformation models

```
abess_tram(
  formula,
  data,
  modFUN,
  supp,
  mandatory = NULL,
  k_max = supp,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  m0 = NULL,
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

formula	object of class "formula".
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
modFUN	function for fitting a transformation model, e.g., BoxCox().
supp	support size of the coefficient vector
mandatory	formula of mandatory covariates, which will always be included and estimated in the model. Note that this also changes the intialization of the active set. The active set is then computed with regards to the model residuals of modFUN(mandatory,) instead of the unconditional model.
k_max	maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to supp.
thresh	threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to $0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$$, where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size.
init	initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional $modFUN(update(formula, \sim 1))$.
m_max	maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.
mØ	Transformation model for initialization
	additional arguments supplied to modFUN.

Value

List containing the fitted model via modFUN, active set A and inactive set I.

Examples

```
set.seed(24101968)
library(tramvs)

N <- 1e2
P <- 5
nz <- 3
beta <- rep(c(1, 0), c(nz, P - nz))
X <- matrix(rnorm(N * P), nrow = N, ncol = P)
Y <- 1 + X %*% beta + rnorm(N)

dat <- data.frame(y = Y, x = X)

abess_tram(y ~ ., dat, modFUN = Lm, supp = 3)</pre>
```

AIC.tramvs 5

AIC.tramvs

AIC "tramvs"

Description

AIC "tramvs"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
AIC(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object of class "tramvs"
... additional arguments to AIC()
```

Value

Numeric vector containing AIC of best model

BoxCoxVS

Optimal subset selection in a BoxCox-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a BoxCox-type transformation model

```
BoxCoxVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

6 coef.abess_tram

Arguments

formula object of class "formula".

data data frame containing the variables in the model.

supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with.

k_max maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to

supp.

thresh threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n,

where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size.

init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those co-

variates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula,

. ~1)).

m_max maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.

parallel toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply

future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-

ers

. . . Additional arguments supplied to BoxCox

Value

See tramvs

Description

Coef "abess_tram"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'abess_tram'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object of class "tramvs"

... additional arguments to coef()

Value

Named numeric vector containing coefficient estimates see coef.tram

coef.mmltvs 7

coef.mmltvs

Coef "mmltvs"

Description

Coef "mmltvs"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mmltvs'
coef(object, best_only = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

object Object of class "tramvs"

best_only Wether to return the coefficients of the best model only (default: FALSE)

... additional arguments to coef()

Value

Vector (best_only = TRUE) or matrix (best_only = FALSE) of coefficients

coef.tramvs

Coef "tramvs"

Description

Coef "tramvs"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
coef(object, best_only = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

object Object of class "tramvs"

best_only Wether to return the coefficients of the best model only (default: FALSE)

... additional arguments to coef()

Value

Vector (best_only = TRUE) or matrix (best_only = FALSE) of coefficients

8 ColrVS

ColrVS

Optimal subset selection in a Colr-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a Colr-type transformation model

Usage

```
ColrVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with. maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, .~~1)).maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max parallel toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-Additional arguments supplied to Colr

Value

cor_init 9

cor_init

Compute correlation for initializing the active set

Description

Compute correlation for initializing the active set

Usage

```
cor_init(m0, mb)
```

Arguments

```
m0 modFUN(formula, data)
mb modFUN(mandatory, data)
```

Value

Vector of correlations for initializing the active set, depends on type of model (see e.g. cor_init.default)

cor_init.default

Default method for computing correlation

Description

Default method for computing correlation

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
cor_init(m0, mb)
```

Arguments

```
m0 modFUN(formula, data)
mb modFUN(mandatory, data)
```

Value

Vector of correlation for initializing the active set

10 cor_init.stram

cor_init.mmlt

Method for computing correlations in mmlts

Description

Method for computing correlations in mmlts

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mmlt'
cor_init(m0, mb)
```

Arguments

```
m0 modFUN(formula, data)
mb modFUN(mandatory, data)
```

Value

Vector of correlation for initializing the active set

cor_init.stram

Shit-scale tram method for computing correlation

Description

Shit-scale tram method for computing correlation

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'stram'
cor_init(m0, mb)
```

Arguments

```
m0 modFUN(formula, data)
mb modFUN(mandatory, data)
```

Value

Vector of correlations for initializing the active set, includes both shift and scale residuals

cotramVS 11

cotramVS

Optimal subset selection in a cotram model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a cotram model

Usage

```
cotramVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with. maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, . ~1)). maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply parallel future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-Additional arguments supplied to cotram

Value

12 CoxphVS

CoxphVS

Optimal subset selection in a Coxph-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a Coxph-type transformation model

Usage

```
CoxphVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Additional arguments supplied to Coxph

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with. maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, .~~1)).maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max parallel toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-

Value

LehmannVS 13

LehmannVS	Optimal subset selection in a Lehmann-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a Lehmann-type transformation model

Usage

```
LehmannVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

formula	object of class "formula".
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
supp_max	maximum support which to call abess_tram with.
k_max	maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to supp.
thresh	threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to $0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$$, where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size.
init	initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional $modFUN(update(formula, \sim 1))$.
m_max	maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.
parallel	toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply
future_args	arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max workers
	Additional arguments supplied to Lehmann

Value

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LmVS

Optimal subset selection in an Lm-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in an Lm-type transformation model

Usage

```
LmVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Additional arguments supplied to Lm

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with. maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, .~~1)).maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max parallel toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-

Value

logLik.tramvs 15

logLik.tramvs

logLik "tramvs"

Description

```
logLik "tramvs"
```

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object object of class "tramvs"
... additional arguments to logLik()
```

Value

Numeric vector containing log-likelihood of best model, see logLik.tram

mmltVS

Select optimal subset based on high dimensional BIC in mmlts

Description

Select optimal subset based on high dimensional BIC in mmlts

```
mmltVS(
  mltargs,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  m0 = NULL,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

mltargs	Arguments passed to mmlt
supp_max	maximum support which to call abess_tram with.
k_max	maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to supp.
thresh	threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to $0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$$, where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size.
init	initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional $modFUN(update(formula . ~ 1))$.
m_max	maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.
verbose	show progress bar (default: TRUE)
parallel	toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply
mØ	Transformation model for initialization
future_args	arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max workers
	Arguments passed on to abess_mmlt
	supp support size of the coefficient vector

Details

L0-penalized (i.e., best subset selection) multivariate transformation models using the abess algorithm.

Value

object of class "mltvs", containing the regularization path (information criterion SIC and coefficients coefs), the best fit (best_fit) and all other models (all_fits)

plot.tramvs	Plot "tramvs" object

Description

```
Plot "tramvs" object
```

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
plot(x, which = c("tune", "path"), ...)
```

PolrVS 17

Arguments

```
object of class "tramvs"
Х
which
                   plotting either the regularization path ("path") or the information criterion against
                   the support size ("tune", default)
                   additional arguments to plot()
```

Value

Returns invisible(NULL)

PolrVS

Optimal subset selection in a Polr-type transformation model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a Polr-type transformation model

Usage

```
PolrVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_{max} = NULL
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
)
```

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data maximum support which to call abess_tram with. supp_max maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those coinit variates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula,

. ~1)).

18 print.tramvs

m_max maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.

parallel toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply

future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-

ers

. . . Additional arguments supplied to Polr

Value

See tramvs

predict.tramvs

Predict "tramvs"

Description

Predict "tramvs"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
predict(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object of class "tramvs"

... additional arguments to predict.tram()

Value

See predict.tram

print.tramvs

Print "tramvs"

Description

Print "tramvs"

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
print(x, ...)
```

residuals.tramvs 19

Arguments

```
x object of class "tramvs" ... ignored
```

Value

"tramvs" object is returned invisibly

residuals.tramvs

Residuals "tramvs"

Description

Residuals "tramvs"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object of class "tramvs"

... additional arguments to residuals()

Value

Numeric vector containing residuals of best model, see residuals.tram

SIC

SIC generic

Description

SIC generic

Usage

```
SIC(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Model to compute SIC from ... for methods compatibility only

Value

Numeric vector (best_only = TRUE) or data.frame with SIC values

20 simulate.tramvs

SIC.tramvs

SIC "tramvs"

Description

```
SIC "tramvs"
```

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
SIC(object, best_only = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

object of class "tramvs"

best_only Wether to return the coefficients of the best model only (default: FALSE)

... for methods compatibility only

Value

Numeric vector (best_only = TRUE) or data.frame with SIC values

simulate.tramvs

Simulate "tramvs"

Description

```
Simulate "tramvs"
```

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
simulate(object, nsim = 1, seed = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object object of class "tramvs"
nsim number of simulations
seed random seed for simulation
```

... additional arguments to simulate()

Value

```
See simulate.mlt
```

summary.tramvs 21

summary.tramvs

Summary "tramvs"

Description

```
Summary "tramvs"
```

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object object of class "tramvs"
... ignored
```

Value

"tramvs" object is returned invisibly

support.tramvs

Support "tramvs"

Description

```
Support "tramvs"
```

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tramvs'
support(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object object of class "tramvs"
... ignored
```

Value

Character vector containing active set of best fit

22 SurvregVS

SurvregVS

Optimal subset selection in a Survreg model

Description

Optimal subset selection in a Survreg model

Usage

```
SurvregVS(
  formula,
  data,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Additional arguments supplied to Survreg

Arguments

formula object of class "formula". data frame containing the variables in the model. data supp_max maximum support which to call abess_tram with. maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to k_max supp. threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to 0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$, thresh where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size. init initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, .~~1)).maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm. m_max toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply parallel future_args arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max work-

Value

tramvs 23

tramvs

Select optimal subset based on high dimensional BIC

Description

Select optimal subset based on high dimensional BIC

Usage

```
tramvs(
  formula,
  data,
  modFUN,
  mandatory = NULL,
  supp_max = NULL,
  k_max = NULL,
  thresh = NULL,
  init = TRUE,
  m_max = 10,
  m0 = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  future_args = list(strategy = "multisession", workers = supp_max),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

m_max

formula	object of class "formula".
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
modFUN	function for fitting a transformation model, e.g., BoxCox().
mandatory	formula of mandatory covariates, which will always be included and estimated in the model. Note that this also changes the intialization of the active set. The active set is then computed with regards to the model residuals of modFUN(mandatory,) instead of the unconditional model.
supp_max	maximum support which to call abess_tram with.
k_max	maximum support size to consider during the splicing algorithm. Defaults to supp.
thresh	threshold when to stop splicing. Defaults to $0.01 * supp * p * log(log(n)) / n\$$, where p denotes the number of predictors and n the sample size.
init	initialize active set. Defaults to TRUE and initializes the active set with those covariates that are most correlated with score residuals of an unconditional modFUN(update(formula, . ~ 1)).

maximum number of iterating the splicing algorithm.

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m0	Transformation model for initialization
verbose	show progress bar (default: TRUE)
parallel	toggle for parallel computing via future_lapply
future_args	arguments passed to plan; defaults to a "multisession" with supp_max workers
	Arguments passed on to abess_tram
	supp support size of the coefficient vector

Details

L0-penalized (i.e., best subset selection) transformation models using the abess algorithm.

Value

object of class "tramvs", containing the regularization path (information criterion SIC and coefficients coefs), the best fit (best_fit) and all other models (all_fits)

Examples

```
set.seed(24101968)
library("tramvs")

N <- 1e2
P <- 5
nz <- 3
beta <- rep(c(1, 0), c(nz, P - nz))
X <- matrix(rnorm(N * P), nrow = N, ncol = P)
Y <- 1 + X %*% beta + rnorm(N)

dat <- data.frame(y = Y, x = X)
res <- tramvs(y ~ ., data = dat, modFUN = Lm)
plot(res, type = "b")
plot(res, which = "path")</pre>
```

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