Lecture 6

```
mat = [1 :3; 44 9 2; 5:-1:3]
mat = 3 \times 3
           3
  1 2
      9
   44
           2
max(mat)
ans = 1 \times 3
44 9
          3
max(max(mat))
ans = 44
cumsum(mat)
ans = 3 \times 3
 1 2 3
   45
      11 5
   50 15
cummin(mat)
ans = 3 \times 3
  1 2
             3
    1 2
             2
        2
    1
cumprod(mat)
ans = 3 \times 3
 1 2 3
  44 18
           6
  220 72
mat = randi(20,2,3)
mat = 2 \times 3
  14 15
          14
   16 8
diff(mat)
ans = 1 \times 3
 2 -7 -10
zeros(5)*10
ans = 5 \times 5
   0 0
           0
       0
           0
                  0
    0
      0
    0
            0
                  0
                      0
      0
            0
                  0
                     0
    0
                    0
vec = [2:12]
```

```
vec = 1 \times 11
 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
                                                   12
vec = vec - 3
vec = 1 \times 11
 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
                                                    9
mat = [1 :3; 44 9 2; 5:-1:3]
mat = 3 \times 3
  1 2 3
44 9 2
5 4 3
 1
  44
mat/3
ans = 3 \times 3
  0.3333
         0.6667
                   1.0000
         3.0000
 14.6667
                   0.6667
 1.6667
          1.3333
                  1.0000
mat.^2
ans = 3 \times 3
                           9
     1936
                 81
                           4
      25
vec=[5 9 3 4 6 11]
vec = 1 \times 6
5 9 3 4 6 11
V = [0 1 0 0 1 1]
v = 1 \times 6
0 1 0 0 1 1
v = logical(v)
v = 1×6 logical array
0 1 0 0 1 1
vec(v)
ans = 1 \times 3
 9 6 11
find(vec>9)
ans = 6
find(vec<9)</pre>
ans = 1 \times 4
 1 3 4 5
vec(vec<0) = []
```

 $vec = 1 \times 6$ 5 9 3 4 6 11

neg = find(vec<0)</pre>

neg =

1×0 empty double row vector

vec(neg) = []

vec = 1×6 5 9 3 4 6 11

A = [1 4;3 3]

 $A = 2 \times 2$

1 4 3 3

 $B = [1 \ 2; -1 \ 0]$

 $B = 2 \times 2$

1 2 -1 0

A.*B

ans = 2×2

1 8 -3 0

A*B

ans = 2×2

-3 2 0 6

B*A

ans = 2×2

7 10 -1 -4