Package 'mlr3cluster'

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Title Cluster Extension for 'mlr3' **Version** 0.1.10 **Description** Extends the 'mlr3' package with cluster analysis. License LGPL-3 URL https://mlr3cluster.mlr-org.com, https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3cluster BugReports https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3cluster/issues **Depends** mlr3 (>= 0.21.0), R (>= 3.1.0) **Imports** backports (>= 1.1.10), checkmate, clue, cluster, data.table, fpc, mlr3misc (>= 0.14.0), paradox (>= 1.0.0), R6, stats Suggests apcluster, ClusterR (>= 1.3.1), dbscan, e1071, kernlab, LPCM, mclust, mlbench, RWeka, stream, testthat (>= 3.0.0) Config/testthat/edition 3 **Encoding UTF-8** RoxygenNote 7.3.2 Collate 'LearnerClust.R' 'zzz.R' 'LearnerClustAffinityPropagation.R' 'LearnerClustAgnes.R' 'LearnerClustBICO.R' 'LearnerClustBIRCH.R' 'LearnerClustCMeans.R' 'LearnerClustCobweb.R' 'LearnerClustDBSCAN.R' 'LearnerClustDBSCANfpc.R' 'LearnerClustDiana.R' 'LearnerClustEM.R' 'LearnerClustFanny.R' 'LearnerClustFarthestFirst.R' 'LearnerClustFeatureless.R' 'LearnerClustHDBSCAN.R' 'LearnerClustHclust.R' 'LearnerClustKKMeans.R' 'LearnerClustKMeans.R' 'LearnerClustMclust.R' 'LearnerClustMeanShift.R' 'LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans.R' 'LearnerClustOPTICS.R' 'LearnerClustPAM.R' 'LearnerClustSimpleKMeans.R' 'LearnerClustXMeans.R' 'MeasureClust.R' 'measures.R' 'MeasureClustInternal.R' 'PredictionClust.R' 'PredictionDataClust.R' 'TaskClust.R' 'TaskClust_ruspini.R' 'TaskClust_usarrest.R' 'as_prediction_clust.R' 'as_task_clust.R' 'bibentries.R' 'helper.R'

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NeedsCompilation no

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```
mlr3cluster-package mlr3cluster: Cluster Extension for 'mlr3'
```

Description

Extends the 'mlr3' package with cluster analysis.

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See Also

Useful links:

- https://mlr3cluster.mlr-org.com
- https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3cluster
- Report bugs at https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3cluster/issues

Description

Convert object to a PredictionClust.

Usage

```
as_prediction_clust(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'PredictionClust'
as_prediction_clust(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as_prediction_clust(x, ...)
```

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Arguments

```
x (any)
Object to convert.
... (any)
Additional arguments.
```

Value

PredictionClust.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("e1071")) {
 # create a prediction object
 task = tsk("usarrests")
 learner = lrn("clust.kmeans")
 learner = lrn("clust.cmeans", predict_type = "prob")
 learner$train(task)
 p = learner$predict(task)
 # convert to a data.table
 tab = as.data.table(p)
 # convert back to a Prediction
 as_prediction_clust(tab)
 # split data.table into a 3 data.tables based on UrbanPop
 f = cut(task$data(rows = tab$row_ids)$UrbanPop, 3)
 tabs = split(tab, f)
 # convert back to list of predictions
 preds = lapply(tabs, as_prediction_clust)
 # calculate performance in each group
 sapply(preds, function(p) pscore(task = task))
}
```

as_task_clust

Convert to a Cluster Task

Description

Convert object to a TaskClust. This is a S3 generic, specialized for at least the following objects:

- 1. TaskClust: ensure the identity.
- 2. data.frame() and mlr3::DataBackend: provides an alternative to calling constructor of TaskClust.

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Usage

```
as_task_clust(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'TaskClust'
as_task_clust(x, clone = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as_task_clust(x, id = deparse1(substitute(x)), ...)
## S3 method for class 'DataBackend'
as_task_clust(x, id = deparse1(substitute(x)), ...)
## S3 method for class 'formula'
as_task_clust(x, data, id = deparse1(substitute(data)), ...)
```

Arguments

X	(any) Object to convert.
• • •	(any) Additional arguments.
clone	(logical(1)) If TRUE, ensures that the returned object is not the same as the input x.
id	(character(1)) Id for the new task. Defaults to the (departed and substituted) name of the data argument.
data	(data.frame()) Data frame containing all columns specified in formula x.

Value

TaskClust.

Examples

```
as_task_clust(datasets::USArrests)
```

LearnerClust

Cluster Learner

Description

This Learner specializes mlr3::Learner for cluster problems:

- task_type is set to "clust".
- Creates mlr3::Predictions of class PredictionClust.

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- Possible values for predict_types are:
 - "partition": Integer indicating the cluster membership.
 - "prob": Probability for belonging to each cluster.

Predefined learners can be found in the mlr3misc::Dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners.

Super class

```
mlr3::Learner -> LearnerClust
```

Public fields

```
assignments (NULL | vector())
Cluster assignments from learned model.
save_assignments (logical())
Should assignments for 'train' data be saved in the learner? Default is TRUE.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClust\$new()
- LearnerClust\$reset()
- LearnerClust\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
LearnerClust$new(
  id,
  param_set = ps(),
  predict_types = "partition",
  feature_types = character(),
  properties = character(),
  packages = character(),
  label = NA_character_,
  man = NA_character_
)
Arguments:
id (character(1))
   Identifier for the new instance.
param_set (paradox::ParamSet)
   Set of hyperparameters.
predict_types (character())
   Supported predict types. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections$learner_predict_types.
feature_types (character())
   Feature types the learner operates on. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections$task_feature_types.
```

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```
properties (character())
     Set of properties of the mlr3::Learner. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections$learner_properties.
     The following properties are currently standardized and understood by learners in mlr3:
      • "missings": The learner can handle missing values in the data.
      • "weights": The learner supports observation weights.
      • "importance": The learner supports extraction of importance scores, i.e. comes with an
        $importance() extractor function (see section on optional extractors in mlr3::Learner).
      • "selected_features": The learner supports extraction of the set of selected features,
        i.e. comes with a $selected_features() extractor function (see section on optional
        extractors in mlr3::Learner).
      • "oob_error": The learner supports extraction of estimated out of bag error, i.e. comes
        with a oob_error() extractor function (see section on optional extractors in mlr3::Learner).
 packages (character())
     Set of required packages. A warning is signaled by the constructor if at least one of the pack-
     ages is not installed, but loaded (not attached) later on-demand via requireNamespace().
 label (character(1))
     Label for the new instance.
 man (character(1))
     String in the format [pkg]::[topic] pointing to a manual page for this object. The refer-
     enced help package can be opened via method $help().
Method reset(): Reset assignments field before calling parent's reset().
 Usage:
 LearnerClust$reset()
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
```

**

```
Usage:
LearnerClust$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
ids = mlr_learners$keys("^clust")
ids

# get a specific learner from mlr_learners:
learner = lrn("clust.kmeans")
print(learner)
```

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MeasureClust

Cluster Measure

Description

This measure specializes mlr3::Measure for cluster analysis:

- task_type is set to "clust".
- Possible values for predict_type are "partition" and "prob".

Predefined measures can be found in the mlr3misc::Dictionary mlr3::mlr_measures.

Super class

```
mlr3::Measure -> MeasureClust
```

Methods

Public methods:

• MeasureClust\$new()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
MeasureClust$new(
  id,
  range,
  minimize = NA,
  aggregator = NULL,
  properties = character(),
  predict_type = "partition";
  task_properties = character(),
  packages = character(),
  label = NA_character_,
  man = NA_character_
)
Arguments:
id (character(1))
   Identifier for the new instance.
range (numeric(2))
   Feasible range for this measure as c(lower_bound, upper_bound). Both bounds may be
   infinite.
minimize (logical(1))
```

Set to TRUE if good predictions correspond to small values, and to FALSE if good predictions correspond to large values. If set to NA (default), tuning this measure is not possible.

```
aggregator (function(x))
```

Function to aggregate individual performance scores x where x is a numeric vector. If NULL, defaults to mean().

```
properties (character())
```

Properties of the measure. Must be a subset of mlr_reflections\$measure_properties. Supported by mlr3:

- "requires_task" (requires the complete mlr3::Task),
- "requires_learner" (requires the trained mlr3::Learner),
- "requires_train_set" (requires the training indices from the mlr3::Resampling), and
- "na_score" (the measure is expected to occasionally return NA or NaN).

```
predict_type (character(1))
```

Required predict type of the mlr3::Learner. Possible values are stored in mlr_reflections\$learner_predict_types.

```
task_properties (character())
```

Required task properties, see mlr3::Task.

```
packages (character())
```

Set of required packages. A warning is signaled by the constructor if at least one of the packages is not installed, but loaded (not attached) later on-demand via requireNamespace().

```
label (character(1))
```

Label for the new instance.

```
man (character(1))
```

String in the format [pkg]::[topic] pointing to a manual page for this object. The referenced help package can be opened via method \$help().

See Also

Example cluster measures: clust.dunn

```
mlr_learners_clust.agnes
```

Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for agglomerative hierarchical clustering implemented in cluster::agnes(). The predict method uses stats::cutree() which cuts the tree resulting from hierarchical clustering into specified number of groups (see parameter k). The default number for k is 2.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.agnes")
lrn("clust.agnes")
```

Meta Information

• Task type: "clust"

• Predict Types: "partition"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, cluster

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
metric	character	euclidean	euclidean, manhattan	-
stand	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
method	character	average	average, single, complete, ward, weighted, flexible, gaverage	-
trace.lev	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$
k	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$
par.method	untyped	_		-

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustAgnes
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustAgnes\$new()
- LearnerClustAgnes\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustAgnes\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustAgnes\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Kaufman, Leonard, Rousseeuw, J P (2009). Finding groups in data: an introduction to cluster analysis. John Wiley & Sons.

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See Also

 Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners

- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobwelmlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff; mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("cluster")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.agnes")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.ap Affinity Propagation Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for Affinity Propagation clustering implemented in apcluster::apcluster(). apcluster::apcluster() doesn't have set a default for similarity function. The predict method computes the closest cluster exemplar to find the cluster memberships for new data. The code is taken from StackOverflow answer by the apcluster package maintainer.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.ap")
lrn("clust.ap")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, apcluster

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
S	untyped	-		-
p	untyped	NA		-
q	numeric	-		[0, 1]
maxits	integer	1000		$[1,\infty)$
convits	integer	100		$[1,\infty)$
lam	numeric	0.9		[0.5, 1]
includeSim	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
details	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
nonoise	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
seed	integer	-		$(-\infty, \infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustAP
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustAP\$new()
- LearnerClustAP\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustAP\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

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```
Usage:
LearnerClustAP$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

References

Bodenhofer, Ulrich, Kothmeier, Andreas, Hochreiter, Sepp (2011). "APCluster: an R package for affinity propagation clustering." *Bioinformatics*, **27**(17), 2463–2464.

Frey, J B, Dueck, Delbert (2007). "Clustering by passing messages between data points." *science*, **315**(5814), 972–976.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agners_mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobwels_mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("apcluster")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.ap")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.bico
```

BICO Clustering Learner

Description

BICO (Fast computation of k-means coresets in a data stream) clustering. Calls $stream: DSC_BICO()$ from stream.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.bico")
lrn("clust.bico")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, stream

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Range
k	integer	5	$[1,\infty)$
space	integer	10	$[1,\infty)$
p	integer	10	$[1,\infty)$
iterations	integer	10	$[1,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustBICO
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustBICO\$new()
- LearnerClustBICO\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
LearnerClustBICO$new()
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
LearnerClustBICO$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

References

Fichtenberger, Hendrik, Gille, Marc, Schmidt, Melanie, Schwiegelshohn, Chris, Sohler, Christian (2013). "BICO: BIRCH Meets Coresets for k-Means Clustering." In *Algorithms–ESA 2013: 21st Annual European Symposium, Sophia Antipolis, France, September 2-4, 2013. Proceedings 21*, 481–492. Springer.

Hahsler M, Bolaños M, Forrest J (2017). "Introduction to stream: An Extensible Framework for Data Stream Clustering Research with R." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **76**(14), 1–50. doi:10.18637/jss.v076.i14.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnemlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("stream")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.bico")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.birch

BIRCH Clustering Learner

Description

BIRCH (Balanced Iterative Reducing Clustering using Hierarchies) clustering. Calls stream::DSC_BIRCH() from stream.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.birch")
lrn("clust.birch")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, stream

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Range
threshold	numeric	-	$[0,\infty)$
branching	integer	-	$[1,\infty)$
maxLeaf	integer	-	$[1,\infty)$
maxMem	integer	0	$[0,\infty)$
outlierThreshold	numeric	0.25	$(-\infty, \infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner-> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustBIRCH
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustBIRCH\$new()
- LearnerClustBIRCH\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustBIRCH\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustBIRCH\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Zhang, Tian, Ramakrishnan, Raghu, Livny, Miron (1996). "BIRCH: An Efficient Data Clustering Method for Very Large Databases." *ACM sigmod record*, **25**(2), 103–114.

Zhang, Tian, Ramakrishnan, Raghu, Livny, Miron (1997). "BIRCH: A new data clustering algorithm and its applications." *Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery*, **1**, 141–182.

Hahsler M, Bolaños M, Forrest J (2017). "Introduction to stream: An Extensible Framework for Data Stream Clustering Research with R." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **76**(14), 1–50. doi:10.18637/jss.v076.i14.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.

 mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agners_mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff; mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("stream")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.birch")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.cmeans
```

Fuzzy C-Means Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for fuzzy clustering implemented in e1071::cmeans(). e1071::cmeans() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the centers parameter here is set to 2 by default. The predict method uses clue::cl_predict() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.cmeans")
lrn("clust.cmeans")
```

Meta Information

- · Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition", "prob"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, e1071

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
centers	untyped	-		-
iter.max	integer	100		$[1,\infty)$
verbose	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
dist	character	euclidean	euclidean, manhattan	-
method	character	cmeans	cmeans, ufcl	-
m	numeric	2		$[1,\infty)$
rate.par	numeric	-		[0, 1]
weights	untyped	1L		-
control	untyped	_		-

Super classes

mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustCMeans

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustCMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustCMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustCMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustCMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Dimitriadou, Evgenia, Hornik, Kurt, Leisch, Friedrich, Meyer, David, Weingessel, Andreas (2008). "Misc functions of the Department of Statistics (e1071), TU Wien." *R package*, **1**, 5–24.

Bezdek, C J (2013). *Pattern recognition with fuzzy objective function algorithms*. Springer Science & Business Media.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agne mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("e1071")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.cmeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.cobweb

Cobweb Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for Cobweb clustering implemented in RWeka::Cobweb(). The predict method uses RWeka::predict.Weka_clusterer() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.cobweb")
lrn("clust.cobweb")
```

Meta Information

```
• Task type: "clust"
```

• Predict Types: "partition"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, RWeka

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Range
A	numeric	1	$[0,\infty)$
C	numeric	0.002	$[0,\infty)$
S	integer	42	$[1,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustCobweb
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustCobweb\$new()
- LearnerClustCobweb\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustCobweb\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustCobweb\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Witten, H I, Frank, Eibe (2002). "Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementations." *Acm Sigmod Record*, **31**(1), 76–77.

Fisher, H D (1987). "Knowledge acquisition via incremental conceptual clustering." *Machine learning*, **2**, 139–172.

Gennari, H J, Langley, Pat, Fisher, Doug (1989). "Models of incremental concept formation." *Artificial intelligence*, **40**(1-3), 11–61.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agned mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RWeka")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.cobweb")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.dbscan
```

Density-based Spatial Clustering of Applications with Noise (DB-SCAN) Clustering Learner

Description

DBSCAN (Density-based spatial clustering of applications with noise) clustering. Calls dbscan::dbscan() from dbscan.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.dbscan")
lrn("clust.dbscan")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, dbscan

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
eps	numeric	-		$[0,\infty)$
minPts	integer	5		$[0,\infty)$
borderPoints	logical	TRUE	TRUE, FALSE	-
weights	untyped	-		-
search	character	kdtree	kdtree, linear, dist	-
bucketSize	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
splitRule	character	SUGGEST	STD, MIDPT, FAIR, SL_MIDPT, SL_FAIR, SUGGEST	-
approx	numeric	0		$(-\infty,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustDBSCAN
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustDBSCAN\$new()
- LearnerClustDBSCAN\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustDBSCAN\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage.

LearnerClustDBSCAN\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Hahsler M, Piekenbrock M, Doran D (2019). "dbscan: Fast Density-Based Clustering with R." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **91**(1), 1–30. doi:10.18637/jss.v091.i01.

Ester, Martin, Kriegel, Hans-Peter, Sander, Jörg, Xu, Xiaowei, others (1996). "A density-based algorithm for discovering clusters in large spatial databases with noise." In *kdd*, volume 96 number 34, 226–231.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agners_mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff; mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("dbscan")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.dbscan")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc
```

Density-based Spatial Clustering of Applications with Noise (DB-SCAN) Clustering Learner

Description

DBSCAN (Density-based spatial clustering of applications with noise) clustering. Calls fpc::dbscan() from **fpc**.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.dbscan_fpc")
lrn("clust.dbscan_fpc")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, fpc

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
eps	numeric	-		$[0,\infty)$
MinPts	integer	5		$[0,\infty)$
scale	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
method	character	-	hybrid, raw, dist	-
seeds	logical	TRUE	TRUE, FALSE	-
showplot	untyped	FALSE		-
countmode	untyped	NULL		-

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustDBSCANfpc
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustDBSCANfpc\$new()
- LearnerClustDBSCANfpc\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustDBSCANfpc\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustDBSCANfpc\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Ester, Martin, Kriegel, Hans-Peter, Sander, Jörg, Xu, Xiaowei, others (1996). "A density-based algorithm for discovering clusters in large spatial databases with noise." In *kdd*, volume 96 number 34, 226–231.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hc.mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("fpc")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.dbscan_fpc")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.diana

Divisive Hierarchical Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for divisive hierarchical clustering implemented in cluster::diana(). The predict method uses stats::cutree() which cuts the tree resulting from hierarchical clustering into specified number of groups (see parameter k). The default value for k is 2.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.diana")
lrn("clust.diana")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, cluster

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
metric	character	euclidean	euclidean, manhattan	-
stand	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
trace.lev	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$
k	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustDiana
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustDiana\$new()
- LearnerClustDiana\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustDiana\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustDiana\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Kaufman, Leonard, Rousseeuw, J P (2009). Finding groups in data: an introduction to cluster analysis. John Wiley & Sons.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agne
mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans,
mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc,
mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff,
mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans,
mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift,
mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

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Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("cluster")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.diana")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

Description

A LearnerClust for Expectation-Maximization clustering implemented in RWeka::list_Weka_interfaces(). The predict method uses RWeka::predict.Weka_clusterer() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.em")
lrn("clust.em")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, RWeka

Parameters

Range
$[1,\infty)$
$[1e-06,\infty)$
$[1e-06,\infty)$
$[1e-06,\infty)$
$[-1,\infty)$
$[-1,\infty)$
$[1,\infty)$
$[0,\infty)$
$[1,\infty)$

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```
K integer 10 [1,\infty)
V logical FALSE TRUE, FALSE - output_debug_info logical FALSE TRUE, FALSE -
```

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustEM
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustEM\$new()
- LearnerClustEM\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustEM\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustEM\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Witten, H I, Frank, Eibe (2002). "Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementations." *Acm Sigmod Record*, **31**(1), 76–77.

Dempster, P A, Laird, M N, Rubin, B D (1977). "Maximum likelihood from incomplete data via the EM algorithm." *Journal of the royal statistical society: series B (methodological)*, **39**(1), 1–22.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.

- mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnemlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeanmlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RWeka")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.em")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.fanny
```

Fuzzy Analysis Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for fuzzy clustering implemented in cluster::fanny(). cluster::fanny() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the k parameter which corresponds to the number of clusters here is set to 2 by default. The predict method copies cluster assignments and memberships generated for train data. The predict does not work for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.fanny")
lrn("clust.fanny")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition", "prob"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, cluster

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
k	integer	-		$[1,\infty)$
memb.exp	numeric	2		$[1,\infty)$
metric	character	euclidean	euclidean, manhattan, SqEuclidean	-
stand	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
maxit	integer	500		$[0,\infty)$
tol	numeric	1e-15		$[0,\infty)$
trace.lev	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustFanny
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustFanny\$new()
- LearnerClustFanny\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustFanny\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustFanny\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Kaufman, Leonard, Rousseeuw, J P (2009). Finding groups in data: an introduction to cluster analysis. John Wiley & Sons.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).

- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agne mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("cluster")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.fanny")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.featureless
```

Featureless Clustering Learner

Description

A simple LearnerClust which randomly (but evenly) assigns observations to num_clusters partitions (default: 1 partition).

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.featureless")
lrn("clust.featureless")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition", "prob"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster

Parameters

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustFeatureless
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustFeatureless\$new()
- LearnerClustFeatureless\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustFeatureless\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustFeatureless\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agne mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans,

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```
mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc,
mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.ff,
mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans,
mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift,
mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("mlr3")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.featureless")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.ff Farthest First Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for Farthest First clustering implemented in RWeka::FarthestFirst(). The predict method uses RWeka::predict.Weka_clusterer() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.ff")
lrn("clust.ff")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, RWeka

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
N	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$
S	integer	1		$[1,\infty)$
output_debug_info	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-

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Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustFF
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustFarthestFirst\$new()
- LearnerClustFarthestFirst\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustFarthestFirst\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustFarthestFirst\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Witten, H I, Frank, Eibe (2002). "Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementations." *Acm Sigmod Record*, **31**(1), 76–77.

Hochbaum, S D, Shmoys, B D (1985). "A best possible heuristic for the k-center problem." *Mathematics of operations research*, **10**(2), 180–184.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.

 mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agner mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RWeka")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.ff")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.hclust
```

Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for agglomerative hierarchical clustering implemented in stats::hclust(). Difference Calculation is done by stats::dist()

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.hclust")
lrn("clust.hclust")
```

Meta Information

- · Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, 'stats'

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
method	character	complete	ward.D, ward.D2, single, complete, average, mcquitty, median, centroid	-
members	untyped	NULL		-
distmethod	character	euclidean	euclidean, maximum, manhattan, canberra, binary, minkowski	-
diag	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
upper	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
p	numeric	2		$(-\infty, \infty)$
k	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustHclust
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustHclust\$new()
- LearnerClustHclust\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustHclust\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustHclust\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Becker, A R, Chambers, M J, Wilks, R A (1988). The New S Language. Wadsworth & Brooks/Cole.

Everitt, S B (1974). Cluster Analysis. Heinemann Educational Books.

Hartigan, A J (1975). Clustering Algorithms. John Wiley & Sons.

Sneath, HA P, Sokal, R R (1973). Numerical Taxonomy. Freeman.

Anderberg, R M (1973). Cluster Analysis for Applications. Academic Press.

Gordon, David A (1999). Classification, 2 edition. Chapman and Hall / CRC.

Murtagh, Fionn (1985). "Multidimensional Clustering Algorithms." In *COMPSTAT Lectures 4*. Physica-Verlag.

McQuitty, L L (1966). "Similarity Analysis by Reciprocal Pairs for Discrete and Continuous Data." *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, **26**(4), 825–831. doi:10.1177/001316446602600402.

Legendre, Pierre, Legendre, Louis (2012). Numerical Ecology, 3 edition. Elsevier Science BV.

Murtagh, Fionn, Legendre, Pierre (2014). "Ward's Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering Method: Which Algorithms Implement Ward's Criterion?" *Journal of Classification*, **31**, 274–295. doi:10.1007/s003570149161z.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnewilr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("stats")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.hclust")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan

Hierarchical DBSCAN (HDBSCAN) Clustering Learner

Description

HDBSCAN (Hierarchical DBSCAN) clustering. Calls dbscan::hdbscan() from dbscan.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.hdbscan")
lrn("clust.hdbscan")
```

Meta Information

• Task type: "clust"

• Predict Types: "partition"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, dbscan

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
minPts	integer	-		$[0,\infty)$
gen_hdbscan_tree	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
gen_simplified_tree	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
verbose	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustHDBSCAN
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustHDBSCAN\$new()
- LearnerClustHDBSCAN\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustHDBSCAN\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage.

LearnerClustHDBSCAN\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Hahsler M, Piekenbrock M, Doran D (2019). "dbscan: Fast Density-Based Clustering with R." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **91**(1), 1–30. doi:10.18637/jss.v091.i01.

Campello, JGB R, Moulavi, Davoud, Sander, Jörg (2013). "Density-based clustering based on hierarchical density estimates." In *Pacific-Asia conference on knowledge discovery and data mining*, 160–172. Springer.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_ and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agned mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("dbscan")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.hdbscan")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans
```

Kernel K-Means Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for kernel k-means clustering implemented in kernlab::kkmeans(). kernlab::kkmeans() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the centers parameter here is set to 2 by default. Kernel parameters have to be passed directly and not by using the kpar list in kkmeans. The predict method finds the nearest center in kernel distance to assign clusters for new data points.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.kkmeans")
lrn("clust.kkmeans")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, kernlab

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
centers	untyped	-		-
kernel	character	rbfdot	vanilladot, polydot, rbfdot, tanhdot, laplacedot, besseldot, anovadot, splinedot	-
sigma	numeric	-		$[0,\infty)$
degree	integer	3		$[1,\infty)$
scale	numeric	1		$[0,\infty)$
offset	numeric	1		$(-\infty,\infty)$
order	integer	1		$(-\infty,\infty)$
alg	character	kkmeans	kkmeans, kerninghan	-
p	numeric	1		$(-\infty,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner-> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustKKMeans
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustKKMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustKKMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustKKMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustKKMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Karatzoglou, Alexandros, Smola, Alexandros, Hornik, Kurt, Zeileis, Achim (2004). "kernlab-an S4 package for kernel methods in R." *Journal of statistical software*, **11**, 1–20.

Dhillon, S I, Guan, Yuqiang, Kulis, Brian (2004). A unified view of kernel k-means, spectral clustering and graph cuts. Citeseer.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnemlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("kernlab")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.kkmeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.kmeans
```

K-Means Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for k-means clustering implemented in stats::kmeans(). stats::kmeans() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the centers parameter here is set to 2 by default. The predict method uses clue::cl_predict() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.kmeans")
lrn("clust.kmeans")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, 'stats', clue

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
centers	untyped	-		-
iter.max	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
algorithm	character	Hartigan-Wong	Hartigan-Wong, Lloyd, Forgy, MacQueen	-
nstart	integer	1		$[1,\infty)$
trace	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$

Super classes

mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustKMeans

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustKMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustKMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustKMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustKMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Forgy, W E (1965). "Cluster analysis of multivariate data: efficiency versus interpretability of classifications." *Biometrics*, **21**, 768–769.

Hartigan, A J, Wong, A M (1979). "Algorithm AS 136: A K-means clustering algorithm." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series C (Applied Statistics)*, **28**(1), 100–108. doi:10.2307/2346830.

Lloyd, PS (1982). "Least squares quantization in PCM." *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory*, **28**(2), 129–137.

MacQueen, James (1967). "Some methods for classification and analysis of multivariate observations." In *Proceedings of the Fifth Berkeley Symposium on Mathematical Statistics and Probability*, volume 1, 281–297.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.

 mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agne mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmean mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("stats") && requireNamespace("clue")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.kmeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans
```

Mini Batch K-Means Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for mini batch k-means clustering implemented in ClusterR::MiniBatchKmeans(). ClusterR::MiniBatchKmeans() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the clusters parameter here is set to 2 by default. The predict method uses ClusterR::predict_MBatchKMeans() to compute the cluster memberships for new data. The learner supports both partitional and fuzzy clustering.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.MBatchKMeans")
lrn("clust.MBatchKMeans")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition", "prob"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, ClusterR

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
clusters	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$
batch_size	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
num_init	integer	1		$[1,\infty)$
max_iters	integer	100		$[1,\infty)$
init_fraction	numeric	1		[0, 1]
initializer	character	kmeans++	optimal_init, quantile_init, kmeans++, random	-
early_stop_iter	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
verbose	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
CENTROIDS	untyped	NULL		-
tol	numeric	1e-04		$[0,\infty)$
tol_optimal_init	numeric	0.3		$[0,\infty)$
seed	integer	1		$(-\infty,\infty)$

Super classes

mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustMiniBatchKMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Sculley, David (2010). "Web-scale k-means clustering." In *Proceedings of the 19th international conference on World wide web*, 1177–1178.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnes, mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobwelmlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("ClusterR")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.MBatchKMeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.mclust

Gaussian Mixture Models-Based Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for model-based clustering implemented in mclust::Mclust(). The predict method uses mclust::predict.Mclust() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.mclust")
lrn("clust.mclust")
```

Meta Information

```
• Task type: "clust"
```

• Predict Types: "partition", "prob"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, mclust

Parameters

```
Id Type Default
G untyped 1:9
modelNames untyped -
prior untyped -
control untyped mclust::emControl()
initialization untyped -
x untyped -
```

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustMclust
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustMclust\$new()
- LearnerClustMclust\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustMclust\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustMclust\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Scrucca, Luca, Fop, Michael, Murphy, Brendan T, Raftery, E A (2016). "mclust 5: clustering, classification and density estimation using Gaussian finite mixture models." *The R journal*, **8**(1), 289.

Fraley, Chris, Raftery, E A (2002). "Model-based clustering, discriminant analysis, and density estimation." *Journal of the American statistical Association*, **97**(458), 611–631.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnewilr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeanmlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("mclust")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.mclust")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.meanshift

Mean Shift Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for Mean Shift clustering implemented in LPCM::ms(). There is no predict method for LPCM::ms(), so the method returns cluster labels for the 'training' data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.meanshift")
lrn("clust.meanshift")
```

Meta Information

```
• Task type: "clust"
```

• Predict Types: "partition"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, LPCM

Parameters

```
Id
         Type
                    Default Range
h
         untyped
         untyped
subset
         integer
scaled
                     1
                               [0,\infty)
         integer
                     200
                               [1,\infty)
iter
thr
         numeric 0.01
                               (-\infty, \infty)
```

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustMeanShift
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustMeanShift\$new()
- LearnerClustMeanShift\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustMeanShift\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustMeanShift\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Cheng, Yizong (1995). "Mean shift, mode seeking, and clustering." *IEEE transactions on pattern analysis and machine intelligence*, **17**(8), 790–799.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnewilr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pagemlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("LPCM")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.meanshift")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.optics
```

Ordering Points to Identify the Clustering Structure (OPTICS) Clustering Learner

Description

OPTICS (Ordering points to identify the clustering structure) point ordering clustering. Calls dbscan::optics() from dbscan.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.optics")
lrn("clust.optics")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, dbscan

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
eps	numeric	NULL		$[0,\infty)$
minPts	integer	5		$[0,\infty)$
search	character	kdtree	kdtree, linear, dist	-
bucketSize	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
splitRule	character	SUGGEST	STD, MIDPT, FAIR, SL_MIDPT, SL_FAIR, SUGGEST	-
approx	numeric	0		$(-\infty, \infty)$
eps_cl	numeric	-		$[0,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustOPTICS
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustOPTICS\$new()
- LearnerClustOPTICS\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustOPTICS\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustOPTICS\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Hahsler M, Piekenbrock M, Doran D (2019). "dbscan: Fast Density-Based Clustering with R." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **91**(1), 1–30. doi:10.18637/jss.v091.i01.

Ankerst, Mihael, Breunig, M M, Kriegel, Hans-Peter, Sander, Jörg (1999). "OPTICS: Ordering points to identify the clustering structure." *ACM Sigmod record*, **28**(2), 49–60.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learner: mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnemlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeanmlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("dbscan")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.optics")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

```
mlr_learners_clust.pam
```

Partitioning Around Medoids Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for PAM clustering implemented in cluster::pam(). cluster::pam() doesn't have a default value for the number of clusters. Therefore, the k parameter which corresponds to the number of clusters here is set to 2 by default. The predict method uses clue::cl_predict() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.pam")
lrn("clust.pam")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, cluster

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
k	integer	-		$[1,\infty)$
metric	character	-	euclidian, manhattan	-
medoids	untyped	NULL		-
stand	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
do.swap	logical	TRUE	TRUE, FALSE	-
pamonce	integer	0		[0, 5]
trace.lev	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner-> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustPAM
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustPAM\$new()
- LearnerClustPAM\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustPAM\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustPAM\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Reynolds, P A, Richards, Graeme, de la Iglesia, Beatriz, Rayward-Smith, J V (2006). "Clustering rules: a comparison of partitioning and hierarchical clustering algorithms." *Journal of Mathematical Modelling and Algorithms*, **5**, 475–504.

Schubert, Erich, Rousseeuw, J P (2019). "Faster k-medoids clustering: improving the PAM, CLARA, and CLARANS algorithms." In *Similarity Search and Applications: 12th International Conference, SISAP 2019, Newark, NJ, USA, October 2–4, 2019, Proceedings 12*, 171–187. Springer.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnemlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.bico, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmean mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("cluster")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.pam")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans

K-Means Clustering Learner from Weka

Description

A LearnerClust for Simple K Means clustering implemented in RWeka::SimpleKMeans(). The predict method uses RWeka::predict.Weka_clusterer() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.SimpleKMeans")
lrn("clust.SimpleKMeans")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Predict Types: "partition"
- Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"
- Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, RWeka

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
A	untyped	"weka.core.EuclideanDistance"		-
C	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
fast	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
I	integer	100		$[1,\infty)$
init	integer	0		[0, 3]
M	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
max_candidates	integer	100		$[1,\infty)$
min_density	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$

N	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$
num_slots	integer	1		$[1,\infty)$
O	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
periodic_pruning	integer	10000		$[1,\infty)$
S	integer	10		$[0,\infty)$
t2	numeric	-1		$(-\infty, \infty)$
t1	numeric	-1.5		$(-\infty, \infty)$
V	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
output_debug_info	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustSimpleKMeans
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustSimpleKMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustSimpleKMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustSimpleKMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustSimpleKMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

References

Witten, H I, Frank, Eibe (2002). "Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementations." *Acm Sigmod Record*, **31**(1), 76–77.

Forgy, W E (1965). "Cluster analysis of multivariate data: efficiency versus interpretability of classifications." *Biometrics*, **21**, 768–769.

Lloyd, P S (1982). "Least squares quantization in PCM." *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory*, **28**(2), 129–137.

MacQueen, James (1967). "Some methods for classification and analysis of multivariate observations." In *Proceedings of the Fifth Berkeley Symposium on Mathematical Statistics and Probability*, volume 1, 281–297.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnes, mlr_learners_clust.ap, mlr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobwelmlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featureless, mlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeans, mlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam, mlr_learners_clust.xmeans
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RWeka")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.SimpleKMeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

mlr_learners_clust.xmeans

X-means Clustering Learner

Description

A LearnerClust for X-means clustering implemented in RWeka::XMeans(). The predict method uses RWeka::predict.Weka_clusterer() to compute the cluster memberships for new data.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Learner can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_learners or with the associated sugar function mlr3::lrn():

```
mlr_learners$get("clust.xmeans")
lrn("clust.xmeans")
```

Meta Information

• Task type: "clust"

• Predict Types: "partition"

• Feature Types: "logical", "integer", "numeric"

• Required Packages: mlr3, mlr3cluster, RWeka

Parameters

Id	Type	Default	Levels	Range
В	numeric	1		$[0,\infty)$
C	numeric	0		$[0,\infty)$
D	untyped	"weka.core.EuclideanDistance"		-
Н	integer	4		$[1,\infty)$
I	integer	1		$[1,\infty)$
J	integer	1000		$[1,\infty)$
K	untyped	""		-
L	integer	2		$[1,\infty)$
M	integer	1000		$[1,\infty)$
S	integer	10		$[1,\infty)$
U	integer	0		$[0,\infty)$
use_kdtree	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-
N	untyped	-		-
O	untyped	-		-
Y	untyped	-		-
output_debug_info	logical	FALSE	TRUE, FALSE	-

Super classes

```
mlr3::Learner -> mlr3cluster::LearnerClust -> LearnerClustXMeans
```

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerClustXMeans\$new()
- LearnerClustXMeans\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

Usage:

LearnerClustXMeans\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

LearnerClustXMeans\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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References

Witten, H I, Frank, Eibe (2002). "Data mining: practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementations." *Acm Sigmod Record*, **31**(1), 76–77.

Pelleg, Dan, Moore, W A, others (2000). "X-means: Extending k-means with efficient estimation of the number of clusters." In *Icml*, volume 1, 727–734.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html#sec-learners
- Package mlr3extralearners for more learners.
- Dictionary of Learners: mlr3::mlr_learners
- as.data.table(mlr_learners) for a table of available Learners in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3pipelines to combine learners with pre- and postprocessing steps.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - mlr3proba for probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis.
 - mlr3cluster for unsupervised clustering.
- mlr3tuning for tuning of hyperparameters, mlr3tuningspaces for established default tuning spaces.

```
Other Learners mlr_learners_clust.MBatchKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.SimpleKMeans, mlr_learners_clust.agnewilr_learners_clust.birch, mlr_learners_clust.cmeans, mlr_learners_clust.cobweb, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan, mlr_learners_clust.dbscan_fpc, mlr_learners_clust.diana, mlr_learners_clust.em, mlr_learners_clust.fanny, mlr_learners_clust.featurelemlr_learners_clust.ff, mlr_learners_clust.hclust, mlr_learners_clust.hdbscan, mlr_learners_clust.kkmeanmlr_learners_clust.kmeans, mlr_learners_clust.mclust, mlr_learners_clust.meanshift, mlr_learners_clust.optics, mlr_learners_clust.pam
```

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RWeka")) {
  learner = mlr3::lrn("clust.xmeans")
  print(learner)

# available parameters:
  learner$param_set$ids()
}
```

Description

The score function calls fpc::cluster.stats() from package fpc. "ch" is used subset output of the function call.

Format

```
R6::R6Class() inheriting from MeasureClust.
```

Construction

This measures can be retrieved from the dictionary mlr3::mlr_measures:

```
mlr_measures$get("clust.ch")
msr("clust.ch")
```

Meta Information

• Range: $[0, \infty)$ • Minimize: FALSE

• Required predict type: partition

See Also

Dictionary of Measures: mlr3::mlr_measures

as.data.table(mlr_measures) for a complete table of all (also dynamically created) mlr3::Measure implementations.

Other cluster measures: mlr_measures_clust.dunn, mlr_measures_clust.silhouette, mlr_measures_clust.wss

```
mlr_measures_clust.dunn
```

Dunn Index

Description

The score function calls fpc::cluster.stats() from package fpc. "dunn" is used subset output of the function call.

Format

```
R6::R6Class() inheriting from MeasureClust.
```

Construction

This measures can be retrieved from the dictionary mlr3::mlr_measures:

```
mlr_measures$get("clust.dunn")
msr("clust.dunn")
```

Meta Information

Range: [0, ∞)Minimize: FALSE

• Required predict type: partition

See Also

Dictionary of Measures: mlr3::mlr_measures

as.data.table(mlr_measures) for a complete table of all (also dynamically created) mlr3::Measure implementations.

Other cluster measures: mlr_measures_clust.ch, mlr_measures_clust.silhouette, mlr_measures_clust.wss

```
mlr_measures_clust.silhouette
```

Rousseeuw's Silhouette Quality Index

Description

The score function calls cluster::silhouette() from package cluster. "sil_width" is used subset output of the function call.

Format

R6::R6Class() inheriting from MeasureClust.

Construction

This measures can be retrieved from the dictionary mlr3::mlr_measures:

```
mlr_measures$get("clust.silhouette")
msr("clust.silhouette")
```

Meta Information

Range: [0, ∞)
Minimize: FALSE

• Required predict type: partition

See Also

Dictionary of Measures: mlr3::mlr_measures

as.data.table(mlr_measures) for a complete table of all (also dynamically created) mlr3::Measure implementations.

 $Other cluster\ measures: \verb|mlr_measures_clust.ch|, \verb|mlr_measures_clust.dunn|, \verb|mlr_measures_clust.w| ssingle for the property of the prope$

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```
mlr_measures_clust.wss
Within Sum of Squares
```

Description

The score function calls fpc::cluster.stats() from package fpc. "within.cluster.ss" is used subset output of the function call.

Format

```
R6::R6Class() inheriting from MeasureClust.
```

Construction

This measures can be retrieved from the dictionary mlr3::mlr_measures:

```
mlr_measures$get("clust.wss")
msr("clust.wss")
```

Meta Information

• Range: $[0, \infty)$ • Minimize: TRUE

• Required predict type: partition

See Also

Dictionary of Measures: mlr3::mlr_measures

as.data.table(mlr_measures) for a complete table of all (also dynamically created) mlr3::Measure implementations.

Other cluster measures: mlr_measures_clust.ch, mlr_measures_clust.dunn, mlr_measures_clust.silhouette

```
mlr_tasks_ruspini Ruspini Cluster Task
```

Description

A cluster task for the cluster::ruspini data set.

Format

R6::R6Class inheriting from TaskClust.

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Dictionary

This mlr3::Task can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_tasks or with the associated sugar function mlr3::tsk():

```
mlr_tasks$get("ruspini")
tsk("ruspini")
```

Meta Information

• Task type: "clust"

• Dimensions: 75x2

• Properties: -

• Has Missings: FALSE

• Target: -

• Features: "x", "y"

References

Ruspini EH (1970). "Numerical methods for fuzzy clustering." *Information Sciences*, **2**(3), 319-350. doi:10.1016/S00200255(70)800561.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html
- Package mlr3data for more toy tasks.
- Package mlr3oml for downloading tasks from https://www.openml.org.
- Package mlr3viz for some generic visualizations.
- Dictionary of Tasks: mlr3::mlr_tasks
- as.data.table(mlr_tasks) for a table of available Tasks in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).
- mlr3fselect and mlr3filters for feature selection and feature filtering.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - Unsupervised clustering: mlr3cluster
 - Probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis: https://mlr3proba.mlr-org.com/.

Other Task: TaskClust, mlr_tasks_usarrests

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Description

A cluster task for the datasets::USArrests data set. Rownames are stored as variable "states" with column role "name".

Format

R6::R6Class inheriting from TaskClust.

Dictionary

This mlr3::Task can be instantiated via the dictionary mlr3::mlr_tasks or with the associated sugar function mlr3::tsk():

```
mlr_tasks$get("usarrests")
tsk("usarrests")
```

Meta Information

- Task type: "clust"
- Dimensions: 50x4
- Properties: -
- Has Missings: FALSE
- Target: -
- Features: "Assault", "Murder", "Rape", "UrbanPop"

References

Berry, Brian J (1979). "Interactive Data Analysis: A Practical Primer." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series C (Applied Statistics)*, **28**, 181.

See Also

- Chapter in the mlr3book: https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/chapters/chapter2/data_and_basic_modeling.html
- Package mlr3data for more toy tasks.
- Package mlr3oml for downloading tasks from https://www.openml.org.
- Package mlr3viz for some generic visualizations.
- Dictionary of Tasks: mlr3::mlr_tasks
- as.data.table(mlr_tasks) for a table of available Tasks in the running session (depending on the loaded packages).

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- mlr3fselect and mlr3filters for feature selection and feature filtering.
- Extension packages for additional task types:
 - Unsupervised clustering: mlr3cluster
 - Probabilistic supervised regression and survival analysis: https://mlr3proba.mlr-org.com/.

Other Task: TaskClust, mlr_tasks_ruspini

PredictionClust

Prediction Object for Cluster Analysis

Description

This object wraps the predictions returned by a learner of class LearnerClust, i.e. the predicted partition and cluster probability.

Super class

```
mlr3::Prediction -> PredictionClust
```

Active bindings

```
partition (integer())
    Access the stored partition.
prob (matrix())
    Access to the stored probabilities.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- PredictionClust\$new()
- PredictionClust\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.

```
Usage:
PredictionClust$new(
  task = NULL,
  row_ids = task$row_ids,
  partition = NULL,
  prob = NULL,
  check = TRUE
)
Arguments:
task (TaskClust)
  Task, used to extract defaults for row_ids.
```

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```
row_ids (integer())
   Row ids of the predicted observations, i.e. the row ids of the test set.
partition (integer())
   Vector of cluster partitions.
prob (matrix())
```

Numeric matrix of cluster membership probabilities with one column for each cluster and one row for each observation. Columns must be named with cluster numbers, row names are automatically removed. If prob is provided, but partition is not, the cluster memberships are calculated from the probabilities using max.col() with ties.method set to "first".

```
check (logical(1))
```

If TRUE, performs some argument checks and predict type conversions.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
PredictionClust$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
task = tsk("usarrests")
learner = lrn("clust.kmeans")
p = learner$train(task)$predict(task)
p$predict_types
head(as.data.table(p))
```

TaskClust

Cluster Task

Description

This task specializes mlr3::Task for cluster problems. As an unsupervised task, this task has no target column. The task_type is set to "clust".

Predefined tasks are stored in the dictionary mlr3::mlr_tasks.

Super classes

```
mlr3::Task -> mlr3::TaskUnsupervised -> TaskClust
```

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Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• TaskClust$new()
  • TaskClust$clone()
Method new(): Creates a new instance of this R6 class.
 Usage:
 TaskClust$new(id, backend, label = NA_character_)
 Arguments:
 id (character(1))
     Identifier for the new instance.
 backend (mlr3::DataBackend)
     Either a mlr3::DataBackend, or any object which is convertible to a mlr3::DataBackend with
     as_data_backend(). E.g., a data.frame() will be converted to a mlr3::DataBackendDataTable.
 label (character(1))
     Label for the new instance.
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 TaskClust$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
```

See Also

```
Other Task: mlr_tasks_ruspini, mlr_tasks_usarrests
```

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
task = TaskClust$new("usarrests", backend = USArrests)
task$task_type

# possible properties:
mlr_reflections$task_properties$clust
```

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