Package 'GAIPE'

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Description Implements graphical extension with accuracy in parameter estimation (AIPE) on RM-SEA for sample size planning in structural equation modeling based on Lin, TZ. & Weng, LJ. (2014) <doi:10.1080 10705511.2014.915380="">. And, it can also implement AIPE on RM-SEA and power analysis on RMSEA.</doi:10.1080>
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GAIPE-package

Graphical Extension with Accuracy in Parameter Estimation (GAIPE)

Description

Implements graphical extension with accuracy in parameter estimation (AIPE) on RMSEA for sample size planning in structural equation modeling based on Lin, T.-Z. & Weng, L.-J. (2014) <doi: 10.1080/10705511.2014.915380>.

Details

Package: GAIPE Type: Package Version: 1.1

Date: 2022-05-24 License: GPL (>= 2)

Author(s)

Tzu-Yao Lin Maintainer: Yao Lin <zaiyaolin@gmail.com>

References

Lin, T.-Z. & Weng, L.-J. (2014) Graphical Extension of Sample Size Planning With AIPE on RM-SEA Using R. Structural Equation Modeling, 21, 482-490. doi: 10.1080/10705511.2014.915380

AIPE.RMSEA

Sample size planning by AIPE approach on RMSEA

Description

Performs sample size planning by AIPE approach for RMSEA.

Usage

```
AIPE.RMSEA(rmsea, df, width, clevel = 0.95)
```

Arguments

rmsea expected RMSEA.

df model degrees of freedom.
width desired confidence width.

clevel confidence level (e.g., .90, .95, etc.).

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Value

Return the necessary sample size that satisfies the desired width of a confidence interval.

Author(s)

Tzu-Yao Lin

References

Kelley, K., & Lai, K. (2011). Accuracy in parameter estimation for the root mean square error of approximation: Sample size planning for narrow confidence intervals. Multivariate Behavioral Research, 46, 1-32. doi: 10.1080/00273171.2011.543027

Examples

```
AIPE.RMSEA(rmsea=.05,df=30,width=.02,clevel=.95)
```

CI.RMSEA

Computing the confidence interval for RMSEA

Description

Computes the confidence interval for RMSEA.

Usage

```
CI.RMSEA(rmsea, df, N, clevel=.95)
```

Arguments

rmsea expected or observed RMSEA.
df model degrees of freedom.

N sample size.

clevel confidence level (e.g., .90, .95, etc.).

Value

Return the upper and lower bound as well as the expected or observed value of the RMSEA.

Author(s)

Tzu-Yao Lin

References

Browne, M. W., & Cudeck, R. (1992). Alternative ways of assessing model fit. Sociological Methods and Research, 21(2), 230-258. doi: 10.1177/0049124192021002005

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Examples

```
CI.RMSEA(rmsea=.05, df=30, N=200, clevel=.95)
```

GAIPE.RMSEA

Sample size planning by GAIPE framework on RMSEA

Description

Draws the graph for sample size planning by GAIPE framework on RMSEA.

Usage

```
GAIPE.RMSEA(rmsea, df, width = NULL, clevel = 0.95, N = c(100, 1800, 15), PA_method = c("exact.fit", "close.fit", "not.close.fit"), H0rmsea = NULL, alpha = 0.05, power = c(0.8, 0.9, 0.95))
```

Arguments

rmsea vector of the expected RMSEA values.

df model degrees of freedom.

width vector of desired confidence interval widths to be highlighted in the graph.

clevel confidence level (e.g., .90, .95, etc.).

N vector of specifying the range and the increment of sample size for drawing con-

fidence intervals. Note that N[1:2] represents the range whereas N[3] represents

the increment.

PA_method a character string specifying the desired hypothesis test for power analysis, can

be one of "exact.fit", "close.fit", or "not.close.fit".

Hørmsea RMSEA for null hypothesis.

alpha type I error rate for power analysis.

power vector of specifying the power values for which horizontal lines are to be added

in the graph.

Details

If user wants to implement the power analysis based on RMSEA in GAIPE, the PA_method and H0rmsea have to be specified. In such a case, the first value of rmsea is the RMSEA for the alternative hypothesis.

Author(s)

Tzu-Yao Lin

References

Lin, T.-Z. & Weng, L.-J. (2014) Graphical Extension of Sample Size Planning With AIPE on RM-SEA Using R. Structural Equation Modeling, 21, 482-490. doi:10.1080/10705511.2014.915380

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Examples

```
# Drawing the graphs in Lin & Weng (2014) #

# FIGURE 2 #
GAIPE.RMSEA(rmsea=.05,df=30,width=c(.03,.04))

# FIGURE 3 #
GAIPE.RMSEA(rmsea=c(.05,.08),df=30,width=c(.03,.04))

# FIGURE 4 #
GAIPE.RMSEA(rmsea=.025,df=30,width=c(.03,.04),PA_method="not.close.fit",H0rmsea=0.05)

# FIGURE 5 #
GAIPE.RMSEA(rmsea=.05,df=30,width=c(.03,.04),PA_method="exact.fit",H0rmsea=0)
```

PA.RMSEA

Sample size planning by power analysis on RMSEA

Description

Performs sample size planning by power analysis on RMSEA.

Usage

```
PA.RMSEA(df, method = c("exact.fit", "close.fit", "not.close.fit"), H0rmsea, HArmsea, power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

df model degrees of freedom.

method a character string specifying the hypothesis test for power analysis, must be one

of "exact.fit", "close.fit", or "not.close.fit"(default).

H0rmsea RMSEA for the null hypothesis.

HArmsea RMSEA for the alternative hypothesis.

power desired power value.
alpha Type I error rate.

Value

Return the necessary sample size that achieves the desired power.

Author(s)

Tzu-Yao Lin

PA.RMSEA

References

Hancock, G. R., & Freeman, M. J. (2001). Power and sample size for the root mean square error of approximation test of not close fit in structural equation modeling. Educational and Psychological Measurement, 61(5), 741-758. doi: 10.1177/00131640121971491

MacCallum, R. C., Browne, M. W., & Sugawara, H. M. (1996). Power analysis and determination of sample size for covariance structure modeling. Psychological Methods, 1(2), 130-149. doi: 10.1037/1082-989X.1.2.130

Examples

```
PA.RMSEA(df=30,method="not.close.fit",H0rmsea=.05,HArmsea=.02,power=.8,alpha=.05)

# Reproducing Table 8 in Hancock and Freeman (2001) #

# DF=c(seq(5,100,5),seq(110,200,10),225,250)

# POWER=c(seq(.5,.99,.05),.99)

# out=matrix(NA,length(DF),length(POWER))

# for(i in 1:length(DF)){

# for(j in 1:length(POWER)){

# out[i,j]=PA.RMSEA(df=DF[i],method="not.close.fit",

# H0rmsea=.05,HArmsea=.02,power=POWER[j],alpha=.05)

# }

# colnames(out)=paste("Pi=",POWER,"",sep="")

# rownames(out)=paste("df=",DF,"",sep="")

# out
```

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