# Package 'Umoments'

October 2, 2024

Type Package

Title Unbiased Central Moment Estimates
Version 1.0.1
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Description Calculates one-sample unbiased central moment estimates and two-sample pooled estimates up to 6th order, including estimates of powers and products of central moments. Provides the machinery for obtaining unbiased central moment estimators beyond 6th order by generating expressions for expectations of raw sample moments and their powers and products.  Gerlovina and Hubbard (2019) <doi:10.1080 25742558.2019.1701917="">.</doi:10.1080>
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.4.0)
Imports stats, utils
License GPL (>= 2)
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.1
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
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Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2024-10-02 08:10:02 UTC
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#### **Description**

Generate a string with symbolic expression for expectation of powers and products of non-central (raw) sample moments of an arbitrary order.

# Usage

```
one_combination(powvect, smpsize = "n")
```

#### **Arguments**

powvect vector of non-negative integers representing exponents  $j_1, \ldots, j_m$  of non-central moments in expectation (see "Details"). The position (index) of an element of this vector indicates a corresponding moment, e.g. for  $E(\overline{X}^5 \overline{X}^4)$ , powvect = c(5, 0, 0, 1). Thus the vector will have m elements if m'th is the highest moment.

smpsize symbol to be used for sample size. Defaults to "n".

#### **Details**

For a zero-mean random variable X and a sample  $X_1,\ldots,X_n$ , find  $E(\bar{X}^{j_1}\overline{X^2}^{j_2}\overline{X^3}^{j_3}\cdots\overline{X^m}^{j_m})$ , where  $overline X^k=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^k$  is a k'th non-central sample moment. The expression is given in terms of sample size and true moments  $\mu_k$  of X. These expectations can subsequently be used for generating unbiased central moment estimators of an arbitrary order, Edgeworth expansions, and possibly solving other higher-order problems.

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#### Value

A string representing a symbolic expression for further processing using computer algebra (e.g. with *Sage* or *SymPy*), for calculating numeric values, or to be rendered with *Latex*.

#### **Examples**

```
one_combination(c(5, 0, 2, 1))
```

uM

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products up to specified order.

# Usage

```
uM(smp, order)
```

#### Arguments

smp sample.

order highest order of the estimates to calclulate. Estimates of lower orders will be

included.

#### **Details**

Unbiased estimates up to the 6th order can be calculated. Second and third orders contain estimates of the variance and third central moment, fourth order includes estimates of fourth moment and squared variance ( $\mu_2^2$ ), fifth order - of fifth moment and a product of second and third moments ( $\mu_2\mu_3$ ), sixth order - of sixth moment, a product of second and fourth moments ( $\mu_2\mu_4$ ), squared third moment ( $\mu_3^2$ ), and cubed variance ( $\mu_3^2$ ).

#### Value

A named vector of estimates of central moments and their powers and products up to order. The highest order available is 6th. The names of the elements are "M2", "M3", "M4", "M5", "M6" for corresponding central moments, "M2M3", "M2M4" for products of the moments (second and third, second and fourth), and "M2pow2", "M2pow3", "M3pow2" for powers of the moments - corresponding to estimates of squared variance, cubed variance, and squared third moment.

#### References

Gerlovina, I. and Hubbard, A.E. (2019). Computer algebra and algorithms for unbiased moment estimation of arbitrary order. Cogent Mathematics & Statistics, 6(1).

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#### See Also

uMpool for two-sample pooled estimates.

# **Examples**

```
smp <- rgamma(10, shape = 3)
uM(smp, 6)</pre>
```

uM2

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2(m2, n)
```

# Arguments

```
m2 naive biased variance estimate m_2=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^2 for a vector X. n sample size.
```

#### Value

Unbiased variance estimate.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2M3(), uM2Pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^2))
uM2(m[2], n) - var(smp)</pre>
```

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uM2M3

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2M3(m2, m3, m5, n)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^{n} ((X_i - X)^2)$ for a vector X.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3$ for a vector X.
m5	naive biased fifth central moment estimate $m_5 = \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^5$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

# Value

Unbiased estimate of a product of second and third central moments  $\mu_2\mu_3$ , where  $\mu_2$  and  $\mu_3$  are second and third central moments respectively.

# See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:5) {
  m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM2M3(m[2], m[3], m[5], n)</pre>
```

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uM2M3pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2M3pool(m2, m3, m5, n_x, n_y)
```

# **Arguments**

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2$ for vectors X and Y.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)$ for vectors X and Y.
m5	naive biased fifth central moment estimate $m_5=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^5+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^5)$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

# Value

Pooled estimate of a product of second and third central moments  $\mu_2\mu_3$ , where  $\mu_2$  and  $\mu_3$  are second and third central moments respectively.

#### See Also

Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M4pool(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM3pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM5pool()

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(5)
for (j in 2:5) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM2M3pool(m[2], m[3], m[5], nx, ny)</pre>
```

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uM2M4

Unbiased central moment estimates

# **Description**

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2M4(m2, m3, m4, m6, n)
```

# **Arguments**

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^2)$ for a vector X.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3$ for a vector X.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^4)$ for a vector X.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^6$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of a product of second and fourth central moments  $\mu_2\mu_4$ , where  $\mu_2$  and  $\mu_4$  are second and fourth central moments respectively.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM2M4(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], n)</pre>
```

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uM2M4pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# Description

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2M4pool(m2, m3, m4, m6, n_x, n_y)
```

# **Arguments**

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-X)^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)$ for vectors X and Y.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)$ for vectors X and Y.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)$ for vectors X and Y.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^6+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^6)$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

# Value

Pooled estimate of a product of second and fourth central moments  $\mu_2\mu_4$ , where  $\mu_2$  and  $\mu_4$  are second and fourth central moments respectively.

#### See Also

Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM2powl(), uM3pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(6)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM2M4pool(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uM2pool 9

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Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2pool(m2, n_x, n_y)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-X)^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

# Value

Pooled variance estimate.

# See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow1(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
m2 <- mean(c((smpx - mean(smpx))^2, (smpy - mean(smpy))^2))
uM2pool(m2, nx, ny)</pre>
```

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uM2pow2

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM2pow2(m2, m4, n)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
m2 naive biased variance estimate m_2=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^2) for a vector X. m4 naive biased fourth central moment estimate m_4=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^4) for a vector X. n sample size.
```

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of squared variance  $\mu_2^2$ , where  $\mu_2$  is a variance.

# See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:4) {
    m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM2pow2(m[2], m[4], n)</pre>
```

uM2pow2pool

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Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

#### **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM2pow2pool(m2, m4, n_x, n_y)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
maive biased variance estimate m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2 for vectors X and Y.  \begin{aligned} \text{m4} & \text{maive biased fourth central moment estimate } m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)^2)^2 \end{aligned}  number of observations in the first group.  \begin{aligned} \text{n_x} & \text{n_y} & \text{number of observations in the second group.} \end{aligned}
```

#### Value

Pooled estimate of squared variance  $\mu_2^2$ , where  $\mu_2$  is a variance.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow1(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(4)
for (j in 2:4) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM2pow2pool(m[2], m[4], nx, ny)</pre>
```

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uM2pow3

Unbiased central moment estimates

# **Description**

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2pow3(m2, m3, m4, m6, n)
```

# **Arguments**

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^2)$ for a vector X.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3$ for a vector X.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^4$ for a vector X.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^6$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of cubed second central moment  $\mu_2^3$ , where  $\mu_2$  is a variance.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow2(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:6) {
  m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM2pow3(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], n)</pre>
```

uM2pow3pool

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Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

#### **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM2pow3pool(m2, m3, m4, m6, n_x, n_y)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2$ for vectors X and Y.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)$ for vectors X and Y.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)$ for vectors X and Y.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^6+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^6)$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

#### Value

Pooled estimate of cubed variance central moment  $\mu_2^3$ , where  $\mu_2$  is a variance.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM3pool(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(6)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM2pow3pool(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], nx, ny)</pre>
```

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uM3

Unbiased central moment estimates

# **Description**

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM3(m3, n)
```

# **Arguments**

```
m3 naive biased third central moment estimate m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3 for a vector X. n sample size.
```

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of a third central moment.

# See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2Pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

# **Examples**

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:3) {
    m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM3(m[3], n)</pre>
```

uM3pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM3pool(m3, n_x, n_y)
```

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# **Arguments**

```
naive biased third central moment estimate m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3 \text{ for vectors X and Y.} number of observations in the first group. number of observations in the second group.
```

#### Value

Pooled estimate of a third central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

# **Examples**

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(3)
for (j in 2:3) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM3pool(m[3], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uM3pow2

Unbiased central moment estimates

#### **Description**

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM3pow2(m2, m3, m4, m6, n)
```

# **Arguments**

```
m2 naive biased variance estimate m_2=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^2) for a vector X. naive biased third central moment estimate m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3) for a vector X.
```

uM3pow2pool

m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^4)$ for a vector X.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^6$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of squared third central moment  $\mu_3^2$ , where  $\mu_3$  is a third central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM4(), uM5(), uM6()
```

# **Examples**

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:6) {
  m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM3pow2(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], n)</pre>
```

uM3pow2pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM3pow2pool(m2, m3, m4, m6, n_x, n_y)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2$ for vectors X and Y.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)$ for vectors X and Y.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)$ for vectors X and Y.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^6+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^6)$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

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#### Value

Pooled estimate of squared third central moment  $\mu_3^2$ , where  $\mu_3$  is a third central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

#### **Examples**

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(6)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM3pow2pool(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uM4

Unbiased central moment estimates

#### **Description**

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM4(m2, m4, n)
```

# Arguments

```
m2 naive biased variance estimate m_2=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^2) for a vector X. naive biased fourth central moment estimate m_4=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^4) for a vector X. n sample size.
```

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of a fourth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM5(), uM6()
```

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#### **Examples**

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:4) {
  m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM4(m[2], m[4], n)</pre>
```

uM4pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM4pool(m2, m4, n_x, n_y)
```

# **Arguments**

```
maive biased variance estimate m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2 for vectors X and Y.  \begin{aligned} \text{m4} & \text{maive biased fourth central moment estimate } m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)^4 \text{ for vectors X and Y.} \\ \text{n_x} & \text{number of observations in the first group.} \\ \text{n_y} & \text{number of observations in the second group.} \end{aligned}
```

#### Value

Pooled estimate of a fourth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow1(), uM3pow2pool(), uM5pool(), uM6pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(4)</pre>
```

uM5

```
for (j in 2:4) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM4pool(m[2], m[4], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uM5

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

#### Usage

```
uM5(m2, m3, m5, n)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^2)$ for a vector X.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^3$ for a vector X.
m5	naive biased fifth central moment estimate $m_5 = \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^5$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of a fifth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM6()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:5) {
    m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM5(m[2], m[3], m[5], n)</pre>
```

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uM5pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

#### Description

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM5pool(m2, m3, m5, n_x, n_y)
```

#### Arguments

```
maive biased variance estimate m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2 for vectors X and Y.

makes biased third central moment estimate m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)^2 for vectors X and Y.

makes biased fifth central moment estimate m_5=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^5+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^5)^2 for vectors X and Y.

n_x number of observations in the first group.

n_y number of observations in the second group.
```

#### Value

Pooled estimate of a fifth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow1(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM6pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(5)
for (j in 2:5) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM5pool(m[2], m[3], m[5], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uM6 21

uM6

Unbiased central moment estimates

# Description

Calculate unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM6(m2, m3, m4, m6, n)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^2)$ for a vector X.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^3)$ for a vector X.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/n\sum_{i=1}^n((X_i-\bar{X})^4$ for a vector X.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6 = 1/n \sum_{i=1}^n ((X_i - \bar{X})^6)$ for a vector X.
n	sample size.

# Value

Unbiased estimate of a sixth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other unbiased estimates (one-sample): uM2(), uM2M3(), uM2M4(), uM2pow2(), uM2pow3(), uM3(), uM3pow2(), uM4(), uM5()
```

```
n <- 10
smp <- rgamma(n, shape = 3)
m <- mean(smp)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m <- c(m, mean((smp - m[1])^j))
}
uM6(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], n)</pre>
```

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uM6pool

Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample

# **Description**

Calculate pooled unbiased estimates of central moments and their powers and products.

# Usage

```
uM6pool(m2, m3, m4, m6, n_x, n_y)
```

# Arguments

m2	naive biased variance estimate $m_2=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-X)^2+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^2)^2$ for vectors X and Y.
m3	naive biased third central moment estimate $m_3=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^3+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^3)$ for vectors X and Y.
m4	naive biased fourth central moment estimate $m_4=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^4+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^4)$ for vectors X and Y.
m6	naive biased sixth central moment estimate $m_6=1/(n_x+n_y)\sum_{i=1}^{n_x}((X_i-\bar{X})^6+\sum_{i=1}^{n_y}((Y_i-\bar{Y})^6)$ for vectors X and Y.
n_x	number of observations in the first group.
n_y	number of observations in the second group.

#### Value

Unbiased estimate of a sixth central moment.

#### See Also

```
Other pooled estimates (two-sample): uM2M3pool(), uM2M4pool(), uM2pow2pool(), uM2pow3pool(), uM3pow1(), uM3pow2pool(), uM4pool(), uM5pool()
```

```
nx <- 10
ny <- 8
shp <- 3
smpx <- rgamma(nx, shape = shp) - shp
smpy <- rgamma(ny, shape = shp)
mx <- mean(smpx)
my <- mean(smpy)
m <- numeric(6)
for (j in 2:6) {
    m[j] <- mean(c((smpx - mx)^j, (smpy - my)^j))
}
uM6pool(m[2], m[3], m[4], m[6], nx, ny)</pre>
```

uMpool 23

uMpool	Pooled central moment estimates - two-sample	

#### **Description**

Calculate unbiased pooled estimates of central moments and their powers and products up to specified order.

# Usage

```
uMpool(smp, a, order)
```

# Arguments

smp	sample.
a	vector of the same length as smp specifying categories of observations (should contain two unique values).
order	highest order of the estimates to calclulate. Estimates of lower orders will be included.

#### **Details**

Pooled estimates up to the 6th order can be calculated. Second and third orders contain estimates of the variance and third central moment, fourth order includes estimates of fourth moment and squared variance  $(\mu_2^2)$ , fifth order - of fifth moment and a product of second and third moments  $(\mu_2\mu_3)$ , sixth order - of sixth moment, a product of second and fourth moments  $(\mu_2\mu_4)$ , squared third moment  $(\mu_3^2)$ , and cubed variance  $(\mu_3^2)$ .

# Value

A named vector of estimates of central moments and their powers and products up to order. The highest order available is 6th. The names of the elements are "M2", "M3", "M4", "M5", "M6" for corresponding central moments, "M2M3", "M2M4" for products of the moments (second and third, second and fourth), and "M2pow2", "M2pow3", "M3pow2" for powers of the moments - corresponding to estimates of squared variance, cubed variance, and squared third moment.

#### References

Gerlovina, I. and Hubbard, A.E. (2019). Computer algebra and algorithms for unbiased moment estimation of arbitrary order. Cogent Mathematics & Statistics, 6(1).

#### See Also

uM for one-sample unbiased estimates.

uMpool uMpool

```
nsmp <- 23
smp <- rgamma(nsmp, shape = 3)
treatment <- sample(0:1, size = nsmp, replace = TRUE)
uMpool(smp, treatment, 6)</pre>
```

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