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ENERO 2025



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Sobre la Biblioteca del Banco de México

• Aviso de Servicios Bibliotecarios Presenciales

Lecturas Recomendadas

- Documentos de Investigación del Banco de México
- Revistas y Artículos
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- Documentos de Investigación de Otros Bancos Centrales

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SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO





Documentos de Investigación del Banco de México

Trabajo a distancia y empleo de alta proximidad en México (Disponible en inglés)

2024-17 Aldeco Leo, Lorenzo; Salcedo, Alejandrina Los efectos reales de los choques de oferta de crédito durante la pandemia de COVID-19 (Disponible en inglés)

> 2024-16 Rivadeneira, Alex; Alcaraz, Carlo; Amoroso, Nicolás; Oviedo, Rodolfo; Samaniego, Brenda; Sapriza, Horacio

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SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO

LECTURAS RECOMENDADAS

Ver documentos de investigación anteriores







Trabajo a distancia y empleo de alta proximidad en México

Aldeco Leo, Lorenzo; Salcedo, Alejandrina Banco de México, 2024-17

Descargalo en la siguiente liga:

DOI: https://doi.org/10.36095/banxico/di.2024.17

Resumen:

Mostramos que en México una mayor proporción de empleo realizable a distancia a nivel municipal se asocia con un menor nivel de empleo pospandemia en servicios de consumo de alta proximidad, un sector importante que tiende a emplear trabajadores de salarios bajos. Usamos un estudio de evento de panel de triples diferencias en el que se compara el empleo en sectores de alta y baja proximidad entre municipalidades con distintos niveles de potencial para el trabajo remoto, antes y después del inicio de la pandemia. Los resultados contribuyen a explicar la recuperación relativamente débil del empleo en servicios de alta proximidad en la región centro del país, pues ahí al inicio de la pandemia una mayor proporción del empleo en servicios de alta proximidad se encontraba donde el potencial para el trabajo a distancia era alto, con respecto a otras regiones. El análisis resalta que con la pandemia ha cambiado la distribución sectorial del empleo, y que los efectos sobre los trabajadores dependen de su capacidad de ajustarse al nuevo mercado laboral.



Los efectos reales de los choques de oferta de crédito durante la pandemia de COVID-19

Rivadeneira, Alex; Alcaraz, Carlo; Amoroso, Nicolás; Oviedo, Rodolfo; Samaniego, Brenda; Sapriza, Horacio Banco de México, 2024-16

Descargalo en la siguiente liga:

DOI: https://doi.org/10.36095/banxico/di.2024.16

Resumen:

Estudiamos los efectos reales de los choques de oferta de crédito durante la pandemia de COVID-19 en Mexico. Para ello, fusionamos microdatos administrativos sobre el universo de préstamos bancarios a empresas con registros de seguridad social que vinculan a empresas y trabajadores. Para cada empresa, medimos su exposición a choques de oferta de crédito que varían en el tiempo. Encontramos que un choque negativo de oferta de crédito de una desviación estándar habría incrementado la probabilidad de que una empresa saliera del mercado en 0.15 puntos porcentuales (pp) y su crecimiento en el empleo habría disminuido en 1 pp. Estos efectos fueron más pronunciados en empresas registradas como personas físicas con actividad empresarial, empresas jóvenes y pequeñas, y aquellas en sectores categorizados como no esenciales durante el confinamiento por la pandemia. Los choques negativos de oferta de crédito llevaron a tasas de separación más altas para los trabajadores con bajos costos de despido, como aquellos con poca antigüedad o contratos temporales.



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SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO



Presentamos para el mes de enero una selección de artículos economía digital y temas relacionados.



Palabras clave del artículo

Datos del artículo

Título: Analyzing the challenges and opportunities in developing a sustainable digital economy

Autor: Shabur, M.A.

Revista: Discover Applied Sciences

Editorial: Springer Fecha: October, 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1007/s42452-024-06298-y

Resumen:

This research is designed to understand the concept of digital economy and its sustainability. These facts and concepts have gained popularity as a result of the growing concern about climate change and the advancement and acceptance of technologies. Scholars, corporate executives, and policymakers are investigating the various ways in which digital innovations may be utilized to tackle sustainability challenges. Through a rigorous literature review and bibliometric assessment, we examined a subset of 116 works cataloged in SCOPUS to assess the research on this subject from 2000 to November 2023. Our study revealed that the year 2022 featured the highest number of peerreviewed publications, with a total of 31 publications. During our study, we have identified many potential avenues for this interconnection, such as the progress of energy sources that are renewable and sustainable technological advances, the development of technologically advanced cities and environmentally-friendly growing urbanization, and the encouragement of sustainable consumer behavior...



Palabras clave del artículo

Datos del artículo

Título: Digital economy, environmental expenditure, and green total factor productivity

Autor: Xiao Cui; Pingrui Li Revista: Finance Research Letters

Editorial: ScienceDirect Fecha: December, 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.frl.2024.106624

Resumen:

This paper, based on city-level panel data from 2011 to 2021, examines the link between the digital economy and green total factor productivity. The findings demonstrate that the digital economy enhances green total factor productivity, with environmental expenditure actively moderating this effect. Furthermore, the research identifies significant variations in how the digital economy influences green total factor productivity across cities differing in population size and geographic location. These findings suggest that the application of the digital economy not only fosters green development in cities but also that its effectiveness is shaped by regional characteristics.

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Palabras clave del artículo

Datos del artículo:

Título: Does the digital economy improve female autonomy?

Autores: Qihang Xue; Huimin Wang; Jian Wei; Caiquan Bai Revista: Structural Change and Economic Dynamics

Editorial: ScienceDirect Fecha: December, 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.strueco.2024.07.008

Resumen:

Based on China's long-term implementation of gender equality, the rapid development of the digital economy has provided new opportunities for improving female autonomy and releasing the "gender dividend". This study explores the impact of the digital economy on female autonomy, using digital economy index we constructed and the 2014-2020 China Family Panel Studies (CFPS) data. We find that the development of the digital economy can significantly improve female autonomy, both economically and spiritually. Meanwhile, the digital economy can also alleviate the "marriage penalty" and "motherhood penalty". Furthermore, we find that digital economy's career guarantee effect and capital consolidation effect are important mechanisms, which can promote women's participation in employment, as well as enable them to have higher human capital and social capital.



Palabras clave del artículo

Datos del artículo

Título: How does the digital economy affect energy efficiency?

Autor: Hongwei Liu, Yingying Dong, Yinghao Pan Revista: The Singapore Economic Review

Editorial: World Scientific Fecha: July, 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1142/S0217590824470210

Resumen:

As a new way of promoting high-quality economic development, whether the digital economy canenhance energy use efficiency by improving resource allocation is of great practical significance toglobal energy conservation and emission reduction efforts. This research employs principal component analysis and slacks-based measure data envelopment analysis in a case study of 30 provincesin China between 2014 and 2020 to evaluate the digital economy and energy efficiency. The analysisexplores how the digital economy impacts energy efficiency, considering direct impacts, mediatingeffects, and their nonlinear relationship. The findings indicate a declining trend in China's energyefficiency before it starts to moderate. The digital economy can boost energy efficiency by encouraging industry upgrades and reducing labor mismatches. The threshold regression model revealsthat when the capital mismatch level exceeds 0.8871, the digital economy adds considerably toenergy efficiency. The study's findings confirm the linear and nonlinear energy efficiency impact trajectories of the digital economy, offering useful references for sustainable developmentpolicy making.



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SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO



Libros

ECONOMÍA Y FINANZAS

Behavioural economics and regulation: the design process of regulatory nudges

Campos, Maria C. de 2023

Digital finance: how innovation reshapes the capital markets

Zhiyi Liu; Wenxuan Hou 2023

Time series econometrics: volume 2: structural change

Perron, Pierre 2019 Climate finance: taking a position on climate futures

Bryant, Gareth Webber, Sophie 2024

Macroeconomics: institutions, instability, and inequality

Carlin, Wendy 2024 **CONTENIDOS**

SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO





ECONOMÍA Y FINANZAS



Behavioural economics and regulation: the design process of regulatory nudges

Campos, Maria C. de Routledge, 2023



Resumen:

In recent years, the idea of "nudges" – small changes in individual choice architecture that do not involve incentives or coercion – has entered policy discourse and practice to address various problems ranging from energy usage to retirement savings. However, how nudges can be incorporated into regulatory practice, and whether the experimental methodologies used to design nudges are still appropriate when they are being used as a regulatory instrument is still an unexplored issue. As this book shows, the translation of ideas into the world of regulation is not so simple and straightforward. By analysing the different experimental alternatives that regulators can use when designing nudges and through a close analysis of a real-world example – the case of the European Union tobacco warnings – this book proposes an alternative design process more in tune with the reality of regulation. The book explores the implications of iterative experimental methodologies and processes for regulators, concluding with a call for an alternative nudging's design process tailored to the regulatory space. This book is crucial for researchers and policy-makers interested in the incorporation of nudging into regulation and anyone interested in the implications of behavioural economics – and evidence more generally – for regulatory design.



Climate finance: taking a position on climate futures

Bryant, Gareth; Webber, Sophie Agenda, 2024

Resumen:

Climate change is increasingly contested on financial terms. Different actors are advancing competing climate visions and interests by adopting financial positions. International institutions urge action by identifying financing gaps needed to meet climate targets. The finance sector claims it holds the key to unlocking money needed for climate investment. Activists expose greenwashing while using financial tactics to undermine fossil fuels. Vulnerable countries demand wealthy governments repay historical climate debts. This book offers an accessible and critical guide to the political economy and economic geography of climate finance. It identifies six competing "positions" of climate finance to make sense of the array of financial instruments, institutions and ideas that are remaking the relationship between capitalism and climate change. Using a wide range of case studies, from green bonds, to divestment, carbon offsetting, climate tech, central banks, and international climate funds, the authors show how climate finance is shaping our collective climate futures.

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SOBRE LA BIBLIOTECA DEL BANCO DE MÉXICO







Digital finance: how innovation reshapes the capital markets

Zhiyi Liu; Wenxuan Hou Springer Singapore, 2023

Resumen:

This book presents an overview of the development of digital finance. It covers various aspects of digital finance, including its definition, evolution, and importance in modern economics. It explores the interdisciplinary perspective of digital finance and its relationship with capitalism, and discusses the key factors influencing the development of digital finance, as well as the challenges and opportunities it faces. It also offers practical insights into digital finance, such as the innovative digital financial models and platforms and the strategies of digital transformation in commercial banks. What is new about this approach is that the book takes a holistic view of digital finance, covering not only its economic and financial aspects but also its social and environmental impacts. It also offers a critical evaluation of the challenges and opportunities in digital finance from a global perspective. In this book, authors look into the impact of digital finance in various fields, such as monetary theory, wealth management, central bank digital currency, international monetary system, and network security and data privacy.



Macroeconomics: institutions, instability, and inequality Carlin, Wendy

Oxford University, 2024

Resumen:

At the cutting edge of the subject area, the authors bring the macroeconomics that researchers and policymakers use today into focus. By developing a coherent set of tractable models, the book enables students to explore and make sense of the pressing questions facing global economies. Carlin and Soskice connect students with contemporary research and policy in macroeconomics. The authors' 3-equation model - extended to include the financial system and with an integrated treatment of inequality - equips students with a method they can apply to the enduring challenges stirred by the financial crisis and the Great Recession.

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Time series econometrics: volume 2: structural change

Perron, Pierre

Cambridge University, 2024

Más información aquí

Resumen:

Volume 2 is about statistical methods related to structural change in time series models. The approach adopted is off-line whereby one wants to test for structural change using a historical dataset and perform hypothesis testing. A distinctive feature is the allowance for multiple structural changes. The methods discussed have, and continue to be, applied in a variety of fields including economics, finance, life science, physics and climate change. The articles included address issues of estimation, testing and/or inference in a variety of models: short-memory regressors and errors, trends with integrated and/or stationary errors, autoregressions, cointegrated models, multivariate systems of equations, endogenous regressors, long-memory series, among others. Other issues covered include the problems of non-monotonic power and the pitfalls of adopting a local asymptotic framework. Empirical analyses are provided for the US real interest rate, the US GDP, the volatility of asset returns and climate change.

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Documentos de Investigación de Otros Bancos Centrales



The geography of capital allocation in the euro area

Beck, Roland; Coppola, Antonio; Lewis, Angus; Maggiori, Matteo; Schmitz, Martin; Schreger, Jesse

Frankfurt am Main, Germany: European Systemic Risk Board, 2024. 91 p.: il. -- (Working Paper Series; no. 3007).

Descárgalo aquí



Trust in central banks

Ehrmann, Michael

Frankfurt am Main, Germany: European Systemic Risk Board, 2024. 32 p.: il. -- (Working Paper Series; no. 3006).

Descárgalo aquí



Why do we need to strengthen climate adaptations? Scenarios and financial lines of defense

Mongelli, Francesco Paolo; Ceglar, Andrej; Alois Scheid, Benedikt Frankfurt am Main, Germany: European Systemic Risk Board, 2024. 47 p.: il. -- (Working Paper Series; no. 3005).

Descárgalo aquí



Fiscal stimulus plans and households' expectations

De Fiore, Fiorella; Lombardi, Marco Jacopo; Pierres Tejada, Albert Basel. Switzerland: Bank for International Settlements, 2024. – 38p. -- (Working Paper; no. 1238).

Descárgalo aquí



The macroeconomics of green transitions

Boehl, Gregor; Budianto, Flora; Takáts, Előd Basel. Switzerland: Bank for International Settlements, 2024. – 79p. -- (Working Paper; no. 1237).

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