

ML-HW2-ICA

February 17, 2017

Assignment:2 Independent Component Analysis

Vivek Khetan UT-EID: vkk287

----- steps to take: - read all your file - define different source, mixer and separator matrix - define n and no of iterations - write the function with default source and mixer file - check the output, test with various other values - obtain your source sounds from mixed noise - plot (actual source, mixed sound and separated sound) for each of the source -----

```
In [1]: # Let's import all the required packages
```

```
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.io
```

```
In [2]: # Let's Read the Sound files
```

```
icaTest = scipy.io.loadmat('icaTest.mat')

Utest = icaTest['U'] # source
Atest = icaTest['A'] # Mixer
Mtest = np.matmul(Atest, Utest) #mixed sound
Wtest = np.random.rand(Utest.shape[0],Utest.shape[0])
#print("Wtest" + str(Wtest))
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [3]: # let's write a function that will give us the optimal
# separato matrix W
```

```
def grad(sep, mix, alpha , iters ):
    for i in range(0,iters):
        #for j in range(i):
        #sep = ftr*sep
        Y = np.matmul(sep, mix) # distinct sounnds sources
        Z = 1/(1+np.exp((-1*Y)))
        I = np.identity(sep.shape[0])
        dW = alpha*(I + (np.matmul((1-(2*Z)), Y.T)))
        #print(type(dW), type(sep))
```

```

        sep += dW
        #print(sep)
    print('\nFor aplha:'+str(alpha) + ' iteration:'+str(iters) + ' separator:'+ str(sep).
    Y = np.matmul(sep, mix)
        #print('\nFinal seprator matrix: ')
    return Y

```

In [4]: *# Let's test our function for various sounds*

```

original_sound = Utest
recovered_sound = grad(Wtest*0.1, Mtest, 0.01, 100000)
#print('\norigianl_source: ' +str(original_sound))
#print('\nrecovered_source: ' +str(recovered_sound))

```

For aplha:0.01 iteration:100000 separator:[2.46395114 -0.3219162 -1.20668954 0.80272218 0.60
-3.63937741 0.15648449 3.02183712]

In [5]: *# Let's make some awesome plots*

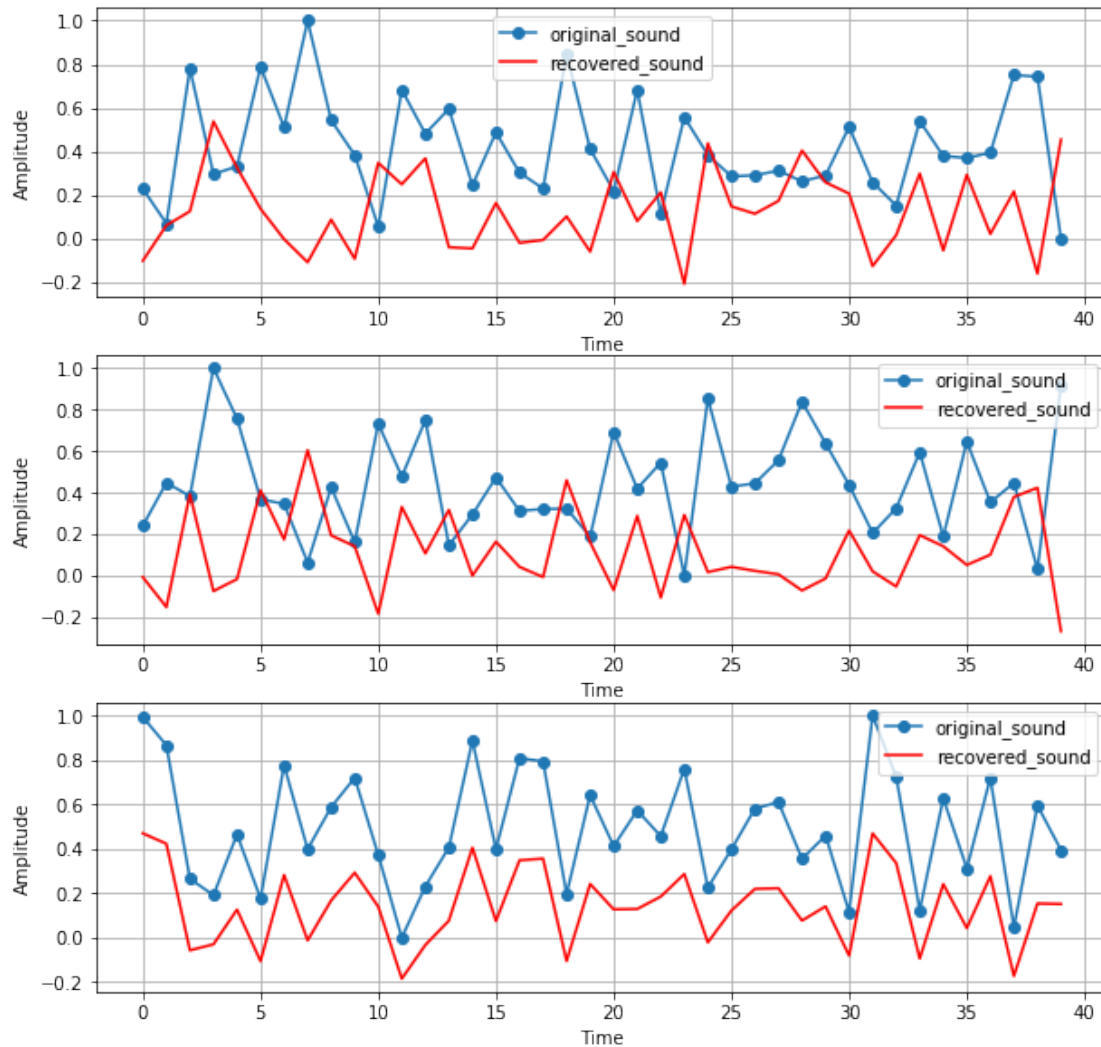
```

# for the given test sound matrix: having three sound sources
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.subplot(311)
plt.plot(original_sound[0,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[0,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(312)
plt.plot(original_sound[1,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[1,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(313)
plt.plot(original_sound[2,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[2,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.savefig('plot1.png', dpi = 100)
plt.show()

```



It's clearly evident that second source sound and first sound sounds have flipped. Let's plot the second recovered sound with the first source sound'

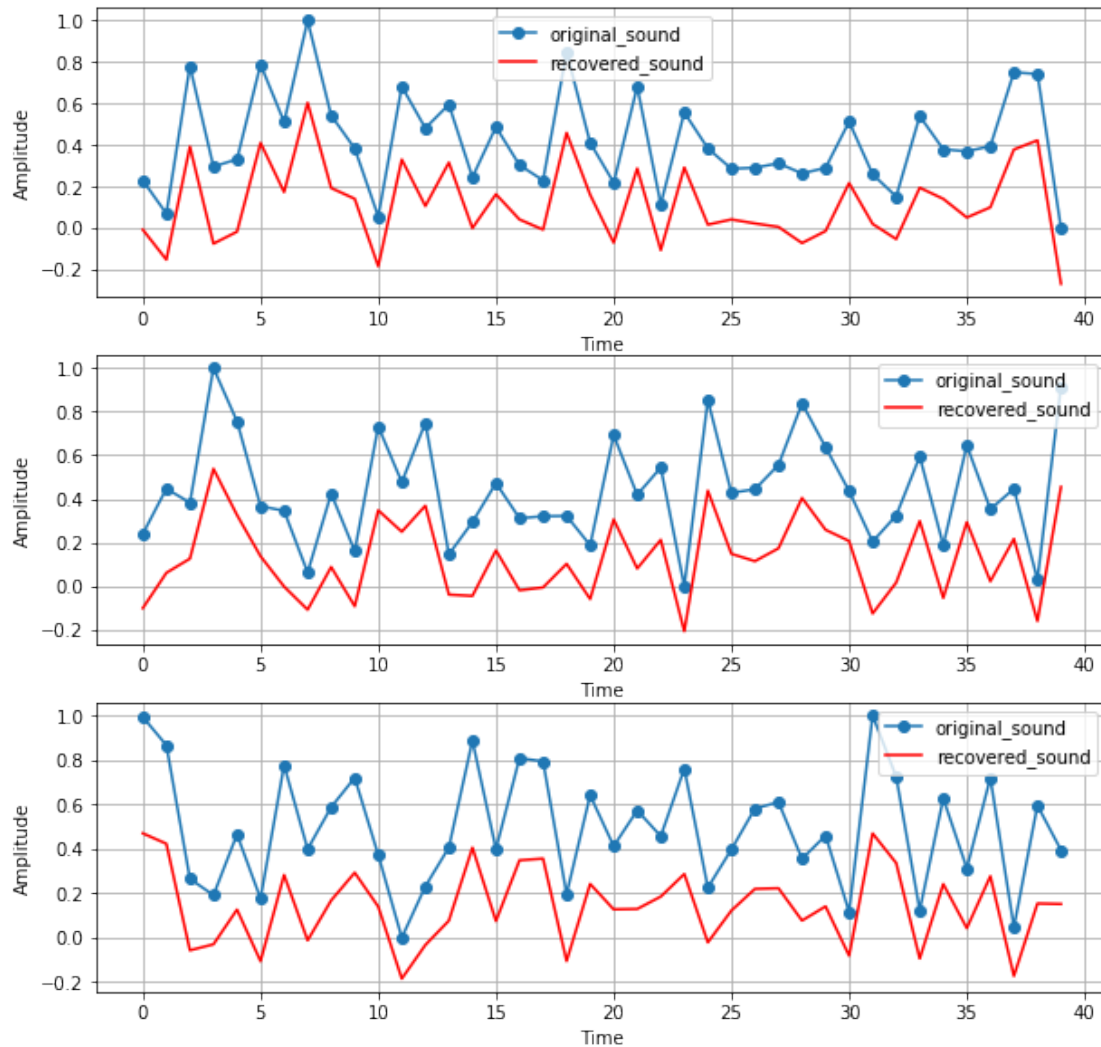
```
In [6]: # Let's make some awesome plots
# for the given test sound matrix: having three sound sources
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.subplot(311)
plt.plot(original_sound[0,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[1,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(312)
```

```
plt.plot(original_sound[1,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[0,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(313)
plt.plot(original_sound[2,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound')
plt.plot(recovered_sound[2,:], 'r-', label = 'recovered_sound')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.savefig('plot2.png', dpi = 100)

plt.show()
```



In [7]: *#U - source, A - mixer, W - separator, Y-mixed sound*

```
sounds = scipy.io.loadmat('sounds.mat')
```

```
U = sounds['sounds'][:,0:25] # a matrix of five sound wave
```

```
A = np.random.rand(U.shape[0],U.shape[0])
```

```
#A = np.random.uniform(0,0.1, (U.shape[0]*U.shape[0])).reshape(U.shape[0], U.shape[0])
```

```
M = np.matmul(A, U) # Mixed Sound
```

```
W = np.random.rand(U.shape[0],U.shape[0])[:,0:25]
```

```
print(U.shape, A.shape, M.shape, W.shape)
```

```
#W = np.random.uniform(0,0.1, (U.shape[0]*U.shape[0])).reshape(U.shape[0], U.shape[0])
```

```
U12 = U[0:2,:].reshape(2, U.shape[1])
```

```

A12 = A[0:2,0:2].reshape(2,2)
M12 = np.matmul(A12,U12) #mixed sound
W12 = W[0:2,0:2].reshape(2,2)
print(U12.shape, A12.shape, M12.shape, W12.shape)

U123 = U[0:3,:].reshape(3, U.shape[1])
A123 = A[0:3,0:3].reshape(3,3)
M123 = np.matmul(A123,U123) #mixed sound
W123 = W[0:3,0:3].reshape(3,3)
print(U123.shape, A123.shape, M123.shape, W123.shape)

```

```

(5, 25) (5, 5) (5, 25) (5, 5)
(2, 25) (2, 2) (2, 25) (2, 2)
(3, 25) (3, 3) (3, 25) (3, 3)

```

```

In [50]: # Taking two sound: first and second sound, from the source
         original_sound12 = np.array(U12)
         recovered_sound12 = grad(np.array(W12*0.1), np.array(M12), 0.01, 10000)

```

```

For aplha:0.01 iteration:10000 separator:[ 75.35738054 -2.80003306 -2.6109101  47.55009266]

```

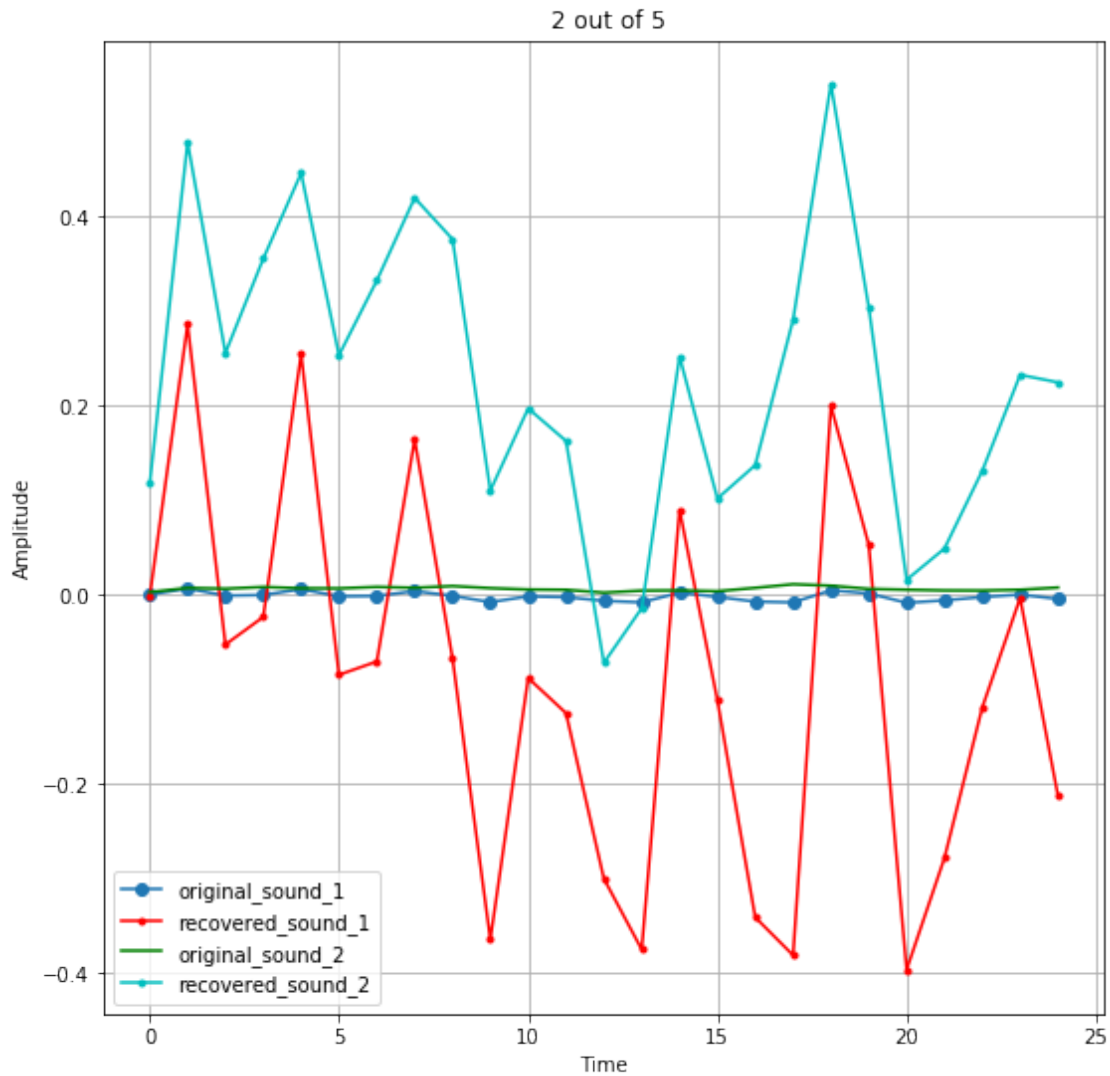
```

In [51]: # Let's make some awesome plots
         # for the given test sound matrix: having three sound sources
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,9))

         plt.plot(original_sound12[0,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound_1')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound12[0,:], 'r.-', label = 'recovered_sound_1')
         plt.plot(original_sound12[1,:], 'g-', label = 'original_sound_2')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound12[1,:], 'c.-', label = 'recovered_sound_2')
         plt.legend()
         plt.grid(True)

         plt.xlabel('Time')
         plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title(" 2 out of 5")
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.savefig('plot3.png', dpi = 100)
         plt.show()

```



```
In [52]: # Let's do the scaling of the recoered sound
recovered_sound12 = 0.025*recovered_sound12
original_sound12 = original_sound12
```

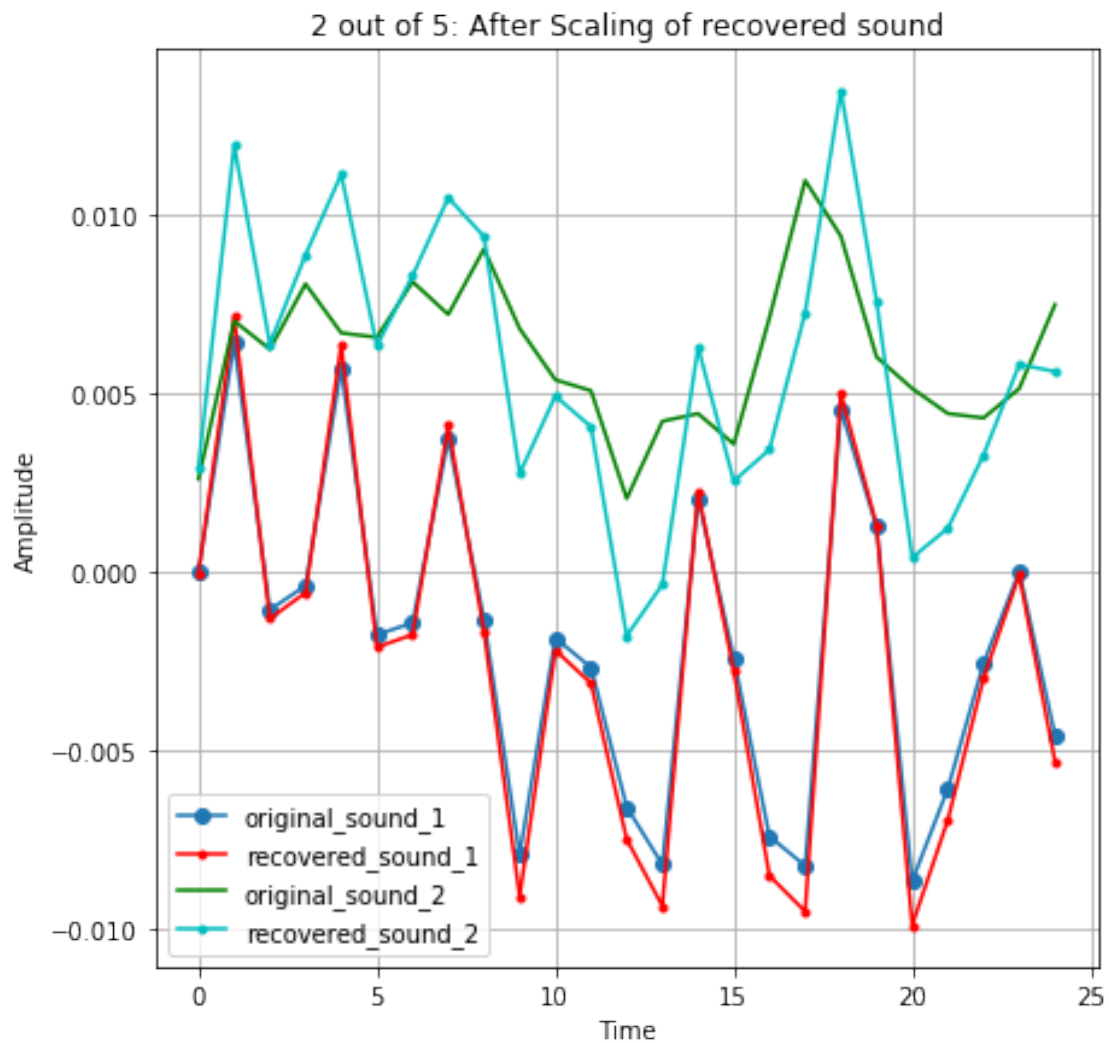
```
In [53]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
```

```
plt.plot(original_sound12[0,:], 'o-', label = 'original_sound_1')
plt.plot(recovered_sound12[0,:], 'r.-', label = 'recovered_sound_1')
plt.plot(original_sound12[1,:], 'g-', label = 'original_sound_2')
plt.plot(recovered_sound12[1,:], 'c.-', label = 'recovered_sound_2')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title("2 out of 5: After Scaling of recovered sound")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.grid(True)
plt.savefig('plot4.png', dpi = 100)

plt.show()
```



```
In [54]: # Let's do with all five sounds at once and with 10000 iterations
original_sound = U
recovered_sound = grad(W*0.1, M, 0.01, 10000)
```

```
For aplha:0.01 iteration:10000 separator:[ 73.8444446   2.73055783 -19.03155182  16.34876775 -1
 2.80006793  77.56605871   0.14541079 -22.7910019  -20.86199918
```



```
-18.71346562  0.37497515  20.56930125  -5.53660702  -3.87631211
 16.30025835 -22.7715103   -5.88138485  65.63189198 -13.39950493
-10.31098712 -20.9317526   -4.12448785 -13.40149822  73.68759337]
```

```
In [55]: # Let's make some awesome plots
         # for the given test sound matrix: having three sound sources
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))

         plt.plot(original_sound[0,:], 'o--', label = 'original_sound')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound[0,:], 'r.-', label = 'recovered_sound')

         plt.plot(original_sound[1,:], 'k--', label = 'original_sound')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound[1,:], 'c.-', label = 'recovered_sound')

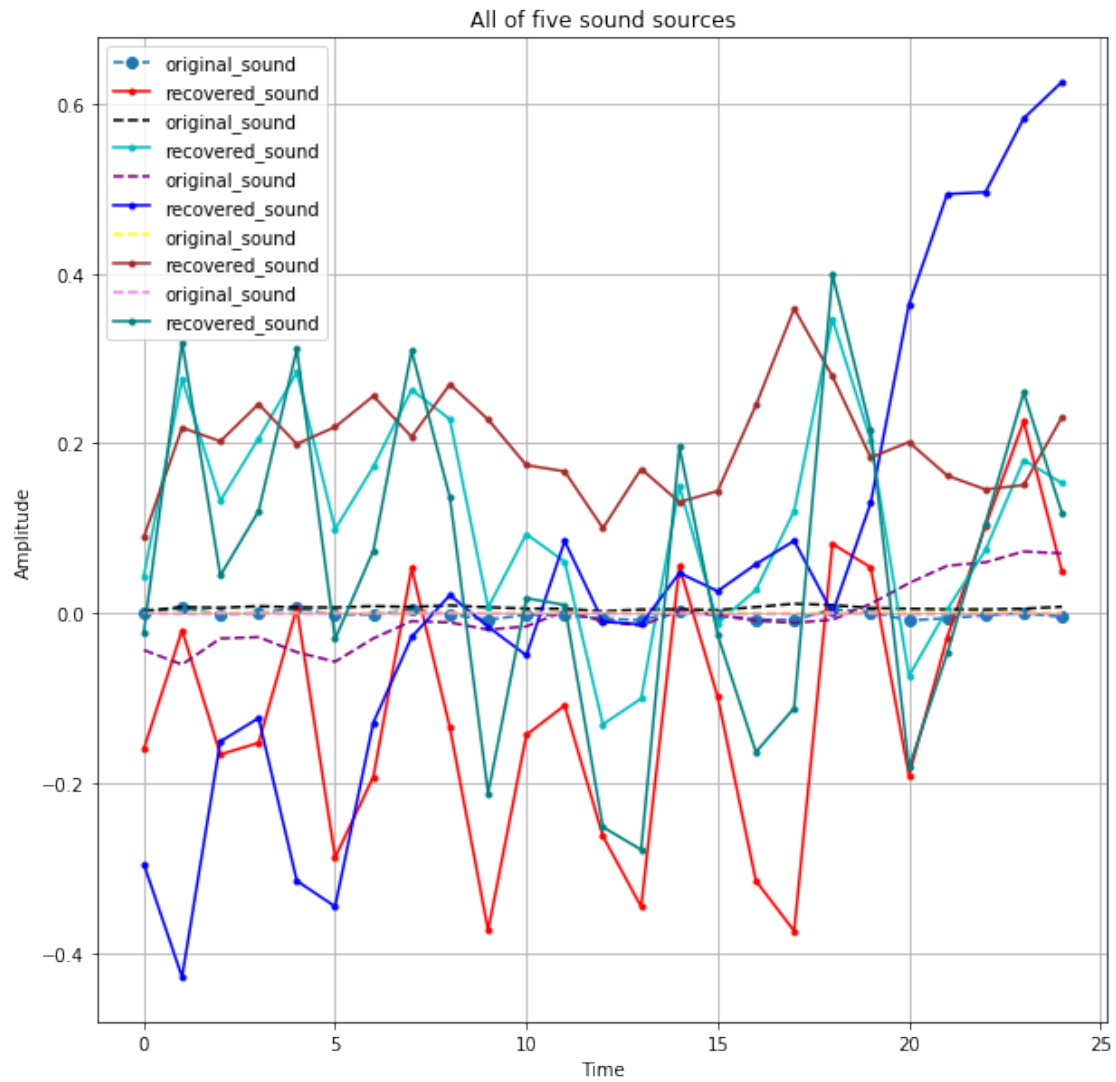
         plt.plot(original_sound[2,:], '--', color = 'purple',label = 'original_sound')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound[2,:], '.-', color = 'blue',label = 'recovered_sound')

         plt.plot(original_sound[3,:], '--', color = 'yellow',label = 'original_sound')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound[3,:], '.-',color = 'brown', label = 'recovered_sound')

         plt.plot(original_sound[4,:], '--', color = 'violet',label = 'original_sound')
         plt.plot(recovered_sound[4,:], '.-',color = 'teal',label = 'recovered_sound')

         plt.legend()
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.xlabel('Time')
         plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
         plt.title('All of five sound sources')
         plt.savefig('plot5.png', dpi = 100)

         plt.show()
```



In []:

In []:

In []:

In []: