



Explained in simple English through simple examples  
& easy math!

# LangChain vs LangGraph in AI & ML



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# First, What is AI? 🤔



**AI means Artificial Intelligence.**  
It is when machines try to think like humans.

## Examples:

 Google Assistant

 Chatbots

 Game bots

 Self-driving cars

AI learns from data and makes decisions.

# What is an LLM?



## LLM = Large Language Model

It is like a **very big brain** that has read millions of books.

So it can:

Write

Talk

Explain

Solve problems

## Example:

Like a student who studied many subjects and can answer many questions.

# Why Do We Need LangChain & LangGraph?



LLM is smart but:

- ✖ It forgets things
- ✖ It does not plan
- ✖ It does not know what to do next

So we use helpers:

-  **LangChain**
-  **LangGraph**

They guide the LLM.

# Think Like a Human Brain



When you do homework:

- 1 Read question**
- 2 Think**
- 3 Write answer**
- 4 Check**
- 5 Fix mistakes**

LangChain and LangGraph help AI do the same steps.

# What is LangChain?



LangChain means **linking steps in a straight line**.

Like a train 

Each box is one step:

**Box 1 → Box 2 → Box 3 → Box 4**

AI follows only this order.

# LangChain Real-Life Example



Making Maggi:

- 1 Boil water**
- 2 Put noodles**
- 3 Add masala**
- 4 Cook**
- 5 Eat**

You cannot jump steps.  
That is LangChain.

# LangChain School Example



Morning routine:

Brush → Bath → Dress → Go to school

Always same order.

Straight path.

# LangChain Math View +



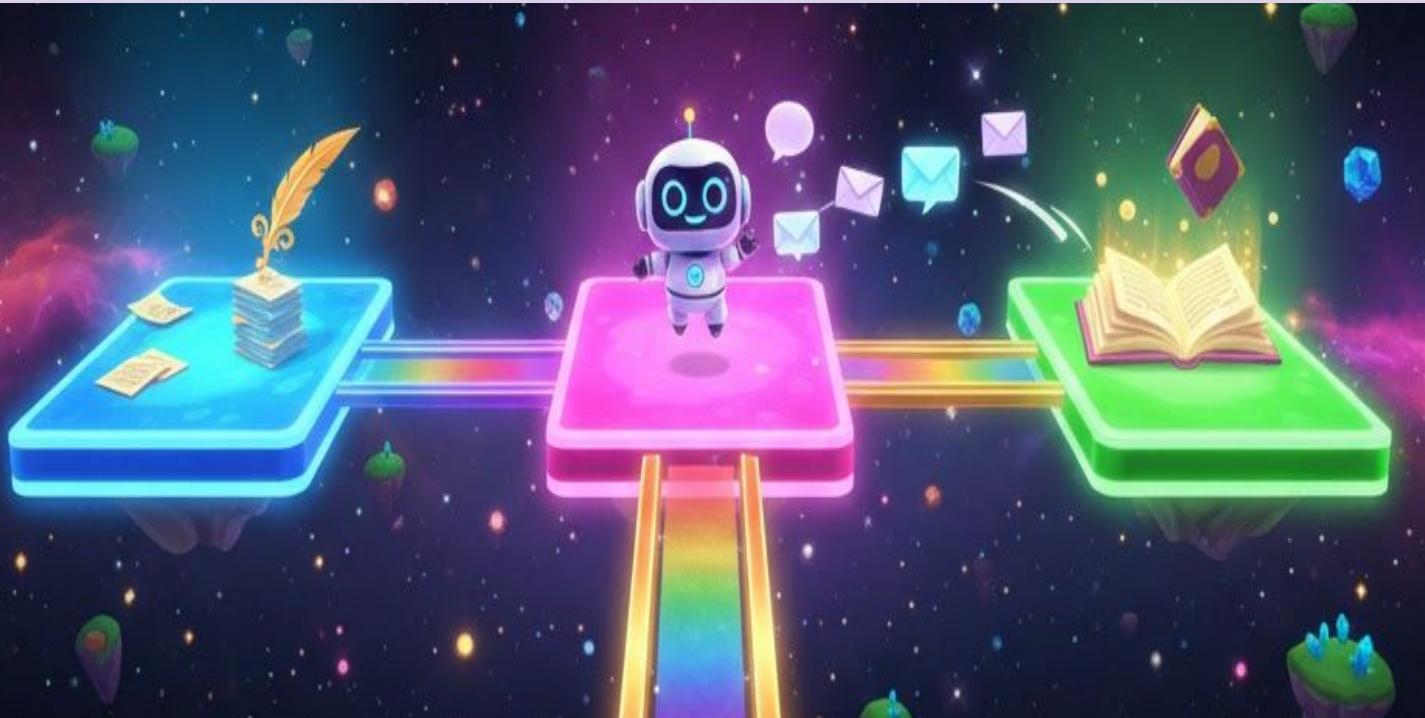
Imagine:

$1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$

Only forward movement.  
No turning back.

If one step fails, whole process stops X

# When is LangChain Good?



## Use LangChain when:

-  Task is simple
-  Steps are fixed
-  No need to go back

## Examples:

-  Resume writing
-  Email writing
-  Document summary

# What is LangGraph?



LangGraph means AI can choose paths.

Like Google Maps



Many roads

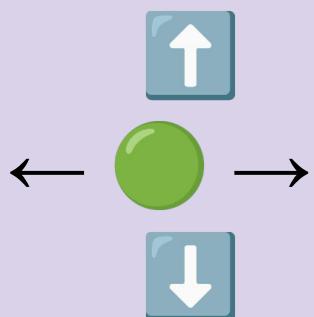
AI decides best road.

# LangGraph Looks Like a Web



Not a straight line.

Many paths:



AI can:

Repeat

Go back

Change direction

# LangGraph Real-Life Example



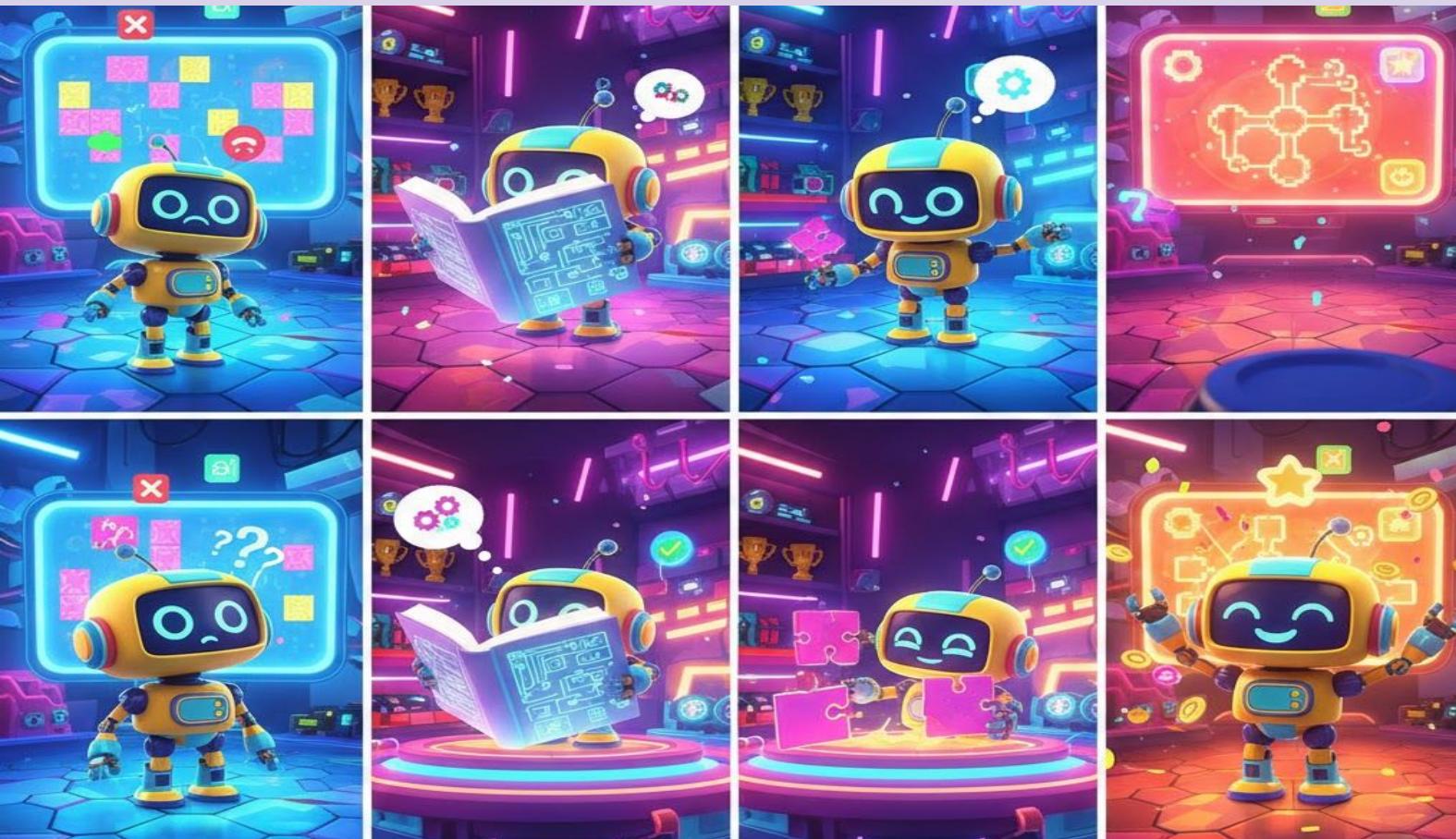
Going to school:

If road is blocked ✗

You take another road ✓

That is LangGraph.

# LangGraph School Exam Example



If you get:

**✗** Wrong answer

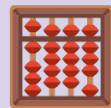
You check again

You correct

You try again

That is LangGraph.

# LangGraph Math View

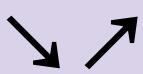


Instead of:

$$1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$$

We have:

$$1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$$



$$4$$

Multiple paths.

AI can decide.

# Another Math Example 🧠



**LangChain =**

$$2 + 3 = 5 \text{ (only one way)}$$

**LangGraph =**

$$2 + 3 = 5$$

or

$$3 + 2 = 5$$

or

$$1 + 4 = 5$$

Multiple thinking paths.

# Gaming Example



## LangChain:

Player moves only forward.

## LangGraph:

Player can:

← Go back

⟳ Try again

🧭 Choose different road

Games use LangGraph style logic.

# Shopping Example



**LangChain:**  
Search → Buy → Pay

**LangGraph:**  
Search →  
**✗** Not good → Search again  
**✓** Good → Buy → Pay

More flexible.

# Comparison Table

Feature	LangChain 	LangGraph 
Path	Straight	Many paths
Thinking	Simple	Smart
Retry	No	Yes
Control	Less	More
Best for	Easy tasks	Complex tasks
Flexibility	Low	High
Error Handling	Stops if error	Fixes and continues
Decision Making	Fixed order	Dynamic decisions
Real-life Style	Like a train 	Like Google Maps 
Intelligence Level	Basic robot 	Smart robot 

# Easy Way to Remember 🧠



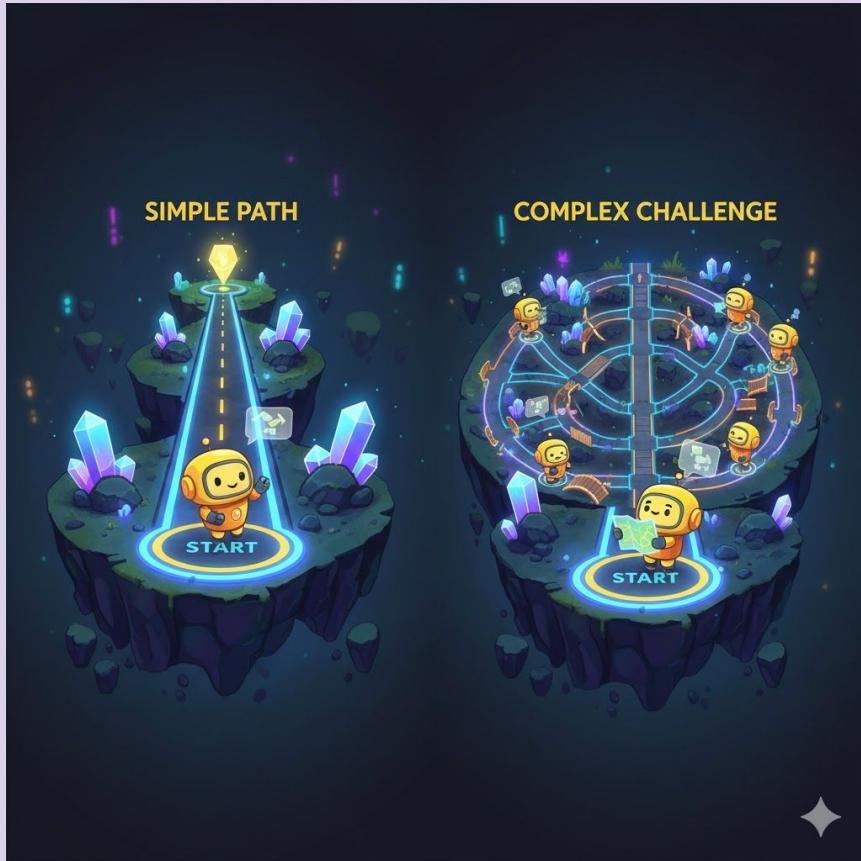
**LangChain** ⚡

**LangGraph** 🔎

*LangChain = Train* 🚆

*LangGraph = Road Map* 🌎

# When to Use What? 🤔



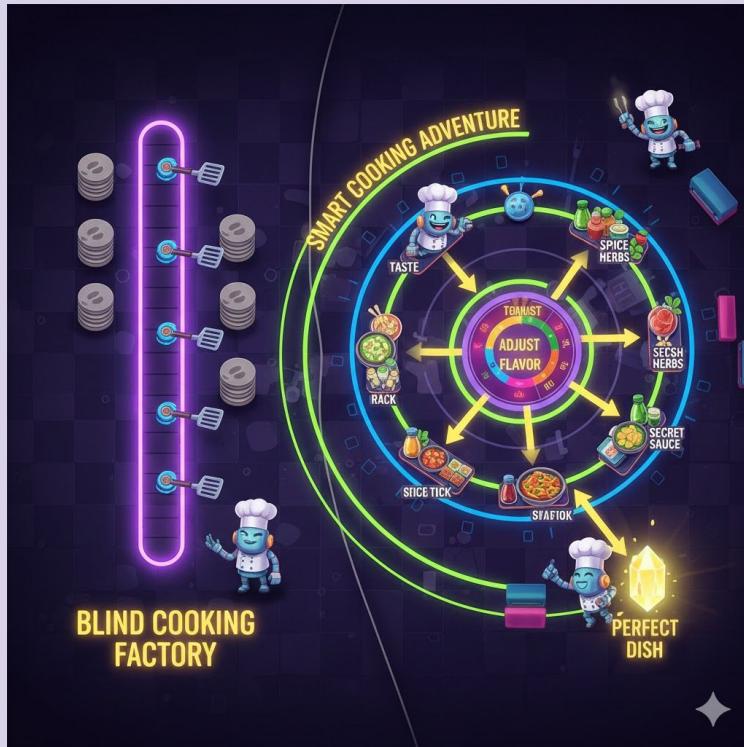
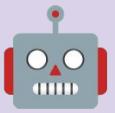
## Use LangChain when:

- ✓ Task is easy
- ✓ Steps are fixed

## Use LangGraph when:

- ✓ Task is hard
- ✓ Needs thinking
- ✓ Needs correction

# Real Life Robot Example

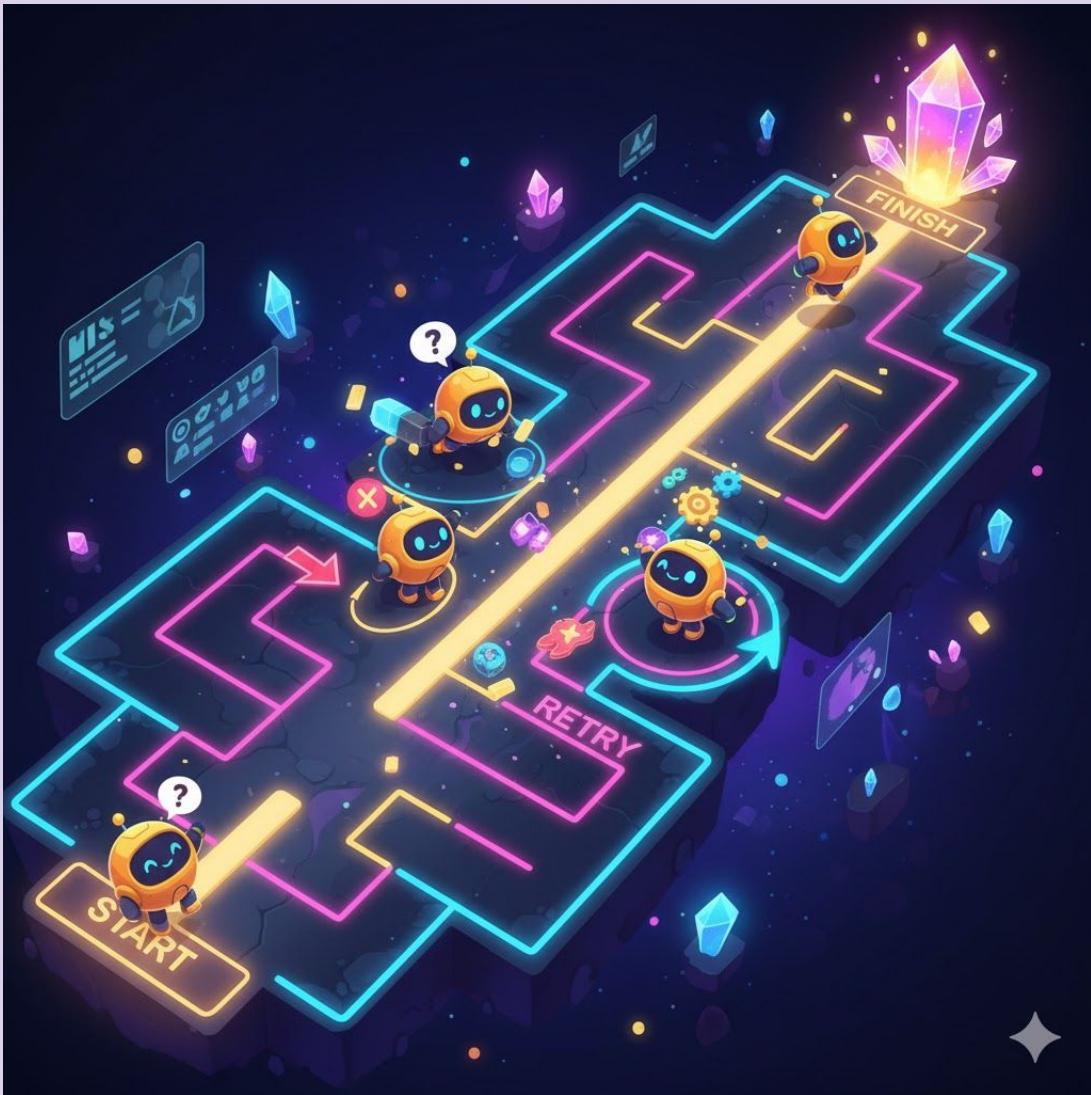


Robot cooking food:

**LangChain:**  
Follow recipe blindly.

**LangGraph:**  
Taste food  
If salty → add water  
If bland → add salt  
Smart cooking.

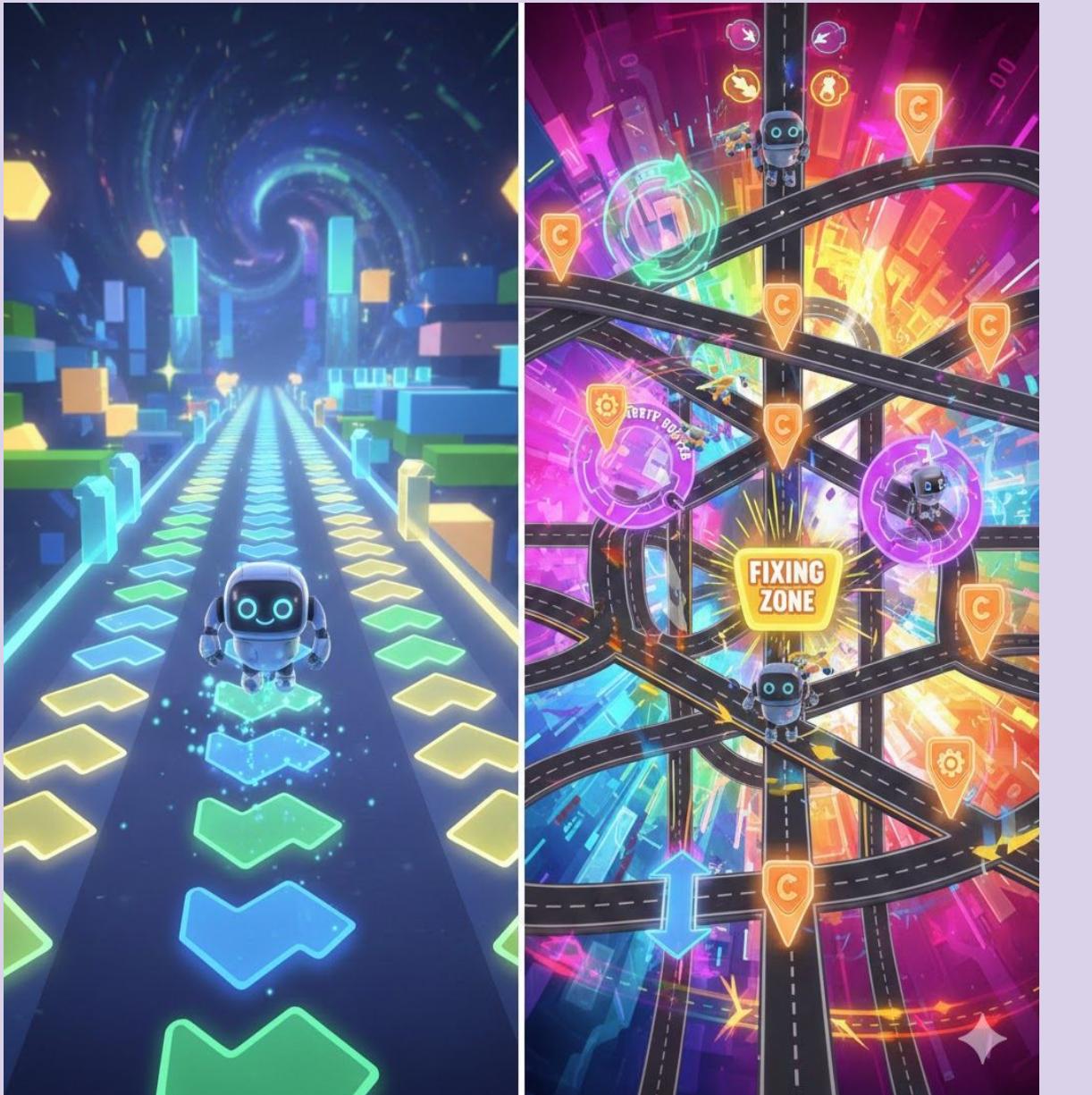
# Why LangGraph is Powerful



Because real life is not straight.  
We make mistakes.  
We correct.  
We retry.

**LangGraph** behaves like humans.

# Summary

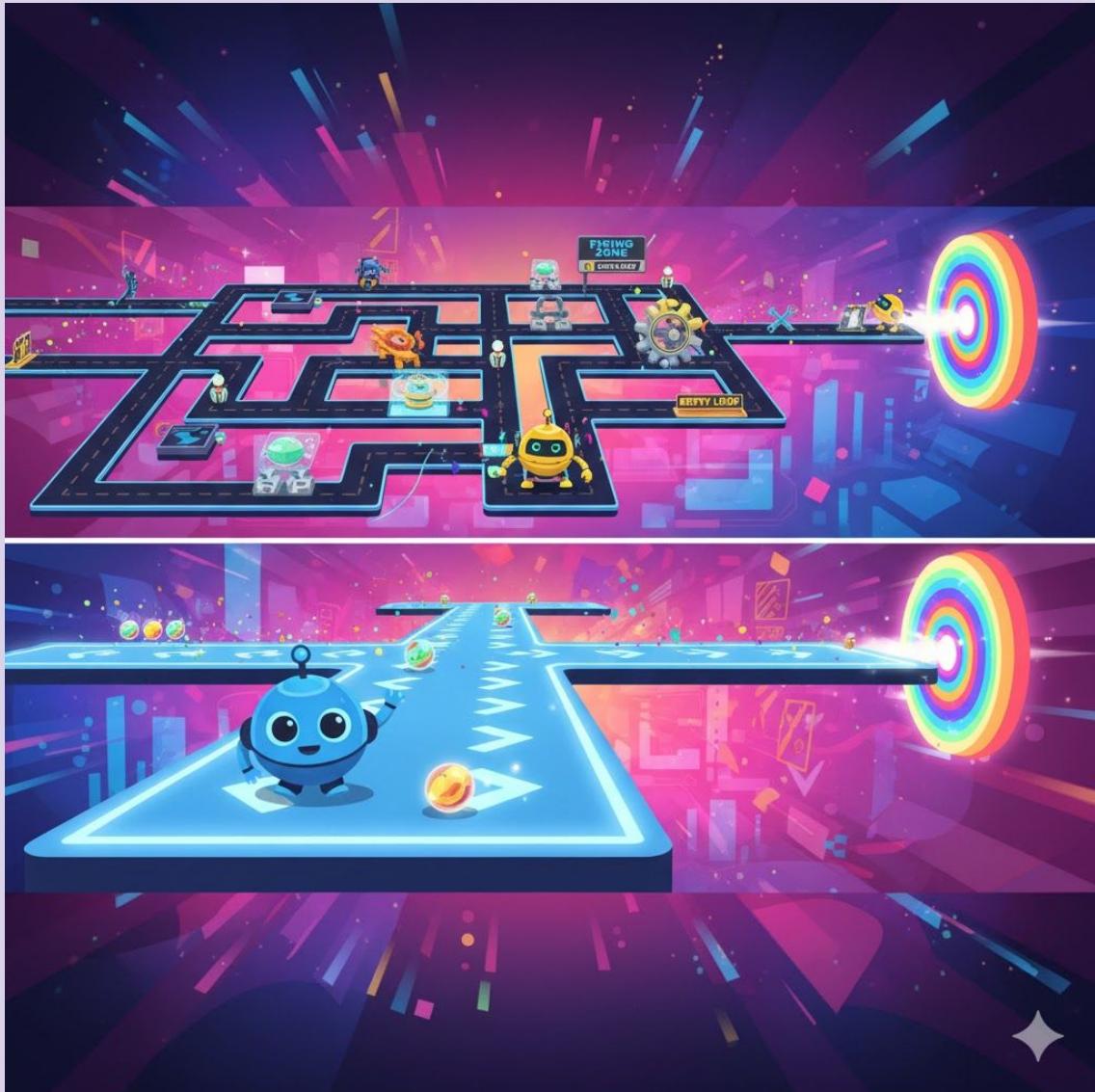


LangChain:  
***"Do this, then this, then this."***



LangGraph:  
***"Think, try, check, fix, and try again."***

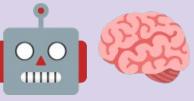
# Final Thought ⭐



LangChain is good for **simple robots**.  
LangGraph is good for **smart robots**.

Both are important.  
Both make AI stronger.

# Choose the Right Brain for Your AI



Turn simple flows into smart thinking.

Let LangChain build fast. Let LangGraph think deep.

Together, they make AI powerful, flexible, and human-like.

**Reach out, and let's build intelligent AI that truly understands!**



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