Package 'AzureCosmosR'

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Title Interface to the 'Azure Cosmos DB' 'NoSQL' Database Service

Version 1.0.0

Description An interface to 'Azure Cos-

mosDB': https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/cosmos-db/. On the admin side, 'AzureCosmosR' provides functionality to create and manage 'Cosmos DB' instances in Microsoft's 'Azure' cloud. On the client side, it provides an interface to the 'Cosmos DB' SQL API, letting the user store and query documents and attachments in 'Cosmos DB'. Part of the 'AzureR' family of packages.

URL https://github.com/Azure/AzureCosmosR
https://github.com/Azure/AzureR

BugReports https://github.com/Azure/AzureCosmosR/issues

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Description

Class representing an Azure Cosmos DB account. For working with the data inside the account, see cosmos_endpoint and cosmos_database.

Methods

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the AzureRMR::az_resource class:

- list_keys(read_only=FALSE): Return the access keys for this account.
- regen_key(kind): Regenerate (change) an access key. kind should be one of "primary", "secondary", "primaryReadonly" or "secondaryReadonly".
- get_endpoint(interface, ...): Return a default endpoint object for interacting with the data. See 'Endpoints' below.
- get_sql_endpoint(key, key_type): Return an object representing the core (SQL) endpoint of the account.
- get_table_endpoint(key): Return an object representing the table storage endpoint of the
- get_mongo_endpoint(collection, key, mongo_options): Return an object representing the MongoDB enpoint of the account.

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Details

Initializing a new object of this class can either retrieve an existing Cosmos DB resource, or create a new resource on the host. Generally, the best way to initialize an object is via the get_cosmosdb_account or create_cosmosdb_account methods of the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class, which handle the details automatically.

Endpoints

Azure Cosmos DB provides multiple APIs for accessing the data stored within the account. You choose at account creation the API that you want to use: core (SQL), table storage, Mongo DB, Apache Cassandra, or Gremlin. The following methods allow you to create an endpoint object corresponding to these APIs.

- get_endpoint(interface=NULL, ...): Return an endpoint object for interacting with the data. The default interface=NULL will choose the interface that you selected at account creation. Otherwise, set interface to one of "sql", "table", "mongo", "cassandra" or "gremlin" to create an endpoint object for that API. It's an error to select an interface that the Cosmos DB account doesn't actually provide.
- get_sql_endpoint(key, key_type=c("master", "resource")): Return an endpoint object for the core (SQL) API, of class cosmos_endpoint. A master key provides full access to all the data in the account; a resource key provides access only to a chosen subset of the data.
- get_table_endpoint(key): Return an endpoint object for the table storage API, of class AzureTableStor::table_endpoint.
- get_mongo_endpoint(key, mongo_options): Return an endpoint object for the MongoDB API, of class cosmos_mongo_endpoint. mongo_options should be an optional named list of parameters to set in the connection string.

Note that AzureCosmosR provides a client framework only for the SQL API. To use the table storage API, you will also need the AzureTableStor package, and to use the MongoDB API, you will need the mongolite package. Currently, the Cassandra and Gremlin APIs are not supported.

As an alternative to AzureCosmosR, you can also use the ODBC protocol to interface with the SQL API. By installing a suitable ODBC driver, you can then talk to Cosmos DB in a manner similar to other SQL databases. An advantage of the ODBC interface is that it fully supports cross-partition queries, unlike the REST API. A disadvantage is that it does not support nested document fields; functions like array_contains() cannot be used, and attempts to reference arrays and objects may return incorrect results.

See Also

 $get_cosmosdb_account, \ create_cosmosdb_account, \ delete_cosmosdb_account$

cosmos_endpoint, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, query_documents, cosmos_mongo_endpoint, AzureTableStor::table_endpoint, mongolite::mongo

bulk_delete

bulk_delete

Delete a set of documents from an Azure Cosmos DB container

Description

Delete a set of documents from an Azure Cosmos DB container

Usage

```
bulk_delete(container, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
bulk_delete(
  container,
  query,
  partition_key,
  procname = "_AzureCosmosR_bulkDelete",
  headers = list(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

container A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or

create_cosmos_container.

query A query specifying which documents to delete.

partition_key Optionally, limit the deletion only to documents with this key value.

procname The stored procedure name to use for the server-side import code. Change this

if, for some reason, the default name is taken.

headers, ... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

Details

This is a convenience function to delete multiple documents from a container. It works by creating a stored procedure and then calling it with the supplied query as a parameter. This function is not meant for production use.

Value

The number of rows deleted.

See Also

bulk_import, cosmos_container

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Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
cont <- create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")

# importing the Star Wars data from dplyr
bulk_import(cont, dplyr::starwars)

# deleting a subset of documents
bulk_delete(cont, "select * from mycontainer c where c.gender = 'masculine'")

# deleting documents for a specific partition key value
bulk_delete(cont, "select * from mycontainer", partition_key="male")

# deleting all documents
bulk_delete(cont, "select * from mycontainer")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

bulk_import

Import a set of documents to an Azure Cosmos DB container

Description

Import a set of documents to an Azure Cosmos DB container

Usage

```
bulk_import(container, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
bulk_import(
  container,
  data,
  init_chunksize = 1000,
  verbose = TRUE,
  procname = "_AzureCosmosR_bulkImport",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

container A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or create_cosmos_container.

Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

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data The data to import. Can be a data frame, or a string containing JSON text.

init_chunksize The number of rows to import per chunk. bulk_import can adjust this number

dynamically based on observed performance.

verbose Whether to print updates to the console as the import progresses.

procname The stored procedure name to use for the server-side import code. Change this

if, for some reason, the default name is taken.

Details

This is a convenience function to import a dataset into a container. It works by creating a stored procedure and then calling it in a loop, passing the to-be-imported data in chunks. The dataset must include a column for the container's partition key or an error will result.

Note that this function is not meant for production use. In particular, if the import fails midway through, it will not clean up after itself: you should call bulk_delete to remove the remnants of a failed import.

Value

A list containing the number of rows imported, for each value of the partition key.

See Also

bulk_delete, cosmos_container

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
cont <- create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")

# importing the Star Wars data from dplyr
# notice that rows with sex=NA are not imported
bulk_import(cont, dplyr::starwars)

# importing from a JSON file
writeLines(jsonlite::toJSON(dplyr::starwars), "starwars.json")
bulk_import(cont, "starwars.json")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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cosmos_endpoint

Client endpoint for Azure Cosmos DB core API

Description

Client endpoint for Azure Cosmos DB core API

Usage

```
cosmos_endpoint(
  host,
  key,
 key_type = c("master", "resource"),
  api_version = getOption("azure_cosmosdb_api_version")
)
call_cosmos_endpoint(
  endpoint,
  path,
  resource_type,
  resource_link,
  options = list(),
  headers = list(),
  body = NULL,
  encode = "json",
  do_continuations = TRUE,
  http_verb = c("GET", "DELETE", "PUT", "POST", "PATCH", "HEAD"),
  num_retries = 10,
)
process_cosmos_response(response, ...)
## S3 method for class 'response'
process_cosmos_response(
  http_status_handler = c("stop", "warn", "message", "pass"),
  return_headers = NULL,
  simplify = FALSE,
)
## S3 method for class 'list'
process_cosmos_response(
  response,
  http_status_handler = c("stop", "warn", "message", "pass"),
  return_headers = NULL,
```

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```
simplify = FALSE,
...
)
```

Arguments

host For cosmos_endpoint, the host URL for the endpoint. Typically of the form

https://{account-name}.documents.azure.com:443/ (note the port num-

ber).

key For cosmos_endpoint, a string containing the password for the endpoint. This

can be either a master key or a resource token.

key_type For cosmos_endpoint, the type of the key, either "master" or "resource".

api_version For cosmos_endpoint, the API version to use.

endpoint For call_cosmos_endpoint, a Cosmos DB endpoint object, as returned by

cosmos_endpoint.

path For call_cosmos_endpoint, the path in the URL for the endpoint call.

resource_type For call_cosmos_endpoint, the type of resource: for example, "dbs" for a

database, "colls" for a collection (container), "docs" for a document, etc.

resource_link For call_cosmos_endpoint, a string to pass to the API for authorization pur-

poses. See the Cosmos DB API documentation for more information.

options For call_cosmos_endpoint, query options to include in the request URL.

headers For call_cosmos_endpoint, any HTTP headers to include in the request. You

don't need to include authorization headers as call_cosmos_endpoint will take

care of the details.

body For call_cosmos_endpoint, the body of the request if any.

encode For call_cosmos_endpoint, the encoding (really content-type) of the request

body. The Cosmos DB REST API uses JSON, so there should rarely be a need

to change this argument.

do_continuations

For call_cosmos_endpoint, whether to automatically handle paged responses.

If FALSE, only the initial response is returned.

http_verb For call_cosmos_endpoint, the HTTP verb for the request. One of "GET",

"POST", "PUT", "PATCH", "HEAD" or "DELETE".

num_retries For call_cosmos_endpoint, how many times to retry a failed request. Useful

for dealing with rate limiting issues.

... Arguments passed to lower-level functions.

response For process_cosmos_response, the returned object from a call_cosmos_endpoint

call. This will be either a single httr request object, or a list of such objects.

http_status_handler

For process_cosmos_response, the R handler for the HTTP status code of the response. "stop", "warn" or "message" will call the corresponding handlers in httr, while "pass" ignores the status code. The latter is primarily useful for

debugging purposes.

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return_headers For process_cosmos_response, whether to return the headers from the response object(s), as opposed to the body. Defaults to TRUE if the original endpoint call was a HEAD request, and FALSE otherwise.

For process_cosmos_response, whether to convert arrays of objects into data frames via the simplifyDataFrame argument to jsonlite::fromJSON.

Details

These functions are the basis of the SQL API client framework provided by AzureCosmosR. The cosmos_endpoint function returns a client object, which can then be passed to other functions for querying databases and containers. The call_cosmos_endpoint function sends calls to the REST endpoint, the results of which are then processed by process_cosmos_response.

In most cases, you should not have to use call_cosmos_endpoint directly. Instead, use do_cosmos_op which provides a slightly higher-level interface to the API, by providing sensible defaults for the resource_type andresource_link arguments and partially filling in the request path.

As an alternative to AzureCosmosR, you can also use the ODBC protocol to interface with the SQL API. By installing a suitable ODBC driver, you can then talk to Cosmos DB in a manner similar to other SQL databases. An advantage of the ODBC interface is that it fully supports cross-partition queries, unlike the REST API. A disadvantage is that it does not support nested document fields; functions like array_contains() cannot be used, and attempts to reference arrays and objects may return incorrect results.

Note that AzureCosmosR is a framework for communicating directly with the *core* Cosmos DB client API, also known as the "SQL" API. Cosmos DB provides other APIs as options when creating an account, such as Cassandra, MongoDB, table storage and Gremlin. These APIs are not supported by AzureCosmosR, but you can use other R packages for working with them. For example, you can use AzureTableStor to work with the table storage API, or mongolite to work with the MongoDB API.

Value

For cosmos_endpoint, an object of S3 class cosmos_endpoint.

For call_cosmos_endpoint, either a httr response object, or a list of such responses (if a paged query, and do_continuations is TRUE).

For process_cosmos_response and a single response object, the content of the response. This can be either the parsed response body (if return_headers is FALSE) or the headers (if return_headers is TRUE).

For process_cosmos_response and a list of response objects, a list containing the individual contents of each response.

See Also

do_cosmos_op, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, az_cosmosdb

httr::VERB, which is what carries out the low-level work of sending the HTTP request.

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
# properties for the Cosmos DB account
call_cosmos_endpoint(endp, "", "", "") %>%
    process_cosmos_response()
## End(Not run)
```

cosmos_mongo_endpoint MongoDB endpoint for Azure Cosmos DB

Description

MongoDB endpoint for Azure Cosmos DB

Usage

```
cosmos_mongo_endpoint(
  host,
  key,
  mongo_options = list(),
  connection_string = NULL
)

cosmos_mongo_connection(endpoint, ...)

## S3 method for class 'cosmos_mongo_endpoint'
cosmos_mongo_connection(endpoint, collection, database, ...)
```

Arguments

host For cosmos_mongo_endpoint, the URL of the Cosmos DB MongoDB endpoint.

Usually of the form "https://account-name.mongo.cosmos.azure.com:443/".

key For cosmos_mongo_endpoint, a string containing the access key (password) for

the endpoint. Can be either a read-write or read-only key.

mongo_options For cosmos_mongo_endpoint, a named list containing any additional parame-

ters for the MongoDB connection string.

connection_string

Alternatively, the full connection string for the MongoDB endpoint. If this is supplied, all other arguments to cosmos_mongo_endpoint are ignored. Note that if you already have the full connection string, you most likely do not need

AzureCosmosR and can call mongolite::mongo directly.

endpoint For cosmos_mongo_connection, a MongoDB endpoint object as obtained from cosmos_mongo_endpoint.

... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

collection, database

For cosmos_mongo_connection, the collection and database to connect to.

Details

These functions act as a bridge between the Azure resource and the functionality provided by the mongolite package.

Value

For cosmos_mongo_endpoint, an object of S3 class cosmos_mongo_endpoint.

For cosmos_mongo_connection, an object of class mongolite::mongo which can then be used to interact with the given collection.

See Also

```
az_cosmosdb, mongolite::mongo
```

For the SQL API client framework: cosmos_endpoint, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, query_documents

Examples

Create Azure Cosmos DB account

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

```
create_cosmosdb_account(
   name,
   location = self$location,
   interface = c("sql", "cassandra", "mongo", "table", "graph"),
   serverless = FALSE,
   free_tier = FALSE,
   properties = list(),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

- name: The name of the Cosmos DB account.
- location: The location/region in which to create the account. Defaults to the resource group's location.
- interface: The default API by which to access data in the account.
- serverless: Whether this account should use provisioned throughput or a serverless mode. In the latter, you are charged solely on the basis of the traffic generated by your database operations. Serverless mode is best suited for small-to-medium workloads with light and intermittent traffic that is hard to forecast; it is currently (January 2021) in preview.
- free_tier: Whether this account should be in the free tier, in which a certain amount of database operations are provided free of charge. You can have one free tier account per subscription.
- properties: Additional properties to set for the account.
- wait: Whether to wait until the Cosmos DB account provisioning is complete.
- ...: Optional arguments to pass to az_cosmosdb\$new().

Details

This method creates a new Azure Cosmos DB account in the given resource group. Azure Cosmos DB is a globally distributed multi-model database that supports the document, graph, and key-value data models.

The ARM resource object provides methods for working in the management plane. For working in the data plane, AzureCosmosR provides a client framework that interfaces with the core (SQL) API. Other packages provide functionality for other APIs, such as AzureTableStor for table storage and mongolite for MongoDB.

Value

An object of class az_cosmosdb representing the Cosmos DB account.

See Also

```
get_cosmosdb_account, delete_cosmosdb_account
```

For the SQL API client framework: cosmos_endpoint, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, query_documents

For the table storage API: AzureTableStor::table_endpoint

For the MongoDB API: cosmos_mongo_endpoint, mongolite::mongo

delete_cosmosdb_account

Delete Azure Cosmos DB account

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

```
delete_cosmosdb_account(name, confirm = TRUE, wait = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- name: The name of the Cosmos DB account.
- confirm: Whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.
- wait: Whether to wait until the deletion has completed before returning.

Details

This method deletes an existing Azure Cosmos DB account.

See Also

create_cosmosdb_account, get_cosmosdb_account

For the SQL API client framework: cosmos_endpoint, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, query_documents

For the table storage API: AzureTableStor::table_endpoint

For the MongoDB API: cosmos_mongo_endpoint, mongolite::mongo

do_cosmos_op

Carry out a Cosmos DB operation

Description

Carry out a Cosmos DB operation

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Usage

```
do_cosmos_op(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
do_cosmos_op(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
do_cosmos_op(object, path = "", resource_type = "dbs", resource_link = "", ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
do_cosmos_op(
 object,
 path = "",
  resource_type = "colls",
  resource_link = "",
)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_document'
do_cosmos_op(
  object,
 path = "",
  resource_type = "docs",
 resource_link = "",
 headers = list(),
)
```

Arguments

object A Cosmos DB endpoint, database, container or document object.

... Arguments passed to lower-level functions.

The (partial) URL path for the operation.

resource_type The type of resource. For most purposes, the default value should suffice.

resource_link The resource link for authorization. For most purposes, the default value should

suffice.

headers Any optional HTTP headers to include in the API call.

Details

do_cosmos_op provides a higher-level interface to the Cosmos DB REST API than call_cosmos_endpoint. In particular, it sets the resource_type and resource_link arguments to sensible defaults, and fills in the beginning of the URL path for the REST call.

Value

The result of call_cosmos_endpoint: either a httr response object, or a list of such objects. Call process_cosmos_response to extract the result of the call.

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Examples

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

```
get_cosmosdb_account(name)
list_cosmosdb_accounts()
```

Arguments

• name: The name of the Cosmos DB account.

Details

get_cosmosdb_account retrieves the details for an existing Azure Cosmos DB account. list_cosmosdb_accounts retrieves all the Cosmos DB accounts within the resource group.

Value

For get_cosmosdb_account, an object of class az_cosmosdb representing the Cosmos DB account. For list_cosmosdb_accounts, a list of such objects.

See Also

```
create_cosmosdb_account, delete_cosmosdb_account
```

For the SQL API client framework: cosmos_endpoint, cosmos_database, cosmos_container, query_documents

For the table storage API: Azure Table Stor::table_endpoint

For the MongoDB API: cosmos_mongo_endpoint, mongolite::mongo

Description

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB containers

Usage

```
get_cosmos_container(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
get_cosmos_container(object, container, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
get_cosmos_container(object, database, container, ...)
create_cosmos_container(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
create_cosmos_container(
 object,
  container,
 partition_key,
 partition_version = 2,
  autoscale_maxRUs = NULL,
 manual_RUs = NULL,
 headers = list(),
)
delete_cosmos_container(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
delete_cosmos_container(object, container, confirm = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
delete_cosmos_container(object, ...)
list_cosmos_containers(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
list_cosmos_containers(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object

A Cosmos DB database object, as obtained from get_cosmos_database or create_cosmos_database, or for delete_cosmos_container.cosmos_container,

get_cosmos_container 17

the container object.

container The name of the container.

database For get_cosmos_container.cosmos_endpoint, the name of the database that

includes the container.

partition_key For create_cosmos_container, the name of the partition key.

partition_version

For create_cosmos_container, the partition version. Can be either 1 or 2. Version 2 supports large partition key values (longer than 100 bytes) but requires API version 2018-12-31 or later. Use version 1 if the container needs to be

accessible to older Cosmos DB SDKs.

autoscale_maxRUs, manual_RUs

For create_cosmos_container, optional parameters for the maximum request units (RUs) allowed. See the Cosmos DB documentation for more details.

headers, ... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

confirm For delete_cosmos_container, whether to ask for confirmation before delet-

ing.

Details

These are methods for working with Cosmos DB containers using the core (SQL) API. A container is analogous to a table in SQL, or a collection in MongoDB.

get_cosmos_container, create_cosmos_container, delete_cosmos_container and list_cosmos_containers provide basic container management functionality.

get_partition_key returns the name of the partition key column in the container, and list_partition_key_values returns all the distinct values for this column. These are useful when working with queries that have to be mapped across partitions.

Value

For get_cosmos_container and create_cosmos_container, an object of class cosmos_container. For list_cosmos_con a list of such objects.

See Also

cosmos_container, query_documents, bulk_import, bulk_delete

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")
list_cosmos_containers(db)
cont <- get_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer")</pre>
```

get_cosmos_database

```
delete_cosmos_container(cont)
## End(Not run)
```

 $get_cosmos_database$

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB databases

Description

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB databases

Usage

```
get_cosmos_database(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
get_cosmos_database(object, database, ...)
create_cosmos_database(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
create_cosmos_database(
 object,
  database,
  autoscale_maxRUs = NULL,
 manual_RUs = NULL,
 headers = list(),
)
delete_cosmos_database(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
delete_cosmos_database(object, database, confirm = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_database'
delete_cosmos_database(object, ...)
list_cosmos_databases(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_endpoint'
list_cosmos_databases(object, ...)
```

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Arguments

object A Cosmos DB endpoint object as obtained from cosmos_endpoint, or for delete_cosmos_database.co

the database object.

database The name of the Cosmos DB database.

autoscale_maxRUs, manual_RUs

For create_cosmos_database, optional parameters for the maximum request units (RUs) allowed. See the Cosmos DB documentation for more details.

headers, ... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

confirm For delete_cosmos_database, whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.

Details

These are methods for managing Cosmos DB databases using the core (SQL) API.

Value

get_cosmos_database and create_cosmos_database return an object of class cosmos_database.
list_cosmos_databases returns a list of such objects.

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
create_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
list_cosmos_databases(endp)
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
delete_cosmos_database(db)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_document

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB documents

Description

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB documents

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Usage

```
get_document(object, ...)
create_document(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
create_document(object, data, headers = list(), ...)
list_documents(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
list_documents(
 object,
 partition_key = NULL,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
 metadata = TRUE,
 headers = list(),
)
delete_document(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
delete_document(
 object,
  id,
  partition_key,
 headers = list(),
 confirm = TRUE,
)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_document'
delete_document(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or

create_cosmos_container.

data For create_document, the document data. This can be either a string containing

JSON text, or a (possibly nested) list containing the parsed JSON.

headers, ... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

partition_key For get_document and delete_document, the value of the partition key for

the desired document. For list_documents, restrict the returned list only to

documents with this key value.

as_data_frame For list_documents, whether to return a data frame or a list of Cosmos DB

document objects. Note that the default value is FALSE, unlike query_documents.

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metadata	For get_document and list_documents, whether to include Cosmos DB document metadata in the result.
id	The document ID.
confirm	For delete_cosmos_container, whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.

Details

These are low-level functions for working with individual documents in a Cosmos DB container. In most cases you will want to use query_documents to issue queries against the container, or bulk_import and bulk_delete to create and delete documents.

Value

get_document and create_document return an object of S3 class cosmos_document. The actual document contents can be found in the data component of this object.

list_documents returns a list of cosmos_document objects if as_data_frame is FALSE, and a data frame otherwise.

See Also

```
query_documents, bulk_import, bulk_delete, cosmos_container
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")
cont <- get_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer")

# a list of document objects
list_documents(cont)

# a data frame
list_documents(cont, as_data_frame=TRUE)

# a single document
doc <- get_document(cont, "mydocumentid")
doc$data

delete_document(doc)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_partition_key

Container partition key information

Description

Container partition key information

Usage

```
get_partition_key(container)
list_partition_key_values(container)
list_partition_key_ranges(container)
```

Arguments

container

An object of class cosmos_container.

Details

These are functions to facilitate working with a Cosmos DB container, which often requires knowledge of its partition key.

Value

For get_partition_key, the name of the partition key column as a string.

For list_partition_key_values, a character vector of all the values of the partition key.

For list_partition_key_ranges, a character vector of the IDs of the partition key ranges.

get_stored_procedure

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB stored procedures

Description

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB stored procedures

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Usage

```
get_stored_procedure(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
get_stored_procedure(object, procname, ...)
list_stored_procedures(object, ...)
create_stored_procedure(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
create_stored_procedure(object, procname, body, ...)
exec_stored_procedure(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
exec_stored_procedure(object, procname, parameters = list(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_stored_procedure'
exec_stored_procedure(object, ...)
replace_stored_procedure(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
replace_stored_procedure(object, procname, body, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_stored_procedure'
replace_stored_procedure(object, body, ...)
delete_stored_procedure(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
delete_stored_procedure(object, procname, confirm = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_stored_procedure'
delete_stored_procedure(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or

create_cosmos_container, or for delete_stored_procedure.cosmos_stored_procedure,

the stored procedure object.

... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

procname The name of the stored procedure.

body For create_stored_procedure and replace_stored_procedure, the body of

the stored procedure. This can be either a character string containing the source

code, or the name of a source file.

parameters For exec_stored_procedure, a list of parameters to pass to the procedure.

For delete_stored_procedure, whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.

Details

These are methods for working with stored procedures in Azure Cosmos DB using the core (SQL) API. In the Cosmos DB model, stored procedures are written in JavaScript and associated with a container.

Value

For get_stored_procedure and create_stored_procedure, an object of class cosmos_stored_procedure. For list_stored_procedures, a list of such objects.

See Also

```
cosmos_container, get_udf
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")</pre>
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")</pre>
cont <- create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")</pre>
# a simple stored procedure
src <- 'function helloworld() {</pre>
   var context = getContext();
    var response = context.getResponse();
    response.setBody("Hello, World");
}'
create_stored_procedure(cont, "helloworld", src)
sproc <- get_stored_procedure(cont, "helloworld")</pre>
exec_stored_procedure(sproc)
# more complex example: uploading data
sproc2 <- create_stored_procedure(cont, "myBulkUpload",</pre>
    body=system.file("srcjs/bulkUpload.js", package="AzureCosmosR"))
list_stored_procedures(cont)
sw_male <- dplyr::filter(dplyr::starwars, sex == "male")</pre>
exec_stored_procedure(sproc2, parameters=list(sw_male))
delete_stored_procedure(sproc)
delete_stored_procedure(sproc2)
## End(Not run)
```

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get_udf

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB user-defined functions

Description

Methods for working with Azure Cosmos DB user-defined functions

Usage

```
get_udf(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
get_udf(object, funcname, ...)
list_udfs(object, ...)
create_udf(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
create_udf(object, funcname, body, ...)
replace_udf(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
replace_udf(object, funcname, body, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_udf'
replace_udf(object, body, ...)
delete_udf(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
delete_udf(object, funcname, confirm = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_udf'
delete_udf(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or create_cosmos_container, or for delete_udf.cosmos_udf, the function object.
	Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.
funcname	The name of the user-defined function.
body	For create_udf and replace_udf, the body of the function. This can be either a character string containing the source code, or the name of a source file.
confirm	For delete udf, whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.

Details

These are methods for working with user-defined functions (UDFs) in Azure Cosmos DB using the core (SQL) API. In the Cosmos DB model, UDFs are written in JavaScript and associated with a container.

Value

For get_udf and create_udf, an object of class cosmos_udf. For list_udfs, a list of such objects.

See Also

```
cosmos_container, get_stored_procedure
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")
db <- get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase")

# importing the Star Wars data from dplyr
cont <- endp %>%
    get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase") %>%
    create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")

create_udf(cont, "times2", "function(x) { return 2*x; }")

list_udfs(cont)

# UDFs in queries are prefixed with the 'udf.' identifier query_documents(cont, "select udf.times2(c.height) t2 from cont c")

delete_udf(cont, "times2")

## End(Not run)
```

query_documents

Query an Azure Cosmos DB container

Description

Query an Azure Cosmos DB container

Usage

```
query_documents(container, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cosmos_container'
query_documents(
  container,
  query,
  parameters = list(),
  cross_partition = TRUE,
  partition_key = NULL,
  by_pkrange = FALSE,
  as_data_frame = TRUE,
  metadata = TRUE,
  headers = list(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

container A Cosmos DB container object, as obtained by get_cosmos_container or

create_cosmos_container.

query A string containing the query text.

parameters A named list of parameters to pass to a parameterised query, if required.

cross_partition, partition_key, by_pkrange

Arguments that control how to handle cross-partition queries. See 'Details' be-

low.

as_data_frame Whether to return the query result as a data frame, or a list of Cosmos DB

document objects.

metadata Whether to include Cosmos DB document metadata in the query result.

headers, ... Optional arguments passed to lower-level functions.

Details

This is the primary function for querying the contents of a Cosmos DB container (table). The query argument should contain the text of a SQL query, optionally parameterised. if the query contains parameters, pass them in the parameters argument as a named list.

Cosmos DB is a partitioned key-value store under the hood, with documents stored in separate physical databases according to their value of the partition key. The Cosmos DB REST API has limited support for cross-partition queries: basic SELECTs should work, but aggregates and more complex queries may require some hand-hacking.

The default cross_partition=TRUE runs the query for all partition key values and then attempts to stitch the results together. To run the query for only one key value, set cross_partition=FALSE and partition_key to the desired value. You can obtain all the values of the key with the list_partition_key_values function.

The by_pkrange argument allows running the query separately across all *partition key ranges*. Each partition key range corresponds to a separate physical partition, and contains the documents for one

or more key values. You can set this to TRUE to run a query that fails when run across partitions; the returned object will be a list containing the individual query results from each pkrange.

As an alternative to AzureCosmosR, you can also use the ODBC protocol to interface with the SQL API. By installing a suitable ODBC driver, you can then talk to Cosmos DB in a manner similar to other SQL databases. An advantage of the ODBC interface is that it fully supports cross-partition queries, unlike the REST API. A disadvantage is that it does not support nested document fields; functions like array_contains() cannot be used, and attempts to reference arrays and objects may return incorrect results.

Value

query_documents returns the results of the query. Most of the time this will be a data frame, or list of data frames if by_pkrange=TRUE.

See Also

cosmos_container, cosmos_document, list_partition_key_values, list_partition_key_ranges

Examples

```
## Not run:
endp <- cosmos_endpoint("https://myaccount.documents.azure.com:443/", key="mykey")</pre>
# importing the Star Wars data from dplyr
cont <- endp %>%
   get_cosmos_database(endp, "mydatabase") %>%
   create_cosmos_container(db, "mycontainer", partition_key="sex")
bulk_import(cont, dplyr::starwars)
query_documents(cont, "select * from mycontainer")
# removing the Cosmos DB metadata cruft
query_documents(cont, "select * from mycontainer", metadata=FALSE)
# a simple filter
query_documents(cont, "select * from mycontainer c where c.gender = 'masculine'")
# run query for one partition key -- zero rows returned
query_documents(cont, "select * from mycontainer c where c.gender = 'masculine'",
   partition_key="female")
# aggregates will fail -- API does not fully support cross-partition queries
try(query_documents(cont, "select avg(c.height) avgheight from mycontainer c"))
# Error in process_cosmos_response.response(response, simplify = as_data_frame) :
# Bad Request (HTTP 400). Failed to complete Cosmos DB operation. Message:
# run query separately by pkrange and combine the results manually
query_documents(
```

```
cont,
   "select avg(c.height) avgheight, count(1) n from mycontainer c",
   by_pkrange=TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

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