Package 'hedgedrf'

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version 0.0.1
Description This algorithm is described in detail in the paper ``Hedging Forecast Combina-
tions With an Application to the Random For-
est" by Beck et al. (2023) <doi:10.48550 arxiv.2308.15384="">. The package provides a func-</doi:10.48550>

est" by Beck et al. (2023) <doi:10.48550/arXiv.2308.15384>. The package provides a function hedgedrf() that can be used to train a Hedged Random Forest model on a dataset, and a function predict.hedgedrf() that can be used to make predictions with the model.

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Author Elliot Beck [aut, cre] (https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8707-1706)
Maintainer Elliot Beck <elliot.beck@bf.uzh.ch>
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Title An Implementation of the Hedged Random Forest Algorithm

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get_cov_qis

Quadratic-inverse shrinkage

Description

Nonlinear shrinkage derived under Frobenius loss and its two cousins, Inverse Stein's loss and Minimum Variance loss, called quadratic-inverse shrinkage (QIS). See Ledoit and Wolf (2022, Section 4.5).

Usage

```
get_cov_qis(data, k = -1)
```

Arguments

data

(n*p): raw data matrix of n iid observations on p random variables

k

If k < 0, then the algorithm demeans the data by default, and adjusts the effective sample size accordingly. If the user inputs k = 0, then no demeaning takes place; if user inputs k = 1, then it signifies that the data data have already been

demeaned.

Value

sigmahat (p*p): the QIS covariance matrix estimate. An object of class matrix.

hedgedrf

hedgedrf

Description

hedgedrf

Usage

```
hedgedrf(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  num_iter = NULL,
  kappa = 2,
  ...
)
```

predict.hedgedrf 3

Arguments

formula	Object of class formula or character describing the model to fit. Interaction terms supported only for numerical variables.
data	Training data of class data. frame, matrix, $dgCMatrix$ (Matrix) or gwaa. data (GenABEL).
X	Predictor data (independent variables), alternative interface to data with formula or dependent.variable.name.
у	Response vector (dependent variable), alternative interface to data with formula or dependent.variable.name. For survival use a Surv() object or a matrix with time and status.
num_iter	Number of iterations for the optimization algorithm.
kappa	Amount of regularization to apply to the tree weights. 1 implies no shorting, 2 implies no more than 50% shorting, etc.
	Additional arguments to pass to the ranger function.

Value

An object of class hedgedrf containing the tree weights and a ranger object. The tree weights can be used to construct a hedged random forest with the predict. hedgedrf function. For more details about the ranger object, see the ranger documentation.

Examples

```
rf <- hedgedrf(mpg ~ ., mtcars[1:26, ])
pred <- predict(rf, mtcars[27:32, ])
pred</pre>
```

predict.hedgedrf hedgedrf prediction

Description

hedgedrf prediction

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'hedgedrf'
predict(object, data, ...)
```

Arguments

object hedgedrf hedgedrf object.data New test data of class data.frame or gwaa.data (GenABEL).... Additional arguments to pass to the predict.ranger function.

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Value

The hedged random forest predictions. An object of class ${\tt matrix}$.

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