# Package 'clarabel'

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Type Package

Title Interior Point Conic Optimization Solver

**Version** 0.9.0.1

#### **Description**

A versatile interior point solver that solves linear programs (LPs), quadratic programs (QPs), second-order cone programs (SOCPs), semidefinite programs (SDPs), and problems with exponential and power cone constraints (<a href="https://clarabel.org/stable/">https://clarabel.org/stable/</a>). For quadratic objectives, unlike interior point solvers based on the standard homogeneous self-dual embedding (HSDE) model, Clarabel handles quadratic objective without requiring any epigraphical reformulation of its objective function. It can therefore be significantly faster than other HSDE-based solvers for problems with quadratic objective functions. Infeasible problems are detected using using a homogeneous embedding technique.

```
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Author Balasubramanian Narasimhan [aut, cre],
     Paul Goulart [aut, cph],
     Yuwen Chen [aut],
     Hiroaki Yutani [ctb] (For vendoring/Makefile hints/R scripts for
      generating crate authors/licenses),
     The authors of the dependency Rust crates [ctb] (see inst/AUTHORS file
      for details)
```

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Maintainer Balasubramanian Narasimhan <naras@stanford.edu>

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### **Description**

Clarabel solves linear programs (LPs), quadratic programs (QPs), second-order cone programs (SOCPs) and semidefinite programs (SDPs). It also solves problems with exponential and power cone constraints. The specific problem solved is:

Minimize

subject to

$$\frac{1}{2}x^T P x + q^T x$$
$$Ax + s = b$$

where  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $s \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $P = P^T$  and nonnegative-definite,  $q \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ , and  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . The set K is a composition of convex cones.

 $s \in K$ 

# Usage

```
clarabel(A, b, q, P = NULL, cones, control = list(), strict_cone_order = TRUE)
```

# Arguments

A	a matrix of constraint coefficients.
b	a numeric vector giving the primal constraints
q	a numeric vector giving the primal objective
P	a symmetric positive semidefinite matrix, default NULL
cones	a named list giving the cone sizes, see "Cone Parameters" below for specification
control	a list giving specific control parameters to use in place of default values, with an empty list indicating the default control parameters. Specified parameters should be correctly named and typed to avoid Rust system panics as no sanitization is done for efficiency reasons
	b q P cones

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strict\_cone\_order

a logical flag, default TRUE for forcing order of cones described below. If FALSE cones can be specified in any order and even repeated and directly passed to the solver without type and length checks

#### **Details**

The order of the rows in matrix A has to correspond to the order given in the table "Cone Parameters", which means means rows corresponding to *primal zero cones* should be first, rows corresponding to *non-negative cones* second, rows corresponding to *second-order cone* third, rows corresponding to *positive semidefinite cones* fourth, rows corresponding to *exponential cones* fifth and rows corresponding to *power cones* at last.

When the parameter strict\_cone\_order is FALSE, one can specify the cones in any order and even repeat them in the order they appear in the A matrix. See below.

#### Clarabel can solve:

Doromotor Type

- 1. linear programs (LPs)
- 2. second-order cone programs (SOCPs)
- 3. exponential cone programs (ECPs)
- 4. power cone programs (PCPs)
- problems with any combination of cones, defined by the parameters listed in "Cone Parameters" below

**Cone Parameters:** The table below shows the cone parameter specifications. Mathematical definitions are in the vignette.

Longth Description

Parameter	rype	Length	Description
Z	integer	1	number of primal zero cones (dual free cones),
			which corresponds to the primal equality constraints
1	integer	1	number of linear cones (non-negative cones)
q	integer	$\geq 1$	vector of second-order cone sizes
S	integer	$\geq 1$	vector of positive semidefinite cone sizes
ер	integer	1	number of primal exponential cones
р	numeric	$\geq 1$	vector of primal power cone parameters
gp	list	$\geq 1$	list of named lists of two items, a: a numeric vector of at least 2 exponent terms in the

When the parameter strict\_cone\_order is FALSE, one can specify the cones in the order they appear in the A matrix. The cones argument in such a case should be a named list with names matching  $^z*$  indicating primal zero cones,  $^1*$  indicating linear cones, and so on. For example, either of the following would be valid: list(z = 2L, l = 2L, q = 2L, z = 3L, q = 3L), or, list(z1 = 2L, l1 = 2L, q1 = 2L, zb = 3L, qx = 3L), indicating a zero cone of size 2, followed by a linear cone of size 2, followed by a second-order cone of size 2, followed by a zero cone of size 3, and finally a second-order cone of size 3. Generalized power cones parameters have to specified as named lists, e.g., list(z = 2L, gp1 = list(a = c(0.3, 0.7), n = 3L), gp2 = list(a = c(0.5, 0.5), n = 1L).

Note that when strict\_cone\_order = FALSE, types of cone parameters such as integers, reals have to be explicit since the parameters are directly passed to the Rust interface with no sanity checks.!

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#### Value

named list of solution vectors x, y, s and information about run

#### See Also

```
clarabel_control()
```

#### **Examples**

```
A <- matrix(c(1, 1), ncol = 1)
b <- c(1, 1)
obj <- 1
cone <- list(z = 2L)
control <- clarabel_control(tol_gap_rel = 1e-7, tol_gap_abs = 1e-7, max_iter = 100)
clarabel(A = A, b = b, q = obj, cones = cone, control = control)</pre>
```

clarabel\_control

Control parameters with default values and types in parenthesis

#### **Description**

Control parameters with default values and types in parenthesis

#### Usage

```
clarabel_control(
  max_iter = 200L,
  time_limit = Inf,
  verbose = TRUE,
  max_step_fraction = 0.99,
  tol_gap_abs = 1e-08,
  tol_gap_rel = 1e-08,
  tol_feas = 1e-08,
  tol_infeas_abs = 1e-08,
  tol_infeas_rel = 1e-08,
  tol_ktratio = 1e-06,
  reduced_tol_gap_abs = 5e-05,
  reduced_tol_gap_rel = 5e-05,
  reduced_tol_feas = 1e-04,
  reduced_tol_infeas_abs = 5e-05,
  reduced_tol_infeas_rel = 5e-05,
  reduced_tol_ktratio = 1e-04,
  equilibrate_enable = TRUE,
  equilibrate_max_iter = 10L,
  equilibrate_min_scaling = 1e-04,
  equilibrate_max_scaling = 10000,
```

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```
linesearch_backtrack_step = 0.8,
 min_switch_step_length = 0.1,
 min_terminate_step_length = 1e-04,
 direct_kkt_solver = TRUE,
 direct_solve_method = c("qdldl", "mkl", "cholmod"),
  static_regularization_enable = TRUE,
  static_regularization_constant = 1e-08,
 static_regularization_proportional = .Machine$double.eps * .Machine$double.eps,
 dynamic_regularization_enable = TRUE,
  dynamic_regularization_eps = 1e-13,
  dynamic_regularization_delta = 2e-07,
  iterative_refinement_enable = TRUE,
  iterative_refinement_reltol = 1e-13,
  iterative_refinement_abstol = 1e-12,
  iterative_refinement_max_iter = 10L,
  iterative_refinement_stop_ratio = 5,
 presolve_enable = TRUE,
  chordal_decomposition_enable = FALSE,
 chordal_decomposition_merge_method = c("none", "parent_child", "clique_graph"),
  chordal_decomposition_compact = FALSE,
 chordal_decomposition_complete_dual = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
max_iter
                  maximum number of iterations (200L)
time_limit
                  maximum run time (seconds) (Inf)
verbose
                  verbose printing (TRUE)
max_step_fraction
                  maximum interior point step length (0.99)
tol_gap_abs
                  absolute duality gap tolerance (1e-8)
                  relative duality gap tolerance (1e-8)
tol_gap_rel
                  feasibility check tolerance (primal and dual) (1e-8)
tol_feas
tol_infeas_abs absolute infeasibility tolerance (primal and dual) (1e-8)
tol_infeas_rel relative infeasibility tolerance (primal and dual) (1e-8)
tol_ktratio
                  KT tolerance (1e-7)
reduced_tol_gap_abs
                  reduced absolute duality gap tolerance (5e-5)
reduced_tol_gap_rel
                  reduced relative duality gap tolerance (5e-5)
reduced_tol_feas
                  reduced feasibility check tolerance (primal and dual) (1e-4)
reduced_tol_infeas_abs
                  reduced absolute infeasibility tolerance (primal and dual) (5e-5)
reduced_tol_infeas_rel
                  reduced relative infeasibility tolerance (primal and dual) (5e-5)
```

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```
reduced_tol_ktratio
                 reduced KT tolerance (1e-4)
equilibrate_enable
                 enable data equilibration pre-scaling (TRUE)
equilibrate_max_iter
                 maximum equilibration scaling iterations (10L)
equilibrate_min_scaling
                 minimum equilibration scaling allowed (1e-4)
equilibrate_max_scaling
                 maximum equilibration scaling allowed (1e+4)
linesearch_backtrack_step
                 linesearch backtracking (0.8)
min_switch_step_length
                 minimum step size allowed for asymmetric cones with PrimalDual scaling (1e-1)
min_terminate_step_length
                 minimum step size allowed for symmetric cones && asymmetric cones with
                 Dual scaling (1e-4)
direct_kkt_solver
                 use a direct linear solver method (required true) (TRUE)
direct_solve_method
                 direct linear solver ("qdldl", "mkl" or "cholmod") ("qdldl")
static_regularization_enable
                 enable KKT static regularization (TRUE)
static_regularization_constant
                 KKT static regularization parameter (1e-8)
static_regularization_proportional
                 additional regularization parameter w.r.t. the maximum abs diagonal term (.Machine.double_eps^2)
dynamic_regularization_enable
                 enable KKT dynamic regularization (TRUE)
dynamic_regularization_eps
                 KKT dynamic regularization threshold (1e-13)
dynamic_regularization_delta
                 KKT dynamic regularization shift (2e-7)
iterative_refinement_enable
                 KKT solve with iterative refinement (TRUE)
iterative_refinement_reltol
                 iterative refinement relative tolerance (1e-12)
iterative_refinement_abstol
                 iterative refinement absolute tolerance (1e-12)
iterative_refinement_max_iter
                 iterative refinement maximum iterations (10L)
iterative_refinement_stop_ratio
                 iterative refinement stalling tolerance (5.0)
presolve_enable
                 whether to enable presolvle (TRUE)
```

```
solver_status_descriptions
```

```
{\tt chordal\_decomposition\_enable}
```

whether to enable chordal decomposition for SDPs (FALSE)

chordal\_decomposition\_merge\_method

chordal decomposition merge method, one of 'none', 'parent\_child' or 'clique\_graph', for SDPs ('none')  $\,$ 

chordal\_decomposition\_compact

a boolean flag for SDPs indicating whether to assemble decomposed system in *compact* form for SDPs (FALSE)

chordal\_decomposition\_complete\_dual

a boolean flag indicating complete PSD dual variables after decomposition for SDPs

#### Value

a list containing the control parameters.

```
solver_status_descriptions
```

Return the solver status description as a named character vector

#### **Description**

Return the solver status description as a named character vector

#### Usage

```
solver_status_descriptions()
```

# Value

a named list of solver status descriptions, in order of status codes returned by the solver

# **Examples**

```
solver_status_descriptions()[2] ## for solved problem
solver_status_descriptions()[8] ## for max iterations limit reached
```

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