Package 'chromote'

August 30, 2024

```
Title Headless Chrome Web Browser Interface
Version 0.3.1
Description An implementation of the 'Chrome DevTools Protocol', for
      controlling a headless Chrome web browser.
License GPL-2
URL https://rstudio.github.io/chromote/,
      https://github.com/rstudio/chromote
BugReports https://github.com/rstudio/chromote/issues
Imports curl, fastmap, isonlite, later (>= 1.1.0), magrittr, processx,
      promises (>= 1.1.1), R6, rlang, utils, websocket (>= 1.2.0)
Suggests showimage, testthat (>= 3.0.0)
Config/Needs/website tidyverse/tidytemplate
Config/testthat/edition 3
Encoding UTF-8
Language en-US
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
SystemRequirements Google Chrome or other Chromium-based browser.
      chromium: chromium (rpm) or chromium-browser (deb)
NeedsCompilation no
Author Winston Chang [aut, cre],
      Barret Schloerke [aut] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9986-114X">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9986-114X</a>),
      Garrick Aden-Buie [aut] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7111-0077">https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7111-0077</a>),
      Posit Software, PBC [cph, fnd]
Maintainer Winston Chang <winston@posit.co>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2024-08-30 07:10:02 UTC
```

2 Browser

Contents

	Browser	
	Chrome	3
	ChromeRemote	4
	Chromote	5
	chromote-options	9
	ChromoteSession	10
	default_chrome_args	18
	default_chromote_object	
	find_chrome	
Index		22
		_

Browser

Browser base class

Description

Base class for browsers like Chrome, Chromium, etc. Defines the interface used by various browser implementations. It can represent a local browser process or one running remotely.

Details

The initialize() method of an implementation should set private\$host and private\$port. If the process is local, the initialize() method should also set private\$process.

Methods

Public methods:

- Browser\$is_local()
- Browser\$get_process()
- Browser\$is_alive()
- Browser\$get_host()
- Browser\$get_port()
- Browser\$close()
- Browser\$clone()

Method is_local(): Is local browser? Returns TRUE if the browser is running locally, FALSE if it's remote.

```
Usage:
Browser$is_local()

Method get_process(): Browser process
Usage:
Browser$get_process()
```

Chrome 3

```
Method is_alive(): Is the process alive?
 Browser$is_alive()
Method get_host(): Browser Host
 Usage:
 Browser$get_host()
Method get_port(): Browser port
 Usage:
 Browser$get_port()
Method close(): Close the browser
 Usage:
 Browser$close()
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 Usage:
 Browser$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Chrome

Local Chrome process

Description

This is a subclass of Browser that represents a local browser. It extends the Browser class with a processx::process object, which represents the browser's system process.

Super class

```
chromote::Browser -> Chrome
```

Methods

Public methods:

- Chrome\$new()
- Chrome\$get_path()
- Chrome\$clone()

```
Method new(): Create a new Chrome object.
```

Usage:

```
Chrome$new(path = find_chrome(), args = get_chrome_args())
```

ChromeRemote ChromeRemote

```
Arguments:

path Location of chrome installation

args A character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing Chrome. Single on-off arguments are passed as single values (e.g. "--disable-gpu"), arguments with a value are given with a nested character vector (e.g. c("--force-color-profile", "srgb")). See here for a list of possible arguments. Defaults to get_chrome_args().

Returns: A new Chrome object.

Method get_path(): Browser application path

Usage:
Chrome$get_path()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
Chrome$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

See Also

```
get_chrome_args()
```

ChromeRemote

Remote Chrome process

Description

Remote Chrome process

Super class

```
chromote::Browser -> ChromeRemote
```

Methods

Public methods:

- ChromeRemote\$new()
- ChromeRemote\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new ChromeRemote object.

Usage:

ChromeRemote\$new(host, port)

Arguments:

Chromote 5

host A string that is a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address. "0.0.0.0" represents all IPv4 addresses and "::/0" represents all IPv6 addresses.

port A number or integer that indicates the server port.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

ChromeRemote\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Chromote

Chromote class

Description

A Chromote object represents the browser as a whole, and it can have multiple *targets*, which each represent a browser tab. In the Chrome DevTools Protocol, each target can have one or more debugging *sessions* to control it. A ChromoteSession object represents a single *session*.

A Chromote object can have any number of ChromoteSession objects as children. It is not necessary to create a Chromote object manually. You can simply call:

b <- ChromoteSession\$new()</pre>

and it will automatically create a Chromote object if one has not already been created. The **chromote** package will then designate that Chromote object as the *default* Chromote object for the package, so that any future calls to ChromoteSession\$new() will automatically use the same Chromote. This is so that it doesn't start a new browser for every ChromoteSession object that is created.

Public fields

default_timeout Default timeout in seconds for **chromote** to wait for a Chrome DevTools Protocol response.

protocol Dynamic protocol implementation. For expert use only!

Methods

Public methods:

- Chromote\$new()
- Chromote\$connect()
- Chromote\$view()
- Chromote\$get_auto_events()
- Chromote\$get_child_loop()
- Chromote\$wait_for()
- Chromote\$new_session()

6 Chromote

```
• Chromote$get_sessions()
  • Chromote$register_session()
  • Chromote$send_command()
  • Chromote$invoke_event_callbacks()
  • Chromote$debug_messages()
  • Chromote$debug_log()
  • Chromote$url()
  • Chromote$is_active()
  • Chromote$is_alive()
  • Chromote$check_active()
  • Chromote$get_browser()
  • Chromote$close()
  • Chromote$print()
Method new():
 Usage:
 Chromote$new(browser = Chrome$new(), multi_session = TRUE, auto_events = TRUE)
 Arguments:
 browser A Browser object
 multi_session Should multiple sessions be allowed?
 auto_events If TRUE, enable automatic event enabling/disabling; if FALSE, disable automatic
     event enabling/disabling.
Method connect(): Re-connect the websocket to the browser. The Chrome browser automat-
ically closes websockets when your computer goes to sleep; you can use this to bring it back to
life with a new connection.
 Usage:
 Chromote$connect(multi_session = TRUE, wait_ = TRUE)
 Arguments:
 multi_session Should multiple sessions be allowed?
 wait_ If FALSE, return a promise; if TRUE wait until connection is complete.
Method view(): Display the current session in the browser
If a Chrome browser is being used, this method will open a new tab using your Chrome browser.
When not using a Chrome browser, set options(browser=) to change the default behavior of
browseURL().
 Usage:
 Chromote$view()
Method get_auto_events(): auto_events value.
For internal use only.
 Usage:
 Chromote$get_auto_events()
```

```
Method get_child_loop(): Local later loop.
For expert async usage only.
 Usage:
 Chromote$get_child_loop()
Method wait_for(): Wait until the promise resolves
Blocks the R session until the promise (p) is resolved. The loop from $get_child_loop() will
only advance just far enough for the promise to resolve.
 Usage:
 Chromote$wait_for(p)
 Arguments:
 p A promise to resolve.
Method new_session(): Create a new tab / window
 Usage:
 Chromote$new_session(width = 992, height = 1323, targetId = NULL, wait_ = TRUE)
 Arguments:
 width, height Width and height of the new window.
 targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width
     and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and
     attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.
 wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Other-
     wise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.
Method get_sessions(): Retrieve all ChromoteSession objects
 Usage:
 Chromote$get_sessions()
 Returns: A list of ChromoteSession objects
Method register_session(): Register ChromoteSession object
 Usage:
 Chromote$register_session(session)
 Arguments:
 session A ChromoteSession object
     For internal use only.
Method send_command(): Send command through Chrome DevTools Protocol.
For expert use only.
 Usage:
 Chromote$send_command(
   msg,
   callback = NULL,
   error = NULL,
   timeout = NULL,
    sessionId = NULL
 )
```

8 Chromote

```
Arguments:
 msg A JSON-serializable list containing method, and params.
 callback Method to run when the command finishes successfully.
 error Method to run if an error occurs.
 timeout Number of milliseconds for Chrome DevTools Protocol execute a method.
 sessionId Determines which ChromoteSession with the corresponding to send the command
Method invoke_event_callbacks(): Immediately call all event callback methods.
For internal use only.
 Usage:
 Chromote$invoke_event_callbacks(event, params)
 Arguments:
 event A single event string
 params A list of parameters to pass to the event callback methods.
Method debug_messages(): Enable or disable message debugging
If enabled, R will print out the
 Chromote$debug_messages(value = NULL)
 Arguments:
 value If TRUE, enable debugging. If FALSE, disable debugging.
Method debug_log(): Submit debug log message
 Examples:
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 b$parent$debug_messages(TRUE)
 b$Page$navigate("https://www.r-project.org/")
 #> SEND {"method":"Page.navigate","params":{"url":"https://www.r-project.org/"}| __truncated__}
 # Turn off debug messages
 b$parent$debug_messages(FALSE)
 Usage:
 Chromote$debug_log(...)
 Arguments:
 ... Arguments pasted together with paste0(..., collapse = "").
Method url(): Create url for a given path
 Usage:
 Chromote$url(path = NULL)
 Arguments:
 path A path string to append to the host and port
Method is_active(): Is there an active websocket connection to the browser process?
```

chromote-options 9

```
Usage:
 Chromote$is_active()
Method is_alive(): Is the underlying browser process running?
 Usage:
 Chromote$is_alive()
Method check_active(): Check that a chromote instance is active and alive. Will automatically
reconnect if browser process is alive, but there's no active web socket connection.
 Chromote$check_active()
Method get_browser(): Retrieve Browser' object
 Usage:
 Chromote$get_browser()
Method close(): Close the Browser object
 Usage:
 Chromote$close()
Method print(): Summarise the current state of the object.
 Usage:
 Chromote$print(..., verbose = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 ... Passed on to format() when verbose = TRUE
 verbose The print method defaults to a brief summary of the most important debugging info;
     use verbose = TRUE tp see the complex R6 object.
```

chromote-options

chromote Options

Description

These options and environment variables that are used by chromote. Options are lowercase and can be set with options(). Environment variables are uppercase and can be set in an .Renviron file, with Sys.setenv(), or in the shell or process running R. If both an option or environment variable are supported, chromote will use the option first.

- CHROMOTE_CHROME
 - Path to the Chrome executable. If not set, chromote will attempt to find and use the system installation of Chrome.
- chromote.headless, CHROMOTE_HEADLESS
 Headless mode for Chrome. Can be "old" or "new". See Chrome Headless mode for more details.
- chromote.timeout
 - Timeout (in seconds) for Chrome to launch or connect. Default is 10.
- chromote.launch.echo_cmd

 Echo the command used to launch Chrome to the console for debugging. Default is FALSE.

ChromoteSession

ChromoteSession class

Description

This represents one *session* in a Chromote object. Note that in the Chrome DevTools Protocol a session is a debugging session connected to a *target*, which is a browser window/tab or an iframe.

A single target can potentially have more than one session connected to it, but this is not currently supported by chromote.

Public fields

```
parent Chromote object
```

default_timeout Default timeout in seconds for **chromote** to wait for a Chrome DevTools Protocol response.

protocol Dynamic protocol implementation. For expert use only!

Methods

Public methods:

- ChromoteSession\$new()
- ChromoteSession\$view()
- ChromoteSession\$close()
- ChromoteSession\$screenshot()
- ChromoteSession\$screenshot_pdf()
- ChromoteSession\$new_session()
- ChromoteSession\$get_session_id()
- ChromoteSession\$respawn()
- ChromoteSession\$get_target_id()
- ChromoteSession\$wait_for()
- ChromoteSession\$debug_log()
- ChromoteSession\$get_child_loop()
- ChromoteSession\$send_command()
- ChromoteSession\$get_auto_events()
- ChromoteSession\$invoke_event_callbacks()
- ChromoteSession\$mark_closed()
- ChromoteSession\$is_active()
- ChromoteSession\$check_active()
- ChromoteSession\$get_init_promise()
- ChromoteSession\$print()

Method new(): Create a new ChromoteSession object.

Examples:

```
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 # Create a ChromoteSession with a specific height, width
 b <- ChromoteSession$new(height = 1080, width = 1920)
 # Navigate to page
 b$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")
 # View current chromote session
 if (interactive()) b$view()
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$new(
   parent = default_chromote_object(),
   width = 992,
   height = 1323,
   targetId = NULL,
   wait_ = TRUE,
    auto_events = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 parent Chromote object to use; defaults to default_chromote_object()
 width, height Width and height of the new window.
 targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width
     and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and
     attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.
 wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Other-
     wise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.
 auto_events If NULL (the default), use the auto_events setting from the parent Chromote
     object. If TRUE, enable automatic event enabling/disabling; if FALSE, disable automatic
     event enabling/disabling.
 Returns: A new ChromoteSession object.
Method view(): Display the current session in the Chromote browser.
If a Chrome browser is being used, this method will open a new tab using your Chrome browser.
When not using a Chrome browser, set options(browser=) to change the default behavior of
browseURL().
 Examples:
 # Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 # Navigate to page
 b$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")
 # View current chromote session
```

if (interactive()) b\$view()

```
Usage:
 ChromoteSession$view()
Method close(): Close the Chromote session.
 Examples:
 # Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 # Navigate to page
 b$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")
 # Close current chromote session
 b$close()
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$close(wait_ = TRUE)
 Arguments:
 wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession
     is closed. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has closed.
Method screenshot(): Take a PNG screenshot
 Examples:
 # Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 # Navigate to page
 b$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")
 # Take screenshot
 tmppngfile <- tempfile(fileext = ".png")</pre>
 is_interactive <- interactive() # Display screenshot if interactive</pre>
 b$screenshot(tmppngfile, show = is_interactive)
 # Show screenshot file info
 unlist(file.info(tmppngfile))
 # Take screenshot using a selector
 sidebar_file <- tempfile(fileext = ".png")</pre>
 b$screenshot(sidebar_file, selector = ".sidebar", show = is_interactive)
 # Take screenshots in parallel
 urls <- c(
   "https://www.r-project.org/",
   "https://github.com/",
   "https://news.ycombinator.com/"
```

```
# Helper method that:
# 1. Navigates to the given URL
# 2. Waits for the page loaded event to fire
# 3. Takes a screenshot
# 4. Prints a message
# 5. Close the ChromoteSession
screenshot_p <- function(url, filename = NULL) {</pre>
  if (is.null(filename)) {
    filename <- gsub("^.*://", "", url)
    filename <- gsub("/", "_", filename)
filename <- gsub("\\.", "_", filename)
filename <- sub("\\.", "", filename)
    filename <- paste0(filename, ".png")</pre>
  }
  b2 <- b$new_session()</pre>
  b2$Page$navigate(url, wait_ = FALSE)
  b2$Page$loadEventFired(wait_ = FALSE)$
    then(function(value) {
      b2$screenshot(filename, wait_ = FALSE)
    then(function(value) {
      message(filename)
    finally(function() {
      b2$close()
    })
}
# Take multiple screenshots simultaneously
ps <- lapply(urls, screenshot_p)</pre>
pa <- promises::promise_all(.list = ps)$then(function(value) {</pre>
  message("Done!")
})
# Block the console until the screenshots finish (optional)
b$wait_for(pa)
#> www_r-project_org.png
#> github_com.png
#> news_ycombinator_com.png
#> Done!
Usage:
ChromoteSession$screenshot(
  filename = "screenshot.png",
  selector = "html",
  cliprect = NULL,
  region = c("content", "padding", "border", "margin"),
```

```
expand = NULL,
scale = 1,
show = FALSE,
delay = 0.5,
options = list(),
wait_ = TRUE
)
```

Arguments:

filename File path of where to save the screenshot. The format of the screenshot is inferred from the file extension; use options = list(format = "jpeg") to manually choose the format. See Page.captureScreenshot for supported formats; at the time of this release the format options were "png" (default), "jpeg", or "webp".

selector CSS selector to use for the screenshot.

cliprect An unnamed vector or list containing values for top, left, width, and height, in that order. See Page.Viewport for more information. If provided, selector and expand will be ignored. To provide a scale, use the scale parameter.

region CSS region to use for the screenshot.

expand Extra pixels to expand the screenshot. May be a single value or a numeric vector of top, right, bottom, left values.

scale Page scale factor

show If TRUE, the screenshot will be displayed in the viewer.

delay The number of seconds to wait before taking the screenshot after resizing the page. For complicated pages, this may need to be increased.

options Additional options passed to Page.captureScreenshot.

wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession has saved the screenshot. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has saved the screenshot.

Method screenshot_pdf(): Take a PDF screenshot

```
Examples:
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
b <- ChromoteSession$new()

# Navigate to page
b$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")

# Take screenshot
tmppdffile <- tempfile(fileext = ".pdf")
b$screenshot_pdf(tmppdffile)

# Show PDF file info
unlist(file.info(tmppdffile))

Usage:
ChromoteSession$screenshot_pdf(
   filename = "screenshot.pdf",
   pagesize = "letter",</pre>
```

```
margins = 0.5,
    units = c("in", "cm"),
    landscape = FALSE,
    display_header_footer = FALSE,
   print_background = FALSE,
   scale = 1,
   wait_ = TRUE
 )
 Arguments:
 filename File path of where to save the screenshot.
 pagesize A single character value in the set "letter", "legal", "tabloid", "ledger" and
     "a0" through "a1". Or a numeric vector c(width, height) specifying the page size.
 margins A numeric vector c(top, right, bottom, left) specifying the page margins.
 units Page and margin size units. Either "in" or "cm" for inches and centimeters respectively.
 landscape Paper orientation.
 display_header_footer Display header and footer.
 print_background Print background graphics.
 scale Page scale factor.
 wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession
     has saved the screenshot. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has saved the scren-
     shot.
Method new_session(): Create a new tab / window
 Examples:
 b1 <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 b1$Page$navigate("http://www.google.com")
 b2 <- b1$new_session()
 b2$Page$navigate("http://www.r-project.org/")
 b1$Runtime$evaluate("window.location", returnByValue = TRUE)$result$value$href
 #> [1] "https://www.google.com/"
 b2$Runtime$evaluate("window.location", returnByValue = TRUE)$result$value$href
 #> [1] "https://www.r-project.org/"
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$new_session(
   width = 992,
   height = 1323,
   targetId = NULL,
   wait_ = TRUE
 )
 Arguments:
 width, height Width and height of the new window.
 targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width
     and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and
```

attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.

```
wait_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession
     has created a new session. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has created a new
     session.
Method get_session_id(): Retrieve the session id
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$get_session_id()
Method respawn(): Create a new session that connects to the same target (i.e. page) as this
session. This is useful if the session has been closed but the target still exists.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$respawn()
Method get_target_id(): Retrieve the target id
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$get_target_id()
Method wait_for(): Wait for a Chromote Session to finish. This method will block the R ses-
sion until the provided promise resolves. The loop from $get_child_loop() will only advance
just far enough for the promise to resolve.
 Examples:
 b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
 # Async with promise
 p <- b$Browser$getVersion(wait_ = FALSE)</pre>
 p$then(str)
 # Async with callback
 b$Browser$getVersion(wait_ = FALSE, callback_ = str)
 ChromoteSession$wait_for(p)
 Arguments:
```

Method debug_log(): Send a debug log message to the parent Chromote object

p A promise to resolve.

```
Examples:
b <- ChromoteSession$new()
b$parent$debug_messages(TRUE)
b$Page$navigate("https://www.r-project.org/")
#> SEND {"method":"Page.navigate","params":{"url":"https://www.r-project.org/"}| __truncated__}
# Turn off debug messages
b$parent$debug_messages(FALSE)

Usage:
ChromoteSession$debug_log(...)

Arguments:
```

```
... Arguments pasted together with paste0(..., collapse = "").
Method get_child_loop(): later loop.
For expert async usage only.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$get_child_loop()
Method send_command(): Send command through Chrome DevTools Protocol.
For expert use only.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$send_command(
   msg,
   callback = NULL,
   error = NULL,
    timeout = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 msg A JSON-serializable list containing method, and params.
 callback Method to run when the command finishes successfully.
 error Method to run if an error occurs.
 timeout Number of milliseconds for Chrome DevTools Protocol execute a method.
Method get_auto_events(): Resolved auto_events value.
For internal use only.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$get_auto_events()
Method invoke_event_callbacks(): Immediately call all event callback methods.
For internal use only.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$invoke_event_callbacks(event, params)
 Arguments:
 event A single event string
 params A list of parameters to pass to the event callback methods.
Method mark_closed(): Mark a session, and optionally, the underlying target, as closed. For
internal use only.
 Usage:
 ChromoteSession$mark_closed(target_closed)
 target_closed Has the underlying target been closed as well as the active debugging session?
Method is_active(): Retrieve active status Once initialized, the value returned is TRUE. If
```

\$close() has been called, this value will be FALSE.

default_chrome_args

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$is_active()

Method check_active(): Check that a session is active, erroring if not.

Usage:
ChromoteSession$check_active()

Method get_init_promise(): Initial promise

For internal use only.

Usage:
ChromoteSession$get_init_promise()

Method print(): Summarise the current state of the object.

Usage:
ChromoteSession$print(..., verbose = FALSE)

Arguments:
... Passed on to format() when verbose = TRUE

verbose The print method defaults to a brief summary of the most important debugging info;
use verbose = TRUE tp see the complex R6 object.
```

default_chrome_args

Default Chrome arguments

Description

A character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing any new instance of Chrome. Single on-off arguments are passed as single values (e.g."--disable-gpu"), arguments with a value are given with a nested character vector (e.g. c("--force-color-profile", "srgb")). See here for a list of possible arguments.

Usage

```
default_chrome_args()
get_chrome_args()
set_chrome_args(args)
```

Arguments

args

A character vector of command-line arguments (or NULL) to be used with every new ChromoteSession.

default_chrome_args 19

Details

Default chromote arguments are composed of the following values (when appropriate):

- "-disable-gpu"
 - Only added on Windows, as empirically it appears to be needed (if not, check runs on GHA never terminate).
 - Disables GPU hardware acceleration. If software renderer is not in place, then the GPU process won't launch.
- "-no-sandbox"
 - Only added when CI system environment variable is set, when the user on a Linux system is not set, or when executing inside a Docker container.
 - Disables the sandbox for all process types that are normally sandboxed. Meant to be used as a browser-level switch for testing purposes only
- "-disable-dev-shm-usage"
 - Only added when CI system environment variable is set or when inside a docker instance.
 - The /dev/shm partition is too small in certain VM environments, causing Chrome to fail or crash.
- "-force-color-profile=srgb"
 - This means that screenshots taken on a laptop plugged into an external monitor will often have subtly different colors than one taken when the laptop is using its built-in monitor. This problem will be even more likely across machines.
 - Force all monitors to be treated as though they have the specified color profile.
- "-disable-extensions"
 - Disable extensions.
- "-mute-audio"
 - Mutes audio sent to the audio device so it is not audible during automated testing.

Value

A character vector of default command-line arguments to be used with every new ChromoteSession

Functions

- default_chrome_args(): Returns a character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing Chrome. See Details for more information.
- get_chrome_args(): Retrieves the default command-line arguments passed to Chrome during initialization. Returns either NULL or a character vector.
- set_chrome_args(): Sets the default command-line arguments passed when initializing. Returns the updated defaults.

Examples

```
old_chrome_args <- get_chrome_args()

# Disable the gpu and use of `/dev/shm`
set_chrome_args(c("--disable-gpu", "--disable-dev-shm-usage"))

#... Make new `Chrome` or `ChromoteSession` instance

# Restore old defaults
set_chrome_args(old_chrome_args)</pre>
```

```
default_chromote_object
```

Default Chromote object

Description

Returns the Chromote package's default Chromote object. If there is not currently a default Chromote object that is active, then one will be created and set as the default.

Usage

```
default_chromote_object()
has_default_chromote_object()
set_default_chromote_object(x)
```

Arguments

Х

A Chromote object.

Details

ChromoteSession\$new() calls this function by default, if the parent is not specified. That means that when ChromoteSession\$new() is called and there is not currently an active default Chromote object, then a new Chromote object will be created and set as the default.

find_chrome 21

find_chrome

Find path to Chrome or Chromium browser

Description

chromote requires a Chrome- or Chromium-based browser with support for the Chrome DevTools Protocol. There are many such browser variants, including Google Chrome, Chromium, Microsoft Edge and others.

If you want **chromote** to use a specific browser, set the CHROMOTE_CHROME environment variable to the full path to the browser's executable. Note that when CHROMOTE_CHROME is set, **chromote** will use the value without any additional checks. On Mac, for example, one could use Microsoft Edge by setting CHROMOTE_CHROME with the following:

```
Sys.setenv(
   CHROMOTE_CHROME = "/Applications/Microsoft Edge.app/Contents/MacOS/Microsoft Edge"
)
```

When CHROMOTE_CHROME is not set, find_chrome() will perform a limited search to find a reasonable executable. On Windows, find_chrome() consults the registry to find chrome.exe. On Mac, it looks for Google Chrome in the /Applications folder (or tries the same checks as on Linux). On Linux, it searches for several common executable names.

Usage

```
find_chrome()
```

Value

A character vector with the value of CHROMOTE_CHROME, or a path to the discovered Chrome executable. If no path to is found, find_chrome() returns NULL.

Examples

```
find_chrome()
```

Index

```
Browser, 2, 3, 6, 9
browseURL(), 6, 11
Chrome, 3, 6, 11, 18, 19
ChromeRemote, 4
Chromote, 5, 10, 11, 16, 20
chromote-options, 9
chromote::Browser, 3, 4
ChromoteSession, 7, 8, 10, 18-20
default_chrome_args, 18
default_chromote_object, 20
default_chromote_object(), 11
find_chrome, 21
get_chrome_args (default_chrome_args),
get_chrome_args(), 4
has_default_chromote_object
        (default_chromote_object), 20
processx::process, 3
promises::promise(), 7, 11, 12, 14-16
set_chrome_args (default_chrome_args),
set_default_chromote_object
        (default_chromote_object), 20
```