Package 'IFC'

September 14, 2023

```
ageStream®' and 'FlowSight®' cytometers ('Amnis®' 'Cytek®'). Provides an easy and sim-
      ple way to read and write .fcs, .rif, .cif and .daf files. Information such as masks, features, re-
      gions and populations set within these files can be retrieved for each single cell. In addi-
      tion, raw data such as images stored can also be accessed. Users, may hopefully in-
      crease their productivity thanks to dedicated functions to extract, visualize, manipulate and ex-
      port 'IFC' data. Toy data example can be installed through the 'IFCdata' package of approxi-
      mately 32 MB, which is available in a 'drat' reposi-
      tory <a href="https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/">https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/</a>. See file 'COPYRIGHTS' and file 'AU-
      THORS' for a list of copyright holders and authors.
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```

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Description Contains several tools to treat imaging flow cytometry data from 'Im-

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Description

Contains several tools to treat Imaging Flow Cytometry data from ImageStream(R) and FlowSight(R) cytometers (Amnis(R) Cytek(R)). Provides an easy and simple way to read or write .fcs, .rif, .cif and .daf files. Information such as masks, features, regions and populations set within these files can be retrieved for each single cell. In addition, raw data such as images stored can also be accessed. Users, may hopefully increase their productivity thanks to dedicated functions to extract, visualize, manipulate and export IFC data.

Details

The IFC package provides several categories of functions:

- to read / write / export / visualize:

readIFC, writeIFC, ExtractFromDAF, ExportToDAF, data_to_DAF, ExtractFromXIF, ExportToXIF, ExtractFromFCS, ExportToBATCH, BatchReport, ExportToReport, ExportToGallery, ExportToNumpy, DisplayGallery, ExtractImages_toBase64, ExtractImages_toFile, ExtractImages_toMatrix, ExtractMasks_toMatrix, objectExtract, popsNetwork, plotGraph, paletteIFC, autoplot

- to transform features values

smoothLinLog, inv_smoothLinLog

- to deeply extract information from files:

getInfo, getOffsets, getIFD, getFullTag, getAborted

- dedicated to populations:

popsCopy, popsGetObjectsIds, popsNetwork, popsRename

- for adding / removing features, regions, populations:

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```
data_add_features, data_add_regions, data_add_pops, data_rm_features, data_rm_regions,
data_rm_pops
- to allow several coercion:
buildBatch, buildFeature, buildGraph, buildPopulation, buildRegion
```

Author(s)

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autoplot

Automatic Parameters Detection for IFC Graphs

Description

Function intended to generate IFC graphs with minimal inputs from users. It is essentially based on automatic detection of graphical parameters thanks to 'shown_pops' argument.

Usage

```
autoplot(
  obj,
  shown_pops = NULL,
  subset = NULL,
  x = NULL
  x_trans = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  y_{trans} = NULL
  type = NULL,
  smoothingfactor = NULL,
  normalize = NULL,
  bin,
  viewport = "ideas",
  precision = c("light", "full")[1],
  color_mode = c("white", "black")[1],
  draw = TRUE,
)
```

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE)

or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).

shown_pops one or several populations present in 'obj'. Default is NULL.

If provided, autoplot will try to display these populations. See details when

not provided.

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> autoplot will try to determine x and y and their transformations based on 'shown_pops' parameter. If all populations provided in 'shown_pops' are siblings, region(s) from which 'shown pops' were defined will be displayed.

> In case 'shown_pops' are not siblings, they will be treated as populations and a graph will be generating with an overlay of these populations. Order of this overlay is given by order of 'shown_pops'.

> Finally, changing any of the following arguments (x, x_trans, y, y_trans, type) to something else than the one detected from 'shown pops' will prevent from displaying region(s) and 'shown pops' populations will be displayed as overlay. However, please consider that if original type is 'histogram' changing x_trans transformation will have no impact on this.

subset

a population present in 'obj'. Default is NULL. Background population that will be used to generate graph. This argument will not be used when graph is an histogram. If this argument is filled with a different population than what can be determined thanks to 'shown_pops', Then 'shown_pops' will be treated as overlay. However, 'shown pops' argument can still be used to determine x, y axis and their transformation

Χ

feature for x-axis. Default is NULL. When empty, autoplot will try to determine if automatically from 'shown pops' argument. If provided, x feature has to be a name from 'obj' features. Note that providing x feature: - takes precedence on automatic x-axis detection. - will reset x-axis transformation to "P" except if 'x_trans' is filled.

x_trans

parameter for x-axis transformation. Default is NULL. If not provided, transformation will be determined thanks to 'shown_pops'. It takes precedence when provided and if provided it has to be be either "P" or coercible to a positive numeric. "P" will leave x-axis as is but a positive numeric will be passed has hyper argument of smoothLinLog to transform x-axis.

У

feature for y-axis. Default is NULL. When empty, autoplot will try to determine it automatically from 'shown_pops' argument. If provided, y feature has to be a name from obj features. Note that providing y feature - takes precedence on automatic y-axis detection. - will reset y-axis transformation to "P" except if 'y_trans' is filled.

y_trans

parameter for y-axis transformation. Default is NULL. If not provided, transformation will be determined thanks to 'shown_pops'. It takes precedence when provided and and if provided it has to be be either "P" or coercible to a positive numeric. "P" will leave y-axis as is but a positive numeric will be passed has hyper argument of smoothLinLog to transform y-axis. Note that it is irrelevant for "histogram".

type of plot. Default is NULL to allow autoplot to detemine 'type' automatically. If provided it has to be either "histogram", "scatter", "density". Note that when "histogram" is choosen, 'subset' parameter will not be used. Note that "density" will be possible only when 'subset' will be automatically determined or filled with only one population. Note that when autoplot has determined, thanks to 'shown_pops' that original plot is an "histogram", "Object Number" will be used as y-axis by default when 'type' is forced to "scatter" or "density".

smoothingfactor

when type of graph is "histogram", whether to smooth it or not. Default is

type

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NULL. Should be an integer [0:20] Note that 0 means no smoothing and other values will produce smoothing when type of graph is "histogram", whether to normalize it or not. Default is

NULL. Should be a logical.

number of bins when graph's type is "histogram" / number of equally spaced

grid points for density. Default is missing to allow autoplot to determine it by

itself.

viewport Either "ideas", "data" or "max" defining limits used for the graph. Default is

"ideas".

-"ideas" will use same limits as the one defined in ideas.

-"data" will use data to define limits.

-"max" will use data and regions drawn to define limits.

precision when graphs is a 2D scatter with population overlay, this argument controls

amount of information displayed. Default is "light".

-"light", the default, will only display points of same coordinates that are amoung

the other layers.

-"full" will display all the layers.

color_mode Whether to extract colors from obj in white or black mode. Default is "white".

draw whether to draw plot. Default is TRUE.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Details

when 'shown_pops' are not provided, autoplot can't determine anything.

So, if not provided default values will be used:

-'subset' = "All"

normalize

bin

-'x' = "Object Number"

-'x_trans' = "P"

-'y' = "Object Number"

-'v trans' = "P"

-'type' = "histogram"

Value

an lattice trellis object

BatchReport

Batch Generation of Graphical and Statistic Report

Description

Batch creates graphical an statistical report.

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Usage

```
BatchReport(
  fileName,
  obj,
  selection,
 write_to,
 overwrite = FALSE,
  gating,
 main,
 byrow = FALSE,
  times = 5,
  color_mode = c("white", "black")[1],
  add_key = "panel",
  precision = c("light", "full")[1],
  trunc_labels = 38,
  trans = "asinh",
 bin,
  viewport = "ideas",
  backend = "lattice",
  display_progress = TRUE,
)
```

Arguments

fileName, obj	either one or the other. Path to file(s) to read from for 'fileName' or list of 'IFC_data' objects for obj.
selection	indices of desired graphs. It can be provided as an integer vector or as a matrix. In such case, the layout of the matrix will reflect the layout of the extracted graphs for each 'fileName' or "obj'. NA value will result in an empty place. When missing, it will be determined by the whole layout of 1st 'fileName' or 'obj' with 'gating' applied when provided
write_to	pattern used to export file(s). Placeholders, like c("%d/%s_fromR.pdf", "%d/%s_fromR.csv"), will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory -%p: with first parent directory -%e: with extension (without leading .) -%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension). Exported file(s) extension(s) will be deduced from this pattern using either 1st 'fileName' or 'obj'. Note that has to be a .pdf and/or .csv.
overwrite	whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE, it will overwrite file. In addition a warning message will be sent.
gating	an 'IFC_gating' object as extracted by readGatingStrategy(). Default is missing. If not missing, each 'IFC_data' provided in 'obj' or read from 'fileName' will be passed to applyGatingStrategy() before creating the report.
main	the main title of the document. Default is missing.
byrow	whether to add selected graphs for each file by row or not. Default is FALSE.

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times number of files to add before starting a new row or column (depending on 'by-

row').

color_mode Whether to extract colors in white or black mode. Default is "white".

add_key whether to draw a "global" key under title or in the first "panel" or "both". De-

fault is "panel".

Accepted values are either: FALSE, "panel", "global", "both" or c("panel",

"global").

Note that it only applies when display is seen as overlaying populations.

precision when graphs is a 2D scatter with population overlay, this argument controls

amount of information displayed. Default is "light".

-"light", the default, will only display points of same coordinates that are among

the other layers.

-"full" will display all the layers.

trunc_labels maximum number of characters to display for labels. Default is 38.

trans name of the transformation function for density graphs. If missing the default,

the BasePop[[1]]\$densitytrans, if any, will be retrieved, otherwise "asinh" will

be used.

bin default number of bin used for histogram. Default is missing.

viewport Either "ideas", "data" or "max" defining limits used for the graph. Default is

"ideas".

-"ideas" will use same limits as the one defined in ideas.

-"data" will use data to define limits.

-"max" will use data and regions drawn to define limits.

backend backend used for drawing. Allowed are "lattice", "base", "raster". Default is

"lattice".

-"lattice" is the original one used in **IFC** using **lattice**,

-"base" will produce the plot using base,

-"raster" uses "base" for plotting but 2D graphs points will be produced as

rasterImage.

This has the main advantage of being super fast allowing for plotting a huge amount of points while generating smaller objects (in bytes). However, plot quality is impacted with "raster" method and resizing can lead to unpleasant

looking.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

... other parameters to be passed.

Value

It invisibly returns full path of exported .pdf and/or .csv file(s).

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buildBatch

Batch Builder

Description

Prepares XML node for ExportToBATCH.

Usage

```
buildBatch(
   files,
   compensation,
   analysis,
   default_batch_dir,
   config_file,
   name = "Batch1",
   use_acquisition = FALSE,
   suffix = "",
   allow_channels_dissimilarity = FALSE,
   overwrite = TRUE,
   segment_rif = "None",
   options
)
```

Arguments

files path of files to batch.

compensation path to compensation file.

analysis path to analysis file.

default_batch_dir

directory where batches are stored.

It can be found in IDEAS(R) software, under Options -> Application Defaults

-> Directories -> Default Batch Report Files Directory.

If missing, the default, it will be deduced from IDEAS(R) config file, However, if it can't be deduced then tempdir(check = TRUE) from **base** will be used. This argument takes precedence over 'config_file' and filling 'default_batch_dir'

prevents the use of 'config_file' argument.

 ${\tt config_file} \qquad {\tt path} \ to \ IDEAS(R) \ config \ file.$

It may depends on IDEAS(R) software installation but one may use "C:/Users/%USER%/AppData/Roami

Corporation/userconfig.xml".

name of batch. Default is "Batch1".

 $use_acquisition$

whether to use acquisition as analysis template. Default is FALSE.

suffix suffix to add to files when batched. Default is "".

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allow_channels_dissimilarity

whether to allow building batch when all files were not acquired with same

channels. Default is FALSE.

overwrite whether to overwrite files or not. Default is TRUE.

segment_rif size of file segmentation. Default is "None", for no segmentation.

Allowed are "None", "100", "1K", "5K", "10K", "50K", "100K".

options A list of arguments to be passed.

If missing, the default, options will be set to:

-"Brightfield compensation"=TRUE,

-"EDF deconvolution"=TRUE,

-"Camera background"=TRUE,

-"Spatial alignment"=TRUE.

Allowed are TRUE or FALSE for all, excepted for 'Spatial alignment' which can

also be path to .rif file.

Value

a list containing batch information:

- -xml, the xml object to be written,
- -batch_dir, the directory where xml file is desired to be saved according to 'default_batch_dir' and 'config_file'.

buildFeature

IFC Feature Coercion

Description

Helper to build a list to allow feature export.

Usage

```
buildFeature(
  name,
  type = c("single", "combined", "computed")[1],
  def = "Camera Line Number",
  val = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

name feature's name. If missing, it will be determined thanks to def.

type feature's type. Default is "single". Allowed are "single", "combined", "com-

puted".

definition of the feature. Default is "Camera Line Number".

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a coercible to numeric vector of feature values. Default is NULL.

Note that although not mandatory for buildFeatureit has to be provided to allow feature export in ExportToDAF and data_add_features.

Other arguments to be passed.

Value

a list containing all feature information.

buildGraph

IFC Graph Coercion

Description

Helper to build a list to allow graph export.

Usage

```
buildGraph(
  type = c("histogram", "scatter", "density")[3],
  xlocation = 0,
  ylocation = 0,
  f1 = "Object Number",
  f2 = "Object Number",
  scaletype = 1,
  xmin = -1,
  xmax = 1,
  ymin = 0,
 ymax = 1,
 title = paste0(unlist(lapply(BasePop, FUN = function(x) x$name)), collapse = ", "),
  xlabel = f1,
 ylabel = f2,
  axislabelsfontsize = 10,
  axistickmarklabelsfontsize = 10,
  graphtitlefontsize = 12,
  regionlabelsfontsize = 10,
  bincount = 0,
  freq = c("T", "F")[1],
  histogramsmoothingfactor = 0,
  xlogrange = "P",
  ylogrange = "P",
  maxpoints = +Inf,
  stats = c("true", "false")[2],
  xsize = c(320, 480, 640)[1],
  ysize = xsize + ifelse(stats == "true", splitterdistance, 0),
  splitterdistance = 120,
  xstats = "Count|%Gated|Mean",
```

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```
ystats = xstats,
order,
xstatsorder,
Legend,
BasePop = list(list()),
GraphRegion = list(list()),
ShownPop = list(list()),
...
)
```

regionlabelsfontsize

16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28.

Checked but not yet implemented.

Arguments

Graph's type. Either "histogram", "scatter" or "density". Default is "density". type xlocation Integer. Graph's x location. Default is 0. Integer. Graph's x location. Default is 0. ylocation f1 Character. Graph x axis parameter. Default is "Object Number". f2 Character. Graph y axis parameter. Default is "Object Number". Only used when 'type' is not "histogram". scaletype Integer. Graph scale. Either 0 (auto), 1 (manual). Default is 1. Double. Graph's xmin. Default -1. xmin Double. Graph's xmax. Default 1. xmax Double. Graph's xmin. Default 0. ymin Double. Graph's xmax. Default 1. ymax Character. Graph title label. Default will use names of BasePop collapse with ', title xlabel Character. Graph x axis label. ylabel Character. Graph y axis label. axislabelsfontsize Integer. Axis label font size. Default is 10. Allowed are: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28. Checked but not yet implemented. axistickmarklabelsfontsize Integer. Axis tick font size. Default is 10. Allowed are: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28. Checked but not yet implemented. graphtitlefontsize Integer. Axis title font size. Default is 12. Allowed are: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28. Checked but not yet implemented.

Integer. Axis region font size. Default is 10. Allowed are: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14,

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bincount Integer. Histogram bin count. Default is 0. Allowed are: 0, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024.

Character. Histogram with frequency normalization of not. Default is "T", allowed are "T" or "F".

histogramsmoothingfactor

freq

Integer. Histogram smoothing factor. Allowed are [0-20]. Only partly implemented, default is 0 for no smoothing other values will produce same smoothing.

xlogrange determines transformation instruction for x-axis. Default is "P" for no transfor-

mation.

ylogrange determines transformation instruction for y-axis. Default is "P" for no transfor-

mation.

maxpoints determines the maximum number of points to display. Default is +Inf to display

all points.

If provided, values from [0,1] will be used as a proportion of the total number

of points to show.

While values values superior to 1 will be interpreted as the maximal number of

points to show.

It only applies to 2D graphs. When 'type' is "histogram", +Inf will be used

whatever the value provided as input.

stats Character. Either "true" or "false" to display stats. Default is "false".

xsize Integer. Graph's x size. Default is 320 for small. Regular are: 320 (small), 480

(medium), 640 (big). Checked but not yet implemented.

ysize Integer. Graph's y size. Default is 'ysize' + 'splitterdistance' when 'stats' is set

to "true". Checked but not yet implemented.

splitterdistance

Integer. Default is 120. Checked but not yet implemented.

xstats Character. x stats to be computed. Default is 'Countl%GatedlMean'. It has

to be a filled with the concatenation of 'Count', '%Total', '%Gated', '%Plotted', 'Objects/mL', 'Mean', 'Median', 'Std. Dev.', 'MAD', 'CV', 'Minimum', 'Maximum', 'Geo. Mean', 'Mode', 'Variance' and /or 'NaN', collapse with 'l'.

Checked but not yet implemented.

ystats Character. y stats to be computed. Should be identical to 'xstats'. Default is

xstats. Checked but not yet implemented.

order Character. Order to display populations. When 'type' is "density" it will be

BasePop[[1]]\$name. When 'type' is "histogram" or "density" 'ShownPop' are not allowed Otherwise, it will use each of 'GraphRegion', 'BasePop' and 'Shown-

Pop' names, collapse with 'l'.

xstatsorder Character. Order of stat rows. It will use each of 'GraphRegion' names & each

of 'BasePop' names, reverted and collapse with 'l'.

Legend Default is list(list(onoff='false',x='0',y='0',witdh='96',height='128')). Not yet

implemented.

BasePop Default is list(list()). See details.

GraphRegion Default is list(list()). Only allowed member are sub-list(s) with only one char-

acter component named 'name'.

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ShownPop Default is list(list()). Only allowed member are sub-list(s) with only one char-

acter component named 'name'.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Details

Many parameters are not used or are only partly implemented, but most are checked in order to be compatible for further export.

For 'BasePop', if left as is "All" will be used as default.

This parameter will be built / checked according to 'type' argument.

'BasePop' has to be a list of list(s) and each sub-list should can contain several elements, but only "name" is mandatory.

The sublist members are:

-"name", "linestyle", "fill",

and only when 'type' is "density"

- -"densitybincount", "densitymin", "densitymax",
- -"densitycolors", "densitycolorslightmode", "densitycolorsdarkmode",
- -"densitylevel", "densitytrans".

Each sub-list will be created automatically with the following default values (except if explicitly provided):

- -linestyle="Solid",
- -fill="true",
- -densitybincount="128",densitymin="0",densitymax="0",
- -densitycolors="-16776961|-13447886|-256|-23296|-65536|",
- -densitycolorslightmode="-16776961|-13447886|-256|-23296|-65536|",
- -densitycolorsdarkmode="-16776961|-13447886|-256|-23296|-65536|",
- -densitylevel="",
- *when provided it has to be in a format of "fill[true,false]llines[true,false]lnlevels[integer>1]llowest[numeric[0-1[]]" *describing how the levelplot should be drawn.
- *Besides, 'densitrans' will not be used. -densitytrans="asinh"
- *it can take a function to be applied to the 2D local densities
- *or a name of a feature within 'IFC_data' object to draw a gradient against this feature

Note that when 'type' is "density", 'BasePop' should be of length one.

and fill will be overwritten to "true".

Value

a list containing all graph information.

buildPopulation

IFC Population Coercion

Description

Helper to build a list to allow population export.

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Usage

```
buildPopulation(
  name,
  type,
  base = "All",
  color,
  lightModeColor,
  style,
  region,
  fx,
  fy,
  definition,
  obj,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

name	name of the population.
type	type of population. Either "B", "C", "G" or "T" for Base, Combined, Graphical or Tagged, respectively. If missing, the default, 'type' will be deduced from other parameters. If 'name'
	is "All" type will be "B". Otherwise, if 'fx' is given type will be "G". Otherwise, "T", if 'definition' is missing but not 'obj' or "C" if 'definition' is not missing.
base	which population is based on. It will be base="All", for 'type' "T" and "C" and base="", for 'type' "B". It is only needed when type = " G ".
color	color of the population. See ${\tt paletteIFC}$ for allowed colors. If not provided, it will be sampled.
lightModeColor	lightModeColor of the population. See paletteIFC for allowed colors. If not provided, it will be sampled.
style	style of the population. Either 20, 4, 3, 1, 5, 0, 2, 18, 15, 17, respectively for: "Simple Dot", "Cross", "Plus", "Empty Circle", "Empty Diamond", "Empty Square", "Empty Triangle", "Solid Diamond", "Solid Square", "Solid Triangle".
region	Only if type="G". Name of the region defining the population.
fx	Only needed if type="G". Name of the x-feature defining the population.
fy	Only needed if type="G" and only if region is defined in 2D. Name of the y-feature defining the population.
definition	Only needed if type="C". Parameters defining the population.
obj	Only needed if type="T". Either a: -Logical vector of same length as "All" population indicating if a cell belongs to the population or notInteger vector of indices of cells that belongs to the population. Note that first

object is 0.

Other arguments to be passed.

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Value

a list containing all population information.

buildRegion

IFC Region Coercion

Description

Helper to build a list to allow region export.

Usage

```
buildRegion(
  type,
  label,
  cx,
  cy,
  color,
  lightcolor,
  ismarker = "false",
  doesnotoverride = "false",
  xlogrange,
  ylogrange,
  x,
  y,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

type	Region's type.	Either "line".	"rect".	"poly"	or "oval".

label of the region.

cx x label's position. If not provided x center will be used.

cy y label's position. If not provided y center will be used.

color color of the region. See paletteIFC for allowed colors.

lightcolor lightcolor of the region. See paletteIFC for allowed colors.

ismarker Default is 'false'. Allowed are 'true' or 'false'. Used for compatibility with

amnis file but role remains unknown.

doesnotoverride

Default is 'false'. Allowed are 'true' or 'false'. Used for compatibility with

amnis file but role remains unknown.

xlogrange determines transformation instruction for x-axis. Default is "P" for no transfor-

mation.

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ylogrange	determines transformation instruction for y-axis. Default is "P" for no transformation.
X	vector of x vertices values.
У	vector of y vertices values.
	Other arguments to be passed.

Value

a list containing all region information.

checksumIFC

IFC Files Checksum

Description

This function returns RIF/CIF checksum. Checksum is the sum of img IFDs (Image Field Directory) offsets of objects 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Usage

```
checksumIFC(fileName, ...)
```

Arguments

fileName path to file.

... arguments to pass to checksumDAF or checksumXIF.

Details

if fileName is a DAF file, then CIF checksum is computed from images values found in DAF.

Value

an integer corresponding to IFC file checksum.

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data_add_features

Add Feature to IFC_data Object

Description

Adds features to an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_add_features(obj, features, ...)
```

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE)

or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).

features a list of features to add to obj. Each element of this list will be coerced by

buildFeature.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Details

A warning will be thrown if a provided feature is already existing in obj.

In such a case this feature will not be added to obj.

If any input feature is not well defined and can't be created then an error will occur.

Value

an IFC_data object with features added.

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
  ## use a daf file
  file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
  daf <- ExtractFromDAF(fileName = file_daf)</pre>
  ## copy 1st feature found in daf
  feat_def <- daf$features_def[[1]]</pre>
  if(length(feat_def) != 0) {
    feat_def_copy <- feat_def</pre>
    ## modify name and value of copied features
    feat_def_copy$name <- "copied_feature"</pre>
    feat <- daf$features[, feat_def$name]</pre>
    feat_copy <- feat
    feat_copy <- feat_copy * 10</pre>
    ## create new object with this new feature
  dafnew <- data_add_features(obj = daf, features = list(c(feat_def_copy, list(val = feat_copy))))</pre>
} else {
```

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data_add_graphs

Add Graphs to IFC_data Object

Description

Adds graphs to an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_add_graphs(obj, graphs, adjust_graph = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE)

or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).

graphs a list of graph(s) to add to obj. Each element of this list will be coerced by

buildGraph.

adjust_graph whether to try to adjust graph(s) when possible. Default is TRUE.

-TRUE, graph(s) will be kept if possible using only regions, pops it depends that

can be found in 'obj',

-FALSE, graph(s) will be kept only if all features, regions, pops it refers to are

found in 'obj',

-NA, is not allowed and will throw an error.

. . . Other arguments to be passed.

Value

an IFC_data object with graphs added.

data_add_pops

Add Population to IFC_data Object

Description

Adds populations to an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

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Usage

```
data_add_pops(
  obj,
  pops,
  pnt_in_poly_algorithm = 1,
  pnt_in_poly_epsilon = 1e-12,
  display_progress = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Details

A warning will be thrown if a provided population is already existing in 'obj'. In such a case this population will not be added to 'obj'. If any input population is not well defined and can't be created then an error will occur.

Value

an IFC_data object with pops added.

Source

For pnt_in_poly_algorithm, Trigonometry, is an adaptation of Jeremy VanDerWal's code https://github.com/jjvanderwal/SDMTools

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
    ## use a daf file
    file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")
    daf <- ExtractFromDAF(fileName = file_daf)</pre>
```

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```
## copy 1st population from existing daf
  pop <- daf$pops[[1]]</pre>
  if(length(pop) != 0) {
    pop_copy <- pop
    \mbox{\tt \#\#} modify name, obj and type of copied population
    pop_copy$name <- paste0(pop_copy$name,"_copy")</pre>
    pop_copy$obj <- (which(pop_copy$obj)-1)[1]</pre>
    pop_copy$type <- "T"</pre>
    ## create new object with this new population
    dafnew <- data_add_pops(obj = daf, pops = list(pop_copy))</pre>
  }
} else {
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                    'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                   'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

data_add_regions

Add Region to IFC_data Object

Description

Adds regions to an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_add_regions(obj, regions, ...)
```

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE) or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).

regions a list of region(s) to add to obj. Each element of this list will be coerced by buildRegion.

Other arguments to be passed.

Details

A warning will be thrown if a provided region is already existing in 'obj'. In such a case this region will not be added to 'obj'. If any input population is not well defined and can't be created then an error will occur.

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Value

an IFC_data object with regions added.

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Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
 ## use a daf file
 file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 daf <- ExtractFromDAF(fileName = file_daf)</pre>
 ## copy 1st region found in daf
 reg <- daf$regions[[1]]</pre>
 if(length(reg) != 0) {
    reg_copy <- reg</pre>
    ## modify region label and x boundaries
   reg_copy$label <- paste0(reg_copy$label,"_copy")</pre>
   reg_copy$x <- reg_copy$x*0.9</pre>
   ## create new object with this new region
   dafnew <- data_add_regions(obj = daf, regions = list(reg_copy))</pre>
 }
} else {
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                   'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                   'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

data_rm_features

Remove Features from an IFC_data Object

Description

Removes regions from an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_rm_features(obj, features, list_only = TRUE, adjust_graph = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE) or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).
features	a character vector of features names to remove within 'obj'. Note that "Object Number" is not allowed and will be excluded from 'features' if present.
list_only	whether to return a list of elements that will be impacted by the removal. Default is TRUE. If FALSE then modified object will be returned.
adjust_graph	whether to try to adjust graph(s) when possible. Default is TRUE. -TRUE, graph(s) will be kept if possible using only regions, pops it depends that can be found in 'obj', -FALSE, graph(s) will be kept only if all features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj', -NA, graph(s) will be removed no matter if features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj'.
	Other arguments to be passed.

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Value

an 'IFC_data' object or a list of elements impacted by removal depending on 'list_only' parameter.

data_rm_graphs

Remove Graph from an IFC_data Object

Description

Removes graphs from an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_rm_graphs(obj, graphs, list_only = TRUE, adjust_graph = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obi	an 'IEC data'	object extracted by	ExtractFromDAF(extract	features - TRUE)
ODI	an ire data	object extracted by	Extractificilidartextract	1eatures = 1 KUE

or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).

graphs an integer vector of graph(s) to remove within 'obj'.

list_only whether to return a list of elements that will be impacted by the removal. Default

is TRUE. If FALSE then modified object will be returned.

adjust_graph whether to try to adjust graph(s) when possible. Default is TRUE.

-TRUE, graph(s) will be kept if possible using only regions, pops it depends that

can be found in 'obj',

-FALSE, graph(s) will be kept only if all features, regions, pops it refers to are

found in 'obj',

-NA, graph(s) will be removed no matter if features, regions, pops it refers to

are found in 'obj'.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Value

an 'IFC_data' object or a list of elements impacted by removal depending on 'list_only' parameter.

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data_rm_pops	Remove Population from an IFC_data Object	

Description

Removes populations from an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_rm_pops(obj, pops, list_only = TRUE, adjust_graph = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE) or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).
pops	a character vector of population names to remove within 'obj'. Note that "All" and "" are not allowed and will be excluded from 'pops' if present.
list_only	whether to return a list of elements that will be impacted by the removal. Default is TRUE. If FALSE then modified object will be returned.
adjust_graph	whether to try to adjust graph(s) when possible. Default is TRUE. -TRUE, graph(s) will be kept if possible using only regions, pops it depends that can be found in 'obj', -FALSE, graph(s) will be kept only if all features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj', -NA, graph(s) will be removed no matter if features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj'.
	Other arguments to be passed.

Value

an 'IFC_data' object or a list of elements impacted by removal depending on 'list_only' parameter.

data_rm_regions	Remove Region from an IFC_data Object	

Description

Removes regions from an already existing 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
data_rm_regions(obj, regions, list_only = TRUE, adjust_graph = TRUE, ...)
```

data_to_DAF

Arguments

obj	an 'IFC_data' object extracted by ExtractFromDAF(extract_features = TRUE) or ExtractFromXIF(extract_features = TRUE).
regions	a character vector of regions names to remove within 'obj'.
list_only	whether to return a list of elements that will be impacted by the removal. Default is TRUE. If FALSE then modified object will be returned.
adjust_graph	whether to try to adjust graph(s) when possible. Default is TRUE. -TRUE, graph(s) will be kept if possible using only regions, pops it depends that can be found in 'obj', -FALSE, graph(s) will be kept only if all features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj', -NA, graph(s) will be removed no matter if features, regions, pops it refers to are found in 'obj'.
	Other arguments to be passed.

Value

an 'IFC_data' object or a list of elements impacted by removal depending on 'list_only' parameter.

data_to_DAF DAF File Writer

Description

Writes an 'IFC_data' object to a daf file

Usage

```
data_to_DAF(
  obj,
  write_to,
  viewing_pop = "All",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  binary = TRUE,
  endianness = .Platform$endian,
  display_progress = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  fullname = TRUE,
  cifdir = dirname(obj$fileName),
  ntry = +Inf,
  ...
)
```

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Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.

pattern used to export file. Placeholders, like "%d/%s_fromR.%e", will be subwrite_to

stituted:

-%d: with full path directory of 'obj\$fileName' -%p: with first parent directory of 'obj\$fileName'

-%e: with extension of 'obj\$fileName' (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname from 'obj\$fileName' (i.e. basename without extension). Exported file extension will be deduced from this pattern. Note that it has to be

a .daf.

viewing_pop Character String. Allow user to change displayed population. Default is 'All'.

overwrite whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE, it will

> overwrite exported file if path of 'obj\$fileName' and deduced from 'write_to' arguments are different. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting

source file is not allowed.

Note also that an original file, i.e. generated by IDEAS(R) or INSPIRE(R), will never be overwritten. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting

original file is not allowed.

binary whether to write object to file in binary mode or not. Default is TRUE.

Note that it can represent a convenient way to make file written in binary mode

back-compatible with former version of IDEAS software.

/!\ However unexpected behaviour may happen if features, regions, pops, ... are depending on masks (e.g. AdaptiveErode, Component, LevelSet, Watershed)

introduced in newer version of IDEAS software.

/!\ Important please note that conversion from binary to non-binary and back to binary may create some rounding adjustment resulting in some features/image

values changes.

Finally, if data originate from FCS, 'binary' will be forced to FALSE.

endianness The endian-ness ("big" or "little") of the target system for the file. Default is

.Platform\$endian.

Endianness describes the bytes order of data stored within the files. This param-

eter may not be modified.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE. verbose

fullname whether to export daf file with full name of its corresponding cif, if found. De-

fault is TRUE. If cif can't be found, daf file will be exported with the original

cif file name.

cifdir the path of the directory to initially look to cif file. Default is dirname(obj\$fileName).

Only apply when 'fullname' is set to TRUE.

number of times data_to_DAF will be allowed to find corresponding cif file. ntry

Default is +Inf. Only apply when 'fullname' is set to TRUE.

other arguments to be passed.

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Value

It invisibly returns full path of exported file.

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
 tmp <- tempdir(check = TRUE)</pre>
 ## use a daf file
 file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 daf <- ExtractFromDAF(fileName = file_daf)</pre>
 ## add a new population to daf
 dafnew <- data_add_pops(daf, list(buildPopulation(name = "test", type = "T", obj = 0)))</pre>
 ## export obj to file using binary mode
 data_to_DAF(obj = dafnew, write_to = paste0(tmp, "\\test_bin.daf"),
              overwrite = TRUE, binary = TRUE)
 ## exporting to non binary mode
 data_to_DAF(obj = dafnew, write_to = paste0(tmp, "\\test_notbin.daf"),
              overwrite = TRUE, binary = FALSE)
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                   'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                   'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

DisplayGallery

Gallery Display

Description

Displays gallery of 'IFC img' / 'IFC msk' objects

Usage

```
DisplayGallery(
    ...,
    objects,
    offsets,
    image_type = "img",
    layout,
    name = "DisplayGallery",
    caption = FALSE,
    pageLength = 10L,
    pdf_pageSize = "A2",
    pdf_pageOrientation = "landscape",
    pdf_image_dpi = 96,
    extract_max = 10,
    sampling = FALSE,
    display_progress = TRUE,
```

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```
mode = c("rgb", "gray")[1]
)
```

Arguments

arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and 'by-

pass'(=TRUE).

If 'param' is provided 'export' (="base64") and the above parameters will be

overwritten.

If 'offsets' are not provided extra arguments can also be passed with ... to

getOffsets.

/!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in ... then attr(offsets,

"fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.

objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not manda-

tory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to

save time for repeated image export on same file.

image_type image_type of desired offsets. Either "img" or "msk". Default is "img".

layout a character vector of [acquired channels + 'composite' images] members to ex-

port. Default is missing to export everything.

Note that members can be missing to be removed from final display.

Note that members not found will be automatically removed and a warning will

be thrown.

name id of the datatable container. Default is DisplayGallery.

caption whether to display caption name or not. Default is FALSE.

pageLength integer, number of objects to display per page. Default is 10.

pdf_pageSize string, page dimension when exporting to pdf. Default is "A2".

pdf_pageOrientation

string, page orientation when exporting to pdf. Default is "landscape". Allowed

are "landscape" or "portrait".

pdf_image_dpi integer, desired image resolution. Default is 96, for full resolution.

extract_max maximum number of objects to extract. Default is 10. Use +Inf to extract all.

sampling whether to sample objects or not. Default is FALSE.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "rgb" or "gray". Default is

"rgb".

Details

arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from DisplayGallery input arguments.

Please note that PDF export link will be available if 'write_to' will not result in a "bmp".

Please note that exporting to "tiff" may depend on browser capabilities.

Please note that a warning may be sent if gallery to display contains large amount of data. This is due to use of datatable() from **DT**.

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Warning message:

In instance\$preRenderHook(instance):

It seems your data is too big for client-side DataTables. You may consider server-side processing: http://rstudio.github.io/DT/server.html

For these reasons, it may be better to use "png" extension to display images.

Value

```
it invisibly returns a list whose members are:
-data, data for DT::datatable(),
-args, associated arguments to pass to DT::datatable().
```

Examples

ExportToBATCH

Batch File Writer

Description

Writes an XML file to batch files

Usage

```
ExportToBATCH(batch)
```

Arguments

batch

list of batch nodes as created by buildBatch.

Value

It invisibly returns full path of xml batch file.

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ExportToDAF DAF File Writer

Description

Writes a new DAF file based on another one and exports new region(s), pop(s), feature(s), graph(s) and / or mask(s).

Usage

```
ExportToDAF(
  fileName,
 write_to,
  pops = list(),
  regions = list(),
  features = list(),
 graphs = list(),
 masks = list(),
 viewing_pop = "All",
  endianness = .Platform$endian,
  verbose = FALSE,
 overwrite = FALSE,
  fullname = TRUE,
 cifdir = dirname(fileName),
  ntry = +Inf,
)
```

Arguments

fileName	path of file to read data from.
write_to	pattern used to export file. Placeholders, like "%d/%s_fromR.%e", will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory of 'fileName' -%p: with first parent directory of 'fileName' -%e: with extension of 'fileName' (without leading .) -%s: with shortname from 'fileName' (i.e. basename without extension). Exported file extension will be deduced from this pattern. Note that has to be a .daf.
pops	list of population(s) to export. Will be coerced to exportable format by build-Population.
regions	list of region(s) to export. Will be coerced to exportable format by buildRegion.
features	list of feature(s) to export.
graphs	list of graph(s) to export. Not yet implemented.
masks	list of mask(s) to export. Not yet implemented.

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viewing_pop	Character String. Allow user to change displayed population. Default is 'All'.
endianness	The endian-ness ("big" or "little") of the target system for the file. Default is .Platform\$endian. Endianness describes the bytes order of data stored within the files. This parameter may not be modified.
verbose	whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.
overwrite	whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE, it will overwrite exported file if path of 'fileName' and deduced from 'write_to' arguments are different. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting source file is not allowed. Note also that an original file, i.e. generated by IDEAS(R) or INSPIRE(R), will never be overwritten. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting original file is not allowed.
fullname	whether to export daf file with full name of its corresponding cif, if found. Default is TRUE. If cif can't be found, daf file will be exported with the original cif file name.
cifdir	the path of the directory to initially look to cif file. Default is dirname(fileName). Only apply when 'fullname' is set to TRUE.
ntry	number of times ExportToDAF will be allowed to find corresponding cif file. Default is +Inf. Only apply when 'fullname' is set to TRUE.
	other arguments to be passed.

Value

It invisibly returns full path of exported file.

Examples

32 ExportToFCS

Description

Writes an 'IFC_data' object to a Flow Cytometry Standard (FCS) file.

Usage

```
ExportToFCS(
  obj,
  write_to,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  delimiter = "/",
  cytometer = "Image Stream",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

obj	an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.
write_to	pattern used to export file. Placeholders, like "%d/%s_fromR.%e", will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory of 'obj\$fileName' -%p: with first parent directory of 'obj\$fileName' -%e: with extension of 'obj\$fileName' (without leading .) -%s: with shortname from 'obj\$fileName' (i.e. basename without extension). Exported file extension will be deduced from this pattern. Note that it has to be a .fcs.
overwrite	whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE, it will overwrite exported file if path of 'fileName' and deduced from 'write_to' arguments are different. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting source file is not allowed. Note also that an original file will never be overwritten.
delimiter	an ASCII character to separate the FCS keyword-value pairs. Default is: "/".
cytometer	string, if provided it will be used to fill \$CYT keyword. However, when missing \$CYT will be filled with obj\$description\$FCS\$instrument if found, or "Image Stream" otherwise.
	other arguments to be passed. keyword-value pairs can be passed here.

Value

invisibly returns full path of exported file.

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ExportToGallery

Gallery Export

Description

Exports gallery of 'IFC_img' / 'IFC_msk' objects

Usage

```
ExportToGallery(
  . . . ,
 objects,
 offsets,
  image_type = "img",
  layout,
  export = c("file", "matrix", "base64")[2],
 write_to,
 base64_id = FALSE,
 base64_att = "",
 overwrite = FALSE,
 main = "",
  add_channels = TRUE,
  add_ids = 1,
  add_lines = 2,
 bg_color = "grey20",
 dpi = 300,
  scale = list(),
 extract_max = 10,
  sampling = FALSE,
 display_progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

• • •	arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and 'by-pass'(=TRUE).
	If 'param' is provided 'mode'(="rgb") and the above parameters will be overwritten.
	If 'offsets' are not provided extra arguments can also be passed with getOffsets. /!\If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.
objects	integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.
offsets	object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file.
image_type	image_type of desired offsets. Either "img" or "msk". Default is "img".

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layout a character vector of [acquired channels + 'composite' images] members to export. Default is missing to export everything. Note that members can be missing to be removed from final gallery export. Note that members not found will be automatically removed and a warning will be thrown.

export format. Either "file", "matrix", "base64". Default is "matrix". export

used when 'export' is "file" or "base64" to compute respectively filename or write_to base 64 id attribute. Exported type will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are '.bmp', '.jpg', '.jpeg', '.png', '.tif', '.tiff'. Note that '.bmp' are faster

but not compressed producing bigger data. Placeholders, if found, will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory -%p: with first parent directory

-%e: with extension (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

-%o: with objects (at most 10, will be collapse with "_", if more than one). -%c: with channel_id (will be collapse with "_", if more than one, composite in

any will be bracketed). A good trick is to use:

-"%d/%s_gallery_Obj[%o]_Ch[%c].tiff", when 'export' is "file"

-"%s_gallery.bmp", when 'export' is "base64".

Note that if missing and 'export' is not "file", 'write_to' will be set to "%s_gallery.bmp".

base64_id whether to add id attribute to base64 exported object. Default is TRUE.

Only applied when 'export' is "base64".

base64_att attributes to add to base64 exported object. Default is "".

> Only applied when export is "base64". For example, use "class=draggable". Note that id (if base64_id is TRUE) and width and height are already used.

overwrite whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE.

main title that will be displayed on top center of the image. If too large it will

be clipped.

add_channels whether to add channels names. Default is TRUE.

add_ids integer, indice of column to mark objects ids number. Default is 1. If add_ids <

1, no ids are added.

add_lines integer, size of separating lines between objects. Default is 1. If add_lines < 1,

no separating lines are added.

background color for main, channels and separating lines. Default is "grey20". bg_color

integer, the resolution of the image in DPI (dots per inch). Default is 300.

Please note that whetever this parameter is final resolution will be 96 dpi. However image will be scaled according this parameter and magnification factor

will be equal to this parameter divided by 96.

a named list whose members are 'size', 'style', 'color', 'xoff', 'yoff'. Default is scale

list() to draw no scale. Otherwise,

-'size' positive integer. Scale's bar size in micro-meter. Default is '7'.

This parameter can't be lesser than 6px nor higher than image width + scale text. -'style' a character string. Scale's bar style, either "dash" or "line". Default is

"dash".

-'color' a character string. color of the scale. Default is "white".

main

dpi

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```
-'xoff' positive integer. x offset in image to draw scale, starting from bottom left corner.
-'yoff' positive integer. y offset in image to draw scale, starting from bottom left corner.
maximum number of objects to extract. Default is 10. Use +Inf to extract all. whether to sample objects or not. Default is FALSE.
```

display_progress whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

Details

extract_max sampling

arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExportToGallery input arguments. TRICK: for exporting only ONE 'objects', set 'add_channels' = FALSE, 'add_ids' >= 1, 'force_width' = FALSE, 'dpi' = 96; this allows generating image with its original size incrusted with its id number.

Value

```
Depending on 'export':
-"matrix", a rgb array,
-"base64", a data-uri string,
-"file", an invisible vector of ids corresponding to the objects exported.
```

ExportToNumpy

Numpy Export

Description

Exports IFC objects to numpy array [objects,height,width,channels]

Usage

```
ExportToNumpy(
    ...,
    objects,
    offsets,
    image_type = "img",
    size = c(64, 64),
    force_width = FALSE,
    display_progress = TRUE,
    python = Sys.getenv("RETICULATE_PYTHON"),
    dtype = c("uint8", "int16", "uint16", "double")[3],
    mode = c("raw", "gray")[1],
    export = c("file", "matrix")[2],
    write_to,
    overwrite = FALSE
)
```

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Arguments

... arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and

'bypass'(=TRUE).

/!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '...' then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input param-

eter to pass to objectParam.

objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not manda-

tory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to

save time for repeated image export on same file.

If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...'

to getOffsets.

image_type type of desired object offsets. Either "img" or "msk". Default is "img".

size a length 2 integer vector of final dimensions of the image, height 1st and width

2nd. Default is c(64,64).

force_width whether to use information in 'info' to fill 'size'. Default is FALSE. When

set to TRUE, width of 'size' argument will be overwritten.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

python path to python. Default is Sys.getenv("RETICULATE_PYTHON").

Note that numpy should be available in this python to allow export to ".npy"

file, otherwise 'export' will be forced to "matrix".

dtype desired arrays data-type. Default is "double". Allowed are "uint8", "int16",

"uint16" or "double". If 'mode' is "raw", this parameter will be forced to

"int16".

mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "raw", "gray". Default is

"raw".

export export format. Either "file", "matrix". Default is "matrix".

Note that you will need reticulate package installed to be able to export to

".npy" file, otherwise 'export' will be forced to "matrix".

write_to used when 'export' is "file" to compute exported file name and type. Ex-

ported type will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed exported file extension

is ".npy".

Placeholders, if found, will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory

-%p: with first parent directory

-%e: with extension of (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

-%o: with objects (at most 10, will be collapse with "_", if more than one).

-%c: with channel_id (will be collapse with "_", if more than one, composite in

any will be bracketed). A good trick is to use:

-"%d/%s_Obj[%o]_Ch[%c].npy", when 'export' is "file".

overwrite whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE.

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Details

Please note that 'size' parameter has to be supplied and could not be set to (0,) when 'object' length is not equal to one

ExportToNumpy requires reticulate package, python and numpy installed to create ".npy" file. If one of these is missing, 'export' will be set to "matrix". If 'param' is provided in '...', param\$export <- "matrix", param\$mode <- 'mode' and param\$size <- 'size' and will be overwritten.

Value

```
Depending on 'export':
-"matrix", an array whose dimensions are [object, height, width, channel].
-"file", it invisibly returns path of ".npy" exported file.
```

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExportToNumpy input arguments.

ExportToReport

Graphical and Statistic Report Generation

Description

Generates report from 'IFC_data' object.

Usage

```
ExportToReport(
  obj,
  selection,
 write_to,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  onepage = TRUE,
  color_mode = c("white", "black")[1],
  add_key = "panel",
  precision = c("light", "full")[1],
  trunc_labels = 38,
  trans = "asinh",
  bin,
  viewport = "ideas",
  backend = "lattice",
  display_progress = TRUE,
)
```

38 ExportToReport

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.

selection indices of desired graphs. It can be provided as an integer vector or as a matrix.

In such case, the layout of the matrix will reflect the layout of the extracted

graphs.

NA value will result in an empty place.

Otherwise, when 'selection' is provided as a vector not identical to seq_along(obj\$graphs),

'onepage' parameter will be set to FALSE.

Note that indices are read from left to right, from top to bottom. Default is

missing for extracting all graphs.

write_to pattern used to export file(s). Placeholders, like c("%d/%s_fromR.pdf", "%d/%s_fromR.csv"),

will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory of 'obj\$fileName'

-%p: with first parent directory of 'obj\$fileName'

-%e: with extension of 'obj\$fileName' (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname from 'obj\$fileName' (i.e. basename without extension). Exported file(s) extension(s) will be deduced from this pattern. Note that has to

be a .pdf and/or .csv.

overwrite whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE, it will

overwrite file. In addition a warning message will be sent.

onepage whether to generate a pdf with all graphs on one page or not. Default is TRUE.

color_mode Whether to extract colors from obj in white or black mode. Default is "white".

add_key whether to draw a "global" key under title or in the first "panel" or "both". De-

fault is "panel".

Accepted values are either: FALSE, "panel", "global", "both" or c("panel",

"global").

Note that it only applies when display is seen as overlaying populations.

precision when graphs is a 2D scatter with population overlay, this argument controls

amount of information displayed. Default is "light".

-"light", the default, will only display points of same coordinates that are amoung

the other layers.

-"full" will display all the layers.

trunc_labels maximum number of characters to display for labels. Default is 38.

trans name of the transformation function for density graphs. If missing the default,

the BasePop[[1]]\$densitytrans, if any, will be retrieved, otherwise "asinh" will

be used.

bin default number of bin used for histogram. Default is missing.

viewport Either "ideas", "data" or "max" defining limits used for the graph. Default is

"ideas".

-"ideas" will use same limits as the one defined in ideas.

-"data" will use data to define limits.

-"max" will use data and regions drawn to define limits.

backend backend used for drawing. Allowed are "lattice", "base", "raster". Default is

"lattice".

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- -"lattice" is the original one used in **IFC** using **lattice**,
- -"base" will produce the plot using base,
- -"raster" uses "base" for plotting but 2D graphs points will be produced as rasterImage.

This has the main advantage of being super fast allowing for plotting a huge amount of points while generating smaller objects (in bytes). However, plot quality is impacted with "raster" method and resizing can lead to unpleasant looking.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

... other parameters to be passed.

Details

depending on 'write_to', function will create .pdf and/or .csv file(s) report with according to graphs found in 'obj'.

- csv file if created will contain "Min.", "1st Qu.", "Median", "Mean", "3rd Qu.", "Max." for each graph found for x and y (if not histogram) for drawn populations and regions.
- pdf file if created will contain graphs and to a certain extent some stats "Min.", "Median", "Mean", "Max." (no more than 7 rows).

Note that only graphs will be exported (no images, features values, population stats, ...) in the same layout they were created and without sizing.

Value

It invisibly returns full path of exported .pdf and/or .csv file(s).

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
 tmp <- tempdir(check = TRUE)</pre>
 ## use a daf file
 file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 daf <- ExtractFromDAF(fileName = file_daf, extract_images = FALSE,</pre>
                         extract_offsets = FALSE, display_progress = FALSE)
 L = length(daf$graphs)
 if(L > 0) {
    ## randomly export at most 5 graphs from daf
    sel = sample(1:L, min(5, L))
   ExportToReport(obj = daf, selection = sel,
                   write_to = paste0(tmp, "\\test.pdf"), overwrite = TRUE)
 }
} else {
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                   'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                   'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

40 ExportToXIF

ExportToXIF

RIF/CIF File Writer

Description

Subsets or merges RIF or CIF files.

Usage

```
ExportToXIF(
   fileName,
   write_to,
   objects,
   offsets,
   fast = TRUE,
   extract_features = FALSE,
   endianness = .Platform$endian,
   verbose = FALSE,
   verbosity = 1,
   overwrite = FALSE,
   display_progress = TRUE,
   add_tracking = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

fileName

path(s) of file(s) to subset or merge. If multiple files are provided they will be merged. Otherwise, if only one file is input it will be subsetted. All files have to be either '.rif' or '.cif' files. All files should have same channels.

write_to

pattern used to export file. Placeholders, like "%d/%s_fromR.%e", will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory of first element of 'fileName'

-%p: with first parent directory of first element of 'fileName'

-%e: with extension of first element of 'fileName' (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname from of first element of 'fileName' (i.e. basename without extension).

Exported file extension will be deduced from this pattern. It has to be the same as 'fileName', i.e. .cif or .rif.

objects

integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. If missing, the default, all objects will be used. Only apply for subsetting.

offsets

object of class 'IFC_offset'. If missing, the default, offsets will be extracted from 'fileName'.

This param is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated XIF export on same file. Only apply for subsetting.

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fast

whether to fast extract 'objects' or not. Default is TRUE. Meaning that 'objects' will be extracted expecting that 'objects' are stored in ascending order.

Note that a warning will be sent if an 'object' is found at an unexpected order. In such a case you may need to rerun function with 'fast' = FALSE. If set to FALSE, all object_ids will be scanned from 'fileName' to ensure extraction of desired 'objects'.

IMPORTANT: whatever this argument is, features are extracted assuming an ascending order of storage in file.

Only apply for subsetting.

extract_features

whether to try to extract features. Default is FALSE. IMPORTANT: it is not clear if how features are stored and which objects they rely to when input file is already a merge or a subset. For this reason it should be carefully checked. Note that features extraction is not implemented for merging.

endianness

the endian-ness ("big" or "little") of the target system for the file. Default is

.Platform\$endian.

Endianness describes the bytes order of data stored within the files. This param-

eter may not be modified.

verbose

whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.

verbosity

quantity of information displayed when verbose is TRUE; 1: normal, 2: rich.

Default is 1.

overwrite

whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE.

Note that if TRUE, it will overwrite exported file if path(s) of file(s) in 'file-Name' and deduced from 'write_to' arguments are different. Otherwise, you will get an error saving that everywriting source file is not allowed.

will get an error saying that overwriting source file is not allowed.

Note also that an original file, i.e. generated by IDEAS(R) or INSPIRE(R), will never be overwritten. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting

original file is not allowed.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

add_tracking

whether to register files' paths and objects' ids in the exported file. Default is

TRUE.

... other arguments to be passed.

Details

when 'extract_features' is set TRUE, only features stored in binary format will be extracted if found. If the input 'fileName' is a merged of several files then features will be extracted from these files. If these files can't be found, Warning(s) will be thrown and input 'fileName' will be extracted without features values.

Value

It invisibly returns full path of exported file.

42 ExtractFromDAF

Examples

ExtractFromDAF

DAF File Reader

Description

Extracts data from DAF Files.

Usage

```
ExtractFromDAF(
   fileName,
   extract_features = TRUE,
   extract_images = TRUE,
   extract_offsets = TRUE,
   extract_stats = TRUE,
   endianness = .Platform$endian,
   pnt_in_poly_algorithm = 1,
   pnt_in_poly_epsilon = 1e-12,
   display_progress = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

```
fileName path to file.

extract_features

whether to extract features (and graphs, pops and regions) from file. Default is TRUE.

extract_images whether to extract images information from file. Default is TRUE.

extract_offsets

whether to extract IFDs offsets from corresponding. Default is TRUE.

See getOffsets for further details.

extract_stats

whether to extract population statistics. Default is TRUE.
```

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endianness

The endian-ness ("big" or "little") of the target system for the file. Default is

.Platform\$endian.

Endianness describes the bytes order of data stored within the files. This parameter may not be modified.

pnt_in_poly_algorithm

algorithm used to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. Default is 1

Note that for the moment only 1(Trigonometry) is available.

pnt_in_poly_epsilon

epsilon to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. It only applies when algorithm is 1. Default is 1e-12.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

.. Other arguments to be passed.

Details

When extract_features is TRUE it allows features, graphs, pops, regions to be extracted.

If extract_features is TRUE, extract_stats will be automatically forced to TRUE.

If extract_stats is TRUE, extract_features will be automatically forced to TRUE.

If extract_offsets is TRUE, extract_images will be automatically forced to TRUE.

If extract_images is TRUE, information about images will be extracted.

Value

A named list of class 'IFC_data', whose members are:

- -description, a list of descriptive information,
- -fileName, path of fileName input,
- -fileName_image, path of .cif image fileName is refering to,
- -features, a data.frame of features,
- -features_def, a describing how features are defined,
- -graphs, a list of graphical elements found,
- -pops, a list describing populations found,
- -regions, a list describing how regions are defined,
- -images, a data frame describing information about images,
- -offsets, an integer vector of images and masks IFDs offsets,
- -stats, a data frame describing populations count and percentage to parent and total population,
- -checksum, checksum of .cif image fileName is refering to computed from images values found in current daf.

Source

For pnt_in_poly_algorithm, Trigonometry, is an adaptation of Jeremy VanDerWal's code https://github.com/jjvanderwal/SDMTools

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
    ## use a daf file
```

44 ExtractFromFCS

ExtractFromFCS

FCS File Reader

Description

Extracts data from Flow Cytometry Standard (FCS) Files.

Usage

```
ExtractFromFCS(fileName, ...)
```

Arguments

fileName path(s) of file(s). If multiple files are provided they will be merged and pop-

ulations will be created to identify each single file within returned 'IFC_data'

object.

... other arguments to be passed to readFCS function, with the exception of 'op-

tions\$text_only'.

Value

A named list of class 'IFC_data', whose members are:

- -description, a list of descriptive information,
- -Merged_fcs, character vector of path of files used to create fcs, if input was a merged,
- -Keywords, a named-list of keywords values, only keywords from 1st 'fcs' segment will be retrieved
- -fileName, path of fileName input,
- -fileName_image, path of .cif image fileName is referring to,
- -features, a data.frame of features,
- -features_def, a describing how features are defined,
- -graphs, a list of graphical elements found,
- -pops, a list describing populations found,
- -regions, a list describing how regions are defined,
- -images, a data.frame describing information about images,
- -offsets, an integer vector of images and masks IFDs offsets,
- -stats, a data frame describing populations count and percentage to parent and total population,
- -checksum, a checksum integer.

Source

Data File Standard for Flow Cytometry, version FCS 3.1 from Spidlen J. et al. available at doi: 10.1002/cyto.a.20825.

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ExtractFromXIF

RIF/CIF File Reader

Description

Extracts data from RIF or CIF Files.

Usage

```
ExtractFromXIF(
   fileName,
   extract_features = TRUE,
   extract_images = FALSE,
   extract_offsets = FALSE,
   extract_stats = TRUE,
   pnt_in_poly_algorithm = 1,
   pnt_in_poly_epsilon = 1e-12,
   force_default = TRUE,
   verbose = FALSE,
   verbosity = 1,
   display_progress = TRUE,
   fast = TRUE,
   recursive = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

```
fileName
                  path to file.
extract_features
                  whether to extract features from file. Default is TRUE.
                  If TRUE, ExtractFromXIF will try to export features. It it fails a message will
                  be sent.
                  Otherwise, graphs, pops and regions will be also extracted.
extract_images whether to extract images information from file. Default is FALSE.
extract_offsets
                  whether to extract IFDs offsets from corresponding. Default is FALSE.
                  See getOffsets for further details.
extract_stats
                  whether to extract population statistics. Default is TRUE.
pnt_in_poly_algorithm
                  algorithm used to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. Default
                  is 1.
                  Note that for the moment only 1(Trigonometry) is available.
pnt_in_poly_epsilon
                  epsilon to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. It only applies
                  when algorithm is 1. Default is 1e-12.
```

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force_default when display information can't be retrieved whether to use default values. De-

fault is TRUE.

verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.

verbosity quantity of information displayed when verbose is TRUE; 1: normal, 2: rich.

Default is 1.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

fast whether to fast extract 'objects' or not. Default is TRUE.

Meaning that offsets will be extracted expecting that 'objects' are stored in ascending order. if extract_images is FALSE, a message will be thrown since extraction method does not ensure correct mapping between objects and offsets. if extract_images is TRUE, a warning will be sent if an object is found at an

unexpected order.

recursive whether to recursively apply ExtractFromXIF on files defining input fileName

when it is a merged. Default is FALSE.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Details

If extract_stats is TRUE, extract_features will be automatically forced to TRUE.

If extract_images is TRUE, extract_offsets will be automatically forced to TRUE.

If extract_offsets is TRUE, offsets of images and masks IFDs will be extracted.

If extract_images is TRUE, information about images will be extracted.

If the input fileName is a merged of several files and recursive is set to TRUE, then ExtractFromXIF will be applied recursively on these files.

/!\ Note that features extraction is mandatory to correctly extract graphs, pops, regions and statistics values.

Value

A named list of class 'IFC_data', whose members are:

- -description, a list of descriptive information,
- -fileName, path of fileName input,
- -fileName image, same as fileName,
- -features, a data.frame of features,
- -features_def, a describing how features are defined,
- -graphs, a list of graphical elements found,
- -pops, a list describing populations found,
- -regions, a list describing how regions are defined,
- -images, a data.frame describing information about images,
- -offsets, an integer vector of images and masks IFDs offsets,
- -stats, a data.frame describing populations count and percentage to parent and total population,
- -checksum, current file checksum.

If fileName is a merged of several files returned object will be of class 'IFC_data' and 'Merged'. If recursive is set to "TRUE", ExtractFromXIF will be applied recursively on files defining the merged. and the returned object will be a list of the above-mentionned list for each of these files.

Source

For pnt_in_poly_algorithm, Trigonometry, is an adaptation of Jeremy VanDerWal's code https://github.com/jjvanderwal/SDMTools

Examples

ExtractImages_toBase64

Shortcut for Batch Images Extraction to Base64

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of images to base64! excludes mask.

Usage

Arguments

arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and
'bypass'(=TRUE).
/!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '...' then
attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.

objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to

save time for repeated image export on same file.

If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...'

to getOffsets.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray". Default is

"rgb".

write_to used to compute respectively exported file name.

Exported base64 data-uri will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff". Note that ".bmp" is

faster but files are not compressed producing bigger data.

Placeholders, if found, will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory-%p: with first parent directory

-%e: with extension (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

-%o: with object_id
-%c: with channel id

A good trick is to use: "%o_%c.bmp".

base64_id whether to add id attribute to base64 exported object.

base64_att attributes to add to base64 exported object.

For example, use "class='draggable'".

Note that id (if 'base64_id' is TRUE) and width and height are already used.

Details

If 'param' is provided 'in '...':

-'param\$export'<-"base64" and 'param\$mode'<-'mode' only will be overwritten.

-if 'write_to' is not missing, 'param\$write_to'<-'write_to' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$write_to' will be used.

-if 'base64_id' is not missing, 'param\$base64_id'<-'base64_id' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$base64_id' will be used.

-if 'base64_att' is not missing, 'param\$base64_att'<-'base64_att' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$base64_att' will be used.

When missing and not found 'param', default values will be used for 'write_to'(="%o_%c.bmp"), 'base64_id'(=FALSE) and 'base64_att'(="")

Value

A list of base64 encoded images corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractImages_toBase64 input arguments.

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ExtractImages_toFile Shortcut for Batch Images Extraction to Files

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of images to file! excludes mask.

Usage

```
ExtractImages_toFile(
    ...,
    objects,
    offsets,
    display_progress = TRUE,
    mode = c("rgb", "gray")[1],
    write_to,
    overwrite = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and . . . 'bypass'(=TRUE). /!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '...' then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam. objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used. offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file. If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...' to getOffsets. display_progress whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE. mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray". Default is "rgb". write_to used to compute respectively exported file name. Exported "file" extension will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff". Note that ".bmp" is faster but files are not compressed producing bigger data. Placeholders, if found, will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory -%p: with first parent directory -%e: with extension (without leading .) -%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

```
-%o: with object_id
-%c: with channel_id
A good trick is to use: "%d/%s/%s_%o_%c.tiff".
whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE.
```

Details

overwrite

```
If 'param' is provided in '...':
-'param$export'<-"file", 'param$mode'<-'mode' and 'param$overwrite'<-'overwrite' will
be overwritten.
-if 'write_to' is not missing, 'param$write_to'<-'write_to' will be overwritten. Otherwise,
'param$write_to' will be used only if 'param$export' was "file".

'write_to' has to be provided if 'param' can't be found in '...' or if 'param$export' was
not "file".
```

Value

It invisibly returns a list of exported file path of corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractImages_toFile input arguments.

```
ExtractImages_toMatrix
```

Shortcut for Batch Images Extraction to Matrices/Arrays

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of images to matrix ! excludes mask.

Usage

```
ExtractImages_toMatrix(..., objects, offsets, display_progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

	arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and 'bypass'(=TRUE). /!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '' then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.
objects	integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

```
offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file.

If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...' to getOffsets.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.
```

Details

```
If 'param' is provided in '...', 'param$export'<-"matrix" only will be overwritten.
```

Value

A list of matrices/arrays of images corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractImages_toMatrix input arguments.

ExtractMasks_toBase64 Shortcut for Batch Masks Extraction to Base64

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of masks to base64! excludes image.

Usage

```
ExtractMasks_toBase64(
    ...,
    objects,
    offsets,
    display_progress = TRUE,
    mode = c("rgb", "gray")[1],
    write_to,
    base64_id,
    base64_att
)
```

Arguments

... arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and 'bypass'(=TRUE).

/!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '...' then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.

objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not manda-

tory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to

save time for repeated image export on same file.

If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with ' \ldots '

to getOffsets.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray". Default is

"rgb".

write_to used to compute respectively exported file name.

Exported base64 data-uri will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff". Note that ".bmp" is

faster but files are not compressed producing bigger data.

Placeholders, if found, will be substituted:

-%d: with full path directory-%p: with first parent directory

-%e: with extension (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

-%o: with object_id
-%c: with channel_id

A good trick is to use: "%o_%c.bmp".

base64_id whether to add id attribute to base64 exported object.

base64_att attributes to add to base64 exported object.

For example, use "class='draggable'".

Note that id (if 'base64_id' is TRUE) and width and height are already used.

Details

If 'param' is provided 'in '...':

-'param\$export'<-"base64" and 'param\$mode'<-'mode' only will be overwritten.

-if 'write_to' is not missing, 'param\$write_to'<-'write_to' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$write_to' will be used.

-if 'base64_id' is not missing, 'param\$base64_id'<-'base64_id' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$base64_id' will be used.

-if 'base64_att' is not missing, 'param\$base64_att'<-'base64_att' will be overwritten. Otherwise, 'param\$base64_att' will be used.

When missing and not found 'param', default values will be used for 'write_to'(=" $\%o_\%c.bmp$ "), 'base64_id'(=FALSE) and 'base64_att'(=""")

Value

A list of base64 encoded images corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractMasks_toBase64 input arguments.

ExtractMasks_toFile 53

ExtractMasks_toFile Shortcut for Batch Masks Extraction to Files

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of masks to file! excludes image.

Usage

```
ExtractMasks_toFile(
    ...,
    objects,
    offsets,
    display_progress = TRUE,
    mode = c("rgb", "gray")[1],
    write_to,
    overwrite = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and . . . 'bypass'(=TRUE). /!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '...' then attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam. objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used. offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file. If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...' to getOffsets. display_progress whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE. mode (objectParam argument) color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray". Default is "rgb". write_to used to compute respectively exported file name. Exported "file" extension will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff". Note that ".bmp" is faster but files are not compressed producing bigger data. Placeholders, if found, will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory -%p: with first parent directory -%e: with extension (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension)

```
-%o: with object_id
-%c: with channel_id
A good trick is to use: "%d/%s/%s_%o_%c.tiff".
whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE.
```

Details

overwrite

```
If 'param' is provided in '...':
-'param$export'<-"file", 'param$mode'<-'mode' and 'param$overwrite'<-'overwrite' will
be overwritten.
-if 'write_to' is not missing, 'param$write_to'<-'write_to' will be overwritten. Otherwise,
'param$write_to' will be used only if 'param$export' was "file".

'write_to' has to be provided if 'param' can't be found in '...' or if 'param$export' was
not "file".
```

Value

It invisibly returns a list of exported file path of corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractMasks_toFile input arguments.

Description

Function to shortcut extraction, normalization and eventually colorization of masks to matrix ! excludes image.

Usage

```
ExtractMasks_toMatrix(..., objects, offsets, display_progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

	arguments to be passed to objectExtract with the exception of 'ifd' and 'bypass'(=TRUE). /!\ If not any of 'fileName', 'info' and 'param' can be found in '' then
	attr(offsets, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.
objects	integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to use. This argument is not mandatory, if missing, the default, all objects will be used.

gen_altnames 55

```
offsets object of class 'IFC_offset'. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file.

If 'offsets' are not provided, extra arguments can also be passed with '...' to getOffsets.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.
```

Details

```
If 'param' is provided in '...', 'param$export'<-"matrix" only will be overwritten.
```

Value

A list of matrices/arrays of images corresponding to objects extracted.

Note

Arguments of objectExtract will be deduced from ExtractMasks_toMatrix input arguments.

gen_altnames

Alternative Names Generator

Description

Generates unique non matching alternative names

Usage

```
gen_altnames(
    x,
    n = 10,
    forbidden = character(),
    random_seed = list(seed = 252, "Mersenne-Twister", "Inversion", "Rounding")
)
```

Arguments

x a character vector.

n number of characters of the desired returned name. Default is 10.

forbidden forbidden character vector. Default is character().

random_seed a list of elements to pass to set.seed or a single value, interpreted as an integer, or

NULL. Default is list(seed = 0xFC, "Mersenne-Twister", "Inversion", "Rounding"). Note that NA_integer_ or list(seed = NA_integer_) can be used to not call set.seed at all. Note also that the default is chosen because it is compatible with

old R version.

56 getAborted

Details

'forbidden' should not encompass all possible returned value otherwise the function will never end.

Value

a character vector.

getAborted

Aborted Batch Files Retrieval

Description

Try to retrieve files whose processing failed during batch. This is a very beta version

Usage

```
getAborted(aborted, default_batch_dir, config_file)
```

Arguments

aborted

path to file containing aborted information.

If missing, the default, a dialog box will be displayed to choose this file. Note,

that if provided 'default_batch_dir' and 'config_file' will not be used.

default_batch_dir

directory where batches are stored.

It can be found in IDEAS(R) software, under Options -> Application Defaults -> Directories -> Default Batch Report Files Directory. If missing, the default, it will be deduced from IDEAS(R) config file, However, if it can't be deduced

then current working directory will be used.

This argument takes precedence over 'config_file' and filling 'default_batch_dir'

prevents the use of 'config_file' argument.

config_file

path to IDEAS(R) config file.

It may depends on IDEAS(R) software installation but one may use "C:/Users/%USER%/AppData/Roami

Corporation/userconfig.xml".

Value

a list of 4 elements:

- -not_existing: a list of files paths that caused failure because they were not found during batch,
- -not_handled: a list of failed files and the retrieved error message.
- -failed_found: a list of failed files and their unique corresponding paths,
- -failed_match: a list of failed files and their all paths that could match.

getFullTag 57

getFullTag	Image Field Directory Full Tag Retrieval	

Description

Retrieves full tag value from IFDs (Image Field Directory) extracted by getIFD.

Usage

```
getFullTag(IFD, which = 1, tag = "256", raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

IFD	an object of class 'IFC_ifd_list' extracted by getIFD.
which	scalar, integer (index) or the name of 'IFD' sub-element to extract 'tag' from. Default is 1 to extract 'tag' from the first member of 'IFD'.
tag	scalar, integer (index) or the name of the IFD[[which]] of the desired 'tag'.
raw	whether to return tag as a raw vector. Default is FALSE.

Details

It may be usefull to extract all information contained in a specific 'tag' since getIFD is designed to be run with argument trunc_bytes so as to only extract essential bytes to run faster and save memory. Nonetheless, thanks to getFullTag users will still be able to get full extraction of specific tag.

Value

the full value of the corresponding IFD tag.

Source

TIFF 6.0 specifications archived from web https://web.archive.org/web/20211209104854/https://www.adobe.io/open/standards/TIFF.html

getIFD	RIF/CIF Image Field Directories Extraction
· ·	

Description

Extracts IFDs (Image File Directory) in RIF or CIF files.

IFDs contain information about images or masks of objects stored within XIF files.

The first IFD is special in that it does not contain image of mask information but general information about the file.

Users are highly encouraged to read TIFF specifications to have a better understanding about what IFDs are.

58 getIFD

Usage

```
getIFD(
   fileName,
   offsets = "first",
   trunc_bytes = 12,
   force_trunc = FALSE,
   verbose = FALSE,
   verbosity = 1,
   display_progress = FALSE,
   bypass = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

fileName path to file.

offsets either "all", "first" or an object of class 'IFC_offset'. Default is "first".

trunc_bytes a positive integer maximal number of individual scalar to extract BYTE/ASCII/SBYTE/UNDEFINED

for TAGS (1, 2, 6 or 7). Default is 12.

However, if less is found, less is returned in map. Note that, if 0 is provided, it

will be automatically set to 1.

force_trunc whether to force truncation for all TAGS types. Default is FALSE.

If TRUE, 'trunc bytes' will be used for TAGS (3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12) to

extract desired number of individual scalar corresponding to each types.

verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.

verbosity quantity of information displayed when verbose is TRUE; 1: normal, 2: rich.

Default is 1.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is FALSE.

bypass whether to bypass checks on 'trunc_bytes', 'force_trunc', 'verbose', 'verbosity'

and 'display_progress'. Default is FALSE.

... other arguments to be passed.

Details

Function will return IFDs (image, mask or first) from the file using provided offsets argument. IFDs contain several tags that can be viewed as descriptive meta-information of raw data stored within RIF or CIF file. For more details see TIFF specifications.

If 'offsets' == "first" only first IFD will be returned.

If 'offsets' == "all" all images and masks IFDs will be returned but not "first" one. Be aware that errors may occur if offsets are not extracted with getOffsets or subsetOffsets.

Value

A list of named lists, each containing:

-tags, a named list whose names are tags found, where each tag is a list of tag, typ, siz, val, byt, len,

getInfo 59

```
off, map information.
-infos, a named list containing essential information about IFDs, IMAGE_LENGTH, IMAGE_WIDTH,
OBJECT_ID, COMPRESSION, TYPE, STRIP_OFFSETS, STRIP_BYTE_COUNTS, BG_MEAN,
BG_STD
-curr_IFD_offset, the position of current IFD offset
-next_IFD_offset, the position of next IFD offset
```

Source

TIFF 6.0 specifications archived from web https://web.archive.org/web/20211209104854/https://www.adobe.io/open/standards/TIFF.html

Examples

getInfo

IFC File Information Extraction

Description

Retrieves rich information from RIF, CIF and DAF files.

Usage

```
getInfo(
  fileName,
  from = c("acquisition", "analysis")[2],
  verbose = FALSE,
  verbosity = 1,
  warn = TRUE,
  force_default = TRUE,
  cifdir = dirname(fileName),
  ntry = +Inf,
  ...
)
```

60 getInfo

Arguments

fileName path to file..

from whether to extract information from 'acquisition' or 'analysis'. Default is 'anal-

ysis'.

verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE. verbosity quantity of information print to console when verbose is TRUE; 1: normal, 2:

rich. Default is 1.

warn whether to send warning message when trying to read 'analysis' information

from a 'rif' file. Default is TRUE.

force_default when display information can't be retrieved whether to use default values. De-

fault is TRUE.

cifdir the path of the directory to initially look to cif file. Default is dirname(fileName).

Only apply when 'fileName' is a .daf file.

ntry number of times getInfo will be allowed to find corresponding cif file. Default

is +Inf. Only apply when 'fileName' is a .daf file. If cif can't be found, but

'ntry' is reached, then an error will be thrown.

... other arguments to be passed.

Value

a list of information (open .daf file in an text editor for more details) about input fileName of class

'IFC_info' and 'acquistion' or 'analysis', whose members are:

- -objcount, number of object in file,
- -date, date of file creation,
- -instrument, instrument identification,
- -sw raw, version of software for raw data,
- -sw_processed, version of software for processed data,
- -channelwidth, default channel width in pixel,
- -in_use, channels used,
- -brightfield, whether brightfield is applied on channels and its intensity,
- -illumination, laser illumination parameters,
- -collection mode, the collection mode,
- -magnification, magnification used,
- -coremode, the core mode,
- -evmode, the high gain mode,
- -CrossTalkMatrix. compensation matrix applied,
- -ChannelPresets, channel preset,
- -ImageDisplaySettings, image display settings,
- -Images, information about colors, range and channels,
- -masks, masks defined,
- -ViewingModes, modes of visualization,
- -checksum, checksum computed,
- -Merged rif, character vector of path of files used to create rif, if input file was a merged,
- -Merged_cif, character vector of path of files used to create cif, if input file was a merged,
- -XIF_test, integer defining XIF type,
- -checksum, integer corresponding to file checksum,

getOffsets 61

```
-fileName, path of fileName input,
```

-fileName_image, path of fileName_image.

Examples

getOffsets

RIF/CIF File Image Field Directories Offsets Extraction

Description

Extracts offsets of the IFDs (Image Field Directories) within a XIF file. Users are highly encouraged to read TIFF specifications to have a better understanding about what offsets and IFDs are.

Usage

```
getOffsets(fileName, fast = TRUE, display_progress = TRUE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

fileName path to file.

fast whether to fast extract 'objects' or not. Default is TRUE.

Meaning that offsets will be extracted expecting that 'objects' are stored in as-

cending order.

A message will be thrown since fast extraction method does not ensure correct

mapping between objects and offsets.

If set to FALSE, all object_ids will be scanned from 'fileName' to ensure ex-

traction of desired offsets.

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.

Details

Offsets are byte positions of IFDs found within RIF or CIF file. For more details see TIFF specifications.

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Value

an integer vector of class 'IFC_offset' of IFDs offsets found in XIF file.

Source

TIFF 6.0 specifications archived from web https://web.archive.org/web/20211209104854/https://www.adobe.io/open/standards/TIFF.html

Examples

inv_smoothLinLog

Inverse Smooth LinLog Transformation

Description

Gets values back just to their original values before applying smoothLinLog.

Usage

```
inv_smoothLinLog(x, hyper = 1000, base = 10, lin_comp = log(base))
```

Arguments

x A numeric vector.

hyper value where transition between Lin/Log is applied.

base base of Log scale.

lin_comp value that is used to smooth transition between Lin/Log. Default is log(base).

Value

the inverse smoothLinLog transformation of the input.

objectCleanse 63

objectCleanse	Object Cleanser
3	3

Description

Removes abnormalities (clipped/debris) from image.

Usage

```
objectCleanse(mat, msk, add_noise = TRUE, random_seed = NULL, bg = 0, sd = 0)
```

Arguments

a numeric matrix (image). mat a numeric matrix (mask identifying abnormalities). msk add_noise if TRUE adds normal noise to background using rnorm(), from Rcpp. Default is TRUE. random_seed a list of elements to pass to set.seed or a single value, interpreted as an integer, or NULL to be used when 'add_noise' is set to TRUE. Default is NULL. Note that NA_integer_ or list(seed = NA_integer_) can be used to not call set.seed at all. mean value of the background added if add_noise is TRUE. Default is 0. bg standard deviation of the background added if add_noise is TRUE. Default is 0.

Value

sd

According to msk, pixel values in mat are substituted by either bg [add_noise == FALSE] or rnorm(n = prod(dim(mat), mean=bg, sd=sd)) [add_noise == TRUE].

```
objectDisplay
                         Object Display
```

Description

This function is intended to display object extracted by objectExtract.

Usage

```
objectDisplay(
  image,
  input_range = c(0, 4095),
  full_range = FALSE,
  force_range = FALSE,
  gamma = 1,
  color = "Green",
  dpi = 300
)
```

Arguments

image An object extracted by objectExtract of class 'IFC_img' or 'IFC_msk'. Note that a matrix with finite values can also be used. a finite numeric vector of 2 values, sets the range of the input intensity values. input_range Values outside this range are clipped. Default is [0, 4095]. if 'full_range' is TRUE, then 'input_range' will be set to [0,4095] and full_range 'gamma' forced to 1. Default is FALSE. if 'force_range' is TRUE, then 'input_range' will be adjusted to 'image' force_range range in [-4095, +inf] and 'gamma' forced to 1. Default is FALSE. Note that this parameter takes the precedence over input_range' and full_range'. 'gamma' correction. Default is 1, for no correction. gamma color a color. Default is "Green". dpi display resolution. Default is 300.

Details

If 'image' is of class 'IFC_img' or 'IFC_msk', then if 'input_range', 'full_range', 'force_range', 'gamma' and/or 'color' parameters is/are missing, it/they will be extracted from 'image' attributes.

If 'image' is not of one of class 'IFC_img' or 'IFC_msk', then 'force_range' will be forced to TRUE.

An error will be thrown if input image contains non finite values.

Value

it invisibly returns NULL

objectExtract	Object Extraction

Description

Extracts / Decompress objects stored in RIF or CIF Files.

Usage

```
objectExtract(ifd, param, verbose = FALSE, bypass = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

ifd list of sub elements of IFD data information extracted by getIFD. This argument

can't be missing.

object of class 'IFC_param', containing extraction parameters defined by objectParam. param This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file. If this argument is missing, objectExtract will use named arguments in '...' as input to objectParam to control object extraction. However, if 'param' is provided, '...' will be **ignored**. verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE. whether to bypass checks on 'ifd' and 'param'. Default is FALSE. bypass Arguments passed on to objectParam info object of class 'IFC info', rich information extracted by getInfo. This argument is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export on same file. If missing, the default, 'info' will be extracted thanks to '...'. mode color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray" or "raw". Default is "raw". Note that "raw" is only possible when 'export' is "matrix". export format mode export. Either "file", "matrix", "base64". Default is "matrix". write_to used when export is "file" or "base64" to compute respectively exported file name or base64 id attribute. Exported file extension and base64 MIME type will be deduced from this pattern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff". Note that ".bmp" are faster but not compressed producing bigger data. Placeholders, if found, will be substituted: -%d: with full path directory, -%p: with first parent directory, -%e: with extension (without leading .), -%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension), -%o: with object id, -%c: with channel id. A good trick is to use: -"%d/%s/%s_%o_%c.tiff", when 'export' is "file", -"%o_%c.bmp", when 'export' is "base64". Note that if missing and 'export' is not "file", 'write_to' will be set to "%o_%c.bmp". base64_id whether to add id attribute to base64 exported object. Default is FALSE. Only applied when export is "base64". base64_att attributes to add to base64 exported object. Default is "". Only applied when export is "base64". For example, use "class='draggable'". Note that id (if 'base64_id' is TRUE) and width and height are already used. overwrite only apply when 'export' is "file" whether to overwrite file or not. Default is FALSE. composite character vector of image composite. Default is "", for no image

Should be like "1.05/2.4/4.55" for a composition of 5 perc. of channel

1, 40 perc. of channel 2 and 50 perc. of channel 55.

Note that channels should have been acquired and final image composition should be 100 perc., otherwise an error is thrown.

Note that each composite will be appended after 'selection'.

selection physical channels to extract.

Note that this parameter will be ordered.

Default is "all" to extract all acquired channels.

Use "none" to only extract composite.

- random_seed a list of elements to pass to set.seed or a single value, interpreted as an integer, or NULL to be used when 'add_noise' is set to TRUE. Default is NULL. Note that NA_integer_ or list(seed = NA_integer_) can be used to not call set.seed at all.
- size a length 2 integer vector of final dimensions of the image, height 1st and width 2nd. Default is c(0,0) for no change.
- force_width whether to use information in 'info' to fill size. Default is TRUE. When set to TRUE, width of 'size' argument will be overwritten.
- removal removal method: Either "none", "raw", "clipped", "masked", "MC".
 - -"none", to keep image as is, no mask extraction will be performed resulting in faster extraction,
 - -"raw", to keep image as is, it provides a convenient way to retrieve "raw" value for the mask,
 - -"clipped", to remove clipped object from image,
 - -"masked", to only keep masked object from image,
 - -"MC", to keep MC masked object from image. This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.
- add_noise if TRUE adds normal noise to background using **Rcpp**. Default is TRUE.
 - Note that it is better to set it to FALSE when 'removal' is "masked" or "MC". Doing so will allow to place masked object in a zero filled background, otherwise background will still be filled with noise. This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.
- full_range only apply when 'mode' is not "raw", if 'full_range' is TRUE, then object range will be considered as 0 to 4095, it is like "raw" 'mode' but resulting in [0,4095] normalization to [0,1]. Default is FALSE. This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.
- force_range only apply when 'mode' is not "raw", if 'force_range' is TRUE, then range will be adjusted to object range in [-4095,+inf] resulting in normalization to [0,1]. Default is FALSE.

This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.

Note that this parameter takes the precedence over 'full_range'.

spatial_correction only apply on RIF file, whether to apply spatial correction. Default is FALSE.

Details

When a mask is detected, 'add_noise', 'full_range' and 'force_range' are set to FALSE and range used will be forced to [0,3].

Range of image is controlled by 'Images' information from supplied 'info' or as extracted by getInfo and will be returned as 'channels' by objectParam. In case 'mode' is not "raw", 'channels\$xmin', 'channels\$xmax', 'channels\$gamma' will be used for object extraction by objectExtract unless any of 'force_range' or 'full_range' is TRUE.

Experimental (as of v0.2.0.501): once returned by objectParam, those 'channels\$xmin' and 'channels\$xmax' can be manually adjusted to]0,1[so as to be used as 'probs' argument to quantile to allow quantile normalization during object extraction (objectExtract) afterwards.

Value

A list (for every extracted objects) of list (for every exported channels) depending on 'param\$export' parameter:

- -"matrix", a matrix when 'param\$mode' is set to "raw" or "gray" OR an array when 'param\$mode' is "rgb",
- -"base64", a data-uri string,
- -"file", an invisible file path corresponding to the location of exported file(s).

Note

```
'...' will be used to compute 'param' only if 'param' is not provided.

/!\ When 'param' is not provided, if not any of 'fileName', 'info' can be found in '...', then attr(ifd, "fileName_image") will be used as 'fileName' input parameter to pass to objectParam.
```

Source

For image decompression, Lee Kamentsky's code porting from https://github.com/ome/bioformats/blob/4146b9a1797501f0fec7d6cfe69124959bff96ee/components/formats-bsd/src/loci/formats/in/FlowSightReader.java

cited in https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S1046-2023(16)30291-2

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Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
  ## use a cif file
 file_cif <- system.file("extdata", "example.cif", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 cif_offs <- getOffsets(fileName = file_cif, fast = TRUE)</pre>
 ## extract infomation
 info <- getInfo(fileName = file_cif, from = "analysis")</pre>
 ## retrieve number of objects stored
 nobj <- as.integer(info$objcount)</pre>
  ## randomly subset the offsets of at most 5 "img" objects
 sel = sample(0:(nobj-1), min(5, nobj))
 sub_offs <- subsetOffsets(cif_offs, objects = sel, image_type = "img")</pre>
 ## read IFDs from these "img" objects
 IFDs <- getIFD(fileName = file_cif, offsets = sub_offs)</pre>
 ## extract raw data of these"img" objects to matrix
 raw = objectExtract(ifd = IFDs, info = info, mode = "raw",
                      export = "matrix")
 ## extract base64 "rgb" colorized version of these "img" objects to base64
 b64 = objectExtract(ifd = IFDs, info = info, mode = "rgb",
                      export = "base64", base64_id = TRUE,
                      write_to = "example_%o_%c.bmp")
 ## use DisplayGallery to show the first "img" objects and play with ... extra parameters
 ## force_range, add_noise, selection, composite, see objectParam
 DisplayGallery(info = info, offsets = cif_offs, objects = sel,
                 base64_id = TRUE, write_to = "example_%o_%c.bmp";
                 force_range = c(FALSE,TRUE,FALSE,TRUE), add_noise = FALSE,
                 selection = c(1,2,4,6), composite = "1.7/4.3")
} else {
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                  'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                  'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

objectParam 69

Description

Defines 'IFC_object' object extraction parameters.

Usage

```
objectParam(
  . . . ,
  info,
 mode = c("rgb", "gray", "raw")[3],
  export = c("file", "matrix", "base64")[2],
 write_to,
  base64_id = FALSE,
  base64_att = "",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  composite = "",
  selection = "all",
  size = c(0, 0),
  force_width = TRUE,
  random_seed = NULL,
  removal = "none",
  add_noise = TRUE,
  full_range = FALSE,
  force_range = FALSE,
  spatial_correction = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
arguments to be passed to getInfo, only if 'info' is not provided.
info
                  object of class 'IFC_info', rich information extracted by getInfo. This argu-
                  ment is not mandatory but it may allow to save time for repeated image export
                  on same file. If missing, the default, 'info' will be extracted thanks to '...'.
                   color mode export. Either "rgb", "gray" or "raw". Default is "raw". Note that
mode
                   "raw" is only possible when 'export' is "matrix".
                  format mode export. Either "file", "matrix", "base64". Default is "matrix".
export
                  used when export is "file" or "base64" to compute respectively exported file
write_to
                  name or base64 id attribute.
                  Exported file extension and base64 MIME type will be deduced from this pat-
                  tern. Allowed export are ".bmp", ".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff".
                  Note that ".bmp" are faster but not compressed producing bigger data.
                  Placeholders, if found, will be substituted:
                  -%d: with full path directory,
                  -%p: with first parent directory,
                   -%e: with extension (without leading .),
                   -%s: with shortname (i.e. basename without extension),
                   -%o: with object id,
                  -%c: with channel_id.
```

70 objectParam

A good trick is to use:

-"%d/%s/%s_%o_%c.tiff", when 'export' is "file",

-"%o_%c.bmp", when 'export' is "base64".

Note that if missing and 'export' is not "file", 'write_to' will be set to "%o_%c.bmp".

whether to add id attribute to base64 exported object. Default is FALSE. base64_id Only applied when export is "base64".

attributes to add to base64 exported object. Default is "". base64 att

> Only applied when export is "base64". For example, use "class='draggable'". Note that id (if 'base64_id' is TRUE) and width and height are already used.

only apply when 'export' is "file" whether to overwrite file or not. Default overwrite

is FALSE.

composite character vector of image composite. Default is "", for no image composite.

Should be like "1.05/2.4/4.55" for a composition of 5 perc. of channel 1, 40

perc. of channel 2 and 50 perc. of channel 55.

Note that channels should have been acquired and final image composition

should be 100 perc., otherwise an error is thrown.

Note that each composite will be appended after 'selection'.

selection physical channels to extract.

Note that this parameter will be ordered.

Default is "all" to extract all acquired channels.

Use "none" to only extract composite.

size a length 2 integer vector of final dimensions of the image, height 1st and width

2nd. Default is c(0,0) for no change.

whether to use information in 'info' to fill size. Default is TRUE. When set to force_width

TRUE, width of 'size' argument will be overwritten.

random_seed a list of elements to pass to set.seed or a single value, interpreted as an integer, or

> NULL to be used when 'add_noise' is set to TRUE. Default is NULL. Note that NA_integer_ or list(seed = NA_integer_) can be used to not call set.seed at

removal removal method: Either "none", "raw", "clipped", "masked", "MC".

-"none", to keep image as is, no mask extraction will be performed resulting in

faster extraction,

-"raw", to keep image as is, it provides a convenient way to retrieve "raw" value

for the mask,

-"clipped", to remove clipped object from image,

-"masked", to only keep masked object from image,

-"MC", to keep MC masked object from image. This parameter will be repeated with rep len() from base for every physical channel that needs to be extracted

according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.

if TRUE adds normal noise to background using **Rcpp**. Default is TRUE.

Note that it is better to set it to FALSE when 'removal' is "masked" or "MC". Doing so will allow to place masked object in a zero filled background, otherwise background will still be filled with noise. This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from base for every physical channel that needs to be extracted

according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.

add_noise

paletteIFC 71

full_range only apply when 'mode' is not "raw", if 'full_range' is TRUE, then object

range will be considered as 0 to 4095, it is like "raw" 'mode' but resulting in

[0,4095] normalization to [0,1]. Default is FALSE.

This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite'

parameters.

force_range

only apply when 'mode' is not "raw", if 'force_range' is TRUE, then range will be adjusted to object range in [-4095,+inf] resulting in normalization to [0,1]. Default is FALSE.

This parameter will be repeated with rep_len() from **base** for every physical channel that needs to be extracted according to 'selection' and 'composite' parameters.

Janaticus.

Note that this parameter takes the precedence over 'full_range'.

spatial_correction

only apply on RIF file, whether to apply spatial correction. Default is FALSE.

Details

When a mask is detected, 'add_noise', 'full_range' and 'force_range' are set to FALSE and range used will be forced to [0,3].

Range of image is controlled by 'Images' information from supplied 'info' or as extracted by getInfo and will be returned as 'channels' by objectParam. In case 'mode' is not "raw", 'channels\$xmin', 'channels\$xmax', 'channels\$gamma' will be used for object extraction by objectExtract unless any of 'force_range' or 'full_range' is TRUE.

Experimental (as of v0.2.0.501): once returned by objectParam, those 'channels\$xmin' and 'channels\$xmax' can be manually adjusted to]0,1[so as to be used as 'probs' argument to quantile to allow quantile normalization during object extraction (objectExtract) afterwards.

Value

an object of class 'IFC_param'.

paletteIFC

R/IDEAS Color Palette Mapping

Description

Maps colors between IDEAS and R.

Usage

```
paletteIFC(
   x = c("", "palette", "palette_R", "to_light", "to_dark")[1],
   col = "White"
)
```

72 plotGraph

Arguments

```
    either "", "palette", "palette_R", to_light, to_dark. Default is "".
    a compatible color to transform to color or lightModeColor. Default is "White". if 'x' == to_light, function will convert 'col' to lightModeColor. if 'x' == to_dark, function will convert 'col' to color. if 'col' is not found or 'x' is anything else then a data.frame of compatible colors is returned.
```

Value

IFC palette of available colors.

plotGraph

Plot and Stats Computation for IFC Graph

Description

Computes plot and stats from a IFC graph

Usage

```
plotGraph(
  obj,
  graph,
  draw = FALSE,
  stats_print = draw,
  color_mode = c("white", "black")[1],
  add_key = "panel",
  precision = c("light", "full")[1],
  trunc_labels = 38,
  trans = "asinh",
  bin,
  viewport = "ideas",
  backend = "lattice",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.

graph a graph from 'obj' or a list that can be coerced by buildGraph.

draw whether to draw plot or not. Default is FALSE.

stats_print whether to print stats or not. Default is given by 'draw' argument.

color_mode whether to extract colors from 'obj' in white or black mode. Default is "white".
```

plotGraph 73

add_key whether to draw a "global" key under title or in the first "panel" or "both". De-

fault is "panel".

Accepted values are either: FALSE, "panel", "global", "both" or c("panel",

"global").

Note that it only applies when display is seen as overlaying populations.

precision when graphs is a 2D scatter with population overlay, this argument controls

amount of information displayed. Default is "light".

-"light", the default, will only display points of same coordinates that are among

the other layers.

-"full" will display all the layers.

trunc_labels maximum number of characters to display for labels. Default is 38.

trans the name of a transformation function for density graphs. If missing the default,

the BasePop[[1]]\$densitytrans, if any, will be retrieved, otherwise "asinh" will

be used.

bin number of bin used for histogram / density. Default is missing.

viewport either "ideas", "data" or "max" defining limits used for the graph. Default is

"ideas".

-"ideas" will use same limits as the one defined in ideas.

-"data" will use data to define limits.

-"max" will use data and regions drawn to define limits.

backend backend used for drawing. Allowed are "lattice", "base", "raster", "raster-edge",

"raster-hybrid". Default is "lattice".

-"lattice" is the original one used in **IFC** using **lattice**,

-"base" will produce the plot using base,

-"raster" uses "base" for plotting but 2D graphs points will be produced as

rasterImage.

This has the main advantage of being super fast allowing for plotting a huge amount of points while generating smaller objects (in bytes). However, plot quality is impacted with "raster" method and resizing can lead to unpleasant looking. -"raster-edge" is the same as "raster" except that points outside of lim-

its will be drawn onto the edge.

-"raster-hybrid" uses "raster" for drawing on top of a first "raster-edge" pass to

produce an hybrid display.

... other arguments to be passed.

Value

it invisibly returns a list whose members are:

- -stats, a table of statistics computed for the graph, if 'stats_print' was TRUE,
- -input, a list with input parameters.

74 popsCompute

popsCompute

IFC_pops Computation

Description

Function used to compute 'IFC_pops' object It requires pops, regions and features.

Usage

```
popsCompute(
  pops,
  regions,
  features,
  pnt_in_poly_algorithm = 1,
  pnt_in_poly_epsilon = 1e-12,
  display_progress = TRUE,
  title_progress = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
list of populations that will be coerced by buildPopulation.
pops
                   an object of class 'IFC_regions', list of regions.
regions
features
                   an object of class 'IFC_features', data.frame of features.
pnt_in_poly_algorithm
                  algorithm used to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. Default
                   Note that for the moment only 1(Trigonometry) is available.
pnt_in_poly_epsilon
                   epsilon to determine if object belongs to a polygon region or not. It only applies
                   when algorithm is 1. Default is 1e-12.
display_progress
                   whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.
title_progress character string, giving the title of the progress bar. Default is "".
                  other arguments to be passed.
. . .
```

Value

```
an object of class 'IFC_pops'.
```

Source

```
For pnt_in_poly_algorithm, Trigonometry, is an adaptation of Jeremy VanDerWal's code <a href="https://github.com/jjvanderwal/SDMTools">https://github.com/jjvanderwal/SDMTools</a>
```

popsCopy 75

popsCopy

Copy Populations from One File to Another File

Description

Copies populations from a DAF file into a copy of another DAF file. Only creates new file with copied population.

Usage

```
popsCopy(
   from,
   into,
   write_to,
   pops,
   use_regex = FALSE,
   overwrite = FALSE,
   append_name = TRUE,
   offset = 0,
   endianness = .Platform$endian,
   verbose = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

from path to file to copy populations from.

into path to file that will be used as a template to copy population into. Caution, it is

mandatory that 'into' contains 'from' starting at 'offset'.

write_to pattern used to export file. Placeholders, like "%d/%s_fromR.%e", will be sub-

stituted:

-%d: with full path directory of 'into'-%p: with first parent directory of 'into'

-%e: with extension of 'into' (without leading .)

-%s: with shortname from 'into' (i.e. basename without extension).

Exported file extension will be deduced from this pattern. Note that it has to be

a .daf.

pops regular expression or vector of desired populations present in 'from'.

If missing, the default, all populations found will be copied.

If given but not found, a warning will be sent.

use_regex whether to use regex to pick up population into 'from'. Default is FALSE.

overwrite whether to overwrite existing file or not. Default is FALSE. Note that if TRUE,

it will overwrite exported file if path of 'into' and deduced from 'write_to' arguments are different. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting

source file is not allowed.

76 popsGetObjectsIds

Note also that an original file, i.e. generated by IDEAS(R) or INSPIRE(R), will never be overwritten. Otherwise, you will get an error saying that overwriting

original file is not allowed.

append_name whether to append_name basename(from) to exported populations. Default is

TRUE.

offset Object number of 1st object of 'from' in 'into'. Default is 0.

endianness The endian-ness ("big" or "little") of the target system for the file. Default is

.Platform\$endian.

Endianness describes the bytes order of data stored within the files. This param-

eter may not be modified.

verbose whether to display information (use for debugging purpose). Default is FALSE.

... Other arguments to be passed.

Details

Populations are exported as tagged populations.

Value

a new file is created containing exported populations. It invisibly returns full path of exported file.

popsGetObjectsIds

IFC_pops Object Numbers

Description

Retrieves objects ids belonging to a population.

Usage

```
popsGetObjectsIds(obj, pop = "")
```

Arguments

obj an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.

pop a population name from 'obj'. Default is "". If left as is or not found an error is

thrown displaying all available population in 'obj'.

Value

An integer vector is returned

popsNetwork 77

Examples

popsNetwork

IFC_pops Network Display

Description

Builds and displays populations network.

Usage

```
popsNetwork(
  obj,
  hierarchical = TRUE,
  color_mode = "white",
  highlight = NULL,
  seed = NULL,
  direction = "LR",
  weighted = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

obj	an 'IFC_data' object extracted with features extracted.
hierarchical	whether to display network using a hierarchical layout or not. Default is TRUE.
color_mode	Whether to extract colors from 'obj' in "white" or "black" mode. Default is "white".
highlight	population to permanently highlight. If found in 'obj', this population will be displayed with its color. Default is NULL.
seed	If you provide a seed manually, the layout will be the same every time. Default is NULL.
direction	The direction of the hierarchical layout. Default is 'LR'. The available options are: 'UD', 'DU', 'LR', 'RL'. To simplify: up-down, down-up, left-right, right-left.
weighted	whether to scale population's node size according to count. Default is TRUE.
	other argument to be passed.

78 popsRename

Value

a visNetwork object.

Examples

popsRename

Populations Renaming

Description

Renames populations in an 'IFC_data' object

Usage

```
popsRename(
  obj,
  old_names = character(),
  new_names = character(),
  loops = 10L,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
obj an 'IFC_data'.

old_names character vector of name(s) of population(s) to rename inside 'obj'. Default is character().

new_names character vector of desired new population(s) name(s). Default is character().

loops a positive integer specifying the maximum number of recursive loops before raising an error. Default is 10L.

verbose whether to show a final message about the renaming. Default is TRUE.

other arguments to be passed.
```

Value

```
an object of class 'IFC_data'.
```

readFCS 79

readFCS

FCS File Parser

Description

Parse data from Flow Cytometry Standard (FCS) compliant files.

Usage

```
readFCS(
   fileName,
   options = list(header = list(start = list(at = 0, n = 6), space = list(at = 6, n =
      4), text_beg = list(at = 10, n = 8), text_end = list(at = 18, n = 8), data_beg =
      list(at = 26, n = 8), data_end = list(at = 34, n = 8)), apply_scale = TRUE, dataset =
      1, force_header = FALSE, text_only = FALSE, text_check = FALSE, text_empty = FALSE,
      text_trim = "none"),
      display_progress = TRUE,
      ...
)
```

Arguments

fileName

path to file.

options

list of options used to parse FCS file. It should contain (otherwise, it will be filled with the default values listed below):

- header, a list whose members define the "at" offset from header\$start\$at and the "n" number of bytes to extract:
- start: where to start reading current FCS dataset. Default is list(at = 0, n = 6),
- space: where to retrieve space. Default is list(at = 6, n = 4),
- text_beg: where to retrieve file text segment beginning. Default is list(at = 10, n = 8),
- text_end: where to retrieve file text segment end. Default is list(at = 18, n = 8),
- data_beg: where to retrieve file data segment beginning. Default is list(at = 26, n = 8),
- data_end: where to retrieve file data segment end. Default is list(at = 34, n = 8),
- apply_scale, whether to apply data scaling. It only applies when fcs file is stored as DATATYPE "I". Default is TRUE.
- dataset, (coerced to) an ordered vector of unique indices of desired dataset(s) to extract. Default is 1 to extract only the first dataset, whereas NULL allows to extract all available datasets.
- force_header, whether to force the use of header to determine the position of data segment. Default is FALSE, for using positions found in "\$BEGINDATA" and "\$ENDDATA" keywords.
- text_only, whether to only extract text segment. Default is FALSE.

80 readIFC

- text_check, whether to check text segment is compliant with FCS specifications. Default is FALSE.
- text_empty, whether to allow empty values when parsing text segment. Default is FALSE.
- text_trim, remove whitespace in keywords names. Default is "none". Allowed are "both", "left", "right" and "none".

display_progress

whether to display a progress bar. Default is TRUE.

... other arguments to be passed.

Details

'options' may be tweaked according to file type, instrument and software used to generate it. Default 'options' should allow to read most files.

'options' members with the exception of 'header' may be passed thanks to '...'.

Value

- a list whose elements are lists for each dataset stored within the file. each sub-list contains:
- header, list of header information corresponding to 'options'
- delimiter, unique character used to separate keyword-value pairs
- text, list of keywords values,
- data, data.frame of values.

Source

Data File Standard for Flow Cytometry, version FCS 3.1 from Spidlen J. et al. available at doi: 10.1002/cyto.a.20825.

readIFC

IFC Files Generic Reader

Description

Reads IFC data from IFC files no matter if they are FCS, DAF, RIF or CIF.

Usage

```
readIFC(fileName, ...)
```

Arguments

fileName path to file.

... arguments to pass to ExtractFromDAF or ExtractFromXIF or ExtractFromFCS.

smoothLinLog 81

Details

```
If input 'fileName' is a DAF file ExtractFromDAF will be used to read the file. If it is a CIF or RIF file readIFC will use ExtractFromXIF. Finally, if 'fileName' is not a DAF, nor a CIF, nor a RIF file readIFC will use ExtractFromFCS.
```

Value

```
an object of class 'IFC_data'.
```

Examples

smoothLinLog

Smooth LinLog Transformation

Description

Transforms values in lin-log

Usage

```
smoothLinLog(x, hyper = 1000, base = 10, lin\_comp = log(base))
```

Arguments

x A numeric vector.

hyper value where transition between Lin/Log is applied.

base base of Log scale.

lin_comp value that is used to smooth transition between Lin/Log. Default is log(base).

Value

the smoothLinLog transformation of the input.

82 subsetOffsets

subsetOffsets

IFC_offset Subsetting

Description

```
Subsets 'IFC_offset'
```

Usage

```
subsetOffsets(offsets, objects, image_type = c("img", "msk"))
```

Arguments

offsets object of class 'IFC_offset' to subset.

objects integer vector, IDEAS objects ids numbers to extract.

image_type image_type of desired offsets. Default is c("img", "msk"). Allowed are "img"

and/or "msk".

Value

a class 'IFC_offset' integer vector or empty integer() if objects are outside of offsets.

Examples

writeIFC 83

writeIFC

IFC Files Generic Writer

Description

Writes IFC data to DAF and subsets or merges RIF/CIF Files.

Usage

```
writeIFC(fileName, ...)
```

Arguments

```
fileName path to file.
... arguments to pass to ExportToDAF, ExportToXIF, ExportToFCS, or data_to_DAF.
```

Details

If an 'IFC_data' object is provided as 'fileName' or in '...' ExportToFCS or data_to_DAF will be used to export object. Otherwise, if 'fileName' is a DAF file ExportToDAF will be used to write file whereas if it is RIF or CIF file(s) writeIFC will use ExportToXIF.

Value

it invisible returns the path of exported file.

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("IFCdata", quietly = TRUE)) {
 tmp <- tempdir(check = TRUE)</pre>
 ## use a daf file
 file_daf <- system.file("extdata", "example.daf", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 ## create a tagged population named test with 1st object
 pop <- buildPopulation(name = "test", type = "T", obj = 0)</pre>
 writeIFC(file_daf, write_to = paste0(tmp, "\\test_write.daf"),
           overwrite = TRUE, pops = list(pop))
 ## use a rif file, but you can also use a cif
 file_rif <- system.file("extdata", "example.rif", package = "IFCdata")</pre>
 writeIFC(fileName = file_rif, write_to = paste0(tmp, "\\test_write.rif"),
           overwrite = TRUE, objects = 0)
 message(sprintf('Please run `install.packages("IFCdata", repos = "%s", type = "source")` %s',
                   'https://gitdemont.github.io/IFCdata/',
                   'to install extra files required to run this example.'))
}
```

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