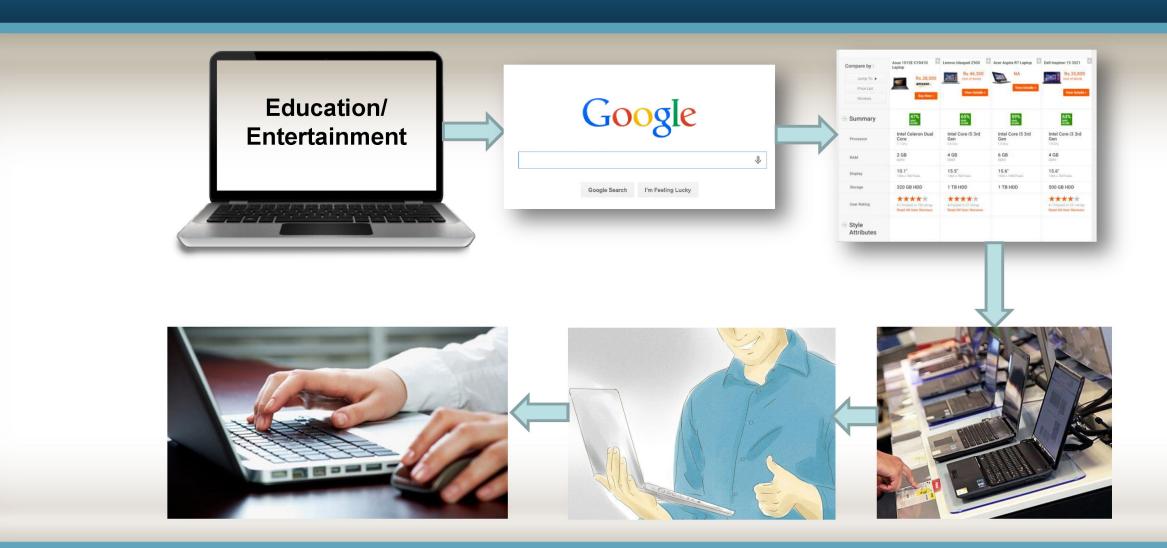


Consumer Buying Behavior

• The study of how individuals, groups, and organizations select, buy, use, and dispose of goods, services, ideas, or experiences to satisfy their needs and wants



Laptop Purchase Decision



Stages in the Consumer Buying/ Decision-Making Process (Individual Buyer)

Problem/ Need Recognition

Information Search

Alternative evaluation

Purchase Decision

Post-Purchase Evaluation

High Involvement Low Involvement **Significant Complex Buying** Variety-Seeking' Difference **Behavior Buying Behavior** Between **Brands Habitual** Dissonance **Few** Difference Reducing Buying Between **Behavior Behavior Brands**



- Habitual Buying Behavior/ Routinized Response
- Straight Rebuy Situation(FMCG)
- occurs when consumers have low involvement and there is little significant brand difference



- Variety-seeking buying behavior
- Modified Rebuy (Cloths/ Accessories)
- occurs when consumers have low involvement and there are significant brand differences



- Dissonance-reducing buying behavior
- New task (Electronic Goods)
- occurs when consumers are highly involved with an expensive, infrequent, or risky purchase but see little difference among brands



Complex buying behavior

- Big Task (Car/ House)
- occurs when consumers are highly involved with an expensive, infrequent, risky purchase and perceive significant differences among brands

High Involvement

Low Involvement

Significant Difference

Between Brands

Complex Buying Behavior

(Big Task)

Variety-Seeking'
Buying Behavior
(Modified Rebuy)

Few

Difference

Between

Brands

Dissonance Reducing Behavior

(New Task)

Habitual Buying Behavior

(Straight Rebuy)

Factors affecting Consumer Decision-Making Process

Cultural

- **Buyer's culture** fundamental determinant observed & learned by consumers (E.g. Needs, wants, preferences, perceptions)
- **Buyer's Subculture** provide more specific identification and socialization (E.g. religion, languages, beliefs, geographic regions)
- **Buyer's social class** relatively homogeneous & enduring divisions in a society, sharing similar values, interests, and behavior (E.g. Upper, Upper Middle, Middle, Lower)

Factors affecting Consumer Decision-Making Process

Economical

- Income (Stages of Career)
- Price (Offers/ PLC stages)
- Marginal Utility (PC vs. Laptop, D2H vs. OTT)

Psychological

- Motivation
- Learning (from the past experience)
- Perception

Factors affecting Consumer Decision-Making Process

Social

- Reference groups (Membership groups, Aspirational groups, Opinion leader)
- Family
- Roles and Status (Occupation, Designation)

Personal

- Age
- Occupation
- Life Style