Package 'archive'

September 12, 2024

```
Title Multi-Format Archive and Compression Support
Version 1.1.9
Description Bindings to 'libarchive' <a href="http://www.libarchive.org">http://www.libarchive.org</a> the
      Multi-format archive and compression library. Offers R connections and
      direct extraction for many archive formats including 'tar', 'ZIP',
      '7-zip', 'RAR', 'CAB' and compression formats including 'gzip',
      'bzip2', 'compress', 'lzma' and 'xz'.
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URL https://archive.r-lib.org/, https://github.com/r-lib/archive
BugReports https://github.com/r-lib/archive/issues
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Imports cli, glue, rlang, tibble
Suggests covr, testthat
LinkingTo cli
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Encoding UTF-8
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archive

Construct a new archive

Description

This function retrieves metadata about files in an archive, it can be passed to archive_read() or archive_write to create a connection to read or write a specific file from the archive.

Usage

```
archive(file, options = character())
```

Arguments

file

File path to the archive.

options

character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following forms:

- option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module. Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.
- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose name matches module. See <u>read options</u> for available read options See <u>write</u> options for available write options

Value

A tibble with details about files in the archive.

See Also

archive_read(), archive_write() to read and write archive files using R connections, archive_extract(), archive_write_files(), archive_write_dir() to add or extract files from an archive.

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Examples

```
a <- archive(system.file(package = "archive", "extdata", "data.zip"))
a</pre>
```

archive_extract

Extract contents of an archive to a directory

Description

Extract contents of an archive to a directory

Usage

```
archive_extract(
  archive,
  dir = ".",
  files = NULL,
  options = character(),
  strip_components = 0L
)
```

Arguments

archive character(1) The archive filename or an archive object.

dir character(1) Directory location to extract archive contents, will be created if it does not exist.

files character() || integer() || NULL One or more files within the archive, specified either by filename or by position.

options character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following

forms:

• option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module.

- Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.
- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but
 the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose
 name matches module. See read options for available read options See write
 options for available write options

strip_components

Remove the specified number of leading path elements. Pathnames with fewer elements will be silently skipped.

Details

If files is NULL (the default) all files will be extracted.

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Value

The filenames extracted (invisibly).

Examples

```
a <- system.file(package = "archive", "extdata", "data.zip")
d <- tempfile()

# When called with default arguments extracts all files in the archive.
archive_extract(a, d)
list.files(d)
unlink(d)

# Can also specify one or more files to extract
d <- tempfile()
archive_extract(a, d, c("iris.csv", "airquality.csv"))
list.files(d)
unlink(d)</pre>
```

archive_read

Create a readable connection to a file in an archive.

Description

Create a readable connection to a file in an archive.

Usage

```
archive_read(
  archive,
  file = 1L,
  mode = "r",
  format = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
  options = character()
)
```

Arguments

archive character(1) The archive filename or an archive object.

file character(1) || integer(1) The filename within the archive, specified either

by filename or by position.

mode character(1) A description of how to open the connection (if it should be

opened initially). See section 'Modes' in base::connections() for possible

values.

format character(1) default: NULL The archive format, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_form

Supported formats differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

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filter

character(1) default: NULL The archive filter, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_filter Supported filters differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

options

character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following forms:

- option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module. Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.
- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but
 the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose
 name matches module. See read options for available read options See write
 options for available write options

Value

An 'archive_read' connection to the file within the archive to be read.

Examples

```
a <- system.file(package = "archive", "extdata", "data.zip")
# Show files in archive
a

# By default reads the first file in the archive.
read.csv(archive_read(a), nrows = 3)

# Can also specify a filename directly
read.csv(archive_read(a, "mtcars.csv"), nrows = 3)

# Or by position
read.csv(archive_read(a, 3), nrows = 3)

# Explicitly specify the format and filter if automatic detection fails.
read.csv(archive_read(a, format = "zip"), nrows = 3)</pre>
```

archive_write

Create a writable connection to a file in an archive.

Description

Create a writable connection to a file in an archive.

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Usage

```
archive_write(
  archive,
  file,
  mode = "w",
  format = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
  options = character()
)
```

Arguments

options

archive character(1) The archive filename or an archive object.

file character(1) || integer(1) The filename within the archive, specified either by filename or by position.

mode character(1) A description of how to open the connection (if it should be opened initially). See section 'Modes' in base::connections() for possible values.

format character(1) default: NULL The archive format, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_form Supported formats differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

filter character(1) default: NULL The archive filter, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_filter).

Supported filters differ depending on the libarchive version and build. character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following forms:

- option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module. Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.
- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but
 the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose
 name matches module. See read options for available read options See write
 options for available write options

Details

If format and filter are NULL, they will be set automatically based on the file extension given in file when writing and automatically detected using Robust automatic format detection when reading.

For traditional zip archives archive_write() creates a connection which writes the data to the specified file directly. For other archive formats the file size must be known when the archive is created, so the data is first written to a scratch file on disk and then added to the archive. This scratch file is automatically removed when writing is complete.

Value

An 'archive_write' connection to the file within the archive to be written.

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Examples

```
# Archive format and filters can be set automatically from the file extensions.
f1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".tar.gz")

write.csv(mtcars, archive_write(f1, "mtcars.csv"))
archive(f1)
unlink(f1)

# They can also be specified explicitly
f2 <- tempfile()
write.csv(mtcars, archive_write(f2, "mtcars.csv", format = "tar", filter = "bzip2"))
archive(f2)
unlink(f2)

# You can also pass additional options to control things like compression level
f3 <- tempfile(fileext = ".tar.gz")
write.csv(mtcars, archive_write(f3, "mtcars.csv", options = "compression-level=2"))
archive(f3)
unlink(f3)</pre>
```

archive_write_dir

Add files to a new archive

Description

archive_write_files() adds one or more files to a new archive. archive_write_dir() adds all the file(s) in a directory to a new archive.

Usage

```
archive_write_dir(
  archive,
  dir,
  format = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
 options = character(),
 recursive = TRUE,
  full.names = FALSE
)
archive_write_files(
  archive,
  files,
  format = NULL,
 filter = NULL,
  options = character()
)
```

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character(1) The archive filename or an archive object.

Arguments

archive

filter

dir character(1) The directory of files to add.

format character(1) default: NULL The archive format, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_format))

Supported formats differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

supported formats differ depending on the hoaremive version and build.

Supported filters differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

character(1) default: NULL The archive filter, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_filter

options character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following

forms:

• option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module. Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.

- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but
 the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose
 name matches module. See read options for available read options See write
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... additional parameters passed to base::dir.

recursive logical. Should the listing recurse into directories?

full.names a logical value. If TRUE, the directory path is prepended to the file names to give

a relative file path. If FALSE, the file names (rather than paths) are returned.

files character() One or more files to add to the archive.

Value

An 'archive' object representing the new archive (invisibly). An 'archive' object representing the new archive (invisibly).

Examples

```
if (archive:::libarchive_version() > "3.2.0") {
# write some files to a directory
d <- tempfile()
dir.create(d)
old <- setwd(d)

write.csv(iris, file.path(d, "iris.csv"))
write.csv(mtcars, file.path(d, "mtcars.csv"))
write.csv(airquality, file.path(d, "airquality.csv"))

# Add some to a new archive
a <- archive_write_files("data.tar.gz", c("iris.csv", "mtcars.csv"))
setwd(old)
a</pre>
```

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```
# Add all files in a directory
a <- archive_write_dir("data.zip", d)
a
unlink("data.zip")
}</pre>
```

file_read

Construct a connections for (possibly compressed) files.

Description

They are functionally equivalent to calling archive_read or archive_write using format = "raw", archive = file.

Usage

```
file_read(file, mode = "r", filter = NULL, options = character())
file_write(file, mode = "w", filter = NULL, options = character())
```

Arguments

filter

file character(1) || integer(1) The filename within the archive, specified either by filename or by position.

mode character(1) A description of how to open the connection (if it should be

opened initially). See section 'Modes' in base::connections() for possible

character(1) default: NULL The archive filter, one of choices_rd(names(archive:::archive_filter

values.

Supported filters differ depending on the libarchive version and build.

options character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The

character() default: character(0) Options to pass to the filter or format. The list of available options are documented in options can have one of the following

forms:

- option=value The option/value pair will be provided to every module. Modules that do not accept an option with this name will ignore it.
- option The option will be provided to every module with a value of "1".
- !option The option will be provided to every module with a NULL value.
- module:option=value, module:option, module:!option As above, but
 the corresponding option and value will be provided only to modules whose
 name matches module. See read options for available read options See write
 options for available write options

Details

file_write() returns an writable output connection, file_read() returns a readable input connection.

file_read

Value

An 'archive_read' connection (for file_read()) or an 'archive_write' connection (for file_write()) to the file.

Examples

```
if (archive:::libarchive_version() > "3.2.0") {
# Write bzip2, base 64 encoded data and use high compression
write.csv(mtcars,
    file_write("mtcars.bz2",
        filter = c("uuencode", "bzip2"),
        options = "compression-level=9"
    )
)
# Read it back
read.csv(file_read("mtcars.bz2"), row.names = 1, nrows = 3)
unlink("mtcars.bz2")
}
```

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