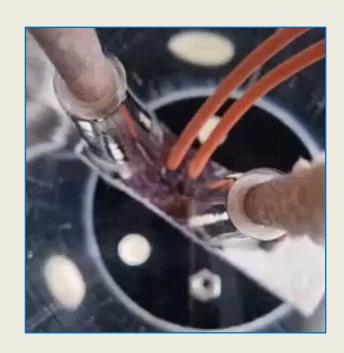


Quantifying the Dynamics of Bridge Formation in Crystal Growth Phenomena

During the process of **crystallization** between two crystallization centers grows a **"bridge"**. The aim of research is to investigate the **dynamics** of "bridge" formation and a **shape** of bridge

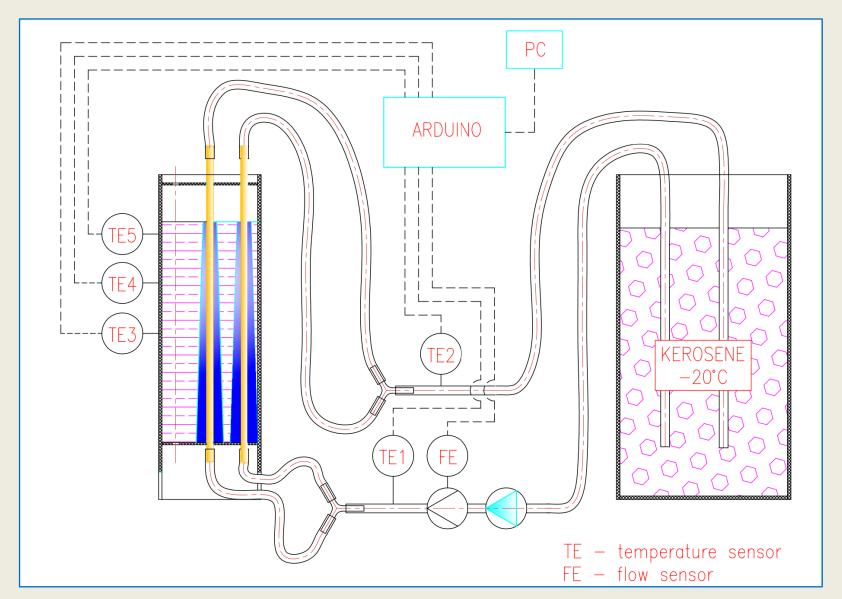
Scientific advisor: Alexander Svetlichnyi



Plan of Research

- 1. Develop theory:
 - 1 center system
 - 2 centers system
- 2. Assemble experimental setup
- 3. Conduct experiments for both systems
- 4. Analyze the results

Experimental Setup



THEORY & EXPERIMENTS

Considering supercooled layer

According to [6] **supercooled layer** may appear due to **diffusion** of crystallization centers. Should it be considered?

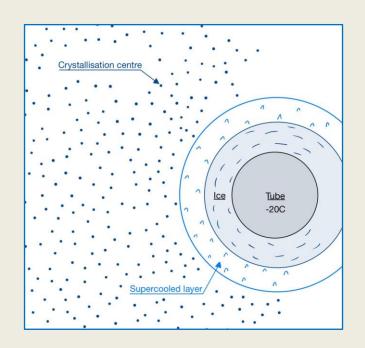
Possible temperature:

$$\Delta T \geqslant rac{2\sigma T_{phase} v^{(1)}}{\lambda R_{dust}} pprox 0.2 K$$

Temperature distribution:

$$T(r) = rac{T_1 \ln r_2 - T_2 \ln r_1}{\ln rac{r_2}{r_1}} + rac{T_2 - T_1}{\ln rac{r_2}{r_1}} {\ln r}$$

$$R_{supercooled} pprox 1 \cdot 10^{-3} m$$



1 - CENTER SYSTEM

Theory: 1 center (first approach), [3]

Non-linear differential heat equation:

$$c_{ice}
ho_{ice}rac{\partial T}{\partial r}=\left[rac{\partial}{\partial r}\lambda_{ice}(T)rac{\partial T}{\partial r}
ight]+rac{\lambda_0}{r}rac{\partial T}{\partial r} \qquad ext{where}$$

Considering water interaction:

$$\begin{split} \lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}|_r &= \alpha (T_{out} - T_{phase}) + \rho L \frac{d\eta}{dr} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ c_{ice} \rho_{ice} \frac{dT}{d\nu} &= \frac{d}{d\nu} \left[\frac{K}{T} \frac{dT}{d\nu} \right] + \frac{1}{\nu \sqrt{\tau} + r_0} \frac{K}{T} \frac{dT}{d\nu} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \end{split} \quad \text{Taylor's series to the second order} \end{split}$$

$$c_{ice}-\,$$
 heat capacity

$$\lambda_{ice}-$$
 enthalpy of fusion

$$ho_{ice}-$$
 density

Lame-Clayperon Substitution:

$$artheta = rac{r-r_0}{\sqrt{ au}}$$
 $T(r; au) = T(artheta)$
 $(\eta-r_0) = eta \sqrt{ au}$

$$T_{wall} = T_{phase} - \left(rac{
ho L oxedsymbol{eta}}{2\lambda} + rac{lpha \sqrt{ au}}{\lambda} (T_{out} - T_{phase})
ight) oxedsymbol{eta}$$

Theory: 1 center (second approach)

Front of crystallization:

Ty

Heat flow from a unit area:

$$q=-arkappa Srac{dT}{dr}$$
 \downarrow integration

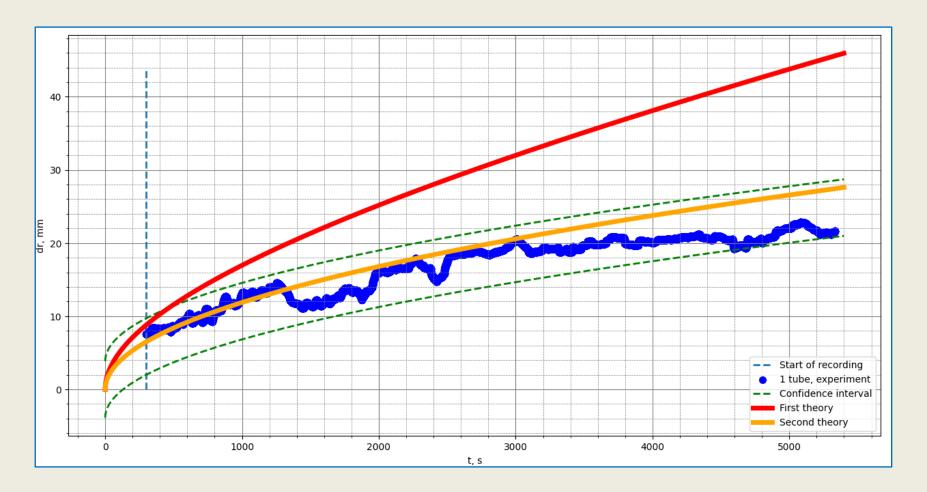
$$Q=2arkappa\Delta T\pi r=$$
 $m \lambda=\lambda
ho Sv$ $m=
ho V=
ho Sv dt, dt=1$

Speed of crystallization:

Final solution:

$$v = rac{arkappa \Delta T}{\lambda
ho r} = rac{dr}{dt} \quad \Rightarrow \int_o^r r \, dr = rac{arkappa \Delta T}{\lambda
ho} \int_o^t t \, dt \quad \Rightarrow \left| r(t) = \sqrt{rac{2arkappa \Delta T}{\lambda
ho} t}
ight|$$

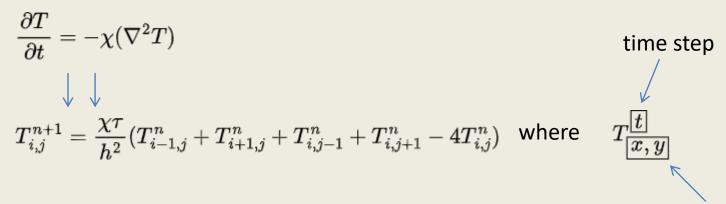
Results: 2 theories



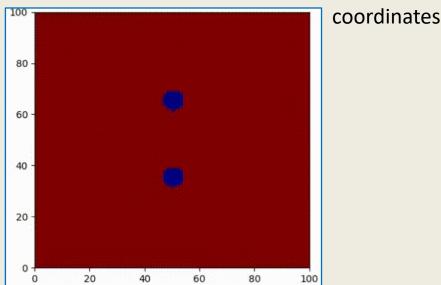
2 - CENTERS SYSTEM

Numerical Solution

Thermal conductivity equation:



Python implementation:



Theory: 2 centers

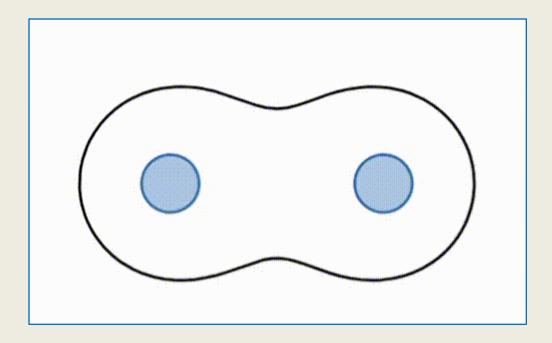
Heat flow towards one center:

$$j = -\varkappa(\nabla T)$$

 $ho_1 = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - r_0 \
ho_2 = \sqrt{(l-x)^2 + y^2} - r_0$

Considering 2 pipes:

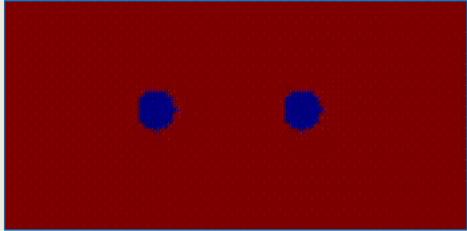
$$Q(x,y)=q_1(x,y)+q_2(x,y)=-arkappa(
abla T_1+
abla T_2)= \boxed{-arkapparac{
ho_1+
ho_2}{
ho_1
ho_2}}$$



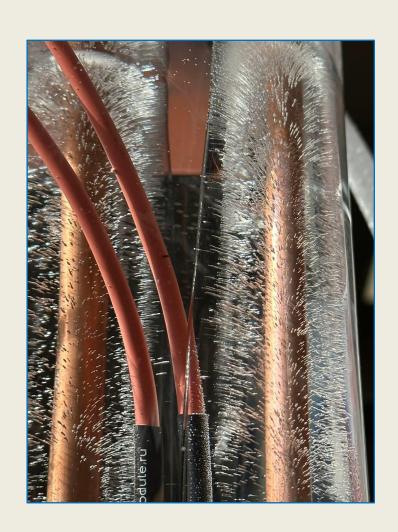
Results: 2 centers







Interesting effects: needle ice





Interesting effects: cone shape



Results

- 1. Considered 2 theories on 1 center case:
 - Our theory fits the experimental data
 - Other theory does not

2. Shape of the bridge has been determined analytically, numerically and

proofed by experiment



Literature

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- [3] M. A. Ugolnikova, "Modeling Of Heat Transfer Processes at Freezing of Water Ice on Uninsulated Elements of Low-Temperature Equipment", Moscow, 2017.
- [4] D. V. Sivukhin, "Thermodynamics and Molecular Physics," 5th Edition, FITMAZLIT, Moscow, 2005.
- [5] L. D. Landau, E. M. Lifshitz, and L. P. Pitaevskii, "Statistical Physics", Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 1999.
- [6] D. V. Alexandrov, L. V. Toporova, "Towards the theory of how a constitutional supercooling layer appears ahead of the planar crystallization front", 2023.
- [7] L.D. Landau, E.M. Lifshitz, "Mechanics and Molecular Physics", 1960.