# Package 'covKCD'

## October 12, 2022

Decomposition		
Version 0.1		

Title Covariance Estimation for Matrix Data with the Kronecker-Core

**Description** Matrix-variate covariance estimation via the Kronecker-core decomposition. Computes the Kronecker and core covariance matrices corresponding to an arbitrary covariance matrix, and provides an empirical Bayes covariance estimator that adaptively shrinks towards the space of separable covariance matrices. For details, see Hoff, McCormack and Zhang (2022) <arXiv:2207.12484> ``Core Shrinkage Covariance Estimation for Matrix-variate data".

Date 2022-08-10

License GPL-3

RoxygenNote 7.2.1

NeedsCompilation no

Author Peter Hoff [aut, cre]

Maintainer Peter Hoff peter.hoff@duke.edu>
Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-08-13 12:20:08 UTC

## R topics documented:

Index

ca2cm	2
cm2ca	2
covCSE	3
covKCD	4
lmvgamma	
mcov	
msqrt	
msqrtInv	7
	•

2 cm2ca

ca2cm

Covariance array to covariance matrix

#### **Description**

Reshape a covariance array to a covariance matrix.

## Usage

```
ca2cm(A)
```

## Arguments

Α

a covariance array of dimension p1\*p2\*p1\*p2.

#### Value

```
a p1*p2 by p1*p2 covariance matrix.
```

#### Author(s)

Peter Hoff

#### **Examples**

```
p1<-4 ; p2<-7 ; p<-p1*p2
S<-rWishart(1,p,diag(p))[,,1]
A<-cm2ca(S,p1,p2)
range(S-ca2cm(A))</pre>
```

cm2ca

Covariance matrix to covariance array

## Description

Reshape a covariance matrix to a covariance array.

## Usage

```
cm2ca(S, p1, p2)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
S a covariance matrix of dimension (p1p2)*(p1p2).
```

p1 the row dimension.

p2 the column dimension.

covCSE 3

#### Value

a four-way array where entry i1,j1,i2,j2 gives the covariance between element i1,j1 and element i2,j2 of a random matrix.

#### Author(s)

Peter Hoff

#### **Examples**

```
p1<-4 ; p2<-7 ; p<-p1*p2
S<-rWishart(1,p,diag(p))[,,1]
A<-cm2ca(S,p1,p2)
range(S-ca2cm(A))</pre>
```

covCSE

Empirical Bayes core shrinkage covariance estimator

## Description

Estimate a covariance matrix by adaptively shrinking the core.

#### Usage

```
covCSE(data, n = NULL, p1 = NULL, p2 = NULL, tol = 1e-08)
```

## Arguments

data	either a numeric n*p1*p2 array consisting of n data matrices each of dimension p1*p2, or a p1*p2 covariance matrix of data of this type. If the latter, the values of n, p1 and p2 must be specified.
n	the sample size.
p1	the row dimension of the data matrices.
p2	the column dimension of the data matrices.
tol	the convergence tolerance of the iterative algorithm.

#### Value

a covariance matrix of the same dimension as S. The attribute w of S gives the shrinkage weight on the Kronecker covariance of S.

#### Author(s)

Peter Hoff

4 covKCD

#### **Examples**

```
p1<-4 ; p2<-3 ; n<-20

# create a matrix Y with separable covariance
Sig1<-rWishart(1,p1,diag(p1))[,,1]
Sig2<-rWishart(1,p2,diag(p2))[,,1]

Y<-array(rnorm(n*p1*p2),dim=c(n,p1,p2))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,3),function(y){ msqrt(Sig1)%*%y } ),c(2,1,3))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,2),function(y){ msqrt(Sig2)%*%y } ),c(2,3,1))

# covariance
S<-mcov(Y)
covCSE(S,n,p1,p2)

# now an unstructured covariance
S<-rWishart(1,p1*p2,diag(p1*p2))[,,1]
covCSE(S,n,p1,p2)</pre>
```

covKCD

Kronecker-core covariance decomposition

#### **Description**

Computes the Kronecker-core decomposition of a covariance matrix.

## Usage

```
covKCD(S, p1, p2, tol = 1e-08)
```

#### **Arguments**

S a covariance matrix of dimension (p1p2)\*(p1p2).

p1 the row dimension.

p2 the column dimension.

tol the convergence tolerance of the iterative algorithm.

#### **Details**

The Kronecker-core decomposition is a representation of an arbitrary covariance matrix S in terms of a separable Kronecker covariance matrix K and a complementary non-separable core covariance matrix C. The Kronecker covariance is the separable covariance matrix that is closest to S in terms of the divergence function

$$\log|K| + \operatorname{trace}(K^{-1}S).$$

The core covariance matrix C is computed from S and K via

$$C = K^{-1/2}SK^{-1/2}$$
.

lmvgamma 5

#### Value

covKCD returns a list with the following elements:

**K** the Kronecker covariance matrix;

**C** the core covariance matrix:

**K1** the row covariance matrix;

**K2** the column covariance matrix;

div the divergence between S and K across iterations of the algorithm.

## Author(s)

Peter Hoff

## **Examples**

```
p1<-4 ; p2<-3 ; n<-200

# create a matrix Y with separable covariance
A<-matrix(rnorm(p1*p1),p1,p1)
B<-matrix(rnorm(p2*p2),p2,p2)/3
Y<-array(rnorm(n*p1*p2),dim=c(n,p1,p2))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,3),function(y){ A%*%y } ),c(2,1,3))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,2),function(y){ B%*%y } ),c(2,3,1))

# covariance
S<-mcov(Y)

KCD<-covKCD(S,p1,p2)
plot(A%*%t(A), KCD$K1)
plot(B%*%t(B), KCD$K2)</pre>
```

lmvgamma

Log multivariate gamma function

## Description

Compute the logarithm of the multivariate gamma function  $\log \Gamma_p(a)$ .

## Usage

```
lmvgamma(a, p)
```

## Arguments

```
a numeric scalar.
```

p a positive integer.

6 mcov

#### Value

a scalar

#### Author(s)

Peter Hoff

mcov

Matrix-variate covariance matrix

#### **Description**

Compute the covariance matrix of a sample of data matrices.

#### Usage

```
mcov(Y, use = "everything")
```

#### **Arguments**

Y a numeric n\*p1\*p2 data array corresponding to n data matrices of dimension

p1\*p2.

use a character string giving method for dealing with missing values, fed to the cov

function.

## Value

a p1\*p2 by p1\*p2 sample covariance matrix of the n vectorized data matrices.

#### Author(s)

Peter Hoff

## **Examples**

```
p1<-4 ; p2<-3 ; n<-200

# create a matrix Y with separable covariance
Sig1<-rWishart(1,p1,diag(p1))[,,1]
Sig2<-rWishart(1,p2,diag(p2))[,,1]

Y<-array(rnorm(n*p1*p2),dim=c(n,p1,p2))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,3),function(y){ msqrt(Sig1)%*%y } ),c(2,1,3))
Y<-aperm( apply(Y,c(1,2),function(y){ msqrt(Sig2)%*%y } ),c(2,3,1))

# covariance
S<-mcov(Y)
image(S)</pre>
```

msqrt 7

```
plot(S,kronecker(Sig2,Sig1)) ; abline(0,1)
```

msqrt

Symmetric square root of a matrix

## Description

Compute the symmetric square root of a matrix.

## Usage

```
msqrt(M)
```

## Arguments

М

a positive semidefinite matrix.

#### Value

a positive semidefinite matrix.

## Author(s)

Peter Hoff

## **Examples**

```
S<-rWishart(1,5,diag(5))[,,1]
S
Sh<-msqrt(S)
Sh%*%Sh</pre>
```

msqrtInv

Inverse symmetric square root of a matrix

## Description

Compute the inverse of the symmetric square root of a matrix.

## Usage

```
msqrtInv(M)
```

8 msqrtInv

## Arguments

M a positive definite matrix.

## Value

a positive definite matrix.

## Author(s)

Peter Hoff

## Examples

```
S<-rWishart(1,5,diag(5))[,,1]
solve(S)
iSh<-msqrtInv(S)
iSh%*%iSh</pre>
```

# **Index**

```
ca2cm, 2
cm2ca, 2
cov, 6
covCSE, 3
covKCD, 4
lmvgamma, 5
mcov, 6
msqrt, 7
msqrtInv, 7
```